The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1422. OTTAWA, MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W. McKAY WRIGHT 63w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WATERS, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor.
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
228tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION

All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P.Q., the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE,
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

CANADA
CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
LANG'S
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken before meals.
It promotes digestion if taken after meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-v

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express men, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 44c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G. CHENEEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

TO LET.
One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		11.00	
6.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.		11.00	6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
6.00	11.00	4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage			
6.00	11.30		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	4.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.00	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			3.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

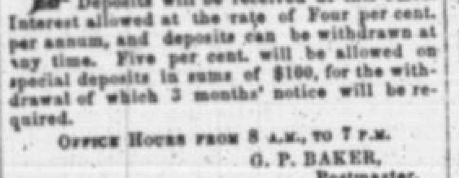
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agent.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago........................ 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.............. 756 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.............. 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route...................... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $2.00
The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey,
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
CUNNINGHAM LINDSAY.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES,
Rideau street

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1290y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

THE TRADE OF THE DOMINION.

We give below a comparative statement of the trade of the Dominion for the year ending May 31, with the amount of duties paid upon all goods exported and imported. The result shown is very gratifying; the exports for the year ending May 31 being $11,714,201 in excess of those of the corresponding period last year:—

IMPORTS.

	Value.	Duty.	Value.	Duty.
Ontario	$ 48,275,847	$3,838,863 00	22,848,430	$2,170,341 58
Quebec			$28,756,295	4,378,775 84
Nova Scotia	7,409,880	981,480 83	7,211,574	1,034,925 70
New Brunswick	5,778,667	808,061 10	5,911,179	919,497 00
Totals	$61,464,403	$7,628,404 93	$64,727,478	$8,503,540 12

CONTRAST.

	Value.	Duty.
Total for eleven months, ending on 31st May, 1869	$61,464,403	$7,628,404 93
" " 1870	64,727,478	8,503,540 12
Excess of 1870 over 1869	$ 3,263,075	$ 875,135 19

EXPORTS.

	Value.	Duty.	Value.	Duty.
Ontario	$ 38,407,657	$ 6,847 93	$20,078,437	$26,253 72
Quebec			$30,057,569	3,634 26
Nova Scotia	5,160,454	12 06	5,345,215	
New Brunswick	4,790,860		4,591,951	
Totals	$48,358,971	$6,859 99	$60,073,172	$29,887 98

CONTRAST.

	Value.	Duty.
Total for eleven months ending on 31st of May, 1869	$48,358,971	$ 6,859 99
" " 1870	60,073,172	29,877 98
Excess of 1870 over 1869	$11,714,201	$23,027 99

Dr. Freeland's Speech at the Orange Meeting on Wednesday evening.

Rev. Dr. Freeland had come to the reception without having any intimation before that he should speak. But he considered it no ordinary distinction to be invited by the Chair to take part on an occasion of so much interest and importance. The Chairman had expressed a wish that some other of the order, abler than himself, had been called on to preside, when who could do more justice to a cause so important. But Dr. F. must say that he considered, so far as the proceedings had gone, the conduct of the worthy Mayor was in every way able, dignified, and becoming, and did not justify the apology which his own modesty had dictated. He had listened with unmixed pleasure to the speeches which had already been delivered. He was delighted with the long, lucid, able, and highly appropriate address of the Delegate, the distinguished Deputy Grand Master of the Orangemen of Ireland. The Most worshipful the Earl of Enniskillen, and other members of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, were wide awake, when they selected Mr. Blackier to represent them in Canada. From his heart he thanked them, and he felt confident the orangemen of Canada thanked them for that selection. The same feeling appeared to animate the brotherhood throughout the length and breadth of the country. The landed property of the Blackiers was penetrated by the Ban water. In that stream thousands of Protestants perished for their religion in the bloody persecutions of 1641. When again in 1795 persecution raised its hideous head in the vicinity of the family residence of the Blackiers, a brave youthful member headed a noble band of Protestants, whom he had rallied from the surrounding district, and with a bravery and promptness above all praise, routed and subdued their assailants in the memorable battle of the Diamond, a triumph which was followed up, under the same noble leadership, by the resuscitation of the Orange Society as a defence association. From his childhood Dr. Freeland had been familiar with the name of Blackier, as though living in a different county. As a good landlord, an encourager of education, an influential member of our Irish aristocracy, as a sincere Protestant, and as a distinguished Orangeman, Mr. Blackier stood high in Ireland. Had other members of the aristocracy been patrons of good education and sincere in promoting and living the Protestant religion as Mr. Blackier has been, Ireland would wear a different aspect to-day. No wonder, then, that the Orangemen of Canada should feel themselves highly honored by having Mr. Blackier sent as a delegate from the Grand Orange Lodge of Ireland. The able speech, the meeting had listened to with so much delight, was worthy of such a man, and not less worthy of this great occasion. It contained all the materials most adapted to the nature, the needs and the instruction of this great meeting. Our cause needs from time to time a new impulse to stimulate it, and Mr. Blackier had administered such impulse this evening. The visit of this distinguished delegation will contribute largely to extend the Orange Society throughout Canada. Dr. Freeland was delighted with the report given us of the appearance and numbers of the Young Britons in Toronto. A valued friend of his, Capt. Hartcourt Gowan, son of Col. Gowan for 26 years Grand Master of British North America, had with hereditary tact and judgment devoted some years to this organization, and the success had exceeded his most sanguine expectations. Schooled as Young Britons in their own lodges, they graduated at the proper age into the Orange Society. The lodges of young Britons became valuable nurseries for Orange Lodges. The fact ought to stimulate imitation, and such societies should be formed and encouraged in this and every other city and town in Canada. Dr. Freeland had himself been orange from his earliest period. He had been admitted to the Society as early as could be allowed. He has been an Orangeman for upwards of forty years, and he had never regretted the step. He had been a member of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, a Grand Chaplain, and on the Grand Committee for years. He had often reproached himself that as a Chaplain, he had done so little to promote religion, while residing out of Ireland, and, on his return to that country, he pursued a different course, giving much of his time for some years to promote religion among Orangemen. Assisted by the Rector of Ballybay, he had visited once and again every Orange Lodge in that district, and with others, addressed the members from the Holy Scriptures. In a similar manner, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Burnside, the rector of the parish of Castleblancey, he had addressed, every lodge in that district, conducted religious exercises, and urged the importance of Christian conduct, nor was it in vain, a marked difference was observed afterwards in the department of Orangemen, in the county of Monaghan, and Gentry and Clergy, of the county, with Mr. Johnston, of Fort Johnson, Grand Master of the county at their head, had recognised his humble services, and presented him with a handsome piece of plate, which will be handed down to his posterity. Coming to Canada, with such views, he did all in his power by attending and addressing public meetings to diffuse the proper Christain spirit among Orangemen. The Dr. gave an interesting account of the Boyne, Aughrim and other historio spots which he had visited. He was frequently cheered and applauded in the most enthusiastic manner during his speech.

The Thames Embankment.

The Board of Works has issued an official description, in pamphlet form, of the great work just accomplished. We learn from it that the idea of such an embankment originated with Sir Christopher Wren, as part of his scheme for re-building the metropolis; that it was revived at various times and by various persons; that Mr. James Walker in 1840 laid down a line for the corporation, which has now in the main been followed; and that the whole of the present works have been designed and constructed by Mr. Bazalgette, the Engineer to the Board.

Following in an even line the general curve of the river, the embankment extends from Westminister to Blackfriars Bridge, rising at each end by a gentle gradient to open upon Bridge street, Westminister, opposite the Clock Tower of the Houses of Parliament, and upon Chatham Place, Blackfriars, opposite the station of the Metropolitan District Railway. It passes beneath the railway bridge, at Hungerford, and beneath Waterloo Bridge. It is about a mile and a quarter in length, and is 100 feet in width throughout. The carriage-way is 64 feet wide; the footway on the land side 16 feet, and that on the river side 20 feet, planted with trees 20 feet apart. On the river side the footway is bounded by a moulded granite parapet, 3 ft. 6 in. in height, and on the land side partly by walls and partly by temporary boarding, which will be ultimately replaced by a cast-iron railing.

The wall of the embankment is a work of extraordinary magnitude and solidity. It is carried down to a depth of 32½ft. below Trinity high water mark, and 14ft. below low water; and the level of the roadway is generally 4ft. above high water, rising at the extremities of 20ft. The rising ground at each extremity is retained by the increased height of the wall, which is built throughout of brick, faced with granite, and founded in Portland cement concrete. The river front presents a slightly concave surface, which is plain from the base to mean high water level, and is ornamented above that level by mouldings, stopped at intervals of about 70ft. by plain blocks of granite, intended to bear lamp standards of cast iron, and relieved on the river face by bronze lions' heads, carrying mooring rings. The uniformity of line is broken at intervals by massive piers of granite which flank recesses for steamboat landing-stages; and at other places by stairs projecting into the river, and intended as landing places for small crafts. The steamboat piers occur at Westminster and Charing-cross, and between Charing-cross and Waterloo Bridges, and both are united opposite Essex street. It is intended eventually to surmount the several blocks and pedestals with groups of statuary.

The total area of the land reclaimed from the river amounts to 37¼ acres. Of this, 19 acres are occupied by the carriage and footways, 8 acres are devoted to garden, and the rest has been conveyed to the Crown, the Templars, and other proprietors along the line. Within the Embankment wall, and forming a portion of its structures, is placed the Low Level Intercepting Sewer, which is an integral portion of the main drainage scheme. Above it is subway for gas and water pipes, the dimensions of the subway being 7 ft. 6 in. in height and 9 ft. in width; and the diameter of the sewer varying from 7 ft. 9 in. to 8 ft. 3 in. These are both situate under the footway next the river. The footways for the greater part of their length, are paved with 3 inch York stone, with granite curb; but at the eastern end, where the earth filling is of great depth and of recent execution, the paths are gravelled temporarily until the earth shall have subsided. For the same reason the carriage way is at present macadamized.

The total cost is estimated at £1,260,000; and the purchase of property at £450,000. The quantities of materials are stated to have been as follows:—Granite, 650,000 cubic feet; brickwork, 80,000 cubic yards; concrete, 140,000 cubic yards; timber (for cofferdam, &c.,) 500,000 cubic feet. caisson (for ditto), 2,500 tons; earth filling, 1,000,000 cubic yards; excavation, 444,000 cubic yards; York paving, 125,00 superficial feet; broken granite, 50,000 superficial ytrds.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to me patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.
H G ADDY, M D.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Music Hall—Jeanie Wilmere.
Ale and Porter—J. P. Macpherson.
Servants Wanted.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 3?, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1870.

Mr. Blackier leaves town this morning for Montreal.

A clairvoyant in New York fortold the *Cambria's* victory, and is now regarded as the most reliable soothsayer in America. She is the "seventh daughter of a seventh daughter."

The N. Y. *Sun* speaks rather irreverently of the Hon George Brown. It says that "his political life blood has been extracted and he has been thrown aside like a squeezed lemon." This is hard on Mr. Brown.

On the outside page will be found a comparative statement of the trade of Canada during eleven months, not for one year as incorrectly stated. One or two typographical errors crept into it in Saturday's issue, and we therefore republish it.

Professor Dawson has returned to Montreal from Great Britain. During his visit to the Mother Country he was received with that amount of respect and consideration, to which his great abilities and untiring exertions in the cause of science so richly entitle him.

The *N. Y. Tribune* makes the extraordinary announcement that the *Cambria* passed Sandy Hook "under a jib sheet at her mainsail spar!" Hers must be a very singular rig. Horace Greeley as a yachtsman would probably be scarcely as successful as his young rival, Mr. Bennett.

Lieut.-Governor Archibald leaves for Montreal this morning to make arrangements for his journey to the North West. He will return about Thursday, and will probably leave Collingwood on the 10th inst. for Manitoba. The Governor-General and Lady Young, together with Lieut. Governor Howland, will travel with him as far as Thunder Bay.

We are glad to hear that a movement has been set on foot in Montreal to provide the necessary funds for some kind of a memorial to the late Mr. Morland, of that city, who died so suddenly in Ottawa a few weeks since. It is gratifying to find that the proposition to subscribe for this purpose has met with a most prompt and liberal response. Mr. Morland was a man whose memory ought to be honoured; it will be ever held dear by many who have been relieved and succoured in their hour of need by his ever ready charity, and it is only right and proper that some public acknowledgment of his worth should be made in that city, of which he was one of the greatest ornaments and supports.

The Chicago *Railroad Gazette* refers in highly complimentary terms to the excellent condition of the Grand Trunk Railway. It says:

"Last Monday fast trains were put on this line (Grand Trunk) running 26 miles an hour. The road has been much improved of late, and preparations are making for providing it with a rolling stock equal to any in the country. A number of Pullman cars of the finest pattern are in the course of construction in Montreal; some very beautiful day coaches will be put on the Detroit and Sarnia line directly. Already some fine new coaches are running which give the best satisfaction. In a few weeks, probably the Illinois Press Association will make a trip over this road, going through from Chicago to Portland, and probably to Quebec also. With its new improvements and the beautiful and picturesque country on its line, the road is sure to develope a large business in pleasure travel."

Gilbert McMicken, Esq., the Boundary Commissioner, is now in Ottawa for the purpose of examining all books and papers relating in any way to the boundary question on Lake St. Clair. Our readers will remember that two Canadian vessels were lately seized by the American customs authorities from Detroit, and it is now understood that the seizure was illegally made, the vessels being in Canadian waters. As soon as they were seized, Mr. McMicken with that vigilance and promptitude which ever characterize him, at once repaired to the spot and ascertained what were the facts of the case. His intimate acquaintance with the boundary question rendered his services doubly valuable, and on this, as on many former occasions, we cannot help feeling that the country owes a deep debt of gratitude to Mr. McMicken for his untiring zeal and energy in the public service. We understand that he will make his report to the Government in a few days.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS AND THE SOLDIERS OF THE CANADIAN ARMY.

Some people seem to be terribly exercised because the House of Lords refused to pass a vote of thanks to the soldiers of the army of Canada for their gallant conduct in repelling the Fenian raiders. All kinds of reasons are assigned for their doing so. Some say they were afraid the United States Government would take umbrage, and that the delicate sensibilities of our American neighbors would be offended. It is absurd to suppose that this had anything whatever to do with the matter. The loyalty and gallantry of the Canadian volunteers have, we believe, been thoroughly appreciated in England, their conduct has been officially recognized and acknowledged in the warmest terms by the Queen and by the Imperial authorities, but the resolution proposed by the Earl of Carnarvon was not likely to have been carried had it been put to the vote, from the fact that it never has been customary to pass a vote of thanks in Parliament, except for some military achievment upon a large scale, which has been attended with great political results. The manner in which the raiders were repulsed entitles our Canadian soldiers to the highest praise, the rapidity with which they were concentrated at the various threatened points along the frontier line, and the determined spirit displayed by them proved their efficiency and the thorough excellence of their organization. They richly deserved the thanks of the Queen and the Imperial government which has already been tendered to them, but what they did, does not entitle them to a formal vote of thanks from the Imperial Parliament, which, as we said before, is only given to an army when a long campaign attended with important political results has been brought to a successful issue. No one would be more ready to resent a slight to the Canadian army than ourselves, but we do not think that in this case there is anything of which we can complain. When we see that American papers from malicious motives are trying to create a wrong impression, and that Canadian journalists who have not given the matter sufficient thought are following their lead, we cannot refrain from pointing out that the Canadian volunteers have really received all the official recognition which they could reasonably expect from an Imperial source.

The following conversation, which took place in the House of Commons a few days since, shows how ready the Imperial authorities are to acknowledge the services of the Canadian troops:

Major Walker asked the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies whether Her Majesty's Government had taken steps to mark its sense of the zeal and gallantry displayed by the Colonial Forces during the recent disturbances on the Canadian frontier.

Mr. Monsell—Her Majesty's Government immediately upon receiving information with respect to the conduct of the Canadian Volunteers, addressed a despatch to the Governor General of Canada expressing—what I am sure was the feeling of the House and of the country—their sense of the spirit, bravery, promptitude, and energy exhibited by the Volunteers during the recent disturbances on the frontier. They had further addressed a letter to the Governor General of Canada asking him whether there are any officers to whom he would recommend that the Order of St. Michael and St. George should be awarded. No answer has yet been received, but I can assure the hon. member Her Majesty's Government are anxious to mark in every way they can, their sense of the gallant conduct of the Canadian Volunteers.

CANADIAN AND AMERICAN COMMERCE.

We notice that many of the leading organs of public opinion in the United States, are urging upon the government the necessity of taking some steps with a view to the resuscitation of American commerce, and the present time, when war is raging in Europe, is regarded as a fitting opportunity for making an attempt of this kind. The New York *Herald* says: "We cannot carry on our commerce in American bottoms; and yet now the splendid opportunity offers to carry the commerce of all Europe as well as our own. Let us have a law enabling foreign ships to carry the American flag, and in one week after its promulgation the ocean will be dotted with iron steamers carrying the Stars and Stripes at their peak." A large number of vessels will of necessity be rendered useless to their present owners by the war, and it is urged that if the United States could purchase these, they might at once regain a respectable position as a commercial power. But what will the ultra protectionists who now wield so great an influence in the councils of the United States say to this? We much doubt whether they will at present consent to such an amendment of the laws as will admit of the purchase and registration of foreign built ships, and therefore the golden opportunity which now presents itself will be lost. But a time must come and that before very long, when some change in the existing laws of the United States in reference to this matter will become absolutely necessary. At present the Americans can neither build ships for themselves or purchase them from people who can. Something will have to be done in order to change this anomalous condition of affairs. We may then expect that while the Americans will have to go to England for their iron ships they will come to Canada for their wooden vessels, and thus the prosperity of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces will be very much increased. Years must under any circumstances elapse, before the Americans will be able to build vessels as cheaply as they can purchase them abroad, and hence they will be compelled to come to us. They cannot intend that the "Stars and Stripes" should entirely disappear from off the ocean, and that all this carrying trade should be done in foreign bottoms. Meanwhile our shipowners and shipbuilders must derive some benefit from the present condition of affairs from the increased price of freights and the value of shipping. Never in the history of the world has there been an instance of a nation's commercial importance being so rapidly destroyed, as in the case of the United States. It increased with wonderful rapidity, and is now falling to decay with even greater speed. We are doing a large amount of the carrying trade of this continent, but not so much as we ought to do. The Americans still control a large portion of the West Indian trade, and it is worthy of note that the freights they take to the West Indies are mostly composed of Canadian produce, which, of course, we could send direct to the consumers and sell at a cheaper rate than our neighbors can afford to do. A large quantity of the lumber produced in the vicinity of Ottawa goes to the United States, and from thence is sent in various forms, by American shippers to the West Indies. Why cannot this trade be done directly by Canadians, without going through the hands of a third party?

THE ELECTIONS IN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The general election which has just terminated in Prince Edward Island is likely to be attended with satisfactory results. The Confederates have certainly gained, and in those places where the question of Union and anti Union was fairly made the issue, they carried everything before them. There is no doubt that a majority of the islanders are in favor of Confederation, and only want to be thoroughly satisfied as to the details of the scheme of Union. Mr. Pope who will probably be the leader of the new administration, is an avowed Union man, and it is likely that one of the first measures introduced by him, will be a bill providing for uniting Prince Edward Island to the Dominion. The scheme will then be submitted to the people, and before many months have elapsed we may hope to see the "tight little island" incorporated with us. Mr. Annand, "Beast Butler" and one or two others, have used their influence with a view of annexing Prince Edward Island to the United States, but their efforts have been all in vain.

THE ORIGIN OF THE HOHENZOLLERNS.

In the Province of Suabia on the banks of a little mountain stream, there stands upon a lofty hill an old feudal castle, called Hohen Zollern or High Zollern. It was built in the tenth century, nearly one hundred years before the Normans invaded England, and for many a long year little was heard of the castle or its inhabitants. But after a time Frederick of Hohenzollern, who, by a successful career of brigandage and black mailing had amassed a considerable amount of money, conceived the brilliant idea of loaning 100,000 florins to the Emperor Sigismund, who chanced at the time to be in rather straitened circumstances. We presume that he took the Emperor's note of hand as security; at all events the time for payment came, and Sigismund was unable to meet his engagement; the money lender pressed him, and finally induced his imperial debtor to hand over to him the Margravate of Brandenburg as collateral security until he could discharge the debt. But when he went to take possession of the country, he found the people were not disposed to yield him allegiance. They revolted, and Frederick was at his wit's end. Suddenly he remembered to have heard that a neighbour of his, the Margrave of Thuringin, was possessed of a wonderful weapon called "a cannon." He determined to become the owner of this powerful engine, he offered a high price for it, and after a little "haggling" he became its possessor. With its assistance he soon managed to subdue his refractory vassals, and seated himself upon the throne of Brandenburg. It is from this source that the Royal house of Prussia is derived. The castle of Hohenzollern was rebuilt by the late King of Prussia, and over the entrance door the following inscription may be seen:—"Zollern, Nuremberg, Brandenburg united, built this Castle in 1458. The strong hand of Prussia raised me up. I am called the door of the Eagle—1851." Above this proud gateway of the Eagle, his Prussian Majesty caused a figure in relief to be erected, representing a fully armed knight, with this motto: "*Vom Fels Zum Meer*"—from the rock to the sea; that is to say, from Zollern to the Baltic, and possibly as much further, as the other powers of Europe will permit.

On the Cars—In the West, and from the West—Rice Lake.

NO. 3.

Jarvis, which is said to be fifteen miles from Caledonia, and eight from Dover, is situated in a dead level country, and for miles around, there is not a single individual degraded by poverty or oppressed by care. It is laid out in the form of a cross, having two ranges of houses intersecting each other near the centre, has a village pump, a druggist shop, a post office, two physicians, four stores or shops in which everything is sold from a needle to an anchor, a blacksmith's forge, a tinsmith's shop, a tailoring establishment, scores of milliners and dressmakers, if the noise of sewing machines incessantly working, be any criterion, and three resident clergymen, two taverns, and three churches, with a perpetual hum of music from the melodeon, an instrument droning in and infesting every house. The Free Presbyterian Church is of wood, but has a spire, which the neat church of the Church of England wants, and which is also a deficiency in the commodious brick building in which the Wesleyan Methodists hold public worship. Every place has its peculiarity, and Jarvis is not without one. Some years ago in all the churches, and even now, in the Methodist church, the sexes are divided. On the right sit the males and on the left the females. At the last day the sheep are to be separated from the goats, and in heaven there are to be none married or given in marriage, but how this separation of the sexes at public worship was suggested or why it continues is not easy to imagine, unless it be that the eloquence of the clergymen hitherto has not been sufficient to keep the dames and damsels and the gallant gay Lotharios, whether benedicts or bachelors, from billing and cooing together during service. It seems to be a carnal arrangement where nothing but that which is spiritual should be entertained, and it is pleasing to know that families now worship together in churches as they necessarily do at home. Two of the clergymen have had nice brick residences erected for them by their parishioners, Mr. Francis of the Church of England, and Mr. McRobie of the Free Presbyterian Church. The manse of the latter is decidedly the finest house in the village. Indeed there are only two others beside the manses—one belonging to Mr. Canfield, merchant, and the other to a son of the worthy postmaster, Mr. Sills. A new school house is being erected, and the farm houses in the immediate vicinity are of brick, and, indeed, the whole country exhibits an air of comfort, pleasant to look upon. The fields, which are each ordinarily only six acres in extent, were luxuriant, and ten acres of ripe wheat were cut down in one day with the improved mower and reaper which, in Walpole, is everywhere in use.

Desirous of having a glimpse of Lake Erie, my clerical friend took me in his buggy to Port Dover. In going, a cedar swamp was passed, but the woods are chiefly composed of beach, maple, and oak trees, and on reaching the "Dog's Nest," a road side inn, the decaying plank road began to improve, and the entrance to Dover via the Black River, again exhibited a country in the highest state of culture. Ascending to the town, the business part of which is on a height, which becomes a tableland in going towards Simcoe, by the hill at the foot of which stands a capacious brick inn called "The Norfolk House," I believe, there is a fine row of shops all of brick, the houses being of nearly equal height, and interorly towards the Lake, were churches of stone and brick, all handsome structures, and some most inviting private residences. From this Upper Town could be seen the Lower Town and fine harbor, with the great store house of Mr. Haycock upon it, and bundles of oak staves lying about as if for shipment. At the end of the pier which stretches into the bay, formed by Long Island where Prince Arthur shot ducks and amused himself by fishing is a light house, and near this light house were a crowd of respectably dressed people with fishing rods in their hands. It was some time after noon, and the fishers, who were obtaining pickerel—a peculiar description of those very fine fish—were said to be the town clerk and the merchants, or shopkeepers of the place. I procured some pickerel and returned to Jarvis.

Having stayed at Jarvis for some days, and witnessed several tolerably severe thunder storms, in returning homewards by rail I rushed past the magnificent town of Guelph, to that great railway centre Toronto, and hurried thence to Cobourg, *en route* for Harwood and Rice Lake to try my luck among the rice fields for maskinonge and bass.

It was indeed a lightning train from Toronto to Cobourg. The train swept over the smooth rails like wind rushing through a key hole, while the heavens were hung in black, the blackness being rendered more particularly visible by the frequent flashes of lightning from heaven, while the thunder rolled ominously in the distance. At ten at night the train arrived at Cobourg, and the forked lightning twinkled down from heaven, and flashes of reflected lightning momentarily illuminated the sky, while trees moaned, and the wind sighed louder and louder as the approaching tempest nearer and nearer came. A few drops—big, heavy drops—of rain fell as I entered a cab for Jacques' North American Hotel, whence, having remained for the night, I left in the morning in the train which brings in deals from Harwood, and iron ore brought down in steam towed scows from Marmora. Usually the passengers are permitted to ride over the fifteen miles between Cobourg and Harwood for which a charge of half a dollar is made, on one of the platform cars,—as the passenger traffic is not sufficient to justify the attachment to the train of what the Americans call a "coach"—but, on this occasion, as there were ladies going out, Mr. Barber, the energetic and able manager of the road, placed a cab, or covered car, similar to an ordinary luggage car, on the track, and about noon on Thursday I was off to Rice Lake. The time occupied in this pleasant trip through a fine rolling country in the highest possible degree of cultivation, passing over rippling brooks and through shady groves, is short, and at the summit the engine is disconnected, goes on ahead, and the train slides down towards Church's Hotel, at the hydraulic water tank-house where it stops for the disembarkation of the passengers, the engine being meanwhile reversed upon the turn-table, and waiting the passing of the train down to the remains of the old bridge over the Lake—now all gone, on the Monaghan side of the Lake, from the island up to which the road had been at great expense solidly filled in, the only portion of the stupendous three-mile structure, remaining for useful purposes, serving for a landing wharf to the steamboats from Peterboro', Marmora and Keene. While the bridge lasted there was little if any necessity for milling on Rice Lake. The water powers of the Otonabee were so excellent, so extensive, and so unfailing that deals were manufactured there and sent from Ashburnham by rail to Cobourg from the mills. 'The great mart of sawn lumber was Peterboro', and, to some extent, is so yet. But Peterboro' deals now must go to a foreign market over the Port Hope road or not go at all, and the cost to Peterboro' by Port Hope is not greater, than was the cost to Peterboro' from Ashburnham, but the loss to Cobourg by the change in circumstances, though the destruction of the railroad to Peterboro' via Ashburnham caused by the loss of the Rice Lake bridge, suggested the idea that logs might be floated down the Otanabec, over Rice Lake, and sawn by steam upon the Southern bank, where without cartage of any kind it might be carried to Cobourg for shipment. The idea has been realized and successfully so too. There are two fine steam saw mills at Harwood, with brick chimnies, of 100 feet in height, going night and day, and each turning out 100,000 deals every twenty-four hours, employing 150 hands each, and with two hotels—Church's being equal in some respects and superior in many respects to any kept in Cobourg, and in every respect a first class house for the accommodation of the pleasure seeking traveller—three general stores, houses for the boarding of the workmen, and as a point of embarkation and debarkation between Peterboro, Marmora, and Keene, promises to become shortly a place of no small commercial importance. One mill, that of Messrs. McDougall & Ludgate, is on the west side of the bridge—that of Messrs. Campbell & Heuston on the east side in a kind of cove. Opposite each mill from $40,000 to $50,000 worth of logs are boomed in, and one mill is lighted with gas manufactured on the premises, and the other by coal oil. These mills, it is to be borne in mind, are steam mills. That of Messrs. McDougall & Ludgate has two engines—a greater and a lesser—both being kept in perpetual motion, for six days in the week, by the saw dust which they make. Instead of the saw dust being carried off by water to form shoals and choke the fish, is is dropped into a receptable which takes it over the furnaces throwing it into them, and the water, to make the steam, being pumped from the lake into the boilers there is really not a particle lost of the log, after being taken out of the water, but the edgings which are consumed at a little distance, if not needed for firewood by the inhabitants of the village. In addition to these facilities for carrying away the deals, each mill has its sets of rails for depositing the lumber to dry in stacks, and for taking it to the Cobourg track for shipment to the United States, or wherever else it may be required. It is these mills, which will soon make Harwood grow as the Chaudiere and Hull have grown, but the great attraction of the pleasure-seeking stranger to Harwood is the Lake, and the good accommodation for him at Church's hotel. The fishing is excellent. No device of man could extirpate the finny inhabitants of so large a lake, so well supplied from other inland lakes and rivers as Rice Lake is. Three miles in breadth, 20 in length, and 3 fathoms in average depth, full of islets, and producing great fields of rice as food for wild fowl, the fishes, and the Indians, Rice Lake will long continue to be attractive to the pleasure-seeker and sportsman. It is even so to the archeologist, who finds occasionally an Indian grave upon "Rainy" or some other islet, with all the golden and silver trinkets carried with the body to the grave, after the manner of my particular acquaintances at Thebes, or as I did, obtain on the island at the extremity of the remainder of the bridge part of the head of a stone axe and some remains of pottery, hieroglyphically marked, more for ornament apparently than to unfold a tale.

While at the Lake—where, by the way, two American gentlemen boasted that they had caught and were carrying away with them 2 cwt. of fish—on Saturday morning I had the opportunity of witnessing a storm of thunder, lightning, and rain, more sublime and terrible than any I had ever before seen. It was grand to look upon the lake. While the lightning flashed, and the thunder roared, and the rain fell, the waters of the lake assumed the dark purplish hue of the sky, while the waves, white-capped, rolled and the wind shrieked, the bright green of the rice beds, being still greener than ordinary in the lurid glare of electric light, which scarcely every ceased while the storm lasted and the forked lightning descended in dazzling brightness to the earth, followed by a peal so loud that the earth trembled, and every animal was afraid. A horse and a pig were killed within a short distance of Church's, but no other damage was sustained when I left, which I did on Monday morning last, arriving here again on Tuesday forenoon, quite safely over the fine, straight, well managed St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railroad.

Yours truly,

CHEOPS.

NATIONAL SECURITIES AND THE WAR.

We extract from the London *Economist* the following table showing the immediate effects of the war on the public securities of various nations. It will be seen that the value of English Consols was only depreciated 1¼ per cent, while Americacn bonds went down 3 per cent, and French Rentes no less than 6 per cent.

STATEMENT OF THE DEPRECIATION IN THE UNDERMENTIONED FOREIGN STOCKS AND SHARES BETWEEN MONDAY, JULY 4, AND TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1870:

	Quotation, July 4	Quotation, July 12	Percentage of Fall on Nominal Stock	Amount of Stock Affected	Amount of Depreciation
Consols	92½	91¼	1¼	£740,000,000	£8,315,000
Rentes	72.60	66.50	6	500,000,000	30,000,000
Italians	57½	52½	5	200,000,000	10,000,000
Spanish	30½	25½	5	50,000,000	2,500,000
Turks (5's)	51½	45	6½	80,000,000	5,200,000
Egyptian	82½	77	5½	30,000,000	1,650,000
Russian	87	86	1	300,000,000	3,000,000
Peruvian	89½	87	2½	20,000,000	500,000
Argentine	90	88	2	5,000,000	100,000
American	90½	87½	3	420,000,000	12,600,000
Chilian	102	101	1	5,000,000	50,000
Honduras	80	79	1	3,500,000	35,000
Mexican	16½	15½	1	30,000,000	300,000
Swedish	99½	98	1	3,500,000	35,000
Portuguese	32	29½	2½	60,000,000	1,500,000
Total depreciation					£66,295,000

NEWS AND GOSSIP.

There is only one unmarried woman in Boise City, Idaho.

Fli Shu is the name of one of the oldest of the Chinese deities. Evidently he reappears as Shoo-fly.

The Duke of Norfolk has given £10,000 and Lord Howard £5,000 to the Catholic Education Crisis Fund.

Guizot is writing a child's history of France, after the style of Scott's "Tales of a Grandfather."

The Imperial printing office at Constantinople now employs sixteen steam presses.

Rain has fallen plentiously, and the accounts of the crops throughout India are excellent.

Lamartine left among his MSS. carefully written memoirs of his mother and of himself.

The sending of negro troops to fight the Indians on the plains may be called the new game of *rouge et noir*.

Jeff Davis sailed for Europe from a Southern port on Wednesday, for the purpose of bringing home his family, who are now abroad.

Among the list of bankrupts is the name of Sir Roger Charles Doughty Tichborn, Bart., the claimant to the Tichborn estates and title.

After the battle of Sadowa, old Gen. Von Moltke said to the King of Prussia, "This is a glorious victory, your Majesty. Would to God it had been over the French!"

The *Eastern Budget* states that the dispute between Turkey and Montenegro, with respect to the frontier districts of Veli and Malo, has not yet been settled.

Macklin's edition of the bible, in 63 large folio volumes, containing about 11,000 engravings and drawings of every school and style, was sold in London last week for £165.

During the past year there were built in England 477 sailing and steam vessels, of 202,210 tons; in Scotland, 211 vessels were built, of 135,354 tons, and in Ireland 19 vessels, of 9,201 tons.

David Crowlee, of Otonabee, received severe internal injuries on Wednesday, while attempting to catch his team that had run away with the reaper in the harvest field. He died on Thursday morning.

The Crispins in North Adams have just had one cause for rejoicing, the foreman of the Chinamen having lost the thumb of his right hand by trying to work a pegging machine, and he is now threatened with lock-jaw.

A new valve-slide has been invented by a Hudson, N.J., man, which, it is said, will greatly increase the power of locomotives. It will draw an ordinary passenger train at the rate of eighty miles an hour, and save twenty per cent. in fuel.

In the new English Act on felony just printed, it is provided that the provisions directing that in execution for high treason the offender is to be drawn on a hurdle and his head to be severed, as also his body to be cut up, shall be repealed from the date of the passing of the Act.

The London *Advertiser* says the appearance of men in our streets, erecting poles for the wires of the Dominion Telegraph Company, looks like business. We hope the Company will persevere and not sell out to their big rival. Telegraphic competition is clearly in the interest of the public. That there is ample room for two district lines is shown by the enormous wealth and profits of the Montreal Company.

Massachusetts presents a pretty good criminal calendar for a moral commonwealth. On the 1st of July there were 2,800 in the prisons of the State, of which 600 were at Charleston. In the jails there were 400, nearly half being in Boston; in the House of Correction, 1,120; in the Boston House of Industry, 505; in the State Workhouse, 220; in the three State Reformatories, 572 boys and girls; and the Boston City Reformatory, 278, making a grand total of 5,816 belonging to the criminal class.

The Paris crew have gone into training for the Montreal race. The St. John N.B., *Telegraph* says:

The crew's quarters are in the house of Mr. Jones, about a minutes walk from Westfield Station. They occupy a large bedroom and dining-room, and have besides a kitchen and bedroom for their cook and caterer, Mr. George Lewis. On their arrival yesterday they took up their residence in the cottage at once, and Mr. Potter proceeded to make ready for the duties before them. They erected a little wharf immediately below, and then set the flags and stakes of the course over which they propose to row.

The Halifax *Express* says;—We noticed to-day, at the Bank of Montreal, a brick of gold weighing 715 ounces, taken from 120 tons of quartz, and valued at $14,500. This valuable deposit is from the mines at Montague, owned by Mr. Walter Lawson,—the result of three months work, and cost the owner of the mines about $5,000, thus realizing for him a profit of nearly $10,000.

The Illinois Prussian who has offered $300 to the first soldier of King William who may capture a French flag, has been answered by a California Frenchman in the following letter to the San Francisco *Courier*:

San Francisco, July 15, 1870.

Monsieur Derbec, Editor of the San Francisco Courier:

The sword is drawn! Long live France! Long live the Emperor!

Children, follow in the footsteps of your fathers! Regain what has been taken from you, and avenge the outrage of 1815!

I send you, M. Derbec, a check for $500 on Donohue, Kelly & Co., which you will have the kindness to transmit to the French soldier who may capture the first Prussian flag on the field of battle.

Yours devotedly,

JOS. EMERIC.

The Catholics of St. John, N. B., intend presenting Bishop Sweeney with a magnificent carriage and pair of horses, on his return from Rome.

A schooner arrived in Halifax from the Labrador coast last week with 1,700 dozen of gull eggs. The eggs sold rapidly at 30 cents per dozen.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

LONDON, July 30.—It is now thought the Prussian army proposes to cross the Rhine from Baden into France two miles below Bueste.

PARIS, July 30.—Fighting between the French and Prussians has commenced in Baden. Four Prussian army corps are on the Rhine. The enemy moved back of the river.

Families are leaving Baden for Switzerland.

The German bankers residing in Paris are arrested.

There are Prussians also captured by the French.

Prince Napoleon soon leaves for the Baltic.

At Government arsenals in France, 30,000 chassepots were turned out each week during July, and in August, 47,000; September, 59,000; and in October, 60,000 each week will be manufactured.

Austria has given sanction to the taking possession of Rome by Italy.

LONDON, 31st.—The Lord Mayor gave a grand banquet to Her Majesty's Ministers last night. The guests number two hundred and fifty. Usual loyal toasts were given and drank with cheers. Secretary Cardwell replied to a toast to the army, asking that the reserve force be included in the toast. He referred to improvements made in mode of warfare, particularly in the effect. Mr. Gladstone responded to the toast in honor of the Ministers; he alluded to the unusual circumstances under which they met and proceeded to review the leading measures introduced last session of Parliament, from beginning to close. The Irish Land Bill was characterised as a peace measure, and the Educational Bill as a boon to England, giving as it died free instruction to all. Alluding to the war, the Premier regretted his inability to confine his retrospect to topics of peace; he asked in the name of wounded humanity and grieving civilization and religion, could anything be more deplorable than the sight of nations, on the slightest pretences with institutious famous in every department of history and the education of the world, rushing into conflict and mutual slaughter, the issue was difficult to state and appreciate, and no intelligent mind could suppress its horror at the spectacle.

Mr. Gladstone then spoke of the English position of war as follows: the first idea is neutrality; the second idea is preparation for the worst—her neutrality, not indifference, nor is it selfishness, it is dictated by the necessity of mitigating the evils of war, confining them within the smallest possible circle, and of retaining the power to intervene. At the proper time everything will be done to forward the friendship of either nothing will be omitted to retain their confidence, so that we may avail ourselves of the first opportunity for renewing our efforts and mediation in a quarrel the most mournful and miserable ever witnessed by mankind.

The Lord Chancellor responded for the House of Lords, and the Right Honorable Austin Bruce, for the Commons.

LONDON, July 31.—The steamer *Artemis*, belonging to Hull, laden with flax, was detained at Memelby by Prussians.

Lesseps received freedom in this city to-day.

The Birmingham *Gazette* hints that the affection for the French Emperor is nourished by French gold.

The French army is placed as follows: 1st Corps, Marshall McMahon, at Strasbourg; 2nd Corps, Gen. Froishand, at St. Anila; 3rd Corps, Marshall Basaine, at Meitz; 4th Corps, Gen. Count Ladmrault, at the Birnutte; 5th Corps, Gen. Defailly, at Vitche; 6th Corps, Marshall Canrobert, at Chalons; 7th Corps, Gen. Dahay, at Belford; 8th Corps, Gen. Burbaky, at the army of head-quarters.

VIENNA, July 30.—Complaints that the King of Hanover and Elector of Hesses compromises Austrian neutrality by intriguing. The former should recall his legion.

BERLIN, July 30.—It is officially stated that Lord Loftus, British embassador, has gone to Potsdam, ostensibly to escape the discussion upon the neutrality preserved by England.

LONDON, July 30.—Winslow, an English officer, was killed in a skirmish at Nidderbronn.

There is real activity for the defence of Antwerp.

Bismarck takes the field at the head of his regiment of curassiers, having the charge of the foreign offices.

Belgium has 100,000 men in process of formation, but have now a force of only 60,000.

The German States announce adhesion to the Genoa convention in so far as it relates to ambulances, &c.

PARIS, July 30.—Captain Sauttie, inventor of the *metrailleuse* gun, has gone to the army to instruct the men in the working of the weapon.

The Government has given orders that six battalions of the National Guard of the Seine receive the new guns.

BERLIN, July 30.—At a mass meeting of in Cologne to-day, addresses were adopted to the King of Prussia, Germany, and the German-Americans, especially those of St. Louis, expressive of thanks for their aid in this impious war. The address rejoiced in the expressions of love for their fatherland by the Germans in the land, great for its deeds, for the life of Washington and the death of Lincoln. The address has occasioned greate enthusiasm.

BERLIN, 30th.—This morning the French attacked Saarbruck in large and superior numbers, but were vigoriously repulsed.

FRANKFORT, 30th.—The city was excited to-day with a rumor most important which has come yet from Saarbruck.

PARIS, 31st.—The French War Office received no advice of any engagement or movement of troops in force, up to one o'clock yesterday afternoon. The conduct of the army is excellent. Skirmishes of the 19th gave some idea of the comparative merits of the needle-gun and chassepot, though owing to the shortness of the affair the test was not complete. The Prussians commenced to fire at a distance of 800 metres; their fire fell short by 100 metres. The Frenched fired at them simultaneously. Some of the Prussians were killed.

Minister Ollivier informed the representative of the pres at an interview yesterday that the Government would place no restrictions upon the publication of reports of the accomplished facts. He took occasion to say that the Emperor never accepted the basis of the so-called secret treaty drawn up by Count Beneditte; that Bismarck prominent idea was in activity.

The Bank of France raised the rate of discount to 5 per cent.

The national guard of Paris was placed under command of Baraguay Desilliers.

A French spy was arrested on the German frontier, charged with sending plans of fortresses to the enemy.

Paris reports call attention to the statement contradicted that the French Government refused the request of Lord Clarendon to effect a general disarmament, which Bismarck refused to accede to.

La Menile says the sympathy of Queen Victoria and Court in favor of Prussia may have some influence in England.

PARIS, 31st.—The French troops are not to evacuate Roman territory until September. Convention between Italy and France for protection and independence of the Pope re-established.

The French minister of war granted Frenchmen serving in the Papal service, but who belong to garde mobile of France, permission to remain at Rome.

VIENNA, 31st.—The official journals formally announces the suppression of the concordat between Austria and Rome.

The Papal Court has been notified of the action of the Austrian Government.

LIVERPOOL, 30.—Orders were received to-day by authority by a prominent mercantile firm from the French authorities, to purchase 50,000 tons of hay for the French army.

LONDON, 30.—The brig *Grochus* was recently lost off the mouth of the Elbe, on account of the removal of the lights and buoys by the Government.

The noted correspondent Historicus writes to the *Times* this morning, justifying the attitude assumed by England on the question between France and Prussia.

MADRID, 30th.—While it is believed that France has asked Spain to form a treaty of alliance, it is said that Senor Oloseaga has already committed himself to the project.

BERLIN, 30.—The papers this morning publish attacks on England. One of the journals says: England evidently wants another *Alabama* question.

LONDON 30th.—The *Times* reports the safe arrival of the North German steamer *Silesia* at Leith, last night.

The Cunard steamship *Java*, from New York for Liverpool, arrived at Queenstown at five o'clock yesterday evening.

In the House of Lords last evening, the Canada Guarantee Loan Fund Bill was read a second time. Other business of a local and unimportant character transpired.

NEW YORK, 30th.—The yacht *Combria* will have her repairs completed by Tuesday, and will be thrown open to visitors.

VIENNA, 30th.—Austria will establish a line from Trieste to Southampton to connect with American lines.

LONDON, July 30th.—Bullion circulars posted to day report that the silver after a spasmodic rise is now without buyers.

The correspondent of the *Daily News* says that the American residents of Paris have been authorized to reject the offer of Gen. Sheridan and other Americans who were said to have been anxious to serve against Prussia. The French wanted Gen. Sheridan to be authorised to go as professional spectator merely, but that too has been rejected by the Government.

LONDON, July 30.—The rumour that Madame Ratazzi, who recently lived in Florence with the mother of the ex prime minister is not his wife as at first reported.

Mr. McTavish succeeded the late Judge Gifford in the Court of Appeals in Chancery.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Exchange unchanged; flour, firm and steady; wheat, firmer at $1.20½ to 121.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The steamer *Anglia*, for Glasgow, took 300 Germans who are to enter the Prussian army.

PARIS, July 30.—M. Ollivier, Prime Minister, had an interview with the principal dealers of Paris, during which he explained the position of the Government on several questions relating to Prussia. He gave some explanations of the second treaty project that Beneditti had previously given relative to measures taken by the Cabinet some time ago to effect a general disarmament. He said those efforts were merely intermediatory.

Bismarck replied that King William refused absolutely to disarm.

M. Ollivier said he gave the honour of his name and that of his colleagues, that no offer was made to Prussia, other than that made by the Earl of Clarendon.

On the Roman question M. Ollivier said it has seemed unquestionable and useful to the French Government to evacuate Rome. Unquestionable because Italy kept her promises, and useful because keeping our promises we acquiesced more closely with Italy and Austria.

The *Journal Officiel* of this morning publishes Count Beneditti's explanation of the secret treaty affair. It is well known that Bismarck made France an offer both before and after the war with Austria. The substance of this offer was, that France should take Belgium as compensation for aggrandizement of Prussia proper. The very moment the treaty of Prague was concluded Bismarck again betrayed his desire to restore the equilibrium. He made several proposals, looking to the combinations affecting the integrity of States bordering on France. During one of their conversations Bismarck declared to Count Beneditti that the secret treaty project which has just been made public, and which Bismarck has kept since—this accounts for handwriting.

Count Beneditti gave notice of the details of the proposed treaty to the Emperor's Government at the time, but the proposition was promptly rejected.

Count Beneditti adds that the King of Prussia was not favorable to Bismarck's plans.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The German fraternity Aid Society have elected six surgeons to serve in the Prussian army.

To-day the Emperor assumed command of the army. He has been hard at work to-day, with General Leboeuf, arranging details.

Prince Napoleon visited the camps to-day, and was received with great enthusiasm.

The bearing of the army is perfect.

No serious engagement.

It is reported on the best authority that the recent mission to Austria was a complete success. Austria will not take umbrage at the presence of Italy in Rome, and will accord with Italy.

MADRID, July 30.—The departure from Madrid of the Duke de Monpensier is contradicted.

A permanent Committee of the Cortes, appointed before the adjournment of last session, will meet to-morrow to decide the time for the meeting of next session.

ROME, July 30.—General Kanseiton, proposes the fortification of this city.

The Pope's chaplain has gone to Paris to receive the Canadian defenders of the Pope.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCH.

LONDON, July 30th.—The French fleet has arrived at Copenhagen.

French cavalry passed the frontier at Jehl, but soon returned.

PARIS, July 30.—The Emperor's reception at Metz was very enthusiastic. Martial law has been declared in the French towns near the Rhine border.

LONDON, July 30.—Bets are freely offered here that the Prussian army will be in Paris in a fortnight.

Many rumors are afloat touching the movement of troops in France and Germany, but none of them can be traced. French and German accounts of events that have already transpired are utterly irreconcilable.

The *Saturday Review* to-day has a severe condemnatory article on the life of Dickens, and the morality of his latter works.

PARIS, July 30.—The *Journal Official* this morning denies the story which recently originated in Germany, to the effect that 100 French soldiers had invaded Luxemburg.

The French Senator Gergor, who is owner of large factories near Saarlouis, has been expelled from Prussia.

COPENHAGEN, July 30th.—The French Baltic fleet arrived here yesterday afternoon.

BERLIN, July 30.—The feeling against England is still intense, and seems to be shared by the people of all classes.

A party of French cavalry passed the frontier yesterday, but soon returned without accomplishing anything.

Every able-bodied Prussian, between 20 and 30 years of age, is now in the ranks.

It is believed that the French troops now in Rome will all be in France by the 10th of August.

French journals this morning say that the Prussians have 300,000 men [illegible] 100,000 in the Black Forest, [illegible] Mayence, 100,000 in Schleswig [illegible] near Berlin.

The triangle between [illegible] and the river Lauter is well [illegible] soldiers.

LONDON, July 30.—The Catholics of Limerick are preparing [illegible] demonstration in favor of France [illegible] It is probable the Government [illegible] measures to prevent the [illegible]

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, 30th.—The [illegible] correspondent gives [illegible] about the sequel famous [illegible] Diamond wedding. The [illegible] late Senor is being divided [illegible] law, one fair country woman [illegible] one million dollars, while [illegible] three million dollars [illegible] her husband's forty-four [illegible] number of whom are [illegible] color.

WINDSOR, Conn., July [illegible] han was arraigned before [illegible] States Circuit Court to-day [illegible] the neutrality laws, and [illegible]

Gen. O'Neil was then [illegible] and asked by the Court [illegible] thing to say why the sentence should not be passed upon [illegible]

The prisoner pleaded [illegible] half of his adopted country [illegible] why his sentence should [illegible] then sentenced to two [illegible] Prison, in Windsor, and [illegible] dollars.

John H. Brown was [illegible] months' imprisonment [illegible] appeared Capt. Monahan [illegible] at the front, and that he [illegible] engaged. Sentenced [illegible] finde $1.

NEW YORK, July [illegible] to the *Tribune* say [illegible] dence of the *Daily News* [illegible] dicts the peace rumours [illegible]

The American [illegible] exists except on [illegible] journals.

It is reported [illegible] obliged to accompany [illegible] precautionary [illegible] loyalty.

The command of [illegible] was refused him.

A long telegram [illegible] the French journals [illegible] the general sympathy [illegible] being with Prussia.

Gen. D. Allemure, [illegible] troops at Paris during [illegible] sence, has authority [illegible] if necessary.

NEW YORK, 29.—A despatch [illegible] *bune* dated London 29th [illegible] of Granville's despatch [illegible] was reiterated in Parliament, [illegible] general distrust. There is [illegible] Monday's debate in the House [illegible] will reveal Great Britain [illegible] resolute hostility to any [illegible] ing Belgium. The [illegible] Government cannot be [illegible] garded as anything but timidity.

TORONTO.

Toronto, [illegible]

Another lodge of Orange Young [illegible] was organized on Thursday, [illegible] name of the Stewart Blackier Lodge [illegible] members were installed. This [illegible] fifth Briton lodge in this city.

The new silver issue of Canadian [illegible] silver coins were put in circulation [illegible] terday.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, July [illegible]

Surveyor General Bouie was [illegible] presented by the employees of the [illegible] Lands Department with a silver [illegible] gratulating him on completing [illegible] year, and as being the oldest [illegible] officer in the Dominion.

The Commissioner of Inland Revenue has seized the tobacco cutting [illegible] Portneuf.

The failure is reported of a [illegible] and forwarding house here.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, [illegible]

The No. 1 Troop Montreal Cavalry [illegible] camp, near St. Johns, arrived [illegible] noon.

This morning, George [illegible] swain of the *European*, fell from [illegible] that vessel upon the deck of a [illegible] alongside, severely injuring [illegible] the arms and head.

Flour firmer, at from [illegible] but without any important [illegible] vanced rate.

THE ONLY PLACE [illegible] VINS GOLD MEDAL [illegible] GLOVES FOR 75CTS. [illegible] SHOOLBRED & CO'S. Patterns post free on [illegible]

A very disgraceful [illegible] at the midday promenade [illegible] on July 12, which will [illegible] nish material for [illegible] Two gentlemen, officers [illegible] Major Kane and Major [illegible] each other with great [illegible] moment each of the [illegible] deluged in blood. It is [illegible] matters to ascertain who [illegible] ant, but this is perhaps [illegible] quenee, as, strange [illegible] the affair was premeditated [illegible] mation be correct, [illegible] between the gentlemen [illegible] one of them spilling a glass of [illegible] lady's dress, at a recent [illegible] which led to a hostile [illegible] part of the other. The [illegible] and thereupon the lady's [illegible] timated his intention of [illegible] ward wine-bearer on the [illegible] in public. It was expected [illegible] affair would have come [illegible] previous day, but, possibly [illegible] preparation of the combatants [illegible] complete, it was postponed [illegible] on the day in question, the [illegible] appeared in the park with [illegible] carried, besides, an umbrella [illegible] half-past one o'clock, when [illegible] at its fullest they met in the [illegible] right hand side of Rotten Row [illegible] course of a few seconds Major [illegible] rying his opponent's blow [illegible] brella, succeeded in laying [illegible] side of Major Gordon's head [illegible] flowing profusely over his [illegible] Though severely stunned, the [illegible] ever, continued the fight, [illegible] managed, by a well directed [illegible] open the right temple of his [illegible] All this time affrighted ladies [illegible] ing from their seats, while [illegible] and pedestrians crowded [illegible] to witness the unusual spectacle [illegible] police, it is scarcely necessary [illegible] were nowhere. At length a [illegible] peared, and the "gallant" [illegible] separated and marched off.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character [illegible] lenced in house-keeping [illegible] SERVANT GIRL as assistant, [illegible] cleanly and tidy, to take charge [illegible] farm house, near the city. Liberal [illegible] be given, and employment by the [illegible]

Address—

Box, 179, Ottawa Post [illegible]

Ottawa, August 1st.

LOCAL NEWS.

...HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S ...CLEARANCE SALE STILL CON... EXAMINE OUR PRICES ...BUYING. ...post free on application.

...DAY.—We understand the members of the Ottawa Naturalists' Field Club ...having a field day shortly to some... of interest.

...WELLS.—Several spring wells through... the town have gone dry this summer, ...particularly on Sandy Hill, where notwithstanding its elevation, water has always ...plentiful.

...RUNAWAY.—A runaway occurred on ...day in Lower Town, considerably de... ...ing the vehicle attached, as well as ...shade trees, against which the said ...came in contact.

...DRESSMAKING.—A few respectable girls ...now an opportunity of improving ...knowledge of dressmaking, or ...as apprentices, under Miss May... from London, England, at R. L. ... & Co.'s.

...ACCIDENT.—A young woman employed ...the Bank Note Engraving and Printing ...establishment, Wellington street, had a ...of her fingers badly bruised while ...one of the presses, on Saturday.

...BABY'S.—Owing to the non-arrival ...of Mr. Marshall's troupe on ...he could not open that even... ...advertised; his whole company is ...town, however, and he promises ...this evening.

...—On Monday last an elderly ...Lindsey, had the fingers of ...badly lacerated by a circular ...shingle Mill of Mr. Dickinson. ...appears he was fortunate in ...serious injury.

...—His Worship the Ma... ...compliance with the requisition ...has issued a proclamation ...meeting of the citizens of ...held on the 17th August ...consider the question of the ...Canal scheme.

...—Farmers from Marlborough say ...fields in that Township look ...favorable, in some place being little ...a foot in height. Of the wheat ...however, they give a favorable account. Potatoes are said to be an excel... ...throughout the country.

...MARKET.—Saturday.—Farmers have ...commenced to come in with ...produce. For a Saturday the ...was very large. Potatoes ...from 80c. to $1 per bushel; butter, ...print butter, 25c. per pound; ...per dozen; hay, at $13 to 14 per...

...—Yesterday afternoon, a man ...we have not learned, fell off ...in the Ottawa river, in the ...of Dey's Gardens, and im... ...upon being missed, a man em... ...the raft went in after him, and ...in bringing out the body, but ...life was extinct.

...boy narrowly escaped being run ...a carriage on Saturday, at the ...Sparks and Elgin streets. Car... ...should not be permitted to drive ...around corners.

...horse at the corner of the Rus... ...yesterday evening, came so ...kicking out the brains of a boy pass... ...a buggy, that the boy's hat was ...off.

...EMBANKMENT.—On Saturday a ...belonging to E. B. Eddy, Esq., had ...wonderful escape from being kill... The animal was drawing a lumber car ...along the track, when through ...means he slipped and fell over an ...embankment about 15 feet in height. He ...but a few scratches however, and ...at work again.

...arrivals at the Russell House on ...were:—Dr. Ferguson, Lanark; ...Double and wife, Cobourg; S. T. ...Kingston; F. J. Leitch, Mon... ...do; A. M. Perkins, do; ...Lanark; Col. and Mrs. ...and children, Mon... ...Blackier, Pembroke; E. ...Arnprior; W. Alexander, ...

...TROUBLES.—There is a family in ...Lower Town whose domestic peace is very ...disturbed, and, as usual, the ...of the evil is whiskey, in which both ...and wife indulge very freely. On ...night the two got "unco fou," ...had a quarrel over the bot... ...resulted in the expulsion from ...of the unfortunate husband, ...entreaties by a policeman she ...him to be taken up to bed.

...HUCKSTERS INFLUENCE THE MARKET.—...of the four or five huck... ...to the Police Court, has made ...effect on the prices of some ...that of fowl in particular. It ...fowl, which were selling a few ...80 and 90 cents, can now be ...40 and 50 cents each. This fact ...they can influence market ...it is evident they must have ...the greater part of the ...brought into town. Some steps ...taken immediately to prevent ...in future, on the part of ...persons. One constable ...an eye to them all.

...—The account of an ugly as... ...a young German woman, com... ...last March, in the Nipissing district, ...be still remembered by ...of our readers. The assault was ...by a couple of rowdies, who ...down from the shanties, and ...did they assault the young ...when her father came to ...they succeeded in breaking his ...They made their escape out of the ...and probably thought there was ...recollection of the crime in the ...one, but a few days ago they ...surprised by an unexpected ...ex-sergeant Davis, who arrested ...and will take them to the Nipissing ...to receive the sentence.

MEPHITIS AMERICANA.—In the neighbourhood ...houses there is ordinarily a stench, which is particularly disagreeable to the sense of smell, proceeding from sulphurratted hydrogen, but which by men of science is said to be very healthy and a preventative of cholera. Whether that which is disgusting to the senses is conducive to health or not, others may determine, but this is certain, that in Metcalfe street, next door to the Methodist church, something stinks so horribly that it should in justice to the inhabitants be promptly seen to. Perhaps a skunk is imprisoned in some adjoining backhouse. Now, the *Mephitis Americana* is a very pretty little animal, but nobody would think of keeping one at his parlour window. That skunk must be abated. Do, Mr. Langrell, see to it please.

ACCIDENTS.—From what information we can get on the subject, it appears two men had a very narrow escape on Thursday last in Aylmer. They were both employed at the erection of the new gaol of that place. One of them was engaged in doing something to the roof of the building, when from some cause he slipped and fell down through the building, but, either by mere chance or uncommon presence of mind, he caught hold of a joist in his descent, from which unpleasant position he was speedily rescued uninjured. It was a wonderful escape from a horrible death. The other man was holding mortar up the gangway, and as he approached the top he went into fits, to which he is subject, and slid down to the ground, where he was kept until he recovered. How he happened to slide down the gangway and not fall over we have not been able to learn. The result of a fall from such a height would probably have been fatal. We understand he has been wisely discharged, in view of similar accidents possibly occuring if kept on.

FIRES IN THE RURAL DISTRICTS.—Not in the vicinity of Ottawa alone have fires done much damage; the long spell of dry weather has proved disastrous to many farmers in Ramsay and neighboring townships, by the prevalence of fires in the woods, which have already done incalculable damage. Near Bennie's Corners, a fire has raged for several days, and destroyed in its course valuable timber, fences, and growing crops, the heaviest sufferer, we understand, being Mr. William Phillips, who is a loser to the extent of several hundred dollars. At one time the buildings at the Corners were threatened with destruction, and it was only through the watchfulness of the people—about a hundred of whom turned out—that no greater mischief was done. Mr. John Gilmour, 7th line, has also lost heavily, we believe, by the destruction of fences, &c. Another fire, at the corner of the township adjoining Pakenham and Huntley, has destroyed the woods, and frightened the inhabitants. We have heard of these and other fires, but could not ascertain the amount of the damage done in any particular instance; it must, however, be considerable.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—A young woman was brought up, charged with being found drunk on the public streets, but being her first appearance at the Court, and being evidently sorry for her conduct, she was let go.

A gentleman was charged with whipping a couple of youngsters. It appears they were throwing stones at his fence, one of which passed over and struck a carriage in his yard. The gentleman became irritated, and run out and chastised the young rascals with a whip. Though they well deserved more whipping than he gave them, as do many other idle rovers, who go about from morning to night destroying trees and fences unpunished, yet he had transgressed the law, and was fined $2 and costs.

Michael Gallagher was charged with using abusive language to Margaret Black. The evidence was not satisfactory, and the case was dismissed without costs.

Sarah Jones, Mary Doyle, Mrs. Gallagher and Mrs. Cahill were severally charged with purchasing fowls on the market before the hour of noon, for the purpose of retailing them. Mary Doyle was fined $2 and costs, and the other three cases were adjourned till Monday.

John Brade, drunk, $2 and costs.

T. Prudhomme, drunk, $2 and costs.

A NOVEL VEHICLE.—A vehicle will make its appearance in the streets of Ottawa to-day, which will supersede in point of novelty the street cars, which were for a time a curiosity. The vehicle to which we refer is a two-wheeled delivery van, and is the work of Messrs. Titus & Co., carriage-makers, Sparks street. It is after the fashion of delivery vans used in the old countries, and is made for Mr. Hill of the Tea Pot, Rideau street. It was built according to the latter gentleman's instructions, and reflects credit equally on his taste and upon the skill which Mr. Titus has shown in its construction. It is a truly handsome piece of workmanship, though very substantial, it is light, and graceful in appearance. The body is painted in a rich claret color, the cover approaching to a chocolate hue, while the springs, wheels &c., are of a brighter vermillion, the whole highly polished and varnished, but it is not its construction alone that deserves commendation; the present manner of carting goods, particularly groceries, around in an open vehicle is not just the thing; goods taken, no matter what the distance in this new contrivance will be secure from the heat of the sun, from dust &c., and it is for this it specially deserves commendation. We will not say anything more about it, but we would inform every one who should wish to see it, to purchase something at the Tea Pot, Rideau street, and he will have an opportunity of viewing the van at his own door.

The Wilmore Burlesque Troupe

The above Troupe will perform in Ottawa to-morrow evening. It is almost unnecessary to say anything as to their ability, their reputation is everywhere heralded before. The troupe is composed of some excellent actors and actresses from the London theatres. A Quebec paper speaks in the following terms of one of their performances in that city:—

"The Troupe performing at the Music Hall attracted another large audience last evening. The principal characters of the first piece were admirably sustained by Mr. Rogers, who is a low comedian of undoubted talent, as "Joshua Alphonso," and by Miss Jennie Wilmore as "Lizzie Bowskin." This clever actress, always interesting and graceful, capitally delineated the Lancashire lass both in dialect and manner. Mr. Wyndham Clarke's fine tenor voice was well displayed in "The Muleteer," which he sang with great taste and sweetness, exciting loud applause. Miss Wilmore made a charming "Arline," and whether singing or graceful pirouetting, obtained the largest share of admiration. The "Shoo Fly," by the entire company, sent the audience away in the best of humor.

MUSIC HALL.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY,

COMMENCING

Tuesday Eve., August 2, '70.

THE GREAT

LONDON BURLESQUE COMBINATION,

Headed by the wonderful Artiste,

Miss Jennie Wilmore,

From the New Royalty, Princess's, New Adelphi, Drury Lane, and Principal Theatres through Great Britian.

Miss KATTIE O'NEIL,
Miss HATTIE HICKS,
Miss ANNIE BLAKE,
Miss EMMA DEVOY,
Madame OPERTI.

Mr. Windham Clark,

The new Scotch Tenor, from Exeter Hall and Covent Garden, London.

Mr. J. SANDFORD,
J H HUNTLEY,
SPENCER PRITCHARD,
A H HUNTLY,
A L COOKE,
J LANGLY.

Mr. Felix Rogers,

Of the new Adelphi, London. This gentleman, in conjunction with Miss JENNIE WILMORE, have had the honor of appearing by command before Her Majesty the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, and most of the English nobility.

The Orchestra will be conducted by

Signor Operti,

Pianist to His Majesty Victor Emanuel 2nd King of Italy.

Opening performance to commence with the Comic Drama of the

ORPHAN,

To be followed by the beautiful Burlesque

PYGMALION,

OR

The Peerless Maiden and Statue.

Admission—Dress circle 50cts., Gallery 37½ cts, pit 22 cts.

Tickets for sale at Messrs. Orme's Music Store.

Doors open at 7:30, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Ottawa, August 1. 1423-td

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.

Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.

July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pood and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at 1 rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 50 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenny, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1418-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m. the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa "
" 97, " "
" 160, " "

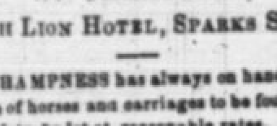
Plans of the above Limits with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870. 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also

Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,

At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

POSTPONEMENT.

In consequence of Johnnie Ward not arriving according to engagement, Mr. Marshall is compelled to Postpone Opening the Theatre until MONDAY NEXT.

July 29, 1870. 2i

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

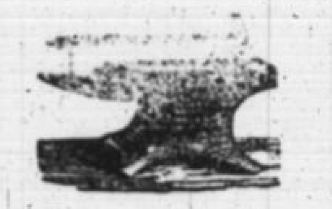
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors.

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Moley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE.

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236-t

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

WAR

To the knife on the prices of the POLAR REFRIGERATOR We will after this sell the $30 size for $24. This is a bargain that house-keepers should look sharp after.

Wire Dish Covers, Baskets, Lamps, Coal Oil Baths Cook Stoves, Jelly Moulds, Brushes, everything you want for house-keeping, you can find at ESMONDES.

We desire to draw particular attention to our work shop, gutters, eve-troughs, and all sorts of outside work done with despatch, as well as any other orders we may receive for tin, iron, or plumbing work. We work 20 per cent below any other house in Ottawa

Sale Agency for the CHALLENGE FILTER of the world. The Kedzie Filter the only durable and reliable one manufactured.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870. 1419-tt

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870. 1417-5

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS!

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had;

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

1th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen.

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI,

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN.
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MRS. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1400-tf

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOHN S. KENNEDY of the Village of Metcalfe, in the County of Carleton,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE of the City of Montreal, Accountant, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

A meeting of the Creditors of above named Insolvent will be held at my Office, 491 Notre Dame street, Montreal, on MONDAY, fifteenth day of AUGUST next, at FOUR o'clock in the afternoon for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering the affairs of the Estate generally.

The said Insolvent is hereby notified to attend said meeting.

CHAS. BAILLIE,
Assignee.

Mantreal, 11th July, 1870. 1407 2w

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA........................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

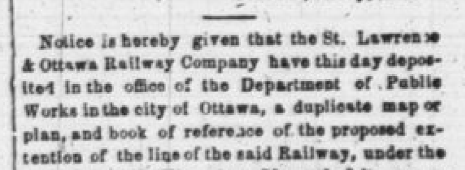
REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

OTTAWA, 7 July, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company have this day deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the city of Ottawa, a duplicate map or plan, and book of reference of the proposed extention of the line of the said Railway, under the authority of 31 Vic., Cap. 20, and of its course and direction, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor; so far as ascertained, and have also deposited copies of such map or plan, and book of Reference, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Carleton.

THOS. REYNOLDS
Managing Director,
St. L & O R. C.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, July 30, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@ 7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@ 7 25
No. 1	7 00	@ 0 00
No. 2	6 00	@ 6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@ 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 20
Spring "	1 10	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@ 9 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@ 9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Veal "	0 05	@ 0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@ 6 00
Geese, Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@ 1 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@ 0 18
No 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@ 0 00

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

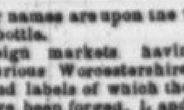
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 32v1236 law

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALFENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

McDUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

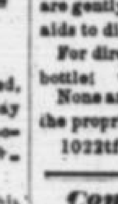
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 300 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON E. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLL AND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of,

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
A. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1399 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impair digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Moutreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

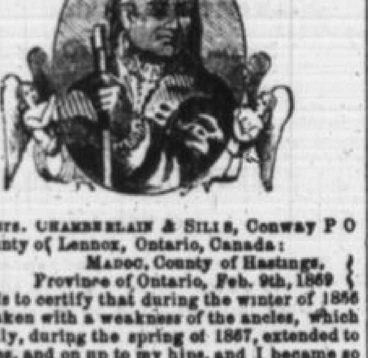
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga.
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Menthe
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street;

Otthwa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organisation, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 25
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

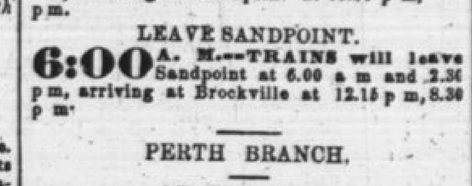
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street:

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 5.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Cana

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1423. | OTTAWA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1870. | PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright d&w F C Clemow.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1389y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
392tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P.Q., the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

CANADA
CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS,
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
LANG'S
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-fed
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits,
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collect ed on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Teas we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 40c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, the Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa McLEAN,
15 Sparks street.

TO LET.
One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	6.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	5.00	11.30	
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30					3.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright; close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					3.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

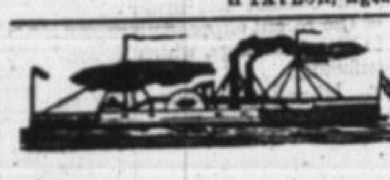
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

Note.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agent.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8:30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.......... 738 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......... 738 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES;
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00
The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FICHUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.,&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1400y

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

The Popular War in France—Great Excitement on the Boulevards

(From the Paris Figaro, July 16.)

Never was there an evening of greater excitement, not even in the worst days of June or January, was the crowd more compact and more excited on the boulevards. From 9 o'clock, along the whole line of the Faubourg Poissonniere to the Madeliene traffic had become impossible. The bulk of the movement was centralized before the little Bourse. The route of the public conveyances had to be changed to accommodate the crowd, for it was impracticable to work a passage through this ocean of human beings.

The agitation had nothing of the character that characterizes riot. They were manifesting not against the order but against a hostile nation, whose insolent attitude irritates French susceptibilities. This sentiment was displayed by shouts of "To Berlin!" "Down with the Prussians" now and then, "Down with the Cabinet"—then again strong bands defiled, singing the "Marseillaise" and shouting "Death to Prussians."

While the crowd was waiting at the doors of the Corps Legislatif some artillery wagons went by; immediately arose cries of "Vive l' Empereur!" "Down with Prussia!"

An ovation of the same kind was given the Emperor himself when he quitted the Tuileries to return to St. Cloud.

At 11:30 a band 1,500 strong, in blouses, passed along the Boulevard waving three tri-colors, and singing in chorus,
"Mourir pour la Patrie,"
and
"Guerre aux tyrans,
Jamais en France
Jamais le Prussien ne regnera."

They were received everywhere with acclamations by the assembled crowds. The same band went along the Rue de la Paix, and under the windows of the Minister of Justice and Marshal Canrobert they came to a halt to repeat the cries of "Down with Prussia!" "Vive la guerre!"

Another band of 4,000 went up and down the Boulevard from the Place de la Bastile to the Madeleine with a stand of colors, "Down with Bismarck!" "To Berlin!" "Vive la France!" There two bands encountered on the Boulevard de Strasbourg and brigaded.

Another strong party marching with their colors were interrupted by a sergeant de ville, who arrested the color-bearer and marched him to the police station. The crowd took it in good part, and merely followed their ensign and formed outside the police station. The brigadier on duty, having heard the charge, dismissed it, and himself brought out the offender and replaced him with his colors in the ranks. The act of the officer was received with shouts of "Vive l'Empereur" "A bas Bismark," "Down with Prussia," and the crowd in their exuberance nearly smothered the brigadier by their embraces.

The Closerie des Lilas, the famous dance garden of the students, had a full attendance, and when in their amusements the Parisians manifested the war spirit for the quadrille of the Landwehr, danced by the leading ladies, was hissed off the floor.

MODERN WAR—THE COMING CARNAGE.

(From the Journal des Debats, July 15.)

Let us not speak lightly of war, and especially of modern war. Tried soldiers look grave when they speak of this shock of dense masses to be led in a few days to a field of carnage, there to make trial of the engines of destruction with which the two belligerent powers are amply provided. The dead will be reckoned by hundreds of thousands, and the next day there will be mourning in a million of families. The antique courage of those cavaliers, mailed in iron, whose lightest exploits were pompously celebrated, seems to pale before the resignation of the modern soldier, exposed to the fire of chassepot and mitrailleuse.

THE PRUSSIANS HAVE THE MITRAILLEUSE.

There is talk of experiments made within these few days, in the environs of Paris, with cannon of a new model, breech-loading, and firing forty balls at each discharge. It is the pistol revolver system applied to artillery, with this great difference; that the projectiles do not follow the one line of fire, but form a semicircle. These guns are divided in four sections, each portable by one man. They are put together and screwed up tight in three or four minutes. The Prussians also have, it seems, their revolving gun and their field mitrailleuse. We read that these weapons have been tested and constructed with the greatest secrecy. The place of manufacture was surrounded by a cordon of troops, under the most precise orders to repel all curious inquiry.

ROCHEFORT ON THE WAR.

M. Henri Rochefort has addressed the following letter to his constituents:

Sainte-Pelagie, 11th July.

Dear Electors: I hardly know which of the recent ministerial pieces of braggadocio should be received, and which taken no notice of, but had I occupied my seat as Deputy on the occasion of the warlike declaration of the Government, I should certainly have protested against that unwarrantable right which the executive power assumes of unchaining another scourge on our country, already menaced with famine. The dynastic conflict, which is at present troubling business and the public minds, is the most terrible condemnation of the monarchical principle. If, instead of expelling the Spanish republicans who had taken refuge on the French soil, the Cabinet had favoured the establishment of a republic in Spain, we should not now have had to upset a king whose dethronement will perhaps cost oceans of blood and years of misery. Nor should we either have had to fear the sudden formation of those secret alliances the combination of which is repugnant to the straightforward character of republican institutions. And it is at the moment when the interests of all nations are fused together and mutually conjoint; when, from one end of Europe to the other, the workmen are trying to meet and coalesce, without distinction of language or country, against that other evil which is called capital—it is this conjuncture which is selected to disperse with grape-shot those who are only anxious to make common cause together. Every war the object of which goes beyond the strict defence of the frontier is but a series of murders. To reconstitute the empire of Charles V., to restore that of Napoleon I., may be fine fancies for monarchies, but we who are aware what sovereigns cost us, know also what their day-dreams bring us as profit. That is what I should have said in the Chamber, or rather what I should have attempted to say, for my voice would have been drowned, as usual, by the laughter or vociferations of the majority who sent your deputy to Ste. Pelagie. But here or elsewhere it is to you alone that I address myself, to you who see the future of the populations elsewhere than in their extermination, and who know, alas! to-day the true value of those crowned philanthropists who take the destruction of the poor for the extinction of pauperism.

THE SPECIAL CORPS OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

Besides the zouaves, of which a description has lately been given, the French army contains the following special corps:

THE ZEPHYRS.

They resemble the zouaves in their uniforms, arms, and equipment, and their organization and drill are almost the same; but while the zouaves are a proud corps and believe in military honor, such is by no means the case with the zephyrs. They are simply a corps of culprits and jail-birds. If a soldier of the French army commits a vulgar and dishonoring crime, that is, if he robs, steals, cheats, or proves to be a coward, he is condemned to serve on the galleys; but if he only commits what might be termed a genteel crime, that is, if he commits manslaughter, or ravages a woman, or is insubordinate, then he is condemned to serve in the corps of the zephyrs. They are permanently stationed in Africa, and the discipline among these rather dangerous and desperate characters is terribly severe. Every officer has the right to kill one on the spot should he show the least sign of insubordination, and to this circumstance they owe their name, which they have adopted themselves, to express thereby of how little value their lives are, which at any time might die out like a zephyr. Their official appellation is Corps of Punishment, and they now number several thousand men. They paint themselves with blue ink all over their bodies in the most fantastical manner, and even the hardest punishment could not put a stop to this singular amusement, to which they seem to have taken, because they are not permitted to have hats, and get no pay. When General Pelissier was offered the command in the Crimea he accepted it only under the condition that the zephyrs would accompany him there, and that if they should behave well, they were to be pardoned and permitted to return to their regiments. They were sent there and their success was complete.

In the battle near Tractis, the Russians had formed a square which the Sardinian cavalry had vainly attacked, when General Bosquet, who then commanded them, advanced the Zephyrs.

Some English officers requested him not to sacrifice his men uselessly, but General Bosquet made them a speech which commenced, "You sons of hell," and closed with "forward to the attack." With the war-cry, *Vive-la-Mort*, instead of *Vive l'Empereur*, they swept into and over the Russian bayonets like a whirlwind, and soon their yataghans had made such terrible havoc in the Russian lines that the most desperate exertions of the Russian officers were unable to avert defeat.

THE CHASSEURS D'AFRIQUE.

These are a cavalry corps consisting of four regiments. They carry a long rifle, two revolvers, and a sword, and are all mounted on select horses of the best Barbary blood. Their continuous service in Africa, amongst and against the Bedouins has made them superior riders, and they perform all the feats on horseback in which the sons of the desert excel; and will ride at full gallop, turn in the saddle, and fire to the rear with precision. They also distinguished themselves during the Crimean war. General Allonvilly, who commanded a corps of 1,500, Chasseurs d'Afrique, attacked with them 12,000 Russian dragoons, the favorite cavalry corps of the Emperor Nicholas, on the plain of Simferopol, and defeated them so completely that their commander, General Corff, committed suicide from shame.

THE TURCOS AND SPAHIS.

These are native African or Algerian corps, and consist exclusively of volunteers. The Turcos are light infantry, and come more particularly from the mountain regions of Algeria.

The Spahis are a cavalry corps, and are recruited among the Bedouins. Both the Turcos and Spahis are Mohamedans, but their officers are mostly Frenchmen. But they are not at all prohibited, on religious ground, from advancing to the highest military positions, and one of them, General Jessuff, now occupies a high position in the French army. There are three regiments of Turcos, or about 10,500 men, and three regiments of Spahis, or about 3,000 men.

THE FOREIGN LEGION.

There is at present but one regiment in existence containing representatives of all nationalities. The words of command are given in French. The officers are half French, half from other European nationalities. In their contracts with the French government, it is distinctly understood that they are not obliged to serve outside of Algeria, and particularly not against their respective native countries. But they fought, nevertheless, in the Crimea, in Lombardy, and in Mexico.

Orange Demonstration at Vankleek Hill.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I expected long before this to have seen the report of our *gala* meeting of the 12th in the columns of the Times which is very extensively read in this County.

The day was propitious, the roads were good, the people were very nicely dressed, and most respectable and exemplary in their bearing and demeanour. Some five thousand assembled at Vancleek Hill. The ladies of the Presbyterian church at "the Hill," provided a repast, which, a learned Doctor of Divinity said, could not be excelled in the Metropolis of Canada. The design of the repast, I may explain, is this, that the Orange Lodge of that district will not march into any town, unless they obtain a *guarantee* that they shall be provided with a *tee-total dinner*.

It was therefore resolved by the members of the Presbyterian church at the Hill, to provide a genuine *tee-total dinner*, which was served up in the *Drill Shed*.

After dinner, the assembled crowd repaired to the woods, a most beautiful spot, which seemed to have been provided by nature, for an open air meeting.

A platform was erected, and The Right Worshipful Grand Master (a true genuine Gael) presided.

After opening the meeting with the appropriate devotional exercises, the Chairman, in a few becoming and pointed remaks, introduced the Rev. the Rector of the Parish (the Rev. Mr. Coleman) who in in a speech characterized by elegance, taste and truly Protestant sentiment, shewed that Orangeism as such was a grand conservative bulwark of Imperial Britain.

The Rev. the Rector of the Grammar School, here gave a most elaborate and argumentative speech, which many pronounced *the* speech of the day on the *duty, privilege* and *power* of the Orange institution in the event of trouble with the Fenian marauders from across the lines.

The Methodist and Presbyterian clergy men spoke with great power on the influence of Protestantism and its ultimate destiny by *organized* union to revolutionize the *pagan, Mahommedan* and *Papal* powers of the globe.

The Rev. Dr. Irvine, a Presbyterian clergyman from Montreal, who is a great favorite at the Hill, being on the platform, was called for by the crowd, and on rising gave a most interesting account of the revolution of 1688 of King William, Prince of Orange, of Principal Carstares of the University of St. Andrew's (Scotland) who went over to Nassau and brought the Prince to Scotland; of the siege of Derry; of the *twelve prentice* boys who closed the gates of Derry against a shower of James' lead; of the march from Derry to Lisburn and Hillsborough; of the room here where King William slept; of the battle of the Boyne; of the Major, (Irvine) a lineal ancestor of his, who caught the bridle of his horse and

told him of the fall of the Duke of Schomberg, and of William's reply, "God will be your guide to-day and I'll be General under."

After a brilliant speech of nearly one hour, the rev. gentleman retired amid several rounds of applause.

In the evening the Rev. Doctor Irvine delivered a lecture in the Presbyterian Church at the Hill to a crowded congregation. The subject of his lecture was announced on the previous Sabbath, and attracted a large audience, who were eager to purchase tickets at 25 cents each. His theme was the "Three unclean spirits, like frogs, which proceeded out of the mouth of the dragon, The Beast and the false prophet, and which brought about the battle of Armagedion."—Rev. 16th. The rev. gentleman first read the chapter, and explained what commentators had agreed to be the meaning of the pouring out the *seven vials*. He laid down the principle that the fall of Rome pagan was announced in the VIII. chapter of the Apocalypse by the sounding of the *seven trumpets*, and the downfall of Rome Papal by the pouring out of *seven vials*, Chapter XVI.

Between the outpouring of the 6th and 7th Vial, it seemed that three unclean spirits, not beasts, not bodies, but spirits proceeded out of the mouth of the *Pagan*, *Papal* and *Mahommedan* powers, and these would wage a fearful war with the Protestant and Evangelical Christians of our day. This warfare he showed would be a warfare in which the spirit of Paganism, the spirit of Popery and the spirit of Mahommedanism would wage war with Christianity. Hence, it would be a war *of opinion*, in which the Ecumenical Council at Rome and the present Mahommedan effort, under the Ottoman Government, to subvert Evangelical Christianity by aid of a recently established periodical named the Izhar El Hakk would unite with the Bromminool Priesthood of India, and probably with idolators of China and Japan, in attempting to overthrow Evangelical Protestantism in Europe and America.

Not only a war of *words*, but a war of *swords*. Some terrible conflict is at hand. Europe reminds us of a volcano, it is a Vesuvius, and ere long we may look for some fearful struggle, which will end in a decisive conflict between Belial and Christ, between those that love and hate the blessed Lord of glory.

The Rev. gentleman was loudly applauded at the close of his service, and the proceeds of the day amounted to over $450, in aid of the Manse Fund.

I am yours,
A PROTESTANT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Address Box 394, Ottawa P. O.
Employment Wanted—Apply at this office.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 34, Sparks Street.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell is in Toronto.

Hon. Mr. Morris is expected to arrive in town to-day.

The nomination for Bellechasse will take place on the 15th August next. The seat was formerly filled by Mr., now Judge Cassault.

An English paper, the *Canadian News*, suggests that Colonel Chamberlin is the person on whom the honour of Knighthood should be conferred by the Imperial Government as a reward for his gallant conduct during the late raid. The people of Canada would be glad to see this recommendation acted upon.

The Goderich *Signal* says :—On the authority of a communication from Mr. Langevin, Minister of Public Works, we are happy to state that the construction of a Harbour here will be proceeded with, without delay, the order having been issued to advertise for tenders. Our information can thoroughly be relied on.

The American squadron in European waters consists of four wooden vessels mounting in all seventy-seven guns. Some people think that the cable despatches must be invariably incorrect, because they are furnished by the American agent of the Associated Press. Still, it must be remembered that he is liable to accident, and may not always be in error.

It is a noteworthy fact that out of the half dozen persons who aided and assisted "Beast" Butler in the murder of Mumford, at New Orleans, four have already come to untimely and miserable ends. Andrew Jackson Butler, who instigated the murder, died in New York of an unknown disease, which we will charitably hope was remorse; one member of Butler's New Orleans staff died in a lunatic asylum, and another of *delerium tremens*, and the fourth, who said that he "enjoyed the spectacle of Mumford's hanging," blew his brains out a short time since in the harbour of Hong Kong. Butler is spared for the present, to disgrace his country by his absurd goings on in Congress.

Our American neighbours have not only an Indian rebellion in the West to deal with, but one in North Carolina also. A vast amount of misrule has for some time prevailed there, the poor Southerners being at times exasperated to such an extent as to rebel against their Northern masters. General Grant, however, knows of but one mode of dealing with rebels. A strong detachment of artillery has been despatched to North Carolina together with two regiments of regular infantry "armed with the fastest shooting guns," martial law is declared, and the people of the "old North State" will soon be compelled at the point of the bayonet, to yield allegiance to that Government. which is supposed to be founded on the will of the governed.

A PRETTY LITTLE QUARREL AS IT STANDS.

A short time since we published a letter from the Hon. Mr. Holton, in which the writer denounced the Independents, and pointed out the fallacy of the arguments upon which they rest their cause. It was only natural that the Hon. John Young, the leader of the Independence party, should feel terribly annoyed to find his old political friend and associate opposing him, and showing that he considered loyalty to Canada to be of more importance than loyalty to party. Mr. Young has replied to Mr. Holton in a letter addressed to the editor of the Montreal *Herald*. He declares in a very open and straightforward manner that he is in favour of independence. By the way, it is a fact worthy of note, that within the last twelve months or thereabouts, Mr. Young, in an equally candid manner expressed a desire for annexation, and advanced the opinion that there was no other hope for Canada. In the course of his letter, Mr. Young does not attempt to controvert the arguments brought forward by Mr. Holton, but simply alludes to the fact that the last named gentleman some years ago, was an avowed annexationist. We presume that there is no doubt that such was the case, but that is no reason why he should not be allowed to repent of, and abjure his former course, if he desires to do so. Mr. Holton knows that it is never too late to mend, and we trust that Mr. Young will bear this truth in mind also, for much as we respect his social character, we cannot too strongly condemn his political course, and hope before any great length of time elapses to see him assume a different position. In the meantime the quarrel between these two gentlemen is a very pretty one as it stands. We have no desire to interfere with it, but shall watch it with interest. Meanwhile our American neighbours may "admire to see" that when one public man in Canada has any differences with another, the most grievous charge which he can bring against him is to call him an "Annexationist." This is a term of reproach so hard to bear and universally considered so disgraceful, that men who are really so at heart, are obliged to disguise their opinions and call themselves "Independents."

While we write the Montreal *Herald* of yesterday comes to hand, and in it we find a letter from Mr. Holton in reply to Mr. Rose. We make the following extract :

Mr. Young is perfectly welcome to any advantage he thinks he can derive from references to the Annexation movement in 1849; but is he quite justified in quoting from the manifesto of that year which was signed by many hundreds of the leading citizens of Montreal, as if it were a paper written and published by myself within the last few years? Mr. Young says, "It is only a few years ago, when Mr. Holton, over his own signature, published to the world, &c., &c." Are twenty-one years "only a few" in the active life of an individual? And can a public document, signed by nearly two thousand persons, be fairly said to have been "published by a single person "over his own signature?" If Mr. Young were a less candid man than he is, he would be open to the suspicion of having sought to convey the impression that I had, as a public man, on some recent occasion advocated Annexation as a remedy for evils now pressing on the country. At this distance of time, it is for all practical purposes, immaterial to inquire whether the abortive annexation movement in 1849 was wise or unwise, loyal or disloyal; but even if I were to admit of that twenty-one years ago, when subject to no responsibility as a public man, I committed a political blunder not unlike the one I now deprecate in others, I fail to perceive how the admission would either strengthen Mr. Young's present position or weaken my own.

I wish Mr. Young had seen fit to grapple with the leading points of my letters instead of confining himself to an attempt to give a purely personal turn to the discussion. So far from answering me he has not even stated my main propositions with any approach to accuracy, and his quotations are so imperfect that they quite pervert my meaning. If I am unwilling to enter into a personal controversy, I am still less disposed to indulge in verbal criticism, while discussing so grave a subject as the proposed disruption of the British Empire.

CANADIAN PUBLIC OPINION.

Within the last few weeks it has afforded us much gratification to refer to the improved tone adopted by the British press when discussing Canadian affairs; more especially as regards the late Fenian raid, and the conduct of our volunteers. The London *Telegraph*, *Standard* and many others, of all shades of politics, have spoken of us in the most friendly manner, and have declared, in terms which could not by any possibility be mistaken, that the people of the mother country desire to maintain the connection which now exists between this Dominion and Great Britain. Only the miserable London *Daily News*, with its circulation of 1,500 copies, has ventured so far to obey the dictates of its American subsidizers, as to indulge in an occasional sneer at Canada. It is gratifying to know that the circulation of the *Daily News*, small as it is at present, is fast decreasing, and that notwithstanding the support which it is generally understood to receive from Washington, it must soon die from inanition. Englishmen at home are not so entirely given over to the doctrines of the Manchester school, as to be inclined to support such a thoroughly unEnglish journal as it is.

But while we have much pleasure in noticing the improved tone of the English press, we cannot disguise the fact that English journalists, as a general thing, are lamentably ignorant about this country and its people. It is very much to be regretted that this is the case, for if the real character of the Canadian people were better understood in the mother country, and if the vast resources and importance of the Dominion were more generally appreciated, the Colonial tie would be strengthened and our future prosperity ensured. A short time since the *Daily News* referred to the "lonely forest garrisons" of Ottawa, Montreal and Toronto. Of course, we could not hope for anything truthful about Canada in that pro-American sheet; but other journals, from which better things might have been expected, are constantly making mistakes which are scarcely less ridiculous. We will do our English contemporaries the justice to believe that they desire to write nothing but facts concerning us, and that as Canada is thought worthy their attention at all, they must certainly consider it worth writing about intelligently and correctly. But it is seldom that we read an article in an English paper concerning this country, without finding in it more than one glaring blunder or inaccuracy, and a vast amount of ignorance displayed touching the character and political bias of the Canadian people. We do not wonder that this is the case; in fact the only wonder is that English journalists know even as much as they do about this country. Canadian newspapers are comparatively but seldom seen in England, and very few indeed are taken by the leading London journals. The last number of *Public Opinion*, an English journal, supposed, as its name indicates to give the tone of public opinion on various important subjects, contained a series of articles on Canadian affairs, not from Canadian papers, but from the columns of the New York *Herald* and other kindred sheets! It certainly is rather annoying to see so much ignorance displayed by an English journal, the editors of which might be expected to be well informed. There is as much sense in quoting New York newspapers to show the position of affairs in Canada, as there would be in seeking for the public opinion of Englishmen in the journals of St. Petersburg.

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

The idea prevails here that Napoleon, without any real or sufficient cause, has plunged Europe in war, and consequently popular sympathy is against him. We cannot help thinking, however, that when the whole truth becomes known, and when we are enabled to form a more correct judgement as to the political events and the diplomatic action of the French and Prussian Governments previous to the declaration of war, we shall find that the French Emperor has not been so much to blame, that he had good reason for believing that Bismarck was trying to strike a blow at the influence of France, and to place her in a false position, and that Napoleon preferred to bring matters to an issue at once, rather than wait until Prussia had made all her preparations, and was ready for war. There has certainly been nothing in the course pursued by the latter power of late years which can appeal to the sympathies of Canadians. Her rapid rise to prominence as one of the leading military powers of Europe has simply been effected by the triumph of might over right, by the absorption of smaller nations, the ignoring of treaty rights, and an utter disregard for the wishes and predilections of weaker communities. Hanover and other Kingdoms were conquered and annexed by the force of Prussian bayonets. Surely there is nothing in this to excite our admiration or to enlist our sympathies. The union of the North German States may or may not be desirable, but forcible annexation is the last thing in the world that Canadians admire; twice they have battled successfully against it on this continent, and if it were again attempted they would do so once more. The fact is, that unless Great Britain becomes involved we have little personal interest in either of the belligerents. Still we know that people will not look on without being inclined to sympathise with one or the other. Because it has seemed from the meagre information which we have received that Napoleon has involved Europe in war without sufficient reason, many people have felt their sympathies enlisted on the side of Prussia, but we think that judgment should be suspended until we are able to form a more correct opinion as to the causes which led to the war.

THE SITUATION ON THE RHINE.

Now that Great Britain has given both France and Prussia to understand that she will not permit the neutrality rights of Belgium to be infringed, the military operations are confined within a narrower compass, extending from Sierck, on the river Moselle, to Lauterbourg, on the Rhine, and from thence along the valley of the Rhine, to the Swiss frontier; a distance altogether of about 200 miles. The frontier line between France and Germany, along which operations will take place, is in the shape of a right angled triangle, along one arm of which runs the railway from Paris through Thionville, Metz and Bitche, to Strasbourg, while along the other arm is the line which connects Strasbourg with Saarlouis near the Swiss frontier. The French army is concentrating along the northern side of this triangle, their right, under Marshal McMahon, resting on Strasbourg, and their left, under Marshal Bazaine, on Thionville and Metz, with advanced cavalry posts in front of Thionville. Torbach and St. Avold. Saarbraken, near which a skirmish is reported to have taken place, is situated between Treves and Luxembourg.

The Prussian line, so far as we can understand, extends from near Saarlouis on the railway from Strasbourg to Treves, eastward to Landau, eighteen miles northwest of Carlsruhe, on the Rhine. Saarlouis and Landau are towns which were originally fortified by Vauban. Prince Royal Frederick William is reported to have command of the Prussian left; his cousin, Frederick Charles, the centre; and Von Bittenfield the right.

THE WEATHER.

The state of the weather about Toronto and westward is creating much depression and uneasiness among the farmers of that section. Their harvest prospects are, so far as we can judge by accounts in western papers, very gloomy. Such a season of thunder and rain storms has never before been experienced within the memory of the "oldest inhabitant." For the last three weeks or a month scarcely a day has passed without a furious thunder storm, accompanied by heavy showers of rain. The storms have been frequent and of unusual severity, and the deluges of rain which accompanied them have so raised the streams, and soaked and in some localities flooded the ground, that it is impossible in many cases to proceed with harvest operations, or even to save the hay and grain crops that have been cut. There is scarcely a single field in which a reaping machine can be used. We believe there are some instances in which stooked wheat was surrounded by water to the depth of six inches. Great damage has been done both by rain and lightning, and it is feared if a change to dry weather does not speedily take place the loss will be immense.

This is the kind of weather they have been having in the West! What a contrast to that which we have had in this section of the country. There they have inundations of rain, and continued storms with terrific lightning, here we have rain measured out to us by the gallon. Our wells are dry. There the streams are overflown, the fields are flooded, and farmers are prevented from saving what grain is cut, or of cutting what is ready for the process; here our rivers and canals contain scarcely enough water to float steamboats, or to permit the running of timber in certain places, the fields and forests are dry and parched, and the very grass in many places scorched. In fine, while the farmers of Western Ontario are praying that rain may cease to fall, here the prayer is reversed; Farmers are praying for some mighty cloud to burst over their parched fields. What damage too much rain did in one section is equalled in the other by the ravages on account of the lack of rain. Could we exchange with our Western friends some of our scorching weather for their rain a proper medium would probably be obtained.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Midnight Despatches.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

PARIS, 1st.—The Bourse closed firm; Rentes 66f.

The *Presse* says there has been no fighting on the banks of the Rhine, as has been widely rumored.

The advanced post of the Bavarian troops have fallen back upon the Lanker river.

Several Prussian scouting parties have lately crossed the Saar. Their movements were plainly seen by the French. It is thought the Prussian force in that neighborhood is not so great as was at first supposed.

A number of Prussian soldiers who deserted and came into the French lines have been sent to Tours.

The *Journal Officiel* to-day has information going to show that the sympathy of the people of the Danubian Principalities is heartily with France.

The *Public* says that the French Government has contracted for a cable between Calais and some point in Jutland, Denmark, in order that the operations of the Baltic fleet may be directed from and reported to the capital.

The *Presse* denies that the Prince of Wales, now in Copenhagen, sympathizes with Denmark in her complaints against Prussia.

The Emperor has thanked the railway companies for the celerity and prudence with which they have transported the troops to the frontier.

The Council of Ministers will meet three times a week at St. Cloud. The Empress will preside over their deliberations.

The Archbishop of Paris has addressed a pastoral to the clergy requesting their prayers for the success of the French.

It is stated that the Emperor, before his departure for the Rhine, wrote to the Pope explaining the causes of the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome.

The Chancellor of the French Legation at Berlin, who remained after declaration of war, has been required by the Prussian authorities to give his parole not to leave the city.

The *Journal du Peuple*, of Marseilles, has been fined 500 francs for an offence against the authority of the Empress, and its chief editor has been condemned to fifteen days imprisonment, with a fine of 2,000 francs for writing an article tending to excite insubordination among the troops.

Cardinal Bonaparte has left Rome, and goes to the Imperial headquarters as chaplain to the Prince Imperial.

It is noticed here that Prince Metternich, Austrian Ambassador, and the Chevalier Nigra, the Italian Minister, are much together.

ROME, August 1st.—His Holiness yesterday received General Dumont, the Commander of the French troops.

Another detachment of the French army left Civita Vecchia for Manzillaise on Sunday.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—King William and staff left here for the front yesterday.

MADRID, 1st.—Captain General DeRodas has asked for 14,000 men as reinforcements for Cuba. Of this demand some journals urge the Government to consider seriously the condition of the island.

No day has yet been fixed for the assembling of the Cortes.

The French Cabinet has made an explanation of the recent expressions regarding Spain to Senor Olozaga, which is considered satisfactory.

FLORENCE, 1st.—Negotiations between Italy and France for the withdrawal of French troops from Italian soil have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion. The Italian Government has guaranteed the preservation of order in Rome, and the French troops have evacuated the city.

A fierce attack of the French was repulsed vigorously by the Prussians to-day.

A large body of French troops has moved on Forbach.

In consequence of new instructions having been issued from the War Office there will be an entire change of tactics. Henceforth there will be no open campaigns. The tactics will be similar to those hitherto employed in usage, viz. :—an advance will be under cover of entrenchments. The Rhine Provinces are being covered with improvised works. The country between Coblentz and Mayence is entirely cut up in this fashion.

This new system of defence requires a new mode of attack; hence the delay of the French advance.

A letter from Pere Hyacinthe, protesting against the declaration of the dogma of Papal Infallibility has appeared, and causes great sensation. The Catholic organs attack the letter and its author with much bitterness.

The French Government has received from Italy ample assurance of observation of the convention for the withdrawal of French troops from the Roman States. It is asserted that the Pope has been advised by some to go to Malta, and by others to remain in Rome, and it seems he has decided to stay at Rome.

The *Constitutionnel* publishes an article assuring the world that however brutal the treatment of Frenchmen in Germany may be, Germans here will receive nothing but kindness.

It is believed that Prussia will raise her army to a million and a quarter of soldiers and advance on France.

The day after the declaration of war Gen. Von Moltke said that if Napoleon had not marched to the Rhine by the 21st, he would never pass above Mayence.

Saarlouis has recently been fortified, and serves as the centre. In case of necessity the Prussians can fall back upon Mayence and Coblentz, which protect the passage over the Rhine, and behind which they have a formidable corps in reserve.

The preparations for war on part of Prussia are being carried on with great rapidity. Trenches have been opened two leagues from Cologne; an entrenched camp has been established in the triangle formed by Cologne, Coblentz, and Treves; the fine park in Cologne and the magnificent chateau of the banker Oppenheim have been raised; Mayence is in a state of siege and is occupied by 25,000 soldiers; trenches have been formed in front of the city, and persons unable to provide themselves with six weeks provisions have been ordered to depart. A large force is encamped on the heights of St. Hubert, overlooking the valley of the Nahen, which will protect the important group of coal mines at that place, and command the junction of the railroads from Bingenbrush to Loudan. Large rafts are descending the Rhine at all hours with provisions and munitions. Between Mayence and Coblentz a formidable amount of war material and an immense body of troops has been collected.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—The following was received here this morning :—

To Secretary Fish :—

The French Government now requires passports from all persons entering or leaving France.

(Signed), WASHBURN.

The latest fashion for gentlemen is for them to wear a scarlet ribbon tied in the buttonhole, in the place of a bunch of flowers.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 1.

The police last night made a raid on a low brothel and arrested nine women.

Hon. Mr. Mitchel and Mr. C. J. Brydges are in town.

The *Telegraph* says that Sir John A. Macdonald's health is rapidly improving. He is likely to remain in his present quarters until the end of August.

The *Telegraph* calls attention to the disgraceful manner in which paupers are buried at the necropolis, the coffins being placed together in a large pit with a very slight covering of earth, which is removed for the next victim, and only with a shallow coating laid on the top of another. On one occasion several coffins were left by the side of the pit all night through the carelessness of the superintendent.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 1.

The number of persons before the Recorder's Court during the week ending Saturday was 195.

The Montreal Lacrosse Club grounds are engaged for Saturday next for a four mile race between Kamaronwe and Deerfoot, the great Seneca Indian runners.

Flour market firm; holders are asking a further advance; very little doing; no sales reported,

A further detachment, comprising 30 Zouaves, is on its return to this city from Rome, and the Bishop of Montreal is expected here in about a fortnight.

POINT FORTUNE, August 1st.

On Friday, 29th July, a number of raftsmen had collected at Maricottes hotel to be paid off. A number of them were drinking a good deal during the day. In the evening fighting commenced, when a man named Baptiste Varmont received a severe kick in the abdomen, of which he died. It was supposed to be done by Mr. Duncan McGillivray, of this place.

The coroner from Montreal has just finished holding an inquest and the jury have brought in a verdict of manslaughter.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 1st.

Mr. Charles Robinson has resigned the American Conselship at this port. It is said however, that Mr. Robinson will remain in Quebec.

Several leave Quebec this evening to take part in the Montreal rifle match.

The Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries has returned from visiting the lighthouses, among other places the Sable Island, where it is proposed to erect one.

The Methodist church in Point Levi was opened yesterday. The congregation was large, including many friends in Quebec and neighborhood. A collection was taken up, towards the payment of the debt.

There was another heavy rain storm this morning.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE DESPATCHES

Hostilities Really Begun—The Secret Treaty, &c.

The heaviest skirmishing that has taken place in this district is reported on the morning of the 28th. A party of French Infantry had crossed into Prussian territory, about half way between Saarbruck and Saalouis. Forty men of the garrison of the latter place belonging to the infantry of the 69th went out to meet them, and were coming up with them between the villages of Ludeveiller and Geisirlauterm, about six miles west of Saarbruck, when the squadron of French cavalry suddenly appeared. The Prussians fired as fast as they could at the cavalry with the needle guns, and disposed of them before the infantry could come up.

Then an infantry fight followed, which ended in the French throwing off their kits and running away, leaving one officer and eight men dead on the field.

Three Prussians were severely wounded.

According to report no less than eight French companies of infantry were engaged.

The Prussian and Bavarian troops are said to be mustering in great strength in every town in this district. Nuenkirck is spoken of as headquarters.

Nuenkirck is admirably situated for the concentration of forces from every point of Germany.

The country about here would be very rough for fighting, but if armies could push forward a little way over the frontier they would be protected on the right by the fortresses of Saarlouis, and on the left by the Vosges.

A cavalry regiment is expected here from Saarbruck to-morrow.

There has been a good deal of firing to-day between the Prussian and French outposts. One of the Prussian men had a horse shot under him, and the adventurous civilians have consequently been impressed with the good shooting of the Chassepot at at 1,250 or 1,500 yards.

The correspondent of the *Tribune* telegraphs from Berlin that the Prussian headquarters will leave there on Sunday.

The correspondent of the *Tribune* writes from Paris on Friday that there was a great movement of troops for three days.

The whole Garde Mobile was passing through Paris to Chalons.

Many companies, instead of starting off with "vive la general," left Paris singing to the air of "Down with Ollivier." Some even added, "vive la republique."

A correspondent writes that the destruction of the railway at Bitche was extremely important. The line runs from Forbach, and Saar Guerrines to Haguinan, and thence to Strasburg. The order to destroy it was given on the 18th to prevent the sudden concentration of French from the South. Accordingly a small number of picked men of the 4th Uhlans started under the command of Lieut. Von Voigh, for Seewerbrucken, the nearest German town, to the French viaduct at Seewerbrucken. An engineer, with miners and workmen, awaited the Cavalry. On Tuesday they sent off the 30th Cavalrymen with miners and carts carrying necessary materials, but on this night and also on the following one French outposts were too active for them, and they had to retire unsuccessful.

Now follows the characteristic part of the expedition. They made up their minds that the heavy materials which encumbered them must be reduced to the smallest possible compass, and that every man who took part in the expedition must be mounted. The next two days were therefore given to riding lessons. After two days' instruction the miners and workmen were able to keep themselves on horses, and on Saturday night the whole body crossed the French Frontier. The mounted miners and workmen were charged to push on with all haste to the Viaduct, while the Uhlans engaged the French outposts, who were surprised. They accomplished their task with perfect intelligence and were successful.

It is supposed that if the French army does not enter Germany within three or four days war will be carried into France.

The country was roused from sleep by an explosion which sent the great viaduct into the air. The miners rushed out again on the railway from the spot, whether they had retreated after lighting the end of the train, and succeeded in tearing and blowing up some lengths of line on both sides of the viaduct. They then returned safely into Bavarian territory.

LONDON, July 31st, midnight.—A despatch from Paris states that the Emperor's headquarters, to-night, are at St. Arnold, near the frontier. This indicates that a general engagement is close at hand.

LONDON, August 1st.—The special correspondent of the *Times* writes on Tuesday, July 27th, that the French and Prussians were within sight of each other, and that the Eglish residents had fled from fear of the French representations that the British Government refuse to give protection.

The French at Forbach are fifteen thousand strong.

The Prussian force at Saarbruck is not stated.

There is no probability of severe fighting immediately, as the French are not ready. Actual hostilities, however, began on the 21st.

There has been continual skirmishing since Tuesday.

A Prussian patrol went out beyond the border, and found none of the enemy, but on Sunday some French cavalry were repulsed, losing one officer and ten men.

BERLIN, July 31st.—The *Anzeiger* publishes a circular addressed to the representatives of Prussia at the courts of the neutral powers. The document gives the *exposé* of the secret negotiations between France and Prussia. Before the Danish war, says Count Bismarck, the French legation at Berlin urged an alliance between France and Prussia for the purposes of mutual aggrandisement.

France, anticipating war with Austria as a consequence of the Danish war, made overtures relative to the restoration of the Luxemburg frontier of 1814, by the acquisition of Saarbruck, and the settlement of the boundary question on the basis of language, and not to be excluded. These instances, in May 18th, 1866, took the form of a proposition of an alliance offensive and defensive, the manuscript of which is in the foreign office here. These proposals are as follows :—

1. All powers assemble.
2. Italy to have Venetia, and Prussia the Duchies, and should the Congress disagree an alliance offensive and defensive will be made made between France and Prussia.
3. Prussia to open hostilities against Austria within ten days after the dissolution of the Congress.
4. Should no Congress meet, Prussia to attack Austria within thirty days after the signature of the present treaty.
6. Napoleon to begin hostilities against Austria as soon as Prussia begins.
6. No separate treaty to be made by either power with Austria.

When the joint treaty is made the following are to be the conditions :

1. Venetia to go to Italy.
2. Prussia to select German territory at will for an equal number of inhabitants, not to exceed eight millions of souls. The territory thus acquired to become part of the kingdom of Prussia without federal rights.
3. France to have a liberal share of the Rhine Provinces, and a military and maritime alliance to be made between France and Prussia, to which Italy may be a party, should she see fit. This is to be the programme.

The circular was projected in June, 1866. In spite of the urgency of France the proposals were incessantly renewed with modifications affecting Belgium and South Germany, but they were never seriously entertained by Prussia, for the sake of peace. However, it was thought best to leave Napoleon to his delusion. No word implying approval, was returned; time was counted on to revolutionize France and extinguish the scheme in France by long delay and silence. The attempt against Luxemburg failing, France repealed her former propositions in regard to the acquisition of Belgium by France, and South Germany by Prussia, the last propositions were formed by Count Beneditti himself, and it is improbable that he wrote them without the authority of the Emperor, and were substantially the same which were urged four years ago. The Emperor must have known that had Prussia acquiesced in the seizure of Belgium, and France allowed Prussia to have her own way, these States would not be free to-day.

The Duke of Caborea is now in Stockholm on a special mission from the French Government.

ROME, July 31.—Reports come from Civita Vecchia that General Daiment, commandant of French troops, has received orders to concentrate his men at that point, and be ready to embark at a moment's notice.

The Prussian force are partly armed with new and lightened guns, having a shorter barrel, but with the needle arrangement. The army tried the Chassepot, but the soldiers preferred the needle guns.

During the recent skirmish the Prussians were able to fire quicker than the enemy.

The cavalry are splendidly mounted.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Bushwhackers infest the suburbs of Montreal.

A cigar factory is one of the institutions of Brantford.

Port Dalhousie has been outraged by a burglary by two young men.

St. Mary's has been visited by a terrific thunder storm.

Bad sidewalks are also a complaint in Montreal.

A "Boy's Christian Association" has been organized in Hamilton.

Chinese lanterns and music in Viger Gardens, delight Montrealers.

The rush to the sulphur baths of London the little continues.

Eighty cases were tried at a late sitting of the City Court of Halifax.

The depression in the oil trade has caused the closing of several oil refineries in London.

The arrival of a large number of gold chains in Guelph exercises the populace.

An enterprising man has purchased a lot of ground in Mitchell, and is fencing it for a lumber yard.

The Town Council of Seaforth are humanely supplying the town with new sidewalks.

A man in the neighborhood of Seaforth has published a book which he calls "A Voice from the Wilderness."

Improvements are going on at the Mitchell station.

A St. Mary's paper is indignant at the performing of operatic music in church.

The promenade concert promises to be the great event of the season in Almonte.

The Almonte *Gazette* complains that the Volunteers cannot get the money voted to them by the County Council.

The Goderich coopers "struck" last week, and compelled an advance of one cent per barrel. They now get eleven cents each.

The ladies of Sarnia complain that they are insulted by rowdies on the streets.

The rising village of Huron (Point Edward) becoming impatient of being kept in the leading strings of the township, propose getting themselves organized as a Village Corporation.

The late heavy rains at Petrolia have caused the creeks to overflow and do much damage.

The farmers of the Sarnia district are using Paris green to destroy the Colorado bug.

A new store, a new school house, and two new buildings have lately been erected in Lindsay.

The Lindsay papers complain of the quantity of whiskey drank by the young men of the town on Sundays.

Forty-five bridges have been carried away in Nova Scotia between Napan and five islands by a late freshet.

Two barns have lately been burned in the Township of Woodehouse to the alarm of the farming community.

There was a slight frost in some parts of Annapolis County, Nova Scotia, during the night of the 18th inst.

Hear this, oh, Ottawa! A couple of young rustics down in Alymer, with romantic names, anxiously advertised in the *Globe* for correspondence, with a view to matrimony.

The handsome carriage built in London for Prince Arthur, has been purchased by the Hamilton Catholics as a present to their Bishop.

Two men were struck by lightning on Monday morning, while standing on the Grand Trunk dock at Fort Gratiot, opposite Point Edward.

A man and woman were drowned lately while crossing Stoney Lake near Peterboro.

Counterfeit bills of the Ontario Bank have been circulated by a scapegrace named MacLeod, in Peterboro.

Halifax has been favored with refreshing showers accompanied by thunder and lightning.

The beautiful property known in Halifax as the Prince's Lodge is to be sold by auction.

Guelph is to have a $16,000 gas company, and a third daily paper, the *Herald*.

The value of the importations of dry goods at Montreal during the first six months of the present year is said to be $12,450,884, against $10,797,995 for the same period of 1869. The trade at Montreal is reported to be in a good condition, and a brisk fall business is expected.

Brantford is fishing after the erection of the car works for the western section of the Grand Trunk Railway in that city. Mr. Brydges offers to erect the shops there at once, if the town guarantees a bonus of $32,500. It is believed the council will accept the proposition, and the works will be proceeded with.

During the storm of Wednesday night of last week (perhaps the most severe of storms which have visited this section lately), Mrs. Angus Morrison, of Woodstock, was struck and killed by lightning while lying in bed with her husband and child. The bed had been standing near the window, but when the storm came on, Mr. Morrison, thinking it safer, removed it to the centre of the room, but in doing so placed it near a stove which stood there. During the storm the electric fluid struck the chimney, and passing down the pipes a portion of it went through the remainder, entered the foot of Mrs. Morrison, killing her instantly. Singular to state, the only injury experienced by the other occupants of the bed was the stunning of Mr. M., who remained deaf for some time.

NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The school directors of Malcolm, Iowa, dismissed a teacher for twisting a little girl's neck till she fainted.

A veritable Polish Countess is keeping a watering-place hotel at Seven Springs Mountain, New York.

Fifty-one cases of accidental drowning have been reported in New England papers within the last ten days.

A Cincinnati gentleman offers to contribute $100 in gold to Prussia every week during the war.

The inmates of the prison at Cambridge, Mass., have formed an opera troupe. It is not a travelling company.

In Virginia the oak is said to be dying out, and the poplar succeeding.

Connecticut manufactories are stopping on account of scarcity of water.

Of 300 persons buried by an explosion, last month, in a large sulphur mine in Sicily, but one escaped.

The monument to King Robert, the Bruce, designed by George Cruikshank, which is to be erected at Edinburgh will represent the king in chain armor, standing on a rock pedestal. The statue will be in bronze, ten feet in height, the pedestal gray granite, twelve feet high.

Gen. Stoneman's first order upon assuming command in Arizona, was for the troops to "regard all Indians as hostile." The General evidently proceeds upon the popular Western belief that "the only good Indian is a dead Indian."

George Babcock, quartermaster, and Thomas Wilton, seaman, were wounded on board the United States steamer *Iroquois*, while firing a salute in honor of the Duke of Edinburgh, at Hong Kong. A subscription for their relief amounts to £149 10s.

Baron Gerolt, the Prussian Minister at Washington, has received since the declaration of war in Europe over two thousand letters from citizens of the United States, congratulating him on the position of Prussia, and offering him substantial aid for the armies in the field.

It must have been pretty warm at Albany the other day, for according to a paper of that city on that day, a young man going down Broadway met two ladies and raised his hat, but before he got the hat on his head again, the sun burned his hair all off, so that he is bald-headed. He is now using hair restorer.

Professor Smith, Astronomer Royal for Scotland, predicts that next winter, and probably that of 1871-2, will be correspondingly excessively cold. From observations made since 1837, it appears that a hot time occurs about every eleven years, followed at an interval of about two years by a very cold time.

The declaration of neutrality by England has caused bitter disappointment in Germany, and the German press have opened a furious attack on English policy. They assert that England has purchased her neutrality at the cost of German hate. The *North German Gazette* adds: "England supplies France with cartridges to slaughter Germans."

For the first time in the history of modern war, the black-white-and-red flag of the North German Confederation and the tri color of France will meet on the field of battle. The North German flag is of recent date. It was adopted by the North German Parliament six or eight months after the close of the brilliant campaign of 1866, and its first appearance elicited a shout of derision not only among the people of the South German States, but also among the old German Democrats in all parts of the Fatherland, who still clung affectionately to the old black-and-red-and-gold banner, which in their eyes represented that grand old idea of German unification, for the realization of which the people of the Fatherland had been yearning for so many hundreds of years.

Carme, the celebrated billiard player has been assassinated by Mexican brigands. It seems that M. Carme was in the diligence, San Luis de Potosi, when he was attacked by one of the many gangs of highwaymen who infest Mexico, and the passengers were ordered to give up their money and valuables. On Carme's refusal to comply with the demand, they dragged him from the coach and shot him dead. It is supposed that he had been somewhat imprudent in allowing some valuable jewelry, and considerably sums of money which he had upon his person, to be seen by strangers, some of whom undoubtedly set the highwaymen on his track.

A foreign exchange describes a new mode of preparing wood-pulp for paper-making, which consists in using potatoes in lieu of alkaline solutions usually employed to effect from poplar and other white wood fibres the removal of gummy matter.

A terrible mysterious [illegible] mitted in New York on Friday [illegible] victim was Mr. Benjamin [illegible] known stock broker, a [illegible] large wealth and high [illegible] brother-in-law of Judge [illegible] found lying dead in [illegible] residence, at No 12 West [illegible] street, near Fifth avenue. [illegible] beaten in with five terrible [illegible] strument of murder being [illegible] bar, known by ship-carpenters [illegible] Mr. Nathan retired [illegible] Thursday night, and [illegible] discovered until 6 o'clock [illegible] ing. The most remarkable [illegible] tragedy is that, though [illegible] Nathan, with his housekeeper [illegible] slept in the house, they [illegible] noises during the night [illegible] watch and jewelry were [illegible] safe was broken open? [illegible] murder is that the [illegible] in the house, and after [illegible] the old gentleman, [illegible] into the street. The [illegible] affair has been intense. [illegible] detective force of the [illegible] every effort to track the [illegible]

The deceased player was [illegible] still, having been born [illegible] France, in 1834, and was [illegible] architect.

Florence Nightingale [illegible] pounds to the Lord Mayor [illegible] and Colonial Emigration [illegible] "Small as the sum is—[illegible] a hundred times as [illegible] more like casting [illegible] temple to help themselves [illegible] God's earth than ninety [illegible] hundred charities, and I [illegible] time nearly all people's [illegible] your way."

"It is perfectly [illegible] that if the Germans [illegible] German army will [illegible] they reach Paris." [illegible] look you what a [illegible] If the Germans should [illegible] will they be more [illegible] Blutcher, with the [illegible] Russia and Great [illegible] 1814. But how [illegible] Berlin?

Russia Showing [illegible]

From the Moscow [illegible]

But where is the fleet [illegible] ly on the waves of the [illegible] Where are those famous [illegible] minded us at Sinope [illegible] struggle of Cheshme? [illegible] rope whose civilization [illegible] defended on its eastern [illegible] ed itself against us for [illegible] avenging the victories which [illegible] ed, and of which she [illegible] Sebastopol was the reward [illegible] and Kagul; but the glory of [illegible] ies is the best guarantee that [illegible] not remain in the East in [illegible] position which has been created [illegible] the Sebastopol allies of Turkey.

A time must come when [illegible] rid of the *fetters* imposed [illegible] *will re-establish her* influence [illegible] *purchased in the East.* It [illegible] that she should remain [illegible] ditions which have been [illegible] by the Treaty of Paris—with [illegible] bors, with towns unprotected [illegible] smallest gun-boat of Turkey, all [illegible] shores of the Black Sea. *A great* [illegible] disarmed in its *own waters; a power* [illegible] torious at Cheshme over the Turks [illegible] undefended against them! Can any [illegible] believe in such a thing? Can it be true [illegible] Can history stop at such a [illegible] must re-establish her power in the [illegible] Sea, and she will re-establish it.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

Striped linen waists are [illegible] with black and colored [illegible] very stylish and becoming.

The ladies are all giving [illegible] in Europe, as it will raise the price [illegible] dresses, gloves and laces.

The way to feel cool [illegible] side rim of the ear with a little [illegible] spirits of ammonia, and you will [illegible] lightfully cool on the warmest day.

Many of our readers will remember [illegible] celebrated "Diamond Wedding" [illegible] took place in New York a few years [illegible] when a celebrated American [illegible] united in marriage to a wealthy [illegible] Senor Oviedo. The old gentleman [illegible] lately leaving property to [illegible] amount of $3,000,000, to which [illegible] already no less than thirty-four [illegible] He died without a will, and some [illegible] cated litigation is likely to ensue. [illegible] share of Senora Bartlett-Oviedo [illegible] band's wealth, is valued at from [illegible] to $1,000,000, enough truly to [illegible] to soon find many men willing to [illegible] the defunct lord in her affections [illegible] rital relations, should she have [illegible] rewedding. The lady, still only [illegible] four years old, and in beauty and [illegible] equalled by few of Havana's [illegible] now resides in a palatial [illegible] Oficio's street, but lives quite [illegible] wearing deep black for her old husband.

Young ladies are advised [illegible] their photographs to gentlemen [illegible] they are engaged to them, [illegible] to make a display of their [illegible] their friends at the clubs and [illegible]

A French journalist [illegible] discovered a new trade in London [illegible] on by matrimonial agents. [illegible] low degree are selected, and [illegible] washed, dressed in fashion, and [illegible] few lessons in speech and [illegible] publicly exhibited in [illegible] until they "attract the [illegible] the heart and ultimately the [illegible] rich man." "Little by little," [illegible] delighted M. Bertrand, [illegible] ions of the honeymoon [illegible] last the husband discovers that [illegible] married a girl without [illegible] tion. So much the worse! [illegible] meanwhile the bargain has [illegible] and the matrimonial agent has [illegible] his premium."

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY [illegible] VINS GOLD MEDAL [illegible] GLOVES FOR 75CTS, IS AT T. [illegible] SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

WALTHAM W[illegible]

THE AMERICAN WA[illegible]

The public of the United States [illegible] have now had over ten years [illegible] WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are [illegible] where acknowledged to be the ONLY [illegible] TIME-KEEPERS.

Almost all other watches are [illegible] pretences; not one in a hundred bears the [illegible] of the real maker; the public have [illegible] security, and have, therefore, been [illegible] imposed upon. On the contrary, every [illegible] a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee [illegible] pany, and no matter from whom he buys [illegible] positive security that he is getting a [illegible] KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the [illegible] of watchmakers lies in selling [illegible] which they can make larger [illegible] enterprise in the trade prefer [illegible] and ready sale, and which [illegible] It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are [illegible] coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight [illegible] gold cases are made in 18 carat gold [illegible] 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled. [illegible] both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE [illegible]

These watches can be ordered of any [illegible] watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion [illegible] guarantee of the Company should be [illegible] required. The Company [illegible] Government duty, which makes the [illegible] consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion [illegible]

Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—[illegible] St. Paul Street.

1397-3 od

LOCAL NEWS.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

DRESSMAKING.—A few respectable girls have now an opportunity of improving their knowledge of dressmaking or ing as apprentices, under Miss May from London, England, at R. b. & Co.'s.

A large fire is raging in Gloucester township.

The street cars are still crowded. More wanted.

MARKET—Monday.—The market this morning was small, no change in prices.

Raftsmen are busily preparing their rafts river for departure. They are anxious to get away to Quebec.

A mysterious individual rode a horse ly up and down Elgin street on Saturday night.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of this association will be held y at three o'clock, for the purpose of defining measures necessary for the exhibition.

JENNIE WILMORE BURLESQUE TROUPE.—We would remind our readers again of the grand burlesque performance to be in the Music Hall, this evening, by the Jennie Wilmore combination. It is seldom the citizens of Ottawa have the opportunity of witnessing the performances of so celebrated a company. The Hall will be crowded and we would advise those intending to go to secure seats early.

The arrivals at the Russell House yesterday were:—W. Gibson, Quebec; Mr. Mrs. C. E. Niles, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Nilson, Ohio; E. T. Hopkins New; W. Farquhar, Toronto, Wm. Keat Ohio; Judge Jarvis and daughters wall; A. Jarvis, S. M. Jarvis Cornwall; H. G. Vangantford, Albany, N. Y.; Riddell, Lanark, W. C. Spittle, Montreal; A. King, Montreal; J. G. Suppell, real.

IN SEARCH OF KNOWLEDGE.—About noon day a cow which had been satisfying curiosity by viewing the novelties and improvements along Sussex street had its inquisitive faculties so taken up by the ance of the building in course of erection next the Montreal Warehouse, in its eagerness to get a perfect view interior it attempted to walk over cellar on a sleeper, but fell and wedged between two sleepers, perfectly unable to make an effort to extricate herself. With some difficulty she was rescued from her perilous position securely fastened to a telegraph pole, we left her meekly and patiently until she should be claimed by her owner or taken to the pound.

Sight.—Yesterday three or four ing in Mr. Hanly's old house, on street, took advantage of the of their Boss and indulged in drinking instead of working. while they all became more or drunk, and were evidently having a time, when an occurrence took place sobered them. One of the number John McGuire, got his hand and terribly gashed, but as to how it was we have only the statement of a companion, whose conduct seemed to expose a guilty conscience. This said McGuire drove his fist through of glass, and that in drawing it back ived the wounds. This story may enough, but certain it is that McGuire must have remained in the room for time after receiving the gashes, the being all spattered with blood as if a had been going on. Dr. Grant for, but before he arrived the fellow had lost a large quantity of

MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Last evening the grand opening performance of the Marshall Troupe in Her Majesty's Theatre, and the play was certainly to expectations. The audience was ous and very respectable, and as admired the extensive improvements establishment, interchanged many complimentary to Mr. Marshall for and enterprise. Miss Nelson's ance on the stage was the sign for outburst from the whole audience remembered how they were pleased graceful acting when here some ago. Notwithstanding that an important member of the troupe did not appear programme was gone through fairly, Mr. Clinton making hopeful attempt in the comedian. Miss Louise Pe very neat little body, and very graceful appearance on the Miss Nelson sang with her usual feeling, and was repeatedly encored. We may state that Mr. Marshall play this evening; he has determined to await the arrival of the whole of before performing again. The of last evening, though every was made to please the audience, principally to give them an opportunity of seeing the improvements.

ROMANCE IN EVERY DAY LIFE.—Two or four would be gallants who had been ed by the dashing style and *abandon* so peculiar to Lisa Weber's fair and every other first class troupe were not only devoted in their to the fair ones while in the city the eve of their departure of the were so far gone that they resolved not to be seperated just then. ter far to raise a few dollars more the society of the fair ones for a longer, than to be so cruelly separated. So away the gallants to Grenville, and while on board be loudly demonstrative in their attentions that the fair Lisa became indignant, presence of all the passengers on impressively and passionately let ladies know that if they wanted the society of the Ottawa gallants they might do so as soon as ed, but as long as they were of her troupe they must always her best foot forward on board of railway carriage, as well as on the of the Theatre. Turning to the gallants she gave them a stinging rebuke, which did not add to the nonchalance of their manner, and which is so necessary to the experienced man about town. The affair relieved the monotony of the trip, and the admirers and admired were soon after separated, the admired going on their way to find other admirers in Montreal, and the ex admirers coming home, it is to be hoped wiser as well as poorer men.

City Council.

At a meeting of the City Council held last evening the following members were present: Ald. Heney, Martineau, Lapierre, Goulden, Pratt, Cunningham, Bate, Mosgrove, Featherston, Bangs, Robinson and Guerard.

In the absence of His Worship the Mayor the chair was taken by Ald. Cunningham.

Several petitions for street improvements, exemption from taxes, &c., were received and referred to the several committees to which they belong.

The 9th report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted.

The 6th report of the Board of Works recommending a free route (the Biddy street route) through the city for the Canada Central Railroad, was received, and considerable discussion took place respecting the right of way for the above named railroad through the city.

Ald. Lapierre had no objection to granting them right of way, but with the proviso that any private property through which they should have to pass should be purchased by the Company. Alderman Martineau would grant the Company right of way by the cheapest route, and would give them no hope of receiving any further assistance in the shape of bonuses from the city. The railroad would be brought into the city no matter what the nature of the encouragement it received, or even if it received none at all from the Corporation.

Alderman Featherston gave lengthy explanations respecting the several routes which were proposed to the Company.

Alderman Mosgrove began to make some remarks on the subject, when it was moved by Alderman Martineau, seconded by Alderman Lapierre, that this Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the discussion of the subject.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Alderman Featherston, seconded by Alderman Bangs, that the Council do not resolve itself into a Committee, and that the report of the Board of Works be received and adopted.

Yeas and nays being called, several members left, headed by Alderman Martineau, in high dudgeon, as he considered Alderman Featherston's resolution out of order, and that the Council should go into Committee of the Whole on his motion. Four members having left there was not a sufficient number to form a quorum, and the Council adjourned.

MUST BE STOPPED.—Families living in the vicinity of the Market Square, Lower Town, are annoyed almost every evening by the wild conduct and actions of a crowd of youngsters who have made it their nightly place of rendezvous. They keep up a perfect uproar until a late hour of the night, and are a chronic annoyance to residents there. Running, jumping, throwing stones, and doing every mischief they can think of is their programme for each evening. Complaints of the nusiance are frequently made, and we hope the proper authorities will look to it.

Police Court.

Monday, August 1st.

The Kelley assault case was again adjourned to the 15th inst.

Joseph Morrow was charged with keeping a disorderly house. The Policeman swore that on last Friday at 2 o'clock in the morning he went to the house where several persons of hard repute were assembled, and dancing to the music of a fiddle and drum. It appears he frequently holds such midnight revels to the great annoyance of the neighbors. He lives in a house belonging to Mary Ann Campeau, and we believe keeps a sort of fancy ball room for that celebrity.

Francis Satchell was charged for selling beef without a license, but did not appear.

The several adjourned cases against the Hucksters for buying fowl before the hour of noon, were brought on the tapis.

In the case against Sarah Jones, Mrs. Greeves swore that the fowl bought by Mrs. Jones on the day in question, were bought for her, and with her money. Case dismissed without costs.

Bridget McHugh charged with the same offence, was fined $5 and costs, as was Mrs. Gallagher.

Mrs. Haggarty's case was adjourned for one week.

Unjustifiable.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—A scurrilous article appeared in yesterday's local column of your evening contemporary, the *Free Press*, under the heading of "a cow in a cellar," wherein the name of a leading merchant was mentioned, as being in combat with the cow. The article is simply ridiculous, but only characteristic of the ignorant youth from whose pen it emanates. Being an eye witness of the whole affair, instead of ridiculing the gentleman named, great credit is due him for his strenuous exertions in saving both life and property from the maddened brute.

Yours,

JUSTICE.

PERSONAL.

General Franz Sigel, who was preparing for an early departure for the seat of war, met with a serious accident in New York, on Friday last. He was run into by a hack, the pole of which struck him on the left part of the chest, breaking two ribs and otherwise injuring him severly. The physician declared his injuries to be of a serious nature, and that he would be unable for some time to attend to his business matters.

Mr. Gladstone thinks the revision of the Bible of dubious utility, tedious and untimely.

Mr. Robert Buchanan, the poet, has been placed on the pension list for £100 per annum.

It is noted among the memorabilia of the week, that General Ulysses Grant and General Robert Lee are both cooling themselves at Long Branch.

Wilkie Collins is writing a dramatic version of his novel, "Man and Wife."

"Always read the newspapers," says Charles Rewle; "they are, compared with books, what machinery is compared with hand-labor."

Anna Cora Mowatt Ritchie, an American lady of considerable ability as a writer and actress, is dead.

WANTED.

An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.

Address by letter—
Box 394,
Ottawa Post Office.

August 2. 1424-1w

MUSIC HALL.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY,

COMMENCING

Tuesday Eve., August 2, '70.

THE GREAT

LONDON BURLESQUE COMBINATION,

Headed by the wonderful Artiste,

Miss Jennie Wilmore,

From the New Royalty, Princess's, New Adelphi, Drury Lane, and Principal Theatres through Great Britain.

Miss KATTIE O'NEIL,
Miss HATTIE HICKS,
Miss ANNIE BLAKE,
Miss EMMA DEVOY,
Madame OPERTI,

Mr. Windham Clark,

The new Scotch Tenor, from Exeter Hall and Covent Garden, London.

Mr. J. SANDFORD,
J H HUNTLEY,
SPENCER PRITCHARD,
A H HUNTLY,
A L COOKE,
J LANGLY.

Mr. Felix Rogers,

Of the new Adelphi, London. This gentleman, in conjunction with Miss JENNIE WILMORE, have had the honor of appearing by command before Her Majesty the Queen, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, and most of the English nobility.

The Orchestra will be conducted by

Signor Operti,

Pianist to His Majesty Victor Emanuel 2nd King of Italy.

Opening performance to commence with the Comic Drama of the

ORPHAN.

To be followed by the beautiful Burlesque

PYGMALION,

OR

The Peerless Maiden and Statue.

Admission—Dress circle 50cts., Gallery 37½ cts, pit 22 cts.

Doors open at 7:30, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Ottawa, August 1. 1423-4d

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 28, 1870.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.

Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa

July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address—
Box, 179,
Ottawa Post Office.

Ottawa, August 1st 1423-1w

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas.
And pleased you will be with such samples as these.
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor.

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattiee Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 f. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at [illegible].

The limits are known as the Pemechange and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechange and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechange contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 10? of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenny, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1419-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licen-e No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa "
" " 97, " " "
" " 100, " " "

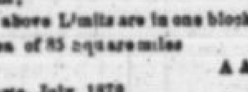
Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also

Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A completete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms - Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE,

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

WAR

To the knife on the prices of the POLAR REFRIGERATOR. We will after this sell the $30 size for $24. This is a bargain that house-keepers should look sharp after.

Wire Dish Covers, Baskets, Lamps, Coal Oil Baths Cook Stoves, Jelly Moulds, Brushes, everything, you want for house-keeping, you can find at ESMONDES.

We desire to draw particular attention to our work shop, gutters, eve-troughs, and all sorts of outside work done with despatch, as well as any other orders we may receive for tin, iron, or plumbing work. We work 20 per cent below any other house in Ottawa.

Sale Agency for the CHALLENGE FILTER of the world. The Kedzie Filter the only durable and reliable one manufactured.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870. 1419-tt

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870.

Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870. 1417-6

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS!

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had,

ALES, & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very GOOD.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries!

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

1th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $6.00 per dozen.

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI,

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street:

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1400.tf

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOHN S. KENNEDY of the Village of Metcalfe, in the County of Carleton,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIS of the City of Montreal, Accountant, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

A meeting of the Creditors of above named Insolvent will be held at my Office, 411 Notre Dame street, Montreal, on MONDAY, fifteenth day of AUGUST next, at FOUR o'clock in the afternoon for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering the affairs of the Estate generally.

The said Insolvent is hereby notified to attend said meeting.

CHAS. BAILLIS,
Assignee.

Montreal, 11th July, 1870. 1407 2w

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................. $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

OTTAWA, 7 July, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company have this day deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the city of Ottawa, a duplicate map or plan, and book of reference of the proposed extention of the line of the said Railway, under the authority of 31 Vic., Cap. 20, and of its course and direction, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor; so far as ascertained, and have also deposited copies of such map or plan, and book of reference, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Carleton.

THOS. REYNOLDS
Managing Director,
St. L. & O. R. C.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants. &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 2, 1870.

Flour—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
Pork Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton - per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	0 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 50
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
Butter—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,
ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

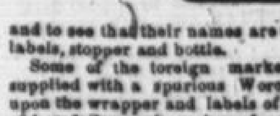
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 3 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 213m

Mc DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the local banks. 319tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

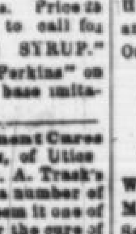
Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON,
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L. FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallander's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

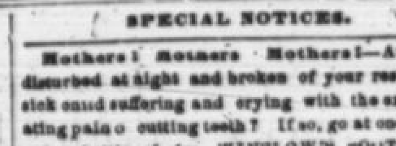
Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 164.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original receipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] ... E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

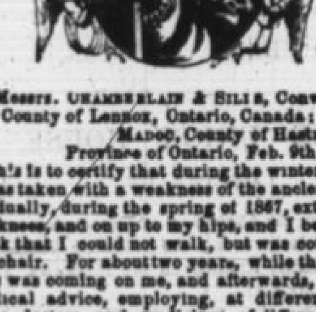
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erastown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day;
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS
FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

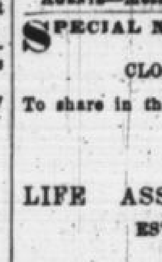
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawk6m

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion,

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1416 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

St. John, N.B S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

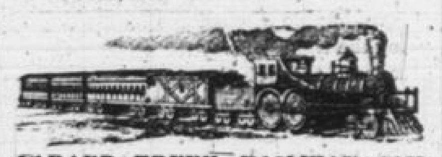
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 9 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

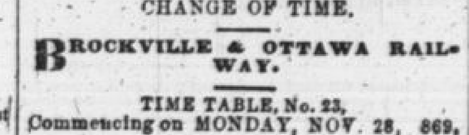
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 4.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicting ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

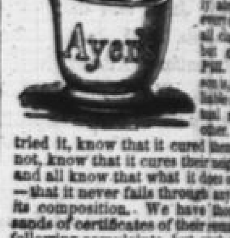
Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ... tenant of the organism ... and invites the attack of ... without exciting a suspicion of ... It seems to breed infection ... then, on some favorable ... into one or other of its ... surface or among the vitals ... may be suddenly deposited ... heart, or tumors formed ... its presence by eruptions ... ations on some part of the body ... sional use of a bottle of this ... visable, even when no active ... appear. Persons afflicted with ... plaints generally find immediate ... length, cure, by the use of this ... *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other ... visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease ... more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy* ... and the various *Ulcerous* affections ... lar and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial* ... are cured by it, though a long time ... subduing these obstinate maladies ... But long continued use of this ... the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or ... *Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases* ... monly soon relieved and ... purifying and invigorating ... tions for each case are found ... plied gratis. *Rheumatism* ... caused by accumulations of ... in the blood, yield quickly ... *Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, ... as they often do, from the ... blood. This SARSAPARILLA ... storer for the strength and ... Those who are *Languid* and *Listless*, *Despondent*, *Sleepless*, and ... *Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the ... symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find ... relief and convincing evidence of its ... power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion*, *Listlessness*, *Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache*, *Sick Headache*, *Jaundice* or *Green Sickness*, *Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism*, *Gout*, *Gravel*, *Palpitation of the Heart*, *Pain in the Side*, *Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., A McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longer experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to investigate every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...

1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Forte Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew ... between Dalhousie street and ... treet, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, ... ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

The Session will be opened on Tuesday ... October

FACULTY OF ARTS.

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which ... here will be offered for competition the ...

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN MCDONALD Scholarships and ... tions, of the annual value of $125 and ... THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the ... ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $100 ... HENORE' Scholarship, value $100 to $... JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100 ... Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the ... College years in Arts to students ... entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all ... information as to the examinations, ... competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A.
1342 lawt4J Secretary McGill University.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., ... Barnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly ... No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the ... session, at present in the occupation of Mr ... Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 33, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1424. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W. McKAY WRIGHT. F. C. CLEMOW.

J. W. W——, of the late firm of Lewis, Finney & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town
The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285-8 y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY
NOTICE.
The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY
NOTICE.
The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1394 fm.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL, BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

MADRID 1847 — PRIMERA CLASE — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR
ARRIVED AT LAST!
This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-v

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
☞ THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
☞ DRY GOODS. ☜
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and favour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collect ed on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

TO LET.
One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.00	4.30
4.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			4.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
6.00	11.30	4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage			5.00
6.00	11.30		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	4.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.00	
4.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

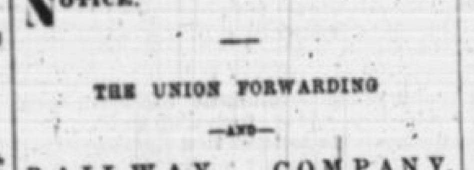
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart.............. 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 pm
Arrive.............. 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 pm
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
☞ "ANN SISSON," ☜
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago............ 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit........ 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........ 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........ 110 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Foupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1334tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
☞ SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers,
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey,
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

☞ *It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.*

Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainscoke, Book, &c, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES,
Rideau street

LINDSAY. CUNNINGHAM — CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1366y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Relics of Charles Dickens

One of the Most Remarkable Sales on Record—Nearly Fifty Thousand Dollars Obtained.

From the London Daily News.

The prices given at this sale on Saturday exceeded all expectation. Every one knew that men would bid light, and that some of the most popular lots would give rise to keen competition, but the reality far surpassed expectation, and the statistics of the Charles Dickens sale will long remain among the most interesting traditions of Messrs. Christie and Manson's famous room. The great room was full before 1 o'clock, and punctually at the latter hour, the first lot, a little water-colouring drawing of Rochester by Norman, was put up. It went for ten guineas, and three small Stanfields followed, which brought one hundred and five, ninety-five and seventy-five guineas respectively. The room grew more and more crowded, and though the great majority of those present belonged to the general public, faces were recognized here and there among the bidders which spoke of their owners' special interest in the lots offered for sale. Mr. John Foster, Mr. Dickens's intimate friend and executor, and the man who is by common consent spoken of as his biographer, sat behind the auctioneer, and was the purchaser of Stanfield's "Logan Rock" for seventy-five guineas. The late Mr. Dickens's eldest son, Mr. Charles Dickens jr., stood in the crowd, and bought an exquisite little water-color, by W. Hunt, of roses in a blue and white jug, for three hundred and twenty guineas; while Mr. George Scharf, F. S. A., Mr. Dion Bouchicault, Mr. Hawkins, Q. C., Mr. John Hollingshead, Mr. Edmund Yates, Miss Braddon, Mr. J. C. Parkinson, Mr. Brancroft, Mr. Rudolph Gustavus Glover, Mr. Andrew Halliday, Mr. H. G. Bohn, and Mr. George Augustus Sala, were bidders for some or other of the lots. The really special interest began when the two water colors by Topham were put up. Mr. Forster's picture, 'The Logan Rock," has portraits of Mr. Maclise, Mr. Dickens, and Mr. Stanfield in its foreground, but the figures are small, and the outsiders heard of this for the first time from Mr. Woods, the auctioneer. But every one knew the story of 'Barnaby Rudge and his mother," and of "Little Nell and her Grandfather in the Tent," and the one realized 110 and the other 275 guineas. An admirable water-color by Paout of Beauvais Cathedral brought 155 guineas, and the "Little Nell's Home, by Cattermole, 160 guineas, and "Little Nell's Crave," 180 guineas. A series of small pencil sketches by John Leech, enclosed in a single frame, and bought by Mr. Dickens at the late artist's sale, realized sixteen guineas and a half; while a small design in pen and ink, by Mr. E. M. Ware. R. A., of Wilson and Defoe, sold for sixty-seven guineas. The cabinet picture, by Frank Stone, of "Tilda Price," from "Nicholas Nickleby," painted at Mr. Dickens's desire, and representing the buxom lass fixing a flower in the curls which made poor Miss Squeers so jealous went for only forty guineas: while Mr Gale's exceedingly comic "Mr. F.'s Aunt,' a miniature in oils, of the size of a playing card, brought sixty guineas. The brimstone and treacle scene from Dotherboy's Hall, rightly described in the catalogue as an exquisite specimen, has been well talked over during the three days the pictures were on view. On the one hand, its treatment of the scene portrayed is simply perfect. The brawny Virago, Squeers, stands at one of the desks presiding over an immense basin of brimstone and treacle, of which delicious compound she administered a large instalment to each boy in succession, using for the purpose a common wooden spoon, which might have been originally manufactured for some gigantic top, and which widened every young gentleman's mouth considerably, they being all obliged, under heavy corporal penalties, to take in the whole bowl at a gasp. In another corner, huddled together for companionship, were the little boys who had arrived on the preceding night, three of them in very large leather breeches, and two in old trowsers, a something tighter fit than drawers are generally worn. At no great distance from these was seated the juvenile son and heir of Mr. Squeers—a striking likeness of his father—kicking with great vigor under the hands of Smike, who was fitting upon him a pair of new boots that bore a most suspicious resemblance to those which the least of the little boys had worn on the journey down, as the little boy himself seemed to think, for he was regarding the appropriation with a look of most rueful amazement. Besides these were a long row of boys waiting, with countenances of no pleasant anticipation, to be treacled; and another file who had just escaped from the affliction, making a variety of wry mouths indicative of anything but satisfaction. This description from "Nicholas Nickleby" is the only one which will bring this gem of Webster's before the reader; and the one thing those looking at it had to regret was that it had not been painted four times its size, for two pages of the auctioneer's catalogue would have covered it, and this would, it was thought beforehand, prevent its bringing any very large sum. The first bid, however, was one of 400 guineas, and this solved the doubt, and the price ran up in a few minutes to 500 guineas, at which it was knocked down. "The Simoon," by David Roberts, representing an Egyptian sunset, with the Sphinx in the foreground sold for 131 guineas; the portrait of Mr. Dickens in "Used Up," by the late Augustus Egg, for one hundred and seventy guineas; while the Maclise of a "Girl at a waterfall" was bought by Mr. Forster for six hundred and ten guineas. It was curious to remark the eager personal interest to be sold. There was a deep-drawn breath before the first bid, and a sort of gasp of satisfaction when the hammer fell after rapid bidding and a good stiff price had been reached, which seemed to come from all in the room, and with the regularity and precision of a military exercise. The picture of Pickwick and Mrs. Barden in *grisaille*, by Leslie, R. A., which is engraved as a frontispiece in the edition of "Pickwick" of 1854, represents Mrs. Bardell when she had fainted in Mr. Pickwick's arms; and when, "before he had time to deposit her on a chair" Master Bardell entered the room ushering in Mr. Tupman, Mr. Winkle, and Mr. Snodgrass; this picture went for 131 guineas. The comments when this was seen on the movable easel, proved how deeply rooted the knowledge of Pickwick in the English mind. The gathering at Messrs. Christie's was not in any sense an artistic or literary one. The notabilities present were so completely in the minority that one had to scan the room to find them; and what some writers would term English Philistineism seemmed as prominently represented as aught else. But when the Pickwick picture was up, the story it told was repeated and dwelt on with the keenest relish. Mr. Pickwick's innocent promise that the little boy should soon "have a lively companion who'd teach him more tricks in a week than he would ever learn in a year;" Mrs. Bardell's "Oh, you dear, you good, kind, playful dear!" Mr. Pickwick's start of amazement; Mrs. Bardell's effusive flinging of her arms round Mr. Pickwick's neck; Mr. Pickwick's remonstrance, "If any body should come;" and Mrs. Bardell's agitated and embarrassing reply, "Oh, let them come; I'll never leave you, dear, good, kind soul," were passages we heard quoted in substance by an old gentleman exactly as if they referred to a real person. But the enthusiasm culminated when the Dolly Varden was put up, and found vent in rounds of applause. The charming "mist of coquettishness" environing this dainty figure, its beauty, its tripping, lightsome step, the innocent playfulness of the fair young face, took the room by storm, and when a voice cried out, "five hundred guineas," a first bid, the applause broke out again. This masterpiece was finally knocked down for 1,000 guineas, and readers of the *Daily News* will not need to be reminded that Mr. Dickens paid Mr. Frith just £20 for it twenty-seven years ago. The companion picture "Kate Nickleby at Madame Montalini's," brought 200 guineas, and then all eyes were on the Stanfield's, which were now uncovered. A member of Mr. Stanfield's family has told the world that these were painted for the *frozen deep* performances, as if there were danger of their being passed off as finished oil pictures, and as if dealers in art were notoriously blind. This was scarcely necessary, as their story was well-known and has been repeated far and wide. The "Eddystone Lighthouse" brought 9.900 guineas, and the other two sea pieces 150 and 175 guineas respectively. When it is remembered that Dickens left fixtures, and that the tenent succeeding him required as a favour that they might be removed, as they "were disagreeable to his wife," there prices seem extraordinary. Another burst of applause came from the room when the full-length portrait seen that Mr. George Scharf, the curator of the National Portrait Gallery, was bidding. Every one seemed to wish that this picture should become the property of the nation, but although it sold for what was compared with the other prices, a small sum, it fell to the Rev. Sir Edward Jodrell for 660 guineas. The pictures alone realized 7,698 guineas; and when the miscellaneous collection was put up, the sums realized were larger in proportion than anything which had gone before. A small bronze of an eagle on a rock went for twenty guineas and a half; the stuffed raven, which was the original of "Grip," in "Barnaby Rudge," for 120 guineas; and the Pickwick ladies at this rate: That with a silver-gilt figure of Mr. Pickwick for £69 (knocked down after a keen competition to Mr. Andrew Halliday); the Fat Boy, £30; Old Weller, Mr. Charles Dickens, jr., bought three of the foregoing, and thus terminated one of the most remarkable sales on record. It is worth adding that the executors had no choice but to let it take place when and in the manner it did; the injunctions of the will being precise and bidding that the things specified were to be sold by public action within a month of death.

The Amende Honorable.

We were mistaken a few days ago in attributing an article on the subject of Independence, and dealing with the *Chronicle* in an unjust and unfriendly spirit, to the Ottawa TIMES. The extract was sent to us unmarked, and as it closely resembled one from the TIMES, we inferred it came from that quarter. We apologise to our contemporary for our act of unwitting injustice.—Quebec *Chronicle*.

Some of the Chinese in California make money by cutting up silver coin, coloring it yellow, and selling it with gold dust. The secret lies in the process of coloring the coin to escape detection.

Mr. Gladstone, the member for Greenwich, will not permit the whitebait dinner to be eaten at that once-famed locality. There is to be no such gathering this year or henceforth, we hear.—*Court Journal*.

A journalist who has been spending a fortnight in the White Mountains, says he has enjoyed himself very much, having fallen into six rivers, sprained his ankle, skinned his face and neck, and broken three ribs the first nine days.

German newspapers announce that the celebrated German dramatist, Herr Benedix, author of upwards of a hundred original plays, is now, at the age of 71, in great distress. He is the author of "Aschenbrodel," of which "School" is a very clever imitation, but an imitation all the same.

The Boston *Traveller* undertakes to explain the cause which led to the recall of Mr. Metley as American Minister to England. That journal is authoritatively assured that the recall of Mr. Motley was the result of the incompatibility of his views on the *Alabama* claims question with those of the Administration. According to the authority referred to, the Minister, in his despatches, followed strictly the instructions of the Administration, but was so injudicious as to let it become known in London society that the despatches did not represent his own personal views. The Springfield *Republican* strongly intimates the "authority" for this statement of the difficulty is Gen. B. F. Butler.

"The celebrated 'Ouida,' the well-known authoress of *Granville de Vigne, Under Two Flags*, etc., is at present staying at the Langman, which is, I believe her permanent home. She is a fine-looking and stylish person, not handsome, but decidedly striking in appearance, and apparently somewhere between thirty and forty years of age. She is the only well dressed Englishwomen I have as yet seen; her toilettes, of which I have caught an occasional glimpse in the *salle-a-manger*, being very elegant and tasteful, though she somewhat mars their effect by letting her back hair flow loose over her shoulders. I am told that she has a great dislike to her own sex, and that ladies are never admitted to her weekly receptions, which are graced by the presence of most of the masculine celebrities of the artistic and literary circles of London.

Somnambulists appear to live a double life, in illustration of which the Troy *Times* relate the following. "A farmer residing in Bristol, Ontario county, in this State, is a somnambulists. One day while in the field he lost an iron tooth from the harrow with which he was putting in his wheat crop. He hunted an hour to find it, but was unsuccessful. During the ensuing night he arose from his bed, partially dressed himself, and started out. The night was very dark; one of his boys followed him with a lantern, He kept up a running talk with himself about the "drag tooth." He walked in a straight line to the field where he had been labouring, perhaps a quarter of a mile from his residence. Arriving at a certain point he stopped short, kicked away some earth and brought forth the missing tooth! Then turning square around he proceeded directly to his home. Arriving at the door he performed the feat of lifting the heavy stone step, which he required the combined strength of himself and another man to raise the next morning. He threw the iron under the step, let down the stone easily, saying 'there you are and can't get away again,' and then cooly, and apparently without the least excitement, retired to his chamber, disrobed himself and went to bed. He was entirely unconscious the next morning of what he had been doing. Now the question is, what peculiar power enabled the man to perform this wonderful feat? It would seem little less than a miracle, but of its truth, as related, there can be no boubt."

☞ THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S.
Patterns post free on application.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Situation Wanted.
Music Hall to-night—Wilmore Troupe.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 14, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1870.

The Hon. Mr. Langevin arrived in the city last evening.

Aquila Walsh, Esq., Intercolonial Railway Commissioner, arrived here yesterday.

There appears to be a perfect reign of terror in New York. The papers are filled with accounts of murders and other crimes.

A public reception is to be given in Montreal, to-morrow evening, to Stewart Buckler, Esq. He will leave for Ireland on Friday.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* states that the day before yesterday two engines from England passed west per G. T. R. for the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway. They are light, well constructed, and appear to be well adapted for that class of railways.

Twenty thousand men are to be added to the British regular army, and the government is authorised to call out the militia. This will make up a force of about 240,000 men at the disposal of the Imperial authorities in the United Kingdom, besides nearly 200,000 volunteers.

MR. McDOUGALL AND THE FINANCE MINISTER.

It will be within the recollection of our readers that the Hon. Mr. McDougall a short time since, made a direct statement to the effect that "certain claims made against the Government by Mr. Beaty of Toronto, which had been presented for payment and rejected when Mr. McDougall was Minister of Public Works, had been paid since the accession of Sir Francis Hincks to office as Finance Minister". This statement was replied to by Sir Francis Hincks, who declared no such payment had been made to Mr. Beaty, and that no payments had been made on account of the York roads except some small accounts paid by order of Mr. McDougall himself while the latter gentleman was in office. These payments were to certain parties whose property had been wrongfully seized; many of them being political friends of Mr. McDougall's, one of whom living in Toronto, was certainly paid the full amount of his claim and perhaps a little more. Mr. McDougall has replied to Sir Francis Hincks in a letter which, characterized as it is by the most downright evasion of the charge originally made by him, is certainly utterly unworthy of any one who aspires to be regarded as a leading public man. He says, "I accept and am pleased to hear that no payments have been made by you to Mr. Beaty or to the York Road Company," but then goes on to say that he fancies from the tone of Sir Francis Hincks' letter that he (Sir Francis) is in favor of the claim being paid eventually. Now, Mr. McDougall cannot shift his ground in this manner. He asserted that the payments in question had been made, and before enquiring as to what the Government may or may not do in the future, what the public want to know is, upon what grounds he made that statement. Let him clear up this matter first. Either his assertion was true or it was false, and if the latter, as it has been proved to be, the question to be answered is, what right had Mr. McDougall to make public a direct charge, without knowing as a matter of fact beyond contradiction, that he was right. The truth is, that like many other disappointed and desperate politicians, he has resorted to wild and reckless assertions of this kind without appearing to care much whether they were true or false, trusting that their falsehood would never be made manifest to those whom he was desirous of influencing against the government and in his own favor. We fancy the public have had about enough of this kind of thing from Mr. McDougall, that he has insulted their common sense sufficiently lately, by making statements which were utterly incorrect in the belief that they would be simple enough to swallow them. The least that Mr. McDougall can do now, and it is the least that any man possessed of gentlemanly or generous feelings could do under the circumstances, is to acknowledge that he was wrong, that he stated what was false and unfounded, and to apologize for so doing. As yet he has done nothing of this kind, but, in a mean and contemptible manner has tried to evade the question, by talking about what will be done in regard to the York road payments in the future. When it is borne in mind that the subject of the York road payments was brought up before a committee last session, and that Mr. McDougall could have had no difficulty in ascertaining the truth had he desired to do so, his conduct in the matter appears more reprehensible.

But now, let us see what there was in Sir Francis Hincks' letter to justify the following remarks from Mr. McDougall:—

"I take it for granted, that when a Finance Minister volunteers and publishes to the world such views as you have expressed in this case, he means to act upon them, that his colleagues 'concur,' and that as Mr. Beatty is 'legally entitled to' the large sum of money he asks for, you mean to pay it to him. Under these circumstances, I respectfully submit, that your lecture to me on the iniquity of connecting your name with Mr. Beatty's in the discussion was ill-timed and unnecessary. It was hardly worth while to 'protest' against the statement that you had done an act, which you contend you ought to do, and which it is now evident you have agreed to do."

All that Sir Francis Hincks said in reference to the York roads was as follows:—

"It is well known to those who have watched the proceedings relative to the York Roads, that a former Government foreclosed a mortgage which it held on those roads, and afterwards issued a writ of extent against the property of the Company, under which a large quantity of broken stone, &c., was seized, and subsequently sold to the County Council of York. Against those proceedings the Company, in which Mr Beaty is a principal partner, have always protested, having been advised that the Government exceeded their legal powers. From first to last the question has been a legal one. Mr. Beaty has never made any claim on behalf of his company beyond what he has been advised he is legally entitled to. The Company filed a bill in Chancery under the advice, if I have been correctly informed, of Mr. Edward Blake. At what stage of the proceedings negotiations for a compromise were opened, and at whose instance, you know much better than I do, but I am clear on one point, that, the matter came under the First Ministers consideration in consequence of its being referred to him as Minister of Justice, that he concurred in Mr. Edward Blake's opinion, and that any advice or recommendation that he made was departmental, and strictly on the legal merits of the case."

We leave it to any man of common sense to say whether there is anything in the above which can justify Mr. McDougall in "taking it for granted" that the Finance Minister had made up his mind to any particular course of action. This, however, is beside the question, and we have merely alluded to it in order to show that Mr. McDougall, after having been convicted of misrepresentation, and after it has been proved that he was the only Minister who authorized payments on the York Roads account, tries to shuffle out of his unpleasant position in a manner utterly unworthy of a statesman or a gentleman.

In conclusion, we would like to ask why Mr. McDougall's attack was made upon the Finance Minister? Mr. McDougall knows perfectly well that any payment on account of the York Roads would be first reported on by the Minister of Public Works, that the matter would then be brought before the Council, and would merely come to the Finance Minister for payment, when authorized by order in Council. What deep and subtle motives of policy influenced Mr. McDougall, when he poured out the vials of his wrath upon the devoted head of the Finance Minister? Did he indulge the hope that a certain leading Toronto politician, who is known to entertain no great love for Sir Francis Hincks, would form an alliance with him? If so, he was sadly disappointed. A man's political fortunes must be desperate indeed, who would ally himself with Mr. McDougall.

We notice that the *Carleton Place Herald* has lately done us the honor to copy various editorials from these columns. Perhaps it will kindly find room for these few remarks. If so, it can, if it chooses, in accordance with its usual practice, omit to give us credit. Some of Mr. McDougall's constituents are beginning to feel that he and his organ have been dosing them with fiction long enough, and that a few facts would be agreeable, if only by way of a little change.

A STRANGE STORY.

The Washington correspondents of New-York journals are privileged persons. They enjoy decided advantages over Canadian and all other journalists. A State intelligence slips as glibly from their pens as if each of them belonged somehow or other to Grant's Cabinet, and had taken an oath against secrecy. In the matter of news about state transactions between the British and American capitals, particularly on Canadian affairs, these foreign correspondents far outstrip the dull vehicles of our loyal press and our inquisitive parliament. It is not at all singular now-a-days to "look to Washington," not for pattern institutions or an independent existence, but for notice of diplomatic affairs. Some announcements of late have seen the light in the columns of Republican newspapers, such as are popularly supposed to belong to the sacred arena of home departments and foreign embassies. How this happens nobody knows. But such is the fact. We recently saw it paraded in the New York *Tribune*, as news from Washington, that the British Government had surrendered to the United States the whole question in dispute about the Canadian fisheries, and adopted a contiguous limit of three miles around the coast instead of the headland limit. Who gave such extraordinary information? If true, it should not be thrown to outsiders, if untrue it should not be uttered. Still more recently we are notified, seemingly from official sources, that a peremptory demand has been made on Canada to surrender the United States fishing vessels seized on the coast of Nova Scotia. General Butler insisted on it, and that full satisfaction and apology be made for such an "outrage on the American flag." We are told, with some bluster, and an assumption of superior authority quite terrifying, that we Canadians have no national existence—"status" it is called by the well informed correspondent—and therefore cannot lawfully coerce American subjects in their exercise of fishery privileges guaranteed to them by Great Britain. If such demands have been made, and on such grounds, our neighbors must be losing their senses. We cannot believe it possible. The faithful newspaper *attaché* behind the scenes surely must be mistaken. Claims so utterly preposterous could never be advanced. No sane Government, having any respect for common sense and public law, would venture to subject such a demand to the test of international law. The President and his advisers may be bent on having some fresh grievance against Canada, regardless of law, justice, or fact. If so, most extraordinary demands might be made. Possibly our neighbors are a little "riled" just now, and seeking cause of quarrel *coute qui coute* just now seems to be a fashionable amusement amongst the nations. Strife is catching. Surely the great American nation is not about to paraphrase the notorious and brave Hibernianism; "England pre-occupied is the signal for Ireland to shoot a blunderbuss at her from behind some foreign hedge," and make Britain's difficulty Uncle Sam's opportunity? Assuredly our worthy kinsman cannot mean to get up a wolf and lamb fable towards Canada. At least, we hope not. Whether or not old England shall be drawn into the conflict or be disturbed by the turmoil of European politics, the time has not yet arrived to reconstruct "this Canada" on any wolf and lamb precedent. Jonathan would find some tougher mutton on the north side of the St. Lawrence, than he has had a chance of trying to gobble up since 1812. Don't be greedy neighbor. There is more than human warrant for the blessing which attends nations, as well as individuals, who "seek peace and ensure it."

Edmond About will replace the late M. Prevost Paradol in the French Academy, and possibly as Minister to Washington.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

Latest from the Seat of War

PARIS, August 2.—The women of France are sending immense quantities of bedding and hospital furniture to the army.

Nine hundred surgical students are gone to the front.

Among the chaplains in the French service are nine Protestant and three Israelite clergymen.

Wearing of the shako is to be discontinued in the army.

The Emperor since he has been with the army has kept one telegraph wire constantly busy with his correspondence with the Empress.

There was a long conference to-day between Lord Lyons, Prince Metternich and the Duke de Grammont.

Employees at the Bureau of Foreign Affairs are at work day and night.

Prussia demands of Austria an explanation why she is arming.

The South German soldiers are armed with old muskets.

The war expenses of Prussia is 25,000f. a day.

BERLIN, 2nd.—No news of any movement or engagement of importance received from the scene of war, but advices show that skirmishes are becoming more frequent, though so far of an insignificant character. The Prussian commanders rigorously exclude foreign correspondents from the lines.

The scene of the departure of King William for the seat of war on Monday evening was extraordinary. The King rode from the palace to the railway station in an open carriage, accompanied by the Queen. He wore a short military cloak, and his helmet was placed on the seat by his side. The carriage was surrounded, followed and frequently stopped by an immense multitude, wild with emotion, shouting farewells and benedictions; the houses were hung with flags and festooned with flowers; at the railway station arches were erected and patriotic inscriptions displayed. The Queen, weeping, parted from the King with repeated embraces. His Majesty, after getting into the railway carriage, finally saluted the crowd. The scene was indescribable. People were frenzied with enthusiasm. The entire Court—ladies and all mingled with the crowd, and, participating in its emotion, surrounded the soldier and bade him good by with every demonstration of loyalty and devotion. Count von Bismarck, and Generals Moltke and Van Roon were present and were repeatedly cheered.

LONDON, August 2.—The presence of the armies on the frontier of France and the Rhenish Provinces of Prussia have given rise to serious apprehensions of a famine.

The *Opinion Nationale* of Paris says that in order to avoid impoverishing the theatre of war, the Emperor demands his supplies from a distance by rail.

The *Times* has a long editorial on the prospects of the war. The writer thinks the delay in military matters on both sides is to be ascribed to the demoralization of the troops from having been moved by rail.

Earl Granville lamented the noble Lord's palpable lack of confidence in the Government. A week ago he had fully sustained it, and the speaker knew of nothing that had since occurred that could properly alter his intention. He considered it needless and injudicious to discuss them with publicity. Last week, he continued, the noble Lord approved of the course of the ministers, and was ready to back them up. The change in his position was irrational and inexcusable.

The subject then dropped, and the Educational Bill taken up and passed.

The Census Bill was next considered, and after a sharp effort on the part of the Bishops to prevent a full denominational return was passed.

The House adjourned.

At a council of ministers held last Saturday Earl Grenville said he was in favor of giving a distinct notification to France and Prussia to maintain the independence of Belgium and Luxembourg, accompanied by an expression of surprise at the recent developments.

Mr. Gladstone is determined not to yield to the growing feeling of the people against the ministry.

Russia indignantly repudiates the design with which she is charged of taking advantage of the war in Europe to invade Danubian principalities.

The Lord Mayor's fund for the Canadian volunteers amounts to £300 sterling.

King William arrived this morning with several members of his staff. His Majesty received highly satisfactory reports from three army corps on the French frontier.

War news this morning unimportant. Nothing from the armies on the Rhine.

Active recruiting for the marine service has been ordered at the English dockyards.

An impression prevails here that the arrival of the French fleet in the Baltic Sea alone prevented the Prussian advance through France to Paris.

Advices from Prussian sources mention the prevalence throughout Germany of an unwavering assurance of ultimate victory.

Evidence hourly accumulates of the superiority of the needle gun over the Chassepot, and does not fail to cause deep concern in France.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" estimates that the Prussian army on the frontier now musters half a million of men.

Extreme activity is noticed in the English forts and dockyards. Extensive preparations are being made to put the coast defences in a condition to resist attack.

The passport system has been restored in France.

England's correspondent of the army has been arrested.

The Prince Imperial is in military training.

30,000 soldiers are billeted in Hamburg.

The Empress of the French has visited the army.

The only correspondent allowed with the Prussian army is Dr. Russell.

The son of abdel Kaber has volunteered for the French army.

The French were also delayed on account of the hesitation of the South German States, and are now necessarily confined to the narrow ground of the Saar Valley. In fact the entire plan of the Emperor has been altered by unforseen circumstances of this sort, and he has yet probably to form a new one.

In the House of Lords to-day Earl Russell moved the second reading of the bill amending militia acts. He stated at some length in review of the condition of foreign affairs, and said the Government requires full defensive powers and intrigues; perils upon the continent are due to the uncertainty of the course pursued by England. In his opinion we need only to declare for the enforcement of the treaties whereupon half the danger would vanish, for neither of the warring powers courts the hostility of England. Only in this manner could Antwerp be saved.

An absurd canard was circulated to-day to the effect that a serious misunderstanding prevailed in the Prussian Court, that the Crown Prince accused Count Bismarck when in England that Bismarck threatened to resign, and that there was a prospect of a crisis in the Cabinet.

An official despatch from Metz announces that to-day at 11 o'clock in the morning the French had a serious engagement with the Prussians. Our army took the offensive, crossed the frontier and invaded the territory of Prussia, in spite of the numbers and position of the enemy. A few battalions were sufficient to carry the heights which overlook Saarbruck, and our artillery was not slow to drive the enemy from the town. The élan of the troops were so great that our losses were light. The engagement commenced at 11 and ended at 1. The Emperor assisted at the operations, and the Prince Imperial, who accompanied him everywhere, received on the field of battle his baptismal fire; his presence of mind and sang froid in danger were worthy of the name he bears. The Emperor returned to Metz at 4 p.m.

MADRID, August 2.—A meeting of the Cortes and proclamation of amnesty was postponed in consequence of the Carlist agitation.

Government violently attacked by monarchical press for its delay in re-assembling the Cortes.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE DESPATCHES.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 2.—There is entire harmony between Denmark and Sweden in the Franco-Prussian war.

VIENNA, Aug. 2.—Austria is mobilizing 50,000 men to watch the Bohemian frontier.

ROME, Aug. 2.—The French Chasseurs left Civita Vecchia yesterday. Italy is concentrating troops on the Roman frontier.

BRUSSELS, August 2.—A correspondent of the *Correspondence Belge*, writing from Metz, asserts that the first great battle will be fought on Saturday or Sunday next, or Monday at farthest. He underscores the sentence following, viz: THAT IS SURE!

PARIS, August 2.—There was a long conference to-day at the bureau of the Minister of Foreign Affairs lasting for several hours, between Lord Lyons, Prince Metternich, and Duke Grammont. There is great activity at this bureau, and attaches are hard at work day and night.

Prussia demands full explanation from Austria as to why she is arming. German journals are terribly exasperated against England because she still continues to furnish supplies to France.

BERLIN, August 2.—The Dutch bank of this city offers to receive and disburse of all subscriptions made in America for the benefit of wounded soldiers.

LONDON, Aug. 1st.—A quantity of arms have been discovered on the estate of Mr. Maguire, member of Parliament for Cork, the owners of which are unknown.

The King of Wurtemberg is quoted as saying that Germany will be ruined by the war, and the emigration to America will swell to enormous proportions.

It is thought Napoleon erred in not pushing promptly into Hanover. He would certainly have neutralized the action of southern Germany. Such a movement is impossible now, because it would expose Paris.

Another correspondent writes a circular to foreign offices relative to the secret treaty, which has been made public, but its contents have been anticipated.

In the House of Lords to-day, a resolution giving the Government power to call out the militia was introduced and passed.

Amendments were made to the Education Bill, which was read the third time in the House of Commons last night.

The Government proposed to add 20,000 men to the army, and submitted estimates requesting £2,000,000 for that purpose. The army is reported to be in a most efficient state, and the militia is rapidly increasing.

Mr. Disraeli proceeded to make some inquiries. He thought the traditional scheme, a measure of the Government, should now be wholly dismissed. He especially wished to be informed as to what extent the English representatives at the Congress of Vienna concluded to guarantee Prussia her Saxon acquisitions. Such guarantees, if still held good, ought to have effect in the present quarrel. He wanted to know what grounds had been taken by the Government. He argued that the army be kept up to its full strength, and closed with a declaration that England would sanction the rights and the independence of others.

Mr. Gladstone took exception to the historical statements of the right hon. gentleman, and gave a version of treaties down to the present day. He said the policy of the Government had never been to menace, but of friendship to both combatants. He declared that the allegations of the Vienna treaty ended with the German Empire. The Government has now been doing everything to enforce the neutrality, but British power was restricted to British waters. All restrictions has been impossible in the sale of coal. A debate followed among the different members on the state of the army and navy, which lasted until a late hour, but no facts of importance were brought out.

FLORENCE, August 1.—The "Journal Officiel" states that an alliance to secure the neutrality of England, Austria and Italy has been newly completed by these powers.

VIENNA, August 1st.—It is stated that Austria and Italy have decided upon a treaty which assures them neutrality.

MADRID, Aug. 1st.—The Regent Serrano returned home yesterday, and presided at a meeting of the Council. It was decided not to convoke the Cortes at present.

It is asserted that Prim has proposed granting an amnesty during August.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The *Tribune's* London correspondent writes from Saarbrook, and says that on Thursday morning a company of infantry arrived in town. About fifty of the infantry have gone out to reconnoitre.

The report that thirty or forty Prussian infantry from Saarbrook had discomfitted a French squadron of cavalry and three companies of infantry is confirmed. From the top of the hill beside Saarbrook, where pickets are, we saw the French bands playing. The French shoot at any of us who would be going the Forbach road, half a mile out of town, and we have to look out. If the shooting of the last few days is any standard of the general proficiency of the French and Prussians, we expect to hear that the French will have more time to aim, and with fair shooting up to a surprisingly great distance, but that at sharp shooting they are very wild. The Prussians, on the other hand, will not even attempt shooting at any ranges, but at a range such as their arms will carry well.

At this distance, they are steady and certain marksmen. The artillery firing of the French was very good.

The same correspondent says that a large French force are near Forbach, quartered immediately behind the hills. Deserters say they have nothing to eat, and appearances confirm their report. They are half starved and woe begone.

Some infantry entered the Prussian encampment this morning, to beg. They were warned off.

The common belief now is, to the plan of the campaign, that the three enemies will form at points, from Saarbrucken, Goundoux and Louttern, to advance on Strasburg, the next on Nancy, and the third moving on Metz, co-operating with the second.

The French can scarcely have been acquainted with the readiness of our forces at Saarbrucken, during the last few days.

We are not now much at their mercy, although they are very active, and penetrate to the extreme right and left of the hill.

In the dullness of the evenings the sharpshooters force them to go within a comparatively short distance of the French outposts.

The work from the hill seems to be a protected battery. No cannons have appeared there. Fighting is expected in a day or two, and will be the opening of the campaign, the division is believed to be returning.

The main works are finished at the camp and there is now no indication of the camp being broken up, or troops returning contrary to cantonments.

Orders are understood to have been issued on Friday night.

The "Fatherland" journal says the feeling is decidedly warlike. The moment has arrived for Denmark to throw off the mask and openly side with France.

The Government is for neutrality. The Cabinet will resign if the war party get the upper hand.

Three members of Parliament, C. W. Wilkes, Mr. Winter Botham, and Mr. Egerton Hubert, leave on Thursday for the Prussian army.

The correspondent at Frankfort writes on Friday that it is believed that it is the purpose of the Prussians to enter France.

The latest opinion however is, that the French mean something at Strasburg, and that there will either be a double movement against the Palatinate and Baden, or that the marching of troops at Metz is to some extent a feint.

In the House of Commons to-day the debate on the war question brought out a large crowd.

The feeling of the House was strongly marked in favor of a firm and energetic policy, when Mr. Cardwell proposed a vote for 20,000 additional troops and two million pounds sterling. He was warmly cheered. So was Mr. Gladstone when he told Mr. Stapleton that if the coalers are chartered to attend the fleet of a belligerent to supply coal, they will to all practical ends and purposes become storeships attached to that fleet, and will come under the operation of the foreign treaties.

Summary Punishment.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The gentleman, as related in your issue of yesterday, who chastised the young rascals who dared to injure his property, is said to have transgressed the law, and has been fined. But how is such a case to be met? Are we to look with indifference on such acts? On removing last May I had my piano injured by several boys throwing stones at the express waggon, although warned by those in charge. Had I been present I should certainly have endeavored to apply the same summary punishment, for in either case prompt or immediate application is required, and why can such acts be followed by prosecution against you? Let the law rather sustain such punishment, based on common sense, and then we should have less risk of any property being injured.

HUMANITAS.

Angling on the River Moisie (Prov. Quebec) during the Season of 1870.

Total number of salmon killed with fly, 279; weight, 4,922 lbs.; average weight, 17 lbs. 10¼ oz.

	No.	Weight.
Mr. John Brown, of Hamilton, Ont	131	[illegible] lbs
Mr. John Ogilvy, Montreal, Que	51	[illegible] "
Mr. Morland Hutton, Gainsboro', Eng	45	[illegible] "
Mr. W. F. Whitcher, Ottawa	23	[illegible] "
Mr. John Rankin, Montreal, Que	12	[illegible] "
Mr. James Turner, Hamilton, Ont	6	94 "
Mr. W. H. Kerr, Montreal, Que	6	87 "
Mr. G. W. Burton, Hamilton, Ont	1	25 "
The Gaffmen	4	90 "
	279	4922

DETAILS.

5 largest fish averaged	33[illegible] lbs.
10 do do do	31[illegible] "
20 do do do	29[illegible] "
50 do do do	26[illegible] "
100 do do do	24[illegible] "
30 lbs. under 37 lbs	8 Fish
25 do do 30 do	29 "
20 do do 25 do	97 "
15 do do 20 do	19 "
10 do do 15 do	113 "
Under 10 do	13 "
	279

CANADIAN ITEMS.

The Woodstock *Times* appears in a new dress.

Orillia styles itself the watering place of Canada.

The Quebec street railway is said to pay 8 per cent.

A patent fence delights the farmers of the township of Fullarton.

A number of Lacrosse matches are exciting the town of Lindsay.

Capt. Robertson and Mr. McGill, of the Royal Canadian Rifles, have been ordered to join the Red River expedition.

Cobourg is busy exporting iron ore, while Port Hope is sending away immense quantities of lumber.

The new twenty-five cent Canadian coin has at last made its appearance in Montreal.

Large quantities of firewood, the property of the Grand Trunk were burnt lately at St. Hillaire, Quebec.

The Court House Hill, and how to level it, are subjects of discussion in Belleville, at present.

The steamer *City of Sandusky* has been placed permanently on the route between Detroit, Sarnia and Goderich.

Somebody excited Halifax the other day by circulating a rumor that a great battle had been fought resulting in the death of 17,000 Prussians.

The Police force of Halifax have just been supplied with a neat white straw hat for summer wear, which is a decided improvement upon the heavy skull caps they have been wearing.

Mr. William Elliot, of Chinguacousy, brought the first load of new wheat to Brampton on Monday, and sold it for $1.25 per bushel. It was the red midge proof variety, and the ground was dry and sound.

On Sunday last one of the largest fires broke out in Kingston ever witnessed in that city which ended in the complete destruction of the large elevator and steam flour mill at the foot of Queen street, known as Berry's Elevator, together with much surrounding property.

Eighty-seven years ago there was not a thousand acres of land cleared in the Province of New Brunswick, nor a single tree cut where the city of St. John now stands with a population of 40,000.

On the 23rd ult. an old man named David Scott, was engaged at the bottom of a well, about twelve feet deep, at Corbin's Corners, East Oxford. By the carelessness of the men at the top the heavy bucket and its contents, weighing about 200 pounds, were allowed to fall upon him. Scott was taken up alive, but there are faint hopes of his recovery.

Mr. Bures, of Missouri, shot a most extraordinary specimen of the feathered tribe in that township, on Wednesday. It is a perfect nondescript in its way, and is evidently of the stork species. Its neck measures at least two feet, with legs of similar proportions, the body being purely white and legs black. It was shot near a small lake, and is supposed to have been "blown from somewhere" during the storm on Tuesday evening.

A correspondent send us the following regarding the Wellington, Grey & Bruce Railway:

"The work near Alma is being pushed with vigor. Mr. Hendrie has a large force on the ground, and he seems to be the sort of man who knows just how to build a railway. Great progress was made last week. We are pleased to see a fine new hotel erected at Alma. All the hotel keepers there should prepare at once for the rush of business they are sure to have in the fall.

Mr. Wood, Manager of the Craigwoen Cheese Factory, found himself under the necessity of running to the States on Saturday last. Mr. Wood had undertaken to manufacture cheese at one and a half cent per pound, a fourth less than that charged at other factories.

NEWS AND GOSSIP

A Geneva (N. Y.) editor offers to swallow a mule if that village does not exceed Canandaigua in population according to the new census.

A lady in Vicksburg, Miss., requested on her deathbed that she might be buried in a Pompadour waist, cut "biased."

New Orleans wants some enterprising man who knows how to keep a hotel to take the St. Charles hotel, which is now vacant.

Mlle. Lateur is the prettiest woman in Paris, and her photographs sell by the thousands at two francs, while Eugenie's are slow at one franc.

Twenty-five years ago Saratoga was a small village with a dozen hotels. Now it is a town of 10,000 inhabitants, with thirty hotels and as many more boarding houses.

The heat in England this summer has been three degrees above the average of the last fifty years.

California's fig crop is going to waste from overabundance and ignorance how to dry and pack them.

The *Morning Advertiser* announces that Mr. Alderman Dakin will positively be the next Lord Mayor of London.

In Ohio last week a boy named Conway fell upon a mowing machine in motion, and his head was entirely severed from his body.

The British Parliament will adjourn on the 11th of August. Mr. Gladstone proposes a bill to summon Parliament in six instead of fourteen days.

The Portland *Advertiser* suggests that the fishes tamper with the Atlantic cables, which may account for the doubtful odor of some of the war rumors.

A minister of Springfield, Ohio, asked the name of a bride who appeared before him, and was astonished to understand that it was Miss Shoo Fly. Her name was Shofely.

The people of the South are represented to be very much in debt, notwithstanding the large cotton crop of 1869, and the high price realized for it. Considerable distress prevails in South Carolina. One tenth of the whole area of land in Fairfield county, and one-sixth of all in Williamsburg county, is advertised to be sold for taxes—State and county.

The "Army and Navy Gazette" says: "Twenty-six iron clads actually in commission," quite ready for any work by August 1st, and seven or eight more to back them, with men enough to work and fight them. Such is Sir Dacre's account of our naval condition, and a very good one it is. He might have added that we have a reserve of yellow and other colored admirals, and of retired officers of all sorts, to man our shore defences and harbor batteries. We are not going to fight, but if any one wants it, let him come out.

A Quincy (Ill). woman has been incessantly weeping for three weeks and can't stop.

Advices from China to July 4th show that the attack on the foreigners at Pekin was directed only against the French, though other foreigners were accidentally killed.

An old lady flagged a train on the Midland Railway, near Norwich, on Saturday last, to request the conductor to deposit a letter in the post office in that place. He wouldn't do it.

The Common Council of London have offered the honorary freedom of the city of London to M. de Lesseps in a gold box of the value of one hundred guineas.

Richard H. Dana, jr., has been so prostrated by the heat that his physician has recommended a cessation from mental labor. He will probably go to Europe for a short tour.

A servant girl employed in a family in Philadelphia got up in the night, stole the jewelry, &c., turned on the gas throughout the house, and decamped, leaving the inmates to smother. The plot was discovered in time to prevent loss of life.

The probable evacuation of Rome by the French troops must give His Holiness considerable anxiety, and poison the chalice of rejoicing over the victory of infallibility. Garibaldi and Mazzini are already on the alert, and waiting for the moment when the last French soldier leaves the banks of the Tiber to raise the cry of *Spectre-Rouge*, and drive the Pope from the Vatican. Victor Emanuel, who is now treating with Napoleon, will have to assist the Holy Father in time or Italy will be in a blaze of revolution. Garibaldi and his associates hate the King as cordially as they detest the Pope. They have been planning and plotting for his destruction, but he has been too powerful for them in Italy, and the French rifles have overawed them in the Papal States.

La Gaulois states that the Emperor goes to the war with the smallest possible retinue, and that he has himself fixed the following very frugal bill of fare for his dinner throughout the campaign: Soup, bouilli, a dish of vegetables, and fruit, when it can be got.

The greatest energy is being displayed in the various departments of the Royal Arsenal in Woolwich, and orders are being rapidly executed for the manufacture of a very large number of bronze field pieces. The garrisons at Malta and Gibraltar are to be reinforced immediately.

Eugenie is doing her utmost to secure victory to her husband's arms. She smiles to the crowds on the Boulevards, reads the Emperor's address to the navy at Cherbourg, and fills the sailors with enthusiasm; then returns to Paris and places a votive lamp in the Chapel of Our Lady of Victory. It was here that she offered a similar offering at the opening of the Italian campaign, and it was in the old chapel of the same name that the French of the First Empire offered their prayers and vows for the success of the Corsican.

The London correspondent of the New York *Times*, gives a new version of the death of Lord Clarendon, and the causes which led to it. He says it was the Greek brigands. While the fate of the prisoners was pending he could neither eat nor sleep. Night and day he was sending and receiving messages, urging Mr. Erskine (the English Minister at Athens) to do everything in his power to save them, and when the news of their death came, he was prostrated by the blow, and never recovered.

The Court Journal, referring to the expected arrival home of our recent Royal visitor, says:—Prince Arthur may shortly be expected home from Canada, in which country His Royal Highness has won "golden opinions" from all classes. He is popular in his regiment, the Rifle Brigade—the old 95th Light Infantry of the Peninsular War. We know no better preparation for a soldier than that which the Prince has undergone—first, with the Artillery; secondly, with the Rifles; and perhaps a few months with a crack Cavalry corps, say the Prince of Wales's Own Hussars, the 10th or 12th Lancers, both stationed at Aldershott, where field days on a large scale are plentiful, would be an excellent finishing. The English like to see the members of the Royal Family taking service in either the army or navy, and the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of Edinburgh, and Prince Arthur are bright examples of men devoting themselves earnestly to their duties.

Frederick the Great, who said war was the greatest misfortune that could befall humanity, wrote in his history of the Seven Years' War: "There is a God of War; the issue of battles is written in the dark. I have won battles that I had already given up for lost, and have been beaten where victory was already nearly in my grasp."

Measures are to be taken for the relief of the families of the men washed overboard from the *Dauntless* during the yacht race across the Atlantic. Mr. Ashbury, of the *Cambria*, signifies his intention of giving a purse to each.

The best argument against Chinese coolie importation is, that if American boys have no right to learn the shoemaking trade, Chinese coolies have less.

Smith wants to know how the *Cambria* dare beat an American yacht? It constitutes, he thinks, a new count in the as yet unsettled *Alabama* claims.

M. Edmund About, who so vigorously assailed Napoleon III. the other day, now demands unrelenting war. He says that the true enemy of the French is not the German people, but the "court of Prussia, Bismarck, and a gang of generals and clique of intermeddlers."

The death of Dr. Von Grafe is reported from Berlin by the cable, without particulars. Von Grafe has been for many years at the head of his profession, having, in diagnosis of diseases of the eye, and in the certainty and success with which he performed the most delicate operations on that organ, no equal in the world. From all parts of Europe and the United States, patients thronged to him for advice and treatment, and students for instruction: and of late years he has had scarcely any rest, often examining and prescribing for scores of difficult cases each day, besides delivering his lectures.

A Pilgrimage to Gadshill

Higham, near Gadshill, is a lonely and forsaken looking spot. When you get out from the train there you seem as though you were left in a chalk pit, with a single chance of escape through the mouth of a tunnel. From the powdry road leading to the hill a waggon comes to the station, the driver of which is getting a sort of way bill ready for the official in velveteens—will he address this functionary after the fashion that the carrier spoke in *Henry IV.*, "I have a gammon of bacon and two razes of ginger to be delivered as far as Charing-cross." There is a hop field and a hideous railway tavern at one end of the bridge over the line, at the other the road straggles up to Gadshill place. You never see much of the road ahead, and the sides are banked with shrubs and trees, until at odd times you come out level with a field in which the sun has beaten the toilers, who are taking a siesta under a cart. You pass a school house, with the hum of the pupils mingling with the song of the birds from the gardens around; and within sight of the church of Upper Higham (it strikes the hour with the sort of sad clamor you may have listened to from the Derby bell) is a little chapel that looks much more like the sort of temple inscribed to Hymen on a valentine than a place of worship. By the door is a tree full of perfume and of yellow blossoms, so full of perfume indeed that I am brought to a standstill beneath it, and then discover that a whole swarm of bees are busy in and around the porch making quite a tempest of noise. Turning round and glancing at the valley and the marsh below, you cannot see the Thames, but you do see the course of the stream marked by the brown sails of boats, and by what seems to be a gigantic load of hay running on a slide through the rushes. Still nearer the place is a toy mansion, with a wealth of roses before a toy lawn. And now Cobham woods are above—Cobham, from which that flock of geese has darted, and from which there is a constant coo-cooing of pigeons, whose notes are to the other birds as the sound of the French horn in an orchestra.

Here is a plain gate and a plain brick country house, which your Pilgrim has come reverently to visit. Inside the hall door to the right is a room lined with empty book-shelves, and furnished with a desk and table. There is a chair before this desk and this table, and something strikes you touching that arrangement with the chill of a fresh recollection, which for the moment makes the light as it were dim over the grass, and brings into the spot itself a troop of shadows that have been with you from the moment you left the train at Higham. In the hall are traces of the master who has had to go from it. That habit of system in the smallest things of which we have read so much is exemplified by the receptacles marked for various postal deliveries, in the express injunctions as to the times when the mails are sent from the neighboring post offices. The drawing-room is fresh and graceful in tone and furniture, and does not seem to have been where it is merely for ceremony. From the end you pass into a conservatory, and from that into the dining-room. The housekeeper who accompanies a pilgrim to the room mentions that here it was that *he* was beckoned off. He was not removed from the room until dead. Your Pilgrim is joined by an old gentleman now, to whom Paul Pry was a backward and a blushing creature. "I want to see everything I can. Everything please. I have been to the pictures in London, and I understand ———." Well, the chatter was ceaseless. "Whose likeness was this?" * * * Was she married or unmarried? * * * How many servants did he keep? * * * You often saw him yourself. * * * A lift! God bless me, how curious!" And the dear old gentleman was armed with a stout umbrella, wore a tail coat and enormous boots, with which he clumped and stamped heavily all over the house. He was down in the kitchen, put his nose into the scullery, surveyed the gloom of the wine-cellar with an eye glass, marched into every bedroom, and only halted to study the contents of a frame containing some civic compliment.

The grounds are prettily and carefully laid out, but what is definite and distinct about Gadshill is at once its completeness and unpretentiousness. It is a middle-class gentleman's country residence, but nothing more. Nothing more! It is too soon to come here to make reflections or make essays. Looking at the snug red brick house, the flower beds, the handsome conservatory, the garden seats, and listening to the sounds of the summer noon, the mind drifted of its own accord into the distance of the smoke panoply, where there was a giant minister, and in it a grave but a few weeks old, on which the wreaths had scarce yet withered. "Ah! The dogs—yes, dogs. Was he fond of dogs? Which of these dogs was he fond of? Their names, I perceive, are over the kennels—why is there no name over this kennel? I suppose these are horses. I should like to see 'em—if you please, I should like to go through the stables." And so runs on again Paul Pry, fussy but still cheerful, beaming, indeed, with the pleasure he was deriving from his holiday. Opposite the house is a tunnel leading into another set of gardens, in which there is a Swiss chalet, and in the chalet we are told (by the auctioneer) the owner of Gadshill spent his last afternoon.

Poor Pilgrim comes down from the hill, scared a good deal by his own fancies, and by the riot played amongst them by Paul Pry, who was last seen pumping a stableman with all his might. Doubtless in full time the place will be venerable, and touching, and romantic. To a literary student who is not merely curious, the sight of the house and everything in connection with it is at present sombre and depressive. Yet we must regard these few acres as haunted ground. The girl singing in the potato field, the man gathering walnuts from the tree, the sleeping tramp at the edge of the corn, will fade out of sight if you only get into the mood of calling up Gadshill himself, who cried "stand!" to Falstaff; of again dwelling on these wonderful brain creatures that are daily confronting us wherever we hear our own language spoken or see it written. These "have the receipt of fern-seed, and walk invisible;" but for all that, they are in and of, Gadshill, and will be spoken of in connection with it as long as plays or stories are read.

Your Pilgrim slips off from the house just as a coach full of pic-nic people drive up. The company, in order to peer over the closed gate and into the grounds, climb on the edge of the carriage, and one young lady is hoisted aloft to behold the house, in the arms of a gentleman. These people are wonderfully impressed with the fun of staring at the residence of a [illegible] author who was only recently [illegible] who was buried in Westminster [illegible]. They are laughing boisterously [illegible] get down to the station, and [illegible] tunnel through which my train [illegible] and look at the steps at either [illegible] I am inclined to think that a [illegible] ment on in a weird [illegible] tale, in which a portent [illegible] warning of death from a [illegible] whole atmosphere of Higham [illegible] shill is full of suggestions of the [illegible] which belong to the order [illegible] or of fancy, rather than to the [illegible] which the critical faculty [illegible] to understand the mechanism of [illegible]

How General Prim's Secret [illegible] covered.

The London Weekly Register [illegible] organ, learns from a private source [illegible] rid that General Prim's design [illegible] Prince Leopold on the Spanish throne [illegible] brought to light before he expected [illegible] tended. Arrangements were [illegible] which Prince Leopold was to go [illegible] rid *incognito*, and remain there [illegible] to make appearance as soon as [illegible] had passed the necessary vote [illegible] was well kept for a time by [illegible] but it was discovered, according [illegible] count, by Mr. Layard, the English [illegible] sador to Madrid. A colleague [illegible] not gifted, it would seem, with [illegible] amount of diplomatic reticence [illegible] intimation of the secret to [illegible] who at once perceived its [illegible] ter eliciting all he could, [illegible] communicated with the [illegible] and with the English [illegible] Berlin and Paris. It was [illegible] Lyons that the French [illegible] first made acquainted with [illegible] news.

A Brush with a [illegible]

We see by a West [illegible] that the 22nd Regiment [illegible] in Kinsale, having [illegible] take its former quarters in Cork. The bear belonging to the [illegible] distinguished itself [illegible] manner in its going [illegible] as the following article [illegible]

On Thursday evening [illegible] leaves Cork at 4.45, for [illegible] its living freight, a member [illegible] named prowling tribe of [illegible] rest which had been at the [illegible] listed into the service of the [illegible] where he has made such [illegible] gress in military science [illegible] years that he is said to be [illegible] in the sound of the bugle [illegible] manoeuvre as any soldier in [illegible] Regiment—the 22nd—to which [illegible] Though he appeared on the [illegible] Cork to be as docile as a lamb, [illegible] dient to the command of his [illegible] cer (his keeper) as the most perfect [illegible] of military discipline could make [illegible] seems to have no taste for railway [illegible] ing, of which he gave unmistakable [illegible] dence before the train had proceeded [illegible] on its journey. Both himself and [illegible] todian having been placed in the [illegible] van he soon displayed symptoms of [illegible] tion which his fellow traveller [illegible] failed to calm down with all the [illegible] flattery he could command, so he [illegible] to try what effect the stern word of [illegible] mand would have, but soon found [illegible] more than surprise when they [illegible] measure strength with each other, [illegible] the angry quadruped was by far his [illegible] ior in physical force, who laid him at [illegible] length on the floor of the van, fastening [illegible] one of his fangs in the back of his [illegible] from which blood flowed freely. The [illegible] who, up to this time, declined to interfere [illegible] between two such intimate friends, could [illegible] no longer resist the promptings of [illegible] ity and summoning all his courage, [illegible] in such a case was no easy matter [illegible] rushed to his prostrate [illegible] but he never knew what a helpless [illegible] he was (though a man of powerful [illegible]) till he found himself in the embrace of the enraged brute, who clutched him [illegible] the body, which indeed is a structure of [illegible] ordinary girth, with as much ease as if [illegible] were but a new-born infant, and gave [illegible] a squeeze which he has placed in the [illegible] of those events which he says he [illegible] will forget, *secula seculorum*. Finding [illegible] that the foaming animal was [illegible] the situation there was nothing for [illegible] to let him make the most of it, [illegible] train reached the Waterfall station [illegible] there he got up on the roof of [illegible] trucks, and though there was a [illegible] chain attached to his neck all the [illegible] the train would not pull him off [illegible] true Briton, who loves the free [illegible] air of heaven, and never gives [illegible] won position, he kept his elevation [illegible] tion to the amusement of the [illegible] stricken country people, who [illegible] the sable gentleman, "who [illegible] like a roaring lion" had at [illegible] charge of the train, and [illegible] from first to [illegible] taken a good survey of the [illegible] the route to Kinsale. But [illegible] when the real trial of strength [illegible] brute commenced, for he declined [illegible] strength of half a dozen men [illegible] him, till having watched [illegible] when he was off his guard, [illegible] him down with a sudden jerk [illegible] a defeat which he did not at [illegible] take to heart, as it would [illegible] his eyes it was an act of treachery [illegible] than a fairly won victory, [illegible] into the barrack square [illegible] air of a conqueror rather [illegible] quered.

The Chances of [illegible]

The New York Tribune's [illegible] says:—"With regard to the [illegible] success of the two combatants [illegible] battle, I believe the odds to be [illegible] in favor of France. For the [illegible] she has been massing [illegible] army on the frontier [illegible] two days' marches of [illegible] mines. I have read of a [illegible] of battalions being sent forward [illegible] others remaining behind; but [illegible] can judge, the French are [illegible] garrison en masse. I put [illegible] the lowest number the Emperor [illegible] have under his hand, and [illegible] communication at the [illegible] of the campaign; [illegible] believe the concentration [illegible] to be within 48 hours of completion [illegible] number of guns will be large [illegible] will not be adequately horsed [illegible] alry also will bear a high [illegible] probably under one-tenth of [illegible]. The whole of these troops are [illegible] nificent state of discipline, and [illegible] are much more numerous [illegible] the Prussians. The French [illegible] superior to the Austrian at [illegible] the Austrian was superior to the [illegible] at Konigratz. There is no doubt [illegible] Chassepot being a better weapon [illegible] Prussian arm. I can hardly believe [illegible] Prussians having yet been able [illegible] such a concentration of strength [illegible] French have certainly done, and [illegible] that, on the opening of the [illegible] either with or without a battle, [illegible] sians must retire behind the Rhine."

It is estimated by some [illegible] genius that it would require a [illegible] miles long, fifty feet deep, and [illegible] dred feet broad, to hold the [illegible] consumed in Europe.

Mr. Frank Thorne is [illegible] great leap at the Falls. A [illegible] ago he jumped from the [illegible] road bridge into the Buffalo [illegible] height is about fifty feet.

The editor of the "Southern [illegible] man" makes the following [illegible] threat to the Ritualists. "For it [illegible] if some of us are going to [illegible] others of us nothing but [illegible] will discard the use of all [illegible] soever!"

LOCAL NEWS.

...HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE YOUR PRICES ...BUYING. ...terns post free on application.

...MAKING.—A few respectable girls ...now an opportunity of improving ...knowledge of dressmaking, or ...as apprentices, under Miss May... from London, England, at R. L. ... & Co.'s.

...RNMENT BUILDINGS.—We understand ...ian blinds are being made for the ...s of the Government buildings, but ...fore they will not be put up before ...spring.

...ISION.—A collision occurred yester... between a street car and a farmer's ...n, which resulted in the breaking of ...ple of windows in the former.

...AL STREET.—This street is being ma...ed. This was very much required, ...floods of water in spring and fall ...the loose sand down off the hill.

...MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Mr. Marshall ...ot open this place of amusement un...ursday evening, when a full and ...ete troupe will appear on the stage.

...MARKET—Tuesday—There was a ...fair market this morning. Potatoes ...ll at 80cts. and $1.00 per bushel; ...13cts.; butter, tub, 20cts.; and oats

...LICE COURT.—Tuesday—The business ...Police Court this morning consisted ...ree or four light cases, which were ...ed without the assistance of the ...strate.

...SSEX STREET.—This fine street is be...pened up to the Rideau River. This ...very good and very necessary improve...t, but people living along it would also ...very well to have a sidewalk laid.

...SMALL STEP WILL DO.—At the corner ...Dalhousie and Murray streets the side...k is so much raised above the road, that ...pedestrians at night, it is rather danger... A few boards to make a step down ...the crossing, is all that is needed.

...ONER'S INQUEST.—A coroner's inquest ...held yesterday in Hull before Dr. ...ard Church, on the body of one Pierre ...ante, who was drowned on Sunday ... The usual verdict of "Found ...wned" was returned by the jury.

...following programme will be played ...evening by the band of the 60th ...on Majors Hill, at six o'clock:
...March.
...Overture—Masaniello—Auber.
...Quadrille—La Vie Parisienne—Mar...
...Selection—Tancredi—Rossini.
...Selection—Boccanegra—Verdi.
...Galop—Politechniker—Kuhner.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MANITOBA.—We had ...leasure yesterday of seeing the sketch ...the great seal of the New Province of ...toba. The engraving has been assign...a very young and talented fellow towns...n, George Cox. The border of the ...contains the inscription "The Great ...of the Province of Manitoba." The ...ld of the shield has the cross of St. ...orge, on an argent field with a royal ...own in the centre. The balance repre...nts a Buffalo on a green field. ...seal of the new Province has been ...ceived in excellent taste, and will, we ...assured, be executed by our clever ...ow citizen in a manner to do credit to ...recognized talents.

Miss Jennie Wilmore's Combination.

Miss Jennie Wilmore, or we beg the lady's ...don, Miss Bijou Jennie (for she is a ...fect little jewel on the stage) Wilmore's ...ndon Burlesque Combination gave their ...performance in the Music Hall last ...ht to a crammed house. The perfor...nce from first to last was simply the ...that has ever been given in Ottawa. ...fact stared you in the face from the ...the comedy was fairly developed ...the termination of the ridiculous ...lesque, that the company embraced ...ent of the highest order; male ...female performers of experience ...ability, and in the case of Mr. Wynd...m Clark, the Scottish vocalist, of a tenor ...ice hard to be surpassed on this conti...nt or any other, it may truthfully be said. ...performance began by the comedy of ..."Orphans, or Joshua Alphonse, the ...ndescript." A more enjoyable piece of ...ting on the part of Mr. Felix Rogers, ...Joshua Alphonse, Shakespeare, the ec...ntric and tragic crossing sweeper, and ...Miss Jennie Wilmore, the Lancashire lass, ...with a perfect brogue, has not been en...joyed by an Ottawa audience for many a ...long day. Both this actor and actress are ...high up in their profession. The play ...bounded in good opportunities for real ...some play, and was enlivened by excel...nt dancing and pretty songs. The other ...performers were well dressed and well up ...in their characters, which were capitally ...performed. A clog jig by Miss Emma De...voy, a charming young lady, beautifully ...dressed, followed, and elicited an encore. ...Then Mr. Wyndham Clarke, with his won...derful tenor voice, which soon enraptured ...the audience in the song "Pilgrim of ...Love." At its conclusion an encore was ...given him that seldom falls to the lot of a ...vocalist, and in response he sang the ..."Death of Nelson," which is an effort on ...his part that must be heard to be appre...ciated. To another furious encore he fav...ored the audience with "Auld Lang Syne." ...To hear the singing of this gifted vocalist ...is worth ten times the price of admission. ...Next followed the burlesque of "Pygmal...ion, or the beautiful Statue Fair," full of ...good puns and witticisms. Space will not ...permit of a history of the plot; suffice it ...to say that Miss Jennie Wilmore is a mar...ble statue cut by Pygmalion, a renowned ...sculptor (Miss Kate O'Neill), who falls ...desperately in love with it. Cupid (Miss ...Hattie Hicks) imbues it with life, but no ...heart, and after sundry tantalizing love ...scenes, returns the love of Pygmalion, who ...is of course made correspondingly ...happy. The statue scene is a ...beautiful one. A ballet danse at the ...opening of the burlesque is admirably ...performed by Miss Annie Blake and Miss ...Emma Devoy. Miss Kate O'Neil, who is a ...great Montreal favorite, made a charming ...Pygmalion, and used her fine voice, in the ...many songs she sung, with great effect. ...Mr. Felix Rogers is throughout the piece ...irresistibly comic, cracking a joke or dan...cing a break down with equal zest. Mr. J. ...Sanford, as the Princess Mandane, an old ...maid, displays good acting and a capital ...make up. Miss Jennie Wilmore is a be-witching little thing with a rich voice and happy manner. Mr. J. H. Huntley proved himself to be a good actor as well as an indefatigable agent. Mr. Pritchard made a very imposing general. Miss Devoy danced prettily and well, and was heartily encored several times. Some capital local hits were introduced which created a perfect furore, actually endangering the roof of the building so uproarious was the applause. The celebrated "Shoo Fly" chorus ends the admirable performance with a smack. To-night the programme is entirely changed.

DIED.

On the 2nd instant, Francis Patrick Joseph, infant son of Thomas and Bridget T. Grimes, aged 10 months.

The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock to-day, from the residence of T. Grimes, Duke street, Le Breton's Flat. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

MUSIC HALL.

Wednesday August 3, 1870.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT.

THE GREAT

LONDON BURLESQUE COMBINATION,

Headed by the wonderful Artiste,

Miss Jennie Wilmore,

From the New Royalty, Princess's, New Adelphi, Drury Lane, and Principal Theatres through Great Britian.

Miss KATTIE O'NEIL,
Miss HATTIE HICKS,
Miss ANNIE BLAKE,
Miss EMMA DEVOY,
Madame OPERTI

Mr. Windham Clark,

The new Scotch Tenor, from Exeter Hall and Covent Garden, London.

Mr. J SANDFORD,
J H HUNTLEY,
SPENCER PRITCHARD,
A H HUNTLY,
A L COOKE,
J LANGLY.

Mr. Felix Rogers,

Of the new Adelphi, London. This gentleman, in conjunction with Miss JENNIE WILMORE, have had the honor of appearing by command before Her Majesty the Queen, H R H the Prince of Wales, and most of the English nobility.

The Orchestra will be conducted by

Signor Operti,

Pianist to His Majesty Victor Emanuel 2nd King of Italy.

THIS WEDNESDAY evening the performance will commence with the laughable Farce entitled:

MR. AND MRS. PETER WHITE.

During the farce operatic selections.

Dance "*A la Bonfanti,*" *By Miss Jennie Wilmore and Felix Rogers.*

Song from Martha "Fair winds that's blowing," Mr. Wyndham Clark.

Clog Jig, Miss Emma Devoy.

To conclude with the Original Burlesque

THE BOHEMIAN GIRL, FROM BALFES OPERA.

Admission—Dress circle 50cts., Gallery 37½ cts, pit 25 cts.

Doors open at 7:30, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Ottawa, August 1. 1423-td

AN ENGLISH LADY Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.

Address, L. B.— Post Office, Levis, Quebec.

August 3. 1424-3

WALTHAM WATCHES.

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 4 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 1-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397-3mod

WANTED. An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.

Address by letter— Box 394, Ottawa Post Office.

August 2. 142-1w

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.

July 28th, 1870. 1419-4

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company Wellington street.

Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON, Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

WANTED A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address— Box, 179, Ottawa Post Office.

Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE.
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY, AND Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO., GENERAL DEALERS —IN— FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY, 31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870. 1334-3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Ottawa, 7 July, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company have this day deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the city of Ottawa, a duplicate map or plan, and book of reference of the proposed extention of the line of the said Railway, under the authority of 31 Vic., Cap. 39, and of its course and direction, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor; so far as ascertained, and have also deposited copies of such map or plan, and book of reference, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Carleton.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, St. L & O R C.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know,
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon,

The steam saw Mill known as Lemay's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 8,000 to 10,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at 1 rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and contains three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1416-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, Petewawa
" 97, "
" 160, "

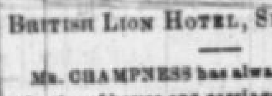
Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street, H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, *Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa*

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms - Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES, AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats, *For 1s 3d.*

Fashionable New Plait, *For 1s 6d.*

Fashionable Cloth Jackets, *For 6s 3d*

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER R H P SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO., 14 SPARKS STREET, Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

WAR To the knife on the prices of the POLAR REFRIGERATOR We will after this sell the $30 size for $24. This is a bargain that house-keepers should look sharp after. Wire Dish Covers, Baskets, Lamps, Coal Oil Baths Cook Stoves, Jelly Moulds, Brushes, everything you want for house-keeping, you can find at ESMONDES.

We desire to draw particular attention to our work shop, gutters, eve-troughs, and all sorts of outside work done with despatch, as well as any other orders we may receive for tin, iron, or plumbing work We work 20 per cent below any other house in Ottawa

Sale Agency for the CHALLENGE FILTER of the world, The Kedzie Filter the only durable and reliable one manufactured.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870. 1419-tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL, No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN, ASSISTED BY *An Efficient Staff of Teachers.*

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870. 41-5

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS!* HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS, Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS,

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

1?th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $6.00 per dozen.

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI,

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER FROM PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, WELLINGTON STREET, MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made, by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 24th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs. Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400-tf

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

... Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOHN S. KENNEDY of the Village of Metcalfe, in the County of Carleton,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, CHARLES BAILLIE of the City of Montreal, Accountant, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

A meeting of the Creditors of above named Insolvent will be held at my Office, 401 Notre Dame street Montreal, on MONDAY, fifteenth day of AUGUST next, at FOUR o'clock in the afternoon for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering the affairs of the Estate generally.

The said Insolvent is hereby notified to attend said meeting.

CHAS. BAILLIE, Assignee.

Montreal, 11th July, 1870. 1407 2w

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA, HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent

1407 3m

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, August 3, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

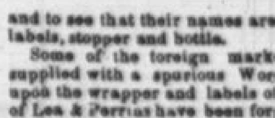
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

Mc DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2000 lbs. per ton) be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

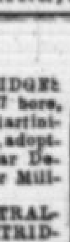
Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of .450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1331tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a. m. and Ottawa at 4 p. m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412-6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle!

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
A. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House. Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D, EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1339 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 16 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS

TRADE-MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by Druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $ per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

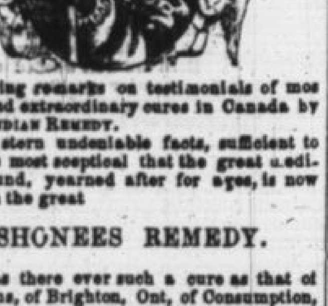
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

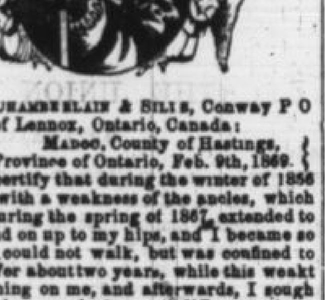
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street;

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS
MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

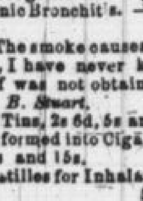
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and certainess.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premium. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p.m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1?0tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

S. Z. EARLE, LD.

St. John, N.B.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville, and Coaticook only, at 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

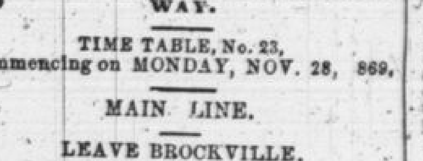
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.15 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.15 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.0 p m, connecting there with steamers *Empror* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20 Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

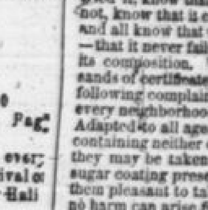
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS So.—That is all who have other used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



Sold by all Druggists.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 38, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1425. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

Offers for sale at VERY-LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Birdseed and their Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Courvoisier Brandies, Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, *Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle*, improved by age.

CANADIAN WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND MALT WHISKEY,

... over, at extremely low prices.

... Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...

... Irish Whiskey.

... Irish Potteen.

... and London Porter, pts and qts.

... and other Ales.

... and Syrups, all grades.

... choice ...

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... 1105

GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

... liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

... BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

July 1, 1870 1147tf

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ..., Manager. 1141tf

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

... not to be equalled by any other, for ... kinds of Soft Soap, without either ... Soap, and some of them of a ...

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made ... matter, and even to walk after him in ... roads or fields, without the slightest ... horse. All accomplished in one day. ... for CORNS at a cheap rate, without ... person. ... WARTS on your hands or face. They ... in a short time without injury to the ... slightest. ... such diseases: Rheumatism of ... can be cured in less than a week ... any kind of medicine in the inside. ... troubled with the Gravel.

... Bowel Complaints can be cured ... less than twenty hours. Also, by a ...

... inflicted with any such disease ... application to F. MARTIN. ... season, as the best time to ...

... be agents can make application ... other valuable articles to ...

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

... WARE

... CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all ... Ladies, Misses, and Childrens ... and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals ... Gents English and French imported ... and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. ... desire a comfortable fitting Boot will ... and leave their orders, which will be ... at the shortest notice. All work done ... Workmen in my establishment. I ... particular in choosing and manufacturing ... ware for the Farming and ... community by whom I am so largely ... and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

... NOTICE.

... OF THE LISTS

... the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA

... ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

... persons at a distance to complete the ... relating to their APPLICATIONS ... the Profits above referred to, all ... which may be PERFECTED on or ...

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

... included in the Lists of the closing year.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager

... THOUSAND DOLLARS t... city and country property, in sums of ... at a low rate of interest and ... very and advantageous terms to the ...

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor.

... nearly opposite the Post Office ... to the Custom House. 1367 3m

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W. McKAY WRIGHT d&w F C CLEMOW.

J. ... late of the firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel house, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, & Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Adims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Berbingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION

All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.

Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1289.3 y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL "PAINTING," GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

[ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, June 11, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to

JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
......	11.30	......	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	......	11.00	4.30
6.00	......	......	Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......
......	11.30	......	Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B., by Train	......	11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30	......	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S. and all places west of Prescott	......	11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30	......	United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	......	11.00	6.30
6.00	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	......	......	4.30
6.00	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00	......	6.30
......	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	......	......	......
6.00	11.00	12.15	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.00
7.30	......	4.30	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	......	11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Barritt's Rapids	......	11.00	4.30
6.00	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	......	......	......
......	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	......	......	5.00
......	......	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	11.30	......

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

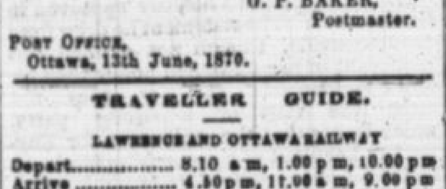
Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG

Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tl

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.................. 850 miles

Grand Trunk to Detroit.................. 738 do

Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.................. 730 do

Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.................. 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1132tl

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

☞ SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes,	18½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.

30 DOZ. Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SIKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

☞ *It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.*

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainscoke, Book, &c, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1366y

T. G COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1466y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 10th May, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it is among other things, in effect enacted by the 58 Sec. of the Act 31 Victoria, Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," that the Importer of Wheat, Maize, or other grain, may grind and pack the same in bond, provided such grinding and packing be done and conducted under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Governor in Council, may from time to time make for this purpose; and that the same Regulations may extend to the substitution of flour and meal in quantities equivalent to the produce of such Wheat, Maize or other grain.

His Excellency, the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Honble. the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the grinding and packing of wheat, maize and other grain, in bond, shall be done and conducted under the Regulations and Restrictions following, viz:

1st. The Collector of Customs, at any Port of Entry, shall receive entries of foreign wheat, maize or other grain, to be ground and packed in bond, for exportation or consumption, and such Collector shall deliver or cause to be delivered such Wheat, Maize or other grain to be forwarded on to the Port of destination, where may be situated the Mill or Mills at which the said Wheat, Maize or other grain is to be ground and packed in bond, as by law permitted.

2nd. The Wheat, Maize or other grain shall be so forwarded under bonds to be taken either by the Collector at the Port of Entry, or by the Collector at the Port of destination, as may best suit the convenience of the Importer, which bonds shall be taken for an amount that will cover the duties chargeable upon the said Wheat, Maize or other grain, and be conditioned for the due payment of such duties, should such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the quantity of flour and Meal representing such Wheat, Maize or other grain, go into consumption, or for the due exportation of such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the equivalent thereof in flour and Meal, and on proof of the payment of such duties or of the due exportation as aforesaid within one year from the date of the said Bond or Bonds, the said Bonds shall be duly cancelled; and if such bonds shall be given at the Port of destination, a certificate of such payment or exportation under the hand of the Collector of Customs of such Port, shall be forwarded to the Collector of the Port of Entry at which such Wheat, Maize or other grain shall have been imported, or entered for manufacture in Bond.

WM. H. LEE,
1385 3 Clerk Privy Council.

The Passion Play at Oberammergan.

I entered into a low, very long hall, crowded full of people, and found myself among the actors already performing. By a table sat, with the present pastor, the former one, the venerable Daisinberger, to whom the text owes its present form and arrangement. One of the chief citizens had the book before him, and followed the text. I withdrew into a window-niche, and soon became completely absorbed in the unwonted spectacle. This was quite different from an ordinary play: the seriousness of the subject, and the thrilling tragedy which is the motive of the whole, free it from all the haste, inattention, and restlessness which belong to other rehearsals. The participants do not think for a moment that they are acting something outside of themselves but express their own simple feeling without any art or study. Just in this complete unconstraint, and truth to nature, consists the power over their audience.

No manager watches over the course of the scenes; there is no need of one. All listened attentively, with silent sympathy, and spoke or acted their part at the right moment. It was scarcely necessary for the director to notice once or twice a slight omission. Every sentence was spoken without hesitation, at the exact moment; every emotion was distinct; and, in spite of the comparitively small room, even the scenes where great numbers took part were executed with a repose and security which excited my astonishment. As, for example, the taking of Jesus prisoner at the Mount of Olives, and the falling back of the soldiers, terrified at his advance, who really, as if struck by lightning, fell down in perfect order; while, apart from the words of the dialogue, not a single syllable had been uttered, nor a single sign given. The explanation is simple: neither vanity, nor desire of gain, bring the players together; they feel a moral obligation upon them, and so enter soul and body into the matter. And, besides, the Passion Play, as a whole, as well as in each single scene, in its form and in the interpretation of it, is common property, firmly fixed through tradition, living on in the minds of the inhabitants. So that we can say without exaggeration a great proportion of the actors know, not only all the parts, but also the form and manner in which each should be played, as every group, every position, has its historical precedent. And the children, when they succeed to the younger and then the more important parts, already know and understand them. So that each individual has only to reproduce a delineation of character already approved of as the true one. This remark applies also to the accessories, which are the wonder of all connoisseurs of the stage, and to the very complicated tableaux. And this astonishment is all the more justifiable, when we consider the immense number of people engaged in the play; for it contains one hundred and four speaking parts for men, and fifteen for women. Including the mute parts, some two hundred and fifty children, the choir of angels, the orchestra, the workmen, the director, etc., there is a company of almost five hundred people—more than half the inhabitants of the village.

It is an inviolable rule, that only those belonging to the village by birth or citizenship shall take part in the performance. And, when it is difficult to find all the necessary qualifications, no great help can be expected from strangers, who have not grown up amid all the associations connected with the play.—*From an account of the rehearsal, the present year, in an article in the August number of "Old and New."*

An English paper says:—The Wimbledon volunteer week, with its healthy exhibitions of pluck and skill, has again arrived, and merits the cordial greeting which has now become a pleasant custom. Life under canvass seems romantic; yet, like love in a cottage, it is a romance in supposition rather than reality. When the gloss of novelty has departed, the form of existence which appeared so fascinating, is found to have many disagreeable drawbacks. The volunteer, however, does his work with the spirit of a man who has his heart in it, and he is ready to re-visit Wimbledon after he has learned what camp life really is. At each annual gathering the numbers are always in excess of the preceeding year. It will soon be a national boast that the flower of the youth of the United Kingdom has had personal experience of life in a camp, and of the duties of soldiers. The shooting for the prizes commenced on July 11. At 600 yards the following marksmen made the highest scores for the Alexandra prizes: Sergeant Danger, 4th Somerset, 20, took first prize; Sergeant Plenderleph, 1st Peebles, scored 19, and took second prize; Sergeant Pritchard, 7th Monmouth, 18, and took third prize. At 500 yards, Sergeant Albert, 1st Warwick, scored 20, and took first prize; Bouverie, Cambridge University, 19, second prize; Evans, of same corps, 19, third prize. There were five other 19's, twenty-four 18's, and twenty 17's. Enfield Nursery competition has also closed; the three chief prizes were won by Corporal Willows, who scored 18; Evans, Cambridge University, 18; and Sergeant Smith, 1st Cambridge, 18; also there were nine 17's, and thirteen 16's. Among the breech loading competitors, one volunteer scored 100 with 39 shots in two minutes, with a Soper-Henry rifle, at the running deer target. Lord Goderich made some excellent practice. The competition continues steadily. Walmsley and Pink are at a score of 19 for the St. George's Challenge Vase; Lieutenant Porteous, 15th Middlesex, has headed them, having scored 20. Ensign Charles Green, 3rd Somerset, has made another 10 for the *Telegraph* prize; but Trotter's score ranks first. Private Quarter, 18th Berkshire, has scored 19 for the Windmill prize.

The Mayor of Montgomery, Ala., in the case of a negro charged with petty larceny sustained the point that a pinchbeck breastpin, won in a "gift enterprize," was not the lawful property of the reputed owner, and that to take it was not theft.

In tearing to pieces some portion of a house in Dover, N. H., recently, for repairs, sixtyseven cards of friction matches were found deposited round the chimney, supposed to have been carried there by rats. The conbustible substance had been eaten off.

The *Levant Herald* announces that the first class of reserves have been called under arms. This, with the regular force, makes the Turkish army 300,000 strong. The policy of Turkey is absolute neutrality.

At the late Indian attack on a passenger train, on the Pacific Railroad, the savages, to blockade the road, tied a lot of extra ponies to the rails, but the engineer put on extra steam, and dashed through the picketed animals, killing about fifty of them.

A return match between the St. Marys and Avon Locrosse clubs of Stratford, came off on Tuesday, on the Stratford cricket ground, resulting in a draw.

On Friday last the Clinton Eleven played a match against the Stratford Club on the ground of the latter. Statfords were winners by a large number of runs.

A cricket match between the Lindsay and Peterboro Clubs took place on the ground of the former club on Thursday afternoon last, and resulted in victory for the Lindsay team.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Music Hall to-night—Wilmore Troupe.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall.
Italian Bees—John Henderson.
Cook Stoves—Esmonde Bros.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1870.

Dr. Schultz and Dr. Lynch have started on their way to Winnipeg. They go by the British route and expect to overtake the expedition. We wish them a safe and pleasant journey.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur attended by Colonel Elphinstone and Lieutenant Pickard, arrived at Osborne House on the 19th ult. His Royal Highness was received at the pier head at Cowes, by the Queen in person.

A writer in an American Magazine *Old and New* gives an interesting account of the late Fenian raid. He says that a large number of the invaders were veterans of the late civil war. However they could not stand the determined courage and close firing of our Canadian soldiers.

It is hard to be spurned and cast aside by old friends, and perhaps it is even more galling to be treated with scorn and contempt by a man whose support one has cringed and plotted to obtain. The Toronto *Globe* of Tuesday says that Mr. McDougall's opinion is "evidently pretty much regulated by the side of the fence he happens at the time to occupy." Poor Mr. McDougall!

The *Cambria's* sails are quite unfit for match sailing, consequent on two season's severe work and the recent Atlantic race. In order to give her a better chance for the race of Monday week, her owner has ordered a new staysail, foresail, and mainsail from Mr. Wilson, the well-known sailmaker of New York. Mr. Ashbury is by no means sanguine as to his chances for the coveted '57 cup, unless it blows hard, and thereby enables the *Cambria* to get clear of the smaller craft, which, in light winds, will in all probability beat the *Cambria*, quite apart from any time allowance.

Under the heading a "Queer mistake" the Buffalo *Commercial* has the following:—"A great mistake has been made, it is feared, in locating the St. Clair Flat Ship Canal, now in process of construction by the Government. It was intended that the canal should be entirely within the bounds of the United States; but, on the contrary, it is found to be wholly within the Dominion of Canada. Our Government has expended in improving the St. Clair Flats $720,000, the greater portion of which, we believe, has been used on this canal. We are unable to state how the mistake occurred, or who made it; but it certainly calls into question the geographical knowledge or engineering skill of somebody."

THE CAUGHNAWAGA CANAL.

In a few days our citizens will have an opportunity of giving expression to their views, with reference to the construction of the Caughnawaga canal, the object of which, as our readers are aware, is to connect the waters of the river St. Lawrence with those of Lake Champlain, by a more direct route than at present exists. Now timber from Ottawa to Burlington, Troy, &c., has to be floated down the St. Lawrence past Montreal, to Sorel, and from thence up the Richelieu, a distance of more than 100 miles, with something like 175 feet of lockage. By the proposed canal the distance from the St. Lawrence to the navigable waters at the head of Lake Champlain, would be about 30 miles, with lockage of from 25 to 37½ feet according to the line of route adopted. Now, timber is taken down the St. Lawrence, and then brought up the Richelieu to a higher level than that of the first named river near Caughnawaga. We believe that the cost of constructing the canal is estimated at between $3,000,000, and $4,000,000. There is no section of the country which would be likely to be more considerably benefitted by this work than our own, but as it seems to, us the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal would be attended with highly beneficial results to the country at large. Any work which encourages home enterprise, and at the same time attracts a foreign commerce, into our waters, must be a boon to the entire community. Every barrel of American flour and every bushel of American wheat which passes through Canadian canals, must add something to the revenue of the country, and thus promote the general welfare of Canada. The Caughnawaga canal in addition to the immense benefits which it would confer upon the Ottawa lumber districts, would attract western trade down the St. Lawrence in preference to any other route. The breadstuffs imported from the Western States into New England would be brought through it, the superior cheapness of the route being such as to defy competition. It would also render thoroughly complete the chain of water communication from the upper lakes by the St. Lawrence to New York, and thus help to make that noble river the great thoroughfare to the Atlantic for the Western States of America as well as for the Western portion of the Dominion. This being the case it must as a natural consequence follow, that the financial results would be of great advantage to Government, because the more the traffic of the St. Lawrence is increased, so the tolls arising from our canals must also be increased, and the public revenue be augmented in proportion.

Mr. McAlpine, an American Engineer of considerable experience in canal matters, has published the following comparative table, showing that the route by way of the Caughnawaga Canal must of necessity be cheaper than any other.

His figures are as follows:

First—From Chicago to New York by the way of the lake to Buffalo, the Erie Canal, and the Hudson river to New York.

	By sailing vessels.	By steam vessels.
From Chicago to Buffalo, 914 miles Lake navigation, at 2 and 3¼ mills	$1.83	$3.20
From Buffalo to West Troy, 353 miles Canal navigation, at 8 mills	2.82	2.82
From West Troy to New York, 151 miles River navigation, at 3 and 5 mills	0.45	0.76
Transferring cargo at Buffalo	0.20	0.20
1418 miles	$5.30	$6.98

Second—From Chicago to New York by the way of the Lakes and Welland Canal to Oswego, and thence by the Oswego and Erie Canals and the Hudson River to New York.

	By sailing vessels.	By steam vessels.
From Chicago to Oswego, 1057 miles Lake navigation, 2 and 3¼ mills	$2.11	$3.70
Additional expense on the Welland Canal, 28 miles, 3 mills	0. 8	0. 8
From Oswego to West Troy, 202 miles Canal navigation, 8 mills	1.62	1.62
From West Troy to New York, 151 miles River navigation, 3 and 5 mills	0.45	0.76
Transferring cargo at Oswego	0.20	0.20
1410 miles	$4.46	$6.36

Third.—From Chicago to New York by the way of the Lakes, the Welland, St. Lawrence, Caughnawaga and Champlain Canals and the Hudson River to New York.

	By sail vessels.	By steam vessels.
From Chicago to New York, 1632 miles, at 2 and 3¼ mills	$3.26	$5.71
Additional expenses on the Welland, St. Lawrence, Caughnawaga and Champlain Canals, 167 miles, 3 mills	0.50	0.50
1632 miles	$3.76	$6.21

Thus we see that from a national and non-sectional point of view, we cannot fail to favour the construction of the proposed canal. The advantages which it would afford to the people of this district are so obvious, that a mere glance at the map will be sufficient to make them evident. This enterprise is no new scheme; it was mooted as far back as 1846, when Mr. Mill, an engineer of high standing and reputation, pointed out the benefits which it would confer on the country at large and on Ottawa in particular. In reference to it he said in his report:

"But the importance of this canal is not confined to a consideration of mere revenue, or as the means of transport for American product and merchandise. The lumber trade of Upper Canada generally, and of the Ottawa in particular, would be most essentially benefitted by its construction. For all sawed lumber the United States offers the best market, and it could be conveyed thither from any portion of the upper lakes, or from the Ottawa River below Bytown, without transhipment, thus adding materially to its value.

We believe that at the meeting to be held here, the Honorable John Young will be present, and from his intimate acquaintance with the subject, we have no doubt that much valuable information will be furnished by him. We cannot too warmly commend the efforts which this gentleman has made to develope the internal resources of Canada, more especially the improvement of its canal system. We only wish he would abandon his favorite Utopian idea of Canadian independence, and devote his whole attention to such subjects of public importance as the CAUGHNAWAGA CANAL.

THE HALIFAX CHRONICLE AND THE CANADIAN VOLUNTEERS.

The Halifax *Chronicle* which for years has done nothing but abuse Canada and all things Canadian, has now assumed a new *role*. It pretends to be very jealous for the honour of Canada! Anything which by any possible stretch of the imagination can be construed into an affront to the people of this country, always providing that it is not perpetrated by an American, excites the indignation of this exceedingly sensitive journal! It is now terribly exercised because the Earl of Carnarvon's proposed vote of thanks to the Canadian army was withdrawn, calls the members of the House of Lords "a callous, insolent pack of British legislators, who care more for a petty county squabble than for the dangers and distresses of colonists," and loudly calls upon the people of Canada to sever the tie which connects us with the Mother Country, and set up as an independent power.

The Halifax *Chronicle* is certainly the last journal in the world which has any right to assume the championship of our loyal and patriotic volunteers. A journal which has, during the last four or five years, been constantly heaping insults upon the people of this country, which has encouraged Butler and other Yankee fillibusters of the same stripe in their underhanded efforts to annex Prince Edward Island to the United States, which has thrown open its columns to John Stiles, the paid agent of the Washington Government, and has openly advocated annexation sentiments, is certainly not the one which the people of this country would select to represent their feelings or to assert their rights. We gave Mr. Annand credit for more sense than to suppose he would have written such an amount of twaddle as he has done upon this subject. Of course, he could have but one object in doing so, viz., to deceive the people of Nova Scotia. But has he such a poor opinion of their common sense and discernment as to suppose that they are to be deceived by such shallow artifices and pretences as he adopts? There is no one in Nova Scotia or out of it who knows anything of Mr. Annand or his organ who can be persuaded for a moment to believe that either one or the other has any real regard for the credit of Canada, or would at all object to see us insulted and slighted. All must understand that the great object for which the *Chronicle* is published is to bring about the annexation of Nova Scotia to the United States. Lately public feeling has waxed so strong against it, that the *Chronicle* has been compelled to change its tactics. Now, it is none the less traitorous and unpatriotic than before; it has become more subtle; *now* it argues in favour of Independence, which it is perfectly well aware would in the end bring about annexation. The withdrawal of Lord Carnarvon's motion is seized upon as a means of exciting a hostile feeling against England in the minds of Nova Scotians, and the *Chronicle*, instead of telling the truth about the matter, tries to make them believe that an intentional slight has been perpetrated, and endeavours to make them as un-English and as thorough going Yankee as itself.

The *Chronicle* rejoices in the belief that the withdrawal of Lord Carnarvon's motion will immensely strengthen the Independence cause. We do not for a moment believe that this will prove to be the case. The Earl of Carnarvon has ever shown himself a true friend to the Colonies, and is entitled to the highest respect and esteem of all Canadians. Under the circumstances, however, and in view of the immense respect which the members of the House of Lords have for an established precedent, it was not altogether wise on his part to introduce the resolution which he did. But after he had done so, it would have been only gracious on the part of the Lords to have allowed the motion to pass, even if their extreme conservative sentiments and love of old established customs were a little shocked in consequence. The late Fenian raid may have seemed a trifling affair to people at home, more especially as it was so soon brought to a conclusion; but it should be remembered that our volunteers, most of whom had never seen a shot fired in anger, went forward to meet men, many of whom were veteran soldiers, and that almost alone and unassisted they risked their lives, not only in the defence of their own homes, but to protect the honor of the British flag. Under these circumstances, and bearing in mind how much our volunteers risked, and how readily they turned out at the call of duty, we think the Lords might have strained a point to do their honour. Still we do not believe that the Independence cause will be strengthened as the *Chronicle* imagines. The action of the House of Lords was not by any means intended as a slight to Canada, and the thanks of the Queen and of the Imperial government which have already been officially tendered to our soldiers, may be accepted as proof that the loyalty and patriotism of the Canadian volunteers have been recognized and appreciated. Neither the Halifax *Chronicle* nor its New York *confreres* and fellow labourers in the cause of annexation, will be able to arouse any hostility to Great Britain among the people of this country by trying to misrepresent this matter. We can tell the *Chronicle* one thing that will greatly *injure* the Independence cause, and serve to open the eyes of the people of Nova Scotia as to what are the natural results of the success of the independence movement: viz: the fact that the *Chronicle* an avowed annexation organ, which for years has been leaning towards Fenianism and every other "ism" upon this continent which was antagonistic to Britain, is now the avowed champion of Independence. This fact alone is sufficient to condemn the movement in the eyes of every true Canadian; for not until we "gather figs of thistles" will anything but treason against the British Empire in general, and Nova Scotia in particular, be found in the columns of the Halifax *Chronicle*.

The 12th at Huntley.

A correspondent sends us an account of the manner in which the 12th of July was observed by the Orangemen of Huntley and the vicinity.

The members of Carp Lodge and Third Line Lodge, numbering in all about 500, met at the Drill Shed at Third Line. An impressive sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Sinclair, after which all partook of a substantial lunch, the Carp Lodge being the guests of the Third Line Lodge. Addresses were then delivered by the Reeve, Mr. Caldwell; Capt Holmes, M.P.; and Richard Kidd, Esq., J.P.; after which three cheers were given for the Queen, and then all those who were inclined enjoyed themselves, by "tripping on the light fantastic toe." Altogether it was one of the most agreeable and happy meetings that ever took place in the Township, and three cheers were then given for the Queen and the Royal family.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

The Bishop of St. Hyacinthe is expected from Rome early in August.

A woman's Suffrage Convention is to be held at Niagara Falls in August.

The editor of the St. Catharines *Times* was assaulted on Saturday morning.

A regatta on Lake Muskoka is proposed.

Burglary in St. Thomas on Friday morning.

Dr. Yates has been appointed surgeon to the depot companies in Kingston.

More Papal Zouaves are on their way home to Montreal.

Halifax calls 90° in the shade a "melter." What would it say to 102°?

St. John, N. B., is exercised over a quarrel among a number of pic-nickers.

Hameltown, Huron, is enjoying an extraordinarily large supply of raspberries.

London the little boasts that an auctioneer in that city has so much to do that he has worn out two hammers.

Great fires are raging in the County of York, N. B.

A Protestant institution for deaf mutes is to be established near Montreal.

Wood is scarce in London the little, at $4.50 per cord.

The corner stone of a new Masonic Hall was laid at the village of Harrowsmith, with Masonic honors, on the 28th July.

The Labrador fleet are arriving at Halifax with full fares. The schooner *Victor* has arrived at that port with twelve hundred quintalls, having been only thirty seven days on her trip.

Edward, a son of Riley Hitchcock, of Magog, employed in the saw mill owned by Messrs. Wadleigh & Beecher, was caught on a shaft and carried round with it, breaking both legs and one arm, and injuring him so that he lived but half an hour.

BRIEF NOTES.

Diamonds have recently increased in value 7 or 8 per cent.

A frisky youth of 63, at Erie, Pa., has ensnared the affections of a gushing maiden of 74, and they have eloped.

To-day there are but two capital offences in the penal code of Great Britain. In the last half century there were 170 capital offences.

In Boston a saloon displays a placard on which is "No religious discussions allowed here."

The opium revenue in India, for the year 1867-8, was just under nine millions sterling.

The railway between Bombay and Calcutta has been opened for through traffic.

Lord Russell once said that he did not know what it was to be in debt till he became Premier.

Catharine Beecher is 70 years of age; Alice Carey, 48; Fanny Fern, 60; and Harriet Beecher Stowe, 56.

It is stated that the late Mark Lemon has left an account of *Punch* behind him, which is likely to be published.

The frontispiece of *Blarney*, the new comic paper in Dublin, shows the Blarney stone, and all the world rushing to kiss it.

In China the visiting cards are square pieces of red paper, the name being printed in one corner.

A Queen's messenger was sent direct from Windsor to Ems with an autograph letter from Her Majesty to the King of Prussia, earnestly urging upon him to take all posible means to avoid a war.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

Office:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

LONDON, Aug. 3rd.—It is rumored to-day that negotiations are pending to keep open the ports of Bremen and Hamburg during the war.

It is said that the United States as well England is urging this.

A new revolving canon has been tried at Valance, and has proved a great success. It is spoken of as doing terrible execution at a distance of 5,000 yards.

The Danish press is favorable towards France.

Dutch troops now occupy Harlem and Utrecht, and various points on the Yssel.

VIENNA, Aug. 3.—The Austrian press is jubilant over the abrogation of the Concordat.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—Two merchants of good standing absconded to-day. It was subsequently ascertained that they had overdrawn their bank accounts to the amount of £20,000 each.

LONDON, Aug. 3rd.—The *Standard*, this morning, speaking of the *Alabama* claims, hoped that England's neutrality in the present war may be less ambiguous than during the American struggle.

England is constantly shipping horses for the seat of war, which are immediately forwarded to the seat of war.

The disappointment at Mr. Gladstone's failure to make a positive declaration to protect Belgium on Monday night seems far more general, and even more indignant, than was yesterday described. Throughout the speech the House had an air of painful waiting, changing at its close to one of dissatisfaction. To-day the people are no longer silent. Liberals and Conservatives complain bitterly that the Government fails to comprehend the determination of the people, and that Mr. Gladstone's economical and sentimental shrinking from war threatens to participate England into the very conflict he seeks to avert.

The *Daily News* of to-day calls his response prompt and satisfactory, adding that his language was not as unreserved as Lord Russell's, but was as clear and unmistakable. Lord Granville said at some future time he might be more specific; he could not be more intelligible, and even Lord Russell professed himself satisfied.

The complaints of the German press on England's irresolute policy and imperfect neutrality are felt to be just. Influential Liberals have already represented to the Government the danger of deserving the same reproach from Prussia as from the U. S., and urging that some decided step be taken, or some clear declaration made, both as to Belgium and the operation of the Neutrality Acts.

Lord Russell's speech against France represented Liberal feeling far better than Mr Gladstone's, and was heartily approved in both Houses. The statement he drew from Lord Granville, though not explicit, was significant of more decided policy than before announced; still it does not meet the view of a strong party, which insists that the only way for England to keep out of the war is by frank assertion of her readiness to enter it when necessary. Nobody here cares anything about the shadowy possibilities of future mediation which seem so alluring to Mr. Gladstone. Hence the journals friendly to Government press Granville's word, beyond their literal sense, and insist that they mean all the country wants them to mean.

Recurring to Monday's debate, same paper says, armed neutrality, in conjunction with another great power, cannot but have a menacing significance; but Disraeli only gave utterance to the prevailing sentiment in Parliament and out of doors, when he insisted on neutrality being in a condition to make itself respected.

A despatch from Paris says that £300 sterling is paid for substitutes, and they are scarce at that.

The *Daily News* of this morning says the French Government has declined the services of Lee and Beauregard.

Horses are said to be scarce both in Germany and France. The Germans need them for cavalry, and the French for artillery.

BERLIN, Aug. 3rd—The following official reconnoissance was made yesterday by a party of Baden light-horse and Prussian hussars:—A force engaged a party of French scouts near Stargardbrun; one officer killed and several wounded on the French side. Two Prussians slightly wounded.

The Prussian Government has submitted a levy *en masse* to defend the coast.

VERSAILLES, Aug. 3.—Several public buildings in this city have been given up as depositories for ammunition.

Yesterday the Count Bariely escaped.

PARIS, July 3.—French journals contain an account of the Saarbruck affair. The French troops passed the frontier at 11 o'clock, and encountered some Prussians strongly posted on the heights commanding Saarbruck, which were carried by a few battalions. The capture of the town instantly followed.

Gen. Froissard, with one division, defeated three divisions of the enemy. The French artillery set fire to the town, which was more than half consumed.

The Emperor on his return to Metz sent the following despatch to the Empress:—"Louis has received his baptism of fire. He was admirably cool and little impressed. A division of Frossard's command carried the Saarbruck. Louis and I were in front, where the bullets fell about us. Louis keeps a ball he picked up. The soldiers wept at his tranquility.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—The following official despatch is published yesterday: A small detachment stationed at Saarbruck was attacked by three French divisions. After a sharp action the position was abandoned, the Prussians falling back on their supports. The loss was trifling.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Despatches from Amsterdam confirm the report of the engagement at Saarbruck, but call it a *coup de theatre* to act on Paris without any military value.

A large force of Wurtemberg troops arrived in the vicinity of Basle to support the Baden troops.

The brother of the King of Denmark is serving in the Austrian army.

The French Government explain to Spain that the camps near the frontier are simply training places for the Garde Mobile.

All arrangements for the evacuation of Rome concluded with Italy.

The Italian Government will issue a declaration giving renewed force to the September Convention affair, now regulating satisfaction to all parties.

The new foreign enlistment Bill, read a second time on Monday, forbids the enlistments of British subjects anywhere or aliens in the kingdom, and makes building, fitting and equipping ships equally criminal. The Secretary of State may issue warrants for their seizure, and the Court of Admiralty may condemn if they escape them. Prizes brought here to be restored.

The clerical party at Paris are making great efforts with the Empress to keep the troops at Rome, considering it improbable that Italy will execute the September Convention.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—M. Cassagnac, editor of the *Pays*, demands reprisals against the Germans in Paris, whom he styles spies, and calls for their expulsion by the populace.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—It is reported that the Pope accepts the situation, and is opening up negotiations with the Italian Government.

HAMBURG, July 3.—The city is crowded. Prussian troops are quartered on the citizens.

VIENNA, July 3.—Austria has an army corps in Bohemia, and another in Moravia.

ST. PETERSBURG.—July 3.—The Russian fleet has sailed for a cruise in the Baltic.

PARIS, July 3.—The *Figaro* claims that the victory at Saarbruck is of great importance. The position commands the valley of Saar, and the railway to Treves is now valueless to Prussia.

All accounts coincide as to the destructiveness of the mitrailleuse.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—It is said that the delay in opening the campaign was owing to the renewal of the Emperor's proposals for peace, rejected by Bismarck to-day.

AFTERNOON DESPATCH.

Particulars of the battle of Saarbrucken—Rumoured storming of a town by the French—Death of a French General, &c., &c.

LONDON, August 3.—The following details of affairs at Saarbrucken have been received. The fight began at 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon. The French passed the frontier in force. The Prussians were driven from their strong position by the sharp artillery fire of the French. The latter remained masters of the position, which they won without serious loss.

The Emperor and Prince Imperial witnessed the conflict and returned to Metz to dinner. It is generally admitted by the French that their hesitancy has sacrificed their advantage.

An early start might have overwhelmed Germany, but France is now compelled to act mainly on defensive.

LONDON, August 3.—A rumor is in circulation to-day, to the effect that Weissenberg, a town in the Palatinate, on the border, has been stormed by the French.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—The *Journal Officiel* declares that the present war is not against Germany, nor against King William, but against Bismarck.

The *Journal* regrets that the Prussian King submits to the domination of this violent and unscrupulous Minister.

BERLIN, August 3.—The Prussian Government has summoned a levy en masse to defend the coast.

The *Figaro* announces the death of Gen. Gaugal, commanding a subdivision at Strasbourg.

BERLIN, August 3.—King William, who is now at Mayence, to-day issued a proclamation to the armies of Germany assuming the commandership-in-chief.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 3.

A number of unlicensed carters were summoned before the Police Magistrate this morning, and several of them were fined.

Capt. H. Richardson, a well-known and prominent citizen, and for many years Harbour Master of this place, died last evening.

The annual session of the Ontario Teachers' Association commenced yesterday. Rev. S. S. Nelles of Cobourg, President, read the annual address, and afterwards various educational subjects were discussed.

The *Globe* to-day has a letter from its special correspondent at the seat of war, who is understood to be Gordon Brown.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 3.

This forenoon, shortly after eleven o'clock, two laborers, named Labelle and Juteaux, were killed, and three others seriously injured by the fall of the scaffolding in the new range of buildings now in course of erection at the corner of James and John streets.

Twelve of the Knickerbocker Lacrosse Club of New York are expected in town on the 15th inst. They intend to remain several days, and play some of the leading city clubs.

On Monday evening last a meeting was held in the school house at Hochelaga for the purpose of reorganizing a church association.

Yesterday a man named James Smart, foreman in Molson's brewery, broke one of his legs by falling from the second storey window of his house to the sidewalk.

FLOUR—No business of importance done to-day; market dull and heavy.

A lacrosse match was played last night between the first 12 of the Young Dominion and Young Richmond Clubs, which resulted in favor of the former, who took the first and second games in 23 and 10 minutes respectively.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 3rd.

Mr. Julien has been returned as member of the City Council for St. Roch's Ward by a majority of 57.

Several young girls have received their diplomas as teachers. The examinations were very creditable.

Mr. Kreighoff, the eminent artist, and family, are in town on a vist.

An accident occurred yesterday at the Falls of Montmorency. A gentleman named E. J. Lewis, from Norwich, fell a distance of 75 feet; fortunately his bruises were not serious, a slight lameness being the only result, he was able to leave by train last night.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BUFFALO, Aug. 3.—A young man, named Frank Thorne, jumped from an elevator, 100 feet, into the water, struck on his side and was injured—the doctor says fatally.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Aug.—The main shaft of the Hoosac tunnel has at last reached the grade at a depth of 1,030 feet from the surface. Tunnelling is now going on.

ST. LOUIS, August 3.—A mass meeting of the citizens will be held on Thursday night to consider the propriety of petitioning President Grant on his arrival here to pardon Gen. O'Neill and other Fenians now in prison, for violation of neutrality.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—It is stated that the Secretary of the navy is using every effort to repair our navy.

Five hundred more men are to be engaged at the various navy yards. The work of repairing and remodelling vessels on hand is decided to be vigorously carried on.

The Secretary insists that our navy should have some first-class ships of war built at once. The statement is authorized that the President agrees with the Secretary of the navy in every detail he proposes. He comes here this week to hold a Cabinet meeting on the subject.

NEW YORK, 3rd.—The *World* is very positive in a rumor from Washington, that Secretary Fish will soon resign his seat in the Cabinet, which was at first reluctantly accepted by him, and only for a time, to relieve Mr. Grant from home complications, in which he had been involved.

WAR TOPICS.

A French military correspondent writes that the famous citadel of Antwerp is uninhabitable and indefensible.

The war correspondent of the New York *Tribune* opines as follows:—"The Prussians have hardly yet been able to effect such a concentration of strength as the French have done, and I believe, on the opening of the campaign, either with or without a battle, the Prussians must retire beyond the Rhine."

In New York 900 Prussian recruits have been enrolled at the North German Consulate within the last five days, and 500 have gone to Europe, paying their own passage. The German subscriptions in New York for the sick and wounded Prussian soldiers have reached over $30,000.

The much talked of *mitrailleur* or "hail-thrower," which is to mow down battalions of Prussians in the coming struggle, is receiving a good deal of attention in England. In the House of Commons on July 14th, Lord Eustace Cecil asked the Secretary of State for War whether, with the view to its introduction into the English service, any steps had been taken by the Government to ascertain the effect of the engine of war called the *mitrailleur*, which had lately been adopted and highly approved by the French military authorities. Mr. Cardwell said that two *mitrailleurs* had been purchased; one from America, called the Gatling, and one from Belgium, called the Montigny. They had been partially tried, and returned to the inventors at their own request, for some improvement. A committee had been appointed, and experiments would shortly be resumed. The French instrument was much the same as the Gatling.

The *Moniteur*, of Paris, reports that three important prisoners have been taken at Metz. Two were officers of the Baden army, and have been released on parole. The other was captured while attempting to cut the telegraph wires.

Great excitement has been caused in the Danubian Principalities by the breaking out of the war. The people are making use of the opportunity to obtain their independence.

Turkey is consequently arming to prevent a revolt.

At the German meeting in Philadelphia, J. F. E. Sigler, who fought at Waterloo as a volunteer in the first Pomeranian regiment, was introduced, and received with much applause.

A New York merchant just returned from France describes the excitement in Paris as tremendous. The moment war was declared there was a terrible crash, and all business seemed collapsed. Merchants went almost mad. They would neither buy nor sell; they would not think of opening new accounts. The Boulevards were crowded day and night with excited multitudes. At the Stock Exchange there was a frightful Babel, which, to a foreigner who did not understand French, seemed composed of raving madmen.

Gen. Prim, replying to a friend in Paris on Spanish affairs, said: "The progress of events proves, as you see, that I was perfectly right. I go straight to my object without preoccupying myself with personal ambition. You know my intentions: I desire the regeneration of Spain and the creation of a serious and really liberal government. I aspire to be the monk of liberty, without individual ambition or after-thought of any sort."

The Mitrailleur, which is as yet untried in practical warfare, is considered by the French as the most destructive military weapon known. Recently, 300 wretched horses, already condemned to the poleaxe, were purchased at the rate of four or five francs each, and ranged at a considerable distance. Two mitrailleurs were brought to play upon them, and in three minutes, after two discharges, not one of the animals remained standing. On a second occasion 500 horses were brought down at a single trial. This formidable weapon is constructed as follows: It is a light 37-barrelled gun, arranged that its barrels may be discharged simultaneously, or consecutively. The 37 cartridges, intended for one charge, are contained in a small box, which is then reversed, and the cartridges fall points foremost into their respective holes. They are prevented from falling through by the rims at their bases. The loaded plate is then introduced into the breech-slot, and when the breech is closed by a lever, a number of steel pins, pressed by spiral springs, are only prevented from striking the percussion arrangement in the cartridges by a plate in front of them. When this case is moved slowly by a handle, the cartridges are fired one by one. If the plate be withdrawn rapidly they follow each other so quickly that their discharge is all but simultaneous. The invention seems very well adapted for use in forts or other permanent places of defence or offence, but its carriage and management in the field would present many and insuperable obstacles to its general use.

General Changarnier writes to the papers announcing that his offer to serve his country had been refused; foretelling the triumph of the French arms, he betakes himself to his country seat to hide his grief. The General, it may be remembered, wrote a remarkable article on military affairs in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* a couple of years ago. "The great and principal force in the Prussian army (he said) had been its officers. No doubt a large share of honor is due to the Government in this organization patiently and carefully prepared, and the attention which was given to every improvement in the military art in a spirit of progress free from the shackles of prejudice and routine. Like the ancient Romans, the Prussians took what was good and left what was bad; but all this was done by means of a staff of well instructed, laborious officers applying themselves without relaxation to a work often deemed excessive. These officers, as facts attested, were admirably seconded by their soldiers. Under the flag all classes of society fonnd themselves represented, and intelligence came to the aid of discipline; the quality was a surer guarantee of success than the quantity." Notwithstanding the favorable opinion that General Changarnier has of the Prussian forces, he thinks that their immense success during the Austrian campaign was due to exceptional circumstance, most of which are not likely to be met with again.

The Empress is well pleasd that the Prince Imperial is going to the front, and replies cheerfully to those who condole with her upon the coming separation from her only child. It is right, she is reported to have said, that the Prince should thus early begin his apprenticeship to the noble profession of arms, and prove himself worthy of France, of the name of Napoleon, and of that of the valiant race of Guzman, from which, on her side, he springs. Those who are acquainted with the Empress' character—with her high spirit and almost virile courage—will not be surprised at the fortitude she displays in encountering a double separation which, however bravely met, cannot but be very painful to her as a wife and a mother. Marshal Bazaine has left for the army with his staff. He is to command a corps of 80,000 men, hereafter to be increased to 120,000, consisting of seven or eight divisions, including the army of Paris and the troops now at Metz.

The mitrailleuses, when passing through the streets, excited a good deal of curiosity, but, unfortunately, they were covered up in leather, and little was visible beside the handle which is to grind out death. Military critics are very well satisfied with the alacrity with which the soldiers got into the railway carriages. No interference on the part of the officers was necessary; nine men in each compartment, and the tenth place for the knapsacks. The knapsacks will most probably not be worn during battle—the troops have made up their minds on that head. The officers have removed their epaulettes, which rendered them far too conspicuous. Lord Charles Hamilton has enlisted in a Prussian cavalry regiment.

On July 18 King William spoke as follows to the town councillors of Berlin:—

GENTLEMEN:—I see you here assembled at such an earnest moment with sincere gratification. The name of the citizens of my capital gives full expression to the grand sentiment which moves us all at this moment. The truth contained in it has moved me much. You are right. I am not responsible for the war. You know it is not my fault. A challenge has been addressed to me. I had to war. The answer ignited. I am elated and filled with assurance by the reception which I have received in all cities and provinces through which I have passed, from all parts of Germany, even from Germans beyond the sea, and by the receptions given me at my arrival here last Saturday. Heavy sacrifices will be imposed upon people by this war; let us not conceal to ourselves this fact. We have been spoiled by the rapid success in two wars, secured by the aid of God. This time we will not get off so easily. But I know what I may expect from my armies; what I may expect from those who hasten to our flag. I also know that those will do their duty who feel called upon to heal the wounds and ameliorate the suffering which the war will cause. Once again, what you have told me in the name of my capital has done me good, and I thank you for it with all my heart, and I also thank you again for the reception at my return.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Telegraph* writing on the 21st ult. says:—

A sort of sullen calm hangs over Paris to-day, like that which we feel in the air before the bursting of a great thunderstorm. As in our boyhood we used to have a Black Monday, so to-day we may be said to have a Black Sunday; for the next week must see Europe ravaged by war. And whose fault is it? In England it seems to be the opinion that it rests with France. That appears to be the view taken by clubs, backed up possibly by that large section of London society which feels that this war will deprive them of their baths, their waters, and their roulette. I am not of that belief. I cannot forget the reports which reached me in 1867, when Bismarck, in Paris, gave a bit of his mind to M. Rouher. At the time, a French friend remarked to me that I had somehow found out the truth, and that war between France and Prussia was inevitable. "If it is not for to-day it is for to-morrow," said my friend; and you see he was right.

To-day the *Gaulois* guarantees the following news:—

"For the last week Bismarck has been expecting war. As soon as he learned the declaration of the Duc de Gramont, he sent express to M. de Werther a letter containing these words: "No concession—War. Do not let them impose on you. We are ready. Nevertheless try not to come to conclusions before the 29.'" If this is true, France has anticipated the policy of Prussia by five days, and so disappointed the Dictator of Northern Germany. We have already begun to receive war *canards*, and all sorts of reports were flying about Paris yesterday. The telegram which I sent you last night has been partly contradicted, but I have reason to believe that I was correet in the main. There was a slight violation of the frontier. We are warlike, from the first to the fifth floor. Troops are passing day and night. As I write, a light infantry bugle is heard sounding the "advance." All the street rushes to the windows. It turns out to be two drunken batmen (soldier-servants taking their officer's baggage to the station. The news of the day is what I telegraphed to you yesterday. The Emperor takes his son and heir to the war, and leaves for headquarters—"so I have heard it whispered"—on Wednesday. The Prince Imperial is going to enter on campaigning, but then we know that King William of Prussia wielded his first arms against France when he was a year younger. Halt—I have been talking about war, but we have not got it yet, even if the French frontier has been violated. We have no public declaration, and the official paper is as silent as the tomb. But that which is deferred is not lost. Clever and experienced men, who ought to know better, assert there is no enthusiasm in France. The Parisians think differently. "It is '92," said an Invalide. "It is like the days of my youth," said an old general of the first empire, I saw the excitement before the Crimean and the Italian campaigns, and, compared to this, they were failures. I wish the unbelievers in enthusiasm in Paris had been with me last night at the Strasbourg station. We got there at 10 o'clock, and found the boulevard packed with people. My friend, a French diplomatist, and myself penetrated into the ranks of the people—for of such those ranks were composed—who willingly made way to give us the front rank. Then we found that the Seventy second of the line was marching into the station. French troops are allowed on these occasions to march very much "at ease;" and so we were not surprised to find every rank and file to have two or three friends clustering around them. As the defile proceeded, it was accompanied by cries of "Vive la France!" "Vive la Ligne!" and then would break out a long-forgotten chorus of "Mourir pour la Patrie." Here there was a halt, and conversation took place; the populace war, as they say in the shires, "quite free-spoken and all with us." Several blouses contended that war, though terrible, was inevitable; and a confidential cobbler—every other man in a crowd is a cobbler and a politician—informed me that it is a pity this war had not taken place six months ago. Advance the Second Division. The colonel and his aide-de-camp appear, and are met with cries of "Live the line and their country." Two officers are nearly pulled off their horses by shaking hands; and the aide de-camp—a kind, mild looking boy—was affected to tears. Now breaks out a very tempest of cries of "Vive l'Empereur!" and the welkin—whatever that may be, for I am not at all sure—was obscured with hats.

It was the advance of the Eagle, and, as we saluted the standard of France as it passed us, there arose a shout of "Long live the Empire," which the Prince Imperial might almost have heard at St. Cloud. The by-play too, was very interesting; each soldier, for instance, had at least two friends to carry his arm and his kit. The right thing was for the civilian to change caps with the soldier, and then go off arm in arm singing the "Marseillaise." Frith might have made a beautiful picture of the scene. An enormous drum-major was being conducted to his fate by two cooks in their full-dress white uniform. Here is a decorated field officer, his weeping wife clinging to him; there, three soldiers with nine friends, under the influence of small "blue," singing the "Marseillaise" in accents to drive its composer mad. Up comes a sergeant six feet high, led by his two little children, who march by his side, squeaking with their little voices, "To Berlin—to Berlin!" But the last scene I witnessed outside the station I shall never forget. It was a triumph of hospitality. Two ladies wished to treat a corporal to drink, but had evidently overdrawn their banker's account. They looked blank, and he looked serious. "Well," said the taller one, "he shall not be disappointed to-night. I will pawn my crinoline and get a pint." And then and there she took it off and proceeded to *sa tante*. Being fortunate enough to have a pass *partout*, I marched into the inner station with a regiment of the Line. Being the only civilians present, my friend and myself had a long conversation both with officers and men. We found them not only in high spirits, but enthusiastic; the route was short, the knapsacks weighed nothing, the weather was cool, and the campaign a mere party of pleasure.

This, and other regiments going with it, had been through the whole of the Mexican campaign, and looked at the hardship's of this as child's play. As fast as trains of a thousand men were filled they were started. We made [illegible] platform, and I have [illegible] march in such spirits [illegible] as he was starting [illegible] crossed the frontier [illegible] it, messieurs," said [illegible] will soon drive them [illegible] time there was a great [illegible] came. It was the [illegible] tourists of Baden, with all [illegible] gage; "those big [illegible] so well." Then there [illegible] the regiment formed [illegible] the eyes of an adjutant [illegible] train, and went off to Strasbourg [illegible] with heart and soul [illegible] Patrie." Men who go off [illegible] manner seldom lose battles.

A high-life young lady [illegible] went in a drug store and [illegible] danum for a sick child [illegible] sleep. She got in and left [illegible] gist suspecting that something [illegible] sent a stomach pump after [illegible] rived at her residence just [illegible] swallowed the laudanum [illegible] diately set to work. She [illegible] bailed out of the laws of [illegible] on her way rejoicing. It [illegible] affair.

THE ONLY PLACE [illegible] VINS GOLD MEDAL [illegible] GLOVES FOR 75CTS, IS AT SHOOLBRED & CO'S. Patterns post free on app[illegible]

BIRTH.

In this city on the 29th [illegible] wife of A. E. Hutson, Esq., of [illegible]

On the 3rd inst., the wife [illegible] ner Chemist, &c., of a son.

WALTHAM [illegible]

THE AMERICAN W[illegible]

The public of the United [illegible] have now had over [illegible] WALTHAM WATCHES [illegible] where acknowledged [illegible]

TIME-KEEPER [illegible]

Almost all other watches [illegible] pretences; not one in a hundred [illegible] of the real maker; the public [illegible] security, and have, therefore [illegible] imposed upon. On the contrary [illegible] a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee [illegible] pany, and no matter from whom [illegible] positive security that he is [illegible] KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the [illegible] of watchmakers lies in selling [illegible] which they can make larger profits [illegible] enterprise in the trade prefer to [illegible] and ready sale, and which leave [illegible] It is "small profits and quick returns" [illegible]

These watches can be had in [illegible] (all guaranteed), the silver cases [illegible] coin silver, and from 2 to 6 [illegible] gold cases are made in 18 carat [illegible] 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled [illegible] both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered [illegible] watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion [illegible] guarantee of the Company [illegible] required. The Company [illegible] Government duty, which [illegible] consumer a privileged purchase.

ROBERT WILKES, Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion [illegible] Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street. Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3md

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Thoroughly Renovated, Papered and Decorated

GRAND OPENING NIGHT

Thursday Evening, August 4th

First night of the engagement of the Popular Favorite

JOHNNIE WARD

The Celebrated Comedian, [illegible] some of his most POPULAR [illegible] DANCES, Supported by

MISS NELLIE NELSON,

Comedienne and Vocalist,

AND THE COMPANY.

BOX PLAN now open [illegible] Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle [illegible] Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00 [illegible] Private Boxes, 75 cents [illegible] Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager, WM. J. MARSHALL.

Ottawa August 4th, 1870.

MUSIC HALL.

Thursday Eve., August 4,

By particular REQUEST, ONE NIGHT MORE.

THE GREAT LONDON BURLESQUE COMBINATION,

Headed by the wonderful Artiste

Miss Jennie Wilmore

From the New Royalty, Princess, Adelphi, Drury Lane, and Princess Theatres through Great Britain.

Miss KATTIE O'NEIL, Miss HATTIE HICKS, Miss ANNIE BLAKE, Miss EMMA [illegible]

Mr. Windham Clark,

The new Scotch Tenor, from [illegible] and Covent Garden, London.

Mr. J. SANDFORD, J H HUNTLEY, SPENCER PRITCHARD, A H HUNTLEY, A L [illegible]

Mr. Felix Rogers,

Of the new Adelphi, London. [illegible] WILMORE, have had the honor of [illegible] by command before Her Majesty the [illegible] H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, and [illegible] the English nobility.

The Orchestra will be conducted by

Signor Operti,

Pianist to His Majesty Victor Emmanuel 2nd King of Italy.

The performance to commence with the comic Drama of the ORPHANS.

To be followed by the beautiful [illegible] PYGMALION, OR The Peerless Maiden and Statue.

New songs, dances, and [illegible]

Admission—Dress circle 50 cts, Gallery [illegible] Doors open at 7:30, to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Ottawa, August 1.

ITALIAN BEES.

A fine stock of the above in movable comb hives.

Price $8 to $10 per hive.

Apply to JOHN HENDERSON, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, 3 August, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

DRESSMAKING.—A few respectable girls have now an opportunity of improving their knowledge of dress-making, or learning as apprentices, under Miss May ...d from London, England, at R. L. James & Co.'s.

By special request, Miss Bijou Wilmore's London Combination will give another performance to-night, in the Music Hall.

A NEW SIDEWALK.—A good sidewalk has been laid on Albert street, between Elgin and Metcalfe street. Go on, gentlemen.

FRUIT.—We believe wild plums are very abundant in the woods this season, though orchards they are generally almost a failure.

HER MAJESTY'S TO-NIGHT.—Mr. Marshall ...s to-night in the Theatre with a good troupe. Johnnie Ward will play, and Johnnie is as good as many a company in himself. He will sing some laughable comic songs. *Let us go.*

ARRIVED.—Eleven soldiers, members of the 60th Rifles, have arrived in town from Toronto, where they were employed in packing up Imperial stores transferred to the Dominion Government.

ATTACK.—On Tuesday as Mr. Lewis was returning from his farm above the St. Louis Dam, his horse was stopped by a rough-looking fellow, who evidently thought he could frighten something in the shape of money from Mr. Lewis, who, by the way, is not easily frightened. Mr. Lewis used his whip for a few moments on the head of the highwayman, when the latter left with his ears and face considerably variegated.

A WARNING.—Yesterday a young lad was fined $5 and costs at the Police Court for throwing stones in the streets. This ought to be a good warning to a certain class of fellows who are daily committing similar offences. The Police are now on the alert for such offenders, and those caught throwing stones or any other missives in the public streets will be dealt with severely.

COOL.—A few days ago three women went into a certain dry goods store on Sussex street, apparently with the intention of making a purchase. They were shown article after article, but none pleased them, and were about to leave the store when the head clerk of the establishment stepped up to one of them and asked her for the hair net she had in her pocket or its price. She very cooly pulled out the net, and without the least agitation said she did "not want it and would not take it." She threw it on the counter and ... She did not know there was a sharp eye watching her actions from behind a pile of goods.

POLICE COURT.—Wednesday.—William ..., drunk and disorderly, dismissed. ... Rocheleau, same offence, fined $2 ... costs.

John Brown, a harmless indifferent looking sort of a fellow, having heard the charge of drunkenness read to him said, he became unwell and took a couple of glasses of "bad stuff" as a remedy. John was let go with a warning.

John Hamilton was brought up for alleged assault, but the evidence not convicting the charge, the case was dismissed without costs.

A young lad named Rowen was charged with throwing stones against the house of a gentleman in Lower Town. Fined $5 and costs.

An alleged assault case was dismissed without costs.

Music Hall.

The Jennie Wilmore London Burlesque Combination gave their second performance before an Ottawa audience in the Music Hall last evening. Notwithstanding the rain the Hall was crammed with the respectability of the city, the ladies being fairly represented. Unlike other troupes who generally make the greatest impression and appear to the greatest advantage in the first performance, the Jennie Wilmore combination stand higher to-day in the opinion and appreciation of those who witnessed their playing on both evening's than they did yesterday. This is ample proof of their undoubted ability on the stage. They have an undisputed claim to share the foreground of celebrity in the burlesque line. A Jennie Wilmore is not to be met with every day. She is a precious Bijou in her profession, and a model of female gracefulness; and Miss O'Neill is awarded by public opinion a station not far in the rear. Miss Emma Devoy is a neat little actress, and a *danseuse* whose equal has never appeared before an audience in Ottawa. As for Mr. Rogers, put him where you will and he will do his part to satisfaction. Journals of the Lower Provinces spoke of them as a troupe whose equal is seldom to be met with. We unhesitatingly corroborate the statement. They do not come ... make a grand dash on the first night, and disappoint the audience and drive them in disgust on the second; they are not on foot in one particular play along with a failure in every other they attempt. With their first performance you are delighted, with the second entranced, and their ability gives hope that with a third the charm will be complete. Their acting and general acting is done with a carefulness and neatness which leaves no room behind to detract from one's admiration; when speaking their parts it is not done with a monotony, showing a fatal lack of stage ability; it is done with the earnestness of reality. They have the ability to understand the play and nature of their respective parts, and they speak them according to the dictates of their feelings. In fine they throw themselves, mind and body, into the play on the *tapis*. We shall not particularise any of the performance of last evening's programme ... would not have been better carried out. We cannot refrain, however, from making exceptional mention of Mr. Windham Clark, who again was obliged to draw the curtain and answer to a fourth encore.

By request the Jennie Wilmore Combination have agreed to remain and play one more night—to-night at the Music Hall. And also by special request the programme of Tuesday will be repeated which comprises the play entitled "Pygmalion," in which Miss Wilmore, as the beautiful statue, the work of the sculptor appears to greatest advantage.

French and Prussian Fleet compared.

(From the Pall Mall Gazette, July 18.)

It is only a few days since the small iron-clad squadron of Prussia left Plymouth on its return to the Baltic. This squadron contained the celebrated King William, the Prince Carl, and the Prince Adelbert, the first-named the most formidable vessel afloat, except the Hercules; the two next are first class iron-clads, and the last is a powerful, swift, little armor-clad gun-boat, carrying two very heavy guns of Krupp's steel. The King William deserves more than a passing notice. She was designed by Mr. Reed, and built at the Thames Ironworks for the Turkish Government. When she was finished the Sultan could not afford to pay for her, so she was offered at the same price to the then Board of Admiralty, who declined to buy her, and Prussia at once came forward and offered $300,000 more. When Prussia had got her, the English Admiralty saw their mistake, and tried to outbid Prussia, but it was then too late. The vessel has a speed of 14 knots, carries 8-inch armour, and has 28 guns—four 100 pounders and 24 300 pounders. The King William is, in fact, not a vessel, but a little fleet in herself. Being very long, she is not handy or very easy to turn, and is therefore liable to the danger of being "rammed." If she can avoid this she would be an overmatch for any four continental iron-clads. The squadron, of which the King William is the flag-ship, had orders on leaving the Baltic to call at Plymouth, make an experimental cruise in the West Atlantic, and then rendezvous at Madeira. Before the squadron left, however, the Franco-Prussian difficulty had broken out; but Prince Adalbert, with the squadron under his command, left as appointed for the Atlantic. Where he went it is not easy to say, but wherever it was it was not far, for on the 12th instant he was back at Plymouth again. He then telegraphed to his own Government, and having received instructions, left apparently for the Baltic. During his absence from Plymouth, however, the Flandre (the Flandre has since been at Cherbourg).—*Tribune*), with three other iron-clads of the same class, was despatched by the French Government to follow and watch the Prussian squadron, and these four are now actually on their way to Maderia, while the Prussian squadron is on its way back to the north. Even in case of war, the four French vessels of the Flandre's class would have quite enough to do to take the King William alone, to say nothing of her two powerful consorts and the armored gunboats. In the Baltic the Prussian squadron will, if it is wanted, join with six other Prussian gunboats, all of which are heavily armored, carry two of Krupp's monstrous guns, and have a high rate of speed. The other vessels of the Prussian navy are wooden frigates and corvettes, which would be of no small account as cruisers, and could never attempt to keep the sea. The Spanish navy is even weaker than the Prussian; there are only twenty-six ships in commission now, and of these, four are ironclads; none of them, however, are more than second-class. The rest are wooden corvettes and frigates of an old type.

The French authorities always profess to make a great mystery about their iron clads, their number, tonnage, guns, thickness of armor-plating, &c. But it is only outsiders who are mystified. Everything which the French are doing and have done is as well known, not only at Whitehall, but also at Vienna, Berlin, and St. Petersburg, as it is at Brest or L'Orient, Cherbourg, or Toulon. The French have now on their list of iron-clads 51 vessels; 45 of these are finished and at sea, or could be at sea within a month; 6 are building, and not likely to be finished within the next two years. Of these vessels, no fewer than 36 are wooden vessels, razeed and plated with armor; only 11 are built entirely of iron; only 1, the Marengo, is composite, with a frame of iron and sides wood coated with armor. The most costly French-built vessel is the Couronne, which cost, for hull and fitting, £191,000. The most costly in the whole fleet is the Rochambeau (late the Dunderberg), which the French bought from the United States in 1867, paying £480,000 for her, of which amount £440,000 is to this day regretted in French nautical circles. With the Dunderberg came also the Onondaga, which was cheap at £80,000. The three most formidable vessels which the French have ever planned are the Colbert, Trident, and Richelieu, which were begun last December at Toulon. The first two are sister ships of 8,314 tons, 320 feet long, coated with 8-inch armor, and intended at present to carry 30 ponderous guns. The Richelieu is to be of the same length and armor, but of 7,180 tons. These vessels will be larger than any iron-clads ever yet projected. The Victorieuse, another great ironclad of more than 4,000 tons figures in the French list, but this has only been ordered, and not yet begun. La Gallissoniere, too, is very backward in its progress, and will take more than another year to finish. Of the French fleet, 11 are under 1,200 tons, 14 under 3,000, and 14 over 3,000 but under 5,000. Taking the mean average of the speed of all on trial trips it gives scarcely ten knots the highest, the Marengo giving only 14.5, and some as low as seven knots. The average armor plating of the French vessels is 5¼ inches, ranging from 4 inches to 8½ inches. The thickest armor, however, is a mere belt above and below the waterline, and none of the French vessels have the powerful armored bulkhead across the stem and stern to save them from the raking fire, under which they would fall easy victims to an active enemy. The greatest weight of armor which the largest class of French vessels carry is 1,800 tons, and the smallest 279 tons, and their greatest number of guns is 14.

The English have now ready 35 iron-clad vessels either at sea or ready for it, and five more could be added to this number in less than three months—40 in all. Others, of course, are building or launched, such as the Sultan, Audacious, Invincible, Iron Duke, Vanguard, &c., and could soon be got ready. Still in numbers we should have five vessels less than the French, though in actual fact our fleet as to theirs would be as 100 to 50, in consequence of greater size, speed, strength, and armament. The average speed of the whole English fleet is as nearly as possible 12 knots, the highest the Agincourt, being 14½ knots, and the lowest, the Vixen, 8,894. Only four vessels in our list, the Enterprise, Vixen, Waterwitch, and Viper, which are mere gunboats, though armoured and carrying heavy guns, are smaller than those in the French navy. Class for class, we immensely exceed the French in tonnage, thickness of armour, and number and weight of guns. The difference on the whole of the two lists may be represented between France and England as five to eight.

PERSONAL.

Queen Victoria postponed a State concert on account of Lord Clarendon's death

Kossuth supports himself at Turin by giving instruction in foreign languages.

Grace Aguilar was blind two years before she died, and dictated her last work, which is soon to be published.

Anne E. Dickinson has gone to the White Mountains.

After all Mrs. Lincoln is not satisfied. She threatens to refuse the pension granted to her by Congress, because she does not like the manner in which her petition for pecuniary aid was received. Some of her friends are inclined to believe that her pluck in refusing would be rewarded by generous contributions from private individuals.

The *New Nation* says:

For the past five or six weeks we have scarcely had a drop of rain, so that, in fact, everything left green by the grasshoppers was becoming completely parched. But rain set in yesterday (Friday) about noon, and as we went to press that evening it poured down in good earnest, with every appearance of continuing.

The people of the South are represented to be very much in debt, notwithstanding the large cotton crop of 1869, and the high price realized for it. Considerable distress is reported to prevail in South Carolina. One-tenth of the whole area of land in Fairfield county, and one-sixth of all in Williamsburg county is advertised to be sold for taxes—State and county.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

Excursion by the Alexandra

TO

BUTTERNUT GROVE,

And PICNIC on the Grounds,

Wednesday, 10th August, 1870.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands.
Amusements of various kinds.
GAMES AND PRIZES.—Aunt Sally and Peter Pickwick, Esq., M.S.G.S.
Refreshments of the best quality to be had on board the boat and on the grounds at city rates.
N.B.—The "Alexandra" will leave the Queen's wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., and 2 o'clock, p.m. sharp, returning from Butternut Grove at 8 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets 50 cents each. Children between the age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents. Under 7 years of age, FREE. Can be had at the English Hotel and the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau Street; Miles' Parliament Hair Dressing Saloon, Michael's Tobacco Store and Pace's Jewellery Store, Centre Town; British Lion Hotel and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks Street; Hallandale's Saloon, Wellington Street; Bartlett's Confectionery, Sussex Street; Salmon's Hotel, York Street; The Feather's Saloon, William Street; of the Committee and Stewards, and at the Steamer prior to her leaving the wharf.
To avoid confusion and unnecessary delay the public are respectfully requested to procure their tickets before the morning of the Excursion.
For further particulars see posters.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
By order,
WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary,
W. R. TRUMAN, Asst. Sec.
Ottawa, 4th August, 1870. 1425d

COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c. attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS.

AN ENGLISH LADY
Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.
Address, L. B.—
Post Office, Levis, Quebec.
August 3. 1424-3

WANTED
An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.
Address by letter—
Box 394,
Ottawa Post Office.
August 2. 1424-1w

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.
Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.
Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.
Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING
INVESTED IN CANADA.............$300,000
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.
In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—
Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1... the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.
Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."
Policy 4235. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.
These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.
For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.
Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46.. will be paid to policy holder.
Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.
OTTAWA.
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.,
Agent.
1407 3m

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36, SPARKS STREET,
PRESTON & ROWSELL.
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings.
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.
PRESTON & ROWSELL.

WANTED
A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.
Address—
Box, 179,
Ottawa Post Office.
Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.
ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen
LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen.
DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.
DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.
GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their
MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,
Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.
ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.
GREAT bargains given in other departments
REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.
SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice.—A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1394 3m
Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.
LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHICK.

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.
Ottawa, 7 July, 1870.
Notice is hereby given that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company have this day deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the city of Ottawa, a duplicate map or plan, and book of reference of the proposed extention of the line of the said Railway, under the authority of 31 Vic, Cap. 20, and of its course and direction, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor; so far as ascertained, and have also deposited copies of such map or plan, and book of reference, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Carleton.
THOS. REYNOLDS
Managing Director,
St. L & O R C.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.
All those Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.
If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of
THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY.
Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE
Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, boy. lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.
It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.
The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ... rates.
The limits are known as the Pemechange and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechange and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.
The Pemechange contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain White Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.
The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 30 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.
Title indisputable.
Terms—⅓ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.
For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.
Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1418-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS
The Subscribers will offer for Sale by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON
Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, "
" " 100, "
Plans of the above Limits with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.
Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.
The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles
A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN
LIVERY STABLES.
W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.
MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.
Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!
Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!
An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.
A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.
Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

LYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
In great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paint Ventilating Stoves
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
PLATED WARE.
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 3, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.
I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.
Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.
Plans of those limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa
Terms—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.
R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

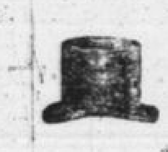
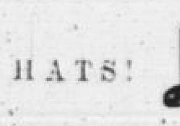
GREAT
CHEAP SALE.
MILLINERY AND MANTLES.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of
BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,
AND SHAWLS,
Have decided to offer the whole lot
AT COST PRICE,
ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY
As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.
Fashionable Straw Hats,
For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
For 6s 3d
BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,
In great variety, at about half usual prices.
Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!
R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite the Russell House.
As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods
MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.
It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.
R L JAMES & Co.

WAR
To the knife on the prices of the POLAR REFRIGERATOR We will after this sell the $30 size for $24. This is a bargain that house keepers should look sharp after.
Wire Dish Covers, Baskets, Lamps, Coal Oil Baths Cook Stoves, Jelly Moulds, Brushes, everything you want for house-keeping, you can find at ESMONDES.
We desire to draw particular attention to our work shop, gutters, eve-troughs, and all sorts of outside work done with despatch, as well as any other orders we may receive for tin, iron, or plumbing work. We work 20 per cent below any other house in Ottawa.
Sale Agency for the CHALLENGE FILTER of the world. The Kedzie Filter the only durable and reliable one manufactured.
ESMONDE BROS.
Ottawa, July 26, 1870. 1419-tt

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.
The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870.
Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,
HATS!

HATS!

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.
Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS;
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851.
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY.
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.
REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
10th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.
Just received, from Question, St. George & Co., a consignment of old
ROUSILLON PORT,
$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen.
ALSO,
Another consignment of
VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI,
$3.00 per dozen.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.
A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather
A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,
The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.
The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made, by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.
Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 3

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870 1400.tf

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 3, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 03
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda ,
ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

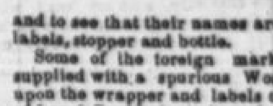
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.
15 6m WM HALPENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342. 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain o cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve th poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

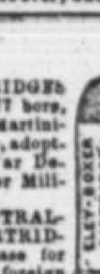
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of .450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:—

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

1353tf THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON E. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND
1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the *Legislature* of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.
Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1389 3 j Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Frasers' Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [...] E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

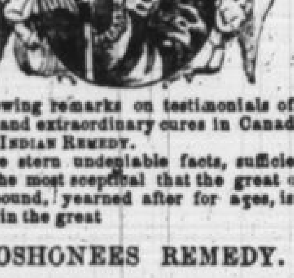
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

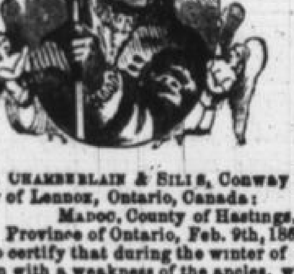
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold:	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street;
Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

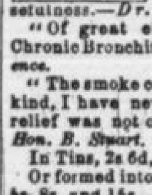
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions, Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

⁂ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and setuiness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never-known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION--PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed; and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

St. John, N.B S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 40
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:15

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

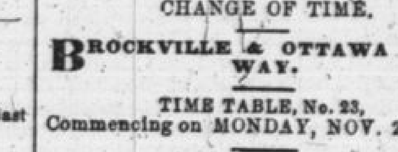
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.--TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 89 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have other used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Cana

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1426. — OTTAWA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 5, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Sarsaparilla ... Ayer's Cathartic Pills ... [fragment of facing page]

Groceries.

... WHELAN, ... RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, ... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT ... nearly opposite the Old Stand, ... sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... assorted stock, comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... and Fine Salt, &c. ... their Vinegars ... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ... other articles necessary to con... stock.

... Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... fresh and cheap.

... Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

... Brandies Renault & Co, Hen... and other brands.

... GIN— ... Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood ...

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age. ... OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ... at extremely low rices. ... Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Irish Whiskey. ... Potteen. ... Porter, pts and qts. ... all grades.

... STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ... bar sins. 1105

... INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

... liberal Terms a Stock of ... GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, ... Together with the ... LEASE OF STORE, ... and ... ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, ... Carried on by ... & CO., OF SPARKS-ST ... In Ottawa. ... to be made to C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal, ... BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa. 1347tf

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY ... under Chapter LXVII of the ... Statutes of Canada. ... G P Drummond's Exchang ... 19 Sparks street. ... DIRECTORS: ... D C THOMSON, Treasurer ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... Manager. 1141tf

... COMPOUND, ... is equalled by any other, for ... Soft Soap, without either ... Soap, and some of them of a ...

... TRAINING INFORMATION. ... ugliest horse can be made ... to walk after him in ... without the slightest ... All accomplished in one day. ... CORNS at a cheap rate, without ... WARTS on your hands or face. They ... without injury to the ... Rheumatism of ... can be cured in less than a week ... of medicine in the inside. ... troubled with the Gravel. ... of Bowel Complaints can be cured ... than twenty hours. Also, by a ... are inflicted with any such dis... application to F. MARTIN. ... valuable articles to ...

... AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— ... WARE ... CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STOR YORK STREET.

H. LEMAITRE, ... and Repairer, ... Dalhousie street ...

... receiving my SPRING and SUMMER ... which will be found complete in all ... Ladies, Misses and Childrens ... Prunella, in ... English and French imported ... Congress ... slippers. ... comfortable fitting ... their orders, which will be ... shortest notice. All work done ... in my establishment. I ... particular in choosing and manufac... ware for the farming and ... community by whom I am largely ... prices as usual ... com... EMURPHY.

... UNIVERSITY. MONTREAL. SESSION 1870-71. FACULTY OF LAW ... will re-open on Tuesday ... FACULTY OF MEDICINE ... will be opened on Tuesday ... FACULTY OF ARTS ... DAY, September 15th ... be offered for competition ... SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS ... W C BAYNES, B.A., Secretary McGill University.

... NOTICE. CLOSING OF THE LISTS ... Division of Profits of the past five ... to 30th April last. CANADA ... ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847. ... APPLICATIONS ... referred to, all ... EFFECTED on or ... TUESDAY, ... 17th MAY, ... of the closing year. ... A G RAMSAY, Manager

For Sale or to Let.

... TO RENT. ... situated COTTAGE ... kitchen, on Gloucester ... Apply to W. H. BULLER ... April 26.

... HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ... city and country property, in sums ... low rate of interest and ... advantageous terms to the ... Villa Lots for sale, suitable for ... residences, in blocks, contain... to 10 acres, within a few ... Government Buildings. ... Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor. ... nearly opposite the Post Office ... next door to the Custom House. 1387 3m

... IES is printed and published ... OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 30, Sparks ... Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ... Managing Director.

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Offices over Durie's Book store, Sparks street, Ottawa. W. McKay Wright 48w F C Clemow.

... have removed his Chancery office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 5*y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 290tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—that recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. References.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH, (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 19 1870. 1398d

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office, Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE Commissioner of Customs

MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralises the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-v

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profit, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1. Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

TO LET.
One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to JOHN R. ARNOLDI, Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS	Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30				
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00				11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c.	6.00	11.00	12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c.	7.30		4.30	8.00	11.30	3.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. by Stage	6.00	11.30				
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays						
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	3.00

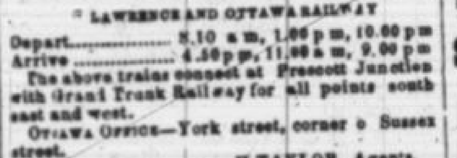
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a.m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock
1344tf R S CASSELS, President.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago........ 858 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit........ 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........ 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........ 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf.

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes,	12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRAO NET—Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c., &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

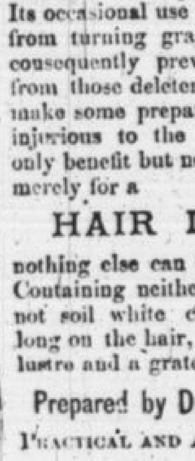
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS.
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England 1366y

T. G COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS. PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 10th May, 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it is among other things, in effect enacted by the 58th Sec. of the Act 31 Victoria, Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," that the Importer of Wheat, Maize, or other grain, may grind and pack the same in bond, provided such grinding and packing be done and conducted under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Governor in Council, may from time to time make for this purpose; and that the same Regulations may extend to the substitution of flour and meal in quantities equivalent to the produce of such Wheat, Maize or other grain.

His Excellency, the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Honble. the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the grinding and packing of wheat, maize and other grain, in bond, shall be done and conducted under the Regulations and Restrictions following, viz:

1st. The Collector of Customs, at any Port of Entry, shall receive entries of foreign wheat, maize or other grain, to be ground and packed in bond, for exportation or consumption, and such Collector shall deliver or cause to be delivered such Wheat, Maize or other grain to be forwarded on to the Port of destination, where may be situated the Mill or Mills at which the said Wheat, Maize or other grain is to be ground and packed in bond, as by law permitted.

2nd. The Wheat, Maize or other grain shall be so forwarded under bonds to be taken either by the Collector at the Port of Entry, or by the Collector at the Port of destination, as may best suit the convenience of the Importer, which bonds shall be taken for an amount that will cover the duties chargeable upon the said Wheat, Maize or other grain, and be conditioned for the due payment of such duties, should such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the quantity of flour and Meal representing such Wheat, Maize or other grain, go into consumption, or for the due exportation of such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the equivalent thereof in flour and Meal, and on proof of the payment of such duties or of the due exportation as aforesaid within one year from the date of the said Bond or Bonds, the said Bonds shall be duly cancelled; and if such bonds shall be given at the Port of destination, a certificate of such payment or exportation under the hand of the Collector of Customs of such Port, shall be forwarded to the Collector of the Port of Entry at which such Wheat, Maize or other grain shall have been imported, or entered for manufacture in Bond.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.
1385 3

Your Voiceless Lips, O Flowers! are Living Preachers

Your voiceless lips, O flowers! are living preachers,
Each cup a pulpit, and each leaf a book,
Supply to my fancy numerous teachers,
From loneliest nook.
In the sweet-scented pictures, Heavenly artist!
With which thou paintest Natures wide-spread hall,
What a delightful lesson thou impartest
Of love to all!
Ephemeral stages! what instructors hoary,
For such a world of thought could furnish scope,
Each fading calyx a memento mori.
Yet fount of hope!
Posthumous glories! angel-like collection!
Upraised from seed or bulb interr'd in earth.
Ye are to me a type of resurrection,
And second-birth!
Were I, O God! in churchless lands remaining,
Far from all voice of teachers or divines,
My soul would find in flowers of thy ordaining,
Priests, sermons, shrines!
HORACE SMITH.

FROM STEWART'S QUARTERLY.

WHEN ENON DIED.

BY ENVILLA ALLYN.

When Enon died, I cried, "Oh! heart, for thee
Nor flower shall bloom nor sun e'er shine again!"
When Enon died, I cried, "As falls the rain
Shall fall my tears through all the years to be."
But as he faded in men's thoughts, in mine
The recollection of the past grew gray:
Does it disturb that long, long sleep of thine,
That thou art thus forgotten? Enon, say!"
I see the white-sailed ships go down the Bay
Of warning lights I catch the ruddy gleam,
Upon my pillow wearily I lay
My aching head, and through the night I dream
Of ships dismasted, that the ocean plough—
Remembered, Enon, only as art thou.

DESCRIPTION OF FLORIDA.

A Sentence Eight Hundred Words Long.

An article in *Lippincott's Magazine* contains one of the longest sentences on record, consisting of eight hundred words. The sentence in question is found in a well-written article on Florida, and, as it is somewhat of a curiosity, as well as a very good description of Florida, we append it:

"I propose, then, to give my readers some description of this old yet still strange and wild country, that has been settled for three hundred years, and is not yet inhabited—a land of shifting sand and of deep mud—a land of noble rivers, that rise in swamps, and consist merely of chains of shallow lakes, some of them twenty miles long and twelve miles across, and only twelve feet deep—of wide, sandy plains, covered with solemn-sounding pines—of spots so barren that nothing can be made to grow upon them, and yet with a soil so fertile that 'if you tickle it with a hoe, it will laugh with an abundant harvest' of sugar, cotton, rice and fruit—a land of oranges, lemons, pomegranates, pineapples, figs and bananas, whose rivers teem with fish, its forests with game, and its very air with fowl; where everything will grow except wheat and apples; where everything can be found except ice; yet where the people, with a productive soil, a mild climate, and bountiful nature, affording every table luxury, live on corn grits, sweet potatoes, and molasses; where many men possessing forty thousand head of cattle never saw a glass of milk in their lives, using only the imported article when used at all, and then calling it *consecrated* milk; where the very effort to milk a cow would probably scare her to death, as well as frighten the whole neighborhood by the unheard of phenomenon; where cabbages grow on the tops of trees, and you may dig bread out of the ground; where, below the frost line, the castor-oil plant becomes a large tree of several years growth, and a pumpkin or beau-vine will take root from its trailing branches, and thus spread and live year after year; where cattle do not know what hay is, and refuse it when offered, so that the purchase of a yoke of oxen is not considered valid if the animals will not eat in a stable; and where in the mild winter, when the land grass is dried up, horses and cattle may be seen wading and swimming in the ponds and streams, plunging their heads deep under the surface to bite the water grasses and moss; where many lakes have holes in the bottom and underground communication, so that they will sometimes shrink away to a mere cupful, leaving many square miles of surface uncovered, and then again fill up from below, and spread out over their former area; where some of them have outlets in the ocean far from shore, bursting up a perpetual spring of fresh water in the very midst of the briny saltness of the sea; where in times of low water, during a long, exhaustive, dry season, men have gone underground in one of these subterranean rivers, from lake to lake, a distance of eight miles; where the ground will sometimes sink and the cavity fill with water, until tall trees, that had stood and sunk upright, will have their topmost branches deeply covered; where rivers will disappear in the earth and rise again, thus forming natural bridges, some of them a mile in width; where, instead of spring, summer, autumn and winter, there are two seasons only—eight months summer, and four months warm weather; where the winter is the dry season, and the summer almost is daily rain; where, in order to take a walk, you first wade through a light sand ankle-deep, and then get into a mud puddle, and some of the mud-puddles cover a whole county; where no day is found for brick making, and people build houses without chimneys; where to make a living is so easy a task, that every one possesses the laziness of ten ordinary men, and every one you wish to employ in labour says that he is tired, and would seem to have been born so; where agues would prevail if the people would take the trouble to shake; where a large orange-tree would bear seven thousand oranges—leaves, buds, blossoms, half grown and full-grown fruit, all at once, and every twenty-feet square of sand will sustain such a tree; where, in many parts, cold weather is an impossibility, and perpetual verdure reigns; where the Everglades are found, covering many large counties with water from one to six feet deep, with a bottom mud-covered, yet underneath solid and firm, from which grasses grow up to the surface—a sea of green, and with islands large and small scattered over the surface, covered with live oaks and dense vegetation; where alligators, or 'gators as they are called in Florida parlance, possess undoubted aboriginal rights of citizenship, and mosquitos pay constant visits, and are intrusive and even penetrating in their attentions to strangers."

There must be accorded to the writer of this passage considerable skill in phraseology, as in no instance is the sense rendered ambiguous by the prolongation of the sentence. The phrases are short, apt, and disentangled.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S.
Patterns post free on application.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For sale—R. A. Bradley.
Ottawa Grammar School—W. H. Walker
Tenders—John Caring.
To Let—James Warnock.
Richmond Grammar School.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 34, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 5, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Aiken is in town.

Lieut. Governor Archibald returned to the city last evening.

The Red River Expedition arrived at Fort Frances on Sunday last, and will, it is expected, reach the North West angle of the "Lake of the Woods" by about the 20th inst.

We are glad to be able to give a very satisfactory report of the condition of Sir John A. Macdonald. He is now able to walk a short distance, and to avail himself of the excellent sea bathing which Charlottetown affords. We hope to see him back in Ottawa by the end of the month.

We understand that Governor Archibald has made all necessary arrangements in Montreal for his speedy departure for Manitoba, having engaged a Hudson's Bay canoe, and a crew of experienced voyageurs. We believe that he will leave Collingwood for Fort William on the 10th instant.

It will be interesting to entomologists to learn that the *Pieris Rapae*, the turnip butterfly, so common in England, has at length made its appearance in Ottawa. But a few years ago it made its first appearance in America at Quebec, and has since been spreading rapidly west and south. Yesterday they were quite numerous, flitting about the thistles which are allowed to grow on Bank street unmolested.

In modern warfare the nation with the longest purse generally obtains the victory, and if this be so, Prussia seems to have but little chance against France. A celebrated English calculator has drawn up a table by which the respective wealth of nations can be seen at a glance. Putting the wealth of Great Britain at 100,

France represented 86 per cent.
Holland represented 71 per cent.
Belgium represented 63 per cent.
Switzerland represented 46 per cent.
Bavaria represented 38 per cent.
Baden represented 32 per cent.
Prussia represented 17 per cent.

So that the wealth of France is to that of England as 86 to 100; the wealth of France is to that of Prussia as 86 is to 17!

THE ENGLISH "PEACE PARTY."

We cannot wonder that the people of the United Kingdom are irritated and disgusted at the line of policy adopted by Mr. Gladstone's Government. Although he knows that the people of Great Britain would not willingly consent to stand by and see the neutrality rights of Belgium infringed, he still hesitates to declare what course he intends to take, and it is very questionable whether if Belgium were invaded, a Government with such men as Messrs. Gladstone and Bright at its head, would ever summon a sufficient amount of determination to declare war. Lost in Utopian dreams of universal peace and brotherhood what to them is the honor of England? The only thing that would bring them down from their ecstatic position would be the fear of losing office. If they see that the people of England are really determined upon fighting, even Mr. Bright, that meek self-satisfied apostle of peace, will consent to inaugurate a war policy or anything else in the hope of retaining power. But they will resort to any course of evasion, and connive at the degradation of the Empire, if they can do so secretly and so prevent war and at the same time retain office. The fact is the honour of England never has been and never can be safe in the keeping of a Radical Administration. So long as peace is maintained, and no questions of Imperial magnitude have to be dealt with, ministers like Messrs. Gladstone, Bright and Lowe may get on very well. They are exceedingly clever in introducing a close, cheese-paring economy, which in the end always results in a larger expenditure, and they base their claims to popular support upon dismissing a few departmental clerks, and setting a number of dockyard artisans adrift to starve or beg, or do what they can. We are persuaded that we are but stating a fact when we say that an English Radical government, in spite of its boasted economy, is in the end the most extravagant. The army and other branches of the public service are reduced until they are inefficient, and then, when their services are urgently needed, they have to be reinforced at any cost. But we presume that in the eyes of these Radical economists, the fact that creating vacancies in the various departmental offices renders it possible for them to find a fat berth occasionally for one of their own followers, is sufficient to make up for any injury done to the public service. Earl Russell, since he has been out of office, has appeared in a far better light. In fact he was always far more of a man than any member of the present Radical administration. It would have been impossible for him to have been so many years a colleague of Lord Palmerston, without having some traits of true English manhood about him. But his vacillating and cowardly policy in reference to the Danish war in 1864, in a very great measure led to the present European complication. If he had protected Denmark as he ought to have done, Austria and Prussia would never have had an opportunity of quarrelling over the division of Schleswig Holstein, the latter power would not have humiliated France, and the jealousy and hatred which now exists between the Prussians and the French, would certainly not have been anything like so excessive as it now is. In fact the Radical "peace party" of England are responsible for a very large proportion of the blood that has been shed in Europe during the last sixteen years. The Crimean war would never have occurred had it not been that the Czar Nicholas was deceived by the ravings of Bright, Sturge, and others of the "peace at any price party" into the belief that England could not be kicked into a fight. Had it not been for this the Russian army would never have invaded the Principalities. At the present time it is quite possible that other European powers may be deceived in the same way by Mr. Gladstone's doubtful and non-committal policy. War is a curse which should always be avoided if possible, but there is a greater evil even than it—viz: the shame and humiliation which falls upon a people who break their plighted faith and allow their honour to be tarnished. In the event of Great Britain going to war, it is pretty certain that the Gladstone Ministry would be obliged to resign, and a Conservative administration would take their place. This would be such a blessing to the Empire at large, that it would go a long way towards compensating the nation for all the sufferings and expenditure of blood and treasure which war must of necessity entail.

MANUFACTURING PUBLIC OPINION.

The people of the Dominion generally take a deep interest in the establishment of the authority of Canada over the North West Territory, and knowing this, certain parties have for some time endeavored to excite the public mind by the circulation of false statements in reference thereto. This game has been going on in the press for some time back, but it has lately assumed a new phase. A series of fake telegrams have been prepared in this city, by persons well known to be thoroughly identified with the opposition, and have been sent to the press whether ministerial or opposition, and for the moment have received credence. It is time that this little game was exposed. We need only mention as instance of this organized system of misrepresentation, the telegrams that the Government had recalled the expedition to the Red River, and more recently, that a general amnesty had been granted by the Imperial authorities under the advice of the Canadian Government, statements which *were and are without a shadow of foundation.*

Such attempts to deceive the public mind and excite popular feeling, are wicked, and will eventually recoil upon the party who descends to such base modes of political warfare. Journals which simply desire to mislead the public for their own purposes, may find these "cooked telegrams" useful, but those which wish to obtain reliable information from the seat of Government, would do well to exercise some discretion in selecting their Ottawa correspondents.

A MISTAKE.

We notice that the Toronto *Telegraph* and one or two other papers, have been finding fault with the Imperial government with regard to the transfer of the military stores &c, to the Dominion authorities. We are certainly not admirers of Mr. Gladstone's Ministry, and would gladly see them compelled to resign office, but at the same time we think that our contemporaries have formed rather a hasty judgment in this matter. The fact is that the British government have acted with unwonted liberality, handing over to Canada an immense quantity of property *free of cost* in the shape of fortifications, guns and military stores. The property about being sold in Kingston and elsewhere, is such as was not required by the Dominion, consisting for the most part of old fashioned guns, &c., which are of but little use in these days of heavy ordnance. We do not believe that our Toronto *confrere* would willingly do injustice even to Mr. Gladstone's administration, but we can assure him that in this matter he has been erroneously informed. We may add in this connection, that Colonel Wiley has returned after visiting Isle aux Noix, and taking over from the Imperial authorities all the property, including the armament and stores, which are very large and extensive. We congratulate the country on receiving so valuable a property without any cost.

THE LATE MR. KIERZKOWSKI.

We regret to hear that the Hon. A. E. Kierzkowski, M. P. for St. Hyacinthe, is dead. The deceased gentleman was the son of a distinguished Polish nobleman who fought under the First Napoleon. Mr. Kierzkowski came to this country when quite young, and was employed in the Department of Public Works for some years. After the Legislative Council of the late Province of Canada became elective, the deceased gentleman contested Montarville division, and was returned to Parliament, but was unseated on petition. Subsequently we believe at the general election of 1861 he was returned to the Legislative Assembly for Verchères, Sir George E. Cartier's old constituency, which county he represented until the expiration of that Parliament. At the general election of 1867, he was elected for St. Hyacinthe, which he continued to represent until his death. The honorable gentleman was twice married, first to Miss De Bartach, and secondly to Miss St. Ours, and had only recently returned from his wedding tour through Europe. He was a man of high education and attainments.

We (Goderich *Signal*) are done harvesting wheat around here. Several have their's threshed out and taken to market. Wheat is not an average crop, but what there is of it is good grain. The crop of oats is good with us, but in some places so short (on account of the drought) as to be hardly worth cutting. Early potatoes are a good crop, and late promises well. Apples are only a half crop; peaches are an eighth crop; and small fruits—such as strawberries, raspberries, black and gooseberries are plentiful. Hay is an average crop and we are about half done putting it up. Corn promises well.

Referring to the recent unfavourable weather and the harvest prospects, the Waterloo *Chronicle* says: The fall wheat harvest has commenced here and though it will be light, owing to having been water-killed, the berry is plump and the ears full; so that it may be considered an average crop. The spring crops look excellent and promise an abundant yield. We have heard no complaint of the midge so far. The root crops also look well.

Quebec is feeding upon a large quantity of gull eggs that has arrived in the city.

The Hon. Peter Mitchell in Hamilton.

From the Hamilton Spectator.

When it became known that the Hon. Peter Mitchell was in Toronto, the merchants of Hamilton expressed to him their desire to evince their high respect for him, personally, and their interest in the important department of Marine and Fisheries over which he presides at this critical period.

Mr. Mitchell accepted their invitation to a non political dinner party, which took place last evening at the Club, and was not only a most agreeable but a most important occasion, as men of all parties were present.

There was an interchange of the most patriotic views, and the Minister gave the most unbounded satisfaction. In reference to his own particular department he shewed that the prospect is that things are being so managed that no troubles with the Americans will occur on the seaboard. He also stated what has not been stated before from authority that the arrangement with British Columbia is that a Pacific Railway on British territory must be immediately constructed. He also satisfied the meeting that the Government of Canada could not constitutionally have interfered in regard to the events antecedent to the proclamation handing over the Red River territory to Canada, and, as a matter of fact had not given any advice to the Imperial Government on the subject of a general amnesty.

It is not easy to estimate the great public facts which must arise from expressions of courtesy like this to the Government and respected members thereof, especially at periods like the present, when with the Canadians the public sentiment is comprised in the old saying—"A long pull, a strong pull and a pull altogether."

CANADIAN ITEMS.

Two sailors belonging to H.M.S. *Britomart* were drowned at St. John's last week.

Capt. Hugh Richardson, an old resident of Toronto, is dead; aged 86 years.

A brakesman was killed on the railway near Paris on Tuesday last. He was standing on the roof of one of the cars, and his head came in contact with the bridge while the train was passing under.

A man named Deacon has been sent to Kingston jail, charged with poisoning his wife. He is a farmer belonging to Clarendon, and is supposed to have wanted to put his wife out of the way in order that he might marry a girl of the neighborhood for whom he was known to have a liking. The people in the township of Clarendon were greatly excited over the event, and were so incensed against Deacon that they threatened to hang him up to a tree.

For years past the fishermen about the shores of Lake Ontario have noticed often that fish apparently in health rose to the surface of the water, floated about in a helpless condition for a few hours, and then died. This has been particularly noticed among the herring, a handsome silver colored fish, taken in nets. The true cause of this mortality has not been known, or at least has not been publicly announced to our knowledge. The fishermen have charged it to leeches or other parasites fastening themselves upon the scales of the fish and sucking the life-blood.

The prize list of the next Provincial Exhibition occupies twenty two closely printed octave pages.

A man named William Moody, in the employ of Mr. S. Reeve, near Derry West, died from sunstroke on Saturday last, while at work on the farm.

There is one Quebec paper, at least, which has honesty enough to admit that "Judge Day's position and that of Lower Canada in the arbitration case is untenable." This opinion we find expressed in the Montreal *Witness*.

A game of Lacrosse was played on Monday at Hamburg, between the Club of that place and the Stratford Club; the former were easy victors.

Two Prussian vessels are reported in the St. Lawrence, near Cacouna, and are said to be afraid to leave lest they should be gobbled up by French cruisers.

An Indian took passage at Hamilton on the steamer *Champion* some time last week, to come to Montreal. The steamer arrived in Hamilton on Saturday, and he having no place to go to remained on board. On Sunday morning he had disappeared, leaving behind his hat and boots. The supposition is that he jumped overboard and was drowned.

We learn that the by-law of the County of Elgin, granting a bonus of $200,000 towards the construction of the Canada Southern Railway, was carried on Tuesday on a popular vote by a great majority.

We learn that Mr. McKenzie Bowell, Esq., M. P., of Belleville, Provincial Grand Master for Ontario East, has resigned his office of Grand Master of that Lodge. The reason for this step is, we understand, that Mr. Bowell was elected recently Grand Master for British America, and consequently has given up the Provincial Grand Mastership.

By this resignation of Mr. Bowell, H. S. McDonald, Esq., of Brockville, Senior Deputy Grand Master, becomes Grand Master for Ontario East.

AMERICAN NOTES.

Another terrible steamboat disaster has occurred on the Mississippi. The boiler of the *Silver Spray* exploded on Sunday night, about thirty miles above Memphis, killing several of the crew and passengers. The vessel then caught fire, and more lives were lost.

A Frenchman in St. Louis who lets a store to a German for $1,800 per annum, offers, in case the Germans are victorious in the present war, to renew the lease at $1,500; otherwise the lessee is to pay $1,800.

Since the introduction of artificial ice machines into New Orleans, the price of ice has fallen one-half.

A Southern reporter, in furnishing "his account" of the recent execution at Richmond, Va., says: "After hanging for four minutes, his soul left its earthly tenement and went were the woodbine twineth."

A fisherman of Bloomburg, Pa., was caught in a thunder shower the other day and struck by lightning. The fluid stripped him stark naked, but didn't hurt him a particle. In his report of the catastrophe he says it is a first-rate way to get your clothes off if you are in a hurry.

The United States Marshal reports that the population of Kansas will fall short of 400,000. Half a million has been the claim.

According to Senator Sprague, 12,000,000 sets of corsets are annually imported into the United States. By recent enactment, they will pay $5,000,000 of revenue tax.

As an evidence of the existence of party feeling in Georgia, it may be stated that the *Rome Daily* wants Gov. Bullock elevated under the limb of a tree."

A strolling and sketching costume of a lady sojourning in the White Mountains is a water-proof short dress with hoopless skirt, a broad-brimmed straw hat, tied down at the sides by a veil, and a handkerchief around the neck.

A lady in Geneva, N. Y., recently found a £50 ring in a paper of candy.

There is a man at Vermont, Ill., who lives in a jet black house, with bright vermilion "trimmings."

Nantucket rejoices in the fact that, for the first time in eighteen months, a square-rigged vessel is lying in Nantucket harbour.

They are digging up graves to make a street in Kansas City, and the skulls and bones of the early pioneers are being scattered by the spade.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

Office:—G. F. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The agent at Paris says that Prince Charles of Roumania has taken an active part in inducing the resignation of his brother, Prince Leopold.

The Berlin Government consequently has demanded the agents dismissal, which Prince Charles has refused.

Offenbach, opera bouffe composer, though a German, has published a French song entitled "God speed the Emperor.

There is a rumour that Count de Canmont Leforce arrived in London as special messenger from the Duke de Grammont to assure Government that France will respect the neutrality of Belgium, and, it is added, he met a cool reception.

It is asserted that the bank rate was raised for political effect and not from financial necessity.

LONDON, 4.—A deputation from New Foundland waited on Earl Kimberly yesterday, and asked that the British troops now in the province be suffered to remain as a protection against possible Fenian attacks. The Minister returned a discouraging answer, intimating that the colonies must rely upon themselves.

The Ministerial whitebait dinner at Greenwich is to be omitted this year.

It is said that the Petroleum Bill pending in the House of Lords will, if passed, prove almost fatal to the traffic.

A cotton commission dealer of Liverpool said to be well known in America, has fled the country leaving liabilities to the amount of £200,000 sterling. His name is not given.

The telegraphic despatches respecting the reported proposals of Napoleon for peace were suppressed. A letter now received give details, confirming the entire negotiations. It appears that the proposals were made on the following basis:

1st. Prussia to cede the territory on the left bank of the Rhine.

2nd. France to be guaranteed the possession of Belgium.

3rd. An alliance for offensive and defensive purposes to be entered into.

4rth. Separate demands to be made by France and Prussia simultaneously on England for explanations respecting the supply of material of war to both nations.

These proposals were submitted to the cabinet, and it is understood that Bismarck supported them. Prince Frederick Willium opposed the discussion with violence, and upbraided Bismarck with perjury and treason in entertaining such a project for a moment. A scene ensued, and the Prince, whose attachment to England is well known, and who is much respected by all classes, carried with him the entire sympathy of the cabinet, and negotiations were brought to an ignominious close. This appears to be the secret history of Napoleon's last timid attempt to escape from the responsibilities he has incurred.

In the House of Lords to-night the Marquis of Salisbury wished to know when the discussion would be opportune concerning the recent negotiations of England with foreign powers.

Earl Granville reported that the papers with full details of what had taken place were nearly ready, and when they were submitted, government would be prepared for the debate.

A Bill removing the political disabilities of clergymen was passed.

The Bill authorizing an effective organization of the militia forces of the country was read a first time

METZ, August 4.—Fourteen Prussian soldiers, captured at the attack on Saarbruck, passed through this city late yesterday afternoon. Part of them were on their way to Belfort, and part to Thionville, where they will be imprisoned.

The Prussian wounded have been cared for the same as French.

LISBON, August 4.—The *Gazette*, of this city has officially published a decree of neutrality on the part of Portugal in the Franco Prussian war.

BRUSSELS, August 4.—The Chambers are called to meet on the 8th.

M. Cobb is appointed Minister of Finance, and Baron d'Anthino has charge of the Department of Public Works, *ad interim* to his other duties as president of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, August 4.—The Prussian Government published the following account more in detail of the affair at Saarbruck: A feeble garrison held Saarbruck until the French advanced in three columns. The Prussians then retired to a position north of the town to observe the enemy, and in spite of the free use by the French of the mitrailleuse artillery and the Chassepots our losses were only two officers and seventy men. The loss of the French appeared more serious. Our troops were admirably cool.

LISBON, August 4.—It is reported that Don Fernandil has accepted the offer of the crown of Spain. Manifestations have recently been made against Siddanha in this city and Oporto.

PARIS, August 4.—The 'Journal Officiel' publishes a diplomatic circular on the Duke de Grammont on disarmament. The document, after refuting the statements to Count Bismarck, is thus:—If Europe remains in arms if a million men are on the eve of the shock of battle, it cannot be denied that the responsibility is Prussia's, as she repulsed all idea of disarmament when we caused a proposal to made, and began by giving the example. Her conduct is explained by the fact that at the last hour, when France confidingly reduced her military contingent, the Cabinet at Berlin was secretly organising the candidature of a Prussian prince for the throne of Spain, so productive of mischief. Whatever calumnies the Federal Chancellor may invent, we fear not. He has lost the right to be believed. The conscience of Europe and of history will say that Prussia sought this war by inflicting upon France, pre-occupied with the development of her political institutions, an outrage no nation could accept without incurring contempt.

STRASBOURG, July 4.—Yesterday, after the Council of War, Marshal McMahon, with his chief of staff, General Coulson, surveyed the Rhine from Kirk's bridge upwards; they visited Drumak, twenty miles north of here, where a cavalry regiment, and part of the 1st division of infantry are encamped. From their movements it is conjectured that McMahon is about to cross the Rhine, and dash rapidly, by way of Carlsruhe and Heidelberg, to Frankfort, and that thence he will endeavour to cut the railroad communication between Berlin and the Rhine. It is believed he will leave Mayence on the left, while the main army pushes on through the Lower Rhine Province to Mayence and Coblentz.

A forward movement, it is rumoured, is fixed for Saturday.

It is reported that the Prussians are gathered in force in the south, and that a Baden force is in the Black Forest.

General de Gaudal is in command of the 2nd division of the corps stationed here, vacant by the illness of General Douar.

MADRID, Aug. 4.—A highly enthusiastic meeting was held early this week, at which a society for the abolition of slavery was revived and re-organized. Senor Castellar was elected President, and Senor Jules Viscarranda, Secretary.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE DESPATCHES

Debate in the House of Commons.—The Prince and Princess of Wales Returned to England—Measures for the Defence of Liverpool—Railroad Accident in Scotland—Symptoms of Trouble in Londonderry—Religious and Political Disturbances in Brussels—A Convent Sacked—The Town of Saarbrucken taken by the French—3,000 Prussian Prisoners—A Combat Reported on the Baltic—Two Prussian Gunboats Captured—The French Army Advancing.

LONDON, Aug. 3—In the House of Commons, Mr. Baxter, Secretary of the Admiralty, said no augmentation of the navy was designed. Sailors could easily be had, and coal was abundant.

Mr. Lowe then called attention to the shipment of horses, saying that one thousand were being shipped daily, and it was feared horses would soon become scarce.

Mr. Cardwell admitted the fact, but saw no legal means of preventing it.

The Canada Loan Bill was passed.

The Prince and Princess of Wales have returned to England.

A movement is on foot in Liverpool to organize measures for the defence of that port.

Hanah & Wilson, general merchants, have stopped payment.

The trial of the libel suit, Inman vs. Jenkins, arising from the loss of the steamer *City of Boston*, has been postponed in order that testimony from America might be obtained.

Colonel, the winner of the steeple chase this year, has been presented to the Crown Prince of Prussia as a charger.

Property to the value of £68,000 has been saved from the wreck of the *Spindrift*.

Hops this year yield an average crop of excellent quality.

Snead & Co., Bankers of Brecon, have stopped payment.

EDINBURGH, Aug. 3rd.—An accident happened to-day on the Duudee and Newtyle Railway, near Coupar, Angus, Forfarshire; thirty persons severely injured; no deaths.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3.—The steamer *North American*, for Quebec, takes out a stock of sheep and cattle to improve Canadian breeds.

DUBLIN, Aug. 3.—There are symptoms of trouble in Londonderry on the approaching Orange celebration. The factions are highly excited.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Violent political and religious disturbances occurred yesterday in Brussels and Ghent. Mobs held possession of the streets for some hours, and sacked a convent and other buildings. The troops were called out and the riot was suppressed.

LONDON, August 4.—The Bank of England has announced, a further advance in the rate of discount of 1 per cent.

MOVILLE, Aug. 3.—The steamer *Cambria*, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, August 3rd—The steamer *City of Washington*, from New York, has arrived.

PARIS, Aug 3rd.—A division of the French army, under General Boitelle, captured the town of Saarbrucken and took 3000 Prussians prisoners. The *mitrailleuse* did wonders. A ball from a Prussian cannon fell near the Prince Imperial. The Chassepots carried over 1300 yards, and the *mitrailleuse* over 2000 yards.

A combat is reported on the Baltic, during which two Prussian gunboats were captured.

The French army is advancing.

Five hundred thousand rations leave Paris daily for the French army.

The King of Italy has written to the Pope that he will protect Rome.

Forty one thousand of the Garde Mobile were equipped last week in Paris.

Seven new journals have been started in Paris since the war began.

PESTH, August 4.—The Diet of Hungary, yesterday, emphatically declared in favor of Austrian neutrality in the Franco Prussian war.

PARIS, August 4.—The heights taken by the French at Saarbruck form a key to the railway approaches to Treves, hence the importance of the conquest.

COPENHAGEN, August 4.—The Danish Government still struggles hard to preserve neutrality, but the popular excitement is intense, and perhaps ungovernable.

The sympathy of France among all classes is very marked.

PARIS, July 4.—Duke de Grammont has issued another circular re-affirming that aggressive propositions originated in Berlin. France made none. On the contrary, she commenced her disarmament.

Count von Bismarck bases his proposals on his anxiety about the plans of Russia, giving the details which the Duke de Grammont temporarily withholds.

It concludes that owing to the falsehoods Bismarck has already uttered through fear he has lost all claim to be believed hereafter.

BERLIN, August 4.—The officers of the Union Club of this city have accepted a large wager, offered by Mr. Thomas of Paris, that the French will be in Berlin on Aug., 15th.

A Prussian reserve of 100,000 men is encamped in front of Berlin.

Forage is scarce in the Rhine provinces, and Prussian horses are suffering severely.

LONDON, August 4.—The ports of England are rapidly filling with North German vessels, anxious to escape the French cruisers.

Circulars has lately appeared from Senor Sogasta, defending Spain as innocent of the cause of the trouble between France and Prussia.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—A special to the *Tribune* from London says the engagement at Saarbrucken was between a small detachment forming the Prussian rear guard and three detachments of the French infantry, supported by 23 guns. The affair was of slight importance.

The correspondent writing from Saarbrucken says in spite of the apparent importance of maintaining railway connection at Saarbrucken, the Prussians have never seriously prepared to defend it, and their movements are believed to be henceforth independent of the Saarbrucken line.

The attack repulsed last Sunday was a sufficient warning of the French intentions, but the Prussians took no farther steps even when the French subsequently occupied the woods.

The mystery thus far hanging over the Prussian movement and plans is not dispelled by the taking of Saarbrucken.

Nothing in the French account shows that they occupied the town itself or have tried to ascertain what force lies beyond.

A special correspondent telegraphs from Mayence on his arrival there yesterday afternoon with King William and staff, that the health of the army is excellent. The feeling against the English government is strong, but very friendly to America.

There are great rejoicings over the sympathy expressed in America for Prussia.

A correspondent from Brussels writes to-day that the liberal defeat was due to unpopular measures of internal administration, such as taxes on spirits and salt. The principal case however was a discussion of the liberal party itself. The radicals deliberately supported the clerical party rather more than compromise with moderate liberal leaders, but the liberal opposition in the chamber will be strong enough to control the clerical element.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* writes on Tuesday that the enthusiasm for war has entirely disappeared in Paris.

It is now evident that the war with Germany means a prolonged struggle against one million armed combatants determined to defend their own country, and if possible to give the French such a lesson that hereafter the Emperor's peculiar mode of making his reign an era of peace, by attacking his neighbors, will be rendered impossible.

The announcement that the fortifications of Paris are to be placed in a condition of defence, and the Emperor's admission that the war will be long, has dampened the ardor of those who imagined that within a fortnight a glorious peace which would re-establish the supremacy of France would be signed at Berlin.

We are told still that the Germans are trembling at the idea of meeting the Mitrailleuse and Turcos, but the fright has lost its effect.

The *Daily News* gives an important contradiction to a statement of the Paris *Debat* respecting the secret treaty. The *Debat* says the treaty is not secret, but as a project reduced to writing and regularly formulated. It was within the cognizance not only of the Governments of France and Prussia, but of the English and Belgian Governments. The text itself it is said was in the hands of the English Government from the beginning.

To this the *Daily News* responds, without any fear of well-founded contradiction, 'we take upon ourselves to assert that our Parisian contemporaries are misinformed. The text of the projected treaty was never in the hands of the English Government, and first came under their eyes when it was published in the *Times*.

The *News* suggests that any member of Parliament, who wishes to be officially assured of the absolute ignorance of the Foreign Office, has only to put the question to elicit a distinctly negative answer.

A special from Paris, on Tuesday, says Dr. Nelaton joins the army on pretence of forming an ambulance corps, but every body know that he goes as special attendant upon the Emperor, the state of whose malady does not permit him to dispense with his most trusted physician.

NEW YORK, August 4.—A Berlin despatch says another fight has taken place at the town of Gersiveillet.

A detachment of French crossed the line and took possession of the village. The Prussians then attacked the French and dislodged them from their position in the village, when they retired with the loss of 9 killed.

A cable despatch, dated London, to-day, says:—Two vessels of the contingent channel squadron sail from Plymouth this evening for a secret rendezvous, probably off the Belgian coast.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 4.

A public meeting was held yesterday for the purpose of forming an Association to afford information and assistance to intending emigrants to Red River.

Mr. John Holden presided.

The meeting was addressed by Col. J. T. Denison, W. P. Howland, Dr. Schultz, J. D. Edgar, Chas. Mair, and others. Resolutions in favour of the object were passed.

Drs. Schultz and Lynch leave for Red River to-day.

A special to the *Telegraph* from Fort Abercrombie, dated July 27th, says:—Donohue has struck out for himself unknown to Riel. A Fenian emissary had arrived in Red River named Botkins, and he and O'Donohue considering that there was small hopes of a general amnesty, have come to the determination to make a desperate effort to prevent the troops from entering the Territory. Botkins was sent off in all haste to Chicago to call the Fenians to aid him, and a strong appeal was made to General Spear in New York. Botkins was only five days going from Red River to this place. He promises that in 30 days from his departure from Red River he will be in with Fenians prepared to contest the entrance of the troops. There is no doubt but this move is quite unknown to Riel, but Lepine knows of it.

A rumour was got up that the troops were within a day's march of Fort Garry. That night Riel, Lepine, and O'Donoghue were nowhere to be found. They were off and hid themselves somewhere. Scouts were sent out in hot haste in every direction, and when morning came they found they had been victims of a hoax.

The triumvirate are very much alarmed, but still the O'Donoghue section are hoping strongly that Bishop Tache will succeed in stopping the troops until their plans are brought to maturity.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 4.

Yesterday afternoon the pic-nic of the St. Patrick's Benevolent Society came off at Laprairie. So many attended that it was necessary for the boat to make two trips.

Last evening two men named Boucher and Lalonde, working in the Protestant Cemetery, had a narrow escape from being killed. They were engaged excavating for the purpose of building a vault. Lalonde escaped with his hands slightly bruised. Boucher was badly injured.

Rain last night; cold and clear to-day.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 4th.

Several hundred persons went to the Hibernian pic-nic to-day at the Chaudiere.

St. John's Ward has contributed $380 to the St. Roch's fire relief fund.

Sir George E. Cartier visited Rimouski for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the propriety of having the wharf there extended into deep water.

The Provincial Board of Notaries met yesterday, when Notaries were nominated to represent the Board at a meeting to be held in Montreal next October.

Arrived—Steamship *Allans*; ships *Golden Age, Pembroke, Eliza Fulton*, and *John Boyd*.

Some cruel and malignant wretch inflicted several wounds in the flanks of a horse belonging to Mr. E. Dungan, of Prescott.

Mr. Kreighoff, the eminent painter of Canadian life and scenery, so well known in Quebec, is at present there on a visit. He is accompanied by his family.

A respectable citizen of Quebec has been hauled up for assaulting a policeman. The city is virtuously indignant.

A somnambulist of Montreal lately walked out of a two story window and fractured his leg.

To judge from the number of cows found wandering about the streets of Montreal you would think it was a huge pasturage.

The shoemakers of Montreal contemplate another strike. Surely we live in striking times.

Hamilton says that the mosquitoes of the present season differ from any that have ever before visited that section. They stand on their head when they bite.

WAR TOPICS.

THE MITRAILLEUSE.

Grape, canister or case, and shrapnel all contain bullets, and are all means for multiplying deaths. The rifle gun mows down its hundreds by showers of case at close quarters, or at longer distances fires bullets from the bursting shrapnel. The mitrailleuse or machine gun, on the contrary, sends a large number of small projectiles independently, and with precision, to a considerable distance. We may divide arms on the latter principal into two classes—first those which discharge their bullets from a single barrel, to by a many chambered barrel, and secondly those in which each cartridge has its corresponding barrel, the charging and discharging of which is direct, and more or less simple. It is obvious that, for rough usage and continuous firing, it is better that a large number of rounds should be fired from a considerable number of barrels so placed as to support each other and add strength to the whole machine. The French Mitrailleuse, as well as the Belgian Montigny, belongs to the second class, and the following brief description is equally applicable to both arms: The machine gun consists of a cluster of barrels, either bound together or bored out of the solid, and mounted on the same principle as an ordinary field gun. At a few hundred yards indeed, it would be difficult to distinguish between these weapons, as far as outward appearance goes. To the barrels is attached a massive breech action, capable of being opened and closed by a lever. In the Montigny arm the cartridges are carried in steel plates perforated with holes corresponding in number and position to the holes in the barrel. The steel plate, in fact, forms the "vent piece" of the system. The central fire cartridges being dropped into the holes in the steel plate, stand out at right angles from it, and the plates, thus ready charged, are so carried in limber and axletree boxes specially fitted for their reception. When the gun comes into action the breech is drawn back, a steel plate full of cartridges is dropped into its corresponding slot, and the breech block thrust forward and secured. The gun is now on full cock, and contains from thirty to forty cartridges, which are fired by a barrel organ' handle, either one by one as the handle works round click-clack, or in a volley by a rapid turn of the wrist. When the gun is empty the breech block is again withdrawn; the steel plate carrying the empty cartridge cases, lifted out, and a fresh plate dropped in, if necessary. The advantage possessed by the machine gun over infantry fire is that it is never in a funk. Bullets many rain around, bursting shells may fill the air, still the thirty-seven barrels of the Mitrailleuse shoot like one man, and at 800 or 1,000 yards will pour volley aft r volley of deadly concentrated fire into a circle of from ten to twelve feet in diameter. No boring or fixing of fuses is necessary, and the whole operation is performed so rapidly that two steady, cool men could maintain a fire of ten discharges per minute.

SAARBRUCK.

Saarbruck, or Saarbrucken, the town reported to have been occupied by the French in their march to the Rhine, is a town about forty miles south-south-east of the city of Treves, and some three miles from the French border. It is connected with Metz, St. Avold, and Forbach, in France, by railroad running from Mentz to Manheim, and is some seven miles west-north-west of Forbach. During the wars of Napoleon it suffered severely, and was annexed to the Empire. By the treaty of Paris in 1815 the place was ceded to Prussia, by whom it has since been held.

The occupation of Saarbrucken is in so far materially important that it gives the French control of the Saar, which river has been canalized from this point, and turns the Prussian fortress of Saar-Louis. It opens, in short, Rhenish Prussia to the invaders. But it by no means determines the question whether the serious French attack upon Germany is or not to be made by the Saar valley and the Moselle.

COUNT BENEDETTI.

Count Benedetti, who has figured so prominently of late, especially at Ems, is by birth a Corsican and was born in the year in which the great Corsican met with his final overthrow. His father was a Greek, who had served the Austrian Government as consul at Cairo. Benedetti, the younger, first commenced his official career as French Consul in Cairo and afterwards Palermo. He next became first Secretary of the Embassy at Constantinople, and in 1855 was nominated to succeed M. Bovree as Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Teheran, Persia. He declined that position, and was placed among the supernumerary diplomatists. Shortly after he was appointed to a place in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and was Secretary of the Congress held in Paris in 1856. His conduct during this Congress endeared him to the late Count Cavour, and he was looked on as one of the most devoted friends of Italian independence. In 1861 he was appointed embassador at Turin. On the retirement of M. Thouvenel from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Count Benedetti resigned his appointment, but in 1864 he took the place of M. De Talleyrand Peligord, as embassador at Berlin. The declaration of war which followed his adventure at Ems, has rendered his name historical.

Dreadful Accident in Montreal.

In our Montreal telegram, yesterday, mention was made of a terrible accident which occurred in St. James street. The following particulars are given by the *Gazette*:—

Yesterday, about half-past eleven o'clock, an accident of an unusually grave character occurred in the new stores now in process of construction on St. James street, near the Bank of British North America. A scaffolding on which a winch was placed for the purpose of hoisting stones gave way, and five men were precipitated about 25 feet into the story below. Two of the unfortunates, named Juteaux and Labelle, fell among the stones, which had been used for steadying the winch.

Labelle appears to have lived but a short time after his fall, probably not more than twenty minutes. Juteaux, who bled profusely from wounds about the face and head, only expired as he was being taken to the Hotel Dieu Hospital. Of the other three sufferers, a person named Michaud received the severest injuries. He was conscious, however, and was conveyed to his home in a carriage. Robert and Bernier received some contusions, but both were able to walk to their homes.

We have not been able to obtain any exact information as to how the accident occurred. The men attended to a winch which was placed at the back of the building at its eastern end on the cross beams of the second story. A rope passed from the winch to a pulley suspended in a triangle at the front of the building, and was used for drawing up stones. At the time the accident occurred, the five men were turning the crank of the winch to raise a large stone at the front. No one was nearer than the men at the front, and as they were busy watching the stone which was coming up, their first intimation of the accident was the sound of crashing timber, and the cries of the poor sufferers as they fell. It seems probable that the winch, which was well weighted, slipped, and as it did so, overturned some of the three inch planks, which were set upon edge and braced with cross braces between each two planks. The weight of the winch, and of the stones put upon it to cover it, coming suddenly upon the planks, they broke like pipe stems, and men and all tumbled into the flat beneath. Further particulars and details will doubtless be brought to light in the proceedings which will take place before Mr. Coroner Jones to-day.

The injured men were all married and all have families.

THE ARMOR COMPANIES.—The officers of the Volunteer Companies are:—

1st. ONTARIO BATTALION.

No. 8 Company.—Capt. Fitzgerald, Belleville; Lt. Burton, Port-Hope; Ens. Morrison, Toronto.

2ND. QUEBEC BATTALION.

No. 8 Company.—Capt. Larue, Three Rivers; Lt. Douglas, Quebec; Ens. D'Bois, Quebec.

Capt. Larue arrived yesterday with the men recruits to fill up his company. The companies are now both complete, and men have been examined by Dr. Sewell and passed with a few exceptions, which, The Ontario Company is in the Toronto ward state, has taken in quarters at the Artillery Barracks some days ago. The clothing of the men is being fitted on. The Quebec Battalion went into quarters yesterday. For the present the companies are under the command of Lt. Colonel Jackson, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, and orders issue through Major Phillips.—Kingston *Whig*.

BIR

[LO]CAL NEWS.

[...]TON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S [CL]EARANCE SALE STILL CON[TINUES] EXAMINE OUR PRICES [BE]FORE BUYING. [...] post free on application.

[...] have lately fallen in the [...] of Prescott.

[...] planks in the sidewalk in [...] street have not yet been re[...]

[M]ARKET—Thursday—There was not [a large s]upply of produce on the market [...] vegetables being about all [...] Prices are the same as [...]

[...]—A few respectable girls [...] opportunity of improving [...] knowledge of dressmaking, or [...] apprentices, under Miss May[...] London, England, at R. L. [...]

[...] HILL.—Improvements are ro[...] on Major's Hill. A small band [...] been at work in levelling the [...] removing boulders, &c., since [...] Major's Hill will yet be made [the fin]est park in the Province.

[...]—Would not Superintendent [...] the kindness to send one of [...] part of a day to drive down [...] heads stick up so promi[...] planks on Sparks and Ri[...]

[...] RUSSELL HOUSE—THURS[DAY] [...] Mrs. C. F. Haidly, Boston; [...] Gouverneur; Rev. and Mrs. [...] Ogdensburg, N.Y.; W. Dar[...] H. N. Whiteman, Stan[...] T. Parsons, wife and daughter, [...] A. Patrick, Nova Scotia; [...] and lady, Oglensburg; A. [...] and daughter.

[...]—A very fair audience [...] Wilmore troupe, last even[ing] [...] the previous evenings, [...] first-class. In bidding [...] Wilmore combination fare[well] [...] that, in the esti[mation] [...] had the pleasure [of witnessing] their performances, they [...] other troupe that has [...] visited Ottawa.

[...] RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—The [...] this Association is now out. [...] in ten matches. The prizes [...] over $100 in cash, besides cups, [...] &c., which are also on the list. [...] will commence on Friday, [...] the present month, at the Ri[fle Range]. The following gentlemen [...] the Executive Committee of [...]: President, Allan Gilmour, [Vice] Presidents, Captain White, C. [...] W. B. Lindsay. Committee [...] Thomas Ross, O. B. G. A.; E. C. [...] Captain Egleson, O. B. G. [...] Lieut.-Col. Bearman, 43rd [...] J. Hinton, Esq.; Captain [...] N. B. G. A., Secretary; [...] Stephens, Assistant Secre[tary].

[...] THEATRE.—Notwithstand[ing] [...] at the Rink last eve[ning] [...] troupe at the Theatre [...] but there was rival [...] the persons of Johnnie Ward [and] Nellie Nelson, who are gifted [...] ability, particularly in the comic [...] a treat worth twenty entrance [...] a song by either one of them. [...] "Shabby Genteel" and [...] "Fred" were capitally ren[dered] [...] and Miss Nelson sang [...] Stream" with great effect. [...] loudly applauded and re[...] encored. Miss Peterson, as we [...] performed her part with grace [and] ability. Mr. Stetson is at [...] the stage, and Mr. Clinton is too [...] to the theatre-going people to [...] of his merits in print. [...] was gone through without a [...] the roaring farce, with the faceti[...] wound up the evening's en[tertainment] to general satisfaction. A [...] is proposed for this even[ing], "The Young Widow," and "Mischief [Making]," with dancing and songs in the [...] well-known band sup[...] with Johnnie Ward [and] Nellie Nelson on the stage, our advice [...] to go to the Theatre this evening.

[...]—We regret to say there is [a clas]s of young men in Ottawa [...] to apply a mild adjec[tive] [...] They endeavour to pass [them]selves off as gentlemen, and such [...] would they only conduct [themselves] properly. They are generally [...] of money, which they get, we [...] honestly enough as a general [...] the manner in which the [...] squandered that brings them so [...] censure. They congregate [...] evening like all birds of the [...] and usually do not go home [...] when they are so muddled [...] hardly know the road. Hotels [...] places where drinking [...] is the order of [...] are their favourite resorts [...] drink, and about the [...] is swearing, swaggering [...] and frequently this [...] brakes up after [...] a row, and thus [...] Wednesday night. [...] who should have more respect [...] and for those belonging to [...] to attend or encourage such [...] meetings, had a quarrel after [...] boozing. They fought for a [...] the approval of their compan[ions] [...] biggest, whose conduct is [...] reprehensible was taken from off [...] unknown opponent. Neither one [...] was satisfied; $10 of a [...] was given into the hands of [...] company, binding them to meet [...] appointed place the next day [...] their bull-dog qualities. Yester[day] [...] his appearance at the ap[pointed time] and place, but his antagonist [...] evening did not show him[self] [...] those who came to wit[ness] [...] exhibition were disap[pointed]. The one who remained away, [...] the forfeit, was the wisest; [...] would only keep altogether [...] company of which we speak, and [...] attention in the proper direction, [he would] regain his lost character. In [...] recurrences of the above descrip[tion] [...] will be published.

[...] N.S., Gazette says the hay [...] Cumberland county, this season, [...] one-third to two-thirds that of [...]

Police Court.

THURSDAY, July 4.

An insignificant case of quarrelling between a couple of children was dismissed.

Felix Beauchamp, charged with having a stove pipe through the roof of the house in which he resides, thereby endangering the building and property in the vicinity from fire, was fined $1 and costs.

A Trip to Green's Creek

The following is the account given us of the fires in Gloucester by a gentleman who took a tour through what may be termed the burned regions, for seven or eight miles from the city:

No person who has not visited the district through which the fire has been raging in the Township of Gloucester, can form anything like an adequate idea as to the extent of the ravages of the destructive element. In town we heard many accounts of the terrible work of destruction, but even the most seemingly extravagant of these falls short of the facts. To the traveller such a view as presents itself on every side, we presume has never been witnessed by the oldest inhabitant of the Township. Where a few weeks ago stood vast woods loaded with the verdure of summer, where the flowerets of the vale scented the air, and birds clustered among the shady bushes, now stand trees whose foliage is seen as if bending before the autumn blast; not a green leaf or blade of grass is to be seen, or the chirp of even the morning greybird to be heard. Though the fury of the fire has left it, yet clouds of smoke rise from the smouldering heaps in different places. As we moved on towards Green's Creek, and in the direction of where the fire was then most unmanageable, the view in the distance almost persuaded us that the country ahead was being generally consumed. The smoke blown from the country into town we heard complained of by many citizens as most unpleasant; were they out at the very source of that smoke, the fire perhaps, aye, very frequently, within thirty yards of the house door, then there would be some excuse for complaining. Poor families, with 30 or 40 acres of land in which were their crops that cost them so much labor and time, beheld the fire raging along towards these same crops, and helplessly saw it sweep over them, leaving nothing behind it but ashes. But viewing their grain destroyed in this manner was not the only suffering they had to endure; in some cases many sleepless nights had to be passed in watching the flames and preventing them from destroying the very roof that sheltered them. As still we pushed on we beheld on every side the ruinous traces of the fire; confusion seemed to have followed in its path. People in their endeavors to save one thing and another scattered them about, wherever a spot could be found where it was thought the fire could not reach. What fences, as a general thing escaped the fire were drawn or thrown out on to the middle of the road. The public road seemed to be the safest place available for the purpose of preserving anything; for on it in some places were promiscuously heaped waggons, carts, ploughs, rakes, cordwood, and everything that is generally found about a farm. In some instances the road was almost blocked up and made impassable to a carriage, and we came to some places where small log bridges, which had been thrown across streams were entirely destroyed, and to gain the other side a round-about path through the adjoining fields rendered unavoidable. In some cases we drove over a burning road—we mean what is called crosslayings or corduroy roads, which, we presume, the reader knows consist of a series of logs laid crossways on the road, and these logs were on fire. The woods and fields throughout the whole length of our drive presented an almost unvaried charred and burned face. In fine, the country appears like the smouldering ruins of some former habitations. When we left on Wednesday evening the fire was on the western side of Green's creek at the rear of Mr. Joyce's farm. Eight or ten men had been working for the three previous days endeavoring to prevent the fire crossing the creek. They were hired by the Grey Nuns of this city who have 300 cords of seasoned cordwood on the eastern side, which would certainly be destroyed if the fire once got into the dry brush wood about it. In this particular place we were informed that the fire came on with frightful rapidity against a strong wind which was blowing at the time. Those who saw it said it seemed to burst spontaneously out of the ground. From Mr. Bradley's farm which is within a few miles of Ottawa, to the above named creek the destruction is general. Some farmers are heavy loosers and many valuable fences the work in some cases of 8 or 10 or more years are laid in ashes. All hay and ripe, and in some cases green, grain standing at that time was destroyed. It is useless to mention the names of the sufferers; they are very numerous. The fire still burns briskly as it follows along through dry swamps and over ridges running occasionally into the clearance. We understand it is doing much damage out near the Russell road.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—I beg to call your attention to a grievance existing with regard to the water supply of the mills at the Deschene Rapids.

The present Slide Master has been incapable of performing his duty since early this Spring, and his duties have been performed by another party, over whom the Government has no control, viz., one of Mr. Eddy's foremen. This party has been in the habit of removing the upper stop-logs of the Dam at the Deschene; the result is that the water is drawn off from the Deschene Mills, and passed down for the benefit of his employer—a mill-owner at the Chaudiere.

What we require is, that the Slide Master be compelled to do his duty, or some other appointed that is capable and will discharge the duty faithfully.

C.

Ottawa, Aug. 5, 1870.

The most significant illustration of the independence of the American press we have lately witnessed, as given by a reporter of a New York Sunday paper. He went to the house of the murdered Mr. Nathan, to view the premises, but the son of the deceased did not treat him with other consideration or courtesy. Thereupon the reporter went to his office, and wrote two columns to prove that said son was the murderer of his father. Such a scheme for revenge could have originated only in the prolific brain of a New York Bohemian.

An American on his travels says: "I asked a fellow tourist his opinion of the Rhine. 'Wall, sir,' said he, 'it is not so grand as our North River. We hain't got them old castles, to be sure, but our water's as broad, and our rocks are twice as big, and mostly perpendic'lar.' I remarked that the Rhine ruins were extremely picturesque, and certainly enhanced the beauty of the river. 'Wall,' said he, 'I shouldn't wonder if our builders could put up a few if we offered the contract, but our people don't deal much in ruins, that's a fact, and when you come to think of it, you can't say there's much use in 'em.'"

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

Excursion by the Alexandra

TO

BUTTERNUT GROVE,

And PIC-NIC on the Grounds,

Wednesday, 10th August, 1870.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands.

Amusements of various kinds.

GAMES AND PRIZES.—Aunt Sally and Peter Pickwick, Esq., M.S.G.S.

Refreshments of the best quality to be had on board the boat and on the grounds at city rates.

N.B.—The "Alexandra" will leave the Queen's wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., and 2 o'clock, p.m. sharp, returning from Butternut Grove at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 50 cents each. Children between the age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents. Under 7 years of age, FREE. Can be had at the English Hotel and the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau Street; Miles' Parliament Hair Dressing Saloon, Michael's Tobacco Store and Pace's Jewellery Store, Centre Town; British Lion Hotel and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks Street; Hallandale's Saloon, Wellington Street; Bartlett's Confectionery, Sussex Street; Salmon's Hotel, York Street; The Feather's Saloon, William Street; of the Committee and Stewards, and at the Steamer prior to her leaving the wharf.

To avoid confusion and unnecessary delay the public are respectfully requested to procure their tickets before the morning of the Excursion.

For further particulars see posters.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

By order,
WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary,
W. R. TRUMAN, Asst. Sec.

Ottawa, 4th August, 1870. 1426d

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS.

AN ENGLISH LADY of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.

Address, L. B.—
Post Office, Levis, Quebec.

August 3. 1424-3

WANTED An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.

Address by letter—
Box 394,
Ottawa Post Office.

August 2 1424-1w

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.

Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING

INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$350,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2s the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187-, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238, Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 4d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of $48 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa

July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

NOTICE.—The Trustees of the Canada Presbyterian Church Property, in the Township of Osgoode, will apply to the Legislature of Ontario at its next Session for an act to authorize them to Deed part of said Church Property to other Trustees for a Burial Ground. 31 6

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership for some time past carried on by Peter McMartin and Joseph Warner Hughes, under the firm of "Hughes & Co," at this city of Ottawa was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and the same Peter McMartin is authorized to discharge all debts, and to receive all credits on account of the said Partnership concern.

Dated at Ottawa this fourteenth day of July, A D 1870.

Witness—NICHOLAS SPARKS,
P. McMARTIN,
J W HUGHES.

31-4

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 86 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address—
Box, 179,
Ottawa Post Office.

Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS.

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1384 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

OTTAWA, 7 July, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company have this day deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the city of Ottawa, a duplicate map or plan, and book of reference of the proposed extention of the line of the said Railway, under the authority of 31 Vic., Cap. 29, and of its course and direction, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor; so far as ascertained, and have also deposited copies of such map or plan, and book of reference, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, for the County of Carleton.

THOS. REYNOLDS
Managing Director,
St. L & O R C.

[...]

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Lemy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 f. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at 1 rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—½ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1418-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa.
" " 97, "
" " 100, "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 26th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

Reference given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

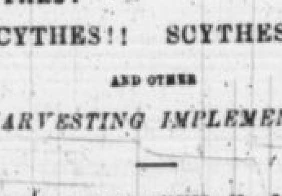
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE.

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

WAR

To the knife on the prices of the POLAR REFRIGERATOR. We will after this sell the $30 size for $24. This is a bargain that house-keepers should look sharp after.

Wire Dish Covers, Baskets, Lamps, Coal Oil Baths Cook Stoves, Jelly Moulds, Brushes, everything you want for house-keeping, you can find at ESMONDES.

We desire to draw particular attention to our work shop, gutters, eve-troughs, and all sorts of outside work done with despatch, as well as any other orders we may receive for tin, iron, or plumbing work. We work 20 per cent below any other house in Ottawa.

Sole Agency for the CHALLENGE FILTER of the world. The Kedzie Filter the only durable and reliable one manufactured.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870. 1419-tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

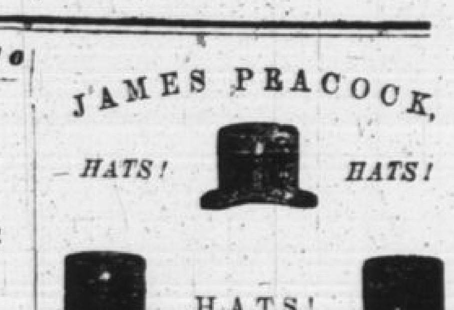
The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870.

Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 26th, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! HATS!

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

1[?]th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $6.00 per dozen.

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI,

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made, by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home. Prospectuses containing the course of English studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 3

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MRS. POWELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1400 [?]

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 5, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	0 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal.

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark. The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

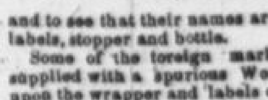
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342. 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BIGELOW, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

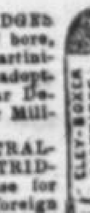
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:—

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

"Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c., of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 23. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle!

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq, Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1339 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 15 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5,

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

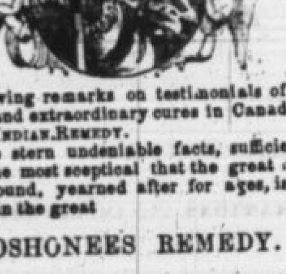
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown. 1y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	15 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin Ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

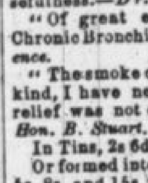
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awEm 1awk6m



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—Dr W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion,

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 58	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 46
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	2 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

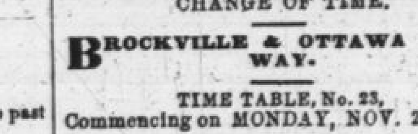
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 8.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues ...

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race ... tenant of the organism ... without exciting a suspicion ... then, on some favorable ... surface or among the vitals ... its presence by eruptions ... visable, even when no ... appear ... Tetter, Salt Rheum ... Sore Eyes, Sore Ears ... visible forms of Scrofulous ... more concealed forms ... Heart Disease ... and the various Ulcerous ... lar and nervous system.

Syphilis or Venereal ... are cured by it, though a long time ... subduing these obstinate ... But long continued use of this ... the complaint. Leucorrhoea ... Ulcerations, and Female ... monly soon relieved and ... purifying and invigorating ... tions for each case are found in ... plied gratis. Rheumatism ... caused by accumulations of ... in the blood, yield quickly ... Complaints, Torpidity ... mation of the Liver ... as they often do, from the ... blood. This SARSAPARILLA ... storer for the strength and vigor ... Those who are Languid and ... dent, Sleepless, and troubled ... prehensions or Fears ... symptomatic of Weakness ... relief and convincing ... power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic.

tried it, know that it cured them; ... not, know that it cures their neighbours ... and all know that what it does once ... —that it never fails through any fault ... its composition. We have thousands ... of certificates of their remarkable ... following complaints ...

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion ... For Liver Complaints ... Jaundice ... Colic and Bilious ... For Dysentery or Diarrhoea ... For Rheumatism ... For Dropsy ... For Suppression ... As a Dinner Pill ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—... Malcolm Cameron, ... McMaster, Esq, ... A T Fulton, Esq, ... J S Crocker, Esq.

Bankers—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid ... losses are being settled ... promptness of its settlement ... Insurance Company ...

Its Inspectors ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusters ...

It respectfully solicits a share of ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Tuner, and Repairer, ... between Dalhousie street and ... street, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on ... ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

The Session will be opened on ... October

FACULTY OF ARTS.

The Session of this Faculty will ... WEDNESDAY, September ... here will be offered for competition ... SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS.

viz:—The McDonald ... tions, of the annual value ... Thomson Exhibition ... Alexander Scholarship ... Jane Redpath Exhibition ... Scholarship, value ...

Of these 4 will be ... College years in Arts ... entering. A Scholarship ...

Copies of the Calendar ... information as to the ... competition, course of ... on application to the ...

W C BAYNES, B.A., Secretary McGill College.

1342 1awt4J

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, ... six rooms and kitchen, ... burnham Hill. There is ... vegetable garden ... attached. Apply to ...

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The ... No. 27, in First Concession, ... pean, and Lots Nos. 24 and ... session, at present in the ... Aylen, Esq. For further ... JOHN and WM. THOMSON ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1428. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

... WHELAN,

19 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

... at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Cheese and Fine Salt. Also, ... Sherry and ... Vinegars

... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... other articles necessary to complete stock.

... Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... fresh and cheap.

... Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

... Brandies, Hennessy & Co., Henry ... and other brands.

... GIN—... Kuyper's and Bosman's, a wood ...

... Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age. ... OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...

... Porter, pts and qts.

... all grades.

... SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ... BELOW COST. 1105

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. d&w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W. ..., of the late firm of ... Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel house, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mattoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 959y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
771tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street 775y
Ottawa, June 23, 1868.

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

... will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
"PAINTING"
GO TO
LANG'S
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
N.B.—Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

MADRID 1847 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most ... It relieves lowness of spirits. ...
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken before meals.
It promotes digestion if taken after meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6 1415-y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, affecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 46.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

TO LET.
One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, &c, &c., &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer						
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, &c	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignalville, &c	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand, Renfrew, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Packenham, March, Huntley, &c	6.00	11.00		8.00	11.30	
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. &c.	7.30		12.15			5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30	4.30		11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Ra.	6.00				11.00	5.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate daily; Aylwin, Kirkbanna, Low, River Desert, Six Portageight, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Friday	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	3.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER,

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago............ 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit............ 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit............ 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route............ 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T COCHORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1334tf.

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

☞ SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion.

500 ... assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

☞ *It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.*

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.,&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS.

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1386y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs and Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair ... make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup,* it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure,* and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 10th May, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it is among other things, in effect enacted by the 58 Sec. of the Act 31 Victoria, Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," that the Importer of Wheat, Maize, or other grain, may grind and pack the same in bond, provided such grinding and packing be done and conducted under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Governor in Council, may from time to time make for this purpose; and that the same Regulations may extend to the substitution of flour and meal in quantities equivalent to the produce of such Wheat, Maize or other grain.

His Excellency, the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Honble. the Minister of Customs and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the grinding and packing of wheat, maize and other grain, in bond, shall be done and conducted under the Regulations and Restrictions following, viz:

1st. The Collector of Customs, at any Port of Entry, shall receive entries of foreign wheat, maize or other grain, to be ground and packed in bond, for exportation or consumption, and such Collector shall deliver or cause to be delivered such Wheat, Maize or other grain to be forwarded on to the Port of destination, where may be situated the Mill or Mills at which the said Wheat, Maize or other grain is to be ground and packed in bond, as by law permitted.

2nd. The Wheat, Maize or other grain shall be so forwarded under bonds to be taken either by the Collector at the Port of Entry, or by the Collector at the Port of destination, as may best suit the convenience of the Importer, which bonds shall be taken for an amount that will cover the duties chargeable upon the said Wheat, Maize or other grain, and be conditioned for the due payment of such duties, should such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the quantity of flour and Meal representing such Wheat, Maize or other grain, go into consumption, or for the due exportation of such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the equivalent thereof in flour and Meal, and on proof of the payment of such duties or of the due exportation as aforesaid within one year from the date of the said Bond or Bonds, the said Bonds shall be duly cancelled; and if such bonds shall be given at the Port of destination, a certificate of such payment or exportation under the hand of the Collector of Customs of such Port, shall be forwarded to the Collector of the Port of Entry at which such Wheat, Maize or other grain shall have been imported, or entered for manufacture in Bond.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
1385 3

The Theatre of the War.

Good maps of Europe can be found in every household—every school atlas contains them—all who wish to follow the war developments with intelligence will do well to gather from the map a clear idea of the general features of the country in which the fighting is to take place. In studying the map the first object to be examined is the boundary line between France and Germany; and its most obvious peculiarity is that near Lauterburg, it forms almost a right angle. One side of the angle is marked by the Rhine: the other side is a conventional line from east to west. The aggregate of these two sides is less than 300 miles. Luxemburg and Belgium on the north-west, and Switzerland on the south-east, are neutral territories, and do not come into consideration at present, as their neutrality will doubtless be respected, at least during the earlier stages of the conflict.

The Rhine rises among the glaciers of the central Alps, flows north to the deep lake of Constance, and thence pursues a westerly course as far as Basel, the capital city of the Swiss canton of the same name. From Basel it flows north by east to the great German fortress of Metz, or Mayence, in Hesse. This part of its valley is a fertile, low plain, about thirty miles wide, ... mountains.

At Bingen, a few miles west of Mentz, the Rhine changes its course to the north-west, traversing a deeply ... the Rhenish plateau. It is this part of its valley which is so famous for its picturesque beauty, and whose vine clad hills, turreted castles, and hoary ruins attract so many tourists from all parts of the world.

From Basel to the little river Lauter the Rhine flows between France and the Grand Duchy of Baden. For the next 350 miles it flows through German territory, having the Bavarian Palatinate, a small part of Hesse, and a large part of the Prussian Rhine Province upon its western bank.

The affluents of the Rhine, whose banks will soon resound with the din of battle, are the Moselle and the Nahe. The Moselle rises on the western flanks of the Vosges mountains, flows through the hilly region of northeastern France, then separates Luxemburg from Prussia, and at last traverses a very tortuous and deeply cut valley. It receives the Sarre, or Saar, which, rising in France, flows through southwestern Prussia. The Nahe rises in Prussia, and flows into the Rhine at Bingen. Its tributary, the Glan, flows through a valley which opens into the valley of the Saar.

We may safely assume that the first battle of the war will be fought near the north-eastern boundary of France, somewhere between the valley of the Rhine and the valley of the Moselle. The Prussian forces are massed on the north, the French on the south of this line. Each army has in its rear a series of strongly fortified places, with which several lines of railway maintain an easy and rapid communication.

The country between the Rhine and the Moselle consists of two belts of hilly plateaus, which are separated by the valley of the upper Saar, the Glan, and the lower Nahe mentioned above. The eastern belt includes the Hardt and the northern continuation of the Vosges mountains. It is covered with dense forests, and intersected in an irregular manner by numerous gorges and valleys, which would seriously impede military operations. A railroad ... German soil, connecting ... way of Kaiserslautern, with ... the Saar. Another railroad crosses on French soil from Strasbourg to Sarrebourg. The western belt includes elevated ridges and broken table lands, and, although easier of access than the eastern, would make the march of an invading force extremely difficult and fatiguing. A railroad from Bingen follows the valley of the Nahe, and leads to Saarbruck on the Saar, and thence to Metz on the Moselle.

It is most likely that the operations at the opening of the campaign will be conducted through the two valleys above described. The broken ground enclosing them will afford excellent positions for defence and offence. The country is such as to give ample opportunity to the commanders to carry out brilliant manœuvres; and it remains to be seen which of the two parties will exhibit the greater talent, promptness, and celerity.

France has along her Northwestern frontier a series of secondary fortresses, which are not very important, except as points of support in a position occupied by the army. Such are Lauterbourg and Weissenbourg east of the Vosges mountain, and Thionville on the Moselle. Further inland are two fortified places of the first rank, Strasburg on the Rhine, and Metz on the Moselle, neither of which would be passed by an invading army without absorbing at least a corps of observation.

The only Prussian fortress near the frontier is Saarlouis on the Saar, which materially aids in the defence of this valley. On the Rhine there are several fortresses of the first rank, two of which are at present considered by good authorities impregnable—Mentz, opposite the mouth of the Main river, and Ehrenbreitstein, opposite the mouth of the Moselle, near the city of Coblentz.

MISCELLANEOUS JOTTINGS.

Mr. Mair is making up a party of Canadians for Red River.

The war in New Zealand, according to latest advices, has ceased, and tranquility prevails.

One of the recent fashions of the fair sex is to patronize pet serpents, which are to be had very plentifully in Paris.

Among the latest cards published is that from a gentleman willing to hire himself out as a second in affairs of honor.

An international conference of teachers is to take place at Brussels on the 24th September next. The subject of discussion will be "The ideas of peace, benevolence, and gentleness, which ought to prevail in the education of youth."

Writers of experience in nature strongly recommend the use of mosquito curtains in tropical regions, as a precaution against malaria. They "sift" the air, and besides tend surprisingly to keep the temperature within them uniform.

Some singular facts concerning the different stimulants used by eminent men are given by an English writer, Dr. Paris, in his "Pharmacologia." Hobbes drank cold water when he was desirous of making a strong intellectual effort, Newton smoked, Bonaparte took snuff, Pope strong coffee, Byron gin and water, Wedderburn, the first Lord Ashburton, always placed a blister on his chest when he had to make a great speech.

In Charlotte Bronte's recently published letters she thus expresses her views regarding marriage: "Do not be overpersuaded to marry a man you can never respect—I do not say love; because I think if you can respect a person before marriage, moderate love at least will come after; and as to intense passion I am convinced that it is no desirable feeling. In the first place it seldom or never meets with a requital; and in the second place, if it did, the feeling would be only temporary; it would last the honeymoon, and then perhaps give place to disgust. Certainly this would be the case on the man's part, and on the woman's—God help her if she is left to love passionately and alone."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada—C. J. Brydges.
do do do—C. J. Brydges.
For Sale—Mackay Estate.
Wanted.
River Excursions.
The People's Tea Store—P. Baskerville & Bros.
Her Majesty's Theatre Wm. J. Marshall.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1870.

A. P. McDonald, Esq., still leads the van among the Intercolonial Railway contractors. During the last two months nearly as much work has been done on his section as on all the other sections of this road put together. It will be remembered by many of our readers that Mr. McDonald did his part of the work on the Great Western Railway, better than any one else, and from present appearances he is likely to be equally successful on the Intercolonial line.

Mr. Smith, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has returned from the tour of inspection, in which he has been for some weeks engaged. During his absence Mr. Smith visited all the lighthouses and humane institutions on the islands and on the coast of Nova Scotia, and we believe was generally well satisfied with the condition of affairs. Mr. Smith informs us that the American fishermen are beginning to "accept the situation," and to understand that we are determined upon protecting our own property. The commander of the United States man-of-war on the station, is doing his utmost to prevent the Americans from transgressing the law, and is, more severe in his mode of dealing with transgressors than the British officers are.

WORKS OF FICTION.

It must be confessed that a large majority of the Opposition journals occupy a very anomalous and rather ludicrous position just now. They have struck out for themselves a new line which has not before been attempted in journalism; they no longer deal with facts, but depend upon the sensational fictions concocted by a few special correspondents of large inventive powers. What Miss Braddon and Mrs. Wood are in the light romantic literature of England, these gentlemen are to the newspaper press of Canada. It is not even necessary that they should have the slightest grain of fact upon which to build their stupendous fictions, their inventive powers are good for any emergency, and there is no stretch of the imagination to which they are not equal. In their way they deserve credit, these able recounters of events which never happened, for it is not every man who could, nor indeed, we may say, who would, thus fill the columns of a journal which is supposed to be "a chronicler of the times" with the "baseless fabrics" of their own inventive genius. It is no light tax upon any man's powers, we care not how ingenious he may be, to be compelled to invent stories week after week, in order to furnish the necessary food to gratify that craving for sensation which distinguishes the Opposition papers. The task they have to perform may not be a very dignified or honourable one, but it is one which calls for the exertion of a talent fortunately not possessed by many, and necessitates the possession of a remarkably large allowance of that quality, which, in every-day social parlance, is denominated "cheek." Let us then yield the amount of honour which is their due, to those gentlemen whose large inventive talents have lately done so much to relieve the monotony of every day journalism in Canada. Still, as we said before, there is something rather absurd in seeing the Montreal *Witness*, the Toronto *Telegraph*, and other journals waxing exceeding wrath with the members of the Administration for perpetrating acts which they have neither done nor thought of. The public mind has been excited, and a vast amount of fiery indignation has been expended, first over the story of the withdrawal of Colonel Wolseley's expeditionary force, and secondly and more particularly, over the report of an amnesty having been granted to the Red River malcontents by the Imperial Government, at the instance of the Dominion authorities. It was cleverly arranged that this story should appear not only in the columns of Opposition journals, but also in papers which are known to be generally friendly to the Government, and thus an appearance of truth to the report was given which it could not otherwise have possessed. But did it never strike any of our contemporaries who have so needlessly excited themselves over this baseless rumor, that before proclaiming an amnesty in the province of Manitoba, it would be necessary that the authority of the Imperial and Dominion governments should be thoroughly established there? It would be idle to declare what line of policy would be adopted in the matter, until we possessed the power either to punish or to show mercy. If we may be pardoned for referring to a very old and common place authority, we may allude to the advice given by the celebrated Mrs. Glass, who, when discoursing as to the proper mode of cooking a certain animal, says "first catch your hare." So before the Imperial and Dominion authorities declare what is to be their mode of dealing with Riel and his associates, it will be well for them to obtain a foothold in the new country, and to have the new government established there.

So far, we agree with the remarks of the Toronto *Globe*, which says:

> But while such an attempt to "bar" the action of regular Courts of Law would be altogether unconstitutional and futile, it would, in the present state of things in Fort Garry, be also undignified and unworthy in the last degree, even though it were perfectly competent. It is the first time we ever heard of an amnesty being proposed to be issued to rebels with arms in their hands, and as a means of securing a footing to the legitimate authority which has been outraged and defied. Till the British authority and supremacy are made manifest in that region, not as matters of sufferance on the part of those who have defied them, but as established by irresistible power, any executive amnesty, even though it could be legally issued, which it undoubtedly cannot, or any Parliamentary Bill of Indemnity, the competency of which no one would call in question, would be a confession of abject weakness and an invitation to every discontented section of the country to take the law into their own hands, with the absolute assurance that it could be done with perfect safety.

We have alluded to this matter in a lighter spirit than we should otherwise have done, were it not that the very ridiculous position into which the Opposition press have been betrayed by their special "fiction furnishers," is so palpable, that but little if any permanent evil is likely to be done. All the stories which have lately been published in Western papers in reference to the Red River business, that is, so far as the withdrawal of troops or the amnesty were concerned, were pure pieces of invention. Toronto papers have been fighting against a shadow and working up a feeling of indignation against the Ministry without the slightest cause. All the eloquence and all the virtuous indignation of our contemporaries have been needlessly wasted; the vials of their wrath have been uncorked and their contents poured forth in vain! A little time will now be allowed, we presume, for rest and refreshment, though we fear not much for reflection, then the inventive powers of the Ottawa correspondents will once more be drawn on, and another sensational story will be issued by the Opposition press. At least we fear, judging by past experience, that such will be the case, though we would fain hope that our contemporaries will recognize the importance of confining themselves to their legitimate sphere of action, and bear in mind that "newspapers," as their name implies, should deal with the actual news of the day, with facts as they transpire, and not with the romances of their correspondents, however cleverly they may be put together.

In thus noticing the fictions which have lately been promulgated, with a view of injuring the Government, we must not omit a word a word of reference to him who may be regarded as the Reynolds of our Canadian political sensationalists, the Hon. Mr. McDougall. Only give the hon. gentleman a subject upon which to write or speak, and we will engage to say, that whether it be in reference to the Manitoba Bill or the York roads, he will build up such a magnificent amount of fiction and misrepresentation upon it, as will at first easily impose upon the simple minded straightforward folks of North Renfrew. Still they in common with the rest of the Canadian public will soon become tired of this sort of thing, of having their intelligence insulted and their feelings unnecessarily excited, and the ultimate result of the absurd and utterly unfounded reports to which we have alluded, will be the exact opposite of that which their inventors and promulgators designed.

ANOTHER HARD BLOW AT THE INDEPENDENTS.

It is a very great misfortune to the Canadian press and public, that all our telegraphic reports from the old world, are concocted by the agent of the Associated Press to suit the tastes of the American people. The news of the rejection of Lord Carnarvon's motion of thanks to the soldiers of the Canadian Army, was telegraphed in such a manner as implied that a direct insult, or at all events a slight, had been given to us by the House of Peers, and Yankee journals in the United States and in Nova Scotia, together with one or two of the Independence organs, took up the story, and tried to excite a feeling of hostility against Great Britain in consequence. Now that the truthful report of what took place comes to us, we find that the motion was objected to, first because it was worded in such a manner as to be capable of altogether a different interpretation to its true meaning, and secondly, because, as we pointed out some days since, the passage of such a resolution would have been contrary to all established precedent. In other columns we publish in full Lord Carnarvon's speech, together with the reply of the Colonial Secretary (Lord Kimberley), and we are sure that both will be read with much gratification by every loyal and true friend of Canada. We particularly direct to the attention of the "Independents," who insist on asserting that the British Government desire to abandon us to their fate, the very straightforward and unmistakable manner in which Lord Kimberly declares that he should be "*surprised to hear anyone say that we (i. e. the Government) would absolve ourselves from the obligation of defending Canada in case it was exposed to the danger of a foreign war*," and that "*that obligation rests upon any Government which may hold office, in connection with the defence of the whole Empire.*"

We believe that the loyalty and patriotism of Canadians are now beginning to be appreciated as they deserve; that in spite of the misrepresentation of enemies on both sides of the Atlantic, the English people are one with us in sentiment and feeling, and certainly nothing has done so much to elevate us in their esteem and to win their friendship, as the gallantry and devotion of the soldiers of the Canadian army.

Frank Thorne, who is advertised to jump over the Niagara Falls, on Thursday jumped from the top of an elevator at Buffalo to the creek below, a distance of 135 feet, and was fatally injured.

The City of Paris, measuring 416 feet in outside length, is said to be largest steamer sailing between New York and Liverpool.

Fielding relates that Jonathan Wild, on the scaffold the moment before execution, picked the pocket of the chaplain who was exhorting him to repentance, and extracted therefrom a corkscrew. This instance of Wild's greatness is hardly more striking than that which occurred at a London court lately, when a youth who was in custody on the charge of stealing a tankard, while waiting for his case to be called on, picked the pocket of an ex inspector of police and stole his handkerchief.

A singulary discovery was made at the Sheepcote Valley Butts, on Thursday, July 7. In a hole, which is used by the volunteers for the purpose of discharging their rifles when it is considered dangerous to fire in the air, a linnet's nest, containing four eggs, was found! The linnets, at least, are not afraid of a Volunteer?

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

Latest from the Seat of War

PARIS, 5th.—At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon 13 regiments of General Douay's force and a brigade of light cavalry, were attacked at Weissenbourg by very considerable forces of the enemy, which had been massed in the woods sheltering the Lautre river. Our troops resisted for several hours the attacks of the Peagennet, an eminence which commands the line of railroad to Bitisch. General Douay was killed, one piece of artillery captured, and horses and carriages fell into the hands of the Prussians.

Marshall McMahon is concentrating the forces under his command at Weissenburg.

Le Liberte, in an extra edition this evening, says it has received information that heavy fighting has been going on since morning at several points along the frontier.

The *Journal du Soir* has reason to believe the Prussian plan of attack is to concentrate at Mayence, Coblentz, and Mannheim, and march at once into France through Landau. This journal thinks this explains the assault on Wiessenbourg.

The *Pays* prints the following official despatch, dated to day:

Marshal McMahon has occupied with his army a strong position near the place of yesterday's conflict. He has telegraphic communication with all the corps of the army. The piece of artillery taken by the enemy yesterday was an ordinary canon.

BREST, 6th.—The North German three-masted steamer *Lama* has been captured by a French man-of-war, and brought to this port to-day.

The *Presse* judges from the movements now being made by the enemy's troops that the Belgian territory will be violated by Prussia.

La Presse says that a papal nuncio announces to the Corps Diplomatique that the French Government is inflexible in its determination to withdraw troops from Rome.

The *Moniteur du Soir* extra reports that a combat took place at the village of Niederlautenbach, near the junction of the Lauter and the Rhine. No particulars given.

The city is greatly excited to-night, and much indignation is manifested at the repulse of the French troops at Weissenbourg. An attack was made by a crowd upon the office of a Prussian stockbroker.

The police are parading the city in great force.

Immense crowds of people are collected in the public places singing the "Marseillaise."

Fourteen million francs in gold were seized yesterday at the railway station.

The Pope has written a letter to the Emperor, in which he expresses dissatisfaction at the removal of the French troops from Rome.

BERLIN, 5th.—Dense crowds assembled to-day in front of the Palace Royal. The King's despatch, announcing the victory at Weissenburg, was read by order of the Queen.

Great enthusiasm prevails, and the buildings generally are covered with flags. There will be an illumination to night.

ATHENS, 5th.—A terrible earthquake visited the shores of the Gulf of Corinthe and the towns of Amphissea and Galaxidi, and several villages were destroyed. Many persons were killed and wounded, and the inhabitants are in great destitution.

FLORENCE, 5th.—The Senate sanctioned the proposed armament of the country, and adopted a vote of confidence in the Ministry.

PARIS, 5th.—Morudar, aide-de-camp of the Emperor of Russia, has arrived here. It is asserted that he is on a special mission to the French Government.

A despatch from Constantinople reports that the new French Minister was warmly received by the Sultan, who expressed strong sympathy with France in the war.

FRANKFORT, 5th.—A train just arrived here brought 500 French prisoners from Wesseinburg. They will sent to Northern Prussia. The total number of prisoners taken by the Prussians in the fight was 800, including 18 officers.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A correspondent, endorsed by the *Times* as trustworthy and neutral, gives the following interesting account of the battle of Saarbrucken: The French made some prisoners but captured no cannon. They lost forty killed and sixty wounded. The French force in battle was estimated at thirty thousand men, and the Paussians at only six thousand. The artillery won the fight. There was but little infantry, and no cavalry engaged. It was the 59th Prussian regiment and not the 50th as before reported, which was engaged in this battle. Three companies of the 40th held their ground against the French, until the latter's force had fully developed its strength. The small force of Prussia then retired.

The French defeated 150 Prussians.

The French, on Tuesday, shelled Saarbrucken station.

The latest piece of special information is to the effect that the Emperor of Russia was endeavoring to negociate a peace between France and Prussia. It is said that this is the basis for the operations of the German bankers.

A German committee in this city has already received subscriptions to the amount of £23,000 sterling for the wounded.

French agents are purchasing large quantities of hay in Scotland.

The English fleet, including several ironclads, sailed for Gibraltar.

Despatches from Antwerp represent that the fatal effect of the war on commerce is fully felt there. Money is extremely scarce, and business is at a stand still.

Florence Nightingale, from a sick bed, writes a letter, giving directions and preparing rules for the army nurses.

It is reported that England will send two frigates to the Tiber, to protect the Pope.

Advices from Rome represent that the Jesuits are endeavoring to induce the Pope to remove to Malta.

Collisions between the German and French soldiers in the Papal service are of constant occurrence.

The report that Saarlouis is taken by the French proves to be unfounded; the report came from Paris, and is contradicted by a later despatch, which says there has been no fighting as yet at that point,

It is understood that England has determined to make the invasion of Belgium a *casus belli*. The King of Belgium will summon the Powers who guaranteed her neutrality to her assistance as soon as her territory is invaded; and England will respond.

The fight at Saarbrucken on Saturday lasted six hours, and on both sides 500 men were placed *hors de combat*.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir Henry Verney gave notice that he should question the Government in regard to the military strength of the country and its adequacy for defence.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer stated that the cost of the Crimea war to England was £800,000,000, half of which was raised by taxation.

Mr. Gladstone, answering the question as to England's treaty obligations to Belgium, admitted that the treaty of 1813 was absolute; the position of Belgium was regulated by that of 1839. It was impossible to say what course would be proper for England to take should either of the belligerents attempt to divide Belgium. Something however, might be proposed before the adjournment of the session.

Mr. Cardwell explained what the resources of the country were for the manufacture of ammunition in case of war.

Mr Childers defended the navy from charges of inficiency made by Mr. Laird.

The statement is reiterated that Russia's relations to the belligerent powers depend on the action of Austria. If the latter maintains neutrality the latter will also remain neutral. The only event that could alter this situation would be a rising of the Poles.

AFTERNOON DESPATCH.

Prussian Victory—Storming of a Fortress—McMahon's Corps defeated—Gen. Douay killed—Threatened Invasion of France.

BERLIN, August 5.—The following has been received here from Wederotterbach, a small village near Weissenburg, dated 6 o'clock Thursday evening,—"We have just won a brilliant but bloody victory.

The left wing was the attacking party, and consisted of the 5th and 11th Prussian corps, with the 2nd Bavarian.

This force carried, by an assault, under the eyes of the Prince Royal, the fortress of Weissemburg, and the heights between Weissemburg and Greybury.

Douay's division of Marshall McMahon's corps was splendidly defeated.

Gen Douay himself was killed.

Five hundred prisoners were taken, none of them were wounded.

The Prussian General Kirchback was slightly wounded.

The Royal Grenadiers and the fifth regiment of the line suffered heavy losses.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A French corps is said to have moved last night on Saarlous, where a battle was expected. The rumor of the capture of the town is unconfirmed.

It is said a cavalry skirmish occurred near Lauterburg yesterday, in which fifteen fell. The French defeated one hundred and fifty Prussians.

PARIS, August 5.—At the camp at Chalons last evening, the Garde Mobile had a grand illumination in honor of the capture of Saarbruken. There had been previously some slight insubordination among the Garde, but favorable news ended that at once.

PARIS, August. 5.—The French General Bazaine made a reconnoitro on the 3rd between Saarbrucken and Saarlouis to observe the movements of the Prussians. They were found not to be in any force in that neighborhood.

LONDON, August 5.—The *Times* this morning says the plan of the Prussian Commander-in-chief, General Von Moltke, has been recently changed from a defensive to an offensive one: an advance into France is threatened. It is possible that Prince Frederick Charles will push forward and attack Maury.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—It is unofficially reported here that the French force have taken Saarlouis after a great battle.

THURSO.

THURSO, Aug. 5.

A shock of earthquake was felt here this morning about 2 o'clock, followed by a rumbling noise. It travelled in a northerly direction, and woke many from their sleep.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 5.

The Provincial Arbitrators met yesterday, in Osgoode Hall. Present—Lt.-Col. Gray in the chair, and Hon. D. L. Macpherson for Ontario. No arbitrator was present to represent Quebec. The Hon. J. Hillyard Cameron, M. P., Q. C., and the Hon. Mr. Wood, M. P., Q. C., appeared on behalf of Ontario. Quebec was unrepresented by counsel. The chairman said the first thing the Arbitrators wished to hear were arguments upon the power of Supreme and Superior Courts of Quebec to issue a writ of prohibition to stop further proceedings. The Hon. J. Hillyard Cameron entered into a lengthy argument on the point, and quoted numerous authorities to show the grounds on which the Arbitrators were entitled to proceed, notwithstanding having been served with a writ of prohibition. He also showed the grounds upon which the courts of Quebec had no jurisdiction whatevar, any more than the courts here would have had to issue such writ. He showed the powers of ordinary Arbitrators, and even the greater powers of public functionaries acting in the character of Arbitrators, and that the wanton and capricious act of one party could not put a stop to the whole proceedings. The course of Quebec had been wrong from the commencement. No writ of prohibition could go from courts of Quebec to any court or body having *prima facie* right of power in the first instance, and no writ of prohibition could proceed from one court to another when without its jurisdiction. He had been unable to find any signal case in which arbitrarily power now claimed by Quebec, had ever been admitted.

Hon. Mr. MacPherson—Do you include in that records of Quebec?

Hon. Mr. Cameron said so far as he had been able to ascertain there was no precedent for it in the law records of the Lower Province. The chairman presumed that the Quebec authorities thought they had some right over the matter since the proceedings took place within the territory over which their Courts have jurisdiction. He should have liked to have heard the arguments on the other side.

Hon. Mr. Cameron said he could not imagine any. He had searched their books but could find no foundation.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 5.

Yesterday morning Michael Green and John Tulloch, seamen of the ship *Scotland*, fell from the main top-sail yard and was killed. The mate narrowly escaped by holding on to a sail.

The steamer *Clyde* arrived only this morning at 2 o'clock, owing to an accident to her machinery off Bay St. Paul, when she came to anchor and assistance was sent for. The Company sent down another steamer, but in the meantime the *Clyde* succeeded in reaching port. The damage is estimated at $700, and will probably detain her three weeks.

A Protestant Sunday School was opened this week under the superintendence of the young French Canadians here. Twenty scholars attended.

During the absence of a family in Latourelle street some neighbors entered and appropriated the furniture. They were arrested.

LORD CARNARVON'S MOTION.

The Army of Canada—The Colonial Secretary Declares that the Government have no Intention of Abandoning Canada—The Obligations of the Imperial Government fully Recognized.

In the House of Lords, on the 22nd ult., the Earl of Carnarvon said:—

When I placed on the paper the resolution I am about to move we were in ignorance of the great events which were about to happen on the Continent. Had I known what was coming I might, perhaps, have refrained from giving that notice; but, under all the circumstances of the case, it seems to me that if such a motion was fit to be proposed at all it has become doubly fit now. We are at the commencement of a great European war. We trust we may be preserved from being involved in it, but its extent no man can possibly foretell, and it is, therefore, I conceive, but common prudence that at such a crisis this country should endeavour, so to speak, to set its house in order, and prepare itself for whatever eventualities the future may have in store. (Hear, hear.) It is in the recollection of every one how, five or six years ago, Fenianism started into existence. Baffled and crippled in Ireland, it took refuge on the other side of the Atlantic, and, in 1866, after serious threatening, an invasion of considerable magnitude broke on the Canadian frontier. Fortunately there was a large number of British troops there, and the spirit of the Canadian Volunteers was excellent. That invasion was accordingly repulsed. In the following year there occurred the murder, at Fenian instigation, of Mr. Darcy McGee, one of the most eminent Canadian statesmen. Since there have been repeated warnings from time to time along the Canadian frontier, and within the last few months once more an attempt has been made. On the 22nd of May a concentration of Fenian levies commenced, arms and ammunition were served out, and a so-called General assumed the command. On the 25th an attack was made, but it was happily baffled without loss of life to any of our own troops or to the Canadians engaged. On the following day the attack was renewed, when it was again repulsed. The United States Government issued a proclamation during the course of these proceedings and after the first defeat arrested the Fenian General. They also sent troops to the frontier on the occasion of the second attack. Now, it is impossible for us not to be sensible of the intentions of the United States Government. We may regret that it was beyond their power to send troops to the frontier in sufficient time to stop the attack altogether, but their good intentions were very marked, and any one conversant with American affairs knows the difficulty with which the government are able to act in such a case. If, however, there is any cause for regret here, there can happily be none as to the conduct of the Canadian Volunteers. Some of them, at a few days' notice, called away from their various occupations, men whose time was money, and who freely ventured their fortunes and their lives on the issue without a moment's hesitation, without the default, I believe, of a single individual—one and all repaired to the post of duty. They acted, as they were sure to do, with the utmost spirit and gallantry, and happily they did not stand alone, for on that occasion a prince of the blood Royal was present, taking, as was fit, a foremost position, and English troops, fortunately not yet withdrawn from Canada, supported the Canadian volunteers and gave confidence to them. On that day the Empire and the Crown were both represented, and Canada felt that she was an integral part of the Empire. I have, therefore, to ask your lordships to agree to this resolution:

"That this House has learnt with satisfaction that Her Majesty's regular troops were united with the Canadian Volunteer Militia in their prompt and vigorous efforts in defence of the Canadian frontier of the Empire from the recent so-called Fenian invasion."

It has been hinted to me that Her Majesty's Government find some difficulty in assenting to this resolution. This I deeply regret, for I endeavored so to frame it as to avoid any possible cause of offence, and to render it easy for them to accept it. I should deeply regret its being opposed by them, both for the effect it might have in this country and still more in Canada. There is not a word in the resolution which is contrary to fact, for it must be satisfactory to the House that the troops stationed in Canada were joined with the Volunteers and I am at a loss to understand on what ground the Government will oppose it. My first object is to render the acknowledgements which are due to the Canadian Volunteers for their gallantry, and my second object, which I approach with considerable difficulty, is to indicate to the House and the Government what I believe to be the feeling at this moment of Canada. Now, everyone who knows anything of Canadian matters knows that if there is a people with whom loyalty is not a mere profession it is the Canadians. They have grown up in feelings of loyalty to such an extent that it has really become their ruling sentiment. My knowledge of Canada runs back for many years, and I can testify that the Canadians, in point of loyalty and devotion to this country, are absolutely more English than the English themselves. There is, however, at this moment another feeling, a feeling of very great soreness and irritation. Now, what is the cause of that? I believe the cause to be a belief, which I trust is totally unfounded, that it is the settled policy of the Government of the country to abandon as far as possible their connection with with Canada. That belief rests upon some words said, and some acts done, and on the supposed policy of Her Majesty's Government:—but it is supposed to have been corroborated also by the withdrawal of ships from the fisheries, a step which I regret, because if there is one question of Imperial rather than of Colonial policy, it is the presence of English ships at the fisheries—and by the withdrawal of troops from Canada. Now, I found my conviction on this subject not only on letters which I have received, not only on the statement of friends of longstanding who have spoken to me, not only upon newspapers of every shade of political opinion, but also, upon meetings which have been held and addressed to the Crown and which have been adopted. One and all these authorities believe, I trust wrongly, that there has been more or less an intention on the part of Her Majesty's government to depart from the connexion with Canada, and throughout the length and breadth of Canada there is a feeling of deep and and intense soreness. At the commencement of the session I ventured to warn the noble Earl, who was then Secretary for the Colonies, that Fenian attacks were not impossible this year, but he ridiculed the notion.

Earl Granville—I beg the noble earl's pardon. He alluded to attempts which were being made, and I said I had not heard of them.

The Earl of Carnarvon—I think that if the noble earl looks back he will find that he threw the utmost discredit on the possibility of an attack on Canada by Fenians.

Earl Granville—Certainly not.

The Earl of Carnarvon—Well, I am bound by the noble Earl's disclaimer, but, at all events, I was alive at that moment to the serious risk of a Fenian invasion, and I at the same time pointed out that there was a feeling of soreness in Canada. That feeling, I grieve to say, has since increased in intensity, and there are reasons why it should exist. Every spring since 1866 there has been the threat, at least, of Fenian attacks. Every year, more or less, Canada has been placed in great difficulties and exposed to great expense. It is natural enough, therefore, that the feeling is one of very great dissatisfaction. If every year French troops or volunteers were drilling at Toulon with the view of invading this country, we should have reason to complain of the deepest soreness in England, and that has been precisely the case with Canada the last four or five years. Moreover, it must be remembered that, whatever may be the cause of Fenianism, Canada suffers from it entirely from her connexion with us. No reasonable man can doubt that if Canada were not attached to the British Empire Fenianism would leave it alone. I fear that unless it is checked the feeling may grow. I know that there are some persons in this country—fortunately a very small section—who believe that the connection with Canada is one of trifling importance to us. Let not your lordships be misled for a moment by such an idea. It is sometimes argued as if it were a question of the independence of Canada, but it is and must be a question of its annexation to the United States, and what does that annexation mean? It means to this country the loss of the fisheries, the loss of the great commercial marine of Canada, numbering nearly 40,000 sailors, the loss of every port on that continent, the loss of trade, which may be tenfold that which exists at the present moment, the loss of staunch allies, and of a great empire. Moreover, it is not only a positive but a relative loss for it means the addition to the United States of all these elements of power, and the departure of Canada with feelings of irritation and ill will towards us. They would say that we were stupid, and more infatuated than the men who 100 years ago threw away the United States. They would say, and say justly, that we sinned with our eyes open, that we had every warning which reasonable men could look for, and that we had entirely disregarded those warnings. They would say that we had encouraged Canada in confederating, that we had induced her to adopt that great measure of policy, and then in a very fitful manner had washed our hands of the responsibility. And what would this country say? She would say that while she had placed in power the strongest Government that had existed for years, that Government deliberately allowed to be alienated hearts than whom there were none more loyal throughout the Empire, and that Parliament, while discussing all sorts of questions like a parochial vestry, had lost and destroyed the greatest empire the world had ever seen. I venture to say that a Government of which that could be said would not be worth six weeks' purchase. I do not, however, wish to wrong Her Majesty's Government, and I hope that false intentions have been attributed to them, but I say that if there has been the slightest intention on their part to abandon Canada they do not represent the feeling of England, which is just as English in this matter as it has ever been. As long as Canada clings to England, loves the English connexion, and is prepared to submit to sacrifice and danger greater than we are likely to be called upon to submit to, England will never allow one inch of Canadian soil to be surrendered or sacrificed. This leads us on to the question of troops. In the early part of the session I pressed the noble Earl to state the views of the Government on that subject, and I heard with great grief that in their opinion the time had come for the entire withdrawal of the troops from Canada. On asking him again later in the session, when this Fenian invasion had occurred, he stated that they had consented, at all events, to suspend the order for the recall of the troops. I rejoiced at that announcement, and my earnest hope is that the Government may carry that intention a little further, and delay for a still longer time a withdrawal, which I am convinced would be fraught with the deepest mischief, a withdrawal to which they are pledged by no single ground of policy, not even by the report of the committee of the House of Commons which sat six or seven years ago on Colonial Administration. I object to the withdrawal of the troops as unjust to Canada, and highly inexpedient to the interests of the empire. I say unjust to Canada, because you have encouraged her to enter into this great confederation; and I venture to say that if when that measure was before Parliament, we had been told that its immediate result would be the withdrawal of every British regiment from Canada, except a garrison at Halifax, it would not have been sanctioned by Parliament, and certainly would not have been accepted by Canada. You have induced her, moreover, to lay out the Intercolonial railway on military principles, to devote upwards of a million for fortifications, and to go to a great annual expense in training her militia. You have thrown, directly and indirectly, numberless burdens on Canada, and Canada has made no mean return, but has freely accepted every burden and expense thrown upon her. She has no desire that all her charges should be paid for her. On the contrary, in this Red River expedition, she has cheerfully consented to supply three-fourths of the men and three-fourths of the money. She has consented to station ships at the fisheries in lieu of those you have taken off. She has embodied for permanent service for the next two years two entire regiments, which at the end of that time will be as completely organized and as effective as any Imperial troops. She has shirked no sort of expense. She has formed schools of practical instruction for her officers, and at this moment, at considerable expense, is prepared to form great military camps. It may, but I trust it will not, be said that because Canada has done so much, therefore we may do very little or nothing, that would be an argument unworthy of this country and this House. I know, indeed, it is said that you expect Canada to provide for her internal defence. She is prepared to do so, and has never dreamt of anything else, but I maintain that Fenianism, proceeding from the American border, cannot be classed under internal defence and order. As for the interests of the Empire, I assume that you wish to retain Canada as an internal part of the Empire. Now, every military man knows perfectly well that it is not safe to trust entirely to any volunteer and militia force, however gallant it may be. You must have regular troops, it may be in very small proportions, a mere handful—I would gladly leave the Government to decide the proportion; but you ought to have a certain proportion of regular troops, in order to give moral support and confidence to the Volunteers, and to form a nucleus around which they may rally at any time. This is the view of every officer of eminence, and of some of the highest authorities in this country. Before the House of Commons' Committee to which I have referred the Duke of Newcastle and Lord Herbert laid down that principle. They did not contemplate the entire withdrawal of Imperial troops, but thought that two or three regiments would remain as a nucleus round which Volunteers would be gathered. You say you intend to retain Halifax as an Imperial fort, but does anybody believe that to maintain Halifax will be sufficient? It would be exactly like a man locking his front door and leaving every window and back door open for persons to walk in at. It is true troops could be sent from Halifax to Quebec or any threatened point, but we are in the habit of forgetting how great the distances are in Canada. Under very favorable circumstances, and withe every organization, it took the Imperial troops five or six days at the time of the *Trent* affair to get from Halifax to Quebec. It is true that the Intercolonial Railway will facilitate the movement of troops, but till its completion you are reduced to sending them along the frontier, and I would therefore urge the importance of maintaining a certain portion of regular troops, let it be ever so small, till the completion of the railway. Retain, if you please, one regiment at Montreal; and under any circumstances a regiment of infantry and one battery of artillery are absolutely necessary at Quebec. In two or two and a half years the railway will be completed, and you may then reconsider the whole question. I urge this the more strongly as this country has already expended, I think, a quarter of a million on the fortifications of Quebec, and the Canadian Parliament have already voted a very large sum to add to those fortifications. That regiment of infantry and battery of artillery would form a practical school of instruction for all the troops which may be raised in Canada. Remember, also, that Quebec with these fortifications has become a place of no mean strength. He who holds Quebec probably holds Canada, and to any objection that the troops might be cut off or jeopardized my answer is that the force I ask is insignificant, and any one who has studied the question knows that Montreal is supported by Quebec, Quebec by Halifax, and Halifax the base of our operations, by the naval supremacy of England, so that there is a complete chain from one to the other, which ensures the safety of the troops. Discussion on this subject may be very disagreeable to Her Majesty's Government, but I am convinced that within the whole wide range of English politics there is no question which possesses greater importance. It is really the question of the Empire which is at stake, an Empire greater than ever conceived by the mind of man, greater perhaps than the strength of wisdom of man could form. Our possessions in the Western hemisphere alone amount to an Empire. You have a boundless tract of territory which is open to every English subject, a territory where every English subject can go freely and settle, buy land, and attain every step in civil life as freely as he can in England, a land where emigration is welcomed, where pauperism is almost unknown, where the English language is spoken, and where English institutions flourish; nay, more, a land where the real practical influence of the country are day by day diminishing, and which steam and electricity, and all the appliances of moderern science, are bringing into closer connexion with us. On the other hand, our relations to Canada have been and are political rather than colonial. It is the only one of our colonies whose border is coterminous with a great foreign power. These relations must, therefore, be political and on the horizon of Canada clouds must from time to time appear. Hence it is incumbent on the British Government to devote more than usual care and trouble to Canada—a task worthy of English statesmen and the English Parliament. All that is really required is very littly—only a few words and a few slight acts. Let Her Majesty's Government so speak that Canada may feel that she is an integral part of the British Empire, and that as long as she clings to the connexion and is prepared to endure sacrifice and peril for it, she is as much a portion of the empire as any English country; and let the government by their acts, however slight, show every foreign nation, in the words of Mr. Canning, that where England once rules there foreign domination shall never come (Cheers.) The noble Earl concluded by moving the resolution.

The Earl of Kimberley.—My noble friend appears to share many prevalent beliefs which are unfounded. (A laugh.) As a matter of fact, I may say that we are in constant correspondence with the Admiral on that station, and that such a force will be maintained as, in conjunction with the Canadian force, may be necessary. That question undoubtedly is one of great importance, as well as of considerable difficulty; but I hope the House will accept the assurance that we are disposed to take care that the fisheries are properly guarded. As to the withdrawal of troops, my noble friend (Lord Northbrook) only a few nights ago gave a full and frank explanation of the course the Government intend to pursue, and I may remind him that Canada is by no means denuded of troops. It is our intention to leave at Quebec till next year a battalion of infantry. Whatever may be the aid which the Government could give and are undoubtedly bound to give in case Canada were seriously attacked, her defence must to a very large extent be her own. (Cheers.) Nothing will increase the security of Canada so much as the growth of a military spirit and the efforts made by Canada to place her people in such a position that if the time comes when we shall have to take part in its defence there may be such a powerful force and such a military spirit as may enable us to undertake it with some prospect of success. The Government have a right at least to say that their policy has not diminished the spirit of the Canadians, for that spirit was never higher than it is at present. While deeming it unnecessary that the House should pass a resolution on this miserable raid, I think the matter is of very great importance as an augury of the spirit with which the Canadians would loyally and energetically repel any attack on their frontier, and as the support which the whole empire might expect to receive from them in any emergency. (Cheers.) The genuine admiration of the spirit and behaviour of the Canadian levies which pervades the reports of Colonel Smith and Colonel Bagot is the best evidence that their easy success is not so much due to the character of their opponents as to the in rinsic qualities of the Canadians—the promptitude, courage, and intelligence which makes individuals distinguished and a nation great." (Cheers.) I should indeed regret it if the Government had been grudging in their expressions of admiration at the conduct of the Volunteers. My noble friend's resolution couples with the Volunteers the regular troops, who had on that occasion very little opportunity of displaying the gallantry which always characterizes them. They undoubtedly did their duty and gave their support to the Volunteers, but the whole part they took consisted in one company being engaged in a very slight skirmish. The grounds on which I ask the House not to assent to the resolution are very simple. In the first place, it appears rather singular that my noble friend, with his genuine admiration for the conduct of the Volunteers, should by a sidewind rather imply that had the regular troops not been present they would not have been able to repel the attack. (The Earl of Carnarvon said that this was not his meaning.) The words of the resolution are certainly open to that interpretation. My second objection is that, however strong our feelings may be of the services performed by the Volunteers, we must measure the occasion by what actually occurred, and considering that this was a raid of certain marauders in time of peace, who were driven back after they had advanced only a few hundred yards over the frontier in a way as discreditable to them as it was creditable to the volunteers, it would be very unusual and quite contrary to precedent that this House should by solemn declaration record its sense of the services of the troops and Volunteers. If, therefore, my noble friend perseveres with his resolution, I shall be obliged to move the previous question. I am far from saying that the principles which he laid down at the close of his speech should be disregarded. As to the dissatisfaction and soreness existing in Canada on account of Fenian raids, I was curious to see how that was connected with an attack on Her Majesty's Government. My noble friend did not connect it, and it is only natural that the Canadians should feel dissatisfaction and soreness at these unprovoked incursions, a feeling, indeed, which is shared by Her Majesty's Government and by this country. (Hear, hear.) As to the apprehensions entertained in Canada that the Government are about to abandon that great Colony, it is of little use, as far as my noble friend is concerned, to repeat the declaration so often made that they have no such intention. I am not aware, indeed, that any English statesmen have expressed such views, and should be surprised to hear anybody say that we could absolve ourselves from the obligation of defending Canada in case it were exposed to the danger of a foreign war. That obligation rests upon us in connection with the whole Empire, and I am quite sure that it would be discharged in any event. The Government might bring down arrangements, however, which I think it our duty to make in time of peace, we must be allowed to do so, and it has been done by the authorities here that a given number of troops would be adequate for this country alone, but in the event of the whole Empire, and I think that when the defence of the Empire has to be undertaken a greater force of troops can be called into action. In the other contingency we have taken nothing has been done in respect to that colony or to its interests. I will not repeat the statements of my noble friend (Lord Northbrook) as to the supply of arms without cost, but I may say that we are about to guarantee a loan for the purpose of certain fortifications she proposes to erect, for which a Bill has been introduced into this House. We have undertaken this in connexion with the Intercolonial way, and according to the terms in which it will be finished in two years, to the satisfactory. In the matter of the loan in which both we and Canada are interested, my noble friend will think that no British statesman there.

The Earl of Carnarvon—I am sorry that the considerable portion of the troops withdrawn, and that the reason why they would all be withdrawn.

The Duke of Cambridge—I intend to make any observations on political or military questions, but express my

LOCAL NEWS.

...HINTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. EXAMINE OUR PRICES ...BUYING. ...post free on application.

...—Considerable improvements ..., &c., are going on at the Chaudière.

—Extensive fires appear to be ...on the Lower Canada side of the ... The smoke from the fires in that ...blow over the city in clouds yes...

...—A few respectable girls ...now an opportunity of improving ...knowledge of dressmaking, or ...as apprentices, under Miss May... from London, England, at R. L. ... & Co's.

...Court—Friday—There was only ...on the tapis this morning; but ...defendant not appearing it was ad... until Saturday.

...arrivals at the Russell House yes... were:—J. R. Collins, ——; G. ..., Montreal; T. H. Johnson, Toron...; T. Paphleu; Montreal; F. Devaney, ... F. B. McNainee, do; W. H. Smith, ...Ottawa; W. Hunt, Boston, Wm. H. ..., Pembroke; J. Henderson, Bos... E. Abbott, Brockville.

...Markets of the last three or four ...been rather poor, produce was ...rather sparingly. Oats, of ...was a good supply on the ...for 50cts. yesterday; potatoes ...that they were again ...the gallon at 12½cts.; butter ...print, and 20cts. in tub; hay ...per ton. Flour remains at ...prices.

...—The Treasurer of ...of Carleton General Protestant ...acknowledges the receipt of the ...aid of the Institution:—

...Proudfoot, Fort ... $10 00
...A. Morris, Nepean ... 1 08
...reception of the ...gates, in honor of ...Sproule... 16 30
...Orange Lodge No. 227, ...of Francis Link... 40 00

...August 5, 1870.

...Majesty's Theatre.—The Mar... people drew a fair audience at the ...last evening, and the programme ...well played, which by the way, is ...than we expected with Johnnie ...and Miss Nellie Nelson on the stage. ...is au fait in the comic. His comic ...never fail to elicit a second encore, ...ludicrous deportment throughout. ...stage gains him continuous applause ...Nelson was most successful last even... ...particularly in the farce. She acted to ...the Woman that always minds her ...business and never interferes with ...any person else—if she is to be ... Miss Peterson also acted her part ...fact it could hardly have been ...—in the farce. The perform... generally successful. This even... ...be played "Crossing the ..." and a farce entitled the "Limerick ...", Songs will be sung by Miss Nelson ...Annie Ward.

AMERICAN NEWS.

...York, Aug. 5th.—The Tribune's ...correspondent writes on Wednes... The final result of the election gives ...state 28 liberals and 34 clericals; ...representatives, 50 liberals and 74 cle... All of the late Cabinet were re... Whatever party dissensions there ...all the Belgians agree that their ...independence must be maintained at any ... The new clerical Cabinet may, ...theless, do great mischief in home ...and it may take years to recon... the old liberal majority. The cle... ...party promised fifteen years prolong... of the gambling hell at Spa as a ...of success. All the Clerical party ...in favor of France rather than Prussia. The Chambers will be convoked on the ...of August.

...The first levy of the garde civique will prob... be mobilized. The regular army will ...raised to 200,000 men.

There were quite a number of election ...disturbances at Brussels, Antwerp and ...where the working classes were ...exasperated against the religious ...

...was held yesterday by ...at Utrecht.

A Stockholm despatch says that the King arrived on July 24 with the Minister of War. A Council of State was ...the following day, when it was de... ...to declare complete neutrality. The Sweden and Norway press approve the declaration.

...Sweden is now utterly unprepared for ... has 32,000 Remington rifles, but five ...ball cartridges, instead of the ten ...actually required, according to the ...Minister of War, for the service. The field artillery is still worse off. It ...only 25 batteries of 150 guns. ...fortress can withstand a siege. The Norwegian paper advocates taking ...the war.

The Hamburg correspondent of the Tribune says: ...break in the railway system between ...and left banks of the Elbe causes ...inconvenience. Bridges of boats ...constructed within 24 hours. ...merchant vessels at that port ...to be treated as if peace ex...

...Austrian Vice-Consul at Crux... has been arrested as a French spy. ...special of Wednesday evening ...

...French very reluctantly admit they ...occupy the town of Saarbruck. ...preserve the position on the ...on which they had erected bat... ...the week before the attack. It is now well understood that Saar ...never an outpost. ...the Prussians occupy Saar... ...is not an important military posi...

...Fifty depots of the first exempted from ...Garde Mobile service, have been warn... ...must immediately furnish contin...

...special from Frankfort on Tuesday ...—It is still generally believed that a ...battle will be fought near Mayence. The number of men now massed be... Mayence and the front, is enormous. The citizens of Frankfort, who are ...to be hostile to Prussian rule, ...lavish hospitality to the troops. If ...not love the Prussians, they at ...detest the French. ...war, instead of detaching Frank... from Prussia, has developed sincere ...attachment to the Fatherland. ...Prussian batteries, passing through here, ...proved to be much lighter and more ...than in 1866. The German officers believe that the ...will bring into the field a gun ...superior to Napoleon's pet artillery, and the French mitrailleuses will find their match.

CANTON, N.Y., August 5.—A large fire occurred here last night. Over 30 stores and dwellings, including the telegraph and newspapers office, were burned down.

PITTSBURG, N.Y., August 5.—The new steamer E. J. N. Stark, of the N. O line, on Lake Champlain, was burned to the waters edge off Point au Roach lighthouse this morning, at six o'clock. One man was lost, named Lewis Loughy, of Rockston Falls, Ont.

HAVANA, August 4.—Later advices from the city of Mexico represent that Gen. Negrete was under trial before a Military Court.

Gen. Escobedo had been elected Governor of the State of San Luis Potosi.

Pedro Martinez was on the war path in the States of Camanlipas and Vera Cruz.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The rewards offered for the apprehension of the murderer of Mr. Nathan, amounts to $45,600.

The election returns received, show republican triumphs throughout East Tennesee.

Lord Lytton is writing a new novel for *Blackwood's Magazine*, for which it is said he will receive £3,000.

On the night of the 20th of May, after a dust storm in Calcutta, a hot breeze began to blow about ten o'clock, which caused the thermometer to rise to ninety-three degrees, or nearly equal to the heat of the day.

WANTED,

An active young man who has had experience in the Grocery business.
Apply, by letter,
Box 87, Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 6th August, 1870. 1423tf

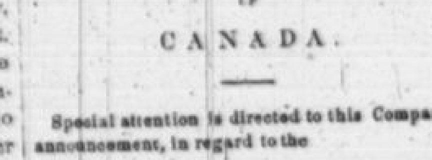
THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,.

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1447tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1425tf

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

Excursion by the Alexandra TO BUTTERNUT GROVE, *And PICNIC on the Grounds,*

Wednesday, 10th August, 1870.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands.
Amusements of various kinds.
GAMES AND PRIZES.—Aunt Sally and Peter Pickwick, Esq., M.S.O.S.
Refreshments of the best quality to be had on board the boat and on the grounds at city rates.
N.B.—The "Alexandra" will leave the Queen's wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., and 2 o'clock, p.m. sharp, returning from Butternut Grove at 8 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets 50 cents each. Children between the age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents. Under 7 years of age, FREE. Can be had at the English Hotel and the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau Street; Miles' Parliament Hair Dressing Saloon, Michael's Tobacco Store and Pace's Jewellery Store, Centre Town; British Lion Hotel and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks Street; Hallandale's Saloon, Wellington Street; Bartlett's Confectionery, Sussex Street; Salmon's Hotel, York Street; The Feather's Saloon, William Street; of the Committee and Stewards, and at the Steamer prior to her leaving the wharf.
To avoid confusion and unnecessary delay the public are respectfully requested to procure their tickets before the morning of the Excursion.
For further particulars see posters.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
By order, WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary.
Ottawa, [illegible] Asst. Sec.

COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS.

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA..........$300,000
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £81 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1871, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Sabuid Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $485 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent.
1407 3m

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.

Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON, Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL

The classes in the above school will be resumed on WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.

FACULTY.
J THORBURN, M. A. Head Master,
J McMILLAN, B, A. 1st Assist. Master,
REV. T D PHILLIPS, 2nd " "
W CARTER, 3rd " "
MONS GUAY, French Master.
W H WALKER, Secretary, Trustee Board.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1870. 1426-3

FOR SALE,

A NEW AND NEAT COTTAGE, ON THE MACKAY ESTATE,

Within fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway, beautifully situated, overlooking HEMLOCK LAKE AND THE OTTAWA RIVER,

With stabling and one or more acres of land attached.

Price, with one acre, One Thousand Dollars. One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments at 7 per cent.

For particulars apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, August 4, 1870. 1425-3

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.
PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doeskins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced ... house keeping generally; also a cleanly and tidy, to take charge of a ... farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address—Box, 179, Ottawa Post Office.
Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF BONNETS, HATS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.
MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their ☞ SHOW ROOMS, ☜ so as to give more space and greater facilities to their ☞ MANTLE, MILLINERY, ☜ AND Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1384 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.
☞ LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE. ☜

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 29th, 1870.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD,

Apply at MRS. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Lessey's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 f. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 150 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—⅓ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by ☞ PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

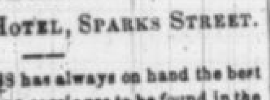
Licence No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97,
" " 100,

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Reference given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

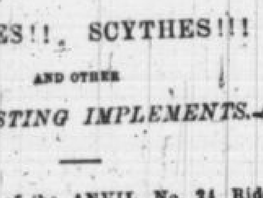
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKelvy Patent, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars. Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau street,
Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
☞ PLATED WARE, ☜
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236,t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate, Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET,
Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
☞ CHEAP SALE. ☜
MILLINERY AND MANTLES;
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES, AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

☞ ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an oppor[tunity] ... first class goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,
☞ For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
☞ For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
☞ For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,
In great variety, at about half usual prices.

☞ Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

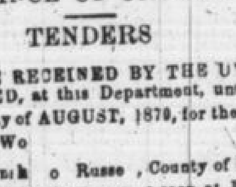
R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

☞ *It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.*

R L JAMES & Co.



PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]

In the Town[ship] o[f] Russe[ll], County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of El[gin] Plans and specifications can be seen at Wall[ace]town.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

☞ The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

WANTED

An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.
Address by letter—Box 394, Ottawa Post Office.
August 2. 1424-1w

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
☞ DRESS HATS, ☜
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and from Italy,) [illegible]

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh round and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order for the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.
17th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2 00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen.

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MID

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.
July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER,
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weat[her]
A supply always on hand fresh from the Spri[ng]
JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

AN ENGLISH LADY

Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.

Address, L. B.— Post Office, Levis, Quebec.
August 3.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 5, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	13 00	@	14 00
Hard wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents. P. O. Box, 1342 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liquor of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. M Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 22nd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible sureties must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procure he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1380tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

—AND— SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston.
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q.C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or o

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headaches cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. ... E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children as it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER, ... Sore Throat, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

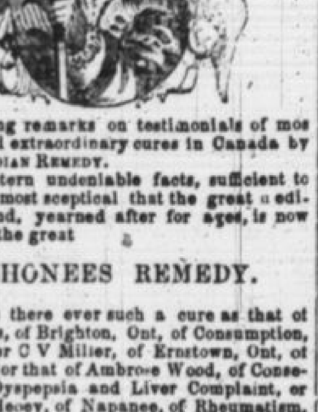
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, B. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ...

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

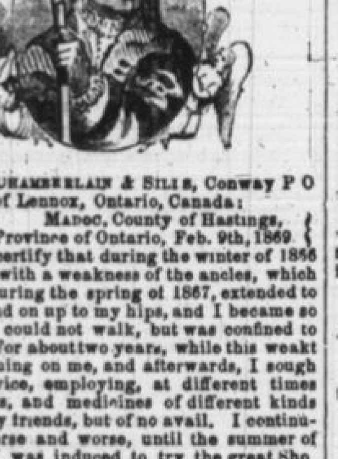
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or ...

GUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S ... improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

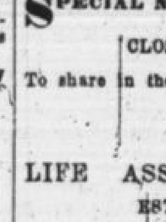
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

⁂ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and certainess."—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... ll

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. H. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in taking

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7;30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ......5 a m, 4:40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

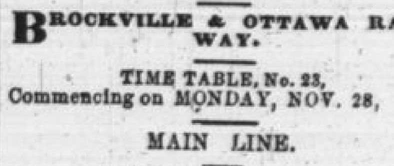
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street:

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

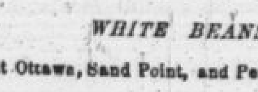
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Cana

Sarsaparilla

... they were painfully afflicting ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ...

... LA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, ... visible forms of Scrofulous disease ... Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy ... and the various Ulcerous affections ... lar and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal ... are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies ... Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases ... blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

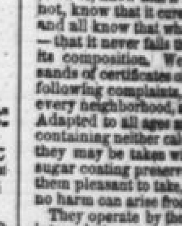
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic, Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, ... Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhoea, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mackenzie, Esq, A McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlements the ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...

1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano ... Tuner, and Repairer, ... between Dalhousie street and ... street, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday ... ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

The Session will be opened on ... October

FACULTY OF ARTS.

The Session of this Faculty will ... WEDNESDAY, September 14th, ... here will be offered for competition the SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships ... tions, of the annual value of ... THOMSON Exhibitions, value ... ALEXANDER Scholarship, value ... KENZIE'S Scholarship, value ... JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value ... Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the College years in Arts to students ... entering. A Scholarship is tenable for ...

Copies of the Calendar containing all information as to the examinations, ... competition, courses of study, &c, may be had on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, ... six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester ... burnham Hill. There is a handsome ... vegetable garden, ... attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, ... ises.

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly ... No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front ... pean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the ... session, at present in the occupation of ... Aylen, Esq. For further particulars ... JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 36, ... Centre Town, Ottawa, JAMES ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1429. OTTAWA, MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

…NIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

…AVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

…for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large … well selected stock, comprising Groceries, … Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy … Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, … Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, … Bordeaux and other Vinegars

…SS PORK, P CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

… numerous other articles necessary o con… complete stock.

…—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young … quite fresh and cheap.

…FFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on …

…NDIES—Otard Pellevoisin Renault & Co, Hen… Piper's and other brands.

…OLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Hostman's, in wood … bottle.

…WINES—Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine … Burgundy, Sauternes and Maderia Wines … in wood and bottle, improved by age. … WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

… graded ever, at extremely low prices. … Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and … Irish Whiskey. … Irish Potteen. … London Porter, pts and qts. … other Ales: … Syrups, all grades. … prices.

…OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE …LING AT TWENTY-FIVE …RCENT BELOW COST. … line or bar ains. 1166

…GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

…liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

…together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

…ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

…ROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS ST

In Ottawa.

…to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

… BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

…, 1870 1347tf

…TELEGRAPH COMPANY

…under Chapter LXVII of the … Statutes of Canada.

…FICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange … No. 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

…, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; … ATHOMSON, T H DUNN. … Manager. 1141tf

---

…FOR…

…ASHING COMPOUND,

… to be equalled by any other, for … use of Soft Soap, without either … Bar Soap, and some of them of a … and renovating effect …

… TRAINING INFORMATION.

… ugliest horse can be made … and even to walk after him in … fields, without the slightest … All accomplished in one day. … CORNS at a cheap rate without … WARTS on your hands or face. They … short time without injury to the … diseases; Rheumatism of … can be cured in less than a week … of medicine in the inside. … with the Gravel. … of Bowel Complaints can be cured … than twenty hours. Also, by a … afflicted with any such dis… application to E. MARTIN, … season, as the best time to …

… agents can make applica… other valuable articles to …

… AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

…T WARE

… CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

… receiving my SPRING and SUM… will be found complete in all … Ladies, Misses, and Childrens … Balmorals … English and French imported … Congress Gaiter Uppers, … comfortable Sitting Boot will … their orders, which will be … shortest notice. All work done … Workmen in my establishment. I … particular in choosing and manufac… ware for the Farming and … by whom I am so largely … at prices as usual defying com…

GEORGE MURPHY.

… OF THE LISTS

… Division of Profits of the past five … to 30th April last.

CANADA

…SSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

… at a distance to complete the … relating to their APPLICATIONS … the Profits above referred to, all … may be PERFECTED on or …

…DAY, THE 7TH MAY,

… in the Lists of the closing year.

A G RAMSAY, Manager

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. dAw F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. B. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 42utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. S. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reed's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

CAUTION

All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P.Q., the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor.

Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

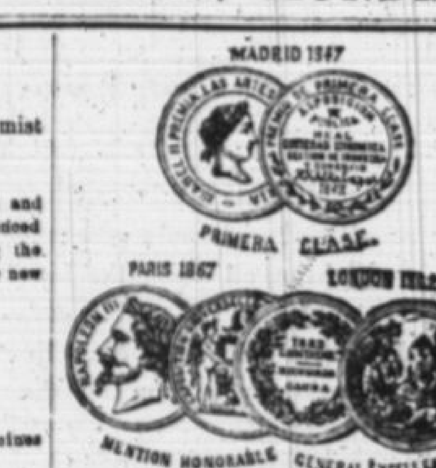
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, June 11, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs



Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure that a large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to

JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept, Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	4.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......	......	......	......
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	6.00	11.30—	—	......	11.00	......
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	......	......	......	11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00	......	......	......	......	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	......	......	......	......	......	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	6.00	11.00	12.15	8.00	......	......
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c	6.00	......	4.30	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30	......	......	......	......	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00	......	......	......	11.00	5.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	......	......	......	......	......	......
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	......	12.30	......	11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

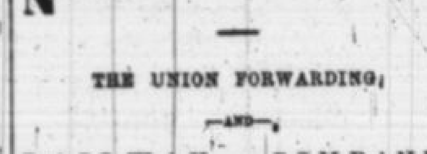
TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING,

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER,

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine,
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainscoke, Book, &c, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

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NEW MUSLINS,

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Rideau street

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1390y

T. O. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1436y

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Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed

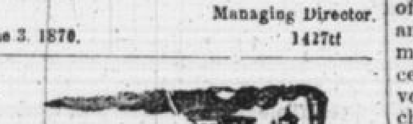
PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3. 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ...... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ...... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ...... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ...... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ...... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ...... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ...... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ...... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ...... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ...... 8:40 a m
Express for NewYork and Boston via Vermont Central at ...... 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 6:00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ...... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ...... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They have excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p'm, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent.

Charles Dickens' Will.

The following is a copy of the will of the late Charles Dickens, extracted from the principal registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate:—

"I, Charles Dickens, of Gadshill Place, Higham, in the county of Kent, hereby revoke all my former wills and codicils, and declare this to be my last will and testament. I give the sum of £1,000, free of legacy duty, to Miss Ellen Lawless Ternan, late of Houghton place, Ampthill square, in the county of Middlesex. I give the sum of 19 guineas to my faithful old servant, Mrs. Anne Cornelius. I give the sum of 19 guineas to the daughter and only child of the said Mrs. Anne Cornelius. I give the sum of 19 guineas to each and every servant, male and female, who shall be in my employment at the time of my decease, and shall have been in my employment for a not less period of time than one year. I give the sum of £1,000, free of legacy duty, to my daughter, Mary Dickens. I also give to my daughter Mary an annuity of £300 a year during her life, if she shall so long continue unmarried, such annuity to be considered as accruing from day to day, but to be payable half-yearly, the first of such half-yearly payments to made at the expiration next after my decease. If my said daughter Mary shall marry, such annuity shall cease, and, in that case, but in that case only, my said daughter shall share with my other children in the provision hereinafter made for them. I give to my dear sister-in-law, Georgina Hogarth, the sum of £8,000, free of legacy duty. I also give to the said Georgina Hogarth all my private papers whatsoever and wheresoever, and I leave her my grateful blessing, as the best and truest friend man ever had. I give to my eldest son Charles my library of printed books and my engravings and prints. I also give to my said son Charles the silver salver presented to me at Birmingham, and the silver cup presented to me at Edinburgh, and my shirt studs, shirt pins and sleeve buttons; and I bequeath unto my said son Charles and my son Henry Fielding Dickens the sum of 8,000*l.* upon trust to invest the same, and to pay the annual income thereof to my wife during her life, and after her decease the said sum of 8000*l.* and the investments thereof shall be in trust for my children (but subject as to my daughter Mary to the proviso hereinbefore contained), who, being a son or sons, shall have attained or shall attain the age of 21 years, or, being a daughter or daughters, shall have attained or shall attain that age, or be previously married, in equal shares if more than one. I give my watch (the gold repeater presented to me at Coventry), and I give the chain and seals, and all appendages I have worn with it, to my dear and trusty friend John Forster, of Palace-gate house, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex aforesaid. And I also give to the said John Forster such manuscripts of my published works as may be in my possession at the time of my decease. And I devise and bequeath all my real and personal estate (except such as is vested in me as a trustee or mortgagee) unto the said Georgina Hogarth and the said John Forster, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns respectively upon trust, that they the said Georgina Hogarth and John Forster, or the survivor of them, or the executors or administrators of such survivor do and shall at their, his, or her uncontrolled and irresponsible direction, either proceed to an immediate sale or conversion into money of the said real and personal estate (including my copyrights), or defer and postpone any sale or conversion into money till such time as they, he, or she shall think fit, and in the meantime may manage and let the said real and personal estate (including my copyrights) in such manner in all respects as I could do if I were living and acting therein, it being my intention that the trustees or trustee for the time being of this my will shall have the fullest power over the said real and personal estate which I can give to them, him, or her. And I declare that until the said real and personal estate shall be sold and converted into money, the rents and annual income thereof respectively shall be paid and applied to the person or persons in the manner and for the purposes to whom and for which the annual income of the moneys to arise from the sales or conversion thereof into money would be payable or applicable under this my will, in case the same were sold or converted into money; and I declare that my real estate shall, for the purpose of this my will be considered as converted into personalty upon my decease; and I declare that the said trustees or trustee for the time being do and shall, with and out of the moneys which shall come to their, his, or her hands under or by virtue of this my will and the trusts thereof, pay my just debts, funeral, and testamentary expenses and legacies. And I declare that the said trust funds, or so much thereof as shall remain after answering the purposes aforesaid, and the annual income thereof, shall be in trust for all my children (but subject as to my daughter Mary, to the proviso herein before contained), who, being son or sons shall have attain or shall attain the age of 21 years, and, being a daughter or daughters, shall have attained or shall attain that age or be previously married, in equal shares if more than one—provided always that, as regards my copywrights and the produce and profits thereof, my said daughter Mary, notwithstanding the proviso hereinbefore contained with reference to her, shall share with my other children therein, whether she be married or not; and I devise the estate vested in me at my decease as a trustee or mortgagee unto the use of the said Georgina Hogarth and John Forster, their heirs and assigns, upon the trusts, and subject to the equities affecting the same respectively; and I appoint the said Georgina Hogarth and John Foster, executrix and executor of this my will, and guardians of the persons of my children during their respective minorities; and lastly, as I have now sat down the form of words which my legal advisers assure me are necessary to the plain objects of this my will, I solemnly enjoin my dear children always to remember how much they owe to the said Georgina Hogarth, and never to be wanting in a grateful and affectionate attachment to her, for they know well that she has been through all the stages of their growth and progress their ever useful, self-denying, and devoted friend. And I desire here simply to record the fact that my wife since our separation by consent has been in the receipt from me of an annual income of six hundred pounds; while all the great charges of a numerous and expensive family have devolved wholly upon myself. I emphatically direct that I be buried in an inexpensive, unostentatious, and strictly private manner, that no public announcement be made of the time or place of my burial, that at the utmost not more than three plain mourning coaches be employed, and that those who attend my funeral wear no scarf, cloak, black bow, long hatband, or other such revolting absurdity. I direct that my name be inscribed in plain English letters on my tomb without the addition of 'Mr.' or 'Esquire.' I conjure my friends on no account to make me the subject of any monument, memorial, or testimonial whatever. I rest my claims to the remembrance of my country upon my published works, and to the remembrance of my friends upon their experience of me; in addition thereto I commit my soul to the mercy of God through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, and I exhort my dear children humbly to try to guide them-

selves by the teaching of the New Testament in its broad spirit, and to put no faith in any man's narrow construction of its letter here or there. In witness whereof I, the said Charles Dickens, the testator, have to this my last will and testament set my hand this 12th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1869.

"CHARLES DICKENS."

"Signed, published, and declared by the above named Charles Dickens, the testator, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us (present together at the same time) who in his presence, at his request, and in the presence of each other have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses.

"G. HOLDSWORTH, 26, Wellington-street, Strand.

"HENRY WALKER, 26, Wellington-street, Strand."

"I, Charles Dickens, of Gadshill place, near Rochester, in the County of Kent, Esquire, declare this to be a codicil to my last will and testament, which will bear date the 12th day of May, 1869. I give to my son, Charles Dickens the younger, all my share and interest in the weekly journal called *All the Year Round*, which is now conducted under articles of partnership made between me and William Henry Wills, and the said Charles Dickens the younger, and all my share and interest in the stereotypes, stock, and other effects belonging to the said partnership, he defraying my share of all debts and liabilities of the said partnership which may be outstanding at the time of my decease, and in all other respects I confirm my said will. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand the second day of June, in the year of our Lord 1870.

"CHARLES DICKENS."

"Signed and declared by the said Charles Dickens, the testator, as and for a codicil to his will, in the presence of us (present at the same time), who, at his request in his presence, and in the presence of each other hereunto subscribe our names as witnesses.

"G. HOLDSWORTH,
26 Wellington street, Strand.
"H. WALKER,
26 Wellington street, Strand."

Proved at London, with a codicil, 19th July, 1870, by the oath of Georgina Hogarth, spinster, and John Forster, Esquire, the executors, to whom administration was granted.

The personal property of Mr. Dickens is sworn under 80,000l.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall.
North Shore Railway—Jos. Cauchon.
Auction Sale—H. McLean
Cheque Lost—McLaughlin Bros.
Higher Education—Hellmuth College.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 30, Sparks Street.
MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1870.

THE SITUATION.

After carefully examining the different conflicting rumours that come to us it appears that the Prussian army, which for some days has been quietly concentrating in the neighborhood of Treves, crossed the frontier near Saarlouis and attacked the French left at Thionville and defeated them. Another column moving in a south easterly direction re-captured Saarbrucken, and advanced towards Bitsche. The war has now been carried into French territory. It is well to remember that the news is for the most part derived from Prussian sources, but at the same time there is no doubt that the French have sustained a serious defeat which cannot fail to exercise a considerable influence over the fate of the whole campaign.

The Minister of Public Works is still in town. A contemporary was mistaken in stating that he had left Ottawa.

We understand that Mr. Gladstone's health, both mental and physical, has been thoroughly impaired. He has grown more irritable, nervous, and captious than ever, and when questioned by Mr. Disraeli lately in the House of Commons as to the policy which the British Government intended to pursue, he was perfectly overwhelmed, and unable to give a satisfactory reply. After having made a stammering evasive speech, he resumed his seat and went to sleep, and was afterwards kept away from the House for two days by illness.

In alluding to the Intercolonial contracts on Saturday, we mentioned the name of A. P. Macdonald, Esq., as the contractor, whereas it is his son, Mr. W. E. Macdonald, who holds the contract, and has lately been pushing forward the work on his section of the Intercolonial Railway with so much vigour. Last month the estimate of the work done by him was $35,000. Mr. W. E. Macdonald seems to have inherited from his father all those qualities which are necessary to make a successful contractor.

The New York *World* thus notices the departure of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, for his summer vacation. "Mr. Beecher made his last appearance for the season on Sunday last before a crowded audience, which he kept in roars of laughter during the greater part of the performance. The engagement thus temporarily closed has been one of the most successful in the history of comedy, and the management feels confident that with a continuance of the same style of popular entertainment, Plymouth will, during the next season, maintain its front rank among places of amusement.

We publish in another column a letter from Sir Francis Hincks to the Hon. Mr. McDougall, in which he points out some of the absurd contradictions and misrepresentations of which the latter has lately been guilty. Sir Francis Hincks in his former letter said that Mr. Beaty and the York Roads Company "had been advised that the Government had exceeded their legal powers," whereupon Mr. McDougall, with that cool audacity which forms his principal stock in trade, declared that Sir Francis Hincks had expressed an opinion in favor of the legality of the claim! But this is only a fair specimen of the peculiar style of political warfare which Mr. McDougall now wages.

A Western contemporary favours its readers with a few remarks on the present war, and at the same time gives a short sketch of the history of Europe during the past few years. Among other things he gives some rather novel information regarding Sadowa. He says:—"We know that when Napoleon whipped Austria so badly, after Sadowa, he sent for the Austrian Emperor and proposed terms of peace at Villa Franca, and in about an hour after the anointed Emperors, met, all seemed serene again." We always thought that the battle of Sadowa was fought between the Prussians and Austrians.

Our morning contemporary states that he has been deceiving the public by publishing false telegrams for the purpose of trapping the TIMES, which he says has been in the habit of using the *Citizen's* midnight despatches. The assertion that the latest information from the seat of war can only be furnished by the Montreal Telegraph Company is incorrect. We receive our midnight and other despatches regularly by the People's line, and shall continue to do so, in spite of all that the Montreal Telegraph Company, from the would-be knight at its head down to its most insignificant agents, can do to prevent it. The management of the Montreal Telegraph Company, like that of every other enterprise over which the would-be Knight of St. Michael and St. George exercises authority, has ever been characterized by the utmost meanness and illiberality, from the time when the late Sir Allen McNab, Chancellor Vankoughnet, and several ladies were left upon the rocks at Anticosti and not allowed to communicate with their friends up to the present day. The Montreal Telegraph Company wants to monopolize all the telegraphing business of Canada. It has endeavored by every possible means to prevent any other telegraph company from being started in this country. The would-be Knight at its head has managed by various means to influence newspapers in Montreal and elsewhere to write down all such enterprises, but fortunately without success. The days of its monopoly are well nigh ended, spite of all that the misrepresentations of agents and subsidized newspapers can do. Meanwhile, we can promise our readers, that without the assistance of either the Montreal Telegraph Company or our morning contemporary, we shall continue to furnish the latest and most reliable news, and we can assure them that neither for the purpose of "trapping" a neighbor or for any other cause, will we publish anything that we know to be false.

GOVERNOR ARCHIBALD.

Lieutenant Governor Archibald, accompanied by his Secretary, leaves the city this morning *en route* for the seat of his new government. He will leave Collingwood on Wednesday and proceed to Prince Arthur's Landing. From thence he will proceed by land to Lake Shebandowan, where a canoe and eight *voyageurs* await his arrival. From there he will journey by water to the north west angle of the Lake of the Woods, where he expects to overtake Colonel Wolseley's force. We most sincerely wish him a safe and pleasant journey.

THE COOKING SYSTEM.

The brace of oppositionists who have been working the oracle for some time, and deceiving the public, continue their small game. One of them we notice elsewhere; the other telegraphs we see, that in official circles, the Red River amnesty is admitted. In what circles, we would like to ask? We can meet with no such admissions; who are the officials that make them? We hesitate not to say that they exist only in the fertile imagination of the penny-a-liner who circulates the story. The game however, is about "played out."

BACKING DOWN.

The other day, the *Globe's* special correspondent announced positively that it was believed in well informed circles that an amnesty had been granted to Riel on the advice of the Canadian Government. In its last issue he tries to let himself down easily, and now "the denials of ministerial journals in the matter of the rebel amnesty at Red River are looked upon with suspicion, and matters have a suspicious look;" and so it goes. First, currency is given to an untruth on the authority of "well informed circles," then comes a cuttle fish like shower of black suspicions, and then the veracious correspondent creeps out of the small end of the hole.

GOOD NEWS FROM THE RED RIVER.

Advices have reached here from St. Paul that the advance of Colonel Wolseley's force was pushing on towards its destination, and that Colonel Wolseley has issued a proclamation to the loyal inhabitants of Manitoba, declaring that his mission is one of peace to secure Her Majesty's Sovereign authority, and that the force represented no party in religion or politics, but would afford equal protection to the lives and property of all races and creeds.

A party of Red River people were engaged in cutting the 90 miles of road from Fort Garry to the north-west angle of the Lake of the Woods.

The following is Colonel Wolseley's proclamation:

To the Loyal Inhabitants of Manitoba:

"Her Majesty's Government having determined upon stationing her troops amongst you, I have been instructed by the Lieutenant Governor commanding in British North America to proceed to Fort Garry with a force under my command. Our mission is one of peace, and the sole object of the expedition is to secure Her Majesty's sovereign authority. Courts of law, such as are common to every portion of Her Majesty's Empire, will be duly established, and justice will be impartially administered to all races and classes—loyal Indians and half-breeds being as dear to the Queen as any other of her loyal subjects. The force which I have the honour of commanding will enter your province representing no party in religion or politics, and will afford equal protection to the lives and property of all races and of all creeds. The strictest order of discipline will be maintained and private property will be carefully respected. All supplies furnished by the inhabitants to the troops will be duly paid for. Should any one consider himself injured by any individual attached to the force, his grievance shall be promptly enquired into. All loyal people are earnestly invited to aid in carrying out the above mentioned objects.

(Signed) "G. J. WOLSELEY."

Later despatches received in this city on Saturday night, indicate that the people of the Red River Settlement, of all classes and nationalities, are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the troops. It appears that the Indians were promised, by the Hon. Mr. McDougall and Colonel Dennis, a large amount of valuable presents, and that they are now congregating in the neighbourhood of Fort Garry in the hope of receiving them. The white settlers and half-breeds are very uneasy in consequence, and are all hoping for the speedy arrival of Colonel Wolseley's force.

THE FATE OF THE EMPIRE.

We have often pointed out that the future fate of the British Empire, that glorious galaxy of thriving communities which was established at the cost of so much blood and treasure, depends very much upon the line of policy adopted by the Imperial Government and the British people to-day. It is certain that as colonies increase in size and population, they cannot occupy the same relation towards the mother country which were suited to their original condition as infant settlements. At present we do not consider that any of the colonies of the Empire are in a fit condition to assume an independent position; least of all is Canada, overshadowed as she is by the power of a gigantic and aggressive Republic. Nor are we of those who believe that as a necessity of the future the present Empire must be rent asunder, but, on the contrary, we look forward to such a re-arrangement of the ties which unite us in one Imperial connection, as may render it possible for this Dominion, even when its population is ten times as great as at present and the entire breadth of the continent has been included within its boundaries, to still remain an integral portion of an Empire which already in size and material wealth far exceeds any Empire of ancient or modern times. To endeavor thus to preserve the British Empire and to increase it grandeur and prosperity, is a work which is indeed worthy of the greatest statesmen, and at the same time is one which every man, however humble his lot may be, may do something to promote.

At a recent meeting of the Society of Arts, in London, a paper was read which furnished some very interesting particulars showing not only the extent and rapid growth of the British colonies, but also the immense commercial benefits which the Mother Country derives from them, and which she certainly could no longer do to anything like the same extent, in the event of their becoming independent.

We find that the Empire over which Queen VICTORIA holds sway, embraces an area of 4,562,000 miles (exclusive of the Hudson's Bay Territory), and is peopled by upwards of 160,000,000 of inhabitants. The combined trade of the colonies has increased since 1850 from £65,000,000, sterling, to £280,000,000 in 1866, the latest year of which complete trade returns have as yet been furnished. In 1850 the colonies imported from Great Britain £18,000,000 of manufactured goods; in 1866 they imported £61,000,000. In 1850 the colonies exported to the Mother Country £18,000,000; in 1866 they sent £74,000,000, so that in sixteen years the trade between Great Britain and her colonies has increased from £37,000,000 to £135,000,000. Upper and Lower Canada in 1850 imported only £3,500,000, but in 1866 they took £11,000,000. New Brunswick, in the same time, increased from £815,000 to £2,000,000; Nova Scotia from £1,000,000 to nearly £3,000,000; Prince Edward Island from £123,000 to £444,000; and Newfoundland from £867,000 to £1,200,000. British Columbia appears for the first time in the returns for 1860, when that colony took £282,000 worth of imports. During the following year that amount was doubled; but in 1866 the year's total was £298,000. The neighbouring settlement of Vancouver's Island, in 1861, did an import trade worth £416,000; here, also, there was a rapid rise and a subsequent decline, the imports for 1866 being £504,000. Turning to the exports of these vast territories, we find that Canada during the sixteen years advanced from £2,500,000 to more than £11,500,000, her producing capabilities having kept pace and in line with her consuming powers. New Brunswick passed on from £658,000 to £1,333,000. Nova Scotia sent abroad £1,500,000 instead of £761,000. Prince Edward Island, starting with £60,000, in 1866 reached a limit of £246,000. Newfoundland made less progress than her sister colonies, the increase being only from £975,000 to £1,186,000. British Columbian exports for 1860 were £11,000, and for 1866 £43,983; those from Vancouver were, in 1863, £39,000; and in 1866 £120,000. In both these cases, however, gold is excluded, a rather important omission, seeing that, in 1860, the shipment of gold from British Columbia was estimated at £600,000, and from Vancouver, in 1865, at £426,0000.

The population of British America, in 1850, was 1,000,000; now it is upwards of 4,000,000 having been quadrupled in twenty years, while its commerce is three times as great as it then was. It is one of the most absurd fallacies of the time, to suppose that were we separated from Great Britain, even if we were able to maintain an independent position, which we should not be, that our trade with Great Britain would still amount to as much as it now does. If we look at the history of any State that has become independent we shall find proof to the contrary. The South American colonies which revolted from Spanish rule, have few commercial relations with Spain; the United States, although they certainly still do a large business with Great Britain, do nothing like so much with her as they would do, were they united with her. Nor does the fact arise from the hostile feeling with which these countries regard the land from which they derived their origin, as from the efforts which they have made to confine themselves to an American trade. One of the great aims of the statesmen of the United States to-day, is to exclude foreign trade, and to develop home manufactures, although the general prosperity of the country is very much retarded by their efforts in that direction. What would become of the commerce of Great Britain, if the various colonies became independent and very possibly hostile nationalities, and the British Empire were reduced to the narrow limits of the United Kingdom? If Halifax and Bermuda and other fortified posts were lost to her, no navy however formidable would serve to protect her commercial interests in the event of a war with any great maritime power. A few *Alabamas* would in that case serve to sweep the whole of it from the ocean. The *Westminster Review* in the course of an able article upon the subject, points out that the abandonment of the colonies would be attended with the following results to Great Britain:

Curtailment of trade, and subsequent loss of employment for the toilers of the nation.

Diminution of supplies of raw staples for manufacture.

Shutting up of safe securities for the profitable investment of superfluous wealth and redundant capital.

Loss of suitable fields for outgoing enterprise and languishing industry.

Diminution of the population of the Empire, seeing that in every outgoing emigrant a subject of the Crown and a citizen of the State would be lost.

Deprivation of ports of refuge in case of war.

In the course of another article we shall endeavor to show that the political results which would spring from a dissolution of the Empire, would be no less important.

THE WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS.

The Montreal *Daily News*, which has lately on more than one occassion appeared as the champion of the Independence cause, says:—

"If at the expiration of a year all Her Majesty's troops should be withdrawn from Quebec, we may accept that act as a fair notice that England declines the defence of Canada."

This is what Lord Kimberly, the present Colonial Minister, says on the same subject:—

"As to the apprehensions entertained in Canada that the Government are about to abandon that great Colony, it is of little use, as far as my noble friend is concerned, to repeat the declaration so often made that they have no such intention. I am not aware, indeed, that any English statesmen have expressed such views, and should be surprised to hear anybody say that we could absolve ourselves from the obligation of defending Canada in case it were exposed to the danger of a foreign war. That obligation rests upon us in connection with the whole Empire, and I am certain that it would be discharged by whatever Government might hold office. *In the minor arrangements, however, which we may think it our duty to make in time of peace, we must be allowed a certain discretion, and it has been thought by military authorities here that a greater concentration of troops would be advantageous, not to this country alone, but to the defence of the whole Empire; and I have to learn that when the defence of a great Empire has to be undertaken, a concentration of troops can be called a measure of abandonment.* In the other measures which we have taken nothing has indicated a want of respect to that colony or a disregard for its interests."

The Earl of Carnarvon representing the Conservative party says:

"As long as Canada clings to England, loves the English connexion, and is prepared to submit to sacrifice and danger greater than we are likely to be called upon to submit to, England will never allow one inch of Canadian soil to be surrendered or sacrificed."

The Duke of Cambridge, in the course of the same debate, said:

"I am sure the loyalty and good feeling which were exhibited by the volunteers and the troops on that occasion, were such as will always continue to exist among them when placed in a similar position, and the result, I hope, will be to knit more cloself still those ties which bind the people of Canada to the Mother Country, and to increase that friendship which they entertain towards the forces of the Imperial Government."

In the face of assurances of this kind we cannot but consider that any man or any journal which affirms that England declines to defend Canada, does so with the object of creating a wrong opinion, and helping the Independence, *i. e.* the Annexation cause.

Commerce of Belleville.

The Customs Returns continue to exhibit a steady increase in the business of this port, as will appear from the subjoined figures:—

Fiscal year ending	Value of Imports.	Value of Exports by water only to U.S.	Duty collected.
June 30, 1868,	150,179	532,129	18,5[illegible] 58
" 1869,	192,591	[illegible]	24,4[illegible]
" 1870,	157,321	[illegible]	30,091 43

It we recollect right, this is very nearly at the rate of 200 per cent over the average of collections for the preceding ten years.

CANADIAN NEWS.

London wants a public park.

Belleville is afflicted with loafers.

Galt is to have a steam fire engine.

Whitby is re-opening her Grammar Schools.

Niagara hackmen and hotellers are grieving because the Falls will be worn away in 5,000 years.

St. Catharines boasts of having a girl eight years of age, weighing 128 lbs., and who walks four miles every day.

Hamilton is agitating to have a by-law compelling horses left on the street to be tied.

Hamilton has made the discovery that next winter is to be a very severe one.

A party of surveyors in the employment of the Canada Air Line, have arrived at Simcoe.

A new side bridge to be erected at Locks' Bridge is a source of satisfaction to the people of Perth.

Peterboro has had a fire which destroyed two houses and a cooper's shop this time.

Painful rumors are current in Halifax respecting the cashier of the Bank of Nova Scotia, who is said to be short of a large sum.

Mr. Dickson's "Bay Charlie" trotted 12 miles in 40 min. 15 sec. on Wednesday evening, over a road near Mount Forrest, Ont.

The harbor of Kingston now presents a most cheering sight. It is filled with vessels of the grain fleet awaiting the discharge of their cargoes.

The St. Catharines *Journal* claims to furnish telegraphic news ten to fifteen hours earlier than the Toronto, Hamilton and London papers. It means *later*.

A ballad on the loss of the steamship "City of Boston," which includes a complete list of her passengers, has been published at St. John, N. B.

The Ottawa *Free Press* says that the *British Whig* came to it in startling form the other day. We cannot say that the *Free Press* ever came to us in that lively form.—*Kingston Whig.*

On Monday night, the 25th ult., a wolf approached close to Mr. Wm. McMullin's house in West Garafraxa, and killed a fat sheep. This was a bold act, but others equally bold have been committed in the same locality recently. A few nights ago a wolf went up to Mr. Isaac Stewart's, and attacked the dog, tearing two holes in his side, and breaking one of his ribs.

Gen. Solomon, Governor of Washington Territory, has sent 200 emigrants to Puget Sound, and 200 more will go in August. The emigrants are mostly from Chicago.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 12 Sparks Street.

This Morning's Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Complete Defeat of the French—the Prussians Invading France—Fighting all along the Line—Capture of 3,000 French Prisoners with Guns, &c.—Insurrectionary Action of the Garde Mobile.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning.

NEW YORK, Sunday evening, August 8.—The forward movement of the Prussian army commenced on Friday, the right wing advancing from Treves and Saarlouis. They captured the French advanced post at Sierck, and then attacked Thionville in overwhelming strength. The French made a stubborn resistance, but at length were compelled to retreat, throwing away their arms and abandoning their artillery. The retreat soon became a flight, the whole force being panic stricken.

At the same time the division of the army commanded by the Crown Prince of Prussia moved towards the left in the direction of Bitsche. The French fell back gradually before them, making but slight resistance. On Saturday there was a general advance of the entire Prussian army, with the King at its head.

About 3,000 prisoners have been taken and sent to Frankfort.

The French army is concentrated in the neighbourhood of Metz.

McMahon's corps, after its defeat, fell back beyond Bitsche, trying to form a junction with the main body.

MAYENCE, Saturday night.—After a sanguinary engagement, the French army has been compelled to retreat, and is falling back towards the interior of France.

The French had commenced an advance from Saarbrucken, but being driven back they have destroyed the town, firing shell and red hot shot into it.

SAARBRUCKEN, Saturday evening, 7 o'clock.—The town of Saarbrucken, or what remains of it, has just been re-taken by the 1st corps of the Prussian army, under the command of General Steinmitz.

The Prussian columns approached the river Saar, on Friday morning, covered by a cloud of sharpshooters. On Saturday morning they attacked the French troops, who held a strongly entrenched position on the heights. Other corps of the Prussian army came, and after about three hours fighting the position was carried at the point of the bayonet. The carnage on both sides was great, but the French loss was terrible. The French were utterly demoralized, and threw away their arms and accoutrements during the retreat.

LONDON, Saturday evening.—It is rumoured that the French have sustained a serious defeat, and the Garde Mobile, in many parts of the country, have revolted, and declared in favour of a Republic.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The position taken by England in regard to Belgium is approved by Prussia.

STULTZ, Aug. 7.—It is reported that Marshal McMahon was wounded in the battle yesterday. We have taken over 4,000 prisoners.

King William sends the following despatch to the Queen:—

"Good news, a great victory has been won by our army. God be praised for his mercy. We captured 4,000 prisoners, 30 guns, 2 standrds, and 6 mitrailleurs. McMahon during the fight, was reinforced from the main army. The contest was very severe, and lasted from 11 in the morning until 9 at night, when the French retreated, leaving the field to us. Our losses are heavy."

COLOGNE, Aug. 7.—There was a violent combat near Saarbrucken yesterday. It commenced at 11 a.m., and at 9 p.m. still continued. Our troops repulsed the enemy, who have abandoned the field of battle. We have conquered. Our losses are heavy.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The *Presse* of to-day says that several persons were arrested at the Bourse yesterday. At three o'clock shouts of "a bas la bourse" were uttered by parties exasperated at the dissemination of false news, whereupon an order was given to close the bourse. The crowd became furious and tore up the railings of the enclosure. A force was brought to bear, and the building evacuated amid the applause from a crowd on the place outside. A judicial investigation is now going on.

The "Journal Official" in its second edition to day publishes the following proclamation:

"Frenchmen, up to this hour we have always given without reserve all the certain news which we have received, and we continue to do so. Last night we received the following despatch:

"METZ, August 6.—Marshall McMahon has lost a battle. General Frossard, on the Saar, was obliged to retire. His retreat was effected in good order. All can be re-established.

Signed,
"NAPOLEON."

"METZ, 7:30.—A Major-General of the army to the Minister of the Interior. After a series of engagements, in which the enemy brought heavy forces into the field, Marshal McMahon was forced to fall back from his first line. The corps of General Frossand had to fight yesterday from 2 in the afternoon with an entire army of the enemy. Having held his position until 6 o'clock, he ordered a retreat, which was made in good order.

(Signed), LEBŒUF."

"METZ August 6, 7:30 a. m.—My communications have been interrupted with McMahon. I am going to place myself in the centre of the position. Signed, NAPOLEON."

Details of our losses are wanting. Our troops are full of *elan*. The situation is not compromised, but the enemy is on our territory, and a serious effort is necessary. A battle appears imminent. In presence of this grave news our duty is plain. We appeal to the patriotism and energy of all. The Chambers have been convoked. We are placing Paris with all possible haste in a state of defence. In order to facilitate the execution of military preparations we declare the capital in a state of siege. There must be no faint-heartedness—no division. Our resources are immense. Let us pursue the struggle and the country will be saved

The *Journal Official* contains the following despatch:—

METZ, August 7.—Nothing further has been received from Marshal McMahon on the Saar. General Froisard's corps alone has been engaged. The result is still uncertain.

Later—The corps of General Froisard is in retreat. Details are wanting.

Official advices from Metz say that McMahon had not time to send a report from his head-quarters. He simply writes that he is in good position, and he has been joined by another corps d'armee from Metz.

The *Moniteur* has the following: We have received a rumor of an engagement. General Froissard is in Paris. The Minister of Interior will resign. There is a heavy concentration of troops of the enemy on the Baden side of the Rhine, which the French watch closely.

LA LIBERTE publishes the following—At 1 o'clock to-day the bourse was invaded by a crowd, maddened with joy and enthusiasm. Instantaneously windows in all the streets nearby were hung with flags on account of the great victory announced as gained by McMahon.

We managed to get through the crowd to the bureau of commissary of police, who said he had not received any official news. A few moments after a placard was put up by the administration, which announced that the corps of Marshal McMahon had occupied a strong position, but made no mention of a battle.

Midnight Despatches.

The Battle of Worth—A Sanguinary Engagement has been Fought—Contradictory Reports—Both Sides Claim a Victory—Excitement in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, August 6, evening.—On the Stock Exchange to day a much better feeling exists.

Rumors of all kinds are prevalent. Fighting is said to be going on, but no reliable information is as yet received as to the result.

LONDON, Saturday, midnight.—A despatch has just been received here, dated Wednesday, via Berlin, in the afternoon, stating that the Prince Royal has defeated the French army under Marshal McMahon, after a battle of several hours duration.

BERLIN, Saturday evening, August 5.—The following has just been received from the Prince Royal, written on the field of battle:—"Victorious battle has been fought near Worth. Marshal McMahon was completely defeated, the greater portion of my command being engaged. We have captured prisoners and artillery. The French are in an utterly demoralized condition and falling back on Bitsche.

[Bitsche is a fortified town of France, about 30 miles from the frontier.—ED. TIMES.]

BERLIN, Aug. 6.—French prisoners lately taken have been brought in, and are now being distributed in various places in the neighborhood of the capital. Prussia will prove by her treatment of these men, that though they are captives, she no longer regards them as enemies.

The utmost enthusiasm prevails here in consequence of the news from the front. The streets are crowded, and the people are drinking to the success of the Prince Royal and his brave arms "under the Lindon's."

NEW YORK, August 6—6 p. m.—Cable despatches just received from Paris state: The city is in a great state of excitement in consequence of the news received from the frontier. The enthusiasm is intense, and the disgust felt yesterday has been superseded by great delight.

Yesterday there was heavy fighting all along the northeastern frontier in the neighborhood of Worth and Wiessenburg. Night put an end to the conflict, but it was resumed this morning and reports are now coming in telling a great victory for the French army, 2,000 Prussians having been captured, together with 6 cannons and material of war.

The official despatches have not yet arrived, but are momentarily expected. The streets and Boulevards present a strange spectacle; all business is suspended; the shops are closed; and crowds of citizens of all classes are promenading the streets, waving tricolored flags, singing the *Marseillaise*, and shouting "*Vive l'Empereur*" and "*A bas la Prusse*." Reports of the recent engagements differ materially according as they come from a French or a Prussian source. The following is the Prussian official report of the battle of Warth:—

Prince Frederick William, commanding the army of South Germany, has issued the following proclamation:—

"Soldiers of the 3rd army corps; appointed to command you by the King, I greet you as soldiers of Prussia. Wurtemburg and Baden united under my command, your courage, discipline, and perseverence fill me with pride, joy, and confidence. In true fraternity continue to spread your flag over new victories, which, God aiding us, will insure honor and peace to united Germany.

LONDON, Saturday.—The London *Times* this morning indulges in some sentimental moralizing, and remarks that it is melancholy to see two nations, actuated only by ambition and a desire to establish military supremacy, thus rushing to arms and engaging in a conflict which no victories, however brilliant or continuous, can serve to establish.

PARIS, 6 p.m.—Last night a large amount of specie, shipped for the theatre of war by private parties, was seized by the police. The books and safe of Baron Hirsch were also seized on a charge that the rule requiring them to be placed under seal had not been observed.

LONDON, 6 p. m.—The French iron-clad fleet, which has proceeded to the Baltic, is attended by a fleet of yachts and small vessels, which is intended to serve as ambulances for the wounded.

It was General Abl. Douay, an infantry commander, who was killed at Wiessenburg, not General Douay, the commander of the division.

VIENNA, August 6.—General Lurr has published a letter in which he states that in 1866 Bismarck was ready to accede to the proposals of the secret treaty and abandon Belgium and Luxemburg to France. Some discredit is thrown upon this statement, it being said that Lurr was prompted to make this publication by the friends of France.

LONDON, August 6.—A large number of German vessels has taken refuge in English ports, among others the *Hermann* from New York, the *Blumenthal* from Cuba and the *Talisman* from Brazil. The channel of the Wesser and other channels leading to German ports are strewed thickly with torpedoes.

The correspondence of the *Independence Belge* declares that the late fight at Saarbuck was an insignificant affair, and that that the French victory at that point was attended with no material results.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The fortifications of Antwerp and Hamburg are being placed in a complete state of defence with all possible haste.

Saltpetre in large quantities have been ordered from India.

The observance of mutual obligations by England is now approved by Bismarck's organ at Berlin.

It is said the schooner *Sanman* would have escaped capture by the French had she gone on her way and not called at Cork, which gave the French Consul there an opportunity to telegraph the fact to Paris, and thus put the French cruisers on the look-out for her.

TURIN, Aug. 6.—Several riots of a serious matter took place in Genoa yesterday, arising out of criminal trials. Two persons were killed.

LONDON, Aug. 6—6 p.m.—An address has been received by Mr. Gladstone from the city of Sunderland, which strongly urges the Government to persevere in its policy of neutrality.

Brief sessions were held by both Houses of Parliament to-day, but they were unimportant.

Prince Arthur gave £20 towards the contribution for the Canadian volunteer fund.

The Tyne watermen selected to row against the St. John's oarsmen in the four-oared match, to come off at Lachine, have completed their training. They are in excellent condition to compete in the coming match. They will take out two new boats with them.

PARIS, Saturday evening.—There is great impatience in Paris, in consequence of the delay of operations on the frontier and the non arrival of official despatches. Some grave forebodings are entertained in consequence.

The Garde Mobile at Chalons are discontented. They have expressed their dissatisfaction with the provisions furnished them, and accompanied their complaints with shouts of *Vive le Republic*, and demanding to be led back to Paris. Two of the ringleaders have been shot.

PARIS, August 6.—The attacks made upon the shops of money changers are said to have been the result of imprudent remarks made by some of the German employes. The police extended protection to the threatened places. Over one shop, which bore the Russian arms, was placed a placard with the following inscription: "Respect for the arms of Russia." All the shops, which were menaced last night, remain closed to day.

The *Gaulois* publishes a despatch from Metz, in which it is stated that a regiment of the Royal Garde of Prussia was cut to pieces at the battle of Weisemburg on Thursday, and a Prussian General wounded. In the same despatch it is reported that the French soldiers fought like lions, and that 7,000 of the enemy were put *hors de combat*.

Saturday Morning's Despatches.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The *Tribune's* correspondent at Frankfort on Tuesday writes: The public mind is filled with distrust of English neutrality. Nothing will satisfy Germany unless coal is contraband, like gunpowder.

It is believed the French are also buying cartridges and horses largely in England, and the utmost irritation is felt. These complaints almost neutralizes the gratitude first felt at the attitude of the English press and people.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—No French account of the Weisemburg defeat was received here up to one this morning.

A correspondent telegraphs from Paris that he has official despatches in his possession, but permission to telegraph them has been refused.

The Prussian victory has made great impression here.

The *Daily News* says:—Henceforth we may look for the exchange of really hard blows.

The French Emperor cannot afford under the present circumstances, to consult merely military interests in his movements. The moral effect of the defeat at Weisemburg must be wiped out at whatever price it may be necessary to pay.

It is understood that McMahon was just returning from a long and serious conference with the Emperor, when the unexpected blow was struck, having probably carried away with him the plan of the campaign. Whether this untoward event will interfere with his plan or not, all we know of the character of the French army bids us look for serious attempts to avenge their defeat.

A despatch says:—It is believed that there is strong opposition in the cabinet to proposing the credit of two millions, recently voted, and that Mr. Lowe resisted it from an unwillingness to part with his surplus so vehemently that one moment he talked of resigning.

A story that England presented an ultimatum to France and Prussia respecting Belgium, was generally discredited in the House, and was considered finally exploded by Mr. Gladstone's answer to Mr. Jenkinson.

There is great lamentation at Metz, from Prussians having flooded Baarbrucken coal mines which produced 3,500,000 tons of coal yearly, one half of which was consumed in France.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—*La Liberte* publishes a private despatch received last night from Strasbourg, reporting that McMahon beat [illegible] the latter evacuated Weisemburg.

Telegraphic communication with Weisemburg has been re-established. The same journal says McMahon moved yesterday towards Weisemburg. He was but two hours marching from that point, and his men marched at quick step. He has between 60,000 and 70,000 men. To-day there will be about 150,000 men concentrated near Weisemberg.

The Prussian loss in the recent engagement reached 10,000 men, in killed, wounded and prisoners. The French force defending the town were but 8,000 or 10,000 strong, while the attacking force numbered fully 40,000. The enemy was so severely crippled that they could not follow the French when they retired.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The *Journal Official* says the French troops, who numbered 7,000 or 8,000 men, who were engaged in the affair before Weisemburg, had to contend with two Prussian army corps, including picked troops, and adds that in spite of inferiority of numbers our regiment resisted the assault of the enemy for several hours with admirable heroism, when they were forced to give way. The loss of the enemy was so severe that he did not dare to pursue, while at Saarbruck we have broken the Prussian line. Our own remains intact.

CARLSRUHE, July 6.—The army of Baden passed the French frontier yesterday, and advanced to Lauterburg, where it established its head-quarters, and seized some boats in the river.

—The French loss at Neukirchen was 3 killed and 1 wounded.

They shelled St. Jean station.

LONDON, July 5.—The vessel taken by the French proves to be the *Lalman*, from Wilmington, N. C., with a cargo of turpentine.

MUNICH.—The Bavarian Ministry have been authorized to borrow five million of reichsthalers for 2 years.

LONDON, August 6.—Advices from the seat of war this morning concur in representing that the corps under Marshal McMahon advancing after a brush with the Prussians last evening occupied and now hold a strong position on the Bavarian frontier.

Every French line of operation is kept in intimate communication by underground telegraph wires.

Prussian government prohibition of the exportation of corn is confined to direct shipments of France. English pilots have been formerly forbidden to serve armed vessels of Belligerents.

Advices from Prussia fully confirm the completeness of the victory at Weisenbourg.

BERLIN, August 6.—The headquarters of King William are at Cologne.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Saturday Afternoon's Despatches.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The *Tribune's* correspondent with the French forces sends the following account of the affair at Saarbruck, under date of Tuesday morning: "I have just come from the railway station. More troops are expected.

Marshal LeBœuf has just passed towards General Frossard's headquarters, on his way to the heights of Sperheren.

A French officer gave me a place in his carriage.

At half-past nine we reached the advanced posts. The Lieutenants and Captains of the 69th Line were busy buckling on their men's knapsacks. The only orders they know are—forward.

At ten o'clock videttes of Battoul's Brigade were sent to the front, and the infantry were steadily advancing under cover of a wood, following the road on a parallel line.

Artillery and cavalry were all descending the hill.

Reaching the plain the infantry rapidly deployed, and skirmishers were thrown well out, and the battalions massed in the rear. The artillery in position on the heights. The skirmish line traversed the valley, followed by the battalions, and keeping at the same distance. The heights on the other side were reached without much opposition. Overlooking Saarbruck the artillery opened fire at once.

...I called your attention in my ... letter. I shall contrast your description of that gentleman's conduct in ... letter with what you have said in ... In the former you claimed credit ... having refused as Minister of ... Works during the whole ... of his incumbency the oft repeated requests of Mr. Beaty, backed up by the recommendations of the Prime Minister ... to report in favor of a claim of Mr. ... much larger sum of public ... for which he (Mr. Beaty) had given ... service whatever." You now say: "I ... do him (Sir John Macdonald) the justice to say that, while he frequently expressed the view that there was a technical ... legality in some of the proceedings in the ... roads case, he never attempted to ... me out of the position I took, that ... question was not one of law, but of ... common sense and honesty."

Can you deny the inconsistency of the ... statements? Sir John Macdonald ... the view, which you have described in your last letter, was naturally ... to compromise a claim which he ... to be legal, and recoverable at ... You had an equal right to contend ... under the circumstances, it was more ... expedient to let the law take ... course, but the description of the transaction in your first letter was most ... both to the First Minister and to ... Company. One other point deserves ... notice. You say that I have insinuated ... that you were a consenting party to a "compromise" of the suit in equity which Mr. Beaty was advised to bring, and you ... "I never heard of the compromise you speak of until now." You will find on reference to my letter that what I really ... was that "negotiations for a compromise ... had been opened. Surely you ... aware that the very subject which ... having frequently discussed with ... John Macdonald, was the propriety of ... compromising the claim of the York Roads ... by paying them the amount received by ... from the County Council of ... for the broken stone alleged to have ... been illegally seized, and the value of ... was much greater than the amount ... which it was sold to the County Council. ... compromise, of course, has never ... been effected, but I am not aware that the ... have been withdrawn.

'I am, yours
F. HINCKS.

LOCAL NEWS.

...ENTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. ... post free on application.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Saturday.—J. M. Worthington, Toronto; D. B. ..., Detroit; A. Brown, Belleville; ... Bro, Kingston; J. Gates, Cincinnati; G. Dickinson, Manotic.

POLICE COURT.—Ann McGuirk, drunk—... months in gaol.
Michael Gleasy, do., 3 weeks.
Catherine Guerian, do.—$10 or 3 weeks.
Thomas Donovan, do.—$5 or 3 days.

EMIGRANTS.—Sixty emigrants, English and Irish, arrived by the noon train on Friday. In a couple of hours after their arrival, the greater number of them were provided with situations by Mr. Wills.

The fires in Hull township are still burning furiously in the woods on both sides of the Chelsea road. Parties of men are stationed at the various bridges with barrels of water to extinguish the flames in case of the bridges taking fire.

An instance of heavy yield of hay we mention the crop of Mr. Alex. Yuill. On this gentleman's farm they saw Timothy 5ft. 3½ inches in length; Red Clover, 5ft. 1 inch and a half; and White Clover, 5ft.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A man named Dupuis of Hull, died on Thursday from the effects of drinking ice water while overheated. People should beware how they take ice-water; it is unwholesome at any time, but particularly dangerous in hot weather.

THE MARKET.—Saturday.—There was the appearance of a good market this morning, but on walking around the square we found the carts and waggons to contain very little beside garden vegetables and early fruit. Potatoes were scarce and dear—selling at the rate of $1 per bushel.

A COLLISION occurred on Billings' Bridge on Friday evening between two waggons, one of which was considerably demolished. The owner was a farmer on the way to town with a load of produce for the market, and lost much time and money to reconstruct his vehicle.

AFFRAY.—A couple of fellows will make their appearance before the Police Magistrate this morning on the charge of fighting in the public streets. On Saturday they had a set-to on Murray street, and after hammering one another for a while before an interested assemblage, were conducted to the police station.

BAZAAR.—A bazaar will be held to-day in the Protestant Orphans Home by some young ladies of the town. The proceeds will go to the benefit of the Protestant General Hospital and the Orphans' Home, and being for so charitable a purpose we hope to see the Bazaar well attended, and the young ladies encouraged in their commendable work.

EXCURSION.—An evening and pic-nic excursion, under the auspices of the St. George's Society, will take place on the 10th inst. The excursion will be to Butternut Grove, on which beautiful grounds the picnic will be held. Gowan's brass and quadrille bands will go down on the first trip and remain at Butternut Grove until the return trip in the evening. Prizes will be competed for in several games.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The separation of the Town of Perth from the County of Lanark is now an actual and practical fact. In Saturday's *Ontario Gazette* the proclamation formally and officially announcing this consummation appeared, and put an end to all further delay in the matter. The offices of Reeve and Deputy-Reeve of Perth therefore become vacant from the date of the issuing of the proclamation—Saturday, 30th July. "Good-bye old Lanark."

PLEASANT TRIPS.—To-morrow afternoon two excursions will take place down the Ottawa in the beautiful steamer *Alexandria*. The first will leave the Queen's wharf at 4 o'clock p.m., and the second, a moonlight trip, will leave the same place at 8½. When we state that the band of the 60th Rifles will supply music on the occasion we are convinced few will loose the opportunity of enjoying a pleasant evening on the Ottawa. The fare for the first trip is 25cts., and 20cts. for the second; half price for children on both.

IMPORTANT TO LUMBER MERCHANTS—A WRONG IMPRESSION.—The lumber merchants of Quebec are under the impression that there is a greater quantity of square timber going down the Ottawa than there was last year. In this they are sadly deceiving themselves and to disabuse them of so palpably incorrect an impression, we may state that the total amount of timber which will reach Quebec this year will be less than that of last year by over 2,000,000 feet or about 22 rafts. This information we have from the most reliable source.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The performances at this popular place of amusement on Saturday evening were certainly very good, particularly the farce, in which Johnnie Ward had ample opportunity of displaying his comic ability. We say unhesitatingly that the "Limerick boy" could not have been much better played. 'Paddy Miles' kept the audience in roars of laughter from the rise to the fall of the curtain. "Crossing the Lines" was a most laughable performance, in which Miss Nelson and Miss Peterson played successfully. An entirely new programme for to-night.

A London newsboy has been arrested for obtaining money under false pretences, in crying "Death of the Emperor Napoleon."

"One of Two; or Left-Handed Bride," is the title of a new novel announced by Hain Friswell.

☞THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

DIED.

At Killishandra, in the County Cavan, Ireland, on the 19th of July last, Harriet Heney, mother of Alderman Heney, of Ottawa. Aged 81 years.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

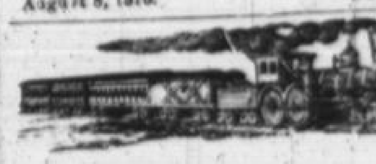
Monday Evening, August 8th.
The performance will commence with the Laughable Comedy of
NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY,
OR
The Youth that never saw a Woman.
To conclude with the rousing Farce of
SEEING WARD:
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.
Ottawa August 4th, 1870. 1429-6t

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE
OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
At the residence of JAMES ALLAN, Esq., on Metcalfe street, near the Methodist Chapel on TUESDAY the 9th August, instant, at 2 o'clock p.m.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
And Commission Merchant.
Ottawa, August 8 1870. 14 9-td

RIVER EXCURSION.
CHEAP TRIP BY THE ALEXANDRA,
ON
TUESDAY AFTERNOON.
Starting at half past 4 o'clock, p.m. Fare 25 cents, children half
MOONLIGHT TRIP BY THE "ALEXANDRA,"
Starting at ½ past 8 o'clock. The Grand Band of the 60th Rifles has been kindly granted for this trip, and will play some of their admired pieces Fare 50 cents, children half. Pay at the gangway.

LOST.
On Saturday night a CHEQUE, dated 6th AUGUST, made by Messrs McLaughlin Bros, in favor of Joseph Bailey, payable at the Quebec Branch Bank, Ottawa.
The Public are cautioned not to negotiate said Cheque, as payment has been stopped at the Bank.
Any person finding the same and leaving it at St. Louis Hotel, Church street will be generously rewarded.
Ottawa, 8th August 1870. 1429-1

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE
Board and Tuition per annum, $226
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $256 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
☞For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1429-1y



NORTH SHORE RAILWAY
DIRECT LINE
—BETWEEN—
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.
After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.
By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.
August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

WANTED,
An active young man who has had experience in the Grocery business.
Apply, by letter,
Box 87, Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 6th August, 1870. 1428tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Excursion by the Alexandra
TO
☞BUTTERNUT GROVE.☜
And PIC-NIC on the Grounds,
Wednesday, 10th August, 1870.
Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Bands.
Amusements of various kinds.
GAMES AND PRIZES.—Aunt Sally and Peter Pickwick, Esq., M.S.G.S.
Refreshments of the best quality to be had on board the boat and on the grounds at city rates.
N.B.—The "Alexandra" will leave the Queen's wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., and 2 o'clock, p.m sharp, returning from Butternut Grove at 8 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets 50 cents each, Children between the age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents. Under 7 years of age, FREE. Can be had at the English Hotel and the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau Street; Miles' Parliament Hair Dressing Saloon, Michael's Tobacco Store and Pace's Jewellery Store, Centre Town; British Lion Hotel and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks Street; Hallandine's Saloon, Wellington Street; Bartlett's Confectionery, Sussex Street; Salmon's Hotel, York Street; The Father's Saloon, William Street; of the Committee and Stewards, and at the Steamer prior to her leaving the wharf.
To avoid confusion and unnecessary delay the public are respectfully requested to procure their tickets before the morning of the Excursion.
For further particulars see Posters.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
By order,
WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary,
W. R. THUMAN, Asst. Sec.
Ottawa, 4th August, 1870. 1425td

COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES
ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.
Roofing Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.
Coal Oil of the best quality.
Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter, Sole Agents.
ESMONDE BROS.

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA..............$300,000
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.
BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.
In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—
Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £81 10s. Total outlay by assured, £[illegible] the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.
Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187[illegible], the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 0s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."
Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £[illegible] 1s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.
These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following
REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.
For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected [illegible] premiums, and which have been three years inforce, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.
Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.
Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.
OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.
1407 3m

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
The classes in the above school will be resumed on
WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.
FACULTY.
J THORBURN, M. A. Head Master.
J McMILLAN, B. A. 1st Assist. Master.
REV. T D PHILLIPS, 2nd " "
W CARTER, 3rd " "
MONS GUAY, French Master.
W H WALKER,
Secretary, Trustee Board.
Ottawa 5th August, 1870. 1426-5

FOR SALE,
A NEW AND NEAT COTTAGE,
ON THE
MACKAY ESTATE,
Within fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway, beautifully situated, overlooking
HEMLOCK LAKE AND THE OTTAWA RIVER,
With stabling and one or more acres of land attached.
Price, with one acre, One Thousand Dollars. One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments at 7 per cent.
For particulars apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.
New Edinburgh, August 4, 1870. 1425 3

VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.
I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.
Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.
Places of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa
Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.
R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office of the Union Forwarding & Railway Company, Wellington street.
Plans &c., can be seen on and after the 29th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON, Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.
PRESTON & ROWSELL.
PRESTON & ROWSELL.

WANTED
A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.
Address— Box, 179, Ottawa Post Office.
Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.
ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.
LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.
DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.
GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their ☞SHOW ROOMS,☜ so as to give more space and greater facilities to their
☞MANTLE, MILLINERY,☜
AND
Tailoring Departments,
Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.
ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.
GREAT bargains given in other departments
REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.
SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1344 3m
Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.
☞LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.☜

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.
The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 29th, 1870. - 6

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at MRS. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

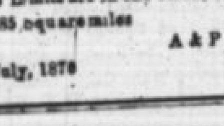
Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.
JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.
All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.
If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of
THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,
Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE
Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.
If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.
The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 150,000 f. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at rates.
The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.
The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.
The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.
Title indisputable.
Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.
For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.
Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1416-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS
The Subscribers will offer for Sale by
☞PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON
Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, "
" " 100, "
Plans of the above Limits with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.
Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.
The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles
A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



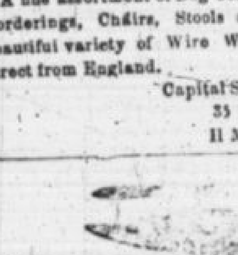
CENTRAL TOWN
LIVERY STABLES.
W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.
MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.
Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!
Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!
An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, July 30th, 1870.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

☞**FOR HOT WEATHER!**
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.
A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.
Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
☞*HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.*☜
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No 24, Rideau street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
☞PLATED WARE.☜
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Sollicitor Elgin st., Ottawa,
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.
THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.
Apply to JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
☞CHEAP SALE.☜
MILLINERY AND MANTLES.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of th[e] BALANCE of their STOCK of
BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,
AND SHAWLS,
Have decided to offer the whole lot
AT COST PRICE,
☞ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY!
As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.
Fashionable Straw Hats,
☞*For 1s 3d.*
Fashionable New Plait,
☞*For 1s 6d.*
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
☞*For [illegible]s 3d*
BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,
In great variety, at about half usual prices.
☞Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!
R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREE[T]
Opposite the Russell House.
As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods
MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.
☞*It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.*
R L JAMES & Co.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 26th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]
In the Town[ship] o[f] Russe[ll], County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.
In the Township of Dunwich, County of El[gin] Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.
Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.
☞The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

WANTED
An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.
Address by letter—
Box 394, OttawaPost Office.
August 2, 1424-1w

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
☞DRESS HATS,☜
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.
Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Daw's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.
REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 25, Rideau Street.
1[illegible]th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.
Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old
ROUSILLON PORT,
$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen.
ALSO,
Another consignment of
VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI
$3.00 per dozen.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.
A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN.
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.
Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.
Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

AN ENGLISH LADY
Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.
Address, L. B.—
Post Office, Levis, Quebec.
August 3.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 8, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 03
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda ,
ALF LABARRAQUE & CO

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

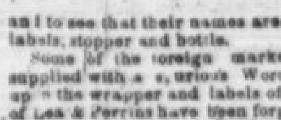
LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 82v1236 1aw

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.
15 6m WM HALFENNY.

PURITY
HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion —the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents.
P. O. Box, 1342 27-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

MR DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Bingham, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. Kennedy, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belding, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,
CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris; L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE
—AND—
CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,
—BY—
P BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 13th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 994tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney,
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or o
J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1389 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments.

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from Illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILIS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,
Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

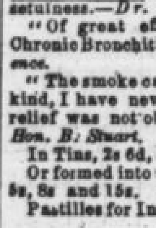
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

, All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

FOR ASTHMA.
and Chronic Bronchitis



DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

THE 50th VOLUME!
NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!
THE PICTORIAL
PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,
A FIRST-CLASS
FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation n stating

St. John, N.B S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12	1 15
Gloucester	7 25	12	55
Rossiters	7 40	1	15
Osgoode	7 55	1	35
Kemptville	8 15	2	05
Oxford	8 30	2	20
Spencerville	8 50	2	45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3	15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3	30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossitors	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 10th May, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it is among other things, in effect enacted by the 58 Sec. of the Act 31 Victoria, Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," that the Importer of Wheat, Maize, or other grain, may grind and pack the same in bond, provided such grinding and packing be done and conducted under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Governor in Council, may from time to time make for this purpose; and that the same Regulations may extend to the substitution of flour and meal in quantities equivalent to the produce of such Wheat, Maize or other grain.

His Excellency, the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Honble. the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the grinding and packing of wheat, maize and other grain, in bond, shall be done and conducted under the Regulations and Restrictions following, viz:

1st. The Collector of Customs, at any Port of Entry, shall receive entries of foreign wheat, maize or other grain, to be ground and packed in bond, for exportation or consumption, and such Collector shall deliver or cause to be delivered such Wheat, Maize or other grain to be forwarded on to the Port of destination, where may be situated the Mill or Mills at which the said Wheat, Maize or other grain is to be ground and packed in bond, as by law permitted.

2nd. The Wheat, Maize or other grain shall be so forwarded under bonds to be taken either by the Collector at the Port of Entry, or by the Collector at the Port of destination, as may best suit the convenience of the Importer, which bonds shall be taken for an amount that will cover the duties chargeable upon the said Wheat, Maize or other grain, and be conditioned for the due payment of such duties, should such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the quantity of flour and Meal representing such Wheat, Maize or other grain, go into consumption, or for the due exportation of such Wheat, Maize or other grain, or the equivalent thereof in flour and Meal, and on proof of the payment of such duties or of the due exportation as aforesaid within one year from the date of the said Bond or Bonds, the said Bonds shall be duly cancelled; and if such bonds shall be given at the Port of destination, a certificate of such payment or exportation under the hand of the Collector of Customs of such Port, shall be forwarded to the Collector of the Port of Entry at which such Wheat, Maize or other grain shall have been imported, or entered for manufacture in Bond.

WM. H. LEE,
1385 3 Clerk Privy Council.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,

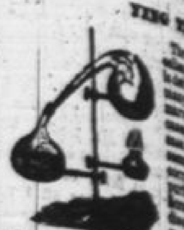
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.



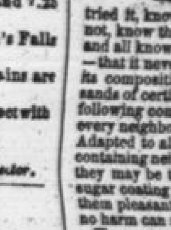
Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... be informed of its virtues ...

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race ...

Prepared by
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.
Practical and Analytical Chemists
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Ayer's Cathartic Pills
For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



tried it, know that it cured them ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

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Vice President—...
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Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, ...
J S Crocker, Esq.
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1298tf

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Tuner, and Repairer ...
between Dalhousie street and ...
street, Ottawa.

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MONTREAL.
SESSION 1870-71.
FACULTY OF LAW
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SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,
W C BAYNES, B.A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary ...

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COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, ... six rooms and kitchen, ... burnham Hill ... vegetable garden ... W. H. BULLEN ...
Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly half ... No. 27, in First Concession ... pean, and Lots Nos. ... Aylen, Esq. For further ... JOHN and WM. THOMSON, ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1430. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

... WHELAN,
... RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
... at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... and Fine Salt. &c.
... and Pure Vinegars
... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, ... HERRINGS,
... other articles necessary o con...

... Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... fresh and cheap.

... Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

... Brandies, Hennessy's & Co., Henn... and other brands.
... GIN— ... Kuyper's and Houtman's, n wood ...

... Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age. ... WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ... at extremely low rices. ... Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ... Whiskey. ... Porter, pts and qts. ... Ales. ... all grades.
... STOCK SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ... BELOW COST.
1105

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 4 jw F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Surgery—that recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34ttf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

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BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Opposite the Court House, Corner James and King-sts.
CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
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Rideau Street Ottawa.
29tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Stading. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 22, 1868. 775y

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P.Q., the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS!
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING ... PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-fed
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo...
In the Township o Russe , County of Russell Plans and specificati ns can e seen at Duncanville.
In the Township of Dunwich, County of El... Plans and specifications can be seen at Wall... town.
Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.
The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1428-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30				4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00				11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	5.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	9.00	11.30	4.30
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30				11.00	5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	4.00				11.00	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.						
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.			12.30		11.30	5.00

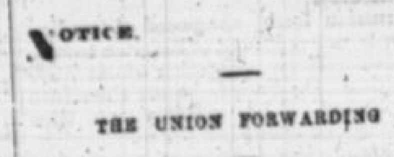
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 2.00 p m
east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T JOHCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruise, Esq.
1334tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents
SILK Jackets, $3.00
The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GROS DE ... — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

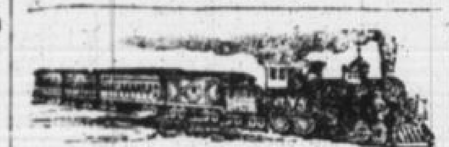
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself
T. HAJOTTE.

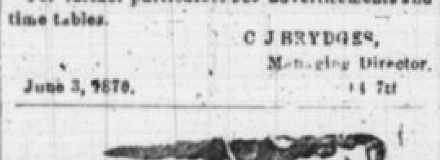
EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1369y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs. Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1405y

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 14 7tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ...... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ...... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ...... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ...... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ...... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ...... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ...... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ...... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 4.00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ...... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ...... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ...... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 6:00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ...... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ...... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

Further Remarkable Discoveries at Pompeii.

From Appleton's Journal.

During the eruptions of Vesuvius, which destroyed the ancient city of Pompeii, those who delayed too long in making their escape fell victims, for the most part to the pernicious effects of sulphuric and carbonic acid gases, and were rapidly covered by the showers of fine dust following the eruption, which, gradually hardening, formed perfect moulds of the unhappy beings who so miserably perished, from which admirable casts are taken, showing their forms, features, expression and attitude when overtaken by death. At the beginning of the excavations little attention was paid to these natural moulds, only a few having been partially cast and preserved, the most remarkable of which were of a husband, wife and child; the husband at the moment of death pressing tightly to his breast nineteen pieces of gold and ninety one pieces of silver, which were found fixed to his ribs; the wife had let fall a coarse linen cover, in which were found fourteen bracelets, gold rings, ear-rings and jewels of less importance.

It was only, however, in 1863 that M. Florelli has the happy idea of filling those natural moulds with a peculiar solution of plaster, by which process the victims are reproduced in their integrity.

The first group reproduced was composed of a man, a woman, and two young girls, who had remained within doors until too late; when they attempted to escape by the windows or terrace, they were suddenly asphyxiated, and covered by the dust, which faithfully preserved the contour of their forms.

In 1868, a body thus reproduced was that of a man who had fallen face downward, whose countenance was the very image of despair and suffering—his clenched teeth and crisped hands eloquently expressing the agony he had endured.

Next in interest is the form of a woman who had fallen on her back, whose right hand leaned upon the earth, her left raised, as if trying to ward of danger. To aid her flight she had raised her vestments. Her form is tall and elegant, her admirably arched foot, encased in strong sandals, being a favourite subject of study to artists. On one of her fingers is a silver ring, while near her were found gold ear-rings, a silver mirror, and an ambor statute representing Cupid. Her hair in the front forms three rows of ringlets, and falls, plaited, over her back, in the manner of the voltaire *perruques*.

A remarkable group of three persons has been admirably cast, which is in the highest degree interesting. A man of tall stature and powerful build, with strongly marked features, prominent cheek-bones, heavy beard and moustache, is the principal figure; he held in his hands the earrings of the two young girls that followed him, and the key of his house, and looks the *beau ideal* of an old Roman legionary. Over his head he had thrown the corner of his mantle for protection against the noxious gases or the falling dust and cinders, the expression of his face and that of his two daughters being suggestive of suffocation. There is something touching in the spectacle of the two sisters who followed their father, in the precise attitude as they fell, supporting each other, breathing the same poison, and dying entwined in each other; the aspect of this group, moulded by nature in the agony between life and death, as they vainly attempted to escape from the doomed city.

With the means now at the disposal of M. Florelli, he will be able to form a museum representing the race, beauty, costume and unhappy fate of the inhabitants of Pompeii which will henceforth be of inestimable value to the students of art and history.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Mrs. Eunice Hubbard, a widow in humble circumstances, residing in Marshall County, Ind., recently received by mail a certified check for $3,000, from her first lover, whom she jilted years ago.

Chillicothe has whooping cough, for which the local remedy is sitting in a gas house and inhaling the odor. The children are enjoying gas matinees Wednesday and Saturday afternoon—Sunday schools in a body, free.

A Newark thief defied arrest by arming with a bar of red-hot iron. The officers didn't strike while that iron was hot.

There have been over six hundred cases of sunstroke in and about New York during the present heated term, and over two hundred deaths.

About ten thousand dollars has been raised towards the Stonewall Jackson monument fund.

It costs three cents less to raise a pound of cotton now than it did before emancipation was proclaimed.

The Peoria Germans are raising a collection to purchase ammunition with which to fire a salute of one hundred guns, over the first Prussian victory.

Thus far the returns to the Census Bureau indicate that quite a number of the chief Western cities will fall far below the estimates of population made by their citizens.

Ex-Secretary Seward said to practice rowing on Owasco lake. He will probably become the champion sculler in about 90 days.

A Maine man has given his wife $1,000 worth of morphene in thirteen years.

A young gentleman in Louisville is advertised to marry a Breckinridge county belle in the Mammoth Cave. This (says an exchange) looks like running matrimony in the ground.

The richest man in Chicago is in hard luck. Last week he had a base ball club named after him, and it is announced that he is going to marry a Chicago woman. Misfortunes never comes single.

The tea traffic over the Pacific Railroad promise so amount, during the first six months, to nearly 1,000,000. pounds.

Enouye, a Japanese youth, stands at the head of the list of the scholars of the Worcester, Mass., schools.

Maine boasts of an 11 year old girl "who manages a mowing machine with the ease of a born farmer."

Fashionable people in Dubuque, Iowa, get up a very attractive wedding card by appending the cheering intelligence "Free whiskey."

The Vicksbug (Miss.) Herald bears at its head the following advertisement: "The Vicksburg Daily Herald, James M. Swords, publisher; Wm. R. Spears, editor."

A blind rope walker is creating quite an excitement out West. The people crowd to see his proformances, expecting that he will break his neck.

Three young navigators recently sailed from Elmira, N. Y., for Baltimore, in a skiff. They took along three baskets of champagne, a keg of lager, three demijohns of whiskey, and a loaf of bread.

They have hen's eggs in Sherbrook over 7 inches in size.

The Royal Exchange of London the little has been purchased for $5,500.

A cat fraternising with a rat is a source of delight and wonder to Hamiltonians.

Beyond fires in the townships, Guelph papers have no news.

WAR TOPICS.

THE NEW ENGINES OF DESTRUCTION.

The London *Telegraph* says the conflict is likely to outdo all that were ever fought in the lavish waste of life, and mangling of "God's image." The French Emperor has ever been a connoisseur in artillery, and his generals burned months ago to use upon the Prussians the chassepot handselled at Mentana, and the *mitrailleuse*, triumphantly proved on the poor horses at Satory. The Prussians, in their turn, have sent to the frontier mysterious engines wrapped up in straw, and they are just completing a transformation of the needle rifle which won Sadowa; while they have at their service the laboratory of Nobel, the patentee of nitro glycerine, and are said to possess an extraordinary application of that annihilating compound, as well as a vast store of explosive bullets.

The Paris letter of the *Pall Mall Gazette* contains some curious allusions of the same kind. Portable gunboats are being despatched to the banks of the Rhine, along which they are to act. Orders have been sent to Rome for withdrawal of the army of occupation, not, says a rumour, on account of the war with Prussia, but in consequence of the declaration of infallibility. Soldiers are to leave their tunics behind them and carry ninety rounds of ammunition. In addition to the mitrailleuses, a new revolving cannon capable of firing forty rounds a minute is vaguely hinted at. This new system is intended to answer the same purpose as that of Captain Moncrieff; the machinery is lighter. The gun is mounted on a sort of parallel ruler: when fired, the gun is forced back and down by the recoil, which is eased by springs. When down the gun is secured with bolts, and when the bolts are withdrawn the springs elevate it into its former position. The system has been favorably reported on.

The *European News* states that an experiment has been made within the last few days in Paris of a cannon of a new model, and which can give forty shots at the same time.

ENGLAND'S POSITION.

What a bold little bully England can be on occasion! The two greatest military powers of Europe are just about fighting, each putting a million of men into the field, when Britain seizes them both by the throat, and demands a more satisfactory explanation of the secret treaty. Apparently she has half a mind, with her 60,000 troops, to give them both a good whipping.

It is rather an absurd attitude; but in reality England would be a formidable enemy in a struggle like this. She has the strongest navy the world ever saw, and the prowess of her seamen is proverbial. Her standing army is small; but with her excellent volunteer system she has a vast reserve of men trained in the mechanism of military art, upon whose patriotism, in case of emergency, she could call with confidence. Moreover, the English people are beginning to suspec that Napoleon's next movement, if he should be victorious over Prussia, would be against Great Britain. He has fought with three or four great powers which humiliated his uncle; perhaps Frenchmen will want him to complete the avenging of Waterloo by fighting with the fourth. We do not say this is probable; but Englishmen are beginning to think about it.

... cept at that time. Gen. de Failly, now commanding the Fifth Army Corps, was in command of the French troops at that battle, and reported that the guns worked admirably. But, in point of fact, the French did very little fighting at Mentana, for the Papal Zouves had virtually gained the victory before their allies reached the field.

MARSHAL MCMAHON.

All eyes are turned towards Marshal McMahon, Duke of Magenta. He is the Count Moltke of the French army, and it is to his genius and bravery that the battles of Magenta and Solferino have formed a place on the "head roll of fame" on the triumphal arch. He is 52 years of age; his ancestors Irish, who came to France after the violation of the Treaty of Limerick. He is a man of few words, of severe manners, and speaks by his acts, just like his rival, Moltke. He has been well schooled in the wars of Africa, and his daring in carrying the defences of Malakoff are well known. Since 1864 he has been Governor General of Algeria, and is the Emperor's favorite Marshal. In 1861 he represented France as Special Ambassador at the coronation of the Kink of Prussia. Like his master, he is well aware of the gravity of the contest, and if the world was convinced that France this time makes war but for an idea without any Nice annexations, many apprehensions would be set at rest.

How Napoleon Went to Field.

European papers state that the baggage of the French Emperor, which preceded him to the seat of war, looked more like a travelling hospital than like the traps of a General. It contained among others a large medicine chest, three kinds of bathing tubs, and some other bathing apparatus, an invalid's easy chair, a stretcher of peculiar construction, and a great deal of other medical and sick-room apparatus. The horses of the Emperor which were sent to the front were most carefully selected from the Imperial stables by the Emperor's own valet. He picked out the tamest and gentlest brutes he could find, and even went so far as to buy some horses, not so much for their beauty and spirit, for they show very little of either, as for their meek and gentle demeanor. Before they were sent to the front they were exposed to a great deal of artillery firing to accustom them to the roar of canon, the only thing their rider will probably hear of the battle, and this took the last vestige of spirit they still possessed away from them. The valet was also most particular in examining the saddles destined for the use of His Majesty, had all double wadded, and had extra paddings put on the back.

Dr. Livingstone's Fate—New Light Shed on the Cause of his Disappearance.

From the Detroit Post.

A letter has been received in this city, from a Detroit lady now sojourning in Syria, which assumes to shed some new light on the mysterious destruction of Dr. Livingstone in Africa. The writer made the acquaintance of Captain Burton, British Consul at Damascus, a man noted for his travels both in the New World and the Old, and in a position to be well informed as to the tribes of Central Africa and Dr. Livingstone's adventures among them. He says the doctor's stay of two years or thereabouts, like all other troubles, had a woman at the bottom of it. He was first persuaded, much against his wish, to marry a rude and blustering native princess, and when he afterwards proposed to leave Mrs. Livingstone in order to prosecute still further his topographical investigations his fond father-in-law and mother-in-law interposed such strong objections that he was virtually kept a prisoner, and thus it happened that the honeymoon was so outrageously prolonged. The captain says the reason this fact has never been made public is that the Doctor's friends, feeling outraged by the transaction, have succeeded until recently in keeping it secret. The letter adds that "Captain Burton himself mar

ried the handsomest woman in England," so that he can hardly be moved with envy towards his fellow traveller, and as he speaks fourteen different languages, his capacity for telling the truth would be considerable.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall.
Change of Office—Mr. Chesterton.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1870.

Sir Francis Hincks is expected to arrive here in the course of the week.

Sir George E. Cartier is expected here about Tuesday.

We believe that the Honorable Mr. Mitchell will return from the west to-day.

Lieutenant Governor Archibald and suite left the city yesterday morning for Prescott, en route to Manitoba.

Colonel Robertson Ross was a passenger by the *Nestorian*, and arrived here last evening. He brought with him the presentation sword for Lieutenant Colonel Chamberlin.

Accounts just received from Charlottetown concerning the health of Sir John A. Macdonald are very encouraging. The honorable gentleman is able to walk a mile without assistance, and last Sunday week was well enough to attend church. He will probably return about the end of this month.

Since the news of a French defeat was received, it is astonishing what a number of persons have found out that Napoleon has all along been in the wrong and Prussia right. Success is the idol that a large majority of the human race worship; it was success, that more than anything else, made Washington great and good in the estimation of the world, while the want of it made Jefferson Davis "a traitor."

After all, the emigration to Canada this year has not been unsatisfactory. In point of numbers it certainly has, so far, fallen short of what it ought to have been, but the *quality* of the immigrants has for the most part been exceedingly good. During the last four months 8,029 emigrants have arrived at the Toronto agency, the number during the corresponding months last year being 6,839, thus showing a gain of 1,190.

The Governor of New York State has shown a commendable degree of firmness in executing Real in spite of all the influence brought to bear in his favour. Real was one of that lawless and abandoned class who are so numerous in all American cities, and especially in New York. Of course, Governor Hoffman is threatened with all kinds of political vengeance by Real's friends, but his course will no doubt be approved by those who believe in a civilized state of society, and in the maintenance of law and order. We hope that President Grant will show an equal amount of firmness with regard to the Fenian prisoners, and not grant their pardon, even though he may lose the support of the "rowdy party" in the future, in consequence.

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

With an air of calm satisfaction and cool self-complacency which is especially characteristic of the age we live in, it has been the custom of journalists and orators in all parts of the civilized world, to declare that the time when wars of the nature of that which now rages, could arise, had past away. We were so much better than our forefathers, and were so much more under the influence of sober sense and cool judgement, that it had actually become impossible that two nations could ever spring at each others' throats, for no other purpose, so far as we can perceive, than to indulge their feelings of mutual distrust and aversion, and possibly to acquire a small portion of territory. That kind of thing might be all very well fifty years ago but the advancing civilization of this glorious nineteenth century rendered such proceedings impossible. This very pleasant theory has been rudely overthrown, "the common sense of most" has proved an utter failure so far as "holding a fretful world in awe" is concerned, and a war, already accompanied by fearful sufferings, and likely to be followed by most momentous results, has suddenly broken out between two of the leading powers of Christendom.

When Napoleon, with unexampled haste, declared war against Prussia, he did so in the belief that a contest between the two nations was, sooner or later, certain to take place, and he hoped, by a series of rapid manoeuvres, to establish himself upon German soil, before the Prussian army had time to concentrate. From what we can gather from the fyles of English and French papers which we have just received, Napoleon's plan of the campaign, as originally arranged, was, to seize the Belgian railroads and to move an army through Belgian territory to Cologne and Dusseldorf on the North Rhine, thus intercepting communications between Southern Germany and Prussia proper; while another column, advancing rapidly down the Moselle to its confluence with the Rhine near Coblentz, would at that point move northwards down the Rhine, and form a junction with the first named force. This, there is good reason to believe, was Napoleon's original intention. But it was thwarted in an unexpected manner. War had been declared, and French troops were actually massing in the neighborhood of the Belgian frontier, when a member of the British Cabinet arrived from London and had a long interview with the French Foreign Minister. What transpired at that interview has not, of course, been made public, but it is generally understood that the British Government intimated in courteous diplomatic phraseology, that the invasion of Belgium would at once be regarded as a *casus belli*, and in consequence of this the plans of the campaign had to be altogether changed. Thus the few days start upon which Napoleon counted was lost, and Van Moltke finding that there was no necessity for providing for the defence of the North Rhine, at once hurried his entire force southward, and effected a concentration of the whole army near Treves. The troops which the French encounted first at Saarbruck and other points along the frontier line, were merely acting as a covering force to prevent the French from making too rapid an advance and thus discovering what was going on. On Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, of last week, Prussian troops, which had been concentrated near Cologne, were being transported southward; on Thursday the King arrived, and then the whole force was put in motion, and was hurled against the French divisions stationed at Weissenburg, Worth, Saarbruck, and in front of Thionville. The French troops at the first named points formed part of Marshal McMahon's *corps d'armee*, and after an obstinate resistance they were driven back towards Bitsche, while the French force at Thionville fell back upon the reserves, which, under the command of the Emperor in person, lay at Metz. The moral effects of these defeats cannot but be disastrous to the French, but what renders them so exceedingly serious is, that by them, the right of the French line is turned, Strasbourg is uncovered, and the railways which converge at Nancy are threatened. Under these circumstances, it is most probable that we shall hear of the French retreating yet further towards Nancy, which, it will be remembered, is situated on the river Moselle, and about equi-distant from the two mountain ranges of the Ardennes and the Vosges.

It is idle to moralize over the events of the last few days; it is horrible to think of the fearful scenes of blood and carnage so lately enacted in the fair valley of the blue Moselle, or of the thousands of broken hearts who are now, while we write, mourning the loss of their nearest and dearest. The war which has commenced will not terminate until many more lives have been lost and more hearts been broken, for the passions of both nations are now fully aroused, and we may rely upon it that the French will not tamely accept defeat, without making many and yet more strenuous efforts, to win back their lost prestige, and to drive the invader from the soil of France. Probably while we write, whole regiments are being swept down like ripe corn before the swing of the sickle, and the "red harvest of death" is being gathered in, to the deadly music of shrieking shell and whistling bullet.

But it does seem that at this juncture, or at all events before many days have elapsed, and when both armies are growing wearied and sick of carnage, Great Britain may with some hope of success intervene to stop the effusion of blood and to reconcile the two powers. Securely seated upon her island throne, the "nursing mother of nations" might with a superb and selfish disdain for continental affairs, allow the combatants to mangle and ruin themselves as they choose, for whether France or Prussia wins, is not, comparatively speaking, a matter of much importance to her. But as the leader of civilization, and as one of the foremost champions of that Christianity which France and Prussia both profess, it is the duty of Great Britain to lose no opportunity which may present itself of mediating between them. Fortunately for us and for the world, she has not as yet been compelled to draw the sword or exert her tremendous powers, and in view of possible eventualities had she been obliged to do so, we in Canada can scarcely be sufficiently thankful that such is the case. She is therefore free to act the part of peace-maker, and it is to be hoped that she will do so, and thus add another to the long list of glorious triumphs which Britain has won for civilization and the human race. When fresh rumors come almost every hour, it is worse than useless to speculate as to the result of the contest. Up to the moment at which we write, the news received is confirmatory of that published yesterday, and leaves little room to doubt that the French army has sustained a very serious reverse.

ANOTHER NUT FOR "BEAST" BUTLER TO CRACK.

We learn that Capt. Hardinge, commander of H. M. ship *Valorous*, doing duty in protecting the fisheries, seized an American schooner while in the act of seining mackerel on the beach at Port Daniel, Chaleur Bay, on Sunday week. The schooner was flying a British flag at the time as a blind, and her crew were ashore with their small boats hauling seines. They had taken about 160 barrels of fish. But the Britisher was not so easily deceived. Capt. H. knew that fishing on Sunday was illegal even for Canadian fishermen. This took him ashore. Butler will thus have another "surprise" to complain about. Besides losing their vessel for an infraction of the treaty, the master and crew will be heavily fined for a gross violation of the local laws. The more we see of this business, the more are we convinced that United States fishermen cannot obtain fares of mackerel and herrings except inshore. They have for a few seasons past been dealt with in such a mild way as made protection a mockery; they find it hard to realize that Canada is in earnest and that Great Britain sustains her. The shoe is only beginning to pinch them. Next autumn when the Fall fleet presses close in shore into the sheltered bays where immense schools of mackerel run to cast their spawn within the shadow of our headlands there will be so many fishing boats "gobbled up" as will keep Butler busy enough to render an extra session of Congress necessary.

☞ Remember the Moonlight Excursion to-night.

The explosion of a soda water fountain and the exit of the proprietor through a window is a sensation in St. Catherines.

Freight trains are running off the track of the Welland Railway just now.

The cases of Small Pox at present in the Halifax hospital are of a very mild type.

The Massawappi Railway is already having a marked effect upon Lennoxville. Real estate is going up.

Two boys were drowned at Ingersoll the day before yesterday by the upsetting of a skiff in which they were rowing.

The Insurance Companies of Galt, are moving to have a steam fire engine.

A powder magazine in Venice, holding 600,000 pounds of gunpowder, and protected by a lightning rod, was struck by lightning recently. The rod did its duty manfully, and saved the magazine, but was melted in the effort.

The Grand Trunk Railway and its Management

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Few wicked things have been more abused, misrepresented, slandered, and it may be cursed at, than the innocent and useful subject of my letter—it may have had its faults, laboured under serious difficulties, and committed some grave errors—it had an eccentricity as to running off, colliding, smashing up freight, and in the gentlest and smoothest way possible, occasionally turning passenger cars bottom upwards; and yet with unexampled bloodless management, barely peeling a few shins, cracking a head occasionally, and now and then wrenching a back, which, however, was generally restored immediately by the application of a Brydges' plaster. These incidents were sufficient to give point to the attacks and inuendos of a forty person power at Toronto, stimulated from behind by a large wood contract on the Great Western, by which the slightest accident was magnified into a frightful catastrophy, and thus the reading public of Canada and England was prejudiced in regard to the road till it became in fact bankrupt. In the meantime, what was the feeling of the great body of the people of this country towards the road? The farming community of Canada had seen with disgust, that while money in millions was obtained in England for American speculations, not one shilling could be had for Canadian enterprise; they complained of this through the press, and appealed to the Government of the day, a Government of hard working conscientious men—ever at their place, and always in their offices, of which Sir Francis Hincks was a member.

The Government took up the subject and endeavoured to have a railroad constructed throughout the Provinces, the great question being, whether it should be a Government work carried on as the Intercolonial Railway now is, or be managed by a Company, the Government rendering it assistance. The latter plan was most favorably viewed by the Government, inasmuch as they had seen the working of the opposite system both in New York and Michigan. In the former the whole money was lost and the work abandoned; in the latter, though the work was partially finished, yet with a Democratic administration a Whig could not get a barrel of flour or a bushel of wheat carried over it.

In the meantime while matters were in this state, three or four gentleman of Montreal and Toronto, with very little capital, but with a very great deal of ability and still more foresight, managed to get a charter and put themselves in the way of making the future road, when Mr. Hincks in England, with an ability and adroitness which party spirit and malignity denied him the credit of, made one of the best arrangements under which any road has ever been constructed in America, by which capitalists, the most respectable and influential in England, became interested in Canada to the extent of ten millions sterling. These gentlemen forming the Grand Trunk Company, undertook to make a line from Montreal to Sarnia equal to any American road; it was clearly of no consequence to us what price they paid or how they managed their affairs, our obligation simply being to advance them a certain sum per mile on the completion of every forty miles, so soon as the Government was satisfied through its own Board of Works that the work was done according to agreement, and for that advance the Government have the first lien upon the road.

The Company had also to arrange with the Canadian gentlemen alluded to for their position, which they did by giving them a large portion of the contract at their own prices, out of which I am happy to say these gentlemen made handsome fortunes which have since been used greatly to the benefit and advantage of this Province.

I give this portion of the history of the Grand Trunk (which occurred at a period of political as well as commercial bankruptcy in Canada) as the reason why people feel as I am about to explain that they do, towards this work. They view the Grand Trunk as the greatest and best emigration agent they ever saw. Reckie, Hodges, and other employees of the work who came in connection with the sixty million of dollars which the work has cost, being men of enterprise and moral standing, have made their permanent residence there, and have induced hundreds of other employees of the makers to purchase land and settle, so that all along the line, from Montreal to Sarnia, the way is studded with valuable settlers, farmers, mechanics, and tradesmen who came out in connection with the work. To it Toronto owes its rolling mills, iron works, car factories; Quebec works of the same kind, and opening up of its peat bogs. In fact, so great was the stimulus of the spending given by this sixty millions of money that there was a time of unexampled prosperity, and men foolishly ran property beyond its real value. But the farmers of Canada know that the Grand Trunk was the good Angel who delivered them from Montreal speculators and Western agents, who in the month of November of every year closed every avenue of credit at every Bank, except by drafts upon Montreal and Quebec, at 7, 5, 4 and 3 months, to which was annexed a commission of five per cent, and throwing upon the farmer and Upper Canada merchants every risk, interest of money, fire insurance, and all the fluctuations of the markets, which we have known to vary from 4s. to 7s. 6d. a bushel, and back again before spring. While the poor sufferer could only look on and grin, he now knows that the Grand Trunk has brought a daily market to his door, from Montreal to Sarnia, and that he can command the highest price any day he chooses to exercise his own judgment in selling, from November to March.

And not only does it affect his great staples, wheat and pork, but the good angel brings little rolls of hard cash in the hands of Yankee pedlars, for butter, turkeys, chickens and eggs, not at 4d. or 5d. a lb. as in former days, but regulated by the inexhaustible demand of New York and Boston, which cities could also become their daily cattle market, if we could only have the Reciprocity Treaty which the same Ministry got for Canada.

Some complain that the Grand Trunk did not build up Sarnia and Goderich as they expected; quite true, but it made Forest, and Widder, and Nairn, and Craig, Clinton, Seaforth, Barrowbrook, Mitchell and Stratford, and so on to Riviere du Loup. In fact, commercially the G. T. was the saviour of Canada, and its stoppage now would be like the shock of an earthquake. I now go back to the time when the G. T. was in bankruptcy, ties broken, rails split, carriages dirty, everybody down upon it, and the 40 person power, stimulated by the wood battery, in full action.

But Presto, the chemist behind the cord-wood battery is transferred to the G. T. A change of men and things soon take place, and a manipulation of the press from the bribe refusing paper in Montreal to the 40 person power in Toronto, began to moderate their tone and express favorable hopes of the work. They could hardly be expected to turn a somersault on their track or even go off at a right angle, but as in all railroad matters gentle curves are best, they gradually became blind to faults, observant of improvements and hopeful of the future. Capital was found to renew the track, gradual improvements took place in the cars, and from that time to this the one man power as quietly and apparently indifferent to the attacks of the press has gone on rising in public estimation until the stockholders in England, who remember have not received back one shilling of their ten millions nor the interest thereon, have become convinced by personal visits and scientific reports that they hold one of the best properties in America, and are willing to put it in proper order. Capitalists in Montreal to whom it never cost anything, see it is their interest to sustain the road, and are prepared to furnish means to supply cars for the transmission of freight, but the whole object of this letter is to call attention to the eliminating fact, that the one man power with the practical knowledge which experience has given him has, without flourish of trumpet or even sufficient notice to the public, removed the last and great defect of the road and done away with a very fair cause of complaint that existed. The selfish and growling traders and politicians long the way had always demanded great local advantages, and would have the cars so arranged that Mrs. Fryfogle at Shakspeare could take her dinner with Mrs. Blitzen at Amsterdam, and her tea with Mrs. Donner at Antwerp. I yet get back to the arms of Mr. Fryfogle in the evening. The Managing Director, unwilling to interfere with these nice little arrangements about two months ago, put on an additional train called the lightning express; this new train leaves Montreal shortly after the regular train, for the accommodation of thorough passengers, has not increased its speed so as to be in the least degree dangerous, but saves its time by making few and short stoppages. I have gone four times over the road from end to end since it started, and have never been behind time. It is delightful to a Canadian to hear the change of tone of the American travellers; no grumbling, no complaining, all satisfied with the road, the cars, and the obliging conductors, &c. It is said they will have the Pullman cars on in a few days, which will be an immense improvement. It is strange I have seen few notices of this revolution in the press, and I do think the G. T. has arrived at that position in which it should be said—"the evil it hath done shall be remembered no more."

☞ A Charming Trip and Delightful Music at the Moonlight Excursion to-night.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Princess Metternich lately received 740 applications for the position of wet nurse.

Rosa Bonheur is engaged in painting the favorite dog of the Emperor Alexander II. of Russia.

A biography of Washington Irving, abridged from the work of Pierre Irving, has been brought out in German, at Berlin.

A New York lady of fortune at Berlin has volunteered as nurse. Immense sums are subscribed for the wounded.

Father Hyacinthe has written a letter protesting against the dogma of Papal Infallibility.

The Spanish have adopted lager beer, but mix it with lemonade in a punch-bowl, and suck it through a straw.

The ex Queen of Spain is at Havre, where she has rented two pretty cottages for herself and suite for two months at three hundred and fifty dollars the two.

S. Meunier states that it appears more and more certain that the cutting down of forests in France is rapidly decreasing the annual rainfall.

In Paris there is a current saying that where a Frenchman spends five francs, an Englishman spends twenty, and an American fifty.

An eagle was shot a few weeks ago near Belive, Austria, bearing a collar with the date 1646, and some arms partially effaced by time and exposure to the weather.

Mme. Bordas is the successor to Therese as reigning favorite in the *cafes de concert* in Paris. She is represented as being "rather masculine and perfectly decent."

The rain which has been wanting in England and France as well as in the United States, this summer, has all gone to Russia, Egypt and Asia Minor, where it has fallen in extraordinary quantities.

A Constantinople paper gives quotations of female slaves. A negro woman in good health brings about $4,000, a Circassian girl of twelve $1,000, and of 16 $84,000.

The answer lately given in a French court by a prisoner, accused of almost cutting his wife to pieces, was, with a smile, "Well, Monsieur le President, you know every one has his little failing."

The tobacco monopoly of the French government pays well. In fifty-six years, or from 1811 to 1867, the net profits of the government tobacco establishments were about $900,000,000! or an average yearly income to the government of over $16,071,000.

Harris is the name of an experienced highway woman in London.

AFTERNOON DESPATCHES.

PARIS, August 7.—The Prussians were hoaxed to-day by the report of a victory for the French and the wildest enthusiasm prevailed.

La Liberte says a special train left the station at half past five o'clock this evening to bring back the Prince Imperial; we have strenuously urged his return, and are glad it has been decided upon. In the grave crisis through which we are passing, the enemy should find opposed to him the breasts of men, and the camp should no longer resemble a court out of place.

La Liberte says 100,000 Italians will be fighting for us in a few days, under the treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive. As for Austria of 1811, she has sold herself to the enemy, King William, for the German subjects left her by the treaty of Prague. If victory should crown our arms France will remember Italy, and she will not forget Austria.

Another hoax was afterwards arrested.

The Orleans family gave 90,000f. for the wounded.

The Guarde Mobile will be sent to the front er.

Belgium is not protected by the treaty of 1839. The Government has provided provisions for 15 days for 40,000 men.

Gen Charngarnier again asks employment of the French Government.

Rothschild and other bankers deny having sent gold to Prussia.

Paris, Aug. 7.—*L'Universe*, an Ultramontane organ, sounds an alarm for home. It predicts an early invasion on Papal territory by Italy; doubts the power of the Italian Government to resist pressure even if it wished to, and it does not; even moderate persons in power say the conquest of Rome can alone sustain the falling throne of Victor Emanuel, and restore the finances now bordering on bankruptcy. In this crisis, when military events multiply all around us, it seems superfluous to think of personal security of the Pope, and it would be well that the vessel be sent to Civita Vecchia.

Pope Pius IX. can find a place of shelter.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The *Saturday Review* states that the withdrawal of French troops from Rome was caused in consequence of the anomaly of their presence there, and by the exigencies of the war crisis. The *Review* says that Germany has access to English arms by way of Holland.

The London *Economist* thinks that the Bank of France will suspend specie payment as a war measure, in order to keep a sufficient reserve fund for the troops. It will not affect French securities in England to any extent.

BERLIN, Aug. 8.—Gen. Hemmetz telegraphs the following particulars of the contest between Von Goeben and the French

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

The French Secretary of Legation in Washington commits suicide—The Prussian Army 800,000 strong—Italy threatening the Pope—Weissenburg on Fire—Report of the French Minister of War, &c.

BERLIN, 8th.—The Prussian army will number 800,000 to day.

LONDON, 8th.—Demonstrations in Dublin and Tipperary are daily taking place in favor of the French.

PARIS, 8th.—The Pope has applied to the Empress Eugenie to send him one ship to protect him against the Italians who are threatening to rise against him.

Paradol's remains has arrived in Paris, and preparations are making for his funeral.

LONDON, August 8.

In the House of Lords yesterday Earl Granville stated that the neutrality of Belgium was assured by the powers now at war. He spoke at great length of the course of the negotiations undertaken by the British Government.

The *Times* says the French are in a critical position. It is a momentous question whether the Emperor's health leaves him in full possession of his ordinary faculties. The Emperor is now bound to accept battle instantly, yet he has on hand a task in concentrating his forces and in restoring the *esprit* of a defeated army, and this while the enemy is concentrating in the heart of Lorraine. Circumstance will exact the re-appearance of England in the character of a mediator.

The 14,000,000 francs seized last week belonged Rothschild, Hinch, Rappael, Bischoffstein, and other Jewish bankers. It is asserted that the seizure was suggested by the authorities of the Bank of France.

Financial circles of Europe are much incensed at what is deemed a great outrage upon some of their members.

A Brussels letter announces the establishment of a weekly postal service between Antwerp and New York for fifteen years.

The Prussian iron-clad *Harmonia* narrowly escaped capture by French cruisers recently off the mouth of the Elbe.

Forbach is among the strategetic points gained by the Prussians in Saturday's battle, and now held by their forces.

Napoleon telegraphs to Paris that the soldiers are full of coolness and courage.

M. Ollivier last night announced to a mob in front of his official residence that the author of the false report of the victory on Saturday had been arrested and would be punished.

It is said privately that the Emperor is always at Chalons, and that Drs. Nelaton and Ricord have gone to attend him.

The British Foreign Office has an imperative demand from Prussia that England shall stop the shipment of coal to France, or abandon her pretence of neutrality.

A Brussel's despatch says the King's speech from the throne confirms the statement that France and Prussia have given a written plede to observe neutrality of Belgium.

The condition of Paris is believed to be dangerous.

The Empress is in counsel with Rouher and Schneider.

A Prussian force, composed of two line regiments, one regiment of Bavarian troops, and some artillery, altogether about 9,000 strong, drove the French berore them into Weissenbourg. The artillery was then brought up and opened on the fortifications of the town. The town soon caught fire. Seeing this and some confusion among the French troops, the Prussians could no longer be restrained by their officers, who were anxious to reduce the town by cannonade. The soldiers rushed forward with their bayonets and surprised the French, who, not expecting the infantry attack for hours to come, were barricading and entrenching. The Prussians lost heavily, but took 800 prisoners and the town. The greatest enthusiasm prevails here, and there is immense crowds about the palace waiting to cheer the King.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAINE, 8th.—The forts and harbors here are being rapidly fortified with new 300 pounders.

LONDONDERRY, 8th.—The steamship *Austrian*, from Quebec, touched here this morning.

PARIS, 8th.—It is said the return of Napoleon's old disease was provoked by equestrianism.

French despatches to-day represent actual hostilities momentarily suspended, but a rumour prevails that the Prussian armies were concentrated, and the battle was raging before Metz.

The American Generals Sheridan and Forsyth have gone to the Continent.

Sir John Thwaites, chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works, is dead.

John Jones, the murderer of the Marshall family at Denham, was executed this morning at Aybesbury. He died protesting his innocence.

A special says that Paris is fearfully excited over the news from the front. The universal cry is "To arms! To arms."

The Empress is in consultation to-night with the Deputies at the Tulleries.

The Prince Imperial returned last night.

No fighting to-day.

The latest advices from the front say the French army are concentrating at Metz, where it is thought a battle will be fought before many hours.

The *Journal Officiel* contains the following despatches:

METZ, Aug. 7th, 9.30 a.m.—In the battle of Saturday, near Reischofnen, McMahon, chief of the staff, General Colson was shot by the Marshall's side; Gen. Raboult is among the missing. Our army suffered bravely. McMahon is now in communication with Gen. Failley. Metz is preparing for a vigorous defence. The General commanding the fortress has ordered Germans and strangers to provide themselves with permission of residence.

An Imperial decree has appeared convoking the Senate and Corps Legislatif to-morrow.

The report of the Minister for War is approved by the Empress, and published in the *Journal Officiel*. The minister says that existing circumstances oblige us to provide for the defence of the capital, and to garrison it with fresh troops, allowing all those which the Emperor keeps under his orders to contend in open country against an enemy emboldened by his first success to the point of marching on Paris, but Paris will not be taken unaware. The exterior forts received their armament some time ago, and already we have commenced to arm the walls around the city. A state of siege has been desired to facilitate the execution of certain works, which will be commenced to-morrow. Thus the exterior forts are in a condition to sustain a regular siege, and in a few days the entire circuit of the walls will be found in a similar condition. Neither the strong arms nor the devotion of the inhabitants will be wanting for this task.

The National Guard is to defend the ramparts which it will have helped to render unassailable. 40,000 will be taken from the ranks and added to the present garrison. They will be more than enough to make an active and vigorous defence against an enemy occupying an extended front. The defence of Paris will then be assured. But there is a point not less essential—it is the necessity of filling up the void in our army with the help of marine troops, with regiments still at our disposal in France and Algeria, with the 4th battalion of each of our hundred regiments, including those members who belong to the Garde Mobile, and with a portion of generals d'armee, we may easily put into the field 150,000 men, besides this the call for the class of 1869 will give us 60,000 men, who in a month will become real soldiers. But for this struggle we can also employ the entire National and Guard Mobile, the companies of franc-tireurs, who have 400,000 men; and finally, counting the National Sedentaire—France can arm 2,000,000 of defenders; their arms are ready, and a million are still in reserve.

A decree has been issued ordering the Garde Nationale of Paris to be detailed for the defence of the capital, and that fortifications be placed in condition to resist attack.

A project is to be presented to the Chambers incorporating the Nationale and Mobile Guards citizens under thirty years of age who are not actuall members.

The following is the French account of the battle of Weissenburg: Gen. Douay's division, composed of the 24th and 50th regiments of the line, 16th Battalion Chasseurs on foot, one regiment Turcos, and one regiment of mounted Ceasseurs, were busy yesterday in the neighborhood of Weissenburg, they were actually startled by tremendous discharges of artillery, as the patrols which had been posted all along the frontier had not reported the presence of any Prussian troops. The men believed for a moment they were surrounded, but the Prussians in great force, and well supplied with artillery, appeared on the heights of Schweigen, occupying the whole country near a small Bavarian village of that name.

The people are assembled in great numbers on the boulevards, and there is much agitation but no disorder.

MAYENCE, Aug. 8.—The prisoners taken at Weissenbourg were marched from the citadel to the railway. Large crowds received them very well, throwing packages of tobacco and cigars to their beaten foes. There were 800 in all. As before, wine and cigars were offered by the Germans, but the French desired to pay for everything.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

ON TO PARIS.

McMahon's Defeat—Consternation in Paris—The Emperor's Despatch

PARIS, August 7, *via* London.—The Prussian's are over the frontier, and advancing on Paris.

A despatch from the Emperor announcing McMahon's defeat and separation from the main army has caused the utmost consternation. According to the Emperor, however, all may yet be retrieved.

The Senate and Corps Legislatif has been summoned to meet on Thursday, the 11th.

The French speak of great battles as imminent.

La Liberte bids the people of France to rise *en masse*, and repel the invaders.

The despatch from the Emperor is dated 3:30 a.m., Sunday, and says "communication with McMahon having been severed, nothing was received from him till last evening.

Gen. Ligle then announced that McMahon's loss was great in battle, but his retirement was effected in good order.

On the left the action began at about 1 in the morning, but was not serious until several masses of the enemy had concentrated, before which the 2nd corps momentarily held its ground, until 6 p.m., when masses of the enemy became more compact, and the 2nd corps retired on the height.

To-night all quiet; I go to the centre of position.

La Liberte has the following from official sources:

Froissard has only retreated a short distance. McMahon fought near Nuderborn. His headquarters were at Hagneau. He has fallen back to St. Averne, thus Strasbourg is menaced.

PARIS, July 7.—A private despatch is said to have been received announcing that a corps of Baden troops had crossed the Rhine above Bach.

METZ.

Troops Concentrating—A Great Battle to be Fought Here—Active Hostilities for the Present Suspended—Forbach Fired—Defeat of Froissard.

METZ, August 7.—Troops are fast concentrating here, and a great battle must soon be fought.

The troops which were separated yesterday are massing here.

No obstacle has been met by the troops concentrating here. Active hostilities for the present have ceased.

The corps of General Froissard, which suffered severely, is taking immediate measures for defence.

During the fighting yesterday, the Prussians fired on Forbach and set fire to the town.

The 3rd corps was engaged at Forbach, supported by Lintz, with divisions from other corps. The corps of General Armand and Failley were not in the fight.

The combat commenced at one o'clock, and at first appeared of little importance but large masses of troops hidden in the woods, attempted to turn our position.

At five o'clock the Prussians appeared as if they had been repulsed, and given up the attack, but the fresh corps arriving to the assistance of the Prussians, from Werden, Froissard was compelled to retire.

In the battle near Frelechmechen, Marshal McMahon had the support of five divisions of Gen. Failley's corps.

After the battle those divisions were unable to join their corps.

Details of this battle are still very vague. It is said many cavalry charges were made; but the Prussians had mitrailleurs rugelspitzen, which did as much harm.

The following despatch was received from general headquarters:

METZ, August 7.—That if we hold our position here it is necessary that Paris and France should consent to great efforts of patriotism. Here we lose neither our coolness or confidence, but the trial is hard. McMahon, after the battle of Keirchoffer, retired, at the same time crossing the rear to Nancy.

METZ, August 8.—The *morale* of our troops is excellent this morning. It is impossible to give the exact figures of our losses.

Gen Caffineres is organizing defensive measures.

The three corps here are still able to give the enemy much trouble, and stop its onward movement.

The Empress' Proclamation

PARIS, August 7.—The Empress issued the following proclamation:—

"Frenchmen! The opening of the war has not been favourable to us.

"Be firm under this and let us hasten to repair it. Let there be but one party in the land—that of France, a single flag—that of National honor. I came among you faithful to my mission and duty, for you will see me the first in danger to defend the flag of France. I adjure all good citizens to maintain order, to agitate would be to conspire with our enemies.

Dated at the Palace of Tulleries this 7th day of August, 1870—at 11 a.m.

Signed.

THE EMPRESS REGENT EUGENIE.

under Gen. Frossard: The fight was opened on our side by the 14th division, which was subsequently reinforced by the artillery and cavalry forces, and a bloody struggle raged along the line between Saarbruck and Forbach, lasting until night.

The heights of Spechula were carried at the point of the bayonet, and the enemy was thrown back on Forbach.

Meanwhile our 15th division has advanced and taken Rinssel, and reached Forbach at nightfall, where broken divisions of the French army were being driven in upon that point. The baggage and camp equippage of two divisions, and many prisoners, were taken.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—A special London despatch says, that the latest information received from the seat of war this afternoon confirms the news in every particular of the Prussian victory.

The Prussians to-day occupy St. Arold place, where McMahon's headquarters were located on Satuaday.

Marshall McMahon's corps is in full retreat towards Nancy. It is thought he is endeavoring to form a junction with the French forces at Metz.

Gen. Frossard is falling back from Saar River with Gen. McMahon towards Nancy. His corps suffered heavily.

Metz is being hurriedly placed in a state of defence. Every male person in the place is being pressed into service. Gen. Buffiniere is in command of the fortifications at Metz.

Napoleon to-day establishes his headquarters at Chalons Sur Marne Point, just about half way between Metz and Paris.

The whole of the Prussian reserves commenced moving yesterday, and are rapidly coming up with the Prussian advance.

The Prussian army, under command of the Crown Prince Frederick William, is advancing into the heart of France, and on a line for Paris.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 8.

The *Scandinavian* arrived here yesterday. Her passage is the quickest of the season, being from Liverpool on the 28th July.

The ship *Lake Superior*, for Montreal, with general cargo, has arrived.

No clue has yet been found to the thieves who robbed Mr. Pelletier's store, but it transpires that an organized gang of robbers, who have nearly all completed terms at Kingston Penitentiary, exists at St. Sauveur, and are all known to the police. They are under the management of a Captain and Lieutenant, and are spoken of as daring desperadoes.

On the outskirts of the city pedestrians are waylaid and robbed, and it is dangerous for citizens to pass some localities alone and unarmed.

The war news of the Prussian victory was received here with great enthusiasm, and the opinion on the streets this morning prevails that the genius of Bismarck and Moltke will outmanoeuvre French cunning.

At the morning and evening services yesterday at the new Wesleyan Chapel, on Levis heights, large numbers attended from Quebec. The Rev. Mr. Powers preached in the morning, and the address given in the evening by the Rev. Mr. Marsh was of a deeply impressive and interesting nature.

It is now raining.

The English Press on the War.

The *Times* (July 16) stigmatises the war upon which France has entered as the greatest national crime since the days of the first French Empire. The war is an unjust but a premeditated war, and it is now too clear that it is the act of one man. It is the ultimate result of personal rule. Few men will be so ingenous as to imagine that the consciousness of a righteous cause will be of much avail against the preponderance of big battalions. Yet there can be no doubt as to the side on which the world's sympathies will be enlisted; and, whatever may on former occasions have been the offences of Prussia, she will in this instance have on her side all that moral support which is seldom denied to those who take up arms in self defence. It is otherwise with France, whom nothing of a long victorious career will rehabilitate in European opinion.

The *Standard* (July 16) will not believe that Prussia provoked the war because she deemed it necessary. We consider (the *Standard* proceeds) that the war proceeds from the French Government, which saw in the Hohenzollern candidature another attempt to injure the prestige and diminish the power and influence of France, and holding that opinion, we must reserve the judgment with which our contemporaries are so ready, as to the rights of the parties to the contest. We desire only to say now that the declaration of yesterday appears to us no sufficient warrant for the terrible conflict, of which, for the present, at least, the French Government must bear the greater part of the responsibility. In another article, discussing the possibilities of the conflict, the *Standard* argues that England may be forced into war, either with France or Prussia, if one or other of the belligerents should violate Belgium.

The *Morning Post* (July 16), alone of the London morning papers, admits that the Government of France do not make out a bad case for themselves. Their statement to the Corps Legislatif yesterday is (the *Post* says) clear and precise, and, allowing for its being the statement to only one side to the quarrel, it would certainly seem to show that at the last the affront was given by Prussia. The *Post* thinks that an immediate proclamation of neutrality on the part of the English Crown is necessary, and adds, that neutrality, it need hardly be said, we shall most scrupulously maintain. Nor is there any prospect of our being directly or indirectly engaged in the conflict so long as treaty obligations are observed and guarantees to which we are a party respected. There is reason to believe that assurances on this head are not wanting, and that the neutral position of Belgium and Luxembourg will in no way be interfered with.

The English, French, and German organs, remarks Lloyd's *Weekly Paper*, that assail the present policy of the French Emperor and his Ministers, should bear in mind that it was he who was ready—had England been willing to hold to the letter and spirit of her treaty with Denmark—to send a fleet into the Baltic, to prevent that iniquity which the German powers were permitted to inflict upon the gallant race that had trusted its honor and its independence under our protection. We stood aloof; we preached the doctrine of non-intervention; and the fruit of a pusillanimous prudence has been ripening ever since. Through that most lamentable blunder, which left the German hordes free to exercise all their brutal will and overwhelming force upon the Dane, Europe has been for years arming in fear of the collision which is now imminent. To assert that the great common danger of to-day is the work of the French Emperor, is to ignore the past and to avoid our own just responsibility.

The Emperor of the French, the *Scotsman* says, must have wished and intended war. He must have been waiting his chance to make a spring. It is hard to see that this is a good chance; certainly it is not a fair one. This is said here, and will be felt almost everywhere, without any friendly feeling towards Prussia—a Power which has of late years shown itself selfish, dishonest, hard, and greedy. If, in the course of the terrible contest we are about to see begin, Prussia should suffer in dignity and in territory, there are few in this
country who would view
wise than a righteous
any regret, but that justice
come upon her from a
motives and legitimate

The Sheffield Independent
The declaration of war is
of the growing weakness of
avowed occasion of the war
tuitous. The French Government
and found it, in spite of the
by all other nations to
The baffled ambition and
vanity of France, which
unity of Germany,
bounds. This weak
of a tragedy—not to be
of unexampled destruction
as far as we can guess,
throw of the Napoleon dynasty
end.

The Newcastle Chronicle
out that Englishmen will
grace to civilization
which, so far as it is
war of temper, is one of
and they will blush for
French people in
wickedness of the French
perpetrating such a crime
ity, liberty, civilization,
peace. Inexperienced
rors of invasion, every
sionate, with the manifest
sorrowful fate of the
whom chiefly the brunt of
lamity will fall.

The feelings, says the
(July 16) which have
to this desparate act
wounded pride, and
instinct of self preservation
strife is the natural,
the necessary, consequence
waged with still less
Austria. The jealousy
of Prussia, created a kind
ing; and, under the
was only waiting for
duce her neighbor to
rate power, it has
time must come when
ing would find
sia refer that
arbitration of the
"The manifest policy
observe a dignified
two parties to themselves
quarrel.

Prussia has, says the
sustain the *prestige* she
on the field of Sadowa.
she had nothing whatever
war of 1866, has, as she
claim the *prestige* she
having lost in the presence
of Europe on that same
field. Supposing Napoleon III
he beholds before him
which he is fighting
vinces. Supposing William
he will emerge from the
King of Prussia, but Emperor
For the ratification of these
cause of humanity is to be
of the fairest scenes on the
earth are to be ravaged
blood and gold poured out
multitude of our fellow creatures
slaughtered, and an
down in agonies, and only
by frightful mutilation.

☞ The Splendid Band of the
Rifles will play at the Moonlight Excur-
sion to-night.

New Book.

The Universe, or the Infinitely
and the Infinitely Little, by F. A. Pou-
chet, M. D., corresponding member of
Institute of France, a
the French; illustrated by 343 engravings
on wood, and four tinted plates
drawings by A. Pages, Rene
Bayard, and J. Stewart
& Sons, Glasgow and Edinburgh.
Duff, Montreal, 1870.

Mr. J. J. Davis, of
fering this very valuable
and we should imagine
pose of a large number of
tains 79 pages.

We have before us a volume
with copious preface,
execution, and illuminated
and bearing the above title.
the very latest as well as
the most complete works issued
& Sons. Its title is
once fully describes the
volume. Opening with the
Kingdom," it contains a
insect, mammal, crustacean,
creation, proceeding to the
kingdom" and thence to
in conclusion, a retrospect of
eries, and the result of
the broad field of astronomy
A merely cursory glance
to be not so much a learned
simple elementary manual,
ted to lead the reader to
for more recondite information.

The amount paid to
in Congress, during the
$52,300. The whole expense
these contests, including
not far short of $250,000.

Moses Lyman, of
chussetts, became
at a recent thunder
considerable hay exposed
hired man remonstrated
dicting that, if he persisted,
would strike his house,
words been spoken when
fulfilled. Fortunately,
the inmates were injured.

RIVER EXCURSION.
CHEAP TRIP BY THE
TUESDAY
Starting at half past
cents, children half
MOONLIGHT TRIP
Starting at ½ past 8
of the 60th Rifles has
this trip, and will play
pieces. Fare 50 cents,
gangway.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Excursion by the
TO
☞ BUTTERNUT GROVE
And PIC-NIC on the Grounds
Wednesday, 10th August
Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Band
Amusements
GAMES AND PRIZES.
Pickwick, Esq., M.S.G.S.
Refreshments of the best quality
board the boat and on the grounds
N.B.—The "Alexandra" will
wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m.,
sharp, returning from
o'clock, p.m.
Tickets 50 cents each.
age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents.
age, FREE. Can be had at the
the St. Lawrence Hotel,
Parliament Hair Dressing
Tobacco Store and Page's Jewellery
Town; British Lion Hotel and
Store, Sparks Street;
ington Street; Bartlett's
Street; Salmon's Hotel, York
ther's Saloon, William Street;
and Stewards, and at the Steamer
leaving the wharf.
To avoid confusion and
public are respectfully requested
tickets before the morning of the
For further particulars see
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
By order, WILLIAM MILLS,
W. R. TRUMAN,
Ottawa, 4th August, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS.

...HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. EXAMINE OUR PRICES ...BUYING. ...post free on application.

...TRIP.—Remember the moonlight excursion this evening.

...—The thermometer yesterday ...as high as 94 in the shade, at about ... p.m. At 4 o'clock the heat was the same.

...—As an experiment, the ... of the street cars was made yesterday morning with one horse, but it was ... he could not endure the work.

A splendid team of black horses, sixteen ... high, and costing about $400, were ... yesterday on the noon train for ... They are for Lieutenant Gov... Archibald.

...ARTILLERY.—The members of ... Battery of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery will meet at the drill shed this evening ... receive pay for their services during ... Fenian invasion.

CANADA CENTRAL.—It is expected that ... cars on the Canada Central Railroad ... be run as far as Bell's Corners by next ...day night. The track is at present ... within four miles of that place.

...—A man named Edmondson ... pretty serious accident on Saturday ... Bachesterville. He fell from the ...story of a house on which he ... working, dislocating his arm by the ... and receiving some other injuries.

THE MARKET.—Monday.—A small attendance this morning. Potatoes, scarce and ... per bushel asked; butter, tub, 20c., ...; oats, 48 to 50c. per bushel; ... per dozen; flour is down 25c. ... barrel and is likely to fall still lower.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.— ..., Chatham; J. Hawless, London; ... Wm. Barclay, Montreal; ... Prescott; D. Moir, ...; ... Osgoode; G. Merk..., ...; Wm. Foote, Montreal; ..., Ottawa; A. Waddington, ... Springs.

...one o'clock on Monday morning ... peaceable residents of that part of ... lying between Church and St. ... streets were awakened from their ... by an unearthly uproar. A ... of midnight carousers were either ... among themselves or were simply ... off their exhuberance of spirits. ... windows were opened and endeavors ... to discover the nature of the commotion, but it was too dark to see them. ... time they went on their way shouting like a legion of escaped lunatics, ... the police snoring?

...TROUPE had a fair audience at the theatre last evening, who ... in their applause of the successive performances. The opening play, "... who never saw a woman," was ... and interesting, and was certainly well played. The Irish jig by ... Ward and Miss Nellie Nelson, was ... and received a loud encore, as did ... songs. The roaring farce, "... Ward," wound up the programme, ... the audience away in convulsion ... laughter. A change of programme for ...

...THE GAME LAWS.—Ducks ... plentiful at present on the streams ... vicinity. We are very glad that ... the case; but it must irritate every ... who wish game to be plentiful ... Ontario to learn that they ... killed before the proper season. ... day we see some of those gentlemen ... "have a little leisure time," which ... interpreted means they have ... at all to do—we see them go out ... their double barrels, their spaniels and ... selves in cowhide to the shoulders. ... well known what they go for. Now ... be very pleasant to these particular ... to be allowed this privilege, ... hard working, law-abiding people ... until the proper season to go ... it is certainly vexatious. ... been along the Rideau every ... hope the proper authorities ... the game laws are generally ...

...SOCIETY.—The Daylight and ... excursions of this society which ... advertised to take place to-morrow ... no doubt be largely attended. ... small sum of 50 cents will secure a ... to Butternut Grove and back (a ... of about 48 miles) and admission ... picnic grounds, where amusements ... kinds and games of a novel ... may be witnessed without additional expense. The fat man's race will ... source of great fun, and Aunt ... her holiday attire will excite the ... of the many visitors who will ... to witness her graceful movements. The silver medal to be presented ... most successful competitor at quoits, ... beautiful article, and should induce ... number of the lovers of this ... enter the lists. The game will ... soon after the arrival of the steamer ... second trip. Persons intending ... themselves of the cheap trip ... amusements provided by the society ... do well to secure their tickets in ... if they have not already done so ... steamer will leave the Queen's wharf ... and 2 p. m. sharp.

POLICE COURT—Monday—A man named ... was charged with assaulting ... It appears Lefevre interfered ... men under the defendant's ... the canal basin, and that being ... about his business he used ... language towards Prendrville ... threw him off the barge and ... small piece of wood at him, which ... him on the head. Prenderville was ... and costs.

Joseph Dupuis was up on a charge of ... drunk and disorderly. He was ... by the policeman on Murray street ... intoxicated state and endeavoring to ... with every one he met. Fined $2 ...

...Lemieux, for interfering with ... policeman who arrested Dupuis, was fined $5 and costs or two weeks in gaol.

Alex. Foge was found wandering on the streets without any means of support. Case adjourned until to-morrow.

Joseph Cote, a raftsman, was charged with assaulting the clerk on Nagle's raft. Cote was under the influence of liquor and made a violent assault upon complainant. Fined $10 and costs.

Another case was adjourned until to-morrow.

City Council.

At a special meeting of the City Council held last evening the following members were present: Ald. Martineau, Bangs, Heney, Robinson, Bate, Cunningham, Gherard, Goulden, Pratt, Lapierre and Featherston.

Moved by Ald. Featherstone, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the 6th report of the Board of Works be received and adopted.—Carried.

Mr. Scott, being desired to answer some questions respecting the Canada Central route through the city, explained that all railway companies have a right to cross all streets and roads, but that they have not the right to run at right angles with a street, and hence their application to the Corporation.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the City Solicitor be instructed to prepare such by-laws as may be necessary to carry out the intentions of the 5th Report of the Board of Works.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that this Corporation will insert a clause in the by-law regulating weights and measures, abolishing tin measures for measuring potatoes, &c, and substituting others in their stead. Referred to Market Committee.

A motion was made authorizing His Worship to accept without delay that portion of land offered the Council for sale in a letter from F. Brown on part of Government.

Some petitions were read and referred to their respective committees.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12) CENTS GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S.
Patterns post free on application.

DIED.

In this city on the 5th instant, Josiah Campbell, aged 7 months and 6 days, infant son of Jas. Campbell Stewart, Rideau Street.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Tuesday Evening August 9th
JUMBO JUM
SONGS AND DANCES.
WIDOWS VICTIM.
In preparation the great Sensation Drama of
LOST IN LONDON
With new Scenery and Machinery.
Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of
MAZEPPA.
With new Scenery, Dress, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.
Ottawa August 4th, 1870. 1425-tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

MR. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the
Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,
to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY next all communications will be received there.
Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1430 6

WALTHAM WATCHES.
THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE
TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of a real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the
CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD
These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.
ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
1307 3wd

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At the residence of JAMES ALLAN, Esq., on Metcalfe street, near the Methodist Chapel, on TUESDAY the 9th August, instant, at 2 o'clock p. m.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
And Commission Merchant.
Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1429-td

LOST.

On Saturday night a CHEQUE, dated 6th AUGUST, made by Messrs McLaughlin Bros., in favor of Joseph Bailey, payable at the Quebec Branch Bank, Ottawa.

The Public are cautioned not to negotiate said Cheque, as payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Any person finding the same and leaving it at St. Louis Hotel, Church street will be generously rewarded.
Ottawa, 8th August 1870. 1429-1

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
...awa Ma 18, 1870

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE
—BETWEEN—
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.
By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.
August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE
Board and Tuition per annum, $226
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
President—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1429-1y

WANTED,

An active young man who has had experience in the Grocery business.
Apply, by letter,
Box 67,
Post Office,
Ottawa.
Ottawa, 6th August, 1870. 1428tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BA... ...VI... E & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere.

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at, prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$300,000
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, ... thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.
OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.,
1407 3m Agent.

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The classes in the above school will be resumed on
WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.
FACULTY.
J. THORBURN, M. A. Head Master,
J McMILLAN, B, A. 1st Assist. Master.
REV. T D PHILLIPS, 2nd " "
W CARTER, 3rd " "
MONS GUAY, French Master.
W H WALKER.
Secretary, Trustee Board.
Ottawa 5th August, 1870. 1426-5

FOR SALE.

A NEW AND NEAT COTTAGE
ON THE
MACKAY ESTATE,
Within fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway, beautifully situated, overlooking
HEMLOCK LAKE AND THE OTTAWA RIVER,
With stabling and one or more acres of land attached.

Price, with one acre, One Thousand Dollars. One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual Instalments at 7 per cent.

For particulars apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.
New Edinburgh, August 4, 1870. 1425 3

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.
R. H. WILSON.
...ttawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.
Ottawa, July 28, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.
Address—
Box, 179,
Ottawa Post Office.
Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.
ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.
LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen.
DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.
DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.
MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their
MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,
Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
21 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1334 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies.
Lemon Plants &c. &c.
LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.
The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 25th, 1870. 6

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MRS. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1430-tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed Teas of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of
THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,
Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, Jay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 85,000 to 100,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150 000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ...

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and England & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.
Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1416-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON
Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m., the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
Licence No 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, Petewawa
" " 97,
" " 100,

Plans of the above Limits with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles
A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.
MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.
Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1417tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!
An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, July 26th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Chairs Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.
Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel,
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell,
Red Rover or Champion ",
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
PLATED WARE.
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.
Apply to
JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
...tawa, 5th August, 1424-1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of
BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,
AND SHAWLS,
Have decided to offer the whole lot
AT COST PRICE,
ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,
For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
For 6s 3d
BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,
In great variety, at about half usual prices.
Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

WANTED

An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.
Address by letter—
Box 394,
Ottawa Post Office.
August 2 1424-1w

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET
Opposite the Russell House.
As it will pay us better
dispose of certain classes
of goods at a very low figure
NOW than keep them over
till next Season, we are
determined to offer Summer
Goods at 15 to 25 per-cent
under the Lowest Ottawa
prices for New Goods
MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silk &c. &c.
It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.
R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa. which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.
ESMONDE BRO...

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS!
HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had,

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Daw's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 25, Rideau Street.
...th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old
ROUSILLON PORT,
$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen
ALSO,
Another consignment of
VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI
$3.00 per dozen.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.
A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans, &c., can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
K. ARNOLDI, Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

AN ENGLISH LADY

Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.
Address, L. B.—
Post Office, Levis, Quebec.
August 3.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 8, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	3 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 8
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new.	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	0 00	@	0 00

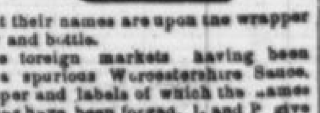
LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



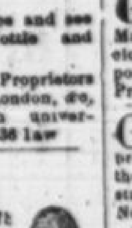
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 1323 1aw

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of 577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of 450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of 500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 00
Halifax...... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... 30 00
Halifax...... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c
JP MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Otthwa, May 10, 1870.

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BIGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation had for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. **PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.**

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache. See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1awkfm

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,
DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE
—AND—
CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,
—BY—
P BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1331tf

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a. m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procure he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 18½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

1366tf HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House. Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or o

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1383 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Es Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 1 Musgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 16 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking-Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

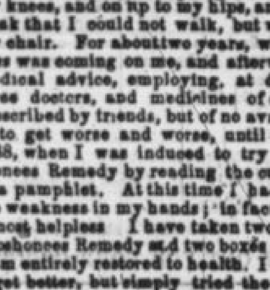
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

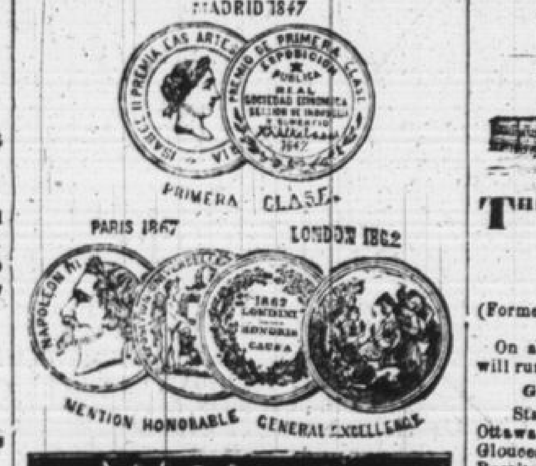
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I knew that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



MADRID 1847 PRIMERA CLASE PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere; and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

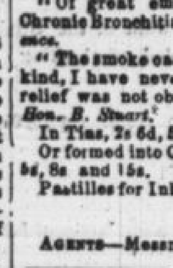
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION.—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 45
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.36 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.36 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

J. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME! NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

The Times

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1870.

VOL. V. NO. 1431. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. d&w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 365tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—that recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B — Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Mages & Russell's. 57 y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FELLP, Architect,
71ltf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd Instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868 773y

CAUTION
All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.
Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING,
GO TO
LANG
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-fed
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo
In the Townsh o Russe , County of Russell Plans and specificati ons can e seen at Duncanville.
In the Township of Dunwich, County of El Plans and specifications can be seen at Wall cetown.
Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.
The any Tender will not necessarily be acc
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	4.00					4.30
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	4.00	11.30			11.30	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	4.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. by Stage	6.00					5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.30				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00				11.30	
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			5.00

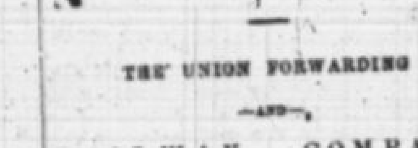
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart.................... 8.10 a. m., 1.00 p. m., 10.00 p m
Arrive.................... 4.40 p. m., 11.40 a. m., 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Simpson, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1332.

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents
NEW Mohair Strips,	12½ cents
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRO VES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c. &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks. Industrial Designs. Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

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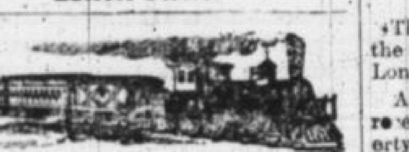
Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870,
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 40 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1415tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4.00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The Steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

OLD COUNTRY ITEMS.

The "Blunders of Vice and Folly" is the title of a volume just published in London.

A thunder storm in Lancashire, England, recently destroyed $500,000 worth of property.

Balfe, the composer, lives in fine style at his country seat, Romney Abbey, Herts, England, a property given to him by his son-in-law, who is a wealthy Spanish grandee. He is engaged on an opera called "The Knight of the Leopard."

There is a French librarian near Berkeley square, London, who has taken the trouble, for the sake of his female subscribers, to mark in his catalogue with an asterisk all those novels which a mamma may allow her daughters to read.

Dante Gabriel Rossetti, the English painter-poet, who is very chary of showing his paintings, is to give an exhibition of some of them in London, next season. He belongs to the straitest sect of pre-Raphaelites.

The London *Punch* for this hot weather presents this—

Attractive Theatre Advertisement:
During the Oppressive Heat the Theatre will be iced.
Private Refrigerators to hold four persons, four guineas.
Some Fresh Airs by the Orchestra every half hour.
The performance will commence with the farce,
Cool as a Cucumber.
After which the Romantic Drama entitled
The Sea of Ice.
To conclude with the laughable afterpiece
Nothing to Wear.

Benjamin Thorpe, whose death a cable telegram recently announced, was an author of some eminence. He was born in 1838, and was the writer of several works relating to the early language and mythology of England and the Northern Nations. He translated Rask's "Anglo Saxon Grammar," which, shortly after its publication, was followed by a work entitled "Ancient Law and Institutes of England." The British Government conferred a yearly pension of £150 on him for literary services.

A case has been heard before the Leamington magistrates, the particulars of which would with a little judicious 'padding,' go a great way in the construction of a sensational three volume novel. In 1855 a carpenter, living at Leamington, was married to a woman whose maiden name was Jessop. After a time a boy was born, and was duly registered; but in a few weeks the mother disappeared, taking the infant with her. For fourteen years he heard nothing of his lost son; but a few days ago he was summoned by the Warwick parochial authorities to pay for the maintenance of a lad who had been taken to the hospital with a broken wrist. It transpired that the boy had passed by the name of Walter Bernard, had been educated first at Ratcliffe college, and subsequently at Oxford. The mother, it now turns out, lived in style for several years in London, then went out to India, where she was again married, and three weeks ago was the defendant in a suit brought by the second husband for a divorce, on the ground that her first husband was still alive.

A contemporary has the following:—"Some months since a young lady left the parental roof, in South Shropshire, eloping with her groom; and although the utmost dilligence was used at the time to trace them, they eluded the vigilance of the lady's friends, and were married. The runaway pair a few days since turned up in an adjoining county town—through a chapter of accidents (such is the report) having been reduced to such extremities that the lady applied for and obtained parish relief. But when urged by her friends to leave the "man of her choice," she stoutly refused, and expressed her determination to remain with him, and take the consequences." The "adjoining county town" was Chester, where the groom and his well-born wife had been residing for some time. Her family is one of considerable opulence, and she is entitled to a good fortune in her own right. The story about getting parish relief is not quite correct, we believe, though the finances of the pair were by no means in a flourishing condition when their antecedents came to the knowledge of the local police. Nor is it true that the lady is resolute in her determination to stick to the man of her choice, for she has left him, and is now living with her family.—*Chester Chronicle*.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Two elegant ladies were put out of the theatre recently at Florence. They were not content in endeavouring to compel the King, who was in the next box, to talk to them; but upon declining, they opened the door of his box and walked in. Liberty, Sisterhood and Equality.

Garibaldi is now a regular contributor to *Cassell's Magazine.* He wrote in the June number, on Italy, Ireland, the Ecumenical Council, and the British Constitution. The July number contains a private letter from the warrior-author of Caprera, on the state of Italy.

In France there are now three thousand locomotives furnished with the counter steam-brake, which greatly lessens the danger of collisions—the instantaneous contrary pressure it exercises upon the locomotive being estimated at about twenty-five tons. The pressure so obtained regulates the speed of trains descending abrupt slopes, and forms an additional element of safety.

It is said the King of Sweden's brother is in Chicago, and has been there for some time, in needy circumstances. He is a son of Oscar I., and an actress by the name of Hoggvist, and a perfect picture of Carl IV. He is not allowed to go into the Swedish army, or in any public office, on account of the Queen Dowager's hatred toward him. His name is H Jalmes Hoggvist.

A late Constantinople letter says:—"We are not yet through with the list of dead recovered from the ruins of the great fire of June 5. New discoveries are made every day. The impression now is that the number killed was not less than 2,000. Nearly 3,000 are registered as having disappeared at the time of the fire. The loss of life among the thieves who came to plunder was very heavy. The greatest thieves are the Greeks.

A Paris correspondent writes:—"I was dining at a cafe on the Boklevard des Italiens, and a crowd was yelling outside. Suddenly they attacked an inoffensive German. A French gentleman, who witnessed the transaction, and was justly indignant at it, called the German to his side, and mounting on one of the tables before the cafe, told the patriots that they were a contemptible gang of cowards, and that, as for their martial fervor, it was paid for by the police. Not one of them ventured to deny the charge, but they all sneaked away to bawl and cheer elsewhere."

A hand-bill has recently been posted in various parts of Yeddo, which runs as follows:—"One of the disciples of Jesus, who had been sent to the province of Tsu for safe keeping, escaped from his keepers on the second day of last month, and has fled to parts unknown. He was born in the province of Uizen (Goto?), his age is twenty-four, is of a florid countenance and light complexion, thick lips, speaks the dialect of Nagasaki, with a slight impediment in his speech. If any one shall find him he shall report quickly to the proper authorities; and if any one shall harbor or conceal him, he shall be deemed a partaker in his crime. Not encouraging to missionaries.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

Elderly ladies wear chatelain braids and the front hair put up in three side puffs. Young girls no longer wear their hair crimped and flowing, but in two long braids tied up with ribbons, these braids hang loose in the neck, or, if long enough, are wound around the head.

Chemisetts designed to be worn with heart shaped or pointed necks are made of embroidery and puffs, or puffs and Valenciennes insertion and trimmed with Valenciennes lace. Frills and puffs of muslin and footing box pleated and trimmed with lace, costs from 75 cents to $1. Beautiful rushes of soft lace box, pleated, and the pleats caught together a narrow satin or velvet ribbon passing through the center, are also $1. Lace collars, the size of small capes with square corners, are made of Valenciennes lace.

Blonde is the most fashionable color for hair, and many persons have dark hair dyed blonde; but the best hair dressers produce the desired effect temporarily by the use of powder. The *Hair Dressers' Chronicle*, published in London, states that the very latest novelty in the way of hair coloring, giving to the person who wears it a really charming appearance, is black hair colored grey. It also intimates that if ladies continue to use light colored powders for their hair, gentleman will be obliged to abjure black clothes for ball attire, as they can scarcely dance a quarter of an hour without being white with their partners' powder.

Jet ornaments are vere mush worn. They are becoming to every one and harmonize with the popular colors. The real French and English jet is nearly as expensive as gold, but the imitations are so cheap and so excellent that many persons prefer them for ornaments which change in style each season. Broaches and ear-rings are heads and other massive designs elaborately carved and with long pendants. Bracelets are large blocks and balls finely cut, strung on rubber, or are bands of jet and gilt. Necklace are medium sized beads with pendant crosses or medallions. Jet headed pins for the hair are large but very light balls with smaller pendants. Daisy hair pins, with outspreading rays and a ball in the centre are called Marguerites. The great demand for elegant toilette articles and costly perfumery indicates that our people are inclined to purchase largely of luxuries. In addition to Lubin's standard extracts and the reliable Farine cologne in long bottles and wicker flasks, each season brings forward some novelty, whose delicious fragrance seems to surpass that of the former favorites.

JOURNALISTIC

Durham to have a new paper called the *Drome*.

The *Irish Grocer and Traders' Review* has started in Dublin.

Chicago publishes 95 newspapers and periodicals.

The *Labor Journal*, of Boston, has died for want of support.

The first number of the Omaha *Tribune* appeared last week.

The Woolich *Times* looks very handsome in its new dress.

The Port Huron *Commercial* has been enlarged and improved.

The *Lytham and Kirham Times* is the name of a new paper at Lytham.

The *Chatham Observer* is the name of a paper recently issued at Chatham.

A London Irish journal called *New Ireland* has lately been started, price twopence.

A new penny paper has appeared, in England entitled the *Buxton and Matlock Times*.

John G. Saxe will read some verses to the Vermont editors on the 11th of August.

Dr. J G Holland is to edit *Hours at Home*, with a quarter share in the proprietorship.

The Greenfield *Commercial* has a column of scraps which it heads "Higgledypiggledies."

A wicked English weekly gives currency to a rumour that *Punch* is about to become a comic paper.

The *Salford Chronicle* is announced, as an organ of the extreme orange section of the conservative party.

The *City of Ragusa*, the miniature ship which is trying to cross the Atlantic, has been spoken at sea. Latitude and longitude unknown.

The *Farmers' Journal* of Sorel promises to be of agricultural interest but has only a quarter of a column of agricultural news and the rest of the paper is devoted to "The bloody scalp knife or the canibal Sect of the Alleghanies."

An insurance company in Philadelphia refuses to pay insurance on property destroyed by fire, in that city, taking the ground that the fire which destroyed the property was the result of a riot, and the city is responsible for all destruction of property, within its limits, that is caused by riots. The riot was created and conducted by the firemen.

The Growth of the English Language.

The Roman correspondent of the New York "Catholic World," thus speaks of the wonderful and increasing growth of the English speaking population of the world:

"Three hundred years have elapsed since the close of the Council of Trent. Of the two hundred and seventy Bishops who assisted at that Council, only four were from the British Isles, of whom three were Irish and one English; and we think it doubtful if these three Irish bishops spoke the English language.

"The Council of the Vatican has upwards of one hundred and twenty English speaking prelates, representing not only Great Britain and Ireland, but also the United States, British America, Oceanica, and the East Indias; and should the twentieth Ecumenical Council be called within the course of another century, judging from the past, it is not unlikely that the English tongue will then be what the Italian is to-day—the language of the majority."

A negro is teaching a mixed school in Columbus, Georgia. He has thirty pupils, the oldest of whom is forty and the youngest nine years of age.

Since the 20th of June the thermometer of Washington, D. C., has ranged from 90 to 100 degrees in the shade, excepting only four or five days, when it fell into the eighties.

In Bavaria the new King is not merely a boy, but a boy who has been reared in such seclusion that he never, it is said, had money in his pocket until he was eighteen years old.

Mr. Jefferson Davis and Mr. Robert Toombs have become reconciled after fifteen years. A Southern exchange says of the former that he is in excellent health and spirits, cheerful and strong, with all the deep traces of his recent cares and troubles apparently much softened down

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall.
School Open—Rev. J. May.
Dissolution of Partnership—J. Leggo.
Notice—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 39, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1870.

The Hon. Mr. Mitchell's return is deferred until Friday next.

The Hon. Mr. Tilley is expected to arrive in Ottawa this week.

The contract for the building of a Parliamentary Library was awarded yesterday to a Toronto firm.

The contract for the Lachine Canal waste weir was given yesterday to Mr. A. F. McDonald, of Cornwall.

A graphic account of the late fire at Caledonia Springs will be found in another column. It arrived too late for publication yesterday.

Metz, the city around which so much interest centres just now, is celebrated as being the birthplace of John Guttenburg, the author of the "divine art" of printing.

Social anarchy seems to reign in New York. Six murderous affrays took place in the streets on Monday. The remains of the murderer, Real, were buried with public honours, and drunken men fought beside, and at length fell into his grave!

The Montreal *Witness* reiterates the assertion that an amnesty has been granted to Riel and his friends. For "the only religious daily published in Canada," the *Witness* is about as cool and deliberate a pervertor of the truth as can well be imagined.

We do not intend to be betrayed into a wordy warfare with our morning contemporary as to the nature of our telegraphic arrangements. All the telegrams we receive come by the way of the People's line, and we believe that in a few days when they have completed their arrangements the despatches promised by that line will be more intelligible and complete than any others. When, however, an evening contemporary states that we copied his St. Paul's despatch on Monday last he is guilty of a deliberate untruth.

The Halifax *Chronicle* takes us to task for accepting "as true an absurd story, started, we believe, by an obscure sheet in Yarmouth, that hundreds of Nova Scotians are returning weekly to Nova Scotia from the United States to escape starvation." We certainly have no reason to doubt the story, nor does the *Chronicle's* simple denial of the fact shake our faith in it. The "obscure sheet" published in Yarmouth may have, and we believe has, a reputation for veracity, which, unfortunately is not enjoyed by the Halifax *Chronicle*.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* says:—"The following is a fair sample of the trash sent over the wires to the daily press. The *special* from the *Globe's* "own correspondent," dated Montreal, August 6th, says:—Some villains put ties on the Grand Trunk Railroad track, near Madoc, a day or two since, but the trap was fortunately discovered just as a train was approaching, in time to prevent a serious catastrophe." In the first place, the Grand Trunk track is some 24 miles south of Madoc, and in the second place the piling of the ties on the track was near Belleville, and was announced in the *Intelligencer* some days since."

The confederation of the Australian colonies is now attracting attention in the Mother Country as well as in the colonies themselves. The union of the British American colonies has already been attended with such beneficial results that the Australians naturally wish to follow suit. The "New Dominion" of the South is intended to comprise Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand. The resources of the different colonies are very diverse; thus one is capable of supplying the wants of the other, and the federation would be nearly self sustaining and independent of the outside world.

MORE MISREPRESENTATION.

To contradict every misstatement made by the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent is a work we would not willingly undertake; the labor would be too incessant, and the space occupied more considerable than our columns would afford. Gifted with a fertile imagination, unblushing effrontery, and an insatiable appetite for sensational news whether true or false, the gentleman who concocts the *Globe's* Ottawa telegrams is not easy to beat in his peculiar line of fiction mongering. Among the numerous incorrect and unfounded statements which have lately appeared in the columns of the Toronto *Globe*, we notice one from the correspondent in question to the following effect:

"Although formerly the public buildings here were guarded by three watchmen, Mr. McMicken has now over a dozen men employed for the same purpose. It is looked upon here as a perfect farce that this large expenditure for a detective police should be allowed to go on.

It is a "perfect farce" for the *Globe* to publish such nonsense as this; the public buildings here never were guarded by only three men, and a very slight amount of consideration would be sufficient to prove to any one capable of forming an opinion on the subject, that to entrust the protection of the Parliamentary and Departmental buildings with the valuable public property which they contain, to the keeping of three men would be highly improper and impolitic. The facts of the case, however, are simply these. After the first session of the Dominion Parliament, there were employed in the protection of the public buildings, not three, but fourteen men, five of whom were under the control of the chief officers of the House of Commons, five were appointed by the Senate, and four by the Department of Public Works. At that time there were also sentries furnished by the Rifle Brigade. In the spring of 1868 after the murder of Mr. McGee, when there was good reason for believing that a number of evil disposed persons were lurking about Ottawa ready for any kind of mischief, the force employed to protect the buildings was largely augmented.

It was afterwards found that the old system of vesting the authority over the men in several different heads did not work well; there was an evident want of responsibility, and an absence of that harmonious action which was necessary in order to render the force efficient. The House of Commons had the matter informally before them for consideration, and a wish was generally expressed that the protection of the public buildings and grounds should be entrusted to an organised body under one specific control. The force thereupon provided was afterwards reduced, and now consists of the original number, viz.: fourteen. These men, who are under Mr. McMicken's control, are chosen for their steadiness, capacity and intelligence. They are sober, well conducted men, thoroughly reliable, and, considering the responsibilities and amount of labour which are connected with their position, the pay which they receive is very moderate. It is not perhaps expedient in the public interest, that we should enter into a detailed account of the duties which these men have to perform, but we may say that, independent of the buildings themselves, property of very great value is confided to their keeping, and the onerous character of their duties may be judged by the fact, that no member of the force has more than one whole night in bed during the week.

The *Globe's* telegram of the 3rd instant, therefore, like a very great number of those sent from here, was utterly untrue. The Public Buildings with what they contain, never have been, and never ought to be, entrusted to the keeping of three men; and the number of guards instead of being increased, has been reduced to the lowest figure consistent with the interests of the public service. It would be interesting to know how it is that the *Globe's* correspondent makes so many egregious blunders. Many of them are so childish and so easily explained, that we can scarcely believe that they are wilful misrepresentations. Is some one upon whom he relies for secret information continually "taking a rise" out of him and cramming him with silly stories of this kind? If so, the perpetrator of such a heartless joke ought to be ashamed of himself!

In connection with this matter, it may not be out of place to state that no less than forty-five men, many of whom are paid large salaries, are employed in the protection of the Washington Capitol.

THE FATE OF THE EMPIRE.

No. 2.

In a former article, we alluded to a paper recently read before the Society of Arts in London, some extracts from which are published in the *Westminster Review*. We obtained from it several interesting facts, showing the grandeur and rapid progress of Britain's Colonial Empire, and pointed out the injurious results to English commerce, which would follow the abandonment of the Colonies and the destruction of the Empire. When we consider what the political results would be, it is evident that not only the *prestige*, but the safety of the mother country is dependent upon the maintenance of the colonial ties. There can be no half-way measures in this matter, and British statesmen of the Manchester school who seek to invent some, are but wasting their time. We do not say that as the Colonies increase in importance and population, some modifications of the existing arrangements may not be needful and appropriate, but the Colonies must either be integral portions of the British Empire, or foreign states entirely separated from the Mother country, and just as likely to be allied with her enemies as not. People who talk about Great Britain and the United States combining to guarantee the independence of Canada can take but little notice of passing events. We have seen within the last few years the treaty of 1815, which was supposed to guarantee the peace of Europe, torn into shreds and utterly disregarded; we have seen Denmark despoiled by two of the powers which were sworn to protect her, and it can scarcely be expected that a people like the Americans, who are known to long for the annexation of Canada, would be any more scrupulous, than Prussia and Austria were with regard to Denmark. But whether we became annexed to Britain's great commercial rival, or were content to submit to the frightfully heavy taxation which an independent national existence would of necessity entail, the result would be the same in that we should become foreigners, while every British feeling, sentiment and sympathy would decease daily. Great Britain could not, for any length of time, hold a single place upon this continent for Imperial or any other purposes; that great and mighty Empire, which is now the glory and wonder of the age, would pass away like the shadowy pageant of a dream, and the British nation, confined within the narrow limits of the four seas, would take its place as a second or third rate power. It is by considering what the various young communities which make up the British Empire are likely to become within another 20 or 25 years, that the vast importance of this question becomes thoroughly appreciated. Within the last twenty years the population of Canada has increased four fold, and there is good reason to believe that our future progress will be in a yet larger ratio.

We are glad to see that the *Westminster Review*, a liberal magazine, takes the position which we have often urged is the correct one, viz: that the colonies are the "National inheritance" of the British people, and that as Englishmen are compelled by the force of circumstances to emigrate, and that as a general thing they regard the transfer of their allegiance and the abandonment of their British birthright with aversion, they have the right to look for a home in the colonies of the Empire, where still protected by the folds of the Union Jack, they can prosper and progress. This being the case, any English statesman who wilfully adopts a line of policy likely to result in the dissolution of the colonial connection, is guilty of treason, in that he is conniving at the overthrow of one of the most precious inheritances, not only of the British Crown,—but of the British people.

With regard to the question of expense, the *Westminster Review* shows very clearly that the maintenance of the colonial tie, with all the manifold political and commercial benefits which accrue to the people of England therefrom, costs yearly only ninepence per head of the population of the United Kingdom! Is there any Englishman worthy of the name, who would begrudge ninepence yearly to sustain British prestige; to preserve the immense trade which Great Britain does with her colonies, and to provide a home for the surplus population of the Mother Country where Englishmen and women can still remain English, and not be compelled, as in the neigboring States, to abandon all those national ties and sympathies which they have held so dear in their earlier days?

THE EMPRESS EUGENIE.

Whatever opinion people may entertain of the Emperor Napoleon, and however much they may be disposed to blame him for his recent action, there are few among us who can help feeling some sympathy with, and solicitude for, the noble hearted woman who shares his fortunes, and who is now called upon to discharge duties of the most grave and momentous character. The Empress Eugenie has sometimes been represented as a frivolous woman, who cared for nothing but gaiety and dress. We believe, however, that this charge has been most unjustly made. Gifted with much beauty, and with a bewitching grace such as few women have possessed since the days when "rare Queen Marguerite," won the love and admiration of chivalric France, Eugenie found herself at twenty-seven years of age suddenly elevated to share one of the proudest thrones in Christendom. Such an unexpected change of fortune was enough to have turned the head of most women, but it does not seem that Eugenie's natural kindness of heart and generous disposition forsook her, or that that touch of feeling which makes the whole world kin, ceased to exist in her nature. In 1859 when Napoleon put himself at the head of the army of Italy and made her Regent, the Empress discharged her task in a very able manner, winning golden opinions from every one, and proving that when occasion required, she could be something more than the "Queen of Fashion," and was capable of exercising sovereignty over a more extended realm. From the time when she took leave of the Emperor on his departure, until she placed the Prince Imperial in his arms at the gate of the Tuilleries on his return, Eugenie devoted herself with unremitting energy to the affairs of state. When the cholera raged in Paris and people fled from the city in dismay, she remained at her post, and with the calm unostentatious heroism of a true woman, spent many hours in ministering to the wants of the sick and dying, thus proving the sincerity of her Christianity by the sternest of tests.

Now it seems as though the crisis of her fate were upon her. Separated from her sick and defeated husband, and surrounded by an infuriated populace, she has indeed a difficult part to play. But we sincerly trust that whatever misfortunes may fall upon the Napoleonic dynasty, the French people, true to the boasted chivalry of their race, will not forsake or deal harshly with the kind hearted lady who has ever been true to them. And we will hope that whatever may be the political results of the present conflict, the clouds which now lower upon her house may not overwhelm her, but that many years of happiness are yet in store for the Empress Eugenie.

The Late Fire at Caledonian Springs

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR:—You must excuse this scrawl, but I am writing on my knee with a pencil, and in the open air in front of the smoking ruins of the Caledonia House. This morning at a few minutes before five, we were all aroused by the cry of fire, and in one instant everybody was stirring. I jumped out of bed, ran to the door in my bed gown, and found the corridor full of affrighted visitors in the same predicament, some running, some crying, one or two shrieking, one fainting, and all pale with apprehension. I seized my boots and began to dress, leaving my room door ajar, but my hand trembled and my fingers tried in vain to find my shirt buttons, when I bethought myself to enquire as to the progress of the fire and what time I might have to pack my trunk, for every thing I had was lying about the room. So I sallied forth again half dressed, and pushing my way between people dragging trunks, and others hurrying in all directions, I got to a back window where I saw that the fire was still confined to the boiler house and laundry, a wooden two story building, connecting with the main building by a wooden gallery and in close proximity. Here a number of visitors were busily employed in trying to cut off the communication, but in vain, for there were no ladders, no buckets, no water, and only a single axe to be found. It was evident that the whole of the fine main building where I had my room would shortly become the prey of the devouring element, but that we should have time enough first to secure everything. I returned like lightning and commenced operations, I was now less nervous, and in spite of the cries and noise around me, succeeded in getting on my clothes without any serious mistake, emptied all my drawers into my trunk, jumped them down with all my might and managed somehow or other to lock it. I now felt independent, struggled down stairs in the midst of an indiscribable tumult with a couple of coats and my boots in my hand, deposited them in safety in the garden, ran back to get my trunk, and just then met a kindly friend to help me to bring it down. My own personal task was now at an end, and I have related it because it was pretty near what happened to everybody else. We were 130 all counted in the house, and many of them on the fourth floor, yet no lives were lost, and as a general rule the visitors lost nothing. The same cannot be said of the company, though a large amount of bedding and some furniture was saved, indeed the efforts of many of the visitors and even ladies to rescue all that was profitable to save was beyond praise.

For more than twenty minutes, sheets, mattresses and carpets might be seen flying out of the windows, whilst parties below were removing them into the garden, or bringing out pieces of furniture, till the whole of the grounds to a considerable distance were covered with the most varied articles: here a grand piano or a pier-glass, empty drawers, sofas with three legs, piles of bedding, trunks, bundles of clothes &c. The flames had now thoroughly invaded the main building, a fine large stone structure in the form of a double cross, and nothing remained to do but to look on. It was a grand spectacle, and as here and there a portion of the massive walls would fall in, the black clouds of dust that rose to the heavens contrasted with the bright dazzling flames. It was half past eight when the whole building was reduced to a smouldering mass contained between high tottering walls.

The fire appears to have originated on the second floor over or near the boiler, or perhaps in the laundry, and was observed by a sick visitor a little after four o'clock, who took the small column of smoke that he saw for that of a chimney or stove pipe, and went to bed again.

In the meanwhile we are here in a rather embarrassed situation, not knowing exactly where to eat or to sleep; everything however is being done to make us as comfortable as possible. Three stages full of passengers left this morning for L'Orignal, and in a couple of days the crowds of visitors who only yesterday were enjoying themselves here will have vanished.

To conclude, it may be considered truly providential that the fire did not take place in the middle of the night, or in the dark, and that, as it is, no life was lost or serious accident occurred in the midst of such a crowd and such a scene of confusion.

I remain &c.
ALFRED WADDINGTON.
Calledonia, Sunday, Aug. 7th, 1870.

The North-west Expedition.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S LANDING,
THUNDER BAY, July 29, 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I arrived here from Shebandowan Lake last night. On Wednesday evening I saw Col. Jarvis and the last company of the Ontario Battalion leave McNeill's Bay for Fort Francis. McNeill's Bay is a very pretty one, and was called after Lieut.-Col. McNeill, the Governor General's Military Secretary, who is still there, and commands the post. Six boats leave every day, having one company of soldiers and two *voyageurs* to each boat. On Wednesday morning the first of the Quebec Battalion left, being Capt. Barrett's company and the headquarters, Major Irvine, Quarter-Master Villiers, Paymaster Howard, Rev. Mr. Roger, Lieut. Duchesnay, and Ensign Tetu. They were ready to leave early in the morning, but the wind was so strong and the lake so rough that they were detained for several hours. Both officers and men were in high spirits. Capt. Allan McDonald's company left yesterday morning. A brigade which consists of six boats leaves every day, and James Graham, of Ottawa, sees to everything being all right before they leave. He is Mr. Dawson's head man at Shebandowan. Mr. Dawson has gone up to Lac des Mille Lacs, but is expected back daily. While I was at the lake a party of Indians from Fort Francis arrived there. They came down in their bark canoes, and strange looking beings they are. They brought letters from Col. Wolseley and Mr. Dawson. Some of them have long curls down their backs, and tied up at the ends with squirrel tails; others have their hair tied up on top of their heads. Most of them go without any covering on their heads, having a red handkerchief tied round. They seemed to be very much amused at us, fully as much as we were at them. Three miles below the lake is a place called Dam Site, where Colonel Cassault and two companies of the Quebec Rifles are stationed. Provisions from here to the lake are taken up by boats, as the road is not yet completed. The Indians make four trips a day between this place and the lake in boats; and, although there are five rapids to go up, they make the trips in very good time. Mason's boats from Ottawa are all employed here. Five miles from the dam site is a river called the Oscondaga, where Capt. Labranche's company of Quebec Rifles is stationed. His officers are Lieut. Prevost and Ensign Des Georges. I rode over the whole length of Dawson's road, and was surprised to find it as good a road as it is. It is really a splendid road. Here and there you sometimes find a bad spot, particularly after rain; but, when you come to consider it as a new road, and 75 or 80 teams passing over it with heavy loads every day, it is not to be wondered at that there should be bad places, but the wonder is that there are not more of them. Our city, (Prince Arthur's Landing,) is dull at present. All the boats and most of the stores have been moved up to the lake. Now that the soldiers have no more work to do, such as loading teams, moving boats, &c., &c., Capt. DeBellefeuille is going to keep them busy at drill. The American steamer *Arctic*, (the same that was chartered by some one for 25 days for $10,000,) is hourly expected here with a large party of tourists—all American. Our swells are busy getting up their good clothes for the occasion. The *Chicora* and *Algoma* have not had many tourists so far.

W. H. A.

The Orange Delegates.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
Montreal, Aug. 4, 1870.

To Mackenzie Bowell, M.P., Grand Master British North America, Belleville:—

Most Worshipful and Dear Grand Master.—Allow me, before leaving British North America, again to return you, and all the Brotherhood through you, my own best thanks, and the thanks of my Co-Delegates, for the glorious and cordial reception you have given us everywhere on our mission.

It will be our duty, as well as our great pleasure, to lay before the respective Grand Lodges of England, Ireland and Scotland, the present admirable state of our noble and time-honored institutions in this portion of the British Empire.

I assure you that we go back heart-strengthened, and have no doubt that our intercommunication has left you equally so, to maintain and uphold to the utmost of our power the old, original and fundamental principles of our Order, viz., Loyalty to our Protestant Sovereign, and the Protestant Constitution that placed Her ancestors on the throne of these realms, loyalty to the "King of kings," and a determination to uphold His Word, free and open; and, finally, Peace on earth and good will towards all men. Believe me, yours faithfully and fraternally,

Yours obliged,
STEWART BLACKER.
D.G.M., Ireland.

Sir Charles Mordaunt, the plaintiff in the too celebrated divorce case in England, has sailed in his yacht for Norway, to indulge in the salmon fishing which past events have shown he likes so much and pursues at so disagreeable a risk.

The London *Athenæum* protests against the book-making expedient of writing common place sentences in short spasmodic paragraphs, and enforces its objections by quoting, from a new novel called "Acquitted," the following specimens of that style run into absurdity:

"At length, however, her ladyship's supper was served.

"She had ordered mock-turtle soup and a rump-steak.

"Lady Derwent was quite a *gourmande*, and drank bottled stout by order of her medical adviser.

"*Like all egotists*, Lady Derwent made a great noise in eating and drinking.

"The effect on Jasper was very distressing."

Which, we may say, is no wonder!

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

Latest from the Seat of War

CABLE NEWS.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 9.—The buoyancy in the cotton market is attributed to the Prussian successes. The general impression here is that the Prussian victories argue a speedy restoration of peace.

MUNICH, Aug. 9.—The King of Bavaria makes the following report concerning the battle of Worth:

Early on the morning of the 6th inst., just as our troops had left their bivouac to march of Ergolheim, the thunder of cannon was heard. Our movements hastened and we soon came up with the first corps which were engaged with the enemy. Bavarian troops were placed in action at once, and participated in the assault upon the heights of Greenene, which were carried about 5 o'clock. The French were repulsed in disorder, and with a heavy loss. The action was severe and sanguinary. The King issued a congratulatory order to the second corps, thanking them for their splendid conduct and gallantry.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Prussians blew up the abutment on the Baden shore of the Bridge of Hehl, at 4 a.m. to day. The explosion was terrific. The bridge turrets were destroyed, and the *debris* was thrown as far as the French shore.

The Paris correspondent of the Manchester *Examiner* telegraphs that Italy and Austria each send 100,000 men to aid France.

The Empress Eugenie, according to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is preparing for flight.

The army at Metz is still undergoing a thorough organization.

A special from Strasbourg says that the town is surrounded by 60,000, mostly South Germans, and must surrender, as the garrison numbers only 7,000 men. Although this does not include the National Guard of the city, which would increase the garrison largely should they be called out.

The advance of the Prussians from from Saarlouis and Treves has commenced, and it is supposed that Prince Frederick Charles is in command, and that an immediate attack will be made on the French position at Metz.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* has an assurance from private sources in Paris that the Empire is on the verge of collapsing

The Empire is dead. Parisians are receiving arms, and are all Republicans at heart. The establishment of a Provisional Government is already spoken of.

Generals Changarnier and Trochu are in the ascendant, and eminent Imperialists are leaving France.

Letters from Paris say that the citizens, defiant of martial law, continue to assemble in the streets and discuss the war news.

Rumours reached here say that the Prussians are in Mulhausen, 61 miles southwest of Strasbourg.

Advices from France show that Marshal Bazaine, Commander-in-Chief, has 130,000 men at Metz; McMahon, 50,000 at St. Avorne; and Canrobert, 50,000 at Nancy. General Trochu has entered upon his duties as Major-General of the army.

ROME, 9th.—The embarkation of the French troops was completed yesterday, but for the storm the last would have gone several days ago.

BERLIN, 9th.—The King, while passing through Neustadt yesterday, received a great ovation. The streets and roads were filled with people, who waived flags and covered the King with flowers. Count Von Bismarck and Von Roon, and others addressed the people, and thanked them for the King.

The loss of the French in the battle of Worth on Saturday was 5,000.

PARIS, 9th.—The *Patrie* says that the Government calls upon all former officers and soldiers, who have served in the armies of France to take grades in regiments of volunteers or of the Garde Mobile, which are to go to the front immediately. This request has been greeted enthusiastically, and numbers are responding to the call.

There has been three councils of the Ministry to-day.

General Chaugerie left his residence this morning to seek a command at headquarters; thousands of people accompanied him to the railway.

La Volontaire says Gen. Changarnier, as soon as he heard of the affair at Weissenbourg telegraphed asking for a command.

The morning papers say that nothing is certain concerning the course of Austria—Russia is keeping her quiet with promises just now.

The Minister of the Interior has taken measures to have despatches bulletined at the Bourse and mayoralty houses.

The decree relative to the incorporation in the ranks of the National and Home Guards of all citizens between the ages of 30 and 40, who do not already belong to some of the military organizations, convokes all the chiefs of the corps.

The demand of the Minister of War to the Prefect of the Seine this morning, charged engineers of the municipal service with the execution of plans for strengthening the fortifications of Paris. The service will be organized at once, and divided between three chief engineers and eleven assistants. Each chief will be in charge of an arrondisement. The chief commends the chief supervision of the entire work to Inspector-General Alphand.

At two o'clock yesterday the directors of the service, in the presence of Generals and Colonels, and directors of fortifications, opened negotiations with most of the principal contractors of Paris.

These contractors declare that they make no conditions, but place their fortunes, personal services, material and experience at the disposal of the authorities for the defence of Paris.

Officials and engineers at once took possession of the workshops offered by the contractors.

Last night posters were distributed over the city, inviting citizens between the ages of 30 and 40 to present themselves for enrollment in the National Guard, and as soon as the enrollment is complete the distribution of arms will take place.

METZ, Aug. 8.—The rear army is concentrating to march to the Vosages and defend the passages. Night is calm. There has been no engagement to-day.

The enemy is in a large measure concentrated in front of Metz. Marshal Bazaine has direction of the operations. The corps of General Frossard has returned in good order on Metz. All quiet during the night. The Emperor has just gone to the general headquarters of Marshal Bazaine.

General Changarnier has arrived and was conducted from the railway station to the Prefecture by an honorable citizen of the town; he was in civilian's dress, and was immediately taken into the presence of the Emperor. Public opinion here receives with favour the advent of Changarnier.

The journals here announce with warm approval that Italy is to send 100,000 armed men to assist France.

The Departments of Cote d'Or, Saone et Loire, Ain and Rhone are declared in a state of siege.

The following report was telegraphed from Metz yesterday:

10.15 a.m.—The corps of General Failly, which was not engaged in the recent actions, is the rallying point of the army, has not been disturbed, Marshal McMahon has executed the movements prescribed for him.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Probable Death of the Emperor Napoleon.

NEW YORK, August 9th.

Private telegrams on Wall street to-day are very exciting in tone. Henry Clews & Co. received the following from their resident partner in London, Mr. Habicht:—"Revolution in France imminent. Rumour of the Emperor's death not certain, but probable."

The seizure of specie by France has caused exchange on London to advance to 25.60 in Paris, the highest point reached in thirty years.

YESTERDAYS DESPATCHES.

Proclamation of the French Ministry—Rage, Fury, and Disappointment Prevades the Parisian Population, &c., &c.

LONDON, Aug. 8.

William Wood, a survivor of the battle of Bladensburg, is dead.

The declaration of the state of seige does not repress popular demonstrations, and it is very doubtful whether the Government has force to keep order, or to put down any considerable demonstrations.

The republicans believe their hour approaches and Paris at this moment is as likely to raise against Napoleon as to arm against Prussia. One of our correspondents writes, "the rage, the fury, the disappointment of the Parisian population at finding there has been a series of defeats on French soil, instead of the easy military promenade they expected is beyond description. We already feel the state of seige. I expect to see frightful catastrophies from the temper of the people."

Another correspondent says that official suppression of news will not much longer be tolerated.

This morning's *Rappel* publishes the following declaration:

The undersigned Deputies met at the palace of the Corps Legislatif. They demand the immediate arming of the citizens of Paris. In the actual circumstances all France must be armed and ready. Seventeen Deputies sign this.

The press support this manifesto with another, saying, "France is invaded; the democratic press demand the immediate arming of all citizens, and the organization of a committee of defence, composed firstly, of deputies from Paris, and that all patriots rise and join us. The country is in danger."

Another correspondent writes: Everybody here was mad this morning, madder at noon, and maddest to about the revolutionary point at night. We are swindled by the Ministry about news, and though the people may bear up against defeats from the Prussians they will not much longer endure insult and fraud from a terror-stricken Government.

PARIS, August 8.—Americans here are receiving their passports.

The Ministers have issued the following proclamation:

"Frenchmen, we have told the whole truth. It is for you now to do your duty. Let one shout come from all, from one end of France to the other. Let the people vie with each other in sustaining the grand cause. Some of our regiments have fallen before overwhelming numbers. The army has not been defeated. Sustain it. To the fortunate audacity of the moment let us oppose tenacity. Let the inhabitants of all parts of France, not subjected to the burden of war, rush to the assistance of their brothers in the east. Frenchmen, be united. Heaven bless our arms."

LONDON, August 9.—The *Times* ascribes the French disaster to the Emperor's obstinacy in refusing sound military advice, and to his illness.

The *Times* says that parties in France will make the Emperor pay the penalty of his ill success. His name is already ignored in the acts by which the Regent seeks to rally the people. Things arrange themselves as if he was not expected to resume his power, and as if testing how he may be dispensed with altogether. Only the question is who shall first utter the word of abdiction.

News from Paris grows hourly more serious. None but official accounts can come by telegraph. It is from letters and Paris journals all intelligence must be gathered.

A Specific Proposition for Belgium's Protection, made by the English Government.

NEW YORK, August 9.—A special from London 1:30 this morning says Gladstone's announcement in the House that the English Government had at last made a specific proposition for Belgium's protection is welcomed with a sigh of relief, and a feeling that England has once more vindicated her position as a European power.

Mr. D'Israeli only expressed the general feeling of the House, when saying that he rejoiced that the Government is resolved to maintain the neutrality and independence of Belgium, and that he accepted the declaration as an avowal of a wise and spirited policy, not less wise, because spirited. Few Ministerial statements, *Daily News* says, have been received with more general satisfaction. To their many claims to the confidence of the Crown and to the support of the people the Government had now added another, which if it does not transcend, at least equals any which it was before entitled to urge. The sagacity moderation, and at the same time boldness of its foreign policy, present a striking contrast to the solution which has been suggested on the one hand, and the insolent and purposeless meddling which has been practiced on the other.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 9.

The civic holiday yesterday was generally observed.

The Caledonia gathering and games were a great success, about 10,000 persons being present.

Donald Dinnie, Scottish champion, took the first prize for putting light stone and heavy stone, and tossing caber, and an extra prize for throwing heavy hammer.

Peter Brazean, a Frenchman, took the first prize for standing high leap and vaulting with the pole.

R. R. McLennan, of Glengarry, gained the first prize, a gold medal, and championship of America, for throwing heavy hammer.

Darkness ensued before the contests were all completed.

Champagne and lunch took place at 3 o'clock, 130 gentlemen being present.

Hon. George Brown presided. Short speeches were delivered by the Chairman, Hon. J. S. McDonald, Thomas Robin, Col. Gilmour, Hon. M. C. Cameron, and others.

Prizes were delivered at the Horticultural Gardens in the evening.

During the games a disturbance took place between Orange Young Britons and the police. Capt. Price, chief constable, was struck on the head with a brick, and a serious wound inflicted. Three of the rioters were arrested.

Numerous excursions came off, among which were the Odd Fellows, to Orilla; the Masonic excursion to Port Hope, per steamer; Knights of St. Crispin, to Niagara; and St. Patrick's Society, to Niagara

St. George's Society pic-nicked in Mimico Grove, St. Catharines. The Caledonia Society came over to witness the games.

Three children were drowned near the Island by the upsetting of a boat. Mr. and Mrs. Christy, the parents of two of them, were with them, and their being under the influence of liquor caused the accident.

A special meeting of the Council of the Ontario Rifle Association was held yesterday, to receive the report of the President on his return from the Wimbledon meeting, who stated that a fund for the purpose of giving prizes to the best shot by Canadian marksmen had been established in England, as an acknowledgement of the bravery of the Canadian volunteers.

The prize meeting of the Association takes place on the 19th Sept., when $200 in money, and other prizes, will be given.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 9.

Several vessels arrived from sea this morning for Montreal, with general cargoes.

Another burglary occurred in St. Roch's last night. The grocery shop of one Valleaux, Craig street, was broken into and robbed of goods to the estimated value of 700 dollars. The skill with which these robberies are effected seems to completely mystify the detectives.

A fire occurred early this morning at Levis, completely destroying a house occupied by one Moreau, and an adjoining stable. The premises were not insured.

The steamboat *L'Etoile*, plying between here and Pointe-aux-Trembles, came into collision this morning with a barge, and was instantly sunk. As yet the number drowned is not known. It is rumored a being from 18 to 20 persons, including women and children. Names, particulars, &c., will be forwarded when ascertained.

Weather very close.

Later—The Captain of the lost river boat has just informed your correspondent that the boat *L'Etoile* sunk in one and a half minute after being struck; that she was heavily loaded with market produce; that fully 15 women and children were in the cabin at the time, about 12 of whom, including the boat's cook, must have been drowned. The lives of the others were saved by clinging to floating pieces of wood. Two sisters of Charity were happily saved through the exertions of several men.

The Coroner has gone to the scene of disaster, and reliable particulars can only be ascertained on his return to-night.

The Captain places the number of his passengers at the starting at about 36.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 9.

Rev. Mr. Chiniquy will visit St. Andrews, and address the people there to morrow.

Yesterday morning a boy, 9 years of age, son of Mr. Poterim, when endeavoring to pick an apple out of the canal overbalanced himself and tumbled into the flume at the axe factory and was drowned.

About 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the warehouse used by Brouse Bros. for storing stoves, &c., in Dollard Lane. The fire was extinguished before much damage was done. No insurance on the stock or building.

The erection at mile end of an extensive building for the Council of Agricultural Societies' Exhibition on 12th ult., has been commenced.

David Valin, whose body was found in the river on Sunday, was 42 years of age. He was married and leaves a wife and 2 children.

The stakeholder in the $400 race between Keraonwee and Deerfoot has decided that the men must run, and will not admit a forfeit.

It is probable that the race will be some time this week.

Yesterday the proprietors of the *Evening Telegraph* announced its discontinuance from that date.

It is officially announced that H. M. troopship *Tamar* will leave England tomorrow for Quebec to take back the P. C. O. Rifles, at present stationed in this city.

On the landing of the Roman Catholic Bishop on the wharf to-day, there was an entire absence of enthusiasm and feeble efforts to rise a hearty cheer from the assembled crowd failed. In the carriage with the Bishop rode his administrator V. G. Trudeau, also Hon. Mr. Ouimet and Ald. Devlin, respective Presidents of St. Jean Baptiste and St. Patrick societies. Preceding the Bishop's carriage marched in procession about 100 ecclesiastics and half dozen Zouaves, while in the rear of the Bishop's carriage walked the reception committee followed by the one-fifth of the police force. Although a large crowd followed they were not in procession order. The procession proper was very short and passed up Jacques Cartier square, along Notre Dame street to the parish church, over the entrance of which hung several flags, while the interior of the building was gaily decorated and brilliantly illuminated. The Hon. Mr. Ouimet and Mr. Devlin presented to the Bishop at the palace an address of welcome to which his Lordship briefly replied.

Flour extremely heavy, no transactions of sufficient importance to alter quotations.

LITERARY.

Lord Lytton is writing a new novel for *Blackwood's Magazine*, for which, it is said he will receive £3,000.

Mr. Blanchard Jerrold's work on London, illustrated by Gustave Dore, will be published during the next few weeks.

Mr. J. C. Brough has just been appointed to the Librarian's post at the London Institution;—an office once held by Parson.

A second edition of the *Gentleman's Magazine* for July has been called for.

Mr. Mill is at work on a new edition of his "Logic"; and Miss Helen Taylor is said to be editing the posthumous work of Buckle.

Mr. J. S. Fanu, author of "Uncle Silas," is engaged upon a new serial story, which will be shortly commenced in *Cassell's Magazine*.

Putnam's Magazine, in an article on Disraeli as a statesman and a novelist, says that "Lothair" alone in the realms of English literature is worthy to be named alongside of "Wilhelm Meister!"

It is said that a noble lord, the grandson of an Irish earl, and recently a member of Christ Church, Oxford, is about to start at Dublin, a penny comic weekly paper, *The Knight Errant*.

The Scene of the French [illegible]

Hagenau, the principal [illegible] [illegible] of Strasbourg [illegible] [illegible] forest of Nour [illegible] [illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

...T. HUNTON, SHOOBRED & CO.'S ...T CLEARANCE SALE STILL CON... ...ES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES ...E BUYING. ...terns post free on application.

...e Corporation have agreed to pur... ...the piece of Government land at the ...end of Pooley's bridge.

...DEATH.—An Englishman, named ... died suddenly in Hull on Monday ...ing.

...WEATHER.—At 2 o'clock, p.m., yesterday ...mercury in the thermometer stood at ...degrees above zero. The heat through... ...the whole day was oppressive.

...s are still left at large in the streets, ...ying trees and soiling the sidewalks. ...not put the by-law respecting them ...force.

The Street Railway track is about com... ...ed to the suspension bridge. The ...pany are shoving on the work with ...usual energy.

...CENTRAL.—It is expected that ...e cars on the Canada Central Railroad ...ill be run as far as Bell's Corners by next ...aturday night. The track is at present ...laid within four miles of that place.

...EXCURSION AND PIC-NIC.—We would re... ...ind our readers of the excursion to But... ...ernut Grove to-day. The excursion will ...be ... and every opportunity for ...ment will be afforded on the ...ground.

...POLICE COURT.—Tuesday.—Anne Maloney ...fined $2 and costs or 1 week for va... ...

...Laslie was charged with using ...language towards Sarah Winters— ...dismissed without costs.

...Lavois was fined $3 or 2 weeks ...breach of the peace.

...Fouche, charged with vagrancy ...dismissed with a warning.

The band of the 60th Rifles will play the ...following programme on Major's Hill; this ...evening commencing at 6 o'clock, weather ...permitting:—

March.
...ture, Grovance D'Arco..Verdi.
...ction..Les Huguenots..Mayerbeer.
...Waltz..La Via Parisienne..Marriott.
...Selection..Senior Bouanegra..Verdi.
Galop..Feldjegar..Peplow.

The arrivals at the Russell House were: ...McLaughlin, J Alumn, L Innis, Mon... ...; W Farquhar, J Chettick, Toronto; ...Stewart, Port Hope; G Drew, Elona; ...Fraser, Elona; A Brooks, Brockville; ...English, H Welch, New Haven, Ct.; ...and wife, Galveston, Texas; E. ...New Haven, Ct.; R McArthur ...New York; D Bell, Pembroke; ...F Chown, Kingston.

...MARKET—Tuesday was a great ad... ...on those of the preceding days. ...were gathered the yorkers, and ...approached the square feeling ...for the plentiful appearance of ...but the prices asked had a counter... ...effect. Potatoes, butter, eggs, &c., ...dear as usual. Potatoes, though ...great quantities, sold for $1 per ...

...NATIVE LAND.—Yesterday four ..."La Belle France" left by the morn... ...train for Paris. Three of them had ...employed for some time in the *Citizen* ...were good printers, and well liked ...their fellow workmen. Their names ...Allibon, Jeandron, and Lucrmuret. ...and they liked Canada well, but ...their native country is in danger they ...be remiss in not flying to its de... ...

...ACCIDENT.—One of the most ...accidents which we have heard of ...time occurred yesterday at the ...A young man about 19 years ...whose name we have not learned, ...of his eyes completely knocked ...socket and the flesh about it ...lacerated by a large piece of edg... ...was by some means sent by a ...through the air with great ...who saw the poor fellow ...say they never saw a more ...wound. Dr. Wood was ...attendance.

...MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The pro... ...was well carried out by the ...Troupe at the Theatre last even... ...Widow's Victim," Mr. H. R. ...his part in a very natural ...Mr. Clinton and Johnnie Ward, ...Nelson and Miss Paterson per... ...with their usual ability. The farce ...in capital style.

...consequence of Gowan's band being ...for the St. George's pic-nic, and ...to give an opportunity to make ...alterations and improvements to ...Theatre there will be no performance ...

...MAGISTRATE'S COURT.—D'homme Daze ...charged under the Imperial Mutiny ...D. M. Grant and Leonard Wood, ...Justices of the Peace, for assisting ...a deserter from the P. C. O. ...to desert, and concealing Nott ...him to be a deserter. After the ...had closed their case Mr. ...counsel for the prisoner, took ...legal objections as to the sufficiency ...evidence.

...consultation their Worships up... ...Mr. Musgrove's objection and dis... ...the prisoner after admonishing ...the danger of having any transac... ...with soldiers.

...THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... ...GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS ...FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON ...BRED & CO'S. ...post free on application.

...Prussians claim they will have 800,... ...on the theatre of war by this eve...

...Martin F. Tupper, the author of ...Philosophy," has announced ...in a few days, by Messrs. ...Marshall, & Co., a poem of 400 ...entitled "A Creed, &c.

The New York *Nation* says that "many ...American publishers all the authors, ...the intelligent honest men and ...who have thought the thing out, ...international copyright law to be ...

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

NOTICE.

In consequence of Gowan's Band having been engaged for the St. George's Society Pic Nic this evening, and also to give opportunity for alterations necessary for the production of several new pieces which are now in active preparation the Theatre will be closed this Wednesday evening.

Thursday a great bill for the benefit of Johnnie Ward.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870. 1471 1

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870. 1431tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1431 3

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.

Apply to

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1431tf

MR. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the

Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,

to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY all communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1410 6

WALTHAM WATCHES.

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada

Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3md

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At the residence of JAMES ALLAN, Esq., on Metcalfe street, near the Methodist Chapel, on TUESDAY the 9th August, instant, at 2 o'clock p. m.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
And Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, August 8 1870. 14 9-td

LOST.

On Saturday night a CHEQUE, dated 6th AUGUST, made by Messrs McLaughlin Bros, in favor of Joseph Bailey, payable at the Quebec Branch Bank, Ottawa.

The Public are cautioned not to negotiate said Cheque, as payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Any person finding the same and leaving it at St. Louis Hotel, Church street will be generously rewarded.

Ottawa, 8th August 1870. 1429-1

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

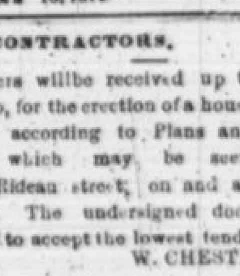
...awa Ma 18, 1870

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON, Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

Excursion by the Alexandra

TO

BUTTERNUT GROVE,

And PIC-NIC on the Grounds,

Wednesday, 10th August, 1870.

Gowan's Brass and Quadrille Band. Amusements of various kinds.

GAMES AND PRIZES.—Aunt Sally and Peter Pickwick, Esq., M.S.G.S.

Refreshments of the best quality to be had on board the boat and on the grounds at city rates.

N.B.—The "Alexandra" will leave the Queen's wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., and 2 o'clock, p.m. sharp, returning from Butternut Grove at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 50 cents each. Children between the age of 7 and 14 years, 25 cents. Under 7 years of age, FREE. Can be had at the English Hotel and the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau Street; Miles Parliament Hair Dressing Saloon; Michael's Tobacco Store and Page's Jewellery Store, Centre Town; British Lion Hotel and Gowan's Music Store, Sparks Street; Hallandale's Saloon, Wellington Street; Bartlett's Confectionery, Sussex Street; Salmon's Hotel, York Street; The Feather's Saloon, William Street; of the Committee and Stewards, and at the Steamer prior to her leaving the wharf.

To avoid confusion and unnecessary delay the public are respectfully requested to procure their tickets before the morning of the Excursion.

For further particulars see posters.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

By order,
WILLIAM MILLS, Secretary,
W. R. TRUMAN, Asst. Sec.

Ottawa, 4th August, 1870. 1425td

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and T... ...$250 per annum. Patrons ... Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada ...est.

August 8, 1870. 1429-1y

WANTED,

An active young man who has had experience in the Grocery business.

Apply, by letter,

Box 87,
Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 6th August, 1870. 1428-1

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA............$300,000

Canada Head Office;—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1... the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46... will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent.

1497 3m

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The classes in the above school will be resumed on

WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.

FACULTY.

J THORBURN, M. A. Head Master.
J McMILLAN, B. A. 1st Assist. Master.
REV. T D PHILLIPS, 2nd " "
W CARTER, 3rd " "
MONS GUAY, French Master.

W H WALKER.
Secretary, Trustee Board.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1870. 1426-5

FOR SALE;

A NEW AND NEAT COTTAGE,

ON THE

MACKAY ESTATE,

Within fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway, beautifully situated, overlooking

HEMLOCK LAKE AND THE OTTAWA RIVER.

With stabling and one or more acres of land attached.

Price, with one acre, One Thousand Dollars. One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments at 7 per cent.

For particulars apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, August 4, 1870. 1425 3

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

...ttawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address—

Box, 179,
Ottawa Post Office.

Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J.P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET,.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MRS. ROWSELL S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1409 tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable, WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to ... per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ... rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechange and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechange and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechange contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1467tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
G... Fruit Jars,
E...d and Brass Preserve Kettles,
R... ...ors,
Baths and Water Coolers,
"Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complelete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to

JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.

...tawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

WANTED

An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.

Address by letter—

Box 394,
Ottawa Post Office.

August 2. 1424-1w

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BRO

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS!*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam use,

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS, and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ..., A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MID

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI. Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa

July 25th, 1870. 1419-tf

AN ENGLISH LADY

Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.

Address, L. B.—
Post Office, Levis, Quebec.

August 3.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 10, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	7 25
Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	2 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	24 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	8 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

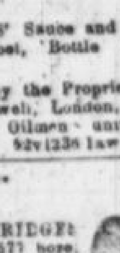
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

82v1338 law

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider Enfield of 577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.



WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converter Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga,
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa 11th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. ELDRIDGE, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 law6m law6m

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa, March 31, 1870. 1331tf

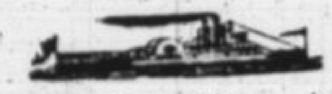
MC DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA,*"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1369tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

—REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P,

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

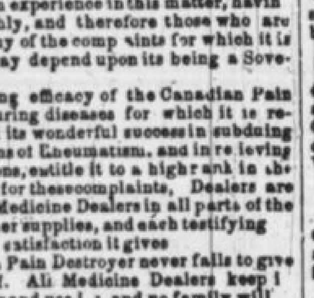
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. In

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe the certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1847

PRIMERA CLASE.

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862

MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity, and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1. Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddy sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1420y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont.. June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3, a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

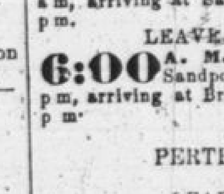
Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.
Practical and Analytical Chemists
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.



DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Tuner, and Repairer, between Dalhousie street, Ottawa.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1432. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

...WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...for sale, at VERY LOW PRICES, a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars,

...PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...quite fresh and cheap.

...Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on premises.

...Sazerac Brandies' Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

...GIN—De Kuyper's and Hostmans, in wood.

...Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ...Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ...prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

...good and sour, at extremely low prices. ...and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ...Irish Whiskey.

...Irish Porteas. ...London Porter, pts and qts. ...Ales. ...all grades.

...STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...AT TWENTY-FIVE ...CENT BELOW COST. ...or bar ains. 1105

...INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

...Liberal Terms a Stock of ...GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

...together with the ...LEASE OF STORE, —and— ...WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

...BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST

In Ottawa.

...be made to

C. E. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa. 1347tf

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...under Chapter LXVII of the ...Statutes of Canada.

...OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange ...No. 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...Manager. 1141tf

...

...ING COMPOUND,

...to be equalled by any other, for ...kinds of Soft Soap, without either ...Soap, and some of them of a ...

...TRAINING INFORMATION.

...and ugliest horse can be made ...and even to walk after him in ...roads or fields, without the slightest ...All accomplished in one day. ...CORNS at a cheap rate, without ...WARTS on your hands or face. They ...short time without injury to the ...slightest. ...cases; Rheumatism of ...can be cured in less than a week ...any kind of medicine in the inside. ...troubled with the Gravel ...Heart Disease. ...of Bowel Complaints can be cured ...less than twenty hours. Also, by a ...are indicted with any such dis... application to F. MARTIN, ...season, as the best time to ...agents can make application ...other valuable articles to ...

...SUMMER STOCK —of— ...WARE ...CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE YORK STREET.

...SPRING and SUMMER ...which will be found complete in all ...Ladies, Misses, and Childrens ...in Buttoned Balmorals ...English and French imported ...Congress Gaiter Uppers, ...comfortable fitting Boot will ...their orders, which will be ...shortest notice. All work done ...in my establishment. I ...in choosing and manufacturing ...ware for the Farming and ...by whom I am so largely ...prices as usual defying com...

GEORGE MURPHY.

...NOTICE.

...OF THE LISTS

...Division of Profits of the past five ...to 30th April last.

CANADA ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

...a distance to complete the ...their APPLICATIONS ...Profits above referred to, all ...be PERFECTED on or

...DAY, THE 17TH MAY,

...the Lists of the closing year.

A G RAMSAY, Manager

...THOUSAND DOLLARS to ...and country property, in sums o ...at a low rate of interest and ...advantageous terms to the ...Villa Lots for sale, suitable for ...in blocks, containing ...to 10 acres, within a few ...of the Government Buildings. ...very easy.

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor.

...nearly opposite the Post Office ...to the Custom House. 1367 3m

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT d&w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 45utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 482y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868 775y

CAUTION

All persons are hereby forbidden to purchase a note made payable at sight, in favor of Messrs. Thomas & Charles Smith, of this city, Lumberers, and signed by Messrs. Charles Ephraim Mohr, Quio Village, P Q, the makers of said note, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five dollars, dated in the month of May last.

Ottawa, July 29, 1870. 1421-3

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

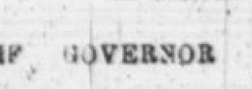
GO TO

LANG

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.



SATCHELL BROS.

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

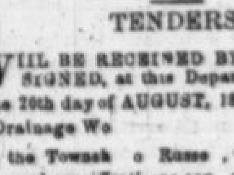
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, June 11, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE

Commissioner of Customs



PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo...

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of El... Plans and specifications can be seen at Wall... town.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA:

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30				
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00				11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	4.00	11.30				5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.30				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

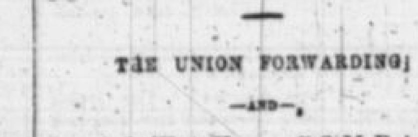
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8.30 a. m.

On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG

Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.............. 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.............. 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.............. 739 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.............. 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Cowpers, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1322tf.

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SIKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FICHUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRO ... — Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c. &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,

14, Sparks Street, 14,

Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

LINDSAY — CUNNINGHAM — CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

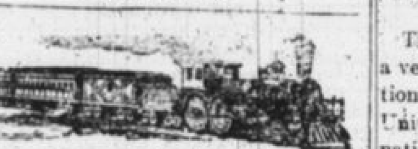
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs. Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

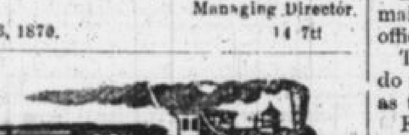
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 14 7tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

OF

CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at.....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at..... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

MONARCHISM AND REPUBLICANISM.

The N. Y. *World* of Friday last contains a very interesting comparison of the national expenditure of Great Britain and the United States, showing what the respective nations "get for their money." The *World* says:—"Here is the estimate made by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in his budget of 1870-71:—

Interest of debt..........	£26,840,000
Other charges on consolidated fund..........	1,820,000
Supply services voted by Parliament..........	38,283,000
Telegraph service..........	360,000
Expenditure..........	£67,303,000

It will be seen that the whole amounts to 67,303,000 pounds sterling. If we deduct from this the interest on the British national debt, £26,840,000, and 300,000 for the telegraph service—together £27,140,000—there remains a sum of £40,163,000; or in dollars, $200,815,000. From this sum must be deducted 800,000 pounds sterling, or $4,000,000, for ocean packet service, which by no means exists here. This leaves $196,815,000.

Our expenditure for the fiscal year just ended was $292,113,000; from this, if we deduct the interest paid on the debt, say a round sum of $120,000,000, the balance left for carrying on the Government was $172,113,000, or within $26,000,000 less than the English carried on their Government for, exclusive of the interest on their debt, telegraph, and packet service.

And now we will show what England has got for her expenditure of $196,815,000, and what we have *not* got for our expenditure of $179,113,000.

England has to pay her judges and courts for the administration of justice expenses, which amount to £672,500, or $3,362,500.

The United States government only pay for the federal courts; all the rest of the judiciary expenses, comprising the great bulk of judicial administration, being borne by the several States.

England has to keep and pay for the maintenance of her criminal prisoners, officials, penitentiaries, and prisons.

The United States Federal government do not pay a dollar for similiar expenses, as the several States bear this burden.

England has to provide for the keeping up of Gibraltar, Malta, and Aden; she has to supply, in her numerous colonies and dependencies which have not an independent colonial government, deficiencies which are certain to be made every year.

The United States have no colonies or foreign fortifications to keep up.

England has and maintains the finest navy in the world—a navy which is the wonder, admiration, and terror of nations who see only a portion of it.

The United States have the most crazy, dilapidated, inefficient navy of any great power in the world—a navy which our best naval officers declare a disgrace to us.

England has and pays for a standing army of at least one hundred thousand men, 90,000 of which are now in England, the rest serving for her all over the world (*besides* those in India, for which she does not pay.)

The United States have less than forty thousand men as a standing army.

England has the most efficient, best paid, and expensive diplomatic service in the world.

The United States have an efficient (!) diplomatic service, but it is certainly not an expensive one, inasmuch as the four English missions of Paris, St. Petersburg, Vienna, and Constantinople cost more than our whole diplomatic service put together.

England has a splendid coast-guard service.

Where is ours?

England, we all know, or at least we believe we know, has an aristocratic oligarchy living on the above $190,815,000.

The United States have no aristocratic oligarchy who live directly on the public purse. Ours is a monopolist oligarchy, who live on the people's substance, and rob and plunder them by act of Congress. But they certainly cannot get a dollar from the Treasury.

Facts and Fancies.

As long as Gen. Grant has Fish under him, he must, of course, be considered superficial

The free-lovers pretend that they are in favour of marriage, but "on the European plan."

Talleyrand, on being asked by a lady the meaning of non-intervention, replied: "Madame, non-intervention is a diplomatic and enigmatic word, which signifies about the same thing as intervention."

There is a significant remark of the present French Emperor's, repeated by Jerome Bonaparte: 'The fall of Palmerston was the heaviest blow I have ever received. He was the only sincere friend I had. So long as he was Minister, England had no allies.'

A Memphis reporter "has seen the sun go down in the hyacinthine waves of the Sronic gulf, in the Mediterranean, and behind the Pyramids, but was never attended to his couch with more splendor than yesterday and day before."

A negro was caught in a man's garden at Roanoake, N. C., the other night, in close proximity to a lot of fine cabbage. When interrogated as to what he was doing, he replied: "Good Lord! dis nigger can't go no whar to pray without being troubled."

The present fashion of short dresses in London is said to give plain girls a chance, for what nature has denied to their faces they may possibly make up for by the display of their understandings.

A lady made a call upon a friend who had lately been married. When her husband came to dinner she said: "I've been to Mrs.——'s." "Well" replied the husband, "I suppose she is happy." "Happy! Well, I should think she ought to be; she has a camel's hair shawl two-thirds border."

The London *Daily News*, in speaking of the numerous summons notices to Germans in England, liable to military duty at home, says that the documents resemble a Bank of England note, and that the penalty for not responding is the loss of property and citizenship, and three years penal servitude if afterward caught within the limits of the country.

A good story is told of a clergyman residing at Calais, Me. In the kindness of his heart the reverend gentleman invited a footman to get into his waggon and ride. The clerical gentleman asked his companion "if he was prepared to die," whereupon the latter leaped from the wagon and fled to a place of safety, doubtles considering the question synonymous with "Your money or your life!"

STATISTICS.

There are 200,000,000 Pagans.
There are 5,000,000 Israelites.
There are 325,000,000 Christians.
There are 160,000,000 Mohammedans.
The average of human life is 33 years.

There are 60,000,000 of the Asiatic religions.

One-fourth of the population dies at or before 17 years.

One-eight of the whole population is military.

There are 3,645 languages spoken, and 1,000 different religions.

Among 10,000 persons one arrives at the age of 100 years, one in 500 attains the age of 90, and one in 190 attains the age of 60.

Married men live longer than single ones. In 1,000 persons 65 marry, and more marriages occur in June and December than any other months in the year.

In the Christian Churches, 170,000,000 profess the Roman Catholic.

75,000,000 profess the Greek faith.

80,000,000 profess the Protestant.

There are on the globe about 1,288,000,000, of souls of which

360,000,000 are of the Caucasian race.

572,000,000 are of the Mongol race.

190,000,000 are of the Indo-American race.

The yearly mortality of the globe is 333,333,333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,554 per day, 3,730 per hour, 60 per minute. So each pulsation of our heart marks the decease of some human creature.

Peruvian Ladies.

A Lima correspondent of the Rochester *Union* says:

"We will visit the family of one of Lima's aristocracy—the father, a leading senator and formerly Minister of War under Prado; the lovely daughters, patterns of fashion, models of beauty, and of the very *elite* of Lima society. We open one of the many glass doors and find ourselves in an inner hall, the door set in mosaic marble; a little Cholo boy, asleep on a mat, comes to us, and presenting our card, we are ushered across the hall, through other ground-glass doors, into the drawing room. Here we sit in French chairs or sofas of gilt and yellow satin upholstery, until the senora or mother enters. She comes in smoking, if no later than two p.m., and with her black silk skirt and her magnificent hair braided down her back in long plaits. She may wear a sacque or red or blue cashmere. Advancing to you, she removes her cigar, (spits on the carpet, although it is a white velvet tapestry ground), and folds you in both hands to her matronly bosom, patting you softly on the back. If you are a young man you at first feel embarrassed, but her perfect suavity of manner soon sets you at ease. Clapping her hands a servant brings in native fruits and a bottle of native wine, and you are expected to take some of them. If the daughter delays in coming she opens the piano and plays some of those old national dances—brilliant, yet sad minor, yet so exciting that our lamented Gottschalk is admirably imitated in "Ojos Creoles," etc. The daughters never keep you long, but appear in white wrappers and hair braided as the mother. If you converse, they can speak a little French; some of them, but their knowledge of history and geography is all confined to Peru. They know nothing else, and can seldom more than read and write. Yet while they maintain "that other lands may be beautiful but give me Peru—other cities famous and great, but I care for none but Lima," you are charmed by their polished manner, the hearty embrace they give you on entering, the reception and welcome they bestow upon you, the hospitality and absence of apology, and the charming freedom and innocence of their address. They all play (from ear mostly), and well, without urging. They dance most gracefully and naturally as possible, and they urge you to repeat your call or visit with the most sincere expressions of pleasure at your coming. The soft, languid black eyes, the clear olive complexion, the straight black hair, all growing upon their heads in such wonderful profusion, the liquid, Spanish accent, the perfect ease of their manner, all serve to fascinate you, and you fail to observe that they are perfectly illiterate and ignorant; and their hands are often dingy, though covered with diamonds, and that the tiny foot, peeping from the trailing white wrapper, has often no stocking, (or a very one), and a torn old slipper."

NEW YORK'S MAN MILLINER.

The Mysteries of Women's Dress—Laurels Plucked from the Brows of the Parisian Modistes—Some of the Beauties who are Clothed by Moschowitz.

Three doors west of Broadway, on Ninth street, is the flourishing establishment of a man-dressmaker and costume designer, Monsieur Moschowitz, a young Hungarian. His place is elegantly furnished, and on your arrival Miss Russell, an American and the junior partner in the house, receives you and takes your orders, or gives you information. Very few dresses are to be seen; none are on exhibition. But those that are in the maker's hands are executed in a style equal to Worth's own designs, for Moschowitz was a pupil of that world-renowned man-milliner, and his father also followed the business at Wurtemberg.

The second and third floors are the workrooms of the operatives who execute Moschowitz's designs. They are all burly, strong men, Germans, Prussians, Poles, and Hungarians. They sit on stools, not chairs, and their scissors, thread, and other work appliances are deposited on the floor by their sides. They work by the piece and earn from $20 to $30 a week Only the basting is done by hand; the sewing machines, of which they have a variety in one room, work the seams. The work, when finished, has a most elegant and artistic precision, being superior in appearance. The piping is made by an ingenious machine invented by Moschowitz, as an attachment to the sewing machine. One is shown attached to a Willcox & Gibbs's single-thread machine, but it is said to work just as well on the double-stitchers. Another invention from Moschowitz's, the frizzling machine, also is seen. It pays out the bias edge of a piece of silk, and at the same time secures it by a stitch from further ravelling. This is also a sewing machine attachment. Both inventions have been patented. Moschowitz is known all over the United States by the leaders of fashion; and some of his costumes have gone to Europe in the outfits of the wives of ministers and *attachés* to foreign courts. The elegant Mrs. Lars Anders of Cincinnati, now at Saratoga, is one of the patrons of this New York Worth. So is Mrs. Tibbetts, of New Orleans, now at Newport. She is the wife of Tibbetts, the successful Atlantic cable man. Her beautiful daughter, Mrs. Constant, also orders her dresses here Mrs. Laurens Andrews, of 139 Fifth Avenue, has the elegant mourning she now wears executed here; and indeed none but those who can afford to pay the best prices for work and designs can go to Moschowitz. One hundred dollars is frequently paid for the making of a dress, and $25 is the lowest price taken.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Timber Limits for Sale—H. McLean.
Farm for Sale—I. B. Tackaberry.
Wanted—Mosgrove & Taillon.
To Let—Kearns & Ryan.
Dog Lost.
Wanted—Apply at this Office.
Boarding and Day School—Mrs. Kendell.
Plumbers and Gas Fitters—Blyth & Kerr

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1870.

Hon. Messrs. Mitchell and Chapais have arrived.

Lieutenant Governor Archibald and suite left Toronto yesterday morning.

The following table of distances may serve to assist our readers in tracing the progress of the campaign between France and Prussia. From Paris to Nancy the distance is 220 miles; from Nancy to Metz 25 miles, and from thence to For bach 42 miles. Strasburg is 312 miles from Paris.

Mr. J. V. Morgan, general Canadian agent for the sale of the *European Mail*, is now staying at the Russell House. Those who wish to obtain a weekly *resume* of European news should subscribe for the *Mail*, which in addition to a variety of general reading matter contains much important information on commercial subjects. Messrs. Durie & Sons are agents for the *European Mail* in this city.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

The advance guard of Colonel Wolseley's force reached Fort Francis on the 3rd inst The troops were to remain there for a day or two, and then proceed on their way westward. They would probably reach Fort Garry in about a fortnight after their departure from Fort Francis.

THE PRESENT ATTITUDE OF BRITAIN.

Thanks to Mr. Disraeli and the Conservatives of England, Mr. Gladstone's Liberal Government have been compelled to do their duty. The people of England, disgusted with the weak and vacillating policy which the present administration were desirous of adopting, found in Mr. Disraeli an able exponent of their views, and the Government were forced by him, not only to inform the French Emperor in a private manner, that if he invaded Belgium the British people would insist on intervention, but also to declare to the world at large, that Belgium's independence would be defended with all the power and wealth of the mightiest empire in Christendom. It is encouraging to find that the influence of the Manchester school is so small when the honor and loyalty of the nation is thoroughly aroused, and that the people of the Mother Country are possessed of the same true and manly spirit which in past times has made the name of Britain glorious. We have now every reason to feel proud of the position which she has assumed. Without hesitating to count the cost, without stopping to enquire whether there was any likelihood of the provisions of the secret treaty being carried into effect, or whether France and Prussia might agree to shake hands and unite for the spoliation of Belgium, Great Britain has declared that let the odds against her be what they may, she will defend her weaker neighbor from oppression and wrong. British subjects all over the world will be gainers by the firm and dignified attitude now assumed by the Mother Country. We in Canada more especially cannot fail to be encouraged thereby, for it may be accepted as a convincing proof that the British people to-day, in spite of all that has been said to the contrary, are possessed of as much courage and patriotic spirit as their forefathers. In times of peace, the commercial pursuits in which they are so deeply engaged may render them to all appearance apathetic, and insensible to the demands of honour, but there is a warm fervent love of country deeply seated within the heart of every Briton which nothing can destroy, and which lives and flourishes as vigorously to-day as it did in the commencement of the century, when the "nation of shopkeepers" played no unimportant part.

"INTERVIEWING."

There is a great rage in the United States just now for "interviewing" all their leading public men. No sooner does a well known personage arrive anywhere, no matter whether a distinguished patriot or a desperate criminal, than he is forthwith waited upon by a number of newspaper reporters with their note books in their hands, who at once proceed to note down every word uttered or movement made by their victim, and to enter upon a minute description of the clothes he wears, and of his personal appearance. This is one of the natural results of that excessive love for sensationalism, which, at present, is so universal in the Republic. It is not altogether a thing of recent growth, for it has existed for the last thirty years, in fact before and since Dickens immortalized the reporter of the New York *Herald* under the name of Mr. Jefferson Brick; but it has assumed far larger proportions of late than it ever possessed before, and has now become a positive nuisance.

We notice that President Grant has been "interviewed" by an ambitious reporter who was anxious to ascertain his opinion as to the probable results of the present war, and the President's remarks and prognostications are reproduced in the columns of a New York paper. Some important facts are given by the reporter. The apartment in which the Chief Magistrate was seated was carpeted we are told, "with ingrain" and was furnished "with a few plain chairs, a piano, and a what not." The reporter tells us in a burst of generous confidence, that the interview commenced with the interchange of a few complimentary speeches, and then the President was asked "What he thought of the European war," whereupon the doughty Ulysses replied in the following words: "You see," said he, "they are getting into a free fight. They can't be separated now. When two boys fight you can stop the fight, but when everybody is fighting there is no one to step in and separate them." "Here's richness" in the shape of oracular eloquence, unsurpassed since the days when the oracle on Mount Parnassus sent the gathered and his flocks into a fit of mad enthusiasm. "When everybody is fighting there is no one to step in and separate them!" Not even Jack Bunsby was a match for President Grant. "What do you think of the capture of Saarbruck, General?" said the reporter, to which enquiry the President replied in a more evasive and somewhat non-committal manner. "Little skirmishes" said he, "don't amount to much. Sometimes in chequers a man gives away one man, and by and bye takes three." Who but a general of President Grant's experience would have found out that "little skirmishes don't amount to much," or in other words that small things are not large things, which is really what his remarks amount to? The allusion to chequers is somewhat mixed and unintelligible, but doubtless contains some great and precious truth if we could only arrive at it. Passing by other brilliant efforts in prophetic oratory such as the remark that "Ehrenbritsen can be bombarded, but when taken it will have to be starved out" and the opinion expressed that "French fellows are not much on the starve out process," we come to General Grant's prognostication as to what would be the strategy of the Prussian army. It will "said he emphatically "be *strictly defensive*." Now with all deference to the conqueror of Richmond, we cannot help thinking that his powers of prophecy at this particular juncture failed him unmistakeably. We cannot consider that an army that crosses the frontier and marches 40 or 50 miles into the enemy's country, is acting on the "strictly defensive" principle. But the reporter tells us that he withdrew from the President's presence impressed with the startling truth that "he can talk when he wants to," and moreover, that "he has an enlarged and comprehensive knowledge of almost all subjects." No doubt this statement on the part of the reportorial bore, must be intensely gratifying to the President.

We should not have alluded to this subject were it not that the system of "interviewing" has been introduced into this country. We have seen men on their arrival in this and other cities, set upon by correspondents and pestered with questions, until some of them have been compelled to take to their beds in self-defence Yet, in some instances, even this failed to save them. The entrance of an attendant was followed by the ingress of some "interviewers" who proceeded to take notes of the victim's appearance as he lay in bed! We should be very sorry to say a disrespectful word of that laborious and indefatigable body whose industry and energy are so praiseworthy, and who labour so unweariedly in order to furnish the public with the latest news, but this "interviewing" business which has been carried to such an extreme in the United States can serve no good end, and only tends to make the man appear ridiculous who is so unfortunate as to be its victim.

The Other Side.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—For the satisfaction of those readers of your valuable journal who may wish to hear both sides of the question respecting the recent movements of the French and Prussian armies, I forward to you for publication the enclosed translation of an article which appears in the *Courrier des Etats Unis*, of New York, dated Monday, 8th August. The *Courrier* is an old and independent leading organ of French opinion in America.

Yours truly,
A FRENCHMAN.

Ottawa, Aug. 10, 1870.

"An essential and indubitable fact shown by the telegrams received, is that a grand battle, prepared by partial encounters at Saarbruck and Weissemburg, was begun on Friday morning (Aug. 5), was interrupted Friday night by dark, and resumed on Saturday morning. During all that time both parties have displayed enormous resources of material strength and military science, and up to Saturday night we know nothing of the final result.

"Two versions are given. First a telegram of the Prince Royal of Prussia, commanding the corps facing Marshall McMahon, and which reads as follows:—

"BERLIN, 6th August, via LONDON, 10:30 p.m.

"The Prince Royal of Prussia telegraphs the following from the field of battle:

"Great victory near Worth. McMahon totally routed by the greatest part of the troops under my command. French are retreating on Bitché.

"(Signed,) F. WILLIAM.

"From the battle field, 4:30 p.m.

"It follows from that telegram that at 4:30, p.m., the French were retreating on Bitsche. But 4 30, p.m., *on what day* the telegram does not say. Was it the first or the second day of the battle? If the second, it would be mentioned. Now, a telegram from London, dated the second day, (6th August), says that the *Globe*, a ministerial organ, and consequently not to be suspected of embellishing things to favor France, announces on undoubted authority, that *a great battle, in which several corps had taken part*, had been commenced on Friday, the 5th, was interrupted by the night, was resumed next morning, and ended on Saturday evening, the 6th, at 7 o'clock, by the victory of the French.

"Now, we may take two hypotheses:—The telegram of the Prince Royal is of the first or of the second day. If of the first it is not conclusive, for the battle was resumed on the following day. If it be of the second day it is scarcely more conclusive, for it gives intelligence only up to 4 30 p m, while the *Globe* despatch is dated at 7 o'clock p m.

"No one can, therefore safely attribute the victory either to the Prussians or to the French. Let us await for more news, and in the meantime, try to account for what has really taken place. The Prussians have three great *corps d'armée*, one at Treves, east of Luxemburg, under the command of Prince Frederic Charles; the second at Kreusnach, east of Treves, under the immediate command of the King; the third under the command of the Prince Royal, was, on Thursday morning at Mannheim, southeast of Kreusnach and Treves.

The corps of the Prince Frederick Charles and of the Prince Royal could communicate by the railway which connects Manheim, Saarsbruck and Treves. But the French in driving the Prussians out of Saarsbruck have cut that communication, so that the two corps are separated. These are the only corps which must occupy our attention to-day. The main point is that they have been obliged to act separately, and prevented from all concerted action. We shall see how important this circumstance is.

"It results from the telegrams that the French, after the taking of Weissenburg by the Prussians, have returned to that place on Friday morning. McMahon's corps was nearly in full force, and included the divisions of Generals De Winffen, Perigot and De Ligny. He has retaken Weissenburg, and that has brought on a general action with the corps of the Pince Royal. The battle raged the whole day on a line of about twelve miles from east to west, between Lanterburg and Weissenburg, and from northeast to northwest up to Worth, a small village situated at the centre of the triangle inscribed between Weissenburg, Bitche and Hagenau. (See the map).

"It is from there that at 4:30 p.m., the Prince Royal has telegraphed his would-be victory. Until then he had to deal only with McMahon, who, it is possible, has made the move of concentration and retreat on Bitche, as mentioned in the telegram. But next day McMahon has probably resumed the action, supported by part of the corps encamped at St. Avold, and with which he was in communication by the railway parallel to the French frontier.

"This isolation of the corps of Prince Frederick Charles, and consequently the connection of McMahon with the centre corps explains the concentric move from Treves and Saarsbruck on Sierck, as related in the telegrams, and which would have resulted in the taking of the last mentioned place by the Prussians. Sierck is a fortified town north of Thionville. The attack had for its object to call the attention of Marshall Bazaine in an opposite direction to where McMahon called him. Prince Charles, being unable to go to the rescue of the Prince Royal, on account of their communications being interrupted at Saarsbruck, has tried to prevent Bazaine from joining McMahon. But Bazaine has not been caught in the trap. He has allowed the Prussians to take Sierck, knowing well that Thionville was in safety, and, by going east during the night, has permitted McMahon to resume the attack with sufficent force to carry the second day.

* * * * *

"*La Liberte*, a Paris newspaper, gives the following account of the battle of Weissenburg:—'Prussians have lost 10,500 men in the last encounter. The French in the place were only eight or ten thousand, while their assailants numbered 40,000. The Prussians were severely beaten, and could not follow the French in their retreat.'

"*Le Gaulois*, another Paris paper, says: 'The French soldiers have fought like lions: the enemy have lost 7,000 men at least.'

"We may add that on Saturday evening, (6th instant), great enthusiasm prevailed in Paris over the victory of the French, and the bulletins of the two days were posted at the Bourse, which is, for us, very near a certainty of the correctness of our conclusions.

Let us await further news with confidence."

The Emperor Speaks.

The following letter appeared in the London *Telegraph* on the 25th ultimo, the very day on which the *expose* of the secret treaty was published, but written at *Paris* two days earlier:

To the Editor of the "Daily Telegraph"

SIR,—Experience has warned me that authoritative expressions of opinion emanating from the protagonists in a great political crisis, rarely find their way into foreign newspapers. It is with the purpose of enabling your readers to form their own judgment upon the views now expressed by the Emperor Napoleon, that I venture to repeat the words which he yesterday employed while speaking to a friend and myself during an interview with which he honored us with at the Tuileries. I must begin by remarking, that I have known the Emperor for many years, and have seldom seen him looking better. When last I spoke with him, five months ago, he looked careworn and haggard, with a complexion more than usually sallow and ash-colored. Yesterday his face looked fuller, his eyes bright, his cheeks healthy. I wish in addition to premise that, after he had spoken, I inquired whether we were at liberty to repeat his words *a haute voix*. He answered "I wish nothing better than that I should be represented to the people of England as holding these views."

The Emperor, after speaking with his usual quiet kindliness upon some private matters, turned suddenly to the political situation of France and Europe. He said, "One fortnight before the utterance of the Duc de Grammont in the Corps Legislatif—which utterance has, as it seems to me, been so unjustly reflected on by the English press—I had no notion that war was at hand, nor am I, even at this moment, by any means prepared for it. I trusted that, when the Duc de Grammont had set me straight with France by speaking manfully in public as to the Hohenzollern candidature, I should be able so to manipulate and handle the controversy as to make peace certain. *But France has slipped out of my hand.* I cannot rule unless I tread. This is the most national war that in my time France has undertaken, and I have no choice but to advance at the head of a public opinion which I can neither stem nor check. In addition, M. de Bismarck, although a very clever man, *wants too much, and wants it too quick.* After the victory of Prussia of 1866, I reminded him that but for the friendly and *self denying neutrality of France* he could never have achieved such marvels. I pointed out to him that I had never moved a French soldier near to the Rhine frontier during the continuance of the German war. I quoted to him from his own letter, in which he thanked me for my assistance, and said that he had left neither a Prussian gun nor a Prussian soldier upon the Rhine, but had thrown Prussia's whole and undivided strength against Austria and her allies. I told him that, as *some slight return for my friendly inactivity*, I thought that he might surrender Luxemburg, and one or two other little towns, which gravely menace our frontier, to France. I added that in this way he would, by a trifling sacrifice, easily forgotten by Prussia in view of her enormous successes and acquisitions, pacify the French nation, *whose jealousy it was so easy to arouse, so difficult to disarm.*

M. de Bismarck replied to me, after some delay, 'Not one foot of territory, whether Prussian or neutral, can I resign. But, perhaps, if I were to make some further acquisitions, I could make some concessions. How, for instance, if I were to take Holland?—What would France want as a sop for Holland?'

"I replied," said the Emperor, "that if he attempted to take Holland, it meant war with France; and there the conversation, in which M. de Bismarck and M. de Benedetti were the interlocutors, came to an end."

I have repeated this conversation as nearly as possible in the Emperor's words. While we were speaking the Duc de Trevise brought a despatch to His Majesty, which the latter read, and which was to the effect that "the eleventh corps of the Prussian army were at that moment trooping into Treves. I have little, Sir, to add to this recapitulation These words which I have faithfully endeavored to interpret must speak for themselves.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
AN ENGLISHMAN.

Paris, Friday Evening, July 23.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

Latest from the Seat of War

CABLE NEWS.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

LONDON, August 10.—The result of Saturday's fighting is generally attributed to the Emperor's military incapacity.

The Prussian advance is obstructed by a village filled with French wounded.

There is a rumour here that the Prince Imperial will be at the French Embassy in London. Prussian officers and soldiers think lightly of the effectiveness of the metrailleuse, but believe that the chassepot is a better weapon than the needle gun.

PARIS, August 10.—All the correspondents without one single acception, have returned from the front.

Ollivier has lived at his private residence during the last three days instead of occupying his official palace.

Bismarck before leaving was asked whether, if successful, Germany ought not to insist on Napoleon's abdication? He replied no. Germany can only fight for German objects and not French.

A special correspondent at Berlin writes, on Saturday, the 6th inst.:—The whole coast is in a state of perfect defence.

The iron-clad *Armenias*, which left for the North Sea in the teeth of the French squadron, has reached port without having been seen by the French, though she passed them while at Frederick haven.

The yacht *Grille*, the swiftest ship of the Prussian navy, is out on the Baltic with orders to keep close to the French, and watch their movements. She is in no danger of being caught.

A French corvette, near Barnholm, attempted to chase her, but gave it up after half an hour.

LONDON, August 10.—Prussia is organizing a volunteer naval force.

The French continue concentrating on the road to Paris. All that region is in a state of siege.

The following is the Queen's Speech delivered to day by Royal Commission upon the prorogation of Parliament:

My Lords and Gentlemen:

"The state of public business enables me to release your attendance on Parliament. I continue to receive from all foreign powers assurances of their good will and friendship, but I have witnessed with great pain and grief on both domestic and foreign grounds the recent outbreak of war between two powerful nations allied to this country. My best exertions have been used to avert this great calamity. I shall now direct constant and anxious attention to a strict observance of the duties and rights of neutrality. I have cheerfully assented to the measure matured by your wisdom to enlarge the powers of the Executive, not only for the discharge of international duties, but for the prevention of acts injurious to the interest of this country.

I shall make every fitting endeavour to check the operations of causes leading to the enlargement of the area of the conflict, and shall contribute, if opportunity offers, to the restoration of an early and honourable peace.

I shall tender to the belligerent powers treaties identical in form, which will give additional security to Belgium against the hazards of war on her frontier. The Treaty has been signed by Count Bernstorff for the North German Confederation, and the French Envoy has signified that he has authority to sign a corresponding instrument, and a receipt of full power therefrom from the powers parties to the Treaty of 1839 has been invited, and they are likely to accede to the engagement.

The shocking murders in Greece have produced a painful impression in Europe, and have drawn attention to serious evils existing in that country.

My unremitting efforts will be directed to secure a complete and searching enquiry into the facts.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the liberal provision made by you for the ordinary service of the year, and for the additional supplies of men and money, voted in view of the altered circumstances of the continent.

The revenue gives promise to meet the new charges thus created without revising the proper balances of the revenue and expenditure.

The act for the repression of agrarian crime, and to maintain order in Ireland, has answered its purpose thus far.

The act regulating the occupation of land, anticipate the restoration of peaceful relations between the landlord and tenant, and of confidence and benevolence.

The Legislation duly protecting life and property I hope now to be more easy, and rely on the loyalty and affection of my Irish subjects.

I have been pleased to concur in the bill for national education in England, a new guarantee for the moral and special well being of the nation, its prosperity and power.

The Naturalization Act, and that for the extradition of criminals, tends to strengthen our friendly relations with the other powers.

The Act regulating enlistments for short terms I hope will increase efficiently our forces, promote the welfare of soldiers, and provide for the nation a reserve well trained in arms, and ready on an emergency to return to their standards.

I bid you farewell for recess, with the earnest prayer that when again summoned I may rejoice with you on the re-establishment of peace in Europe.

PARIS, via LONDON, August 10.—The dictatorship anticipated with General Trachan, acting as supreme head, the Emperor being invited to return to Paris and await the reconstruction of the Government. His refusal is considered certain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A London special says that letters from Metz speak in the most undisguised way of the calamitous and fabulous incapacity of the Emperor, Marshal LeBoeuf and all the military dandies comprising the military staff of the army. The army utterly lost confidence, and the change in the command was an absolute necessity to prevent mutiny. There is no official news whatever of the whereabouts of the Prussian army.

It is stated that McMahon wanted, some days before the battle, to fire the forests in his front, through which the Germans came down so unexpectedly upon the French, but the Emperor declined to authorize the step.

It is rumored in Paris to-day that the Emperor is expected to arrive at St. Cloud *incognito*.

A new method of testing one's sobriety is suggested. If he can distinctly pronounce "veterinary surgeon" he may consider himself sober as a judge. The test is infallible.

The youngest elopement on record took place at Hudson, Mic., last week. Master Frederick Tubbs, of that town, aged 5 years, took Miss Schermerhorn, aged 3 years, combed her hair, put the doll's things in a box, and proceeded with her to the depot, where they got on the rear platform of the western bound train without being noticed, till the conductor received a despatch for them. They were put off at Osseo and returned on the next train well pleased with their trip.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 10.

Pat Davey, proprietor of the Brockton Hotel, about one mile from this city, was shot at seven o'clock last evening by a gambler named William Hopkins, who, with another named Franklin Kennedy, went to Davey's house yesterday afternoon and asked for some bread and cheese. Davey said there was none in the house, and Hopkins said he would go through and see for himself.

A quarrel ensued, and Hopkins and Kennedy, who had their wives and families with them, returned to the city, and afterwards set out again for Brocton. Davey met them at his door, and refused to let Hopkins enter. Hopkins and Davey then had a tussle in front of the house. Hopkins drew a revolver and shot Davey in the region of the lungs. The assassin got away, jumped on a horse standing near, and rode into the city up to his own house, where he shaved off his moustache and changed his clothes.

He then left the house in a buggy, and has not been seen since.

Kennedy was arrested.

Davey was alive at 4:40 p.m., but his recovery is almost impossible.

QUEBEC.

Particulars of the "L'Etoile" Disaster. All saved but five persons. Names of the Lost.

QUEBEC, August 10.

It is ascertained this morning that all the passengers and crew of the steamer *L'Etoile* are accounted for, excepting five yet missing. They are Madame Blanchet, and Narcisse Dumont, both of Riviere du Loup, a young lady of Riviere du Loup, on a visit to Lotbiniere, and the cook of the *L'Etoile*, aged 36, named Leocadie, were on board and were saved. The Captain and crew behaved well, cutting away the boat and promptly flinging life-buoys over to those who in their terror had sprung overboard. One woman saved herself by clinging to a box of live wild pigeons, which she was bringing to the market. She floated in the river all night, and was picked up exhausted at daylight alive, and the pigeons too.

The rumoured case of yellow fever at Grosse Isle turns out to be a simple case of jaundice.

The French nationalists here hold a meeting of their countrymen soon, to express sympathy with old France, their Motherland. She needs it all.

The volunteers, who took part in the recent shooting match at Montreal, have returned with several prizes.

Sir Francis Hincks is in town, at the Russell House.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Austria and Italy Arming—The French Minister and the Pope—France Consoles Herself—The French Fleet—Mr. Bright's Friends Speak—The French Government Ugly—Royal Yacht Race—Chinese and Foreigners.

LONDON, August 9.—The *Times* thinks the United States Congress made a great mistake in adjourning without heeding President Grant's suggestions, and especially without legislation for the resuscitation of its merchant navy, now perishing under fatal tariffs.

Birmingham has sent a petition to London, praying for England's neutrality.

ATHENS, via PARIS, August 9.—The Greek Government refuses to assist the English Judges sent here to investigate the circumstances of the massacre of foreigners by brigands. The British Minister has protested against the course of the Government.

MOVILLE, August 9.—The steamship *Anglia*, from New York, has arrived here.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The regatta of the Royal yacht squadron took place yesterday off Clyde. The cup was won by the schooner *Egeria*.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—In the Commons last evening Mr. Otway said the Government declined to negotiate further with the United States on the subject of the extradition of swindlers.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Late advices from Shanghai report that fears are entertained of another attack on foreigners at Yi ntsin, and gunboats there threaten to shell the city.

DUBLIN, Aug. 9.—Dr. McHale, Archbishop of Tuam, having returned from Rome, a meeting was held here last night to welcome him and to applaud his action in the Ecumenical Council, but the Archbishop disapproved of such a demonstration, and was not present. The people became disorderly, and the police interfered.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The *Official Journal*, after describing the resources and patriotic spirit of the nation, which has always been an obstacle to Prussian ambition, asks what other powers would like to see Prussia making the North and Baltic seas Prussian lakes, invading the smaller States, and acquiring a dangerous preponderance of France. Favorable signs are already apparent. England, satisfied with the categorical assurances of France, hastens to render secure the northern frontiers of France, by causing the Belgian neutrality to be respected. In Sweden, Norway and Denmark, the popular feeling is with France, and the Emperor of Russia gives proofs of the best understanding with France.

Austria and Italy are arming, and will cause embarassment to Prussia.

French diplomacy is not more idle than French arms will be, and France will prove she has not degenerated in 1870.

PARIS, eve., August 9.—The Corps Legislatif met to-day. An order of the day, directed against the Ministry, was proposed by Deputy Gament Davernois, and adopted by a large majority.

M. Ollivier asked for a suspension of the sitting for a few minutes.

The proclamation of martial law was rather a precautionary than an imperative measure, and its vigorous enforcement is not contemplated.

LONDON, 9th.—A French fleet of nine iron-clads, bound east, passed Dover today.

BERLIN, August 9.—The Prussian *Cress Gazette* protests against the attacks on England, of whose just neutrality it approves.

The North German *Gazette* is grateful for the action of South Germany, and says the Federal Government will study to reward it.

PARIS, August 9.—The correspondent of *Le Temps* describes the interview between the French Minister and Cardinal Antonelli on the 27th ult. The former having read Grammont's despatch, directing the evacuation of the Roman States by the French troops, Antonelli said imperturbately, "I will mention it to the Holy Father." "Then I may expect an answer in the evening?" enquired the Minister. The Cardinal replied, "I shall receive you with pleasure."

In the evening the Marquis DeBonneville called on the Cardinal, and the following brief colloquy took place:

Marquis—"What does his Holiness say?"

Cardinal—"He says God will provide for me. May I never see French troops again."

Marquis—"Is that all?"

Cardinal—"All."

NEW YORK, August 10—11:30 p. m.—A despatch dated Londod noon to-day says the news which was received here last night that a vote of want of confidence in the Ministry had been adopted by the Corps Legislatif and sitting suspended had just been received in that city.

The statement that Count Mountubon has been called upon to form a new Ministry is undoubtedly correct.

A correspondent in Paris writes on Monday that the proclamation of Marshall Dhilliers against forming groups in the street is nearly a dead letter. Entrances from Rue de La Paix and Rue de Havie are being barred by strong bodies of guards to prevent Olliviers palace being mobbed.

The Empress says the news from the headquarters is reassuring. The immediate danger is past. All proposed positions have been made.

The *Figaro* says that 21 divisions of French infantry and 8 of cavalry have not yet been engaged.

For the defence of Paris it is assurred, but 30,000 men are needed. There are 10,000 already in forts, and 20,000 are arriving from Cherbourg.

The National Guard can furnish 100,000 men. The garde Mobile is to be immediately incorporated with the line. Other despatches respecting the battle of Weissembourg says the two regiments that suffered most severely in attacking with the bayonet, are the King's Own Grenadiers, and the 5th fusaliers.

The Regiment of the 11th army corps recruited in electorate Brandenburg, in Nassau and Frankfort, co-operate with the regiments above named and thus for the first time fought the Prussian soldiers. The remainder of the troops engaged were Bavarians of the 2nd Bavarian army corps from Franconia.

The Wimbledon Rifle Matches.

The annual meeting at Wimbledon this year attracted an unusually large number of volunteers and sightseers. The shooting was excellent. Below we give a list of the winners of some of the principal prizes during the last ten years, including those of 1870. Her Majesty's prize of £250 and gold medal, Government Whitworth Rifles; 800, 900, and 1,000 yards; seven shots at each.

GOLD MEDALLISTS.

1860—Pvt. E. Ross, 7th North York 24 points
1861—Pvt. Topling, S. Middlesex 18 "
1862—Sergt. Pixley, Vic. Rifles.. 44 marks
1863—Sgt Roberts, 12th Shropshire 65 "
1864—Private Wyatt, London R B. 60 "
1865—Pvt Sharman, 4th West York 64 "
1866—Pt A Cameron, 6th Inverness 69 "
1867—Sergt. Lane Bristol, R. B... 57 "
1868—Lieut Carslake, 5th Somerset 65 "
1869—Corp. Cameron, 6th Inverness 71 "
1870—Corp Humphrey, 6th Surrey 66 "

2.—INTERNATIONAL ENFIELD TROPHY—VALUE £1,000, INAUGURATED 1864.

Competed for by England, Scotland and Ireland: 20 competitors from each; long Enfield rifles; 200, 500, and 600 yards; 7 shots at each.

WINNERS.

1864—England	1016 points.	Maj.	56 points
1865—Scotland	1046 "	"	18 "
1866—England	1070 "	"	11 "
1867—Scotland	1086 "	"	30 "
1868—England	1068 "	"	11 "
1869—England	1112 "	"	20 "
1870—England	1076 "	"	35 "

Ireland had no representatives in 1864 and 1866.

3.—ELCHO CHALLENGE SHIELD. VALUE £1,000. INAUGURATED 1862.

Competed for by England, Scotland and Ireland; 8 competitors from each; any rifle; 800, 900 and 1,000 yards; 15 shots at each.

WINNERS.

1862—England	890 points.	Maj.	166 points
1863—England	1082 "	"	83 "
1864—Scotland	967 "	"	17 "
1865—England	1053 "	"	2 "
1866—Scotland	1170 "	"	49 "
1867—England	1097 "	"	1 "
1868—England	1166 "	"	45 "
1869—Scotland	1149 "	"	59 "
1870—England	1166 "	"	62 "

Ireland did not compete in 1862, 1863 and 1864, and she has held second place three times, the scores this year being England, 1166; Ireland, 1104; Scotland, 1103. The highest aggregate was made by Scotland in 1866, six of the competitors using Whitworth rifles and the remaining two Wetford's.

The following description of the shield is taken from the London *Times* of July 1862: "The shield is divided into compartments, in the most prominent of which Britannia, armed and erect is represented, with the sea in the distance, and in the foreground her attendant handmaids, plenty and liberty in the lap of peace. A medallion, exquisitely drawn, of the Queen's head, separates the allegorical from the historical part of the shield, were miniature groups, suggestive of Bannockburn, Flodden, Tilbury and Wimbledon, are introduced. Just above the point of the shield stands two figures, a Highland and an English volunteer, shaking the right hand of fellowship. Those figures are among the best and most natural points of the design, a circumstance which is to a great extent accounted for by the fact that they are studies from life. The shield, in the manufacture of which a couple of years is to be occupied, is to consist of iron and gold."

The Canadian Army.

A letter signed "O," has appeared in an English contemporary, from which we take the appended extracts: "Surely nothing can be more natural than that we should give them some evidence that our good wishes have not entirely spent themselves in fair words and flattering despatches.......... We are told that it has been the policy of successive Governments to withdraw troops from the colonies, and we are reminded of what has been done in the case of New Zealand and the Cape. But there is nothing in these colonies analogous to the Fenian troubles in Canada. The difficulties of the settlers in New Zealand and at the Cape do not arise from the circumstance that they are British subjects; they would not have had one native war the less if they had been citizens of the United States, or Frenchmen, or Prussians. But the Fenian attacks are directed against Canada solely on the ground that the Canadians are British subjects....... If we announce to the Canadians that after a given date not a British soldier will be left in Canada, nor a British gunboat on the St. Lawrence or the lakes; if we intimate to them that they must never again expect us to co-operate with them in repelling the Fenians, we are doing all that lies in our power to force the Canadians to entertain the question of the expediency of severing the connection between England and Canada." A number of noblemen and gentlemen have formed themselves into a committee, under the presidency of the Duke of Cambridge, in order to signify the public appreciation of the loyalty and valour of the Canadian Volunteers in defending the frontier of the Canadian Dominion. The committee contemplate the presentation of a prize or prizes to be shot for during the present season, and they propose to invest such money as may be received beyond the cost of such prizes in the securities of the Dominion, the interest of which is to be applied to future Volunteer purposes in Canada.

THE DEAD ALIVE

Ten Hours a Corpse—The Fall of a Man's Coffin Bringing Him to Life.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Among the passengers at the Detroit and Milwaukee Depot Saturday morning was a group of three—husband, wife, and male relative—whose actions attracted the attention of Officer O'Connor, inasmuch as the husband had a ghastly expression of countenance, was kept muffled up in an overcoat and shawl, the wife was tender and solicitous, and the friend was eagerly impatient for the hour of departure. As the officer was several times appealed to for information, he at length made bold to inquire as to invalid's apparent sickness. While waiting for the train to go, and making sure that the husband wanted nothing more, the friend, whose name is William J. Bently, related to the officer a rather singular tale concerning the travellers, and our reporter had word sent to him to interview the group, and get the facts of the case from their own lips.

The invalid gave us the name of John Hart, being about 35 years old, and his home is at Great Barrington, Mass. For several years past his health has been gradually failing, he being of a consumptive turn, and about a year ago he had a shock of paralysis, which left his left arm almost useless, and somewhat disfigured his face by twitching his mouth to one side. Some two months ago, hoping that the Western climate would work a beneficial change in his health, Hart and his wife made a journey to her sister's, at Bridgeport, Wis. The bracing air seemed to work a change, and the invalid had hopes that he would soon be able to throw aside his cane. It was noticeable that his eyes had a bright expression, his skin displayed a rudy hue, and Hart felt so well in three weeks' time that he even talked of permanently locating in the West, and wrote letters looking toward the sale of his property in Massachusetts.

On the 19th of June, about nine o'clock in the evening, the family, as well as a neighbor or two who had dropped in, sat together on a verandah, conversing together at times, and again listening to the voice of a young lady, who was singing and playing upon an accordeon. Hart had felt unusually well all day, and his appearance was so much more favorable as to have been a subject of congratulation among those present. Gradually, as the young lady sang, a curious feeling came over him as he sat in a rocking chair, with his limbs stretched out at length over a stool. He describes the feeling to have been like the strange numbness that is felt when a member of the body "gets asleep," which all of us have experienced, only the feeling seemed to start first around the heart, spreading thence all over the body. There was no pain, no alarm, but the sensation was rather agreeable, as it seemed to modify all the sharp notes of the song, every word of which could be distinctly heard by Hart. After the song he heard the words of admiration expressed, and was about to make an effort to shake off the stupor when the white column of the verandah just in front of him grew dimmer and dimmer, until it faded away in the mist; and then the man's eyelids fell, and he thought to himself that he was going to sleep. Instead, he commenced to think more rapidly than before, and to feel that he ought to start right up; the voices did not die away, and he heard the farewell words of a woman who took her leave.

As she went, the group arose to go into the house, Mrs. Hart approached her husband with a "Come, John, let's go in." He could not move; his whole body felt as if asleep, and no exertion of strength or will could stir a finger. Seeing that he did not move, the wife laid her hand on his shoulder, shook him slightly, and repeated.—"Come, John, we are going to bed." He tried to move, realizing that he tried to, but he was like a stone, only feeling that he lived, and that he knew all that was transpiring around him. "John's really gone off into a nap," said the wife to the others who stood near, at the same time shaking him, and then she playfully seized the chair by the back and pulled it part way over, thinking that the fear of a fall would wake him. As the chair tipped, Hart's body fell over the arm to one side, falling as would a bag of sand, his head striking heavily against Bently, his brother-in-law, who had approached. The group immediately became alarmed, feeling of his heart, dashing water into his face, and Mrs. Hart commenced crying, saying that she believed John was dead.

They picked him up, carried him into the bed room, where his slippers and clothing were quickly removed. Hart heard every word, knew just what they did but every feeling except that in his brain was benumed, and he could not even tell when his garments were taken off, so numb and unfeeling was his flesh. While his wife and sister were getting blankets, liquor, and the like, Bently ran to the gate and sent a boy for the doctor, and Hart, through the open window, distinctly heard the words, "Tell him not to lose a single minute." The women were both weeping and lamenting, the wife reproaching herself for fancied carelessness, and Bently tried to cheer her up, saying that it was a fit of some kind, which the doctor would easily throw off. Hart did not care much feeling to himself that it would all turn out a funny joke that they could laugh over; nor was he frightened when the doctor, after feeling of his pulse, his heart, and trying in vain to open the fast-closed mouth, told Bently that the man was dead of heart disease, and that no doctor on earth could raise him.

Perhaps all of us have heard the wails and sobs that are uttered around the couch of the dead and dying, and have ourselves felt the cutting grief that comes of seeing the light of life fade out of the body and soul of a dear friend, and there is no need to tell of the scene around his bed. After a time Bently went away, and when he came back, Hart realized that a man came with him to measure "the corpse" for its coffin. Soon after several men came in, "the body" was removed to the parlor, a table was drawn out, a board brought in, and the living dead was washed and wrapped in a sheet. To show how active the mind was in the dead body, Hart stated that when the table was drawn out, one of the castors caught and tore a hole in the carpet, the sound and the result particularly impressing itself on his mind. After the body was laid out Mrs. Bently came in, and there was whispering and talking about a shroud and other ladies came, and it was finally decided to enshrud the corpse in a suit of black, a new one, and the very suit that the man had on as he gave us these facts. The men put the clothing on the corpse, lifting it this way and that, and a scar on one of the arms was noticed and spoken of.

And then there was a change in the feelings of the man. He knew that he was laid out, that his coffin was making that the windows had all been opened, and two men were "watching," talking in low tones over the sudden demise, and one of them related a similar incident that he had heard of. The brain began to numb, the voices died away to a murmur, the sounds from the streets came fainter, and the dead man felt as if swinging in the air, and at last he remembered nothing more. There was no dream, no more feeling or thinking.

Did you ever wake up quietly, of your own accord, and yet lie still, your eyes open and seeing, but your resting place so agreeable that you did not care to move, and desired to remain just so, without any harsh noise breaking the quiet spell? Well, Hart awoke just in this way. There was no sudden shock, no warning voice; but the eyes opened, the flesh resumed its feeling, the brain worked, and the man, resting on his back, on his "dead board," knew not but that he was in bed, and that his awakening was as usual. He missed his wife, and thought to himself that she had crept softly out to let him have a morning nap. He heard [illegible] heard boys shouting, heard [illegible] the house, and thought [illegible] was, as he believed it was [illegible] owing to the cloth over his [illegible] shut out the light, but [illegible] dampness had not yet [illegible] He lay there, just struggling [illegible] stupor, Hart heard slow and [illegible] approaching; they came through [illegible] through the dining room, [illegible] close up to him, and they [illegible] mation and a fall, and the dead [illegible] on his board. It was the [illegible] his coffin which had started [illegible]

BIRTH.
In Montreal, the wife of [illegible] Esq., of twins.

DIED.
In this city, on the 10th [illegible] infant son of the late T. M[illegible] aged 3 months.
Funeral to take place from [illegible] dence on Thursday at 3 p.m. [illegible] Wellington street.

LOST,
On or about the first of August, a PUPPY between two and three [illegible] Spotted liver and white, [illegible] liver, muzzle mottled [illegible] spotted, chain collar [illegible] FIVE DOLLARS REWARD [illegible] RUSSELL HOUSE.

WANTED,
A trustworthy young man [illegible] understands the Grocery [illegible] one speaking both languages [illegible] who can be well recommended. Apply at this Office, or to MOSGROVE [illegible]
Ottawa, August 10, 1870.

TO LET.
One of both [illegible] Union Block on the corner of [illegible] streets. For particulars apply [illegible] Or to [illegible] KEARNS & RYAN.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870.

WANTED,
A respectable [illegible] small family, to make [illegible] Good references indispensable [illegible]
Apply at THE TIMES Office.
August 9, 1870.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL [illegible] limited number of [illegible] conducted by Mrs. [illegible] masters, will re-open at [illegible] 1 1870.
Vacancies for two boarders [illegible] classes, both public and private [illegible] mics for ladies and all the latest [illegible] Paris and New York, will be [illegible] month of October.

FARM FOR SALE.
I. B. TACKABERRY, [illegible] structions from [illegible] South East part of Lot No. [illegible] cession, Rideau Front, containing [illegible] or less, (said lot is well timbered [illegible] with 10 acres of clearance [illegible] 0 acres of clearance. [illegible] 0 miles of the city, and [illegible] ter station, St. Lawrence [illegible] said lot will be sold by public [illegible] UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at [illegible] FRIDAY, 2nd SEP [illegible] private sale before that day.
Terms and conditions made known [illegible] sale. For particulars apply to I. B. [illegible] BERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission [illegible] Real Estate Agent.

WALTHAM WATCHES.
THE AMERICAN WATCH [illegible]
The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES [illegible] where acknowledged to be the [illegible]
TIME-KEEPERS.
Almost all other watches [illegible] pretences; not one in [illegible] of the real maker; the [illegible] security, and have, [illegible] imposed upon. On the [illegible] a Waltham Watch get a guarantee [illegible] pany, and no matter from whom [illegible] positive security that he is getting a [illegible] KEEPER.
It must be admitted that the [illegible] of watchmakers [illegible] which they can make larger profits [illegible] enterprise in the trade [illegible] and ready sale, and which [illegible] It is "small profit and quick return."
These watches can be had [illegible] (all guaranteed), the silver [illegible] coin silver, and from 1 to 4 [illegible] gold cases are made in 18 carat [illegible] 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled. [illegible] both in gold and silver, [illegible]
CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE [illegible]
These watches can be ordered of any watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion [illegible] guarantee of the Company should be [illegible] required. The Company is all [illegible] Government duty, which makes [illegible] consumer a privileged purchaser.
ROBERT WILKES, Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion, Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge [illegible] Montreal—445 St. Paul [illegible]
1397 3md

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.
I will offer for sale at the [illegible] Ottawa, on the 15th of [illegible] the following valuable timber [illegible] Kippawa
Berths, Nos. 10, 11, 12 and [illegible] square miles. Those limits [illegible] pied. My only reason for [illegible] sale is constant ill-health.
Plans of these limits, with [illegible] can be seen at Graham's, City [illegible]
Terms Half cash, balance [illegible] annual instalments, at 7 per [illegible] H. McLEAN.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870.

THE VALUABLE [illegible] Berths No. 9, [illegible] the limits of R. [illegible] Keepawa, will be offered [illegible] HOTEL, on the 15th SEPTEMBER [illegible] noon. Plan of limit [illegible] seen at the office of E. [illegible]
Terms half cash, balance [illegible] instalments, at 7 per cent [illegible]
Ottawa, August 10, 1870

BLYTH & KERR
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET.
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, [illegible] and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of [illegible] branches executed in a [illegible] workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing [illegible] up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of [illegible]" "Oecola," a splendid assortment of [illegible] Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, [illegible] Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing [illegible] Trays, Enamelled Fis [illegible] Deed Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves [illegible] makers) Hot Air Furnaces, [illegible] (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and [illegible] Ware,

FISHING TACKLE, consisting of [illegible] Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Reels, [illegible] Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870

THE REV. J. MAY'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER [illegible]
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870

LOCAL NEWS.

...HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S ...CLEARANCE SALE STILL CON... EXAMINE OUR PRICES ...SEWING. ...post free on application.

...people of Bell's Corners are to have

...Band of the 60th Rifles played last ...on Major's Hill. There was a ...assemblage of ladies and gentlemen ...Hill.

...Supply Hill the surface of the ground ...covered with small bits of ashes blown ...from the fires, as to make one im... a fall of snow had occurred.

...County Council.—The County Council ...session yesterday, and had under ...the equalization of assess... rolls of the county.

...Mica Mine.—It appears some scientific ...have been examining a bed of ...discovered in the Township of Tem...

...Grant, M.P., will present a first ...plough, finished in Mason's best ...to the Agricultural Society of the ...of Russell at the coming competi...

We are pleased to observe the great in... taken in Agricultural matters gener... in the city and surrounding counties ...is up and doing for its ... This year, Dr. Grant, M.P., ...splendid first-class plough ...in his constituency.

...been requested to state that ...scholarships in connection with the ...Grammar School will be competed ...Friday, the 12th, at 2 p.m. These ...entitle the holders to free ...all the branches taught in the ...tenable for three years.

...Rifle Association.—We ...arrangements have been made ...River Navigation Com... conveyance, at half fare, be... and Lachine, of competi... annual rifle match. We be... arrangements will be made ...lines leading to the city.

...Theatre.—We would re... our readers of the performance to be ...the Theatre to-night, for the ...of the popular comedian Johnnie ...A good programme is to be played, ...pleasant evening's entertainment ...expected.

...at the Russell House.—Wed... T. Fraser, Hamilton; J. John... Montreal; R. Stevenson, do.; J. Mor... W. Whitfield, do.; A. Mc... W. Keith, New York; W. ... London, Ont.; M. K. Dickinson, ... Mr. and Mrs. L. Russell; ...Sophia E. Clark; J. Hudson, wife ...Miss Warden; M. Lamont and ...L. Collin, Montreal; A. Ritchie.

...—Yesterday morning at about 6 ...a boy between six and seven years ...named George Smith, was drowned ...in the vicinity of the Queen's ...It appears the poor little fellow ...collecting float-wood, when he ...the small boat which he was ...sunk the last time before any at... could be made to rescue him. His ...recovered at noon.

...—We have been informed that the ...been very destructive in Ramsay ...vicinity. It appears that as in ...townships about Ottawa, woods, fields, ...barns, hay stacks and growing grain ...been destroyed. In one case a farmer ...cows burned, and on some ...as many as forty have been engaged ...time in removing grain from the ...flames.

...—Tuesday evening, about eight ...a young boy named Ben Rogers ...in the Rideau Canal, some... in the neighborhood of Mr. Lee's ...It appears that Rodgers and anoth r ...were about taking some meat ...Mr. Lee's, when they stopped to ...neither of them, however, being ...Rogers accidentally got into ...notwithstanding the efforts ...to save him, was drowned. The ...boy is the son of a widow ...Creek. He, himself, was ...a butcher in town. The body ...about fifteen minutes after ...

...—The fires in the vicinity of Otta... still raging, and threaten to do ...damage if not speedily check... heavy fall of rain. On every side ...of smoke can be seen rising up ...burning fields and woods, and on ...observation from an emin nce, ...destruction appears frightful. ...have now almost reached ...shore of the Rideau ...opposite Sandy Hill, and the ...crops of farmers in that vicinity ...danger of being destroyed. ...quarter we hear of the terrible ...being done by the fires.

...—The alarm of fire was ...night, about 9 o'clock, and ...magnitude of the fire seemed ...warranted the other bells of ...city to follow suit, which they did ...simultaneously. The fire engines ...and prepared to start to the ...of the fire; the streets were crowded ...and women of every grade ...evacuated; and, in fine, a ...rush was made in the direc... of the flames but only to see a pile ...the result of the improve... on Major's Hill, burning briskly in ...on the western side of ... Those curious people who ...a big fire were very much dis...

...Down, and Well Proposed.—We ...pleasure that Weatherall Wright, ...presented the Rev. Mr. Johnson ...with a lot in that village, which is to ...of the Rev. gentleman's rectory. ...proposed to get up a moonlight pic... open air concert on Mr. Haycock's ...in Hull, the proceeds of which are ...devoted towards the construction of ... The really generous gift of ...Wright is only in keeping with his well ...character, and the popularity of the Rev. Mr. Johnson among all classes will ensure a profitable, as well as one of the most select and charming evening's entertainment of the season.

Police Court.—Wednesday.—Joseph Payet, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined $2 and costs.

Lucinda Gelly was found drunk on Major's Hill—fined $2 and costs or 2 weeks in gaol at hard labor.

John Bradley was found lying on Clarence street under the influence of liquor. He begged hard to be let go, but being his second appearance at the Police Court within a short time, he was fined $2 and $1 costs, or one week in gaol.

Olivier Lariviere was charged with assaulting a woman named Bennett. The evidence not supporting the charge the case was dismissed to be paid by complainant.

John German was charged with obtaining money under false pretences from the firm of Hatton & Eerley. Though Germain was certainly culpable in the eyes of simple justice, yet, when legal argument was brought to bear upon the case, the evidence was declared insufficient. Mr. Mosgrove appeared for defendant. The case was dismissed without costs.

Geo. Moss was called, but did not appear. He has left the country. Mr. Ross moved to have his recognizances estreated. Those who went surety for Mr. Moss are, W. H. Baldwin and Wm. Cowan, in $200 each.

Angelic Leclaire charged with selling liquor without license, did not appear, and a warrant was issued for her apprehension.

Wm. Rielly, charged with keeping a disorderly house, did not appear. Warrant issued.

Excursion to Butternut Grove.—The St. George's Society had as fine a day yesterday for their pic nic and excursion as could be wished for. Though the weather in the city with the thermometor at 90° in the shade was oppressively hot, yet on the beautiful Ottawa with a good breeze blowing, the temperature was pleasant, and at Butternut Grove there was every opportunity for obtaining shelter from the rays of the sun beneath the umbrageous trees. At an early hour the favorite steamer *Alexandra* was provisioned, decorated and generally put in order to receive her load of pleasure seekers. At eight o'clock the *Alexandra* was in waiting at the Queen's wharf. Carriage after carriage, full of both sexes, drove down and went on board the steamboat, and a continuous stream of ladies and gentlemen on foot continued to arrive until, and for a while after the time for starting. A little after 8 o'clock the four handsome street cars, the first containing Gowan's band, and the other three crammed almost to suffocation with people, drove slowly down to the brow of the hill above the wharf, and augmented the number of persons on board the boat so greatly that all wished, for comforts sake at least, the boat should shove off, and be content with her cargo for that time. She did not delay long; Gowan's band struck up a stirring air, the *Alexandra* was loosed from the wharf, and with as heavy a load of human beings as she has ever carried, glided slowly down the Ottawa. The gallant sons and fair daughters of Old England were in the height of good spirits, and went off on their pleasant trip with that gaiety which has awarded Old England the traditionary epithet of "Merry." And if we may judge by our experience of yesterday, she is richly entitled to that adjective. Every person on the boat seemed to have come with a determination to enjoy the day, entirely discarding every thought of business or care of any kind that might detract from the pleasure which they hoped to share. This is the wisest, and in fact the only way to enjoy the holiday. About a quarter of an hour after the boat had left the wharf there were about 150 disappointed would be excursionists gathered on the hill above. They wore a not very pleasant expression of countenance as they pured down the river bank, endeavoring to catch a glimpse of the *Alexandra* or of the Union Jacks which floated from her. But the only consolation afforded them was the prospect having an opportunity of going down on the second trip, and they went away determined to be in time for it; yet at 2 o'clock an equal number of people were disappointed. The boat was again crowded, and did not delay many moments after the announced time for starting.

The Pic-Nic at Butternut Grove was the most successful affair of the kind which has taken place this year. Butternut Grove is 24 miles from the city, down the Ottawa, and as its name indicates is a beautiful piece of ground, studded principally with large spreading butternut trees, and is the best place that could be selected for a pic nic. It is the property of Mr. Fellowes. Yesterday it presented a lively scene, there being not less than 1,200 persons enjoying themselves among its shady avenues. A fine platform was erected for those who wished to enter the Therpsicorean list, and dancing was kept up briskly until the time of departure. The games were severally carried out, and all passed off pleasantly and satisfactorily without the slightest mishap or drawback occurring. The arrangements were all well made and the management was faultless. The happy excursionists and pic-nicers arrived at the Queen's wharf a little after 11 o'clock at night, in the *Alexandra* and *Rover*, the former capacious steamer being unable to accommodate all the passengers. Again we must say that the St. George's Society's Pic-Nic was the most successful of the season.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12) CENTS GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

LOST.

On Saturday night a CHEQUE, dated 6th AUGUST, made by Messrs McLaughlin Bros. in favor of Joseph Bailey, payable at the Quebec Branch Bank, Ottawa.

The Public are cautioned not to negotiate said Cheque, as payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Any person finding the same and leaving it at St. Louis Hotel, Church street will be generously rewarded.

Ottawa, 8th August 1870. 1429-1

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No. 3 Sparks street.

Ottawa, ... 18, 1870

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON, Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE —BETWEEN— *QUEBEC AND MONTREAL*

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North shore of the River St Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors, JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE. Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE. Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $256 per annum.

President—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1429-1y

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectfully invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.........$300,000.

Canada Head Office—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £81 10s. Total outlay by assured, £... the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £... 2s sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £31 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $485 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA, HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The classes in the above school will be resumed on WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.

FACULTY.

J THORBURN, M. A. Head Master.
J McMILLAN, B. A. 1st Assist. Master.
REV. T D PHILLIPS, 2nd " "
W CARTER, 3rd " "
MONS GUAY, French Master.

W H WALKER, Secretary, Trustee Board.

Ottawa 5th August, 1870. 1426-5

FOR SALE.

A NEW AND NEAT COTTAGE, ON THE MACKAY ESTATE,

Within fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway, beautifully situated, overlooking HEMLOCK LAKE AND THE OTTAWA RIVER, With stabling and one or more acres of land attached.

Price, with one acre, One Thousand Dollars. One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments at 7 per cent.

For particulars apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, August 4, 1870. 1425 3

W. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the Union Forwarding and Railway Co., to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY all communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1430 6

By ... McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At the residence of JAMES ALLAN, Esq., on Metcalfe street, near the Methodist Chapel, on TUESDAY the 9th August, instant, at 2 o'clock p. m.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, And Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1429-td

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.

Apply to A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1431tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS —AND— *HABIT MAKERS*

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

WANTED

A WOMAN of good character and experienced in house-keeping generally; also a SERVANT GIRL as assistant, must be cleanly and tidy, to take charge of an extensive farm house, near the city. Liberal wages will be given, and employment by the year.

Address— Box, 179, Ottawa Post Office.

Ottawa, August 1st. 1423-1w

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE, In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER, In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT, In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF BONNETS, HATS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, and SHAWLS, COMMENCING SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their MANTLE, MILLINERY, AND Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS —IN— FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY, 31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic-Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1344 3m

Ripe Bananas, Ripe Pine Apples, A splendid lot of ... Verbenas, ...Lilies, Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN, ASSISTED BY *An Efficient Staff of Teachers.*

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 29th, 1870.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MRS. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400-1

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c.

It not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 f. per 24 hours. There is about twenty six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 240,000 logs and right of boomage at ...

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 30e of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 10e of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m. the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 9?, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 14 2td

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

Mr. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An ... of the above just opened out, all of ... manufacture, also G... Fruit Jars, E... and Brass Preserve Kettles, R... Baths and Water Coolers, At "Capital" Stove Depot, H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS, BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS, CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street, H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.*

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE

STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE.

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, *Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa*

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET

THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises. 1426-1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES, AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot AT COST PRICE,

On and after WEDNESDAY, 6th July

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats, For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait, For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets, For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS.

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

WANTED

An active CANVASSING AGENT, for a Life Assurance Company.

Address by letter— Box 394, Ottawa Post Office.

August 2. 1424-1w

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES!
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS 1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS; The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the makers, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

6th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT.,

$2 00 per gallon; $5 00 per dozen

ALSO, Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER FROM PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN. Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1284

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa

July 25th, 1870. 1419-td

AN ENGLISH LADY

Of the Established Church, capable of giving instruction in English, French, Music, Singing and Drawing, wishes for an engagement as resident Governess.

Address, L. B.— Post Office, Levis, Quebec.

August 3.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 11, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra		7 00	@	7 25
	Strong Bakers	7 00	@	7 25
	No. 1	7 00	@	0 00
	No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
	Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
	" Spring "	3 50	@	00
	Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
	Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
	Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
	Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
	Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.		0 00	@	1 20
	Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.		0 65	@	0 70
	Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
	Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
	Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK	Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
	Prime Mess per do.	24 00	@	00 00
	Prime	none.		
	Pork, (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
	Hams	0 13	@	0 16
	Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
	Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 11
	Veal	0 05	@	0 07
	Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
	Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
	Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
	Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
	Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table		20	@	0 25
	No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
	No 2	0 00	@	0 00
	Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
	Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new		0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton		12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton		4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)		0 00	@	0 00
	Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
	Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
	Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides				
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp		7 00	@	
	No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
	No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
	Gr. on Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

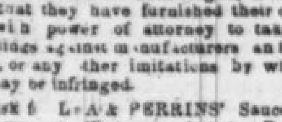
Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



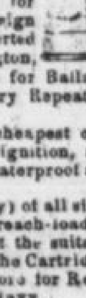
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 42v123b law

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry and Martini-Henry Rifles of .4 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of 500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street
Otthwa, May 20, 1870

TENDERS.

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa 14th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.
MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awlm lawk&m

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Pr of of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q.C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other states, for persons from any State or Country, legal every where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or o

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS
TRADE-MARK
ANCHORA VIRTUE VALET
GARDNER MONTREAL
AND GROCERS
throughout

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

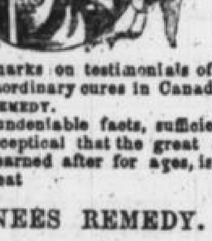
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

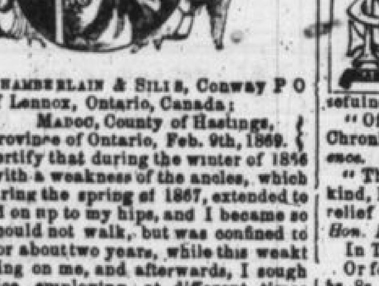
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope, less, and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-v

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 60c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
16 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

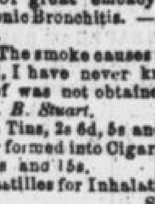
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1416 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville. Ont.. June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1433. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

... WHELAN, ... RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA ... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT ... (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) ... at VERY LOW PRICES a large ... stock, comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... and Pine Salt. Also, ... their Vinegars. ... PORK, PICKLED SALMON, ... HERRINGS, ... other articles necessary to con... stock.

... Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... fresh and cheap. ... Coffee ground and roasted daily on ... premises. ... Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy and other brands. ... GIN—... Kuyper's and Rostuans's, a wood ... Sherries, all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, imported by age. ... WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ... at extremely low prices. ... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Whiskey. ... Porter, pts and qts. ... all grades. ... SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ... BELOW COST. ... 1165

... FOR SALE ... Terms a Stock of ... GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, ... together with the ... STORE, ... ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, ... Carried on by ... & CO, ON SPARKS-ST ... In Ottawa. ... G. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal, ... BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa. 1347tf

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY ... under Chapter LXVII of the ... Statutes of Canada ... G P Drummond's Exchange ... 19 Sparks street. ... DIRECTORS: ... D C THOMSON, Treasurer ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... 1141tf

... WASHING COMPOUND, ... is equalled by any other, for ... Soft Soap, and some of them of a ...

... TRAINING INFORMATION. ... can be made ... walk after him in ... without the slightest ... All accomplished in one day. ... CORNS at a cheap rate, without ...

... INSURANCE COMPANY ... Head Office, Toronto. ... Hon John Hillyard Cameron ... PROVINCIAL INSURANCE ...

... SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK ... BOOT AND SHOE STORE ... YORK STREET. ... ARTHUR ...

... UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL. SESSION 1870-'71. ... FACULTY OF LAW ... FACULTY OF MEDICINE ... FACULTY OF ARTS ... SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS ... W C BAYNES, B.A., Secretary McGill University.

... OF THE LISTS ... of Profits of the past five ... 30th April last. ... CANADA ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847. ... APPLICATIONS ... PERFECTED on or ... THE 17TH MAY, ... of the closing year. A G RAMSAY, Manager.

... To Let. ... TO RENT. ... COTTAGE, ... W. H. BULLER.

... GRAMMAR SCHOOL. ... the above school will be resumed ... THE 10TH INST. ... FACULTY. ... Head Master. ... Assist. Master. ... W H WALKER, Secretary, Trustee Board. 1426-5

... printed and published ... TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ... at the Office 33 ... Ottawa, ... Director.

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. d3w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Sussex-street—that recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, ... Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Mages & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1429-1y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE *CLOTHING DEPARTMENT*

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED at this Department, until noon on the 20th of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Works:

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell. Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin. Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

☞ The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30					
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK,

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

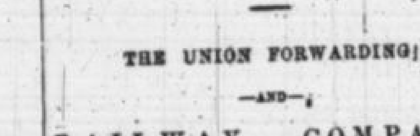
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON," ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG

Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

☞ SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents
NEW Mohair Stripe,	12½ cents,
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SIKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

☞ *It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.*

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c, &c)
LACES, Black and White Blond.
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street

LINDSAY — CUNNINGHAM — CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS.

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

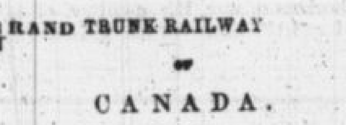
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed.

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 pm

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street:

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations,	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1424tf

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Hamilton complains of dust.

Chatham has had a freshet.

Stratford says the hotel business in that town is most remunerative.

Toronto has recovered from its civic holiday.

The city schools of London, Ont., have re-opened.

Laborers' strikes afflict St. John, N. B.

The latest from St. Kitt's—a moonlight promenade.

The St. John's Church, Peterboro, is at last free from debt.

The London *Free Press* and *Advertiser* are exchanging irony.

The Canada Temperance Union meets in Montreal on the 6th September.

The Beaverton *Expositor* has a correspondent named Moosehiemaguntic ook.

St. Catherine's papers manufacture bogus war news.

Garafaxa has more wolves than any township in Canada.

St. Catherines calls other places of the same size "country places." Nothing like impudence, is there?

A Montreal merchant has had his pocket picked by a disreputable character.

London the little is to have a civic holiday on the 20th inst.

A postmaster is wanted for Sarnia.

Montreal exclaims against its bad sidewalks. We can sympathise.

The United States Harvard boat crew have been in Montreal.

London the little has a woman who smashes windows as a consolation for overwhelming grief.

Now has Kingston two marine accidents to boast of.

Kingston is annoyed at the Wilmore Burlesque troupe passing without giving a performance.

Several of our contemporaries are agitating the question, "Where will the cataract of Niagara be in five thousand years?"

Hamilton boasts that the root crop in its neighborhood will be very heavy.

An angler lately caught forty eight bass and eight pike, in Hamilton Bay.

All is peace and quietness in Quebec.

Montreal has an advertising medium in the shape of an Indian in full dress.

Brockville is going to try concrete pavements.

A new photographic establishment is an excitement in Watertown, Ont.

Peterboro lately sent to Montreal for a brass founder to consult about waterworks.

The Dundas *Banner* says certain Hamilton papers have been doing lofty tumbling.

A councillor of Dundas is under arrest for stealing a by-law which had been adopted against his wishes.

It is expected that next week there will be over one thousand visitors and excursionists in Orilila.

Belleville rejoices in delightfully cool evenings and nights. Happy Belleville.

Western papers say wild plums are more than usually plentiful this year.

The deaf and dumb asylum at Belleville is rapidly approaching completion.

Nine schooners lately arrived at Collingwood, with wheat from Chicago.

Work has commenced on the Agricultural Society's Exhibition buildings at Mile End, Montreal.

"The apple-trees round the mountain," Montreal, look exceedingly well, and are laden down with luscious looking fruit.

Beyond the acknowledgment of the reception of some green corn by the editor, there is no local news in the Prescott paper.

Brantford papers are quarelling whether the dinner given in their town to the Press Association, was a good one or not.

The Huntingdon *Gleaner*, which has been suspended some weeks, on account of the incendiary fire, which totally destroyed the office and plant, has reappeared again.

THE CROPS.

The following is condensed from a lengthy report in the London *Evening Herald* of the crops along the line of the Great Western Railway:—

STONEY POINT.—Crops of all kinds in this district never looked better.

GRIMSBY.—Fall wheat thin and short, and not much sown. Spring wheat is a good crop.

BEACHVILLE.—Fall wheat rather poor—average yield will be about fifteen bushels per acre. Spring wheat is generally good.

JORDAN.—Fall wheat will hardly be more than half a crop. Spring wheat looks well, and will be up to the average.

DORCHESTER.—Fall wheat very light, and will not likely yield more than eight or ten bushels per acre. Spring wheat is very good.

WINDSOR.—In this neighborhood a fair quantity of wheat has been sown, and the yield is estimated at twenty-one bushels to the acre.

PARIS.—Fall wheat will hardly be an average crop, and is somewhat rusted. Spring wheat will give a good average crop.

BOTHWELL.—There is much less fall wheat sown than in former years, but the yield will be fair—say from twenty-five to thirty bushels an acre. A large quantity of spring was sown, and the crop promises well.

CHATHAM.—Wheat, oats and barley about Chatham promise more than an average crop, but the recent rains will cause great loss in harvesting, the grain being levelled with the ground.

WOODSTOCK.—Fall wheat was not much sown and is very poor. Spring wheat gives promise of a fair crop. Barley good in high land, but poor in low land—average crop twenty-five bushels per acre.

ST. CATHARINES.—Fall wheat is pretty good, but the yield will not be above twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre. Spring wheat was largely sown, and will average from eighteen to twenty bushels per acre. Oats are a very good crop. Barley was somewhat injured, and will only yield about twenty bushels to the acre. Hay is very light.

LONDON.—The fall wheat was extensively injured during the winter, and was ploughed up considerably, and the crop will be light. A much larger quantity than usual of spring wheat was sown, and there will be a good crop. Oats were planted extensively, and promise to be above the general yield.

INGERSOLL.—The crops in this neighborhood never looked better excepting fall wheat, which was largely ploughed up, as it was injured during the winter. The estimated average yield will be—Spring wheat, twenty bushels, peas, twenty-three bushels, barley, twenty-seven bushels, and oats, thirty-eight bushels per acre.

The young Duke de Feltre, Marquis Rochefort, Vicount Sainte Marie, and M. Georges de Heeckeren, are named among the recent volunteers for the French army.

M. Littre, the French academician, well-known as one of the leading followers of Comte, in spite of his very advanced years, takes great interest in current events in France. In a private letter to a friend in New York he writes of being sorely vexed about this "abominable war."

Marriage in the Mammoth Cave.

The great hymenial celebration which converted Miss Butler into Mrs. Geo. Ames, has been quite thrown into the shade by a wedding which was celebrated in the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, a few days since. The happy couple were Miss Lena Orenduff, of Breckenridge, and Mr. Charles E. Calvert, of Louisville. All the ladies of the party were in Cave costume, viz: short skirt and Turkish trowsers. The altar was magnificent, being composed of a number of stalactites and stalagmites, placed in a room 80 feet square and 15 feet high. One hundred uninvited loafers attended. The twain were made one after being reminded by the parson that "though in the caverns of the earth, they were still in the sight of Almighty God." Pretty soon anything like a bridal novelty will be out of the question. Couples have been married in balloons, upon the tops of mountains, in carriages, and in caverns—but no knot, to the best of our knowledge, has ever been tied upon a tight rope stretched across Niagara. Here is a change for any brace intending holy matrimony to distinguish themselves. Bride and groom, bridesmaids and groomsmen, as well as the clergyman officiating, would be forced to practice for a year or so before the auspicious day, and so would the waiters entrusted with the delicate task of serving a banquet on a string—but what fame, honor, and glory, would be won by all concerned in such a novelty! And if the blushing bride should fall off and be drowned, what an escape for the groom, and what a thrilling item for the newspapers.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

CHIT CHAT FOR THE LADIES

Most ladies are artists now-a-days. The majority of them paint.

A Wisconsin family is said to be rapidly drinking up one the Saratoga Springs.

Bondout, (N. Y.), young ladies are organizing a society for the encouragement of young men who desire to marry.

A Pittsburgh female was lately scalped in a row with three others. She lost $50 worth of hair.

The city of Boston owns 97 pianos, valued at $33,000. They are in public schools.

"What brutes your Southern men are; always smoking cigars," said a young lady to a Creole miss. "Yes, but your Northern men, in Maine you know smoke herrings," was the quite reply.

Detroit has a boat club of young ladies who go out rowing twice a week, and are put through a regular course of training.

A female factory operative in Maine, died a short time since from the use of jute switches. The autopsy revealed the fact that the skull had been perforated by vermin, and the brain partially eaten away.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "We have had another trial in this city of a woman indicted as a 'common scold,' and, what is most extraordinary, the lady pleaded guilty when she was arraigned.

San Francisco develops the latest "servant-galism," one of the tribe writing to her would-be mistress: "Its the *stile* now in San Francisco for the girls to get reference from the master and mistress, but I don't know anything about yours."

While Olive Logan was stopping at Sacramento, the blondes playing at the Metropolitan Theatre, who stopped at the same hotel, manifested their regard for her by covering the door with programmes, bills, etc., of the troupe.

A Memphis paper says: "The divorce market is quite lively in Memphis, and the only reason that there are no sensational divorces talked about in this city, *a la* Chicago, is that newspapers have the good sense to remain silent on those things, which should be confined as much as possible to the immediate family circle."

PERSONAL.

Vanderbilt had fifteen children by his first wife, eleven of them daughters.

General Sigel is recovering from his late indisposition.

Mrs. Burlingame will return to America early in September.

Dr. Nelaton accompanies the French Emperor, with his professional staff.

The Sandwich Islanders invite immigration from Brooklyn by the passage of an Indiana divorce law.

A diving belle, Miss Clara Duffy by name, practically illustrates swimming's rights at Cape May.

Boston chronicles a resident who has started on his second century with a fair prospect of completing it.

Rev. Olympia Brown was proposed in the Connecticut Legislature as commander of the State militia.

Rev. Addison Ballard, of Detroit, has accepted a brief engagement at Plymouth Church during Mr. Beecher's absence.

Mike McCoole, the prize fighter, is slowly recovering from the wound in the arm from the accidental shooting in his saloon some time ago.

General Magruder is canvassing in Texas for the Ladies' Memorial Association of Fredericksburg, for the removal and reinterment of the Confederate dead in Virginia.

SPORTING

Delegates from all parts of Canada are in town to attend the National Association, which opens at the Mercantile Library Hall this morning at ten o'clock. The Montreal Gymnastic Club courteously offers delegates the free use of the Gymnasium during their stay in this city.

At the great Lacrosse matches to take place on the Montreal Lacrosse Grounds this afternoon, our citizens will see a fine display of Lacrosse skill under the auspices of the National Association, which guards the interests of the game and clubs according to the strict letter of the law.

The annual match between Upper and Lower Canada has been won by the latter, but a keen contest is looked for to-day. The Caughnawaga Club will play a picked white team, and that irrepressible genius, Captain Bill, head Chief of the Senecas, will appear in his magnificent war costume, and, if possible, will have the war dance performed. We hope to-morrow afternoon will show an immense gathering of those of our citizens who admire Lacrosse and are anxious to encourage an association designed to foster fair play.

In Detroit, Michigan, recently, a Fenian placard was issued, which wound up with the usual "God save the Green." Some wag, with an eye to truth, affixed the word "horns" after the "green," thus making it read, "God save the Greenhorns."

A patent device for economizing fuel has recently been put into operation. It consists of a hopper and a mill for grinding coals, reducing the fuel to fine dust, which is carried by the blower into the furnace with air enough to produce immediate combustion. The coal dust leaps into the flame like a flake of powder. It is claimed that this device saves 33 per cent. of the expense of making steam. It is urged that steam can be generated in one-half the time required by the ordinary use of fuel. It requires about two horse power to move this patent machinery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Notice to Contractors.—F. Braun.
Seminary for Young Ladies.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 34, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1870.

We understand that Sir George E. Cartier will return to Ottawa on Monday.

The late cashier of the Bank of Nova Scotia proves to have been a defaulter to the amount of £20,000.

Mr. F. H. Burton, M.P., and Mr. G. A. Kirkpatrick, M.P., are in town, at the Russell House.

At the recent Provincial Rifle Match a prize was obtained by Lieut. McNabb, of the Ottawa Field Battery, and good shooting made by Captain Cotton and Sergeant Harris of the Garrison Artillery.

The P. E. I. *Examiner* of Aug. 1, says, "We have the pleasing authority of Dr. Hobkirk to announce Sir John A. Macdonald quite convalescent, and rapidly recovering his health and strength."

A letter was received in this city yesterday from Sir John A. Macdonald, containing satisfactory intelligence as to his progress towards recovery. We believe that this is the first letter written by the Premier since his illness. The sea-bathing, together with the fresh sea breezes, is doing much to restore his general strength.

The Kingston *Whig* says Col. Wiley has been in town for the past three days, receiving over from the Imperial Authorities on behalf of the Dominion Government, the different fortifications in and around Kingston. Fort Henry, the Market Battery and the Towers have been handed over, and are now the property of our Government.

The last of the French army of occupation left the Papal States on Tuesday for Marseilles, and the Holy City is now abandoned to its Zouaves for protection against the dreaded Garibaldians. When the despatch announcing the recall of the French troops was read to the Pope, His Holiness exclaimed: "God will provide for me. May I never see French troops again." This remark was officially communicated by Cardinal Antonelli to the French Minister.

When Marshal McMahon in his despatch says that he "expects a great strategic advantage from the advance of the enemy into French territory," we cannot help being reminded of John Phœnix's description of a fight in which he was once engaged. "I kept the fellow down," said he "by inserting my nose firmly between his teeth and holding it there!"

It is gratifying to notice the steady increase in the receipts of the Grand Trunk Railway. It is an evidence not only of the prosperity of the line, but it also speaks well for the general trade of Canada. The following figures show the receipts of the week ending July 16, in each of the years mentioned:—

1859	£7,692;	miles open	880
1860	10,430;	" "	970
1861	12,903;	" "	1,090
1868	23,650;	" "	1,377
1869	26,700;	" "	1,377
1870	29,000;	" "	1,377

The respectable people of New York must have regarded the public parade which occurred there at the funeral of the murderer Real, as an insult to common decency. Real had for years been a notorious rowdy, he murdered a police officer in a most cowardly manner, and yet, after he had been hung, his body, covered with beautiful hot house flowers, lay in state in church, while six or seven thousand persons were admitted to see the remains. For two or three hours did the New Yorkers pass before his coffin, murmuring their regrets at his untimely end, and doing homage to crime and lawlessness by paying such unusual respect to the remains of one who had just received the meet reward of his cowardly crime. The tendency in the United States now-a-days is to elevate every murderer who receives his deserts into a martyr, and to strew the spot to the gallows with the flowers of Fame. The Real funeral, however, was a more disgraceful affair than usual, and was simply a deliberate insult to respectable New Yorkers, and, in fact, to civilization in general.

THE SEIZURE OF CANADIAN VESSELS.

Although no official action has as yet been made public in regard to the seizure of the two Canadian vessels by the Customs House authorities from Detroit, we believe that there is little doubt that the seizure was clearly illegal, and that this fact will easily be made manifest to the United States Government. We have on several previous occasions alluded to this matter, and have explained the circumstances which occurred. In doing so we took occasion to allude to the valuable services rendered by Mr. McMicken, who hastened to the spot as soon as the seizure had been made, when his intimate knowledge of the frontier and of all the old boundary marks, enabled him to see at once not only that the vessels had been illegally seized, but that the new ship channel which the Americans have for two years been constructing, is actually within Canadian territory! It must be remembered that although Mr. McMicken thus discharged the duties of a boundary commissioner and did so in an exceedingly efficient and energetic manner he received no extra pay for doing so, although the result of his exertions will probably be to save many thousands of dollars to Canada. For many years Mr. McMicken has been one of our most zealous public servants, and is constantly, by acts like these, increasing the debt of gratitude which the country owes him.

An Ohio hotel porter challenges the world to a trunk-smashing match for $50 a side and the championship.

THE BATTLES OF LAST WEEK.

It has now become possible to form some idea of the true nature of the military operations which occurred last week, between the French and Prussian armies near the frontier line, and although there can be no doubt that the latter gained an advantage, it was not so decisive or important as it at first sight appeared to be. In another column we give a small plan of the country in which the fighting took place, with the original positions of the various French corps. Commencing at the extreme left, we find the Fourth Corps, under General Ladmirault, in front of Thionville, a town on the railway, about six miles from the frontier. At Metz the railway branches off in two directions, one line proceeding through Thionville and Luxembourg to Namur and finally to Brussels, the other through St. Avold and Saarbruck to Frankfort. At this important point, was the Third Corps, under Marshal Bazaine, capable, as it will be seen, of affording support either to the left wing at Thionville, or to the centre, consisting of the Second (General Froissard's) Corps, which occupied St. Avold. The Sixth Corps was at Bitsche, on the right flank and in rear of the centre, forming a connecting link between the centre and Marshal McMahon's corps at Strasburg. The Eighth Corps, under the Emperor Napoleon in person, was held in reserve in rear of the town of Metz. In order to understand what really occurred, it will be necessary to bear these facts in mind. The Prussians were stationed all along the frontier line from Trior, opposite Thionville, through Saarbruck, the left resting on a point beyond Weissemburg, and in the vicinity of the River Rhine.

The French Emperor, determined to force the fighting, conceived the idea of breaking the Prussian centre, and at the same time making a demonstration against their left. In accordance with this plan of action the Second Corps advanced from St. Avold, skirmished with the enemy at Forbach and other places, and finally captured Saarbruck or Saarbrucken on Tuesday the 2nd inst. In the course of the following night, however, General Froissard heard some premonitory whispers of the storm so soon to break upon the right of the French position, and thought it most prudent to evacuate Saarbruck and occupy Weissenburg and other points on the French side of the frontier. On Wednesday the whole of the Prussian left wing, which had been strongly reinforced, advanced suddenly through the wooded country in front of Weissenburg, and after a desperate fight succeeded on Thursday in carrying the position at the point of the bayonet. The French fell back upon Bitsche, where they were reinforced by General De Failly's *corps d'armee*. On Friday the latter advanced upon Weissenbourg, but was driven back upon Metz, while General Froissard, who had again occupied a position in front of Saarbruck, was also driven back upon the same point by the Prussian centre. Meanwhile Marshal McMahon had advanced along the railway from Strasbourg to Haguenau where he was attacked by the Crown Prince, driven back upon Saverne, a town on the Metz and Strasbourg railway, and cut off from all communication with the rest of the army for the time being. It will thus be seen that out of the six French *corps d'armee* only the first under Marshal McMahon, the second under General Froissard, and the fifth under General De Failly, were actually engaged, while the Prussians had no less than five corps employed in these operations.

The present position of the French army, or rather its position up to Tuesday night last was as follows: The Fourth Army Corps still occupied its old position at Thionville, the Second, Third, Fifth and Eight Corps were concentrated in and around Metz, the Fifth Corps under Marshal McMahon, was at Saverne falling back before the Prussian left wing upon the main army, which may possibly swing round upon its left and retreat upon Nancy, the left then resting upon the fortified city of Metz the present centre; the centre at Nancy, and the river Moselle along the front. The Prussian position on Tuesday extended from opposite Thionville through St. Avold and Bitsche to Haguenau. Thus it will be seen that the centre and right of the French army were driven in upon their supports, with some considerable loss in men, material of war and prestige, but to suppose that the power of France is altogether overthrown is simply absurd. The disaster is generally supposed to have been the consequence of that indecision of character which ill health and advancing years have produced in Napoleon. When we remember that Metz is only about twenty miles from the frontier, it seems extraordinary that neither of the two corps lying at that point nor any portion of them, were sent to the assistance of the 2nd or 6th corps on the night of Thursday or morning of Friday last, for although the Prussians were massed in front of Thionville, there was no indication of an attack being made in force. The two armies are now preparing for the great battle which probably must soon be fought in front of Nancy and Metz.

THOSE TELEGRAMS.

Our morning contemporary is still sorely exercised concerning his telegrams, and is at his wits' end to discover where the TIMES obtains its telegraphic news. We presume that he believed the representations made by the Montreal Telegraph Company, to the effect that no midnight telegrams could be furnished by any other line. We repeat, however, that we obtain ours from the People's Line, and although we do not like to follow our contemporary's example and brag about enterprise, &c., we may be allowed to point to the superiority of our telegraphic news, as evidence that we do not copy it from the *Citizen*, as that journal alleges. If any other evidence were required to prove this, we might allude to the fact that yesterday morning, the TIMES was published in time for the mails, while the *Citizen* did not make its appearance until some time afterwards. How could we have copied our telegrams from a paper which was not published when the TIMES went to press? The telegrams furnished by the People's Line are as a general thing far more intelligible and readable than those of the Montreal monopoly, and will in a few days be still more so.

Arkansas has a paper called the *Magnolia Flower*.

The London *Times*, organ of the English Plutocracy, has been lecturing the Queen again. The London *Telegraph* replies as follows:

Complaints—wanting alike as it seems to us in loyalty, in delicacy, and in just consideration—have been put forth in certain quarters because the Queen is absent from London at this juncture. At no time has her Majesty shown herself indifferent to the responsibilities devolving upon her position; but at a moment like the present, when, while her heart saddened by the horrors of war, the country of her husband and the Court of her kinsman are engulphed in the terrible conflict, it cannot be needful to say how much her attention and feelings are engaged. If therefore, being so deeply moved—having, as everybody knows, already been in imperfect health—she seeks a little repose to strengthen her for duties to come, it must be cruel to her womanhood, as well as disloyal to her dignity, to assail her retirement with these complaints. Her Majesty does well to reinforce herself for the serious cares which may shortly come upon her. Her person, always dear to her people, is precious to-day in the eyes of Peace itself; and she may be assured that these unbecoming assaults upon her judgment and excellent feeling are nowhere echoed in her realm, which knows that the Sovereign has never yet proved wanting at the call of queenly duty.

CELEBRITIES OF THE WAR

PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES.

Prince Frederick Charles, a son of Prince Charles, the brother of King William is, however, decidedly the most talented and interesting member of the Royal House of Prussia. He is now 42 years old, and is a cavalry officer of great distinction. He commenced his military career in 1848 with the Black Hussars, and wears to this day the Hussar uniform by preference. He distinguished himself in the Schleswig war—1864—by storming the fortifications of Duppel, and commanded an army corps in 1866 under the King.

A few stories told about him will sufficiently indicate the resolution, independence, and originality of his character. When his cousin, the present Emperor of Russia, came to Berlin on a visit after the Crimean war, he would not call on him because Russia had concluded a dishonorable peace.

During a visit at Paris he rode out with the Emperor Napoleon when his horse became restive and almost unmanageable. Napoleon advised him to send for another one, when the Prince answered him, "Sire, une fois engage je ne cederal pas"—(once engaged I never give way)—the Emperor's own words to Prince Albert when the latter tried to persuade him from the Crimean war. The Prince is not only a first class and brilliant cavalry officer but he is also a military author and created a particular sensation several years ago by a pamphlet in which he advocated the greatest individual development of the Prussian soldier, criticising severely the former Prussian system as having a tendency to make the soldier a mere machine. His comparisons of the French and Prussian armies, their style of fighting, &c., and his relentless criticisms, caused the Prussian Government to suppress this pamphlet, but it was used in at once introducing many of the ideas, principles, and improvements advocated by him.

Amongst all the royal princes he is the only one who has never been entangled in an illegitimate love affair with one or the other of the handsome ladies of the court, or opera singers, or ballet dancers, according to the fashion of the day amongst his equals. He is exceedingly popular with the entire army, of which he is now the second in command, and destined to become probably Prussia's greatest general.

GENERAL VON ROON.

General von Roon has much distinguished himself as Prussian Minister of War. He is now 67 years old, and was born in Pommerania. The new organization of the Prussian army, which King William at one time looked upon as the greatest task accomplished and object achieved during his lifetime, owes much to the active co-operation of General von Roon, who also knew how to justify and defend the same with much tact in the Prussian parliament against all opposition. Roon has lately visited Paris—in 1864—and openly declares that the fortifications of Paris can easily be taken. During this visit Napoleon asked him how often he had been in Paris before. "Only once, sir, in 1815," was the quick but polite reply.

LOUIS JULES TROCHU.

In assuming command of the French forces, as commander-in-chief in the field, the Emperor appointed Marshal Lebœuf the major-general of the army, as the French military phrase has it, or, as we would say, chief of staff. There is reason to suppose that this appointment was not over acceptable to the French generals, and was, in fact, considered the result rather of the Imperial predilection than as a prudent choice. As early as the Italian campaign, the Emperor seems to have conceived a fondness for General Lebœuf, and speedily manifested it by making him general of division and chief of all the artillery in that campaign. On its termination he was again favored with the Imperial recognition by an appointment on the staff of the Emperor, and finally, on the death of Marshal Neill, was made Minister of War and created a marshal. Never having had command of a corps, his elevation to a *baton* was distasteful to the army, but the will of the Emperor overbore all remonstrance. As Marshal, Minister of War, and Adjutant, so to speak, of the whole French army, General Lebœuf had certainly a fair share of military honors at the opening of the present war, but the measure of his abilities does not appear to have been commensurate with the extent of his preferment. The late serious reverses to the Imperial arms have so fully demonstrated the justice of the reluctance manifested at his rapid promotion that he has been compelled to withdraw, or the Emperor has been compelled to dismiss him, and the official announcement accordingly is that he retires.

In his place is appointed Louis Jules Trochu, the organisation now being Marshal Bazaine as commander-in-chief, and General Trochu as Major-General of the army. Whether Marshal Bazaine's appointment to the supreme command signifies that the Emperor purposes to withdraw from the actual command in the field does not appear, but it is certain that General Trochu is henceforth chief administrative officer of the French army. That he should, so soon after the inception of hostilities, have come to the front, singularly verifies the prediction of the *Army and Navy Journal* of the 23rd of July last: "Should the war survive its first battle a fortnight, and promise, as seems very likely, to be a long one, Trochu's name may chance to appear at the head of the French armies."

Louis Jules Trochu, born in 1815, is still in the full vigor of his faculties, and has for some years past devoted so intense a degree of attention to a military study of the Rhenish frontier that he is pre-eminently fitted for his present post. His history in brief is lieutenant in 1840, captain in 1843, then staff officer with Marshal Bugeaud in Algeria, major in 1846, lieut. colonel in 1853, general of brigade in 1854, and general of division in 1864. In the Crimea he served as chief of the general staff, and is credited by Kinglake, the historian, as the master mind of the French army in that war. In 1846 he was charged with the preparation of a plan to reorganize the French army, the Emperor discerning through the smoke of Sadowa that a new military era had set in, and in 1867 issued the result of his labors in a famous essay that has run through ten editions. Since the issual of this pamphlet, "L'Armee Francaise," his chief study has been the Rhine border, the imminence of a war with Prussia being ever before him.

With his accession to command we will, doubtless, see a change in the French strategy.

THE NEW COMMANDER-IN CHIEF OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

Marshal Francois Achille Bazaine, the new Commander-in-Chief of the French army, has the reputation of being the best handler of troops in that service. He is the descendant of a family of soldiers, and is now 61 years of age. He rose from the ranks, and in five years from his enlistment gained his sub-lieutenancy and his cross on the field of battle. In 1837 he was sent to Spain with the legion, and when the war of success closed he went back to Algeria, where he was in the expeditions against Milianah, Cabylis, and Morocco. For several years he had the superintendentship, of Arab affairs in the Province of Tiemcen. In 1855, being at the head of the first regiment of the foreign legion, he was appointed to the command of the infantry brigade formed from this legion. He performed valuable service with his men at the siege of Sebastopol, and in particular co-operated in the reduction of Kinburn, one of the outposts of the great fortress. After the retreat of the Russians he was Governor of Sebastopol until its final evacuation by the allies. Marshal Bazaine has a special interest for the American people from his connection with the Maximilian expedition to Mexico. He commanded the French contingent, succeeding Gen. Forey as chief. The success of the Emperor's disciplined troops against the half-armed and half-civilized levies of Mexico was almost as rapid and remarkable as that of Cortez or Pizarro against the aborigines, Ojaca was taken, Juarez put to flight, the triumph was complete. All that was needed was stability. If the day of success was brilliant the day of reverse was soon to come, and its darkness wiped out even the memory of early good fortune. The termination of the American war and the known disinclination of the United States to foreign interference in American affairs animated the Mexicans with new hopes. Bazaine in council advised Maximilian that the empire was impossible; Bazaine was recalled; Maximilian court-martialed and executed, and Napoleon III suffered such diminution of military prestige and political reputation as can only be restored by the possible success of war with Prussia.

About Fishing &c.

From the Quebec Gazette.

It is very satisfactory to learn, and especially to learn from the mouth of the one man in the Dominion who ought to know best, that it is not at all probable we shall have any trouble with the American Government about the Gulf-shores and other Canadian coast fisheries. If certain New York and other United States papers could have fomented a quarrel, there is abundant evidence that they would most readily have done so and if the Honorable Benjamin Butler, the American Haynan and Spoonman had been allowed to manage matters his own way, it is equally probable he would have had his country and the British Empire in the very centre of a scrimmage by this time; but the good sense, or, perhaps we should say, the instincts of self-preservation, and of self-interest in other forms, (instincts not unknown to the Yankee mind), carried it against the windy bombast of the terrible militant, and as a consequence both nations are yet in the enjoyment of peace and quietness. For the continuance of this precious blessing, we think it probable, however, that both countries are to some extent indebted to the Honorable Peter Mitchell, the Dominion Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who while taking a firm stand upon constitutional and treaty-established grounds, resolved henceforth to protect the valuable property committed to his supervision from any and all depredators, but to do it with so much care, and so considerate a manner as to afford no pretence whatever for fault-finding on the part of the authorities at Washington. Hence Mr. Mitchell's instructions to the captains of the cruising vessels appointed to watch the coast were extremely minute, and so plain as to leave little liability to mistake. Moreover, the men chosen for this duty are persons of character and discretion, who, while faithfully obeying their instructions are prepared to put up with a good deal of provocation on the part of the trespassers in the way of abuse and misrepresentation as they have already had occasion to do. From all we can learn, the measures taken by the Minister of Marine are as nearly perfect as possible, fully answering the purposes intended, and resulting in all the purposes demonstrated, in large substantial profits to our own fishermen. The owners of American fishing craft, who for fifteen years or more have been enriching themselves at our expense, and for the last four at the expense of their nation's honor—having in effect stolen the fish—are beginning to see "the beginning of the end" to their unlawful and incident gains. They are beginning to see that their Government could not possibly get up a quarrel with another Government, simply because that government refused to let its people be robbed. They begin to see that they will have to be honest if they wish to be considered respectable, and whether or not, that if they wish to have fish in their dish they must pay for it. They also see that the fish of our waters is very fine fish indeed and that it commands a ready market and immense profits; and they see somewhat clearer than they used to see, that it will perhaps be as well to make an arrangement (pending the means in use by Messrs. John Young, L. S. Huntingdon, Stephens & Co, for the absorption of the country by their glorious Union) by which they will get at the fish. Their vision has been marvilously quickened by the return of a number of fishing schooners *sans* fish, some of them warned off, but both being adequately impressed with the excellent uses of discretion where valour would have been thrown away. Another result is, that creeks and bays formerly infested by the American fishing craft, and which by the extravagant and barbarous modes of procedure of these intrudes had become impoverished, have commenced to give signs of restoration to former richness; and we have no doubt that, under the able management of the Fisheries Branch of the Department, other we may almost say with certainty all other creeks, bays, and rivers similary injured by improper fishing will, in a few years exhibit the marvelous abundance which distinguished them before they were invaded by these strangers. The people of Hamilton having caught Mr. Mitchell in their ambitious city last week—it is not often they hook such big fish—determined to make the most of him, and nothing would serve them but they must serve him up at dinner, or rather serve a dinner up for him, and they did. Doing so they did the right thing, doing themselves in fact, and their guest honor. Well, they approved of his fishery policy, and he was glad. They complimented him, and he deserved it; and he became confidential and in this Government of which he is an energetic member. We shall not dwell upon the information he gave about the pretended Riel amnesty, which was worked so furiously by the Toronto *Telegraph* and other papers, further than to remark that before people get into a great passion and denounce others for atrocious wrongs, they ought to be sure that they are not making laughing stocks of themselves, as they will most certainly do if they reason from premises which on examination turn out to be like the baseless fabrics which a poet of great authority tells us dissolve before the light of day and leave not a a trace behind—unless in the shape of an awfully sold individual.

Fashionable girls in Paris are at present wearing low sandals and stockings made so as to leave the sides and upper portion of the instep bare.

A Cleveland firm has spent $100,000 in experimenting upon the usefulness of a patent coal oil lamp.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

LONDON, August 11.—The Paris *Siecle* says the municipal elections as far as heard from, show a triumph of democratic candidates.

Le Francais states the situation generally thus:—The French hold the Vosges and the passages. The Prussians are massing at their ease.

L'Opinione Nationale says the reported restoration of the defences of Paris is a farce. A few scattered diggers are employed, and kept at work to delude the public.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Telegrams from Metz give assurance that Gen. Bazaine is the real commander of the French army, while the Emperor is merely the nominal head.

Only two corps now have their headquarters at Metz. The others are under McMahon.

It is stated that at the battle of Worth the French charged the Prussians eleven times, and that McMahon was 15 hours in the saddle without food, and finally fell fainting in a ditch, but was accidentally discovered, and revived sufficiently to direct the retreat of the fragments of his army on foot.

The City Council of Brussels voted an address of thanks to Queen Victoria, for asserting Belgium neutrality. The leading houses of Antwerp decline to transact business with the son-in-law of Count Napoleon.

Count Darn has gone to Chalons with 25,000 troops as a reinforcement to the French army.

It is said that the French commissariat is wretched and the provisions utterly inadequate.

It is feared that the Bois de Boslegone must be sacrificed to the exigencies of the defence of Paris.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* re-affirms the presence of the Prince Imperial and the imperial jewels in London.

The King of Prussia has issued the following proclamation: We, William King of Prussia, make known to all inhabitants of French territory, occupied by German forces that the Emperor Napoleon having by sea and land attacked the German nation, eager to live in peace with the French people, and have taken command of the German armies to repel the aggressors, and by military events have been led to pass the French frontiers. The war is against soldiers, not citizens, therefore the latter may continue secure in person and property, so long as they abstain from hostile acts, and will grant them protection as a matter of right. Generals commanding the corps will decide what measures are necessary towards individual communities violating the usages of war. They will also regulate the requisitions necessary to sustain their troops, and for the difference of exchange between German and French currencies in order to facilitate dealings between soldiers and citizens.

Signed, WILLIAM.

Given at Saarbouck on the 11th day of August, 1870.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The *Reveil* and *Rappel*, the radical journals which were seized last night, have been entirely suppressed by a Ministerial decree, published to day.

The position of Prefect of the Seine, heretofore held by Henri Chevreau, now Minister of the Interior, will not be filled, as the affairs of the city and Prefecture of police will hereafter be under the control of the Minister of the Interior.

Four new Senators are to be named. Among them is M. Pietri.

La Liberte says a lot of crazy fellows tried this morning to proclaim a Republic at Toulouse.

The same journal says the last official account says the Duc de Grammont was signing a treaty with England to secure Belgium's neutrality.

The *Journal du Soir* says Admiral Bouciere de Mourey will take command of the defences of Paris, and good cannoniers from the navy have been placed under his soldiers to man the guns of the forts.

The *Journal Official* says up to one o'clock this morning no attack had been made on our left wing. Our forces arrived at Saverne in good order.

At the battle of Frocheville the corps of volunteer surgeons rendered most praiseworthy service.

The *Moniteur* says a person worthy of entire confidence, just arrived at Alsace states the Prussian losses in the recent fighting were beyond computation.

In Vosges the greatest energy prevailed. The Garde Mobile manifest much enthusiasm. Nearly all the theatres were closed last night. It is remarked that the crowds about the city though numerous were very quiet.

The workshops were generally closed yesterday.

All carricatures of war subjects disappeared. The shop windows become offensive to the public.

The crowds about the Kosks, where newspapers are sold, are enormous, and people fight to get journals the moment they are issued.

In the proceedings of the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, the question was made simple

Jules Favre said the Cabinet need but meet to decide, but need not retard the action of the Chambers. The commission must give a report and we must deliberate at once.

Minister Irvine David said Government had made known its opinion.

M. Jules Favre again said this Chamber must decide.

M. Thiers rose to speak but could hardly be heard.

He advocated an immediate decision on the question.

Remember said M. Favre how significant it will be to the nation if you put off the deliberations. We place upon you the responsibility.

Minister David replied, you may assume it. Members of the left asserted this was a menace.

M. Jules Favre answered I think of the effect of delay Remember that the ministry had promised to invade the territory of the enemy, and now they are on ours. Here the tumult became extreme.

Deputy Gambetta mounted the tribune, but could not be heard.

At last the Corps became calmer, and Mr. Gambetta said the Minister of Public Works has changed the question. The Chambers will vote under a wrong impression.

The members of the Left asked for arms for a patriotic purpose.

Minister David—Let us suppose the demand for arms was only to trouble the public peace. The Chamber must know what it votes for. There must be no equivocation.

A Minister said the Government did not seek to equivocate.

The President expressed a desire to close the meeting, but Deputy Estandin insisted on a vote that the Chambers be in permanent session so long as the war continues.

The Chamber, by 77 to 17, refuseh this.

M. Ferry renewed the agitation by demanding to know why the state of seige is continued against the enemies within the city of Paris.

An attempt was made to answer, but it was impossible to hear more.

The President worn out with the toil of the proceedings ceased his efforts to procure order, and slowly the meeting dispersed.

The Senate met to-day, and greeted Count Palikola warmly.

A vote of thanks was given to the army, and the project of law tending to the arming of the nation was adopted.

The preparations for celebrating the siege of Londonderry in that city are complete. A monster procession of both Catholics and Orangemen is intended.

The *Daily News* in an editorial upon the results of the late session of Parliament, considers Mr. Gladstone equally worthy as a successor of both Peel and Palmerston.

A half million pounds sterling of specie is on the way from Bombay to England.

Sir Henry Storks has been appointed Surveyor General of Ordnance.

The O'Donohue is declared bankrupt.

The Duke of Cambridge, commander-in-Chief of the army, reviewed the troops at the camp at Aldershot, yesterday. The concentration of soldiers was very large.

The Queen, on Wednesday, reviewed the Royal Yacht Squadron at Southampton.

The extreme prices wanted at the sale at Gadshill, of the personal effects of late Charles Dickens, caused the withdrawal of a large portion of them.

PARIS, August 11th.

Nearly all the theatres were closed last night. It was remarked that the crowds about the city, though enormous, was very quiet; the workshops generally closed. Yesterday all carricatures on war subjects have disappeared from the shop windows, because offensive to the public. The crowds about the kiosks, where newspapers are sold, are enormous, and people fight to get the journals as soon as issued.

NEW YORK, 11th.—The 'Courier des Etats Unis,' which has always been a warm friend of Napoleon, says to day, under the head of Jursum Corda: What matters that, if there is a man named Ollivier, if this man leaves us to be beaten. What matters that, if there is a man named Napoleon, if Napoleon is declining, and his hand to feeble to hold the sword. We do not know anybody where there is a question of salvation; of honor, of the grandeur of France. Let power be trusted to whomsoever shall take it, and in whatever form it may be; be it the incarnation of the people; be it a Monarchy or a Republic, but let them give us victory.

The Executive committee of the French Aid Association of this city will forward $10,000 to France on Saturday, for the relief of wounded soldiers.

YESTERDAY'S DESPTCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The first report that the *Cambria* had won the Queen's Cup at New York caused much exultation. The deception was bitterly denounced.

The Admiralty contradicts the report that the iron-clads *Northumberland* and *Agincourt* were unable to obey orders and go to sea under a short notice for want of stores.

Mr. Thornton, Minister to Washington, has been made a Knight of the Bath.

General Sheridan has gone to the Prussian headquarters.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—In the Corps Legislatif to day the project for calling under arms all unmarried men of the classes of 1859 and 1864 inclusive was extended to embrace all men from the ages of 25 to 35, who are not married and are not already members of the Garde Mobile.

The credit of four million francs for the families of the Garde Mobile has increased to twenty-five millions.

The project of law for the national defence is adopted unanimously.

General Count Palikao announced the formation of a new Ministry as ready. The list of names are as follows:

Count Palikao, Minister of War; De La Tour d'Auvergne, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Henri Chevreau, Minister of the Interior; Grand Perret, Minister of Justice; De Genonilly, Minister of Marine; Pierre Magne, Minister of Finance; Jerome David, Minister of Public Works; Jules Brame, Minister of Public Instruction; Clement Duvernois, Minister of Commerce; Busson Billault, President of the Council of State.

NEW YORK, 10th.—The New York Yacht Club to-day rendezvoused the *Glecore*, preparatory to her annual cruise. The *Cambria* accompanied them.

La Liberte says all the members of the staff of McMahon were killed or wounded in the battle of Froschiller. Colonel Grammont, brother of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, lost an arm; Colonel Abzac, mortally wounded; Count Vogue Septend and others were among the killed.

The 7th regiment lost at Weissenburg 43 officers killed and wounded.

STRASBOURG, 10th—9:30 a.m.—All quiet here, but defensive measures continued.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A special from London, dated last evening, says:—The official despatch, dated Metz, the evening of the 9th August, states that the Emperor that morning went to the headquarters of Bazaine, who resumed command of the troops concentrated at Metz.

There is an indirect way of contradicting the rumor that Marshal Bazaine was to be made Generalissimo of the whole army of the Rhine. The Emperor is blind to his own incompetency, and disregards the universal outcry against him. He will cling to the chief command of the army until another defeat exhausts the national patience. He gives out that he never will return to Paris alive unless as a conqueror.

General De Jean is in command of the Third Corps.

The Emperor was well received.

Marshal McMahon has rallied the bulk of his army, and is falling back upon Nancy in good order.

The wounded, both Germans and French, are still arriving at Manheim in hundreds from the front.

The second line is moving forward, and the reserves are taking its place. Our movements are impeded by the weather; it has been raining in torrents since yesterday.

A London special to the *Tribune* says there is no news of an engagement up to this hour (11 a.m.,) but it is believed in Paris that a battle is in progress.

The *Tribune's* special correspondent writes from Cologne on Sunday that no telegrams are allowed to go through, and that there are no railway trains running south or east, except one to Berlin daily, and two trains for troops.

The above explains the difficulty of obtaining reliable news from the front.

A despatch to the *Tribune*, from Paris on Tuesday last, says no description can do justice to the confusion and scandalous tumult in the Corps Legislatif. It was known in advance by many members that orders had come from Metz to turn out Ollivier.

The Emperor is seeking to propitiate Paris by sacrificing the most unpopular and least responsible of his advisers. Ollivier himself had not the least suspicion of his fate. He came smiling into the chamber, only to leave it pale, terrified, and ruined.

The same correspondent, after giving some account of the tumultuous scenes in the Chamber, says that the incoming Ministry is undoubtedly worse than the out going, that the appointment is a reckless defiance of public opinion, and that nothing but a victory can make it last a week.

The *Herald's* special says that the new Ministry complete gives universal satisfaction, and tends to unite the nation.

The payment of notes has been postponed.

Le France asserts that the Prince Imperial, whose return to Paris was rumored yesterday, is still with his papa at the theatre of war.

It takes a curious proviso to this contradiction, that the Prince will not come back unless the Chambers expressly desire it.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 11.

Patrick Davey, who was shot on Tuesday night, is reported as better, and doctors have strong hopes of his ultimate recovery. Hopkins has not yet been arrested.

Two hundred English emigrants arrived here last night.

Governor General Young and lady, Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Howland, Lieutenant-Governor Archibald and suite, left this city on a trip to Fort William. A loyal address was presented by the corporation of Collingwood, and the party left that town by the steamer *Chicora*. Governor Archibald proceeds at once to Manitoba. The rest of the party return in about ten days.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 11.

Mr. A. Charlebois, of A. & H. Charlebois, grocers, McGill street, was found this morning dead in his bed.

A challenge was issued last night, by the Shamrock to the Montreal Lacrosse Club, to play them any where in Canada. The challenge must, of course, be accepted.

Last Sunday afternoon Mr. Moran, Amherst street, with his wife, while driving home from Lachine, were overtaken by two buggies, which were being driven at a furious rate, apparently racing. One of them dashed up against Mr. Moran's carriage, which had been drawn up on one side, smashed it to pieces, and precipitated both Mr. Moran and lady to some distance on the ground, injuring them both very seriously. Mr. Moran had his shoulder dislocated; and his wife, being at the time in a delicate state of health, had not only her wrist broken, but received a severe shock, which, together with the fright, leaves her in a somewhat dangerous condition. The perpetrators of the above act have not been captured.

Weather warm; bright sunshine.

The annual games of Caledonia Society commenced this morning.

The Pic-Nic of St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum added $650, clear of all expenses, to their funds.

The fourth of the Ladies' Benegt Society Moonlight Excursions takes place this evening.

To-night "Cynthia, The Gypsey Queen," and the "Dredging for a wife will be played" at the Theatre Royal.

General Orders have been issued to the Rifle Brigade that they will embark at Quebec on the 28th for England.

The depot of the 60th rifles will probably be removed at that time from Ottawa to this city.

At the Montreal Dispensary during the week ending August 6, the number of patients attended were 166.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 11.—A woman, named Geneviere Pepin, wife of Charles Roberg, died suddenly of appoplexy. Verdict—died by the visitation of God.

The body of an unknown man was found floating below Indian Cove.

A fire occurred in Crown street, and is still going on at noon. One house and several outhouses were burnt. The house was occupied by one Mr. Mailloux, as a grocery store, and was not insured.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, August 11.—The *Herald's* special says:—The new ministry is complete, and gives universal satisfaction, and tends to unite the nation.

The payment of notes has been postponed.

La France asserts that the Prince Imperial, whose return to Paris was rumored yesterday, is still with his papa at the theatre of war. It lacks the curious proviso to this contradiction that the Prince will not come back, unless the Chambers expressly desire it.

PARIS, August 11.—The *Journal Official* has advices from Metz to 4:30, yesterday p.m.

Details of the battle of Troschiveter are meagre.

Marshal McMahon had a horse killed under him.

A brigade of cavalry and one division of the corps of Gen. Lailley arrived on the field at the close of the day, and covered the retreat.

The pursuit of the enemy was vigorous at first, but soon became a mere reconnoissance.

LONDON, Aug 11.—In the Corps Legislatif on Monday, when a vote was taken on the question of sustaining the Ministry, only six voices were with Ollivier.

A Metz despatch published in the morning papers says the Prince Imperial is still at that place, and that the Emperor will cordially make a stand there.

It is the conviction here in clubs and among the people that the rule of the Bonaparte dynasty is nearly over, and that the restoration of the house of Orleans is anticipated.

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount to 5½.

Advices from the Prussian frontier up to 10 o'clock on Wednesday night state that the French are falling back to the line of Moselle, and are harassed by Prussian cavalry, which had already passed Saar and Fargument, and Les Etangs.

Stores of all kinds, and railways, had fallen into the hands of the Prussians. They had also taken several fortresses of Hulzestein, in Voges, which the French had evacuated, leaving their guns and the Prussian prisoners.

PARIS *via* LONDON, Aug. 10.—American bonds and bills were in great demand at Cherbourg last night.

There were activity in the embarkation of troops for the Baltic.

The Austrian Minister is authorized to deny the report that Italy and Austria are sending troops to save Napoleon.

NEW YORK, August 11.—The *City of Dublin*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Distress in Germany.

A letter from Frankfort gives some idea of the distress and desolation caused by the war in that part of Germany:—

"The havoc already made is stupendous. Mills are closed, and the work-people without any means of existence. Trade is paralyzed, and the best houses, who have bought goods on credit, are at their wits' end how to meet the storm. At the banks business was all but at an end yesterday, foreign bills could not be sold, and money not to be got at any price, so that our principal firms stepped in, and by their guarantee induced the banks to advance sixty per cent on American bonds. These have fallen from ninety-four, on the eve of the war last Wednesday, to seventy-four, as sales were pressed to make money at any price. They have recovered in consequence of the advance now made on them to seventy-nine. Mortgage bonds are quite unsaleable, and all kinds of stock deeply depressed. The losses already amount to thousands of millions. All those who are called to the army, which extends to the whole of the population up to the age of thirty five, are privileged [illegible] withhold all payment [illegible] until after the peace. [illegible] not be otherwise, and [illegible] has no means to collect [illegible] miseries of those who [illegible] source but that of the [illegible] family head are tremendous."

ARMY AND NAVY.

A communication has been [illegible] the War Department from the [illegible] in which their lordships [illegible] the proper authorities [illegible] loss of time, all reserves [illegible] which might be required [illegible] should be despatched [illegible]

Vice-Admiral Sir Hastings [illegible] C.B., of the British Navy [illegible] pointed to succeed Admiral [illegible] Milne, K.C.B., in the [illegible] diterranean station at the [illegible] ber next, and in the [illegible] the command of the Channel [illegible] hoist his flag on board [illegible] Channel squadron [illegible] Alexander Milne [illegible] diterranean squadron [illegible] tar on or about the 7th [illegible] two squadrons will then [illegible] der Sir. A. Milne's command [illegible] Admiral A.C. Key; C.B. [illegible] Chads as their rear-admiral [illegible] cruise for a month or five [illegible] piration of which Sir A. Milne [illegible] to England in the Bellerophon [illegible] will be a repetition [illegible] of that made last year [illegible] of the Admuralty.

The Governor of Jamaica [illegible] Grant, and the British [illegible] have just been the victims [illegible] hoax. It appears that [illegible] the admiral at Bermuda [illegible] the authorities at British [illegible] wards of 400 Indians [illegible] Carosal and sacked the [illegible] had threatened to [illegible] burn down the place [illegible] nor of Jamaica heard [illegible] he at once despatched [illegible] *Vestal*, with troops [illegible] other war material [illegible] sistance, and the admiral [illegible] hurried off Her Majesty's [illegible] for the same purpose [illegible] these vessels at Belize [illegible] turned out to be a hoax [illegible] some Indians had been [illegible] a black teapot and [illegible] This was all the sacking [illegible] of this little expedition [illegible] Bermuda will cost, it is said [illegible] £5,000.

How to Obtain Rain.

CURIOUS PHASE OF SCIENTIFIC [illegible]

We published, some time [illegible] mean war, a short account [illegible] observations made by [illegible] Brieuc, M. LeMaout, from which [illegible] peared that the cannonading [illegible] had affected the barometer [illegible] notwithstanding the 600 [illegible] between that province and the [illegible] war. The present drought [illegible] gested to several scientific [illegible] bringing on rain by cannonading [illegible] scale, M. LeMaout, whose [illegible] have been quoted [illegible] this view, takes up the [illegible] again, and mentions various [illegible] stances in which, at all events [illegible] recognize a singular coincidence [illegible] the noise of a battle field [illegible] cagement of Ligny and that of [illegible] both of which preceded [illegible] at Waterloo, attacked [illegible] twelve hours drenched [illegible] torrents of rain [illegible] manœuvers impracticable [illegible] seige of Antwerp, the [illegible] exposed to costant [illegible] army was saved from [illegible] Solferino by the timely [illegible] dered pursuit impossible [illegible] Sebastopol, M. LeMaout [illegible] watched the weather [illegible] pared at times as the [illegible] he could tell beforehand [illegible] was going on, because [illegible] the air produced its effects [illegible] 200 minutes. The sky [illegible] cast and a drizzling rain [illegible] quently followed by heavy [illegible] then by wind. Immediately [illegible] cury would rise. All this [illegible] duced, not only by a cannonade [illegible] continuous noise. M. LeMaout [illegible] ceeds to examine how rain may [illegible] Paris. The first condition [illegible] that there should blow a southwest [illegible] carrying with it heavy [illegible] clouds; the next that the [illegible] should mark less than 70 [illegible] cannonade should then be begun [illegible] Paris, but at Cherbourg, where the [illegible] phere is charged with aqueous [illegible] best time will be in the morning [illegible] the shroud of mist hanging over [illegible] has been dissipated by the rays of [illegible] Several batteries should be fired [illegible] taneously, at intervals of a quarter [illegible] hour; and if this cannonade were [illegible] cide with some religious festival [illegible] the bells to be rung, the effect [illegible] all the more certain. M. LeMaout [illegible] perhaps a little too far when he [illegible] to transfer the firing to Brest [illegible] keep the rain when there has been [illegible] of it, provided the wind in that [illegible] blowing due east.—*Galignani's* [illegible]

A man died in Paris the other [illegible] biographer states that he was [illegible] manager, critic, wit, and inventor [illegible] possessed the most remarkable [illegible] of warming pans in the world.

The population of the Sandwich [illegible] is steadily diminishing, the deaths [illegible] last three years having been [illegible] 6,024 births, or an annual average [illegible] of deaths over births of 1,1[illegible]

WALTHAM W[illegible]

THE AMERICAN WATCH [illegible]

The public of the United States and [illegible] have now had over ten years [illegible] WALTHAM WATCHES [illegible] where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

[illegible]

ROBERT WILKES. Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada. Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street. Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3mod

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having [illegible] structions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON [illegible] South East part of Lot No. 27, in the [illegible] cession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, [illegible] [illegible] UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a.m. [illegible] FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870 [illegible] private sale before that day. Terms and conditions made known [illegible] sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent.

The Battles of Last Week.

..Corps, under Marshal McMahon. 4—4th Corps, under General Ladmirault.
2d " General Frossard. 5—5th " General De Failly.
3d " Marshal Bazaine. 8—8th " Emperor Napoleon.

LOCAL NEWS.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CON- ... EXAMINE OUR PRICES ... BUYING. ...terns post free on application.

...—A news boy was a little in- ... and much frightened by a knock ... from a horse on Sparks street yester-...

...originated some way in Mr. Bor- ...store on Wednesday evening, but ... put out.

...—We believe a picnic is ... shortly, the proceeds to go to ... the St. Patrick's Orphan's ... Charitable enterprises such as this ... every encouragement.

...—THURSDAY.—There was a ...market to-day, and every kind ... was well represented, with the ... butter, which was very scarce. ... from 80c. to $1 per bushel. ... per couple. Cabbages ... Butter in tubs 20c., and ... Eggs 18c. Fat hogs $9 50 ...

... RUSSELL HOUSE—THURS- ... Burlington, Vt.; J. ... L. Jones; S. Pedlar, ... Montreal; J. Cummings; ... Burton, Port Hope; J. S. ... Portland; H. Ross, Burlington; ... New York; G. Kirkpatrick, ... Thos. Johnson, Toronto.

...—On Friday night last ... out in the barns belonging to ... Grimes, on the Aylmer road, ... destroying them, together with ... farming implements, &c.; ... of hay and a quantity of grain. ... supposed to have originated by ... which flew from the fire in ... opposite Mr. Grimes' property. ... learned as yet whether the ... were insured—if not Mr. Grimes ...

...regret to learn that the fires ... about Aylmer have caused ... much suffering to many of ... We understand that Mr. ... lost his barn and eleven ... waggons, harness, and sleighs; ... crops were also destroyed. Mr. ... was, we are told, also suf- ... Mr. Wesley Herrington had a ... after days of labor. Mr. ...tte, of Aylmer, had over ... of wood burnt and entirely de- ... The country is in a deplorable ... unless it is soon favored with ... the whole woods around will be one ...

...—THURSDAY.—Wm. Rielly ... with keeping a disorderly ... fined therefor $5 and costs or 2 ...

... Lee was charged by Mrs. Ryan ... her child. This was a some- ... case, and occupied consid. ... Mrs. Lee was fined 20 cents ...

... Charron, O. Laberge, and M ... were charged with assaulting and ... Dampieu. D. Charron was ... M. Charon, $5; and Laberge ...

..., charged with selling ... license, was fined $20.

... HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The Marshal ... opened with a good audience ... of the theatre. We are glad ... Mr. Marshall's enterprise is ... by the Ottawa public, ... to see the above estab- ... which he has gone to so much ... improving, crowded each even- ... the interesting performances ... The programme last even- ... played, and of the whole per- ... we must say it was a decided ... The dog dancing cannot be ... the singing was excellent. ... Line" is a neat little play, ... performed, as it was yesterday ... no small degree of enter- ... "The Limerick Boy" is a roaring ... Johnnie Ward as Paddy ... to advantage. Johnnie ... in his imitation of the ... He is au fait in the Irish ... acting their frolicsome de- ... is inimitable. Paddy Miles ... in a continual roar of ... beginning to the end of ... programme will be play ... and we hope to see an ...

County Council.

...Council held another meet- ... and had again under consi- ... equalization of assessment ... County.

...election to the Deputy ... of Gloucester was confirmed, ... seat in the Council.

... adjourned at three o'clock.

Masonic.

... the Masonic fraternity ... receive with pleasure the ... that at the regular annual ... of the Grand Chapter of Royal ... of Canada, held in Quebec ... inst. M. E. Companion, ... 330, was re-elected ... that R. E. Companion the ... of Merrickville, was ... Superintendent for the Cen- ... The next meeting of the ... takes place in the city of ... the first Wednesday of ...

A St. Louis man had his arm broken with a chair, because a friend of his insulted a young lady.

An English life insurance company has the insurance for the death of a man 103 years old who took out his policy in 1799.

The negro in Tennessee is fast becoming proprietor of the soil he formerly tilled for his master. About 500 negroes own farms in the vicinity of Memphis, and all their farms are well cultivated, while the farms of a great many white men are covered with weeds.

The Bible revision movement in England is understood to be mainly due to Drs. Wilberforce and Ellicott, the Bishops of Winchester and Gloucester. By their management the subject has been taken up by a Committee of Convocation with the express sanction of the Church, instead of falling into the hands of the State and being entrusted to a Royal Commission.

At an Indian wedding in the Phillipine Islands, the bride retired from the company in order to go down to the river and wash her feet. As she was thus employed, an allegator seized her. Her shrieks brought the people to the place, who saw her between the monster's teeth, and just drawn under the water. The bridegroom instantly plunged in after her, with dagger in his hand, and pursued the ravisher. After a desperate conflict he made him deliver up his prey, and swam to shore with the dead body of his wife in his arms.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½) CENTS GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S.
Patterns post free on application.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

NOTICE.

MR. MARSHALL has much pleasure in announcing that he has succeeded in effecting an engagement with Mr. W. J. FORSTER Scenic Artist from the Theatre Royal Dublin, who is engaged painting new scenery for the great sensation drama of LOST IN LONDON which will shortly be produced.

...Immense success of JOHNNIE WARD and MISS NELLIE NELSON.

New Songs and Dances.

Friday Evening August 11th.

The performance will commence with the laughable Comedy of the

AREA BELLE.

To conclude with the rousing farce of

THE ROGUERIES OF THOMAT.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

MAZEPPA.

With new ...ery, Dress, &c.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

Ottawa August 12th, 1870. 1429-td

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

...wa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

...ttawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No. 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Kippawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 1m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the enlargement of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1433 10

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1...

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.........................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured £... the Bonus thus amounting to seven... per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring ... policy ... should it become a claim during ... year 187.., the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy ... such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46.. will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

MR. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from the ... of the

Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,

to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDA... communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1430 6

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

...awa May 18, 1870

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod-st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will ... on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.

Vacancies ... boarders. Miss Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

PRESTON & ROWSELL (printed vertically, both sides)

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 26 SPARKS STREET.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.

Apply to

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1...1

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

WANTED,

A respectable middle-aged woman in a small family, to make herself generally useful. Good reference indispensible. A Protestant preferred.

Apply at THE TIMES OFFICE.

August 10, 1870 1433tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1432 d

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, ... Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY ... SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Lemoyne's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 8,000 to 100,000 ft, per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 50,000 to 2...,000 logs and right of boomage at ... rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 90 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses barns, stables, sheds &c, on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—1 cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licen e No. 9.., of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 95, " " Petewawa
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

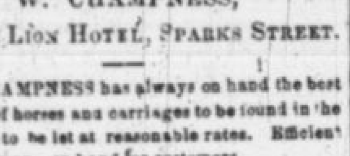
Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrot Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An ...ment of the above just opened out, all of ... manufacture, also
G... Fruit Jars,
E...me... and Brass Preserve Kettles,
R...ger...s,
Baths and Water Coolers,
A "Capital" Stove Depot,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

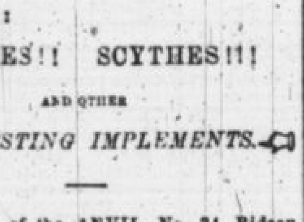
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whiting Eureka scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from ... to 10 years to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to

JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.

...wa, 5th August, 1426.1 m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1430.1t

JAMES PEACOCK,

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the first kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $6.00 per dozen

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE ; DU MID

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa

July 25th, 1870. 1419.tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

OTTAWA MARKETS

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	0 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	24 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	5 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr on Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

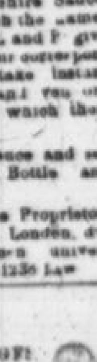
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. Nov1238 1aw

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider Rifles of 577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of 450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of 500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard, the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 0

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00
Halifax ... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00
Halifax ... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York; or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 262 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1870

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSrs. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may save themselves the trouble of a personal visit, by being supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 [illegible]

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 300 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1331tf

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191f

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 13th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000), U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 30.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
A. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or to

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 1 Musgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] ... Address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 15 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDENER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

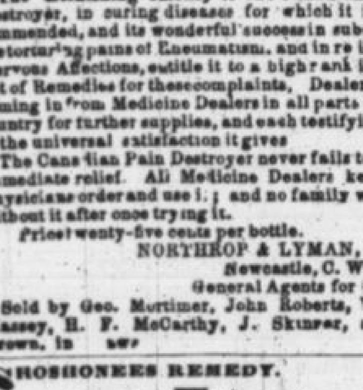
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

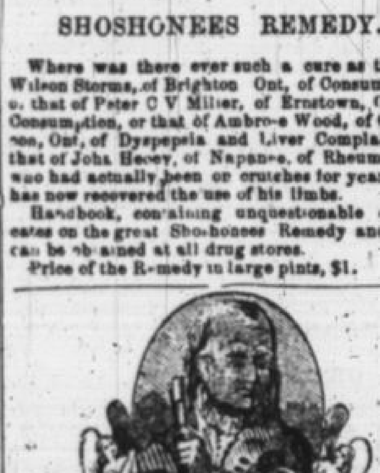
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Goneseo, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

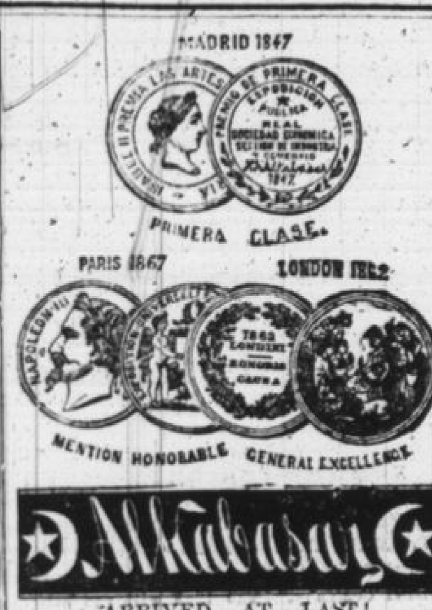
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe the certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

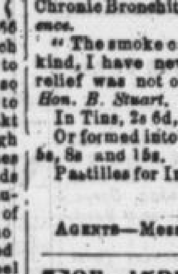
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] ll

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15	
Gloucester	7 25	12 55	
Rossiters	7 40	1 15	
Osgoode	7 55	1 35	
Kemptville	8 15	2 05	
Oxford	8 30	2 20	
Spencerville	8 50	2 45	
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15	
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30	

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2 30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

Sarsaparilla

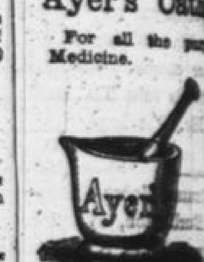
they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ... [illegible]

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic Medicine.



[illegible] ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—[illegible] Mal colm Cameron, W T [illegible] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, [illegible] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is consistent with [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance [illegible] not when the premiums are being paid [illegible] losses are being settled, and [illegible] promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company [illegible]

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of [illegible] of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Tuner, and Repairer, [illegible] between Dalhousie street and [illegible] treet, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW. The Classes will re-open [illegible] ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE. The Session will be opened [illegible] October

FACULTY OF ARTS. The Session of this Faculty will [illegible] WEDNESDAY, September [illegible] here will be offered for competition [illegible] SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS, viz:—The McDONALD Scholarships [illegible] tions, of the annual value [illegible] THOMSON Exhibition, value [illegible] ALEXANDER Scholarship, value [illegible] ENDOWED Scholarship, value [illegible] JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value [illegible] Scholarship, value [illegible]

Of these 4 will be offered to students [illegible] College years in Arts [illegible] entering. A Scholarship [illegible]

Copies of the Calendar containing all information as to the examinations, courses of study, &c., may be had [illegible] on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A., Secretary McGill College.

1342 1awtdd

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, [illegible] six rooms and kitchen, [illegible] Burnham Hill [illegible] vegetable garden; [illegible] tached. Apply to W. H. BELLE, [illegible]

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The [illegible] No. 27, in First Concession, [illegible] pean, and Lots Nos. 26 and [illegible] possession, at present in the occupation of [illegible] Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JONES and WM. TRACEY, [illegible] PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible], Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1434. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. d&w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 262y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34stf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every luxury of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 1491

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1429-1y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]
In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.
In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.
Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.
The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1436-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails:
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00				11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00			5.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		11.00	12.15	8.00	11.30	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00		4.30		11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.30				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	3.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE.
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

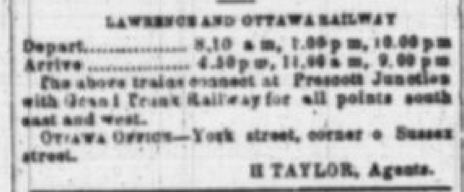
NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 pm
Arrive.................. 4.10 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
1344tf President.

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada].
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago............ 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit........ 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........ 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........ 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00
The following lot of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c., &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond.
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS.
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1427tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at........ 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9. 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at........ 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do........ 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m. and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........ 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m
Do do do do........ 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.
For further information and times of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES.
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1425tf

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Montreal is building more Pullman cars.

London the little is exercised on the subject of Lightning rods.

St. Catherines papers say four leading forwarders of Oswego were in that town lately, seeing how the lad lay.

Hamilton is arguing the querry. "Is lager beer intoxicating?"

Sarnia is to observe the 15th instant as a civic holiday.

Editors of country papers are busy returning thanks to their former subscribers for "baskets of beautiful harvest apples." The lucky dogs.

Seventy-five brides sat down to dinner lately at one hotel at Niagara Falls.

The office of the Dominion Telegraph Company is being fitted up in Kingston.

Hamilton has a goat which monopolizes a whole street, and amuses itself by knocking down youngsters who dare pass that way.

The finding of an umbrella at a fire, exercises the evening papers of Montreal.

Goderich is to have a juvenile singing class.

Hamilton has a number of young scamps who are continually robbing orchards.

Hamilton has received two enormous turtles ordered from St. Thomas.

An immense quantity of combs and brushes has been imported into Halifax. So says one of the papers.

Guelph is going duck shooting on Monday next. Toronto is not likely to have a murder case after all.

An electric oil man on fire was lately a sensation in Galt.

Unusually rich belts of auriferous quartz and slate have been discovered near Sheet Harbour, N.B.

The *British Whig*, Kingston, complains that a French contemporary will insist upon addressing it as *British Wig*.

The taking down of an old bridge is an excitement in Blair.

Drunkenness on the public highway is complained of in Toronto.

Guelph is to have a base ball match between the printers and shoemakers.

Halifax has the knack of letting its little children fall out of two storey windows uninjured.

The Thirteenth Battalion have returned from Camp to Hamilton, and the people are happy.

The common schools of Guelph will open on the 16th inst.

A Quebec gang of burglars are at work in Montreal. They helped themselves to $700 from a store in Craig street the other night.

The morality of Montreal is outraged by an old woman who steals clothes from off the line.

Kingston rejoices that the British Ensign still floats proudly from the Tete de Pont barracks.

The Montreal Garrison Artillery match takes place in the middle of next month.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Mrs. Phoebe Hanaford has issued a biographical memoir of Dickens.

Miss Anna Morrison is the latest anti-female-suffrage orator in California.

Bishop Williams is to have a public reception in Boston on his return from Rome.

Ole Bull, the veteran violinist, is soon to marry Miss Thorne, of Madison, Wis.

The young Prince of Asturias is now theoretically, King Alphonso XII. of Spain.

Sir John Thwaites, chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works, London, is dead.

Olive Logan turns up her nose at the Yo Semite Valley; but, perhaps, that's nature's fault rather than hers.

Colonel Tait, of the British Royal Geological Society, is going to survey Georgia as soon as the crooked state of affairs there becomes strata.

It is said the Emperor Napoleon is suffering from an attack of his old disease provoked by equestrianism.

Robert Blackburn, a Tenessee author, recently lost all the money he possessed—$1300—on a game of chance at Cincinati.

General Robert E. Lee has consented to become President of the contemplated Shenandoah Valley Railroad in Virginia.

Miss Augusta L. Dargon, a brilliant and beautiful young tragedienne, who has achieved a wonderful reputation in the rural districts as a "leading" woman, is in New York.

Professor Albrecht von Graffe, whose death at Berlin was recently announced, bore the reputation of being the greatest oculist who ever lived.

Brantford papers are quarelling whether the dinner given in their town to the Press Association, was a good one or not.

The Huntingdon *Gleaner*, which has been suspended some weeks, on account of the incendiary fire, which totally destroyed the office and plant, has reappeared again.

Miss Meddie Morgan will write up the Buffalo races for the New York *Times*. What next?

The Prussian Day of Prayer.

KING WILLIAM'S PROCLAMATION.

From the "Staats Anzeiger."

I am compelled to draw the sword to ward off a wanton attack, with all the forces at Germany's disposal. It is a great consolation to me before God and man that I have given no pretext for it. My conscience acquits me of having provoked this war, and I am certain of the righteousness of our cause in the sight of God. The struggle before us is serious, and it will demand heavy sacrifices from my people and from all Germany. But I go forth to it looking to the omniscient God, and imploring His Almighty support. I have already cause to thank God; on the first news of the war one only feeling animated all German hearts and proclaimed aloud the indignation felt at the attack, and the joyful confidence that God will bestow victory on the rightteous cause. My people will also stand by me in the struggle as they stood by my father, who now rests with God. They will, with me, make all sacrifices to conquer peace again for the nations. From my youth upwards I have learnt to believe that all depends upon the help of a gracious God. In Him is my trust, and I beg my people to rest in the same assurance. I bow myself before God in acknowledgment of His mercy, and I am sure that my subjects of fellow-countrymen do so with me. Therefore, I declare that Wednesday, July 27, shall be set apart for an extraordinary solemn day of prayer, and Divine service in all our churches, with abstention from all public occupations and labor as far as may comport with the pressing necessities of this time. I also decree that while the war lasts prayers shall be offered in all Divine services, that in this struggle God may lead us to victory; that he may give us grace to bear ourselves as Christian men, even unto our enemies, and that it may please Him to allow us to obtain a lasting peace, founded on the honor and independence of Germany.

(Signed) WILLIAM.
VON MUHLER.

Berlin, July 21.

LITERARY

An article in Leppercott's magazine entitled the "Old Book Shops of London and Paris," is very interesting.

The State of Minnesota has seventy-eight newspapers.

Chicago publishes 95 newspapers and periodicals.

Miss Carrie F. Young has started an anti-woman's rights monthly publication in San Francisco, under the title of the *Pacific Coast Journal*.

The *Gazette* of Montreal will come out in new type and enlarged form in a few days.

There are no less than eight different magazines and periodicals edited by women in England.

Almost every country paper in Western Canada publishes a daily telegraphic report of the war news. Such enterprize is commendable and creditable.

The present Charles Dickens promises to be a successful literary writer if not as brilliant a one as his father.

Two radical papers have been suppressed in Paris, and there is a prospect of others coming to an early decease.

The Power of England.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The New York *Tribune* sums up an exhaustive article on the "Secret Treaty," as follows:—"We have little doubt that England in this emergency will come to the rescue of the Belgian monarchy, whose independence she is bound, in common with other powers, to guarantee; and when England has entered the field, it is hard to say what other alliances may follow. We may possibly see the greater part of Europe arrayed against the Third Napoleon, as was formerly arrayed against the First. But there will be no such struggle now as there was in the time of that splendid military genius, whose glory the present ruler of the Tuileries is trying to copy. England is capable alone of dealing France a terrible blow, for England can cope with the French navy and open the Prussian ports—can neutralize any French movement in the direction of the North Sea, and with the co-operation of Belgium and Holland, can defeat Napoleon's purpose of making a base of operations in Denmark. The rumored evacuation of Rome is equivalent to a rumored alliance between France and Italy, and we presume there is already an alliance of some kind between France and Spain; but neither Prim nor Victor Emanuel is in a condition to give Napoleon much help. As for Russia and Austria, it will be strange if, in the face of the new disclosure, they enter the quarrel on the French side."

In North Carolina some of the newspapers are printed with blue ink.

The white of an egg has proved the most efficacious remedy for burns.

Alsace became French in 1694 and Lorraine in 1766.

Punchinello says that after a Turkish bath a man can walk clean home

Western papers chronicle the death of "the first white born child in Ohio" at the age of 80 years.

Over two hundred women are employed canning fruits and tomatoes in one establishment in Camden, N. J.

A carpet bag, stolen in Charleston, the other night, contained a pistol, an accordeon, and a pound of tobacco.

The New Orleans *Times* speaks of the grosbeck, the beckroche, the eckroche, the curlew, the woodcock and papebotte, as game birds in that region.

Auber, the composer, is now past 88 years old. In a letter to a friend he complains that his chief disease is a continued desire to sleep.

The *Saturday Review* says that Brigham Young is reported to be so rich that it wonders he has not been admitted to a place in "Lothair."

The *Journal of Chemistry* says claret is adulterated to a greater extent than any other kind of wine. It is usually largely tinctured with logwood and tartaric acid.

The Boston *Advertiser* announces that a new dance is to be introduced into society next winter, which is said to be something between a Highland fling and an Irish jig.

Upon hearing that Prince Frederick Charles meant to attack Nancy, Mrs. Partington told Ike that she always thought those Prooshun Princes were mean enough to strike a woman.

In consequence of the European war hydrate of choral, the new hypnotic, has advanced one hundred per cent. in price, Germany having heretofore been the principal source of supply.

Such is the habit of borrowing money in Chicago, that the Michigan Central Railroad have two large painted signs in their depot, as follows: "Caution to passengers. Do not lend your money to strangers."

The editor of the only Munich paper, favoring the French cause was terribly maltreated recently in the streets of Munich, by the indignant populace. All the windows of his office were smashed, and the police succeeded only after great efforts in saving his life.

The *Grenzbolen*, a German literary organ, says that Dickens' "Pickwick Papers" emancipated the German mind from the predominating influence of French fiction, and had a most powerful and healthy influence on German literature."

The English Ambassador at the Court of Constantinople, Elliot, was instrumental in bringing about a reconciliation between the Sultan and his redoubtable vassal, the Viceroy of Egypt.

A Scottish paper says:—A Manx cat which had been taken about six weeks ago by rail from Edinburgh to Glasgow, wrapped up in a bag, left its temporary abode in Glasgow three weeks ago, and arrived on Monday at its former residence, Viewforth Road, Edinburgh.

Marshal Leboeuf, according to a French admirer, has not the boldness, comprehensive power, and ready genius of McMahon, or at least he has never had occasion to show these qualities at the head of an army; but he has the firmness of Pellissier, the martial spirit of Canrobert, and the military skill of Niel, whom he succeeded.

When one Englishman meets another, the usual inquiry is, "How do you do?" The Frenchman would ask, "How do you carry yourself?" The Italian, "How do you stand?" "How do you find yourself?" is the German interrogation. "How do you fare?" is the Dutch. "How do you perspire?" asks the Egyptian. The Chinaman wants to know "How is your stomach?" Have you eaten your rice?" The Pole "How do you have yourself?" "How do you live on?" While the Prussian salutation is, "May thy shadow never be less."

We learn from Constantinople that the Robert College, founded by a munificent and philantropic citizen of New York, is now nearly completed. It is a massive structure of free stone, erected on the heights of Roumell Hissar, a most commanding and picturesque portion of the Bosphorus. It is to be four stories high, with a mansard roof, from whose elevation both the Euxine and the sea of Marmora can be distinctly seen. The College which is to occupy this building has been in operation in Bebek for three years, and is in every way successful.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
McGill University—W. C. Baynes
Information Wanted—Archibald Craig.
Steam Saw Mills For Sale—Apply at this office.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 30, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1870.

Colonel Irvine is dangerously ill.

Honorable Mr. Morris left town yesterday.

Honorable Mr. Dunkin leaves this morning for Montreal.

We regret to hear that the Archbishop of Quebec is at the point of death.

Rumors of a French victory were current in New York yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Tilley will not be here before Thursday next.

Advertisement for tenders for repairing the Grenville Canal, will appear in a few days.

In 1869 no less than 92,272 persons were maintained in the prisons, workhouses and pauper asylums of New York city.

The Montreal *Witness*, "the only religious daily published in Canada," takes all its telegrams from other Montreal dailies without credit.

An Admiralty Court is now sitting in Halifax to dispose of the American fishing vessels lately seized for violation of the Fishery laws.

American fishing vessels in Nova Scotian waters are gathering thickly just now. Our cruisers board and warn off from fifteen to twenty daily.

Hon. Benjamin Beveridge, a member of the Executive Council of New Brunswick, arrived in town yesterday, and is staying at the Russell House.

The *Leader* says that among those who witnessed the departure of Lieutenant Governor Archibald from the Toronto station of the Northern Railway, for Manitoba, was the Honorable William McDougall. What must have been the effect upon a man of Mr. McDougall's turn of mind! He will probably have to write another letter or two before long, in order to give vent to his feelings of envy and mortification.

In the King's Square at Berlin is a huge monument upon which men are seen working daily with great dilligence. But such is its magnitude that, with all possible industry, it cannot be finished in less than three or four years. It is to commemorate Prussian victories. Upon a great granite base there are bronze reliefs representing campaign incidents of the wars of '64 and and '66. From the bases rises 16 granite pillars forming a sort of arched and from the midst of this rises a mighty sandstone column covered to about a third of its height with fresco paintings, which commemorate incidents illustrative of the spirit of sacrifice which animated the nation during those wars. Trophies are introduced in the shapes of twenty Danish and 60 Austrian cannon [brass] which are festooned with bronze laurel wreaths. It is intended to crown the centre pillar with a "Goddess of victory," holding a wreath in one hand and a flag in the other. This figure, which has been moddelled by Drake, is to be cast in gun metal. The monument will be 200 feet high, and the summit will be reached by spiral staircase in the interior. The whole was designed by Strack. Before this monument is finished Prussia will probably have to chronicle the greatest of all her victories or else a defeat as will make such a monument superfluous for the present generation.

AMERICAN SENTIMENT TOWARDS ENGLAND.

The late cowardly utterances of the New York press with regard to Great Britain and Canada, and the all but unanimously expressed desire for a war with Britain and the invasion of Canada in the event of the former becoming involved in a great continental war, cannot fail to open our eyes as to what we might expect from the Americans if they saw that they had an opportunity of injuring us without much risk to themselves. Lament it as we will there is no disputing the fact, that most of the leading organs of American public opinion, Democratic as well as Republican, united on this subject; and so soon as war in Europe became imminent, they hailed its approach as being likely to lead to an opportunity for striking a craven blow at England and her dependencies. There is no doubt of this being the case, and seeing that this is so it will be well for us to thoroughly understand what we have to expect from our Republican neighbours. It is far from our desire to excite feelings of hostility towards them; however unfriendly may be the sentiments which they entertain towards us, it is our duty to behave in a neighbourly manner and by every possible means to avoid giving them just cause of offence. Of course if we were independent, the old story of the wolf and the lamb would soon be repeated, and some pretext for "gobbling" us up would very speedily be found. So long, however, as we form a portion of the British Empire our rights and liberties are safe, and only in the event of the Mother Country being involved in a contest which taxed all her energies, are we likely to be attacked. We have the authority of American journals of all shades of opinion for so believing. Some days since we gave extracts from them showing what are their views on this subject, and we now quote another article from the New York *Telegram* to the same effect:

"Should England abandon her neutrality, and take sides with Prussia, it would be utter madness to neglect the opportunity which would then offer of driving her out of this continent. In the event referred to, it would be the duty of President Grant to press the *Alabama* claims upon her, and press them in such a way that she would reject them. Then we could declare war."

We do not wish to express our opinion as to the nature of the policy thus indicated. Of course it is easy to understand that the Americans would not readily venture single handed upon a war with such a power as Great Britain, whose navy would soon sweep every vestige of American commerce from the ocean, and lay half the cities on the Atlantic seaboard in ashes.

Fortunately it is not likely that Great Britain will be drawn into the present European strife, and if she is not, we have nothing to fear. Still, when we see how soon unforseen complications and unexpected wars arise, it is our duty to be prepared for any emergency. By showing a bold front we may often avert the approach of danger, and so by showing the Americans that we are unanimously determined to maintain our rights as British subjects, we may render them less anxious to attack us at a disadvantage. The memories of 1812 have not all past away, and the recollections of that war, when the United States had to sue for peace, teach us what determined men may do when fighting for all they hold dear upon earth, and what Great Britain can do when fighting as she then was against tremendous odds. It is a mistake to suppose that the relative strength of Canada and the United States has altered to our disadvantage since then. In fact, we believe that we occupy relatively a better position than we then did. Our population has increased in an equal ratio to theirs, the boundary line we have to defend is no longer now than it was then, while theirs is largely increased by the States on the Pacific coast, and whatever of military strength or experience the Americans have obtained in their late civil war, is more than counterbalanced by the load of debt which they have incurred, and by the fact that they have seven millions of discontented Southerners to keep in subjection. Last, but not least, one very important source of strength which we now possess, is our gallant little Canadian army of 40,000 or 50,000 men around whom our militia men could rally, and the excellent organization of our militia system, under the direction of Colonel Robertson Ross and other experienced officers of the regular army.

We hope that the day may never come when we shall be compelled to take up arms to defend ourselves from American invasion; we trust that as time goes on a more friendly feeling will spring up between the two nations; but if unhappily evil counsels should prevail, and England's time of weakness be made an opportunity for the Americans to try and subjugate Canada, we believe that the glorious spirit of 1812 would be found still alive among us, and that we should be enabled to defend our homes and liberties as our fathers did before us.

A TRUE FRIEND OF THE EMPIRE.

In common with most of our contemporaries, our time and space have lately been so much occupied with war news that we have not had an opportunity of alluding so fully as we otherwise should have done, to the Earl of Carnarvon's motion in the House of Lords, relating to the conduct of the soldiers of the army of Canada. We have explained why that resolution was withdrawn, and have had the gratification of publishing the speeches delivered by Lord Carnarvon and the Colonial Secretary, but we have not acknowledged as we ought to have done the unwavering interest which the noble Earl always displays in favor of Canada, and the important services which on more than one occasion he has rendered to us. The Earl of Carnarvon understands more thoroughly than most Englishmen do, the great value of the colonies to the Mother Country; he sees that were they allowed to drift away from England, the cause of Liberty as well as the interests of the Empire would suffer in consequence, and by his manly and persistent opposition to the teachings of the Manchester school, he has proved himself to be a true friend of Canada and the Empire. It is only right that the people of this country should manifest by every means in their power their admiration and esteem for this thoroughly English nobleman, and thus show at one and the same time their appreciation of his character and their attachment to that Empire whose interests Lord Carnarvon has ever so warmly at heart. The service which he rendered to this country by obliging Lord Kimberley to declare that the present Government had no desire or intention to abandon Canada, was of itself an exceedingly valuable one, because it furnished an incontrovertible argument against those covert foes of Canada and the Empire who call themselves the Independence party, and who are constantly declaring that the Imperial Government want to be rid of us. We hope that our contemporaries will not omit to give expression to those feelings of gratitude towards Lord Carnarvon which we are sure are entertained by most of them. If we judge the noble Earl's character aright, he will not consider that the thanks of four millions of British freemen is altogether a worthless return for his constant loyalty and able statesmanship.

"PASS IT ROUND."

The *Citizen* has TIMES and Telegraph on the brain! Some one has been imposing upon the credulity of our contemporary and making him believe that we copy his midnight telegrams. He is entirely mistaken, our telegrams come to us in a legitimate manner, though they do not come over the Montreal line. Our contemporary should not make statements of this kind which a little consideration would prove to be incorrect. Five mornings out of six the TIMES is published before the *Citizen*, and how then can we purloin its telegrams? Not only have we no desire to do so, but if at any time our contemporary is unable to make sense of the misspelt illegible twaddle furnished by the Montreal Company, and will send to the TIMES' office, rather than see him publish such a muddle of nonsense and bad English, we will furnish him with some of the despatches which we receive by the People's line. Of course we could not make a practice of this, but would do so now and then rather than see our neighbour suffering much mental and physical anguish, as we fear he is now doing. Is not this generous? In the language of the *Citizen* "pass it round."

CONTEMPTIBLE.

The Halifax *Chronicle* is without doubt the nearest approach to the New York *Herald* that we have in Canada. It publishes false statements with a cool and unblushing effrontory which would do credit to that notorious perverter of the truth. No sooner had Lord Kimberley's speech in the House of Lords been published in this country, and his direct and positive assurance that the Imperial Government would defend Canada with all the power of the Empire, been made known here, than the *Chronicle* coolly declared that "Lord Kimberley has repeated the notice so often given by the British Government that the colonies are no longer wanted by the Empire." True to its unholy mission of misleading and deceiving the people of Nova Scotia, the *Chronicle* dare not publish what Lord Kimberley really did say, because it does not suit the views of its annexation masters that Nova Scotians should know the truth; so it manufactures out of whole cloth a deliberate falsehood and publishes it. Can anything be more thoroughly mean and contemptible?

THE CHAMBERLIN PRESENTATION SWORD.

The magnificent sword of honour which our citizens subscribed for, to be presented to Colonel Chamberlin, for his gallant exploit at Eccles' Hill, in May last, and which was manufactured to order by Wilkinson, of London, under the personal supervision of Colonel Robertson Ross, Adjutant General of Militia, when that officer was lately in England, was yesterday exposed to public view in the window of Messrs. Young & Radford, jewellers, Sparks street, and attracted the attention of large crowds, during the afternoon promenade. We understand that the Committee has sent a letter to Colonel Ross, couched in terms of warm approval of his choice of a weapon, and thanking him for his services in connection with the matter; and it has also, we believe, asked that Lady Young will do the subscribers the honour of presenting the sword to the gallant Colonel.

THE FIRST COLONY OF THE EMPIRE.

Alluding to the movements now being made in England to do honor to the army of Canada, the *English Volunteer* says:

"Of all her colonies there is none of which England has so good right to be so proud as of Canada. The spirit, too, with which her sons have given the Americans to understand that they will not be bullied by them, the scorn with which they speak of the flunkeyism shown by some of our papers—such as the *Economist* and *Army and Navy Gazette*—in dilating with such unctuous subserviency in the conduct shown by the States in arresting the Fenians when they found they could not help it, shown that Canada is, as of old, plucky and loyal to the backbone. She wants no Yankee help and no Yankee institutions. Distance with her does not lend enchantment to the view; on the contrary she is near enough at hand to see thoroughly what the Americans are, and how their institutions work, and she does not like the prospect. Canada has not forgotten American intrusion on her soil, and the Fenian invasion recalls the memory of other wrongs. On the very ground selected by those blackguards for their base of operations, a small force of Canadians defeated a much larger body of Yankee invaders, and there are plenty of men in the grand old colony who do not mean to suffer the recollections of these exploits to perish. Not the least pleasing feature in the present proposal is that the committee contains the names of some of the foremost men in England—albeit of very different views as to politics—names which, we should say, ought to be a guarantee of that success which the movement most assuredly merits.

☞ Miss Nellie Nelson's Benefit to-Night.

A Gallant Englishman

Captain Kentish, late of H. M. 69th Regiment, has recently been distinguishing himself in Houston, Texas. We learn, by a paper published at that place, that a man, a German by birth, was drowned in the bayou below the city, near the beef packery of Perl & Macdonald. Captain Allen J. Kentish, late of the 69th Regiment, British army, now on a visit to Mr. Macdonald, having arrived here this afternoon, while visiting the ice factory and beef packery of the above firm, learned that a man was drowning in front of the packery, immediately rushed to the bank of the bayou, plunged in without undressing, and, in the presence of fifty persons at least, dived, swam, and floated for nearly an hour in the attempt to save the life of a man he had never seen. Captain Kentish is now stopping at the Hutchins House, and only left London on the 5th of this month. While this gallant Englishman was struggling to save the life of a stranger, it is sad to think that numbers of the friends and comrades of the drowning man stood on the bank without making an effort to save his life, and seemingly indifferent to his fate.

Lying Telegrams.

(From the Perth Expositor).

The lying telegrams which are being continually manufactured in Ottawa are getting to be a positive nuisance, and something should be done to bring "the manufacturer" to punishment. In reference to matters connected with the North West, especially, there seems to have been a system, a method in the manufacturing of lies which is little less than diabolical. It was known that there was a great deal of intense feeling on these matters in Ontario, and forthwith this manufacturer of lies in Ottawa, whose ingenuity and persistence in falsehood is worthy of his father the Devil, set to work by lying telegrams to work on those feelings, and to make some capital for his employers. Our readers will remember the series of reports which have lately emanated from this quarter, only to be contradicted. In the first place the Governor General was to go to Manitoba by way of the United States under the protection of Bishop Tache. Governor Archibald was to go in the same undignified way. Then the troops now on their way to Red River were to be recalled. Then again an amnesty was proclaimed to Riel, *at the request of the Canadian Government*!! &c. One by one these lies have been contradicted after they had done service for a few days each. Many papers, however, which published these telegrams *have not contradicted them to this day*, and we have no doubt there are in Canada many who took these statements as Gospel in the first place, and who are yet prepared to do battle for their authenticity.

We believe, however, with the Ottawa *Times* that in the end such diabolical attempts at deception will recoil on the heads of those who use such weapons to further their political ends. Honest people will distrust a party which descends to such modes of warfare; and though they may hoodwink people for a while, the *truth* is still mighty and will eventually prevail.

Potter Palmer, the Chicago millionaire, having just got married, has made his bride a present of a hotel valued at $300,000.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

Latest from the Seat of War

CABLE NEWS.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

LONDON, Aug. 12.—A Berlin correspondent to the *Times* writes that England has declined to join with Austria in the League proposed by Von Beust for guaranteeing belligerents against loss of territory. England's reason for declining is that the league could not save the North German Confederation in case Prussia should be defeated.

Four hundred thousand pounds in bullion is shipped from Bombay to London on account of the abnormal condition of the exchange brought about by the war.

The Orange anniversary is passing off quietly at Enniskillen, where trouble was most feared.

Londonderry is also quiet.

The First Prussian Corps d'Armes is at Phillipsburg.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—The *Journal Officiel* publishes a decree declaring the department of Haute Garonne in a state of siege.

LONDON, August 12.—A cable despatch says that an English banker named Elliott was yesterday arrested at Paris, while on a visit to his brother. He is charged with furnishing intelligence of the French army's movements to the enemy.

PARIS, August 12.—The journals of Metz publish Marshal McMahon's report to the Emperor of Saturday's battle.

The report says the enemy is greatly superior in numbers. We were forced to order a retreat, which was effected in good order, the enemy's pursuit being without vigour and by no means troublesome.

He was able only to send a partial list of the killed.

METZ, 12.—It has rained all day.

The French army is concentrated around this place. It is being revictualled and reinforced.

General Bazaine is visiting and inspecting the troops under his command.

The report of the Prussians occupying Nancy is false.

MADRID, 12.—A manifesto issued by the leaders of the Republican party, demands the convocation of the Cortes, and a revision of the Monarchical clause of the constitution. The manifesto counsels calmness and subordination as the only guarantee of success.

PARIS, 12.—Advices from headquarters represent that the best understanding exists between General Bazaine and other Generals.

Among the German prisoners taken at the beginning of the campaign are members of the Landwehr, who were called into service six weeks ago. This proves that Prussia expected war before it was declared, and was not taken by surprise, as her Government repeatedly asserted.

The workmen in the factories of Lyons threaten the German employees with violence, and trouble is apprehended.

Dury, ex-Minister of Public Instruction, has joined the Garde Mobile, and M. Paul Cassignac, editor of *Le Pays*, has entered a regiment of Zouaves.

Apprehensions that famine will be added to the horrors of war in consequence of the late drought have been dissipated.

Revue des deux Mondes (Orleanist) has a skilful article defending the attitude of France, and holding up Prussia to the execration of mankind.

BERLIN, 12th.—The Bavarian army has passed through Vosges and bivouacked last night at Dymergen, near Saarlouis.

Gen. Sheridan of the American army, has left for the King's headquarters.

The Queen announces that she will take personal charge of the wounded of both nations, and their treatment will be identical.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—The s.s. *Japan* arrived to-day, bringing dates from Hong Kong of the 12th July, and Yokohama to July 22nd.

The *Japan* brought 55 cabin passengers, including 32 for European cities; also 270 Chinese in the steerage.

Among the freight are, 826 packages of tea and 120 bales of silk for New York overland, and 23,960 packages tea and 143 bales of silk for shipment via Panama.

Foreigners in China and Japan are filled with horror at the atrocities committed at Tientsin, and call loudly for vengeance.

Dr. Russell writes to the *Times* that the French headquarters were wholly ignorant of the details of the battle of Worth, but were impressed with the belief that it was decisive and important in its results.

M. Thiers is reported to have said that the Empire was ended, and a Republic inevitable.

The Paris *Pays* publishes a letter from Charles des Mouliet, dated at Nancy, denouncing the Emperor's bad generalship. He says McMahon, gallantly struggling, was beaten back for lack of support, though there were multitudes of armed Frenchmen at hand, eager to save him.

The passage of the Rhine was underated; the commissariat was utterly inadequate, and the soldiers were compelled to eat sour fruit and raw vegetables.

Prussia to-day has Alsace, and to-morrow she will have Lorraine.

Luxemburg having asked for a reaffirmation of her neutrality, the Powers reply that the existing gurrantee is sufficient.

ANTWERP, August 12, 10 a.m.—Advices from the seat of war state that a battle is momentarily expected.

LONDON, 12.—Duke Charles has asked permission to take service in the French army. He claims privilege as a Frenchman, who has learned something of the art of war in America and Italy.

The *Telegraph* is authorized to contradict formally the report that Prince Imperial is in London.

Marshall McMahon marched out of Saverne on Sunday night, on one side of the town, just as the Prussians were marching into it on the other.

At Brussels last night there was an enthusiastic popular demonstration before the Palace and British Legation.

Experiments at Shooburyness, with the *mitrailleuse*, are said to have been splendidly successful.

The *Presse* gives a glowing account of the range and accuracy of the weapon.

The *Times* says that the pride of France is wounded, and her prestige dimmed. Who ever brought this on her must suffer for it. Victorious, or discrowned, is Napoleon's alternative on the next battle field.

The Prussian accounts say that nothing at Konigratz could parallel the destruction of life at Worth.

Abd el Kader has volunteered to fight in the French army. This noted warrior, whose full name is Sidi el Hadji Abd el Kader Oulid Mahddeen, is now about sixty four years old, and must be "rusty" in military matters, having been in enforced idleness for more than twenty years. Should he prove half as effective as a friend as he was while an enemy, he would be quite an acquisition to the French army.

A Cincinnati boy tried to prevent his father's abusing his step-mother, when his father resented such interference by lodging a fatal charge of buckshot in the young man's thorax.

Fashionable girls in Paris are at present wearing low sandals and stockings made so as to leave the sides and upper portion of the instep bare.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Another Reverse and the Emperor is Gone—Rumors of French Battles—No Official News—The Popular Devotion is for the Country, not the Dynasty—The Corps Legislatif—War Correspondents in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Our special despatch from Paris on Wednesday evening says the new Cabinet means strong measures against Prussia, but do not be mistaken.

Another reverse and the Emperor is gone, confidence in him is utterly destroyed.

Rumors of French battles are flying around Paris, but no official news has been received.

The French are being rapidly reinforced and within a few days Paris will be almost denuded of young men.

The popular devotion is for the country and no longer for the dynasty, but everything looks like as if a republic would succeed the Empire.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The following are the concluding remarks of M. Thiers in the Corps Legislatif: He knew a month ago that France was not prepared. Grave faults had been committed; still they must not take a man from before the enemy to answer to an accusation.

The Chambers proceeded to vote the reestablishment of the National Guard in all the departments, and to make provision for the widows and orphans of the war.

It was announced that all citizens over 21 years, and having resided a year in one place, would be furnished with arms.

The Minister of the Interior said the moment the Senate passed the law for a general armament he had telegraphed the fact to all parts. (Applause on all sides).

Count Palikao announced that the armament of Paris would be completed in 8 days. He expressed the fullest confidence in Marshal Bazaine, and counted on victory to efface the traces of the recent reverses.

Glois Bisroin demanded that the nation should make no treaty of peace so long as the enemy was on French soil.

Minister Magne proposed that the amount of the loan the Government had been authorized to make be increased from five hundred millions to a thousand millions. That the bills of the Bank of France be made a legal tender; that the Bank shall not be obliged to redeem them in gold or silver, but that the paper circulation of the Bank be limited to a thousand millions of francs, eight hundred millions to be made applicable to the uses of the Government, and that similar privileges be conferred on the Bank of Algeria, whose paper circulation should be limited to eighteen millions.

The Minister who moved the above financial measure urged its immediate adoption, and it was carried by a vote of 251 to 1.

M. Estancelin moved to abrogate the decrees of banishment against the Orleans princes, which was assented to.

NEW YORK, August 12.—A London special, dated the 11th, says the special correspondent of the *Tribune* writes on Wednesday evening that extraordinary precautions were taken to-day to protect the Corps Legislatif. Besides infantry and cavalry, two battalions of artillery were in position.

Seventy nine deputies voted for the immediate discussion of the proposal to increase the National Guard.

A forced currency of bank notes is practically established, for a hundred franc note cannot be changed into specie without paying a premium.

The Bank of France still professes to pay in specie, but gives only silver for notes.

The run on the Bank to-day was very severe. Persons were compelled to wait five hours for their turn. Seven millions of specie was paid out yesterday and today.

Private letters say that Marshal McMahon's treasury, containing 1,500,000 francs in gold, was captured by the Prussians.

The special correspondent of the *Tribune* at Metz, writes that he was arrested at that place on Sunday, together with Simpson of the London *Illustrated News*, and Henry Mayhew as Prussian spies, mobbed by the towns people and with difficulty protected by the soldiers. They were repeatedly examined by the military authorities and released and rearrested, and their papers taken away and finally carried before Gen. Coffinieres, commanding in Metz, who threatened them with death. After some delay they were again released and ordered to leave Metz instantly, and quit France either by Boulogne or Dijon. They chose the latter.

Smalley Telegraphs from London, all France must have gone mad about Prussian spies. Your special correspondent went from London to the front by way of Amiens, Khieme and Chalons, but was stopped at Forguer and questioned by citizens, Custom House officers and Gendarmes.

He was asked repeatedly to produce his papers, and finally allowed reluctantly to proceed when they were found to be all right, yet this correspondent is a French officer. The authorities apologized for the trouble caused him, but said they were compelled to question every body so great was the popular suspicion.

NEW YORK, 12th.—The *World's* Washington specials says the following has been received by the Spanish Minister:

"MADRID, 9th.—This Government is determined on the complete and immediate pacification of Cuba. It will send over 12,000 soldiers next September, so that with the troops now in the Island and other powerful means to be employed at the discretion of the Captain General, the whole Island will be given up to military occupation.

STUTTGART, 12.—In the battle of Worth the troops captured one *mitrailleuse*, three cannons, one staff carriage, 2,200 prisoners, and 8,300 horses.

AMERICAN NEWS.

ST. LOUIS, 12th.—President Grant was waited upon to-day by a committee of prominent Irishmen, who asked the President to pardon Gen. O'Neill and other Irishmen now in prison for violation of the neutrality laws.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The substance of all private despatches and those received in other quarters convey the impression that a great battle may be expected any moment in the vicinity of Metz.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 12.

Col. Irvine, A. D. C., is dangerously ill at Cacouna.

The steamer *Clyde* has been repaired, and resumes her trips to-morrow.

Last night services were held in the Church of Notre Dame de Levis, on the occasion of the opening of a new organ. Several gentleman from Quebec, among them Premier Chauveau and Messrs. Gagnon and Mills, organists of the French and English Cathedrals, performed on the instrument. It is very powerful and was constructed by Mr. Mitchell, of Montreal, at a cost of £1,800.

An apprentice on board the steamer *Powerful*, named Xavier Qauguay, has been missing for the last fortnight. When last heard of he was in Montreal.

The wires of the People's line were interrupted all forenoon but are now working all right.

Maine has a clergyman aged 87, who picked half a bushel of blackberries, last Saturday, and preached several times on Sunday.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 13.

The *News* says that it is understood that the 60th Rifles will be ordered to leave Fort Garry on the 5th September, so as to take the place at Quebec of the 69th Regiment, which is expected to leave early in October for the West Indies.

In the case of Arsene Charlebois, grocer, McGill street, who was found dead in his bed yesterday morning, Mr. Coroner Jones held an inquest. Dr. Reddy had previously been attending the deceased, and the jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

The Committee of the Lachine Boating Club were last evening completed to decide upon a postponement of the regatta. This course was found necessary in consequence of want of entries for the various contests, and no alternative was left to the Committee in consequence. It is now decided to make the regatta a fixture for the 14th September, the day previous to the great race.

A laborer named James Flood, while working on board of the steamer *Scandinavian* yesterday, had his foot broken by a falling box.

A labourer working on the Agricultural Society's building, Mile End, is reported to have dropped dead while at work yesterday.

The Keeper of Light No. 2, Lake St. Peter, was drowned yesterday below Sorel.

The challenge of the Sarsfield Club has been accepted by the Young Shamrock's.

Flour market very quiet; prices generally the same as yesterday. Probably the bottom has been touched.

Greenbacks bought at 15, sold it 14½ to ¾. Silver bought at 6¼, and sold at 6 discount. 5-20's sold ao 110¼ to 112.

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

CONSCRIPTION IN FRANCE.

A correspondent writes:

France, now for the first time since 1815, indeed I may say for the first time this century, begins to feel the weight of war. Heretofore the burden of war fell on the very poorest people. The peasants would make any sacrifice to save their sons from the military draft. Tens of thousands of peasant families have lived for years on bread and vegetables in order to amass, cent by cent, the money required to purchase a substitute. During the Crimean war (when substitutes cost $1,000, gold) many peasants mortgaged all their land, sold their cow, and left the wife at home to take care of the farm while father and son went away to work as servants. Anything was preferable to being a soldier. But now everybody under 25 years old is obliged to go; the sons of bankers, notaries, artists, lawyers, doctors, wealthy land-owners—all must go. There is no buying a substitute. In the middle classes this is ruining many a family. At Laon, a young barber, married three months, and who had just opened a shop, into which he had put all his and his wife's money, has been obliged to abandon all and march to the frontier. A young fencing-master opened a fencing room last October; all his savings went to furnish and fit it up; he has been ordered to the frontier; the rooms are closed; next October everything it contains will be sold to satisfy rent. A young farmer I know is twenty-four and a half years old; he has been married two months; he, too, has been sent to the frontier. How he will pay his rent for his farm he don't know. He has sold everything he had but one cow (he had eighteen); he lost 70 per cent. on all of them, and has been obliged to hire a man servant to attend to his farm during his absence. Thursday the performance at the Theatre de Montparnasse was brought to an abrupt close by the appearance of gendarmes, who came to tell three actors they had no time to loose, but must instantly join their corps; they were Gardes Mobile. The people are restive and irritated under all these inconveniences. I hear on every side of me that the war cannot last long. If the Prussians were to refuse battle and simply slowly retreat before the French, harassing them as they retreated, and making them uncertain whether a great battle was not immediately to be fought, and so keep up the campaign for three months, the French would be more severely damaged than were they to be defeated a dozen times. It is probable this will be the Prussian strategy, for no crushing defeat can be inflicted until the French have advanced so far from the Rhine as to make a defeat fatal.

THE PRUSSIAN KING.

From the London Times.

There was a gleam of helmeted heads and plumes and of orders and uniforms around the Queen as the train passed on, and some said, "There is the King," and other's said, "It is the Crown Prince;" but the glimpse was transient, and the clouds of dust which followed in our track on this most dusty of railroads put all in eclipse. In another hour or so we were in Berlin, and emerged into streets filled with men in plain clothes proceeding in some sort of military order, with small escorts of soldiery, to the railway station. Many of these wore decorations—medals, ribbons, and crosses—which spoke of service in Schleswig-Holstein and in Bohemia. They were sober, orderly men, quiet, unexcited, and perhaps all the more anxious to fight hard to end the campaign because they had been called away so suddenly from hearth and home—men mostly of twenty-five and upwards, several in each band belonging apparently to the well-to-do *bourgeoisie* or better classes of artisans. Large cavalcades of horses in better spirits were led off in fours in the same direction. Detachments of troops were passing all day down the Line-tree walk, and at 2 o'clock the King drove through the streets to the station in a Russian drosky, and was received with uncovered heads and a buzzing sort of suppressed cheer as he passed. He "loooked every inch a King," plumed and helmeted in strictest soldier tunic—a real *anax andron* of the days when kings led subjects to battle. What a fine old head and front it is! The stamp of Imperator is there already, and it would not surprise one very much to learn that in an hour of stress that old man, with his piercing blue eye and open brow, and fine lip, curved under his massive white moustache, would cut the Gordian knot of a constitution with a swift, sure sword. Certainly, he is not the sort of man one would like to worry *coram populo* in a watering place. And then he has a faith; "he believes," and he is sure that He in whom he believes has placed his cause beyond the reach of human harm.

It is observed, nevertheless, that the King is not in his usual joyous spirits. He speaks with devout confidence, and trusts in the justice of his quarrel; but his Majesty is grave. The Crown Prince, too, seems, it is said, to feel the influence of the tremendous events which are impending, and surely if the designs of Prussia were warlike the royal family cannot have regarded them with favor or have participated in the desire for a conflict which causes them so much anxiety, although they do not express any apprehensions as to the ultimate result.

ABD EL-KADER.

From the London Times.

The French papers state that the Emir Abd-el-Kader has addressed the following letter to the Minister of War: "Praise be to God. To the very vallent Marshal of France, Minister of War: Excellency—We have learnt by the voice of fame that France is about to make her powder speak against her enemies, the Prussians (whom may God confound), and that your very powerful Emperor Napoleon III. (upon whom may Heaven shower its bounties) has determined to place in the front ranks of his brave soldiers, the sons of French Africa. He who has fought against the French would be the last of believers if he did not in this coming war place himself at the service of his adopted country; his tried sabre claims the honour of being among the first to march against the Prussians. The Emir Abd-el-Kader, therefore, begs your Excellency to lay his humble petition at the foot of the glorious throne of Napoleon III. (to whom may God grant victory.) From the servant of God, Abd-el-Kader, Ben Mahi Edden Broussa, 6 Radia et Isani of the year of the Hegira, 1287."

THE EMPEROR.

His latest photographs give him a wilted look. I expect the stories that he repeatedly faints and does not recover for a long time, are exaggerations at least; but he is 62 years of age, and as Thackeray (I believe it is Thackeray) puts it, he has "had his whack." He has lived a fast, hard life in many respects, and is old. His last years have been full of troubles. Only a month ago the cable was talking about his touches of rheumatism, and adding that he was about to spend some time at a watering place where the waters were famous for their efficacy in diseases of the bladder. It is not unlikely that the excitement and hard work—the momentous decisions that must be made, the anxieties and toils of the last week—may have caused the illness of this old man, shaken in health as he surely is, and placed in a most difficult and hazardous position.

It is this manifest probability that causes the absence of the tri-color from the Imperial headquarters in the city to be so quickly noted and subjected to discussion. But how is this shaky old man to present himself at the head of the armies of France? How can he be expected to guide the legions in their advance beyond the Rhine? Can he mount his horse and gallop forty miles in five hours, and read and write despatches all night, stand or ride in the rain or the heat, by night or by day, disregarding everything in applying his energies in handling his army, as the old Bonaparte did? Is the grand army of France to take its orders in the intervals of paroxysms of gouty rheumatism, or between twinges of bladder complaint? Can an Emperor be put in a glass case or a soft carriage, and go forth to command in the field? And what assistance can he expect from the slender and pretty little Prince Imperial? It is commonly said of him here that he is a nice little boy, who looks like his mother, and will never fire the Seine, and the boys call him Velocipede IV.

GENERAL COUNT DE PALIKAO.

Charles Guillaume Marie Apollinaire Antoine Cousin-Montauban, the General Count de Palikao, charged on the night of the 9th instant with the task of forming a new French ministry, vice that of M. Emile Ollivier, voted out of confidence, has a distinguished history. Born in 1796, he has served France as a soldier and diplomatist for forty-two years; fought through twenty-eight campaigns; won the grand cross of the Legion of Honor for his gallantry, and the title of count for his skill in negotiating the treaty of Pekin. Entering the service in 1828 as a lieutenant of cavalry, he greatly distinguished himself in Algeria, and in 1836, on the formation of that corps, was put in command of a squadron of Spahis. In 1843 he won the grade of lieutenant-colonel, two years after became colonel of the Second Chasseurs, and two years after that became general of brigade, finally reaching, in 1855, the rank of general of division. In 1860 General Cousin-Montauban was placed in command of the French contingent in the French-English expedition against China, and on the coalescence of the two contingents was put in the chief command of the expedition. Passing up the Pei ho, the Europeans in turn reduced the Takon forts, removed the obstructions at Pei-ho and finally brought the Chinese to terms by defeating them with great slaughter at the battle of Pa-li ka-o, on the heels of which victory, as will be remembered, followed the destruction of the magnificent Pekin palace of the Brother of the Sun and Moon. Worse dismayed at this knocking of his house about his ears than he had been by all the defeats suffered by his troops, the Chinese Emperor was only too glad to assent to the treaty prepared by the allies and presented to him by the French general, and at the close of 1860 the expedition returned; General Cousin-Montauban visiting Japan first, however, which delayed his arrival in France until July, 1861. In recognition of his services the Emperor, who had bestowed the grand cross of the Legion of Honor upon him in December, 1860, and in March, 1861, made him a Senator of France, created him, on the 22nd of January, 1862, Count of Palikao, the title being taken from his victory in China. An effort to endow him at the same time with a "donation," or the means suitable to maintain his nobility, met some opposition in the Legislative Body, and the feelings of Count de Palikao have not been supposed over-friendly to law-making assemblies. Descended from an old family his predelictions are essentially aristocratic, and there is, perhaps, no officer in the French service of so reactionary a turn. Any ministry formed by him can hardly be other than in strong contrast to the progressive council presided over by M. Ollivier. During the time of the plebiscite, General Count de Palikao was in command in Paris, and the appointment gave considerable umbrage from his well-known readiness to sweep the streets at a moment's warning. With this record, the selection of the Count to form a new ministry seems to imply a great dread of an irreconcilable outbreak in Paris, and a determination to prevent, or if that be possible, combat it, at all hazards. General de Palikao's rank, it may be mentioned, is that of Commander of the Fourth Corps D'Armee, now forming the French left, and, in the absence of the corps commander, handled by General L'Admiraulf.

A VISIT TO METZ.

A correspondent of the *Daily News*, writing from Metz on July 21st, says:

Now to give you an account of my visit to Port St. Quentin, when, so far from being arrested (although I was accompanied by an English officer, and made no secret of the fact), I was treated with the greatest possible politeness. I had been struck by the numerous and important works being constructed on all sides of Metz on my first arrival, and determined to visit them and inspect them narrowly if by any possible means I could obtain an entrance. We passed one of the three camps now formed around Metz, on our way, directly we had cleared an innumerable multitude of gates, glacis, portcullises, and drawbridges. I counted four of these last, and my friend, the English officer, above mentioned, says I missed one, and that there were five in all. Soon after we had quitted the town and passed the camp of Ban-St.-Martin we got among the vineyards, the vines running right down to the edge of the road in many cases without even a ditch to protect the grapes from the *gamins* of Metz. After about an hour's drive our carriage was brought to a standstill by a long train of artillery waggons, whose drivers had stopped to breathe their horses in front of us, and now our *cocher* began to show signs of fear. He wanted to stop, saying he could not get past the waggons, but just as he was speaking they started off, and he consented to go on again. About a quarter of a mile on he came to another stop, and this time he refused to be comforted, expressing lively fears of the sentinel at the fort, about a quarter of a mile higher up, making use of his Chassepot if we went a yard further. There was nothing for it but to get out and walk; so we trudged up the steep and dusty road to the entrance of the fort. The sentinel received us very politely, and showed no signs of making any hostile use of his musket. He told us we must come with him to the [illegible] and speak to the sergeant. The sergeant referred us to the [illegible] manding, and we sat down [illegible] personage in his bureau in [illegible] mates. Getting tired of waiting [illegible] leave to go and seek the [illegible] met him riding back from [illegible] by. When he heard what [illegible] he demurred a little at first, but having examined our [illegible] satisfied himself that [illegible] *regle*, he not only decided [illegible] the fort, but told one of the [illegible] on duty to accompany us [illegible] honors. We were accordingly [illegible] everywhere and everything [illegible] telligent young officer, who [illegible] swered all our questions, [illegible] ly volunteered information [illegible] thought might interest us. [illegible] told us, would be defensible [illegible]. The cannon, 60 in number, [illegible] being got into position, [illegible] 15 yards deep and as [illegible] finished for purposes of [illegible] were the casemates and [illegible] racks. Forts St. Quentin [illegible] ought to say Forts St. Quentin [illegible] are two, stand on the [illegible] hill which overlooks for [illegible] valley of the Meuse, in which [illegible]. Their guns would play [illegible] effect on any enemy advancing [illegible] ley to attack the town [illegible] beaten or demoralised [illegible] ample shelter in the [illegible] just crossed, guarded on [illegible] guns of the town, and of the fort we were in. Our friend [illegible] ant complained terribly of [illegible] of getting his men to [illegible]. "They are all thinking and [illegible] ing but fighting, [illegible] and then putting down their [illegible] shovels to listen to a [illegible] come up from Metz with some story of a great battle [illegible]. However, we shall be [illegible] in eight days," he [illegible] if he had seen [illegible] crieff system, but [illegible] it. Nor did he [illegible] a Henry repeater [illegible] or Prussian needle-gun [illegible] to care about. How [illegible] the war would last? [illegible] not longer. The Prussians [illegible] torious, cannot keep [illegible] field for more than [illegible] time; for as by their [illegible] men, of all ranks and [illegible] to fight, they exhaust [illegible] in a very short time, [illegible] business being at a [illegible] whilst the war lasts." This [illegible] an opinion that must be taken [illegible] is worth. He told us how [illegible] had been taken in the forts [illegible] site side of the valley. One [illegible] captain of engineers, [illegible] Prussian workman employed [illegible] works. This man told [illegible] there was Captain Von [illegible] bastion; the guard was [illegible] the captain was arrested; [illegible] were found on him, and [illegible] who he was. *He is now* [illegible] error of his ways in the [illegible] Metz citadel. I should [illegible] tion that the fact of these [illegible] tions, having been commenced [illegible] ago is a clear proof, *if proof* [illegible] of how the French *had long* [illegible] mined to be *prepared for an* [illegible] on the first *opportunity*. [illegible] *forts are not merely destined* [illegible] Metz. The town is magnificently [illegible] as it is. No, they are intended to [illegible] a vast encampment, [illegible] ment, or to give shelter and [illegible] time to a beaten army.

As we returned to Metz we passed [illegible] tery of the much-talked-of [illegible] coming in from the [illegible] each a tarpaulin over [illegible] to any one who had [illegible] what they were [illegible] to prevent any one from [illegible] there was sufficient [illegible] not the common 6 pounder [illegible] is hardly necessary to [illegible] that the tremendous secret [illegible] weapons is no secret at all, [illegible] drawings of the French weapon [illegible] arsenal in Europe. It is [illegible] known that the French Government adopted a very inferior [illegible] chosen by the Belgian, Austrian [illegible] ish Governments.

WALTHAM W[illegible]
THE AMERICAN W[illegible]
The public of the United [illegible] have now had over ten years [illegible] WALTHAM WATCHES, and [illegible] where acknowledged to be [illegible]
TIME-KEEPE[illegible]
Almost all other watches [illegible] pretences; not one in a hundred [illegible] of the real maker; the public [illegible] security, and have, therefore, [illegible] imposed upon. On the contrary, [illegible] a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee [illegible] pany, and no matter from whom [illegible] positive security that he is [illegible] KEEPER.
It must be admitted that [illegible] of watchmakers lies in selling [illegible] which they can make larger [illegible] enterprise in the trade [illegible] and ready sale, and which [illegible] It is "small profits and quick [illegible]
These watches can be had [illegible] (all guaranteed), the silver [illegible] coin silver, and from 2 to [illegible] gold cases are made in 18 carat [illegible] 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled [illegible] both in gold and silver [illegible]
CHEAPEST WATCHES [illegible]
These watches can be ordered [illegible] watchmaker or jeweller in the [illegible] guarantee of the Company [illegible] required. The Company [illegible] Government duty, which [illegible] consumer a privileged [illegible]
ROBERT W[illegible]
Sole Wholesale Agents for the [illegible]
Toronto—[illegible]
Montreal—[illegible]
1597 3md

HER MAJESTY'S T[illegible]
BENEFIT OF MISS NELLIE [illegible]
JOHNNIE WARD IN HIS [illegible]
Saturday Even[illegible] August [illegible]
The performance [illegible] the side-splitting farce of the [illegible]
WIDOW'S VICTIM [illegible]
Overture.......
Clog Motley.......
Comic Song.......
Ballad.......
Song.......
The performance will conclude [illegible] laughable farce of
NAN THE GOOD FOR N[illegible]
Will shortly be produced [illegible] brated Spectacular [illegible]
AZEPPA [illegible]
With new scenery, Dresses, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at [illegible]
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle [illegible] Private Boxes, [illegible] Private Boxes, [illegible] Season Family tickets [illegible] Sole Lessee and Manager [illegible]

THE O[illegible] VINS GOLD [illegible] GLOVES FOR [illegible] SHOOLBRED [illegible] Patterns po[illegible]

INFORMATION WANTED
From ALEXANDER CRAIG [illegible] brother who is now in [illegible] ROBERT ELLIOTT'S [illegible]
Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL [illegible]
Capable of cutting 40 [illegible] 12 hours, containing 1 [illegible] Oscillating Mulay, 1 [illegible] Edger, with Butting Saws, [illegible] Saws.
Engine 25 horse power [illegible] space, a large portion of [illegible]
The Mill is well situated [illegible] [illegible] but could easily be [illegible] situated on the navigable [illegible] Point Bay.
For further particulars [illegible] OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES: EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

NEW WHARF.—A new wharf is building by Mr. Baldwin, on the bank of the river, back of Mr. McGillivray's property.

MIDNIGHT CAROUSING.—A number of the Bacchanalian fraternity passed down Sussex street on Thursday evening, giving full vent to their turbulent spirits.

CANADA CENTRAL.—The track of the Canada Central is now laid between Bell's Corners and Carleton Place, with the exception of small pieces across some culverts which are in course of completion. Trains are busy drawing gravel to fill up about the ties.

MEETING AT THE CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—We learn that a meeting of citizens will be held at the Canadian Institute, on Monday next, for the purpose of raising a subscription for the wounded soldiers of the French army in the present conflict.

MASS NIGHT.—The fine band of the 60th Royal Rifles attracted a very large number of our citizens last evening while playing before the officers' mess. The splendid music was a relief during this fearful hot weather.

... THEATRE.—The performance at the Theatre yesterday evening was good throughout, and was well appreciated and applauded by the audience, which was more than ordinarily numerous. This evening will be played a good programme for the benefit of Miss Nellie Nelson. We hope to see a good house greet this favorite actress on her benefit night.

... IN TROUBLE.—A couple of young men employed on Mr. Graham's new building, one of whom was the worse of liquor, got quarrelling yesterday, but before they were able to do much fighting, the Chief of Police appeared on the scene. Mr. ... requested Mr. Langrell to take the drunken man to the station. The ... will ngly do so, but ordered ... to accompany him and lodge in ... Mr. W. positively refused to leave his work to do so, and the consequence was, that Mr. Langrell let the prisoner go, and walked off. Who's not ...

TRIAL TRIP.—The Union Forwarding Railway Co.'s new steamer *Prince Arthur* made her first trip on Wednesday last with the respected President of the Company, R. S. Cassels, Esq., on board. The *Prince Arthur* ran at the rate of about 17 miles an hour, and went up the Snow's rapids easily with a very low pressure of steam. She proved satisfactory in every respect. She is a handsome, well constructed boat, and the builder, Mr. A. Miller, deserves great credit for the manner in which he has fulfilled his contract, as well as Messrs. Bartley & Co., of Montreal, who built the engine, &c. Mr. J. Cowley is captain.

... SCHOOL OF THE GREY NUNS.—The institution, on Rideau street, one of the most capacious in the Province, will be opened for pupils on the first of September. About twenty years ago five Grey Nuns came to the then town of Bytown, and established a school which is now recognized as among the foremost of the educational establishments in the country. The distribution of prizes at the Convent of *Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur* was a grand success for these pious and hard-working ladies. We augur a still more successful year for them during the coming scholastic year.

Go to the Theatre to-night.

County Council.

Another meeting of the County Council was held yesterday, the Council having under consideration as on the previous day the equalization of the County Assessment rolls.

It may be interesting here to make a few remarks as to what is meant by the equalization of assessment rolls. In the first place the several Township Councils stand in regard to the County Council in somewhat the same light that the Local Parliament does to the general or Dominion Parliament.

The Township Councils have the power to make by-laws or regulations which shall affect their township only, and likewise they have the privilege to assess the townships for township purposes, but to the County Council is given the power to assess the whole of the townships for county purposes, yet there is an established law which makes it illegal for the County Council to raise the aggregate assessment of the several townships below a certain figure. At the session held in June last this same subject was under consideration, and we believe the aggregate assessment was brought below the lawful figure whether through inadvertence or not we cannot say, but hence the calling of the present session. Certain parties in Gloucester considering themselves over taxed, ... to escape payment of the legal ... by taking shelter under the plea that the law respecting the aggregate assessment had been violated, and we believe that they had very good grounds for refusing to pay taxes, so long as the matter remained in that altered condition. But the wily Warden of the County determined to defeat them in their scheme, to compel the paying of taxes, and in doing so he has convened the present session of the County Council, and yesterday they ... the equalization of the assessment rolls, which we understand consists of ... throughout of the County assessment rolls, the rates ... being proportionately decreased.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVIN'S GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

A Good Performance at the Theatre to-night.

... will hereafter devote himself entirely to literature.

The number of Chinese in the United States at the end of 1869 is estimated at ...

The latest instance of literary collaboration was that of five Maine students who combined and wrote a dime novel.

A London cabby before mounting the box and taking reins and whip in hand, first formally prays that his driving may be to the glory of his God.

The changes in the *Pall Mall Gazette* are said to have cost the proprietors £15,000. The paper has now assumed its old shape, and comes out only in the evening.

DIVINE SERVICES IN THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street. Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev H Pollard Curate.

Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church—Daly Street. Rev Dr Bedford Jones, Rector; Rev C F Street, M A, Assistant Curate. (All seats free and unappropriated.) Services to-morrow—Holy Communion, 8 a m; Morning Prayer, Sermon, 11 a m; Evening Prayer, Sermon, 7 p m.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street. Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev H Pollard, Curate. Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M A —in the Sussex street Chapel at 9 a m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.—St. Bartholomew. Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A. Matins at 11; Evensong at 3.30. All Festivals observed. All seats free.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts. Rev. S. G. Stone. Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street. Rev Mr. Hearn. Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull. Rev E J W Roberts. Services, Sundays, at 10 a.m. and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

St James Episcopal Church—Hull. Rev John Johnston. Divine Service at 7 to 4 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats. Rev B. Lane, B.A. Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street. Rev. Edward Ebbs, Minister. Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street. Rev D McPhail, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street. Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.

Bank Street Church—Upper Town. Rev Mr Moore. Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame. Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General. Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter. Mass and sermon for the military in the Crypt of the Cathedral, at 10 a m. Military Chaplain, Rev Æ McD Dawson.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.) Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays;—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church. Rev. J. F. Guillard, P P. Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St ... ; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael till Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF ARTS The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT 14

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th

FACULTY OF LAW The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill College

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The FOURTEENTH SESSION of this SCHOOL will commence on 1st SEPTEMBER, 1870.

Candidates for admission must be 16 years of age or good moral character, and must come under obligation to teach for three years in some public school in the Province of Quebec. They must pass an entrance examination in Reading, Writing, and the elements of Arithmetic, Grammar and Geography.

On complying with the above conditions, they will be recognized as teachers in training; and as such will be entitled to free tuition, with the use of text books and to bursaries in aid of their board in the case of those not residents in Montreal.

At the close of the first year of study they may apply for examination for diplomas giving the right to teach in Elementary schools; and after two years' study, or if found qualified at the close of the first year, they will, on examination, be entitled to diplomas as teachers of Model Schools. Students having passed the examination in the Model School Class, or having advanced to the requisite knowledge, may go on to Academy Class and, on examination, may obtain the Academy Diploma.

The announcement of the School containing all necessary information and terms of application may be obtained of the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B. A. Secretary.

1433 lawkim

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 0 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent.

1431 3lsd

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN-STREET,

Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870. 1431tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON, Architect.

Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421 td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the enlargement of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into three different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433 10

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and term of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1419-2m

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON

Or to KEARNS & RYAN On the premises.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL: ONE MILLION STERLING

INVESTED IN CANADA.....................$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 0s. Total outlay by assured, £1 .. the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £1 .. 0s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy ... Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d. or nearly ... per cent. of £81 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Bonuses must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $485 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c. Agent.

1407 3m

W. R. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the

Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,

to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1430 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Aug 12, 1870

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod-st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Miss Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 3

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippewa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. These limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of license can be seen at Graham's City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms: Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent int rest.

R. H. WILSON

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT. Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of license can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1437 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A ... of the Monklands Villa,

VILLA MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding school a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1394 3m

Ripe Bananas,

Ripe Pine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,

Lillies

Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.

Apply to A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433tf

WANTED,

A respectable middle-aged woman in a small family, to make herself generally useful. Good reference indispensible. A Protestant preferred.

Apply at THE TIMES Office.

August 10, 1870 1433tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1433 4

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 8,000 to 150,000 f. per 24 hours. There is also twenty six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain Pine of a superior quality, and large Average. Oams and slices are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Otzie attached to the Pemechango limits and contain three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq. and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m., the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of ... manufacture, also ... Fruit Jars, ... and Brass Preserve Kettles, ... Water Coolers, "Capital" Stove Depot,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESSMAKER, in a private family or place of business.

Reference given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1434-W

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

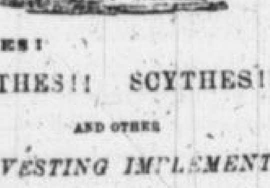
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street, H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whiting's Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau street.

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Bell Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely Shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from ... to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK. On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August. 1435

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS.

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES!

COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa; which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BR...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWELLS, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1436.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS!

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian."

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for families use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.

GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetten, St. George & ..., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT.

$2 00 per gallon; $5 00 per dozen

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.

July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

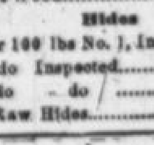
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES

Times Office, Ottawa, August 13, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	6 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Or on Raw Hides	0 00	@	0 00



LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

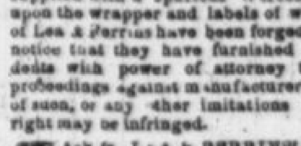
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



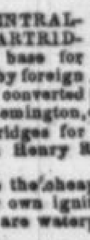
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100
Halifax	20
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30
Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	30

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

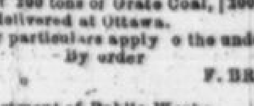
or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.



TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 10th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists,
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2w-fm law6m

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1321tf

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a. m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render the Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 75.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transhipment. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1393tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

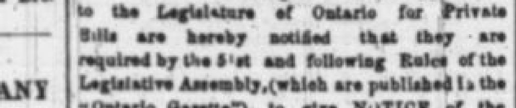
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
A. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td law4.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

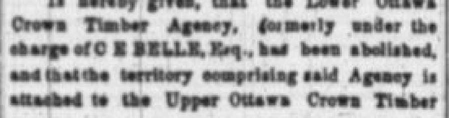
ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street.

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq, Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. [illegible] Address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 13 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870. 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

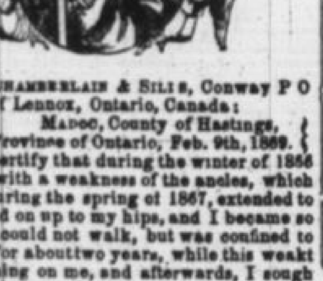
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C VanMiller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

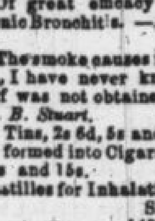
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

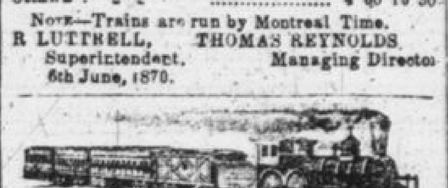
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH (10th) day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Men—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues ...

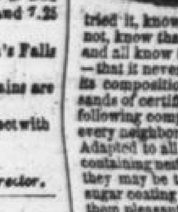
Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race ... tenant of the organism ... and invites the attack of enfeebling ... without exciting a suspicion of its ... It seems to breed infection ... them, on some favorable ... into one or other of its hideous ... surface or among the vitals ... cles may be suddenly deposited ... heart, or tubers formed in the ... its presence by eruptions on the ... ations on some part of the body ... sional use of a bottle of this ... visable, even when no active ... appear. Persons afflicted with ... plaints generally find immediate ... length, cure, by the use of this ... *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose ... Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head ... Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and ... visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease ... more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia ... Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy ...* and the various *Ulcerous* ... lar and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and ... are cured by it, though a long ... subduing these obstinate maladies ... But long continued use of this ... the complaint. *Leucorrhoea ... Ulcerations,* and *Female* ... monly soon relieved and ... purifying and invigorating ... tions for each case are found ... plied gratis. *Rheumatism* ... caused by accumulations ... in the blood, yield quickly ... *Complaints, Torpidity ... mation of the Liver* ... as they often do, from the ... blood. This SARSAPARILLA ... storer for the strength ... Those who are *Languid* ... *dent, Sleepless,* and ... *prehensions* of ... symptomatic of *Weakness* ... relief and convincing ... power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co ...
Practical and Analytical Chemists
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS ...

Ayer's Cathartic

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.



tried it, know that it cured them ... not, know that it cures their neighbors ... all know that what it does once ... —that it never fails through any ... its composition. We have thousands ... sands of certificates of their remarkable ... following complaints, but such ... every neighborhood, and we need ... Adapted to all ages and conditions ... containing neither calomel or any ... they may be taken with safety ... sugar coating preserves them ... them pleasant to take, while ... no harm can arise from their use ...

They operate by their powerful ... internal viscera to purify the blood ... into healthy action—remove the ... stomach, bowels, liver, and other ... body, restoring their irregular action ... by correcting, wherever they exist ... ments as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the ... the following complaints, which ... *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite* ... should be taken moderately to stimulate ... and restore its healthy tone ...

For *Liver Complaint* and its various ... toms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers* ... judiciously taken for each case ... action or remove the obstructions ...

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhoea* ... dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel ... tation of the Heart, Pain in the ... Back* and *Loins* ... taken, as required, to change the ... the system. With such change those ... disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* ... should be taken in large and frequent ... duce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose ... as it produces the desired effect ...

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two ... mote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the ... bowels into healthy action, restores ... and invigorates the system. Hence ... vantageous where no serious derangement ... One who feels tolerably well, often ... of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly ... their cleansing and renovating effect ... tive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ... LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1435. OTTAWA, MONDAY, AUGUST 15, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright. d&w F C Clemow.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

V. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

HICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey, also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 18-8 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE
Board and Tuition per annum, $226
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.
President:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 -1y

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, June 11, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Works.
In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.
In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin, Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.
Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.
The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.00	4.30
4.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	4.30
4.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c			6.30
4.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
4.00	11.00	4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	3.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	4.30
4.00			Osgoode, Russell, and line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			
4.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			3.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

Note.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.
B TAYLOR, Agents.

NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer
SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1344tf

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BE WEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:—
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.................... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.................... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.................... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.................... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J P O'CORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex-st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Tempore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Stripe, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00
The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FICHUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRO NES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

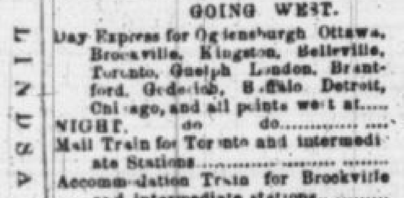
EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks Industrial Designs, Copyrights Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director
June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at ......6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at.......... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at.......... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at.......... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at.......... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.......... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT do do.......... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations.......... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.......... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 3 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m. and 6 30 p m. The 3 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.......... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain Burlington and Rutland at.......... 6 00 a m
Do do do do.......... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at.......... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond Gorham and Portland and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Bromptom Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Nor on Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B. &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street,
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870, 1424tf

Chit Chat for the Ladies.

Seal skin jackets will be more fashionable next winter than velvet, and will be trimmed with feathers or furs.

A girl in Albany attempted to commit suicide because another girl would not marry her brother.

American silks will be all the fashion next winter, as French ones will be too expensive to indulge in for ordinary wear.

Miss Esther Hedge, a Switzerland county, Ind., farmer's daughter, reads, writes and speaks readily seven different languages.

The etiquette of a widow's mourning does not render it necessary for her to wear weeds more than a year, though she can wear them longer.

There are eight girls in the Michigan Agricultural College, and they have to work in the field three hours daily, the same as the young men.

An old bachelor of Venice has willed his large fortune to a pretty girl, his distant relative, on condition that she marries a man with a hump-back and club-foot, with which misfortune the testator was endowed.

Flirting is known as "bluffing" at Martha's Vineyard, the benches which line the bluffs being the rendezvous of young ladies and gentlemen who engage in the amusement.

Twelve young babies died at one hotel this summer from cholera infantum.

A very extravagant lady at Saratoga uses diamond buckels on her Louise Quinze slippers.

A celebrated French dressmaker says that it is not good taste to trim a calico or muslin dress with black velvet, lace, or ribbon.

Many of the round hats this summer look like small vegetable gardens thickly sprinkled with weeds.

Distilled water and sulphur will turn grey hair to its original color, be it black or brown in the course of two or three days.

Peasant girls in Europe often sell a magnificent head of hair for a gaudy silk handkerchief or ribbon hardly worth a franc. "Where ignorance is bliss," etc.

A lady lately dropped one of her eyebrows in the church pew, and dreadfully frightened a young man sitting next to her, who thought it was his moustache.

A gentleman in Mew Nork advertises to teach the popular study of flirtation in all its forms and branches in six lessons, at five dollars a lesson. He will probably make a fortune.

Ladies who remain in their rooms during the day complaining of a headache, and then in the evening make their appearance, looking so fresh and lovely, must not be surprised if they are accused of waiting in their rooms for the paint to dry.

Young ladies should not go rowing with gentlemen unless they are capable of managing a boat. A lady was upset in the water recently and a dress costing six dollars a yard was completely ruined. We forgot to say that the lady was drowned.

WAR NOTES.

A powerful party in the Danish Rigsdag has issued a manifesto in which it demands the re-union of North Schleswig with Denmark.

Metz, the headquarters of the French army of the Rhine, is 170 miles from Paris. Troops can therefore reach it from the capital, by railroad in about five hours.

In a recent test for rapidity of firing, the Chassepot rifle gave 20 rounds in 1 minute 42 seconds. The bullet of the Chassepot weighs about 380 grains.

More than 1,000 of the students at Bonn presented themselves on the outbreak of war, and asked that they might be instantly enrolled in defence of their country.

The *North German Correspondent*, July 13, says: "If bounds are not set to the arrogant pretensions of France, neither Germany nor any other neighbor of the French will ever be secure from the dictatorial interference of that Government in its affairs.

In France, 62 out of the 80 principal seaports are connected by railroad with Paris, viz: twenty-one ports on the Channel, 25 on the Atlantic, and 16 on the Mediterranean. Out of 104 fortified places, 83 are in railroad communication; and of the 181 military depots, 167 are similarly connected.

The Duke de Mortemar writes as follows to the French Minister of War: "Monsieur le Ministre—I still use the spurs I wore in the 1st Dragoons at the battle of Jena, but I could no longer support bivouacs. Nevertheless were the events of the war against Prussia to require it, I could still set an example of defence upon a rampart. Meanwhile, if the Government thinks of opening a subscription for a patriotic gift, I bind myself immediately to pay 100,000 francs.

The French papers are very courteous to Denmark. One says: "One evening the news of Waterloo arrived in Copenhagen. During the general excitement it caused, the Danish marines smashed the illuminations at the Russian and English embassies; on the morrow Denmark lost Sweden It is a noble and generous nation. It stands before Russia, England, Austria, and Prussia, like an infant hero fighting with a Herculous.

PERSONAL.

Olive Logan has returned to New York from California in splendid health.

Victor, head chief of the confederated Flathead Nation, whoever this is, has died at the age of 35 years.

Mr. Jefferson Davis sailed on Wednesday, in the Cunard steamer, *Russia*, for England.

Rear Admiral Lee has been ordered to the command of the United States North Atlantic Fleet.

Mr. Thornton, British Minister at Washington, has been made a Knight Commander of the Bath.

Mr. W. H. Seward, ex-Secretary of the United States, has left Washington for Pekin and Calcutta *via* California.

General Sheridan has left London for the Prussian headquarters to learn the noble art of war.

Guzman Blanco has been elected President by Congress at Valencia.

The death is announced, at the age of 77, of Admiral Sir Charles Burrard, Bart.

The last articulate words on Lord Palmerston's lips were "the Dutch-Belgian treaty."

The new Adelaide Ministry has been formed, with Mr. Milne as Premier.

The Khedive arrived in Alexandria, Egypt, on Tuesday, Aug. 2nd, from Constantinople.

Bismarck's organ at Berlin now approves of Britain's observance of her neutral obligations.

Professor Helmholtz has left Heidelburg for Berlin, to occupy the position left vacant by the death of Magnus, but with the title of Professor of Physiology.

A cheque for £51 and a gold watch and chain, valued at 30 guineas, have been presented to Archibald Forbes, Esq., by a number of friends, in recognition of his ability and character as editor of the London *Scotsman*.

SPORTING

The race between the *Ida* and *Gorilla* is at length settled for the 17th instant.

The Lachine Regatta has been postponed until the 14th September, the day preceding the great Annual Canadian four oared race.

A challenge has been offered and accepted by Moffat's backers, between Messrs Moffatt and Bigger, of Lancaster, to run 100 yards in heats, Running Hop Step and Leap, Running Long Leap for $200 a side, to take place at Guilbault's Gardens, today, at 3 p.m. sharp. An exciting time is expected, and other races are on the tapis.

THE LACHINE REGATTA.

The Committee of the Lachine Boating Club were on Thursday evening compelled to decide upon a postponement of the regatta. This course was found necessary in consequence of want of entries for the various contests, and no alternative was left to the Committee in consequence. It is to be regretted that our young fellows should have so great a want of sympathy with the efforts which the Committee have been making throughout the summer to insure a successful meeting of boating men. It is now decided to make the regatta a fixture for the 14th of September, the day previous to the great race; and there is no doubt that entries in plenty will then be secured from the many rowers that are sure to be attracted by the presence of two such distinguished crews.

CALEDONIA GATHERING AT MONTREAL.

We have only space to give the prize list from the *Daily News*, Montreal:—

QUOITS.
Entries, 8; 1st prize, silver quoit medal, Wm. Renshaw; 2nd prize, $3, Joseph Schofield.

GRAND DAM BROD MATCH.
Entries, 8; gold medal, Francois Lacroix; 2nd, A. Brodie, Quebec. This game was presided over by A. Murray, Esq.

THROWING THE HAMMER FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF CANADA.
Entries, 4; gold medal or $50; Light Hammer; 1st, A. R. McLennan, 161ft. 2 in.; 2nd, Peter Brazeau (Frazer), 120 ft. 4 in.

HEAVY HAMMER.
Entries, 3; 1st, A. R. McLennan, 121 ft. 8 in.; 2nd, Peter Brazeau, 85 ft. 9 in.

PUTTING HEAVY STONE (22 LBS.)
Entries, 6; 1st prize, $5. Donald Dinnie, 36 ft. 7 in.; 2nd, $4, A. R. McLennan, 33 ft. 4 in.; 3rd, $3, Peter Brazeau, 30 ft. 3 in.

PUTTING LIGHT STONE (16 LBS.)
Entries, 8; 1st prize, $4, Donald Dinnie, 46 ft.; 2nd, A. R. McLennan, 41 ft. 6 in.

RUNNING HOP-STEP AND LEAP.
Entries, 8; 1st prize, $4, Peter Brazeau, 40 ft.; 2nd, $3, Biggar (Glengarry), 39 ft. 8 in.; 3rd, $2, Moffatt.

TOSSING THE CABER.
Entries, 7; 1st prize $4, Donald Dinnie; 2nd, $3, Peter Brazeau.

RUNNING HIGH LEAP, GRADUAL ASCENT.
Entries, 6; 1st prize, $3, Donald Dinnie, 5 ft. 2 in.; 2nd, $2, T. Russell (Ottawa), 5 ft. 1 in.; 3rd, $1, John Hannigan and Peter Brazeau, equal, 4 ft. 10 in.

STANDING HIGH LEAP.
Entries, 6; 1st prize, $3, Thorburn (Grand Trunk). 4 ft. 5 in.; 2nd, $2, Biggar, Glengarry, 4 ft. 4 in.; 3rd, $1, T. Russell, 4 ft. 1 in.

RUNNING LONG LEAP.
Entries, 10; 1st prize, $3, Biggar, 17 ft. 7 in.; 2nd, $2, Thorburn, 17 ft. 3 in.; 3rd, $1, Anderson, 16 ft. 9 in.

POLE LEAP.
Entries, 9; 1st prize, $4, Peter Brazeau, 8 ft. 6 in.; 2nd, $3, Campbell, 8 ft. 3 in.; 3rd, $2, T. Russell, 8 ft. 2 in.

THROWING 56 LBS WEIGHT FOR CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA.
Entries, 5. Prize, Gold Medal. 1st. Donald Dinnie, 24 ft. 4 in.; 2nd, P. Brazeau, 18 ft. 6 in.

ANY MANNER OF THROWING 56 LB. WEIGHT.
Entries, 3. Special prize. A. R. McLennan, 28 ft. 5 in.

THROWING 22 LBS. HAMMER.
Entries, 2. Special prize $15. 1st, Donald Dinnie, 81 ft.; 2nd, Peter Brazeau, 68 ft.

HIGHLAND FLING.
In costume. Entries, 4. Prize, Silver Medal. 1st, James Kennedy, N. Y.; 2nd, R. P. Niven, Montreal.

GHILLIE CALLUM.
Entries, 3. Prize, Silver Medal. No prize given.

SHETLAND PONY RACE.
Half mile. Entries, 2. Prize, Riding whip. 1st. Mr. Darling's "Robinhood."

BEST DRESSED BOY IN HIGHLAND COSTUME.
Entries, 7. President's prize—Tartan Album. 1st, David Allan; 2nd William Allan and Wm. McCrobie, equal, who each received a special prize of $1.

BOYS' RACE.
Member's sons, under 14 years. 1st prize, box of colours, Wm. McGibbon; 2nd do., lacrosse and ball, James Sandilands; 3rd do., penknife, James Bailie.

BOYS' RACE.
Under 10 years. Entries, 3. 1st prize, Sporon, Jas McGibbon; 2nd, Scotch Bonnet, J. McCrobie; 3rd, Thistle, G. Bailie.

MILE RACE.
(Indians excluded). Entries, 3. 1st prize, $5, Policeman Kiernan; 2nd do., $3, Moffatt; and 3rd, Cusat.

THE WAR.

French Troops on the March.

"The Travelling Correspondent" of the London *Daily Telegraph* gives us an animated picture of the French troops moving off to the theatre of war, which, in some of its touches, reminds us of Hogarth's celebrated painting of the Departure of the Guards for Finchley. He says:

"As the regiments march through the streets on their road to the railway termini, some peculiar features of the French military system are visible That discipline appears to be a combination of the very strictest rules in material points combined with the utmost toleration in minor matters, and the practical working of the system would appear to be eminently successful. There is a plentitude of power, but a well nigh total absence of pipeclay.

"The soldiers are allowed to march anyhow — arm in arm with their relations, friends, and sweethearts, who assist on carrying the packs, the shelter tents, the intrenching tools, and cooking utensils. Nor in any cases does any breach of discipline seem to be committed when a grey-haired grandfather, the tears streaming down his face, trudges by the side of the lad who is going to the front for the first time, and actually shoulders the musket which the boy is to wield before the enemy. Nor is authority shocked when private X. wears a billycock hat rakishly on one side of his head while a civilian friend in a blouse is crowned with X's shako which is much too large for him. Nor does sergeants frown at any amount of hugging and kissing on the way. The principle adopted seems to be that the soldiers are going in for real hard work, and that to the childish pedantry of the drill ground, and the orderly room there may be a temporary surcease.

"The shopkeepers on the line of march press on the troops and load them with bottles of wine, bundles of cigars, and strings of sausages. You may see one gallant defender of his country with an entire sugar-loaf tucked beneath his arm

which some patriotic grocer had bestowed on him, while another hugs a huge melon; for M. Proud'homme, the *epicier*, has a heart, and a very warm one on this occasion. As for tobacco, the out-going regiments seemed to be supplied with a sufficiency to last them six months at least. Let us hope that they will be enabled to capture an adequate supply of Merschaums in Rhineland.

"Arrived at the railway station, a full half hour is given loiterers to come up; and then a sudden transformation scene occurs. The free and easy warriors become as solid and well 'dressed up' as Roman legionaries; captains and adjutants are stern, and sergeants and corporals look black as thunder; only the kind old colonel—say that it is the forty-fourth of the line, and that the commanding officer wears by his side, *en sautoir*, the traditional gourd which is the palladium of the regiment, and was worn by his predecessor at Austerlitz—only this old gentlemen with his bronzed face and white moustaches, as he dismounts from his horse, takes off his kepi, discloses his grisled closely-cropped poll, and cries, '*Mes enfants, vive la France!*' He does not cry *aba's* anybody. He has been fighting so long that he respects his foes. *Les enfants* echo the shout, fall in with mechanical regularity, and are speedily engulfed by the railway carr. Everything is done with mathematical strictness; but, in contradistinction to the English military rule of 'silence in the ranks,' the troops are allowed to sing 'La Marseillaise' and 'Mourir pour la patrie' until they are hoarse. Are not sailors encouraged to sing as they work 'be c ptain'? And so, with this farewell, they are borne away to the Distant Land, to return God knows when. It must be noted that many of the officers are not too proud to carry knapsacks containing their personal needments, and that almost universally, epaulettes have been dicarded, the only emblem of rank being a gold stripe or galon on one arm. They are paid a bounty when they march, under the title of *entree en campagne*, the lieutenant drawing four hundred and the captains six hundred francs."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Scottish Gathering—W R Billings.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 34, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 15, 1870.

Mr. Allan James Grant of L'Original, has been appointed Deputy Judge of the County Court of Prescott and Russell.

The *Canada Gazette* contains Her Majesty's proclamation, commanding all British subjects to observe a strict neutrality in the present war between France and Prussia.

The directors of the Canada Central Railroad met in Montreal on Friday last. Arrangements were made for the holding of another general meeting of the shareholders, preparatory to the opening of the road, which is to take place on the 17th of September next. The object of this meeting is to pass by-laws and to consider the deed of amalgamation with the Northern Colonization Company. It was decided that the meeting should be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Ottawa, on the 14th September, at 7 p.m.

An official investigation was held last week in Halifax to enquire into certain charges brought against Captain Ewing, of the Canadian schooner *Water Lily*. On Saturday last the report of the Court was received by the Department of Marine, and we understand that orders were at once sent by telegraph, directing that Captain Ewing be suspended, and another officer placed in charge of the vessel. Captain Ewing had been found guilty of drunkenness, and we believe that he has also been charged with smuggling, though this latter charge has not yet been brought under the notice of the Department.

The sympathy for Prussia so frequently expressed by Canadian journalists, is rather the result of the influence of the American press upon them than anything else. We certainly fail to discover any reason for sympathising with Prussia, a power which has during the last few years played the part of the great European bully. It is natural enough that the Americans should wish for the success of Prussia, from the fact that a large amount of United States bonds are held by Prussian capitalists. Whatever may be our opinion as to the personal character of Napoleon, we should not forget that for many years past the French have been faithful allies of Britain, and that the preservation of the alliance between the two countries is one of the best possible guarantees for the progress of civilization.

FOOLISH FABRICATIONS.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* on Wednesday last says:—"Senator Mitchell returned to-day. The other Ministers here are the Hon. Messrs. Langevin, Dunkin and Aikens. There is therefore now a quorum in the Cabinet here." This would seem to imply that there had not been a quorum here for some time past, whereas the fact is that with the exception of not more than six or seven days in all, there has been a quorum of Ministers present in Ottawa for the last month. This veracious correspondent boasts that he can furnish Ottawa news to his paper which Ottawa people know nothing about, and he is undoubtedly right. He affects to know everything that transpires at meetings of the Privy Council, whereas in reality he knows nothing whatever. We do not suppose that he is admitted to the Council Chamber, or that Ministers inform him whether "they dare call their souls their own or not!" The truth is that when he is unable to obtain any facts to telegraph, he has to resort to fiction, and is thus, without doubt, able to keep the *Globe* supplied with information which no other paper is able to obtain, seeing that it is all manufactured for the *Globe's* especial use. But any man who gives the subject a little consideration, will perceive that these stories must of necessity be incorrect, and we regret to see that a journal of such respectable standing as the Toronto *Globe*, should publish telegrams, which have falsehood and folly so manifestly stamped upon them.

It is said that there is universal discontent throughout Mexico; and a unanimous demand for new uniforms.

"BEWARE HOW YOU TREAD ON HIS TAIL."

It is amusing to see how terribly exercised American newspapers are about the neutrality of Great Britain. They are so exceedingly anxious that the Mother Country should become involved in the present European war, and assert her position as a first class power by incontinently rushing into the fray, that one might be led to suppose that the upholding of the dignity of the British Lion was a matter concerning which the American Eagle was specially interested, did we not know the exact contrary to be the case. The N. Y. *Tribune* says that "England will put up with anything rather than fight," but does not inform us what it is that she has to go to war about, or whether it is against France or Prussia that she ought to draw the sword. As we have before pointed out, the preservation of Belgium and the maintenance of an uninterrupted overland route to India, are the only two matters at all connected with European politics in which Great Britain is concerned. At present neither Belgium or Turkey are threatened, and it is difficult to understand what possible reason there is for her sacrificing a few thousands of her sons and a few millions of pounds sterling, just for the sake of taking a part in the war. We believe that Mr. Gladstone's Government would do a great deal to oblige the Americans, but they will hardly be disposed to go quite so far as this. After all, our American friends need not turn back the pages of history very far, in order to ascertain whether or not Great Britain can be forced into a fight when her honor is involved. It is not many years since a certain disputed boundary question aroused the indignation of our neighbors, and the Americans were all but unanimous in declaring, that unless their view of the subject was adopted as the correct one, war must instantly be declared against Great Britain. But the British Government resolutely refused to accede to the demands of the United States, and yet peace was preserved. Still later, after the seizure of Mason and Slidell, the New York *Tribune* which is now so anxious to see Great Britain involved in war, said—"We do not know what England may say about this matter, neither, to tell the truth, do we much care. * * * The fact is England cannot be kicked into a fight." And yet when Great Britain demanded the immediate surrender of Mason and Slidell, and showed that she was prepared to enforce the demand with all the force at her command, those gentlemen were given up, and thus a second time Great Britain was denied a chance of going to war. The fact is that the British Lion, although very strong, is at the same time a peace-loving animal. More especially during the long continuance of the "piping days of peace" he grows fat and lazy, and is even averse to getting up and stretching himself and showing his teeth, but in spite of this, the eagles of France, Prussia, Russia and America, have in reality a wholesome dread of him, and carefully avoid treading upon the tail of the royal beast.

A REMARKABLE CONVERSION.

A Western contemporary, wildly eager for a sensation and not knowing where to find one, startles the political world by announcing an alliance between Sir George E. Cartier and Mr. George Brown! Not content with the bare announcement of the fact, or rather the fiction, our contemporary favours us with some circumstantial evidence to prove the same. The Honorable Baronet and the proprietor of the Toronto *Globe* have been seen to drink claret out of the same bottle together, to meet and recognize one another in a friendly manner, instead of rushing forward and endeavoring to cut each other's throats! What a terribly degenerate age this is! A few centuries ago if two gentlemen who differed politically had met in the street, they would have at once indulged in a duel *a l'outrance* for the "crown of the causeway." Now they meet, shake hands, venture a few remarks on the state of the weather, and lastly—*O tempora, O mores*—drink claret together. After this are we not justified in exclaiming, "Whither are we drifting?"

Without entering upon a discussion of the merits of this very remarkable statement, it is somewhat amusing to notice with what avidity many of the leading organs of the Opposition take hold of the story, and gravely discuss its probability. It is wonderful how quickly their opinion of the Minister of Militia has changed, and how, though they have been constantly villifying him for years, they suddenly discover, that he is after all an able and conscientious statesmen, of very liberal and enlightened views withal. One of the leading organs of the Opposition has ascertained that Sir G. E. Cartier is its own, and Mr. Brown's "natural ally!" For years it has been dissembling its love for the honorable Baronet and abusing him in unmeasured terms, but now, in common with many of its *confreres* of the same views, it has become sensible of his many virtues as a leading public man. We are glad at all events to see that these journals have repented of their former unjustifiable attacks upon the Minister of Militia, and trust that although the alliance they so eagerly seek is not likely to be effected, they will henceforward deal honestly and fairly with their "natural ally" as well as with other members of the Administration.

COLONIAL NAVAL CADETS.

We have been informed by the Marine Department, that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies has intimated to His Excellency the Governor General, that it has occurred in some cases of recommendations for Colonial Naval Cadetships, that young men have been selected as candidates for such appointments, who, upon medical inspection, have been at once rejected, as physically incompetent for the naval service.

In such cases, the nomination has been considered by the British Government as having lapsed, and the appointments have consequently been lost.

In the case of any such application in future, it is desirable that the application for nomination should be accompanied by sufficient evidence of the physical fitness of the applicant for the appointment.

The last detachment of French troops left Civita Vecchia on Aug. 5th.

MILITIA APPOINTMENTS.

The *Canada Gazette* announces the following promotions:—

Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery.
No. 3 Battery, Ottawa.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, to date from 9th June last:
Sergeant-Major Thomas Walker, vice J. Cotton, transferred to No. 2 Battery.

No. 6 Battery, Ottawa.

To be 2nd Lieutenant provisionally:
Sergeant Frederick Woods, vice R. McKenzie, resigned.

SUMMARY.

DOMINION.

London the little has a coal oil explosion

Bad sidewalks disturb the serenity of Hamilton.

Unusually large Great Western trains have been passing London lately.

Two female pugilists have been a sensation in Hamilton.

Halifax says the fruit crop in its neighborhood will be unusually large this year.

They had almost a fire in St. Johns two nights ago.

St. John, N.B., is looking after the transit of volunteers to the Rifle Association meeting to be held at Fredericton.

Perth is afraid the water in the river Tay is so low that a large quantity of saw logs will be stuck.

Port Rowan lately shipped 18,000 bushels of wheat to Montreal.

An inhabitant of Simcoe has had his nose broken playing at base ball.

The town of Simcoe is so depraved as to have a race course.

Montreal is excited and indignant at the state of the sidewalks in the smaller streets.

In the Quebec Quarantine there is a ship with the yellow fever on board.

A full blown rose on an apple tree excites Belleville.

Kingston is actually building a new steamer.

A robber trying to break into a house in St. Catharines was driven off by the female inmates, armed with soda water bottles.

The Niagara races promises to be unusually successful.

The south shore of Lake Ontario was on Friday evening last, visited by a severe hail and wind storm.

Guelph is giving itself up to pic-nics at present.

Montreal is again beginning to have fires in stables.

A Peterboro paper says the story of the child being found at Belmont with a bullet wound in its head is a hoax.

The gas lamps were lighted in Peterboro for the first time in the beginning of the week.

The Grand Trunk will convey passengers from St. John to Lachine to see the great boat race for one fare.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Charles Dickens, jr., bought his father's residence at Gadshill, near Rochester.

The death is announced, at the age of 77, of Admiral Sir Charles Burrard, Bart.

The last articulate words on Lord Palmerston's lips were "the Dutch-Belgian treaty!"

The English established church has recently received among its clergy, the Earl of Mulgrave, the eldest son of the Marquis of Normanby.

Balfe's ballad, "The Light of Other Days," has realized more than £6,000 to the lucky publisher.

Mr. Carlyle has been nominated to the office of President of the London Library, in place of the late Earl Clarendon.

New Zealand advices to the 6th of July represent that the Government has declined to enter into the Colonial alliance. The war is ended.

The exports of railway iron from Great Britain for the five months, ending May 31, this year, reached an aggregate of 437,235 tons, as against 320,745 tons in the corresponding period of 1868, and 223,760 tons in the corresponding period of 1868. Canada takes less than formerly.

Lord Charles Hamilton, brother of the Duke, and a relation of the Emperor, has (says a Paris correspondent) astounded us all by declaring his intention to enlist as a private in a Prussian dragoon regiment.

Many of the most illustrious men in English literature have not a lineal descendant now living, among the number being Shakspeare, Milton, Bacon and Locke.

The arrangements of the Government to change the coast guard service from an almost exclusively civil to a highly effective naval establishment, have now been completed.

On the 19th ult., a cheque for £51 and a gold watch and chain valued at 30 guineas were presented to Archibald Forbes, Esq., by a number of friends in recognition of his ability and character as editor of the London *Scotsman*.

Corporal Humphries, the winner of the Queen's prize of £250 at Wimbledon, is the son of a grocer at Walton, in Surrey.

Mr. Cardwell stated lately that the War Department have at present 300,000 Sniders in stock, the usual number being about 400,000.

The following is the touching inscription on a tombstone at Columbia, Tenn.: "He escaped the bullets of the enemy to be assassinated by a cowardly pup."

In a serious fight between whites and blacks at Waco, Texas, on the 6th one white man was killed, and one wounded. Two black men were wounded. About 35 shots were fired.

St. Louis expects to be the future great city of the world. A statist there estimates that her population will be 17,467,553 in A. D. 1950. Chicago, not to be beaten, however, calculates thus: in 1830 her population was 6; in 1870 is 400,000; in 1950 it will therefore be 209,250,645.

UNITED STATES.

A Cincinnati paper contains the following:—"At the residence of Mrs. Lee (colored), near this city, at one and a half o'clock on the morning of Thursday, Aug. 4, 1870, by the Rev. J. Aaron Moore (black), of Meridian, Hon. A. T. Morgan (white), State Senator from Yazoo county, to Miss Carria V. Highgate (colored), of this city.

Don Juan Foster has a ranche in Los Angeles and Diego counties, California, containing three hundred square miles. He can ride twenty-seven miles in a straight line without leaving his own lands.

A stout German, overcome by the heat at Newark, and when, by the aid of a number of persons, he had been restored to consciousness, they inquired his name, he replied that it was none of their business.

At the Silver Spray disaster on the Mississippi, the Memphis *Avalanche* says, a German was picked up on a log below the wreck and his wife was also saved. Their child, a small babe, had been put in one of the boat's coal boxes and sent adrift. It was picked up, and upon the father's finding it his joy was unbounded. He halloed out, "Baby saved! Shoo fly, don't bother me!" and, gathering the youngster, he danced about with it in his arm, perfectly happy.

A Pittsburg magistrate, who unites with his official functions the business of undertaker, holds court in his wareroom, and deals out justice with one hand upon a plate bearing the name of some person deceased, and the other on book of orders for funerals. The litigants sit upon coffins while their case are being disposed of.

The valuable pine forests of New Jersey are likely, at no distant day, to be entirely destroyed. Every summer fires break out, or are maliciously started in the swamps, and hundreds and thousands of dollars are lost before they can be smothered. A fire in "the pines" is one of the grandest spectacles, sheets of flame from five to ten miles in length sometimes sweeping through the timber and carrying everything before them.

FOREIGN.

A despatch dated Athens, August 3rd, says a terrible earthquake had visited the shores of the Gulf of Corinth. The towns of Amphirsa and Galazida, and several villages, were destroyed.

The Queen of the Belgians, with the unfortunate widow of Maximilian, the Countess of Flanders, and her infant son and heir to the throne, are about to take up their quarters in the Palace at Antwerp.

Chalons, where the Emperor now has his headquarters, is about 80 miles in the rear of the line of the Moselle, and 90 miles in a straight line from Paris. Metz and Nancy are 30 miles apart, and each 170 miles in a straight line from Paris. By railroad, however, their distance from the capital is much greater. The Strasbourg truck line (*Chemin de fer de l' Est*) passes through Nancy and Chalons, the distance of the former place from Paris being by rail about 210 miles. Metz is situated on a branch of the same road, which forks a few miles northwest of Nancy, and its distance from the capital by rail is about 240 miles.

The Prussians flooded the Saarbuck coal mines which produce 3,500,000 tons of coal yearly, one-half of which was consumed in France.

Journalistic Eccentricity

For the past few days the *Citizen* has been lashing itself into a rage at the TIMES telegraphic reports, which it says are purloined from its columns. As they are both morning papers, and published about the same hour, though the TIMES we believe, is struck off as a general thing earlier than its enraged sister sheet—it is difficult to say how the stealing can take place. At noon, we find, however, a *Citizen* extra peddled through the streets containing news matter which was published in the TIMES this morning. This is a good joke on the TIMES, and a better one on the public. How this world is given to stealing. The cat is out of the bag—the charge made by the *Citizen* against the TIMES was only a dodge to cover its own peccadilloes.—*Ottawa Evening Mail.*

THE SECRET TREATY.

The following is a translation of this now celebrated document:

"DRAUGHT TREATY.

"His Majesty the King of Prussia and His Majesty the Emperor of the French, judging it useful to bind closer the ties of friendship which unite them, and so confirm the relations of good neighborhood which happily exist between the two countries, and being besides convinced that to attain this result, which is, moreover, of a kind to insure the maintenance of the general peace, it is for their interest to come to an understanding on the questions concerning their future relations, have resolved to conclude a Treaty to the following effect, and have in consequence nominated as their representatives the following persons, viz:—

"His Majesty, &c.,
"His Majesty, &c.

Who after exchanging their full powers, which have been found in good and due form, have agreed on the following articles:—

"'ART. I.—His Majesty the Emperor of the French acquiesces in and recognizes the gains made by Prussia in the course of the last war waged by her against Austria and that Power's allies.

"'ART. II.—His Majesty the King of Prussia engages to facilitate the acquisition by France, of Luxemburg; and for this purpose His Majesty will enter into negotiations with His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, with the view of inducing him to cede his sovereign rights over the Duchy, to the Emperor of the French, on the terms of such compensation as shall be judged adequate or otherwise. The Emperor of the French on his side, engages to assume whatever pecuniary charges this arrangement may involve.

"'ART. III.—His Majesty the Emperor of the French shall raise no opposition to a Federal Union of the Confederation of North Germany, with the States of South Germany, excepting Austria, and this Federal Union may be based on one common Parliament, due reservation, however, being made of the Sovereignty of the said States.

"'ART. IV.—His Majesty the King of Prussia on his side, in case His Majesty the Emperor of the French should be led by circumstances to cause his troops to enter Belgium, or to conquer it, shall grant armed aid to France, and shall support her with all her forces, military and naval, in the force of aid against every Power, which should in this eventuality, declare war.

ART. V.—To insure the complete execution of the preceding conditions, His Majesty, the King of Prussia, and His Majesty, the Emperor of the French contract, by the present Treaty, an alliance offensive and defensive, which they solemnly engage to maintain. Their Majesties bind themselves, besides and in particular, to observe its terms in all cases where their respective states, the integrity of which they reciprocally guarantee, may be threatened with attack; and they shall hold themselves bound, in any like conjunction, to undertake without delay, and under no pretext to decline, whatever military arrangements may be enjoined by their common interest conformably to the terms and provisions above declared.

Highly Suggestive.

We extract the following from a letter in the Hamilton *Times*:—

"It must be very pleasant to live in the United States—that is if one can be said to live there. Nowhere else in the world is that portion of the Litany which prays for deliverance from sudden death needed in its most earnest and frequent exercise. Conversation there seems to be punctuated with pistol shots and bowie knife stabs, and the family circle is a union tempered with arsenic and strychnine. And the charm which Republicanism throws over these trifles is that there is hardly any punishment for them. If A calls B a fool, or some other familiar epithet, and B thereupon sends a revolver bullet on a message of enquiry into the centre of A's brains, to find out the origin of the epithet, B does not necessarily suffer any penalty therefor. A trial is held, and from one to twenty doctors come forth to prove that B was insane when he committed the act. And no doubt they tell the truth, for all crime is insanity, and the man who steals, as well as the man who kills, has some deformity of physical construction which produces deformity of thought, deformity of conscience, and consequent deformity of action. Yet it will not do for a people, and especially for courts of justice, to act upon this theory.

Death of Harry Clasper, the Inventor of the Modern Outrigger.

Harry Clasper died July 12th, in the 58th year of his age. He rowed in no fewer than five hundred races of one kind and another, during his lifetime. He was stroke oar of the "Five Brothers" crew, consisting of himself, his brother William, Edward, and a youngster as coxswain. In 1845, at the Thames regatta, they won the champion prize of £100, open to the world. In 1842, and for many years previous, he was champion of the Tyne, and chronicled for 120 important races for that year. In 1844, on the Thames, he won the £50 prize. He rowed for eleven champion prizes on the Thames, out of which he won seven, lost one, broke an oar in won, and had been fouled in two.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War

BY CABLE.

Midnight Despatches.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

LONDON, 14th.—Marshal Baraquay D'Hilliers has returned to his original command at Tours.

Disturbances have taken place at Toulouse, Marseilles, Limoges and Lyons, and martial law has been proclaimed in the department of Buches Duchone.

A quantity of concealed arms and ammunition was seized in Paris. It is supposed to belong to parties dangerous to the Government.

The police are seeking for the owners.

La Liberte has a vigorous article advocating the repeal of all political prescriptions.

The French claim that Strasbourg is thoroughly prepared for a siege. They say the garrison consists of 11,000 men, without counting the National Guard.

The *John Bull* says the friends of Napoleon urge him to seek alliance with Austria by offering Francis Joseph all the territory that may be acquired from Prussia by their united arms.

PARIS, Aug. 14, noon.—Nothing new from the headquarters of the army.

The telegraphic communication was interrupted yesterday between Paris and Nancy.

Last night the authorities at Toulouse sent a despatch to Paris stating that Nancy was occupied by a Prussian detachment. The news is not confirmed this morning.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—It is stated that nine French ironclads are in the offing off Kehl.

A Southampton despatch says that a North German barque was taken into Cherbourg as a prize.

Preparations for the defence of Paris is still continued.

It is thought that the Prussian demonstration on Strasbourg is only a feint.

Seventy thousand volunteers left Paris to day for the army.

The *Staats Seeitung* publishes a despatch from Herr Thilden, denying that there is any fear of an alliance between Austria and South Germany.

The King of Prussia has issued a proclamation at St. Avold, in which he declares that all military receptions are abolished in all French territories occupied by German troops. He also announces that though the French Government should persist in the favorable expulsion of Germans from France, no measures of retaliation will be adopted by him, as it would be unfair to punish men for belonging to a country cursed with a Bonsparte. He adds, Frenchmen in Germany need not be uneasy, they shall, in common with all mankind, be convinced that Germany moves at the head of civilization.

MADRID, August 14.—A Republican meeting was held last night at which the speakers advanced most liberal views in regard to the future government of the country. These proceedings caused no little excitement, and demonstrations of sympathy were made to-day.

The Republicans, however, discountenance tumultuous gatherings, and are earnestly bent on vindicating their love of order.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 14.—The action of England in securing the neutrality of Belgium from violation has aroused the strongest feelings of gratitude from the Belgium people.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—A special despatch to the *Herald*, dated London 13, says: The French embassy has received a report from Paris that a fight occurred before Metz, and that the attack was made by the French. No report of the fight has been received here from the correspondent.

Pfalseburg, the key of the Vosges, 25 miles from Strasburg, has been surrendered to the Prussians.

The Crown Prince's army had left Pfalseburg in the rear long before it was surrendered.

LONDON, 14th.—Advices from Metz state that the French army has withdrawn to the west bank of the Moselle.

Marshal McMahon is at Toul, 12 miles west of Nancy.

The evacuation of Metz is considered certain.

The Prussians count on starving out the defenders of Strasbourg without recourse to bombardment.

A despatch from Nancy *via* Berlin, dated Saturday night, says that a battalion of French troops moving towards Metz was encountered yesterday morning on the railway near Fort a Mousson and retreated, leaving its baggage trains in the hands of the Prussians.

The Prussians now occupy Nancy, which has been evacuated by the French.

The Prussian cavalry have destroyed a portion of the railway between Frouard, and a party of Prussians are cutting off the supplies and forage for the French troops, sheltered under the glacis of Metz.

PARIS, August 14.—The journals unanimously demand the expulsion of Germans from French soil in consequence of the discovery of Prussian spies.

Count Palikao has issued an address to the troops, in which he blames them for firing too quick at Weissenburg. He says they used more ammunition in one day than the Prussians would in three.

The Marshal reminds the soldiers that they are now on the ground line of defence from Thionville to Metz and Nancy, and that they must hold their ground; on the back of that is the line of the Mense; then that of Champagne; then the Argounch; and then the line of Reners, illustrated by the campaign of 1814; and behind all this is Paris; and behind Paris is all France, with four million armed men.

PARIS, August 23.—*La Patrie* says when Strasbourg was invested by the Prussians it was completely supplied with ammunition, and that all places likely to be injured by the enemy's shot has been strengthened.

Many persons left the town willingly, and many others were sent away.

Strasbourg, it adds, can only be captured through famine, and it has provisions for many months.

The *Journal Officiel* says the activity of the Minister of War is wonderful, and all the immense resources of the country will soon be available.

Volunteering continues in large numbers.

The authorities deny the statement of the German journals that the French do not respect the convention of Geneva, and attend only to the French wounded.

The journals notice that the public sentiment in France is calmer, and that the deepest determination is evinced throughout the country to retrieve the recent defeats.

The *Opinione Nationale* says the German journals admit their loss in killed and wounded in proportion of five to three to the French.

The newspapers announce that the Prussians treated the inhabitants of Worth as enemys, because some of the citizens fired upon the German troops.

Despatches dated Metz, 13th, says that the Prussian picket yesterday appeared in the valley of Moselle, and a detachment for a short time held Fort a Moussen. A brigade of our French cavalry drove them away, and made 30 prisoners.

More Prussian spies were arrested in Metz.

The French army is in fine condition.

A despatch, dated Colman, 13th, 3 p.m., from the Prefect to the Minister of the Interior, says that all is quiet on the right bank of the Reine, and the investment of Strasbourg appears but a semblance.

A profound sensation was created to day by the passage through the city of ambulances, doctors, nurses, and sanitary stores, all going to the front. A large amount of money was given to the doctors and nurses in the streets for assistance to the wounded.

La Liberte says that at a secret meeting, yesterday, of the Corps Legislatif, Jules Favre, developed with ability and moderation a proposition that the Committee of defence having a supreme power be appointed by the chambers.

Count Palikao with tact avoided acrimonious discussion.

A Deputy asked the Count whether he wished to be minister of the Tulleries. Palikao replied: He had the utmost confidence in the patriotism of the Chambers, and would be guarded by them, but he deemed the formation of a committee of defence incompatible with the regular duties of the Government.

Deputy Gambetta made an able speech in favor of the proposition, but only 50 or 60 deputies voted for the motion, and it was lost.

A large number of actors and singers have enrolled themselves in the army. It the French are defeated at Metz the Prussians will find another army at Chalons, and another at Paris.

Bank notes of 25 francs are to be issued during the week.

Specie costs $4 per 100.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—At the Thames waterman's regatta yesterday, Mr. Sadler won the champion scullers race.

The Chambers Newcastle on Tyne crew were successful in the champion four oared race.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., August 14.—Admiral Farragut died to day, very peacefully, at twelve o'clock.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 14.—The German Sanitary Committee, to-day, remitted $20,000 to Berlin.

PARIS, August 14.—The *Lesperance*, of Nancy, states that after all the French soldiers had left that city the Prussians took possession on Friday evening, at four o'clock, when the Mayor was ordered to present himself before the commander of the Prussian forces.

The town was made pay 50,000 francs, and requisitions were also issued for large quantities of rations and forage.

The Prussians have torn up the railroad and cut down the telegraph wires.

LONDON, 14th.—The British Consul at Hamburg telegraphs that the mouths of the rivers Elbe Egder, Jahde and Weser are blockaded by the French fleet.

The Governor of Helegoland has refused to grant private permission to conduct the flag of truce boat to Cuxhaven.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

LONDON, 13th.—The *News* of this morning says that in a fortnight the Emperor has more perfectly undermined his throne than his enemies have in a score of years.

It is reassured by the Plebiscite that he has thrown away the votes of the people, and his dynasty and seat of war is now between the river Saar and Moselle.

An abstract of Marshal McMahon's report of the battle of Woreth and Froscerseven says that on the 6th, the enemy attacked the heights of the guard, opening with cannons and rifles. The attack was so violent that the first division was compelled to change front.

Soon after the Prussians made a feint from the right bank of the Saar, followed at noon by a renewal of the attack of the right wing; but the charges of the cavalry and infantry failed to dislodge the enemy, and at 4 o'clock, the French right was broken, and retreat upon Saverne, Neiderfrunt and Breame was made a necessity.

The *Saturday Review* is refraining from speculations on the war, because it says a few days must determine the fate of France and the Emperor. Probably the army will take matters into their own hands, and choose a leader and fight out the war.

The *Spectator* thinks the next battle must decide the fate of the Empire, as the Emperor is vanishing.

A telegraphic blunder caused McMahon's disaster.

General Failly was directed to move on Lunbach. He found Kansbach in the telegram as received.

Advices from St. Avold, up to Friday night, represent the army to be west of the Moselle, and still retreating.

The Prussian cavalry has reached Pont a Mousson, about half way between Metz and Nancy, on the railroad.

Part of the Prussian army invested Strasbourg. The advance captured a vast amount of stores abandoned by the French.

The *Post* of this morning has a leading and even affectionate article on Mr. Motley and America.

PARIS, August 13.—Chevandier de Valdrome, Foreign Minister of the Interior, has enrolled himself as a member of the Garde Nationale.

LONDON, August 13.—Holland has sent 1800 volunteers to serve in the Papal army.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 13.—Advices from Metz, through Prussian channels, seem to confirm the story of the removal of the Prince Imperial from France. He has not been seen either in camp or at Church since Sunday.

It is reported on excellent authority that the Empress Eugenie has made preparations to leave for England *via* Belgium in case of necessity.

Gen. Lauman is in command of the forces in Paris.

Gen. Abruth, commanding the forces of Strasbourg, has issued a proclamation declaring that he will defend the post to the last.

Sharp fighting took place in front of Metz yesterday. A considerable force of Prussians advanced into the environs of the city as a reconnoitreing party, to discover whether the reports of the town having being evacuated by the French were true, when they were met by a sharp fire from the batteries and forced to retire.

Reinforcements for the French, both in men and stores, are constantly and rapidly arriving.

It would appear that the Prussian advance have received a check at this point, and a great battle cannot now much longer be delayed.

HAVANA, 13.—Antolini Auguilera, the insurgent chief, who surrendered at Holquin, and offered his services to Spain, with other insurgents who had surrendered, took the field and captured the insurgent, Colonel Arbas, and brought him to Holquin, where he was tried and executed.

The insurgent General Castellanos, who surrendered at Puerto Principe, has arrived in Havana. He reports that Agrammonte arrested Generals Forbumo, Orbega and Rodrigus, who attempted to surrender to the Spaniards.

Search was made for Gen. Sarrybut, but he managed to escape arrest.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCH.

Admiral Farragut Dangerously Ill—Bloody Massacre in China—Wounds by Prussian Guns not Severe—The Metrailleuse a Terrible Weapon—Prussians at Nancy—McMahon's Position—Communication Between Paris and Strasburg Cut Off.

PORTSMOUTH, K. C., Evening, 12.—It is thought Admiral Farragut is dying.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12th.—Intelligence from Chili gives details of a massacre of Christians, at Tientin, 22 Europeans and 31 Chinese children were murdered. Nine Sisters of Charity were victims of the massacre, their bodies were terribly mutilated; eight Protestant churches, from which the missionaries retreated were gutted. Sixteen places of worship were destroyed.

NEW YORK, 12th.—Cable special to the *Tribune* says: "No news is allowed to reach here from the front, and constant suspicions are expressed. Wounds made by Prussian guns are not severe, those of the Mitrailleuse are fearful; numbers of men had both legs shot off, and still live.

Edmund About is a prisoner at Texier. Everybody is called to arms; but it appears that there are no arms to give them, and it is contemplated, issuing to a part of the Garde Mobile old flint muskets.

There are only fifteen chassepots per company at this camp, and the rest are told to look on while the fifteen are taught the use of that arm.

Why the French army remains concentrated before Metz, nobody understands. It is believed that the Prussians are already at Nancy, and it is apparent that the Empire is rolled up like a scroll.

What Housag said this morning is true. For twenty years nobody in France has studied war seriously. Everything has been done superficially, while the Prussians are first in science, and have proved they are first in war.

Tribune special, London, August 13.—Special correspondent, writing from Paris, Thursday eve., 11th, says,—Truth is slowly leaking out. It shows the position of the French army as worse and worse. Two days ago, a despatch, meant to be reassuring, was placarded, stating that Failly has established communications with McMahon.

It now appears that these communications were established on the field at the last battle of Worth.

McMahon's position is in all probability deplorable, driven as he is into the barren mountains of Vosges, with the wreck of an army, and without arms or provisions.

The Germans have cut off all communication between Paris and Strasbourg.

Canrobert came to Paris yesterday to consult with the Empress, and has now returned to his command.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—*La Presse* publishes a proclamation, addressed by the Prefect of Strasbourg to the citizens.

He says:—Reports calculated to create uneasiness have been circulated. Some have dared to express the belief that Strasbourg will surrender to the enemy without striking a blow.

The ramparts are armed with 400 cannons, the garrison is large, and, if we are attacked, we will defend ourselves so long as there is a man left.

Let all good citizens be reassured, and let the evil disposed tremble.

Gen. Trochu has assumed the command at Chalons.

Gen. Conrobert replaces Baranay d'Hilliers in command of the army of Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 13. Cholera has broken out in the towns on the shore of the Black sea. Vessels from thence are quarantined at Liverpool.

The Orange celebration at Londonderry, yesterday, was attended with much violence. Forty persons were more or less injured.

Sir Robt. Collier, candidate for the House of Commons, addressed a crowded meeting at Plymouth, last night, on the subject of the Franco Prussian war.

Prussian and French iron-clads were recently in close proximity at the mouth of the Elbe.

The Prussians hold all avenues of communication between Metz and Strasbourg.

PARIS, Aug 13.—In the Corps Legislatif last night, the Minister of War read the following despatch:

"METZ.—I accept the resignation of Le Bœuf as Major General of the army.
"(Signed,) NAPOLEON."

Official despatches from Metz, up to noon of the 12th, state that the Emperor has visited various encampments about the place during the morning. The troops were all in fine condition.

Despatches announce that communication with Strasbourg are being cut off, and the Prussians are surrounding the place.

The *Journal Officiel* publishes a decree naming Marshal Bazaine, Commander-in-Chief of the 2nd, 3rd and 4th Corps of the Army of the Rhine. Gen. Trochu, Commander of the Corps now being formed at Chalons from new levies, and Gen. Vinry, Commander of the Corps now being formed at Paris.

METZ, Aug. 12.—At 6 p.m. a body of the enemy came near Froard, a station on the Paris and Strasbourg railway. They were attacked and driven off, and their commander taken prisoner.

To day our cavalry made a brilliant reconnaissance in the direction of the River Nied.

The enemies infantry and small bodies of cavalry penetrate far into the country, but the main body of their army is not making any forward movement.

MONTREAL

Annual General Meeting of the Canada Central Railway.

MONTREAL, Aug. 13.

This afternoon the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the C. C. Railway was held in the St. Lawrence Hall, Hon. J. C. Abbott in the chair.

The report of the Directors for the past year was read, and was very lengthy, and went over the history of the Railway from its initiation up to the present date.

The report speaks hopefully of the prospects of the completion of the road.

With a view to securing a fifty mile road at a very moderate cost, the Company made a contract last fall for the building of a line from Carleton Place to Ottawa, and which will be opened on the 15th September next, and with the connections which will give direct railway from Ottawa to Montreal, and also secure a continuous line to Pembroke, with the view of connecting with the North Shore Railway, giving an outlet at Quebec.

It will also be carried forward from Pembroke to Sault Ste. Marie, thus connecting the ocean with Lake Superior.

The memorandum of the deed of amalgamation of the C. C. R. and N. C. Co. was produced and read, and on motion of Mr. Ashworth was approved of by this meeting, and a committee, composed of Hon. John Hamilton, Hon. J. J. C. Abbott and R. W. Scott, M. P. P., was nominated to confer with the N. C. R. Co., as to the proposed deed of amalgamation, with directions to report to the meeting of share holders at Ottawa, on 15th September next.

The elections of directors was then proceeded with.

On motion of Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. H. Abbott, the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year, viz.:—Hon. John Hamilton, L. Beaubien, Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, R. W. Scott, J. G. Richardson, A. J. Ashworth, D. Stark, Geo. Lowe, J. W. B. Rivers, and Wm. Rodden. The meeting then adjourned at half-past three o'clock.

According to *La Minerve* the French have got the Prussians just where they want to have them.

The French Canadian papers are warning their readers not to believe the telegraphic despatches that are published concerning the war.

Rain fell yesterday forenoon. During last night the temperature lowered considerably, and this morning it is almost unpleasantly cool.

A match was played between the second

LOCAL NEWS.

HENTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. ... post free on application.

... Square is well graded, but ... the fountains and trees?

... third convention of the Young ... Christian Association of Ontario and ... will be held in Ottawa, on the 7th of September.

... Rifle Range closed on Saturday. It ... open for practice during the whole of ... and many avail'd themselves of ... opportunity to improve their ability as ...

... MARKET—SATURDAY.—For the day ... was an unusually large market. All ... of produce, with the exception of ... was plentiful; hay, however, being ... other source. Prices remain generally ...

... AMUSEMENT.—There is a club of ..., with a gawkish ringleader, who ... Friday evening indulge in a game ... the Officers' quarters while the band ... playing, which will be put a stop to. ... arrange traps for the purpose of tripping ladies and gentlemen walking to and ... and very often to their great delight ... in the design. If they attempt to ... their ugly trick again, we hope to see ... punished.

... of an enterprising sausage ... is in town, looking after ... dogs. The following is his ...

... the pup, the beautiful pup!
Drinking his milk from a china cup,
... around so frisky and free,
... a bone, then biting a flea;
Jumping,
Running,
After the pony;
Beautiful pup, you will soon be bologna?"

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—The business ... Police Court this morning was small ... unimportant. ... of drunkeness was disposed of ... the offender $8 and costs. ... refused to work for Mr. ... breaking his engagement ... fined $1 and costs. ... of refusing to pay wages was dismissed in favor of complainant. ... Chevette, for driving as a carter ... license, had to pay costs.

...—M. K. Dickinson is about ... a large saw mill at Manotic. Mr. ...'s enterprise is well known. Be... the mill which he is now building, he ... full operation at the same place a ... mill, and it may be truly ... has, by his energy, made a ... village of Manotic. We wish ... Dickinson every success.

... national assembly of the French ... is called to take place in the ... Institute this evening, for the ... giving expression to their feelings ... towards the land of their ... and of otherwise taking steps favorable to the success of the arms of France, ... at which all French Canadians ... earnestly requested to be present ... take place at half-past seven, p. ... above named institution.

... 11th Annual Scottish gathering ... place in the Bellevue Gardens on ... next, August 18. From past experience ... we predict for the "Scotchmen ... descendants," a degree of patronage ... in advance of that obtained by ... society this season. Their annual picnic is always successful, and it is ... owing to the manner in which it ..., the good management and the ... opportunity for amusement afforded ... line.

... crops in the neighborhood of Perth ... natural consequence of this excessively warm season, look very poor in ... localities. The wheat has been prematurely ripened, and will, as a consequence, be small in the berry and inferior ... quality. Other grains are in much ... same condition. Potatoes are really ... crop that has a sound, healthy ... that promises a good yield. ... of the spring grains is now ac...

...—From an eminence ... the surrounding country, or, to ... the woods presented a fearful appearance on Sunday evening, but particularly this the case on the other side of ... river, in the direction of the ... It seemed as if the fire was ... over everything. Heavy clouds ... rose up, which partially hid the ... from view, and darkened, ... approaching storm, the setting sun ... seemed to have been fanned in a few ... into a conflagration of dreadful ...

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY ... GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) ... FOR 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTON ... BRED & CO.'S. ... post free on application.

Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

SPECIAL MEETING.

OTTAWA, 12th August, 1870.

... Wm. Finley, Esq., Chairman; ... Wm. Kehoe, J. Larose, Thomas ... Duffour, and J. W. Peachy.

... minutes of the last meeting were ... adopted.

... petition from Mr. John Cass and an ... of Mr. La Tasse were read and ... on the table; also report No. 5 of the ... Committee.

... motion of J. Larose, seconded by ... Coffey, the report No. 5 of the Finance and Assessment Committee, just ... was received and adopted.

REPORT No. 5.

... of R. C. Separate Schools, Finance and Assessment Committee, Ottawa, 13th August, 1870.

... Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

... Committee having had under consideration the several petitions and accounts referred to them, beg leave to ... that they found the following ... correct, and they recommend the ... thereof, viz:

... McKay, for distempering the ... &c., of female school ... in Upper Town and ... Lower Town $59.42

... for professional services for preparing bonds of ... Treasurer's, from 3rd June, '67, ... February, '70 .... 54.00

... regards the petition of Mr. John Hilliard for a reduction of taxes, they beg to recommend that the sum of $11.86 be allowed to the party.

With reference to Mr. R. Pattie's petition or a refunding of the costs imposed upon him on the collection of his taxes for past year, they recommended the refunding of the amount, say $1.80 there appearing to have been a misunderstanding in his case.

Humbly submitted.

(Signed) JOSEPH LAROSE, Chairman,
THOS. COFFEY,
P. DUFOUR.

On motion of Thos. Coffey, seconded by Wm. Kehoe, the petition of Mr. John Cass, and the account of Mr. L. Tasse were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On Motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by P. Dufour, the Chairman was authorised to sign cheques in favour of the several teachers for their respective salaries for the quarter ended on the 31st July last, and also in favour of the several House owners for one quarter's rent, due on the same date.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY, Sec. and Treas.

WALTHAM WATCHES.

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enameled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada.
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—145 St. Paul Street.

1397 3mod

MCGILL UNIVERSITY.

MONTREAL—SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF ARTS. The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY SEPT. 14.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

FACULTY OF LAW. The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B. A., Secretary McGill College.

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The FOURTEENTH SESSION of this SCHOOL will commence on 1st SEPTEMBER, 1870.

Candidates for admission must be 16 years of age or good moral character, and must come under obligation to teach for three years in some public school in the Province of Quebec. They must pass an entrance examination in Reading, Writing, and the elements of Arithmetic, Grammar and Geography.

On complying with the above conditions, they will be recognized as teachers-in-training, and as such will be entitled to free tuition, with the use of text books and to bursaries in aid of their board in the case of those not residents in Montreal.

At the close of the first year of study they may apply for examination for diplomas giving the right to teach in Elementary Schools; and after two years' study, if found qualified at the close of the first year, they will, on examination, be entitled to diplomas as teachers of Model Schools. Students having passed the examination in the Model School Class, or having advanced to the requisite knowledge, may go on to Academy Class and, on examination, may obtain the Academy Diploma.

The announcement of the School containing all necessary information and terms of application may be obtained of the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B. A., Secretary.

1433 tawkim

FARM FOR SALE.

J. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the south East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at 1 o'clock p. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to J. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent.

1432 3tid

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

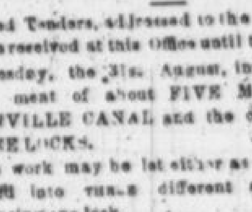
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN, ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ... ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into three different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. } 1433 10

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of lumber in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting-saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting till stuff but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870. 1283 1m

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA $300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 3313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 0s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2s. the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £1 2s. 0s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238, Bonus Additions, £41 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £61 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the ordinary premiums received, will, at least, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 3313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

R. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the

Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,

to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870. 1430 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Mrs Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of those limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent int. rest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT.

Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1431 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1432tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. | PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1314 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.,

Apply to A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1431

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spot ed, ch in collar lacked

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1433 4

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattie Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq. in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Lemoy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 8,000 to 10,000 f., per 24 hours. There is also ... acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling ground, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ...

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain ... Pine of a superior quality, and large average, dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—½ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1418-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licen e No 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa "
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

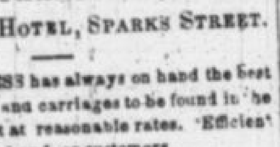
Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licences may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td



CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

Mr. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand or customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407d

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also

Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED.

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

Reference given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1434-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

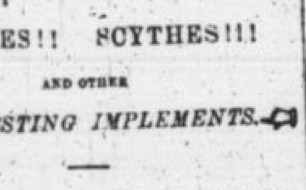
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Waring's Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythe Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Moley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from ... to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.

Ottawa, ... 1436 ...

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES, AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

On and after WEDNESDAY, 6th July.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk* $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES! COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BROS

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1400.tf

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS 1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & Co., a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT,

$2.00 per gallon; $6.00 per doz n

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MIDI

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.

July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 15, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 10	@	6 75
No. 1	5 50	@	6 00
No. 2	5 00	@	5 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 00	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	24 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	[illegible]
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	[illegible]	@	0 00
Maple Wood	[illegible]	@	0 00
Tamarac	[illegible]	@	0 00
Soft Wood	[illegible]	@	00
Hides			
Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	5 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Or on Raw Hides	0 00	@	0 00

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 1236 1aw

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard, the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 2-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100
Halifax 20
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30
Halifax 15
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George,
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Marthe, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "DR. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists [illegible]

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.
TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER, prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache. See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery, on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 [illegible]

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1331tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 13th July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance.
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills, are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal every where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street.

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of the pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Murgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible]

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 13 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

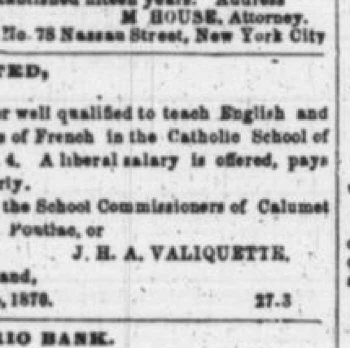
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown. in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

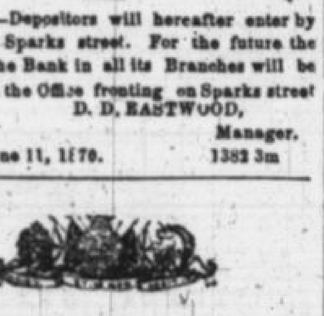
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

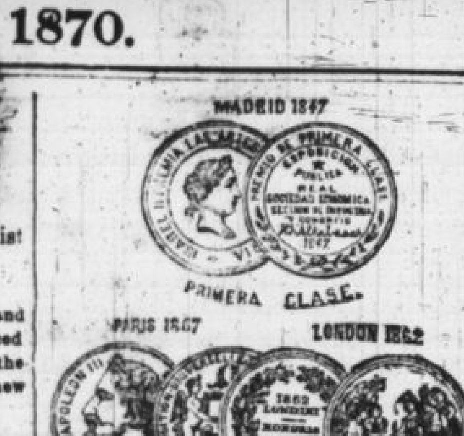
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-v.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 44c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2 30 p m, connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH (10th) day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont. June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1436. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

Groceries.

Medical.

Hotels and Saloons.

Miscellaneous.

Educational.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

IN THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles

Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

No Branches or Coal Oil here.

THE ELEGANT SIGNS

OF

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

LANG'S ESTABLISHMENT

PAINTING PAINTING

AND

HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

MITCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, June 11, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE
Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 26th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Works

In the Township of Russel, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1436-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE	A.M.	P.M.	DELIVERED	A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	6.00							
[illegible]	6.00							
[illegible]	6.00							
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Important Sale—John Doran & T. Murray
Young Ladies' Literary Institute.
Insolvent Act of 1866—W. F. Powell.
Auction Sale—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 34, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1870.

The war correspondent of the London *Daily Telegraph* is the Hon. Frank Lawley, brother of Lord Henlock.

The *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent says that the action of the Privy Council has of late "been so insignificant that it has not been *worth a reference*." Then why is he all the time telegraphing in reference thereto?

Nearly all the clover which was sown in the County of Hasting last spring, and represented as Allsike clover, turns out to be white clover. The dealers in that seed have evidently been humbugged by their foreign agents.

The whereabouts of the Prince Imperial is still in doubt. The London *Telegraph*, which has more intimate relations with the French Court than any of its English contemporaries, announces that it has authority to contradict the report that the Prince is in London. On the other hand the *Echo* asserts "without qualification" that the Empress Eugenie and Prince Imperial are in lodgings at St. John's Wood!!

Miss Lydia Thompson, the blonde, is followed about the country by a woman named Griffin, who is frantically in love with her. Miss Griffin persecutes the actress with attentions, and sends letters full of threats, strange oaths, and protestation of inextinguishable affection. This mania culminated in a fight between the adorer and the adored in a Chicago hotel last week, and the matter was ventilated in the police court the next day.

During his visit to Rimouski, Sir G. E. Cartier was the recepient of an address and other marks of public favors. He was received at Pointe-aux-Peres by a number of the leading citizens, headed by M. Martin, Mayor of the Parish, and by the Hon. Mr. Tessier, Senator. On Sunday after Mass, an address signed by all the principal men of the place, without distinction of party, was presented to him by M. Hudson, Q.C., Mayor of the town. Sir George replied in his happiest strain.

The bishops of the Roman Catholic Church who voted against the dogma of Infallibility at the Ecumenical Council may be divided into two classes—those who voted against the new dogma unconditionally (*non placet*), eighty-eight in number, and those whose votes were conditional (*placet juxta modum*), numbering sixty-one. The bishops from North America in the former class were the following: Archbishop Connolly, of Halifax; Bishop Rogers, Chatham; Bishop Domenec, of Pittsburg; Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester; Archbishop Kendrik, of St. Louis; and Bishop Bourget, of Montreal.

We have pointed out that as most of the war news comes to us from the correspondents of American newspapers who are all prejudiced in favor of Prussia, we should accept stories of French disasters with some reservation. The Americans have good reason to wish for the success of Prussia, for in consequence of the number of U. S. bonds held by German capitalists, every Prussian victory sends gold down and enhances the value of U. S. securities at home. A fortnight ago when English 3 per cents stood at 89, American 6 per cents were down to 80; but as soon as the news of a Prussian victory was confirmed consols rose to 90¾, while U. S. bonds went up to 86. This explains why Americans sympathise with Prussia. If the French were to obtain a decisive victory, a large amount of American securities would be thrown upon the market, and the price of gold would rise considerably.

We observe that the Western papers are discussing the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. George Crawford, and national, religious and even sectional interests are invoked. Now we consider that none of these can be at all fairly considered in this question as it was distinctly understood at the time of Confederation that gentlemen, who had previously been elected members of the Legislative Council of Canada, had a right, and were to be preferred to fill the first vacancies in the Senate of the Dominion. The Hon. Messrs. Cameron, Vidal, Bull and Alexander, we consider to be those who have the best claim, but Mr. Cameron having accepted the office of Queen's Printer, and therefore not actually in the Legislative Council at the time of Confederation, may be said to have placed himself behind these other three; certainly, if local claims can be urged, Mr. Vidal's claims are very strong, for in neither Lambton nor Huron is there a resident Senator—if nationality be mentioned, surely being an Englishman would be no objection, particularly as we believe there is only one in the Senate. His family has long served the Crown, in Church and State he had an uncle, an Admiral, and a cousin, a Bishop. We must, however, in fairness admit he was a Protestant Bishop. As a scholar in English, French, mathematics and astronomy, Mr. Vidal has no superior in the Senate, he is a fluent and popular speaker, he is one of the oldest and most faithful temperance men, a body not over represented in Parliament, and if religious weight and influence might be mentioned, he is probably the most influential elder in the Presbyterian Church of Canada; but what as politicians we hold should weigh, in addition to his character and education, is his valuable and independent support of the coalition, from its formation to the present moment, the value of which is best shown by the malignity of the Sarnia *Observer*.

Stratford played Shakespeare at Lacrosse on Wednesday last, and won three straight games in 35, 35, and 25 minutes' time.

Walter Brown is building an outrigged skiff for John McKiel, to be used by the latter in his match with Tom Butler on the 26th inst.

IMMIGRATION.

The report of the Minister of Agriculture for the year 1868 has been received. It contains a variety of interesting information relative to Agriculture, Immigration and Emigration, Public Health, the Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec, Arts and Manufactures, Statistics, Patents of Invention, Copyrights, and Industrial designs. The question of Immigration is one in which we are all deeply interested, and the particulars relative thereto are valuable and comprehensive. We find that in 1854 the total number of immigrants who arrived by way of the St. Lawrence, was 53,180 but after that year there was a sensible diminution. In 1855 the number was reduced to 21,274, while in 1859 it went down to 8,778. Since that time it has been gradually increasing, and in 1868 was greater than for any year since 1854, having risen to 34,300. The total immigration to Canada in 1866 was 51,795; in 1867, 57,878; and in 1868, 71,448. Of these, there remained in Canada—

In 1866	10,091
1867	10,666
1868	12,765

The expenditure of the department for the year amounted to $32,737, and the amount of emigration tax collected at the Custom House to $32,697.

It cannot be said that the facts here furnished are altogether satisfactory. That out of 71,448 people who landed in Canada in the year 1868, only 12,765 should have remained here, seems strange, and shows that the attractions which this country offers to settlers are not known as they ought to be. The fact is we are somewhat in the position of a tradesman whose shop is situated in an out of the way street, and who has never advertised his wares. He may have a magnificent stock of goods, but he will obtain only a very small share of custom from the simple fact that neither he nor his goods are known. Thus, comparing large things to small, is it with us in Canada today. We have immense tracts of fertile lands to give away to industrious immigrants, but unfortunately, until very recently we were altogether unknown; Canada was looked upon as a land where winter "reigned perpetual," where the inhabitants went about dressed in the skins of wild animals, living principally upon the spoils of the chase. When we say this, we are not indulging in an exaggerated figure of speech, for even among people who might have been expected to know very much better, this, or something very much like it, was the opinion entertained of this country but a few years ago. A year or two since, an Englishman now living in Canada, mentioned to a fellow countryman in New York, where he was then residing, that he had some idea of taking up his abode here. His friend endeavored to persuade him against doing so, telling him that Canada was "covered with snow and ice for nine months in the year," and that "the great business of the inhabitants was to keep themselves from freezing!" Only a few days since we had the London *Daily News* talking about "our lonely forest garrisons," so that it is evident that even yet Canada is, compared to what it ought to be, almost an unknown land to the people of the Mother Country. So long as this remains the case we cannot hope for a large immigration to this country. Like the shop-keeper to whose case we have alluded, we must not begrudge a little money for advertising. We must let the world know what a rich and fertile country we possess, we must show the falsehood of the reports promulgated by American agents with regard to Canada, and we may rely upon it that if we can once make the truth known, there will be few emigrants who land upon our shores who will wish to leave the country. We are glad to find that English tourists visiting this continent are beginning to discover that there is such a place as Canada, that it is possessed of natural attractions certainly equal to anything the United States can show, and that they can travel through it in comfortable railway cars and steamboats, and are not entirely dependent upon sleighs as a means of locomotion. We are quite sure that if these Englishmen, upon returning to the old country, will give a faithful account of all they have seen here, of the love we bear for England and England's Queen, of our respect and affection for monarchical institutions over those of Republican America, and of the wonderful progress which, in spite of many great difficulties and disadvantages, we have already made, they will be doing a service, not only to us, but to the people of England, as well as to the Empire at large.

MILITARY ORGANIZATION.

Four years ago, when Prussia and Austria commenced hostilities, there were many people who believed that the troops of the former would be unable to stand before the equally brave, and far more thoroughly disciplined soldiers of the Kaiser. The military system of Prussia had to be tested, and many well informed people were inclined to think that an army formed to a large extent of men suddenly called from peaceful pursuits, would be unable to cope with one which was composed almost entirely of regular soldiers. The military system of Prussia, however, was found to be thoroughly efficient, and although in some of its minor details it is not adapted to Canada, we should do well to copy it in some of its leading features. In the first place it is based upon the great principle which we should always keep before us, viz.: that every man is bound to defend his country when called upon to do so, and further than this, that it is his duty as far as may be, to render himself capable of defending it in an efficient manner. We cannot afford to maintain a standing army, but most of us can afford to devote a certain portion of our time to rifle practice, and to obtaining a knowledge of the rudiments of military drill. Let this be done, and possessing as we already do, a number of thoroughly efficient officers throughout the country, we may rely upon it that if our peace and security were threatened, we could furnish an army of men as well able to fight in defence of Canada as the Prussian soldiers, suddenly removed from the farm and the workshop, were to battle for the aggrandizement of Fatherland.

The correspondent of the London *Telegraph* gives the following description of the Prussian troops. He says:—

"The soldiers were nearly all bound for Coblentz. Fine, sturdy men, they are; it is impossible not to contrast them favourably with the general run of the French soldiers of the line. Prussians may be wanting in that indescribable, indefinite quality called "*elan*." They are not very nimble in movement, or very rapid in attack, but they are strong, broad-shouldered stubborn men, who will require a great deal of pushing to make them move, and who possess, in an eminent degree, the dogged courage and untiring energy that scarcely recognises defeat. These are the men who, instead of being cast down and enervated by disaster, almost require the stimulant of a heavy blow to rouse them and to develope to its fullest extent the power and energy within them.

"Where the system is so perfect and where the people join heart and soul in the war, it does not take very long to put an army in the field. There is not much delay here in working the raw material into the fully armed and equipped soldier; it is done with a rapidity reminding one of the transformation scene. Stand at the barrack gate, and watch that long, straggling line of reserve men—some artisans, some clerks, but the major part composed of agricultural laborers with the slouching, somewhat uncouth gait always associated with that sort of work, all dusty, travel stained, and tired, their hair uncut, their beards untrimmed. Go round to the opposite side, and in a short time you will see the same body of men issue from another door clean, shaved, smart, and dressed in uniform; with heads erect, and firm military step and bearing, they march away to some other station, as different in appearance from the somewhat motely crew that entered the building as light is from darkness."

ANOTHER NONSENSICAL STORY.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Hamilton *Times* has tried his hand at another sensation. It is to the effect that Riel, O'Donohue, and others have received instructions from the Government to leave Fort Garry before the arrival of the expedition! A week or two since this very reliable gentleman informed the public that an amnesty had been granted, and that the Government of Manitobah would be handed over to Lieutenant-Governor Archibald by Riel himself. Now, we are assured, on equally good authority, that Riel has been instructed to leave the country in order to avoid punishment. We have no hesitation in saying that there is no truth whatever in the statement; in fact, it is too ridiculous to deserve mention, were it not that it is as well to notice the miserable course of misrepresentation which the Opposition are constrained to adopt. It is, of course, highly probable that Riel and his friends will get out of the way; if they are wise they certainly will do so; but to assert that they have been instructed to do so is so absurd a statement, that we are surprised to find a respectable newspaper publishing it.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT.

Admiral Farragut, whose death is just announced, was one of the most distinguished officers of the U. S. Navy. He was a Southerner by birth, having been born in East Tennessee in the year 1801, but took part with the North in the late great struggle. He entered the navy in 1812, and was serving on board the *Essex* when she surrendered to the British frigate *Phœbe* in Valparaiso harbor. At the commencement of the late war Captain Farragut was assigned to the command of the Western Gulf Blockading Squadron, and was afterward directed to attack the fortifications at New Orleans. This service he performed most successfully, and in consequence of Farragut's gallantry and determination Butler was enabled to march into and take possession of the Crescent City. For about eighteen months afterwards Admiral Farragut and his flag ship the *Hartford* were employed in the waters of the upper and lower Mississippi. For his services he received votes of thanks from both Houses of Congress, and was promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral.

Admiral Farragut was a man of kindly and generous disposition, an ornament to the United States naval service, and a good specimen of the American sailor.

Annexation.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—You published in one of your recent issues a capital statement, showing clearly the deplorable condition of affairs in the United States; your very clever article has since been copied in most of the Confederation papers, with a view of undeceiving the very few dupes of Messrs. Young & Co., the ridiculous Montreal Annexation or Independence firm—with the same intention allow me to draw their attention to a fact which will be equally disagreeable to their deceivers, but which I feel confident must be very gratifying to all good, faithful, loyal subjects.

In 1803 there were only ten post-offices in the Province of Ontario, at the following localities: Cornwall, Matilda, Augusta, Kingston, York, Niagara, Queen-town, Chippawa, Fort Erie and Sandwich; of Quebec four: Montreal, Quebec, Three Rivers and Berthier; of Nova Scotia five; of New Brunswick four; in all 23. Since then the number has increased to more than 3,700 in the Confederation, making 160 to one in the short space of 67 years—not withstanding the time the Hon. Mr. Young held office too short in his sole estimation.

Yours very truly,
JOHN FRASER DE BERRY.
St. Marck, Chambly River,
Thursday, 11th Aug. 1870.

MILITARY.

The annual picnic of the Hamilton Field Battery came off on Thursday last.

Prof. T. H. Smith, lately from London, has been appointed bandmaster of the Prince of Wales Rifles band, Kingston.

The Rifle Tournament of the Hastings Rifle Association, which came off last week has been very successful.

A camp is to be formed on Wednesday the 31st, at Komoka, to consist of the 7th Battalion, the 22nd Oxford Rifles, and the 26th Battalion. It is expected that these corps will be out in strong force.

The Hamilton *Spectator* says we were shewn the six medals won by the Hamilton team at the Provincial shooting match at Montreal, last week, against all competitors. They are made of solid silver and in the shape of a Maltese cross, with the letters Q. B. A., and are very handsome.

A California paper tells this tarantula story:—"A few days since, while walking on the levee, we discovered a large tarantula also taking an airing. Its size was unusual, and we resolved upon its capture, but immediately upon touching it with our stick its size diminished one-half, and minute specks were seen running in every direction; these, upon examination, proved to be young tarantulas, and almost infinitesimally small. We counted over one hundred and fifty of them. We withdrew a few steps, and they gradually collected on the back of the old one, when he deliberately marched off.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

BY CABLE.

Latest from the Seat of War

Midnight Despatches.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

PARIS, Aug. 15th.—The *Journal Officiel* reports an arrest on the highway of an individual, in whose house were found a quantity of poignards, revolvers of large calibre, ammunition, &c. He was followed the night before last to an isolated house in the neighborhood of the fortifications, where were found a list of names, a number of red flags, different rallying signals, description of troops occupying forts surrounding the capital, and a *carte de visite* of a person in the service of the Sovereign now at war with France.

In the afternoon of yesterday, about 4 o'clock, a band of from 60 to 80 men, all armed with revolvers and poignards of exactly the same model as those previously seized, attacked the Eugenie House, on the Boulevard Valetta. They attacked the guard with daggers and revolvers. One of the officers received a wound in the breast, and a fireman was seriously injured by three bullets. Four guns kept at the station were carried away. The policemen of the 19th arrondizement who ran to their aid also received a volley. One fell dead instantly, and several others were seriously wounded. Physicians think there is little hope of the recovery of two of them. A little girl was also killed by a stray ball from a revolver. The police arrested immediately the ringleader and four accomplices. The population cooperated and were full of enthusiasm, and proceeded of their own accord to make other arrests. The guns taken from the firemen were retaken. The weapons abandoned by the Insurgents were also seized, and a call to arms having been spontaneously made in that quarter, a good number of the National Guard were got together, who with the aid of the citizens contributed towards the establishment of order. A squadron and company of the Guard of Paris, who immediately arrived, was hailed with acclamation.

The sergeants de ville also received applause merited by their courage. The commissary and agents of police made great efforts to protect from public indignation individuals under arrest. They numbered about fifty. They were imprisoned in the depot of prefecture during the evening. Two persons were also taken there whom a student pointed out on the Boulevard St. Martin. They carried daggers identical with those seized on the Boulevard Villetta. They offered resistance on being taken, and refused to answer the first question put to them. After five o'clock the Boulevard Villetta resumed the usual quiet crowd of 3,000 to 4,000 present, who continued to search for rioters, and manifested the highest indignation. At a quarter-past six other parties made an attack on the sentries of the same station. Two were arrested by the National Guards and locked up in barracks. The rioters will be brought before a court martial to-day. The Empress sent a letter of condolence and aid to the parents of the little girl killed last night.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Last evening at 8 o'clock, by order of the Government, all telegraphic communication throughout the French empire was suspended. This morning at 9 o'clock these restrictions were again removed.

The Sans. Prefect telegraphs to the Minister of the Interior from Toul, August 14th, 9.m., as follows:—

"Some Prussians were noticed near this town about two o'clock this afternoon. Reconnoissance was made by the gendarmes and cavalry, who came upon 200 Uhlands. Shots were exchanged, and the gendarmes killed one and wounded two of the enemy. The latter summoned the town to surrender, but received a defiant refusal and retired. The attitude of the populace is splendid. Members of the Mobile and National Guard hastened to the ramparts.

Another despatch states that the corps of Generals D'Easimuels and De Caaen were engaged in the contest at Metz yesterday. Marshal Bazine was present. The enemy was repulsed after four hour's fighting. The troops are in fine spirits. Details of the battle not yet received, but the first reports received last night of its favourable result created an immense sensation. Crowds went to the Minister of the Interor and demanded the particulars of the fight. All night masses of people marched through the boulevards and the principal streets shouting joyfully.

The Emperor and the Prince Imperial arrived at Verdun yesterday.

Advices from the Rhine indicate that the enemy does not really intend to lay siege to Strasbourg, but merely to cut off its communication. For this purpose they blew up the bridge and railway to Basle.

It is thought that the surrounding forces of the enemy are inconsiderable in number, it is only the alarm of the people which imagines the force greater than it actually is.

The city is fully garrisoned and provisioned for a siege, and the supply of water is under the control of the authorities.

A despatch of Epinali, dated 9 o'clock this morning, states that the town of Bitche had not been captured, as has been supposed, but holds out against the Prussian troops who have been detached to besiege it.

The *Gaulois* reports that Victor Emmanuel wrote a long letter to Napoleon saying, "I give you my word and I am ready to keep it, but I must tell you that should I leave Italy I may never re-enter it."

The *Gaulois* adds that the Emperor released the King from his promise.

Le Presse admits the mission of Duke Cadare to Denmark appears to fail, and quotes a statement of the *Danish Journal* that the King declined to receive him through pressuce of England and Russia.

Le Presse also gives up all hopes of armed assistance from Italy, where the Garibaldians are doing everything in their power to turn the minds of the people against the nation which so chivalrously aided them in their hour of need.

Roman advices represent the soldiers of the Legion d'Antibes anxious to join the armies of France.

The French residents are much affected by the news of the reverses of the French, but the clerical authorities and partisans of the Pope seem to rejoice and flock to the new Prussian Legation, where they are received with unusual favor.

Newspapers explain that Nancy was given up to the Prussians because it was an open city, and the French troops retired to Toul, which being a fortified place gave them a better chance to resist the Prussian advance.

Pfalsbourg still holds out, the Prussian reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

All the evening journals of Paris insist on a speedy punishment of the rioters of Boulevard Villetta. Public exasperation over the affair is intense. The police in making arrests are assisted by the citizens.

Le Temps says the purpose of the last movement of the French forces is evident. The Prussians, numerically superior, wanted to interpose between our troops and and their supplies; this was defeated by the movement of the French, who repulsed the attack intended and prevented their crossing the Moselle. Our forces will now take up a strong position and prepare for a great battle, which is ardently awaited by the entire army. Public confidence here in the result of a pitched battle is very great.

FLORENCE, 15.—A despatch from Palermo announces the arrest, yesterday, of Mazzini. He had just arrived from Genoa. After his arrest he was taken to Geatta.

Letters from the seat of war notice this practice of the Prussians in an engagement—to station sharpshooters on the right of each platoon to pick off French officers.

LONDON, August 15.—Disturbances of a serious character occurred at Marseilles and Lyons. Crowds collected in the streets shouting "A bas l'Empereur." Three persons were killed.

A great deal of rebellious feeling is manifested, and fears are entertained of trouble to-day.

It is reported from Paris that now the first panic is over reverses to the French army disappears, and confidence is returning.

The *Times* thus states the situation:—"France, dependent on her army, sees its foremost corps, through blundering, driven back on the reserves, though only the first line of the Germans have been engaged.

The French show a desire to rely upon cavalry in modern warfare.

Dr. Russell thus describes the charge of the 8th Cuirassiers on the 8th Prussian infantry. When the French were at a distance of 100 yards they were exterminated by the Prussian fire.

Pere Hyacinthe volunteered as a private in a regiment for the defence of Paris.

A private letter from Paris describes the Empress as sadly changed and worn by heavy days and sleepless nights.

A despatch from Forbach says that the French while retreating from the west side of the Moselle were attacked by the Prussians under General Steinmitz. The French were thrown into great confusion, and after a gallant stand were routed. The Prussian loss was great.

A despatch from Carlsrube says the Prussians now occupy Mulhouse and Besancon.

One hundred thousand of the Landwher are crossing the frontier.

A correspondent writing from Paris on Sunday evening says that the public feeling is more and more hostile to the Emperor. It is openly said that come what may he will not again be seen in Paris. People express this opinion with energy; but no surrender is the general cry among all classes. They call the Emperor imbecile, and his generals courtiers and waiters, but the strongest anti Imperialists say of course the enemy must be driven out of France, and under the full impression that the nation can and will conquer.

The *Opinione Nationale* ventures to say that after what passed in the Chamber yesterday there is already a change of Government that the Corps Legislatif is virtually a committee of public safety, and that power is transferred from the Tuileries to the Palais de Bourbon.

The Prussian generals' headquarters last night were at Nancy, on the Metz and Saarbruck Rai road.

The Prince Royal of Prussia, for his victory at Weissenbourgh, has received the Order of the Iron Crown.

Rumours are renewed of the intervention of the Powers to bring about an armistice between Prussia and France, but are scouted as chimerical.

A cable special to the *Tribune*, dated London, 15th, says: Our special correspondent writes from Chalone, Friday: "All except military trains are stopped. Canrobert has gne to Metz, following his corps. Mob law prevails. Military trains, encumbered with enormous quantities of officers' baggage and supply trains, are delayed. Three trains arrived from Metz filled with the Emperor's personal outfit. Soldiers meantime are on half rations.

THE WAR.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Great Events Expected at Keil.

130,000 Troops for the Defence of Paris.

600 GUNS MOUNTED.

French Victory near Metz after Four Hours' Fighting.

PARIS, August 15.—The City of Mulhouse is still in the hands of the French.

LONDON, August 15.—Great events are expected at Kiel immediately.

PARIS, August 15.—The *Opinione Nationale* computes the forces for the defence of Paris at 130,000 men.

Six hundred guns are mounted.

BERLIN, August 15.—The Queen of Prussia to-day received the following despatches, dated in the vicinity of Metz, Sunday evening:—

"A victorious combat occurred near Metz to-day, the first and second corps participating.

I hasten to the scene of the conflict."

NEW YORK, 15th.—There was a battle yesterday near Metz. Both side claim a victory.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—The following important despatch to the Empress Eugenie has just now been received and made public:

LONGEVILLE, Aug. 14, 10 p.m.—The army commenced to cross the left bank of the Moselle this morning; our advance guard had no knowledge of the presence of any force of the enemy.

When half our army had crossed over the Prussians suddenly attacked it in great force, after a fight of four hours they were repulsed with great loss to them.

PARIS, August 14.—In the Corps Legislatif yesterday, Jules Simon presented a petition praying that the members of religious committees be required to do military service like other citizens. The petition has 8,000 signatures, and other members introduced similar petitions. Argence demanded the war loan to be raised to 2,500,000,000 francs. The Minister of Finance stated, that having consulted with the officers of the Bank of Finance, he would support the proposition of Argence. M. Chagot moved, that the delay in the payment of commercial bills be increased from 30 to 45 days. Minister Interior answered, government was prepared to accept the decision of Chambers, and only asked for prompt action—motion carried. Palikao was asked why the name of Leboeuf appeared signed to a decree in "Journal Officiel."

Palikao replied that the decree was drawn up prior to Leboeuf's resignation. He stated that Bazaine was now absolute commander-in-chief of the army.

Gambetta demanded immediate action on the proposal of Jules Favre, resolving that the Corps Legislatif appoint a committee of defence.

Picard thought that the discussion should be conducted with closed doors.

The President decided that the debate should be open to the public.

Gambetta declared that there must be trickery. The Chamber must pronounce between safety of state and safety of dynasty. (Great agitation, and noisy interruption.)

Palikao said that the government was not opposed to the debate.

Matthien referred to the manifestation of applause on the part of the spectators, with which Gambetta's attacks on the Government had been received, and moved that the galleries be cleared and that the Chamber go into secret session.

Spectators were then ordered out by the President, and the doors were closed.

After a stormy session the sitting was dissolved.

The Senate and Corps Legislatif were in session again to-day.

The members were requested by the Government to remain in Paris.

Tthe test of law voted yesterday by the by the Corps Legislatif has been officially promulgated. It is as follows:

"Time is allowed to make protests, and all Acts with regard to appeals concerning all commercial papers negotiated before promulgation of this law, is extended from one month to forty-five days, and the payment shall not be required of endorsers or other parties interested during the said time. Interest thereon will be due after maturity, up to the time of payment. 2nd—No law suit shall be carried on against citizens called upon to render military service during the war, in virtue of article second of laws, of August 11, 1870, or against the Garde Mobile at present serving under the flag.

BERLIN, 14th.—King William has his headquarters at Falquemont, half way between Metz and Saarbruck, on the railroad between those cities. General orders have been issued from the royal headquarters that two francs a day be paid to each man daily as commutation of rations.

NEW YORK, 14th.—*Tribune* special, London, 14th.—Our correspondent, at Luxemburg writes on August 13, Intelligence just been received here that three Prussian armies are concentrating rapidly near the neighborhood of Nancy.

The King's army is said to be at Point Monson, and Steinmetz at Fronard, which is only a few miles from Nancy, while the Crown Prince's is advancing from Strasburg and Metz.

Our correspondent telegraphs from Luxemburg, Sunday, news arrived that the Crown Prince had entered Lumeville which place was evacuated by the French.

The Emperor has left Metz for Chalons.

A great battle is expected to-morrow between Nancy and Chalons.

Our correspondent telegraphs from Dublin, Sunday: A mob 600 strong, headed by a band playing French airs, attacked a Prussian vessel lying at Kingstown, on Friday evening, and threw stones at her. They failed in trying to board the vessel, and left, threatening to return next night and cut the throats of the bloody Prussians.

Police now guard the vessel.

Bands of people were parading the streets this evening with French flags, and were stopped by the police.

A riot is threatened.

PARIS, Aug. 14, Midnight.—The Parisians are much calmer since the change of Ministry. The patriotic feeling is deeper and more energetic.

Count Palikao says: We have 375,000 men, from 20 to 30 years of age. This force must be put in a condition to repel invasion. I will see to it.

Late advices from Lyons, Marseilles, and Toulouse show that there was nothing serious in the late popular disturbances in those cities.

The *Journal Officiel* contains the following, authorized by the Government to be given to the public: At the beginning of the war with Prussia, the Emperor received an address from the principal chieftains of the three Provinces of Algeria, who asked to be permitted to march and fight by the side of our troops, and to open subscriptions for sufferers by the war.

The Empress Regent, on the report of the Keeper of the Seals, has commuted and reduced the sentence of 1,641 convicts now confined in all kinds of penitentiarie in France and beyond the sea.

One of the public journals of this city still doubts real work going on for armament and defence of Paris.

Although it may be an act of treason to speak thus in the face of the enemy, such insinuation imposes a necessity of a reply notwitstanding the danger of doing so.

All the materials for the armaments of Paris are in Paris itself. More than 600 cannons are already mounted on the walls of those forts which are likely to be first attacked, and the work of placing other pieces in position continues without interruption day and night.

Yesterday 7500 workmen were engaged cutting off streets leading to Paris. This work has been completed, and nothing remains but to close up opening in walls and place draw bridges in position.

Thousands of laborers are occupied outside the earthworks, mines and ditches, and will complete the network of fortifications around the capital.

These facts we give in order to reply to the perfidious and erroneous insinuations, and to restore confidence to our citizens. If such questions are renewed, their authors will have to answer for their conduct before a council of war. "Public opinion of Europe does justice to the heroic conduct of our soldiers, and the energy with which the whole country rises as one mass prepared to repair unexpected reverses. Our enemies counted on party divisions which would have been treason to national causes. Patriotism of chambers and country has disappointed their calculation. In the Corps Legislatif, right and left rival each other in eagerness to push to the last limit of vigor the spirit of devotion to France. The new ministry itself, supported by the active co-operation of the country's representatives. The session of the 10th August will distinguish that day as among the most noble in our parliamentary annals. Never has a nation acted under inspiration of sentiment more elevated. The soldiers feel the whole nation is behind them, and that the hour approaches when the enemy will be chased from our land.

A review of the diplomatic situation shows how effacacious have been the efforts made to place on a good footing our relations with foreign powers on points which touch the present crisis. At the beginning of the contest Bismarck sought to accomplish the following objects: First, to awaken against us susceptabilities of England on the Belgian question. Second, to cement an offensive alliance between Prussia and Russia. Third, to embroil us with Spain through the Hohenzollern affair. Fourth, to alienate us from Italy on Roman questions. The entire combination has failed. England, fully reassured by our declarations of sincerity, has just signed with us a treaty which is as valuable to us as to Belgium, and renders secure our nothern frontier. Russia has not signed the treaty as Bismarck expected, and public opinion throughout the Empire of the Czar is more and more unfavorable to the exaggerated extension of Prussian monarchy, and is far from being hostile to us.

Spain has shown nothing but cordiliaty, and the same is true of Italy. By an agreement with the Cabinet of Florence we have taken up our position again on the basis of the Convention of the 15th of September to our common satisfaction, and without raising any difficulty. Thus nether at London, St. Petersburg, Madrid or Florence has Bismark succeeded. Denmark with us continues to be as warm as they were before before the war. Our fleet is before Kiel, and great events will take place on the coast.

Austria and Italy are filling up their armies. Unquestionably negotiations for peace cannot for an instant be entertained at a moment when war has just commenced and when national feeling declares itself with admirable energy. An evidence of weakness cannot visit the heart of a single Frenchman so long as our relations with foreign powers are what they should be. The Minister of Foreign Affairs will find the ground well prepared for him, and will pursue the work commenced by his predecessor.

NEW YORK, 15th.—A correspondent writes from Saarbruck that it is reported that Napoleon asked for an armistice, but was refused.

LUXEMBURG, 13th.—The French are fortifying in the direction of Nancy.

The army of the King of Prussia has advanced to St. Avold, near Metz, which place the French have evacuated.

The French are not likely to make a stand at Metz.

QUEBEC.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

Bissett's Foundry and Dwelling Burnt—Loss $38,000—100 Hands thrown out of Employment—Boswell's Brewery Injured—The L'Etoile Disaster.

QUEBEC, August 15.

The adjourned inquest on the recovered body of Madame Guiment, drowned in the recent river accident to the *L'Etoile* market boat, goes on this morning at the morgue. The body was identified, an witnesses are being examined now.

The foundry of Mr. James Bissett, 14, Valier street, burnt yesterday, was insured in the Quebec Office for $9,500, about one fourth of the total loss.

Mr. Bisett's house, adjoining the foundry, was also burnt, and the furniture much damaged. The fire originated in the machine shop, where material for the Gosford Railway was being constructed. The foundry employed nearly 100 hands.

Mr. Boswell's brewery was also injured to the extent of $2,000, covered by insurance in the Phoenix.

A verdict of found drowned was returned by the Coroner's Jury in the inquest on another recovered body from the L'Etoile accident. It was that of a person named Phillaland Saumageau, aged 27.

MONTREAL.

Enlargement of the Grenville Canal—Harbour Commissioners and Pilots—The Recent Orange Demonstration in Ottawa—Customs Revenue.

MONTREAL, Aug. 15.

The Dominion Government are advertising in this city for tenders for the enlargement of about five miles of the Grenville Canal and the construction of three locks.

A correspondent of the *Herald* this morning complains that whilst Harbour Commissioners and their officers declare that there is twenty-three feet of water in the new channel with fourteen feet of the flats, Montreal pilots have refused to take down a vessel drawing only twenty feet five inches unless two steamers were employed to tow her.

Customs revenue for week ending Aug. 13, $16,775,725.

Letters from two gentlemen connected with the recent Orange demonstration in Ottawa impugning the account of the demonstration are inserted in the *Witness* this morning.

The Honorable Thurlow Weed is in the city.

The next meeting of American Association, for advancement of science, will be held at Troy, N. Y., on the 1st inst. The opening address will be delivered by Dr. Sterry Hunt.

Orders have been issued for the sale of Government stores at Toronto, on the 25th inst., and not on the 22nd, as previously advertised.

The weather to-day is fine and clear, but chilly in the shade.

Flour—A heavy decline being reported, both in the West and in England, it was impossible to effect sales to-day. Prices purely nominal. All the warehouse, on the canal are full of flour and wheat.

A new town in Iowa is to be called Pickwick.

Moonlight croquet parties are fashionable this year.

The rank and file of the United States army numbers now 34,593 men.

San Francisco now gets ice from the Sierra Nevada at two cents a pound.

Every Saturday, by agreement with the *Graphic*, promises sketches of the war.

The "coughing hoss" is the Indian name for locomotive.

Business is suspended in Madrid after nine o'clock, owing to the intense heat.

The census returns indicate that Maine has a population of about 8,000 less than in 1860.

Churches at Madison, Wis., are advertising special inducements to obtain congregations.

The Scotch pronunciation of summer is not far out of the way this season—simmer.

Frank Thorne is recovering from the injuries received in practising for his suicidal leap at Niagara, but will not be able to make his intended jump on the 13th.

DIED.

In this city on the 15th inst., at No. 85 Rideau Street, Mr. Wm. McCormick, Bookbinder, aged 36 years, foreman to the late Henry Horne, of this city, and also late of the firm of Campbell, Bryson & McCormick, of Montreal.

The funeral will take place from his late residence on Wednesday, 17th inst., at three o'clock p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Tuesday Evening August 16th

The performance will commence with the favorite Serio-Comic Drama of

THE DISCONTED BROTHERS.

To conclude with

JENNY LIND.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

MAZEPPA.

With new Scenery, Dress, &c.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870. 1436tf

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred VALUABLE TOWN LOTS Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, ion, James, New, D'Arcy and Gee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent ... being adjacent to, and having a ... tion over the magnificent ... The land is dry, level, free from ... stumps. Pure spring water can be obtained within 10 feet of the surface. PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most ... point to furnish the extensive Lumber ... of the Ottawa and its tributaries ... sion of railway communication ... pated, Factories are now about to ... and Pembroke promises to be ... great importance on the Upper ... Mechanics of all kinds are ... demand for labour is almost ... now is the golden opportunity ... to be purchased at reasonable ... moderate terms, which will ... One fourth of the purchase money require to be paid at the ... the balance in three annual ... ing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock and SEVEN o'clock p.m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S. Will also be sold a ... MACHINE and utensils ... making brick for a term of ... above property.

1436td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1866.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN ... WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton,
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Shop Furniture, Fixtures ... Horse, Waggon, Sleigh and Harness.

The subscriber will sell by Auction, at ... Store recently occupied by Messrs. ... BROWNE & CO, Sparks Street, on WEDNESDAY the 17th AUGUST INST. All the Shop Furniture, Fixtures, in the above named Store, and a quantity of Groceries.

ALSO

A Van Waggon, a Van Sleigh, a Chestnut Mare and a Sett of Harness.

The sale will open at ... o'clock a.m. The Mare, Waggon, Sleigh and Harness will be sold at 12 o'clock, noon.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL ... GATHERING.

The Eleventh Annual Gathering of ... and their descendants, will take place on Thursday, August 18, 1870, at the ... Gardens, Hull.

This Pic-Nic will be under the auspices of St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa, ... the proceeds will be in aid of its ... Funds.

The celebrated Caledonian Games, ... ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in PRIZES, will ... on this occasion. Some of the best ... Canada, together with the renowned ... Champion, DONALD DINNIE, are ... present. Sutherland's Excellent ... Quadrille Bands will be in attendance. Refreshments can be had on the ... reasonable rates.

Tickets, 25 cents. Can be had from ... Gillivray and J Dalglish Upper Town; ... Son and G M. Holbrook, Centre Town; ... Peacock and J. Currie, Lower Town, ... members of the Committee.

By order
W. R. ...

Ottawa, August 13, 1870

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION ...

FACULTY OF ARTS ... open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT...

FACULTY OF MEDICINE ... will re-open on TUESDAY, ...

FACULTY OF LAW.—The ... open on TUE DAY, OCTOBER ...

The Calendar of the University ... all necessary information ... application, post paid, to the ...

W. C. BAYNES, B. A., Secretary McGill College.

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL.

The FOURTEENTH SESSION of ... SCHOOL will commence on ... 1870.

Candidates for admission ... age, of good moral character, and ... under obligation to teach for three years ... public school in the Province of Quebec ... must pass an entrance examination ... Writing, and the elements of Arithmetic, ... mar and Geography.

On complying with the above conditions ... will be recognized as teachers in training ... such will be entitled to free tuition ... of text books, and to bursaries in ... board in the case of those not residing ... treal.

At the close of the first year of study ... apply for examination for diplomas ... right to teach in Elementary Schools ... two years' study, or if found ... close of the first year, they will ... be entitled to diplomas ... Schools. Students having passed ... tion in the Model School ... advanced to the requisite knowledge ... Academy Class and, on examination ... the Academy Diploma.

The announcement of the Normal School ... necessary information and forms ... may be obtained of the undersigned.

W. C. ...

1433 lawk1m

FARM FOR SALE.

J. B. TACKABERRY, having ... structions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON ... South East part of Lot No. ... cession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, ... acres more or less, (said lot is well watered) with 6 acres of clearance ... within 10 miles of the city, and ... Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence ... way.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at UNION HOUSE Ottawa, ... FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, ... private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known at the sale. For particulars apply to J. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, ... Real Estate Agent.

ENTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUING. EXAMINE OUR PRICES ... sent free on application.

... is coming.

... railway is now laid across ...

... stone of the new Court ... be laid next month.

... of the 60th Rifles will ... to Montreal.

... of the late Dr. O'Brien will ... evening at five o'clock.

...—From the commencement ... up to the present 1391 ... have arrived in Ottawa.

...—The Young Men's Christian ... meets to-night for the election ... Every member should make ... to be there.

...—The Honorable James ... steam saw mill at the little ... is about completed.

... Dunlop and Heney (not our ...) preached to an extensive audience ... Sunday, among the maples on ...

...—Yesterday a young man lost ... fingers, by having his hand ... between the hawser of the Queen ... and the snubbing post. The accident ... at L'Original.

... Town is experiencing ... of autumnal population, ... returning from Quebec after ... labor in the shanties and on ...

...—The season for duck ... opened yesterday. We believe ... very plentiful this year on the ... streams in the vicinity, and ... apparently know it and are on ...

...—Monday.—There was a ... on the square this morning ... show of produce consisted ... melons, and the like, with ... prices which sold for 80c ...

...—A number of young ... gentlemen enjoyed themselves ... the Bellevue Gardens, where ... private picnic. Music was ... and dancing indulged in without ...

... where are you? Listen to impartial ... No matter what your ailment ... your quacks and medicines ... on J. P. McPherson's wine ... Then you can procure wines of ... which will stir up your heart's ... dispel disease.

... BATTERY.—The men of the ... Battery are to receive their ... to-morrow evening, after drill, ... It is expected that a ... will be on the tapis on this ... are to appear in uniform.

... attracts many visitors at ... The water is very low and the ... the big kettle presents a fine ... Ladies and gentlemen may ... on the dry stones to the ... above the forming water of the ...

...—We are requested to ... the funeral of the late Dr. ... will take place this Tuesday afternoon ... his former residence, O'Connor ... the place of interment Sandy ... o'clock, instead of at four ... previously announced.

... THEATRE.—"The Toodles" ... Female Wormwood" were well ... at the Theatre last evening, ... in the latter their several parts ... acted by Johnnie Ward, Miss ... Nelson and Miss Louise Peterson. ... by Messrs. Clinton and Ward ... Nelson were as usual very good ... encored. A fresh programme ... evening.

... Moral de Ladurantaye, from ... who has been collecting ... clothing, &c., for the sufferers ... Saguenay fire, desires to ... for their contributions. ... with clothing and money ... in all, and particularly ... thanks to the proprietor ... House and the Sisters of the ... for their kindness in not ... for her expenses.

... RAILWAY.—Only two cars are running ... street railway during the day, ... the business is so much ... to necessitate the employing of ... In the course of a few days, ... track is completed to the Suspension ... the four cars will run through ... as well as at night. The track is ... Pooley's to Suspension bridge, ... short connecting piece at the east ... former bridge is in course of ...

... RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—The ... match of this Association ... day, at 12 o'clock noon. ... has been changed from 9 a.m., to ... competitors arriving by the early ... part in the first match. The ... will be opened by the President, ... Gilmour, Esq., firing the first ... arrangements are being made to ... band of music in attendance during ... due notice of which will be given.

...—A nuisance cannot be ... During the whole length ... summer up to the present, our ... thoroughfares have been blocked ... with stone, lumber or some other ... thrown down in the streets by ... building. While it was necessary ... materials should be left in the ... though a source of great inconvenience ... to pedestrians, &c., we refrained ... making any complaint, but we are ... that in many places where this ... now exists the articles could be ... without causing much inconvenience ... to the owners, and we hope it will be ... without delay.

... STATION.—The property of the ... & Ottawa Railway Company ... considerably improved within the ... of months and very important improvements are still being made. A handsome substantial fence has been constructed on the ... of the property, and yesterday ... loads of material to finish fencing all around were brought in from Kemptville. A short track has been made from the main road through the frog pond, for the purpose of expediting the filling up of the latter. A number of cars are employed drawing sand for the purpose from a place on the railroad, eight or ten miles out, and already about a quarter of the pond has been filled. This is undoubtedly the most important feature in the improvements, on account of the unwholesome smell which the stagnant water emitted, and the inconvenience it caused to carters and others, who were obliged to turn their vehicles in a very straitened space. Every person who has business, and all who reside on or own property in that vicinity, are thankful for the disappearance of the pond, and the Company deserve credit for having done the work.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOUVINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) GLOVES FOR 75CTS. IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

City Council.

A few members of the Council made their appearance at the City Hall last evening, but there not being a sufficient number to form a quorum there was, as a matter of course, no meeting held.

Meeting at the Canadian Institute

At a very numerous meeting of the French Canadians last evening, the following resolutions were adopted:

Moved by P. Dufour, seconded by Dr. Dorion, and resolved, that the French Canadians of this city sympathize with France in the present war with Prussia, and that they sincerely hope for the success of the French arms.

Moved by C. Leduc, seconded by M. Truisdelle, and resolved, that it is the duty of the French Canadians of this city to assist according to their means the wounded soldiers of the French army and the families that the war reduced to want.

Moved by M. Blain de St. Aubin, seconded by Gustave Smith, and resolved that a committee be elected, to consist of M.M. N. Germain, A. Champagne, E. Martineau, T. B. Turgeon, Blain de St. Aubin, Dr. Dorion, Gustave Smith, C. Leduc, C. Lepage, C. Laframboise and L. A. Grison, and all other persons who should desire to lend their services towards raising a subscription in this city.

Of course the opening formula of such an occasion was observed, J. B. Turgeon being elected chairman, and H. Lapierre secretary. In the course of the evening the following gentlemen addressed the meeting: J. B. Turgeon, Dr. Dorion, Blain de St. Aubin, C. Leduc, Chevalier G. Smith. Mr. Turgeon also spoke in English.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada.
Toronto—43 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—115 St. Paul Street.

1397 3eod

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET,
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL.

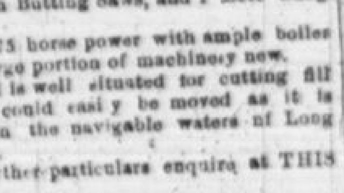
Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 2 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870. 1333 1m



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ... ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433 10

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE
—BETWEEN—
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,
JOS. GAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1437 2m

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere.

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or ...

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest ... and direct from the importing ... enables us to sell in future as we have ... heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. ... proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ... remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-ly

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA $350,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of "THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY":—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1851, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2 ..., the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4235. Bonus Additions, £31 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £41 1s. ... the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46, will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.,
Agent.
1407 3m

MR. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from that of the Union Forwarding and Railway Co., to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY communications will be received there.

Ottawa, August 8 1870. 1430 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1, 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Miss Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calesthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa:

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms. Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer. Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding school a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.60 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.60 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.35 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1314 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Fine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale, a Pair of Matched Ponies, Harness and Carriage. The property of an Officer. Can be seen at Coleman's Livery Stable. For price, &c.

Apply to
A ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, August 8, 1870

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 14..tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST.

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1433 4

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ... rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq. and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m. the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 99, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97,
" " 100,

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN
LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand or customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds Baths!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also

Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-W

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

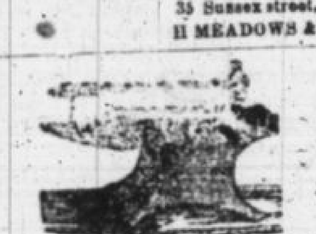
ICE CREAM FREEZERS;
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and ... Scythes.
Blood silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Prize of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell,
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whiting's Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent
Hay Forks two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No 24, Rideau street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from ... to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to
JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,
AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANT
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacé and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES!
COOK STOVES

ESMONDE BROS. have now on hand the best variety of COOK STOVES in Ottawa, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

House-keepers would do well to price their house furnishing ware, before purchasing elsewhere, prices GUARANTEED lower than at any other house in the city.

Roofing, Eve Troughs, &c., attended to at moderate prices.

Coal Oil of the best quality.

Polar Refrigerator, and Kedzie Filter. Sole Agents.

ESMONDE BRO

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MRS. ... WELLS,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400..1

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London,

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the best kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... a few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
4th June, 1870.

ROUSILLON PORT.

Just received, from Quetton, St. George & a consignment of old

ROUSILLON PORT

$2.00 per gallon; $5.00 per dozen

ALSO,

Another consignment of

VIN D'ORDINAIRE DU MID

$3.00 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street

July 8, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.
July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 16, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@ 7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2	6 00	@ 6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@ 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 20
Spring "	1 10	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@ 0 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@ 0 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Veal	0 05	@ 0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@ 1 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@ 0 18
No 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@ 0 00

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

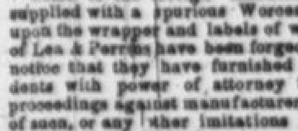
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE



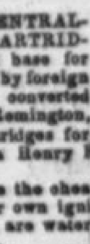
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1336 law

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,
Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 30th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River, Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 3aw6m lawk6m

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution; and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS!

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.
Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1331tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER
☞ FAIRY ☜
CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 22nd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, "General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 164.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 994tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label, round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
A. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P,
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa,
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.
Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street.

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible]

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [illegible]

TRADE—MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

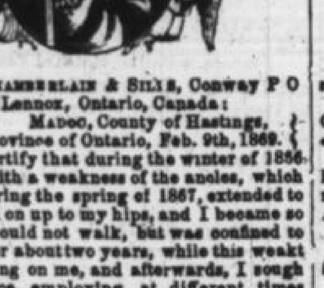
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant a the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understan was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

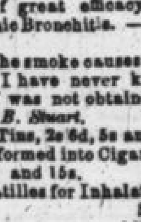
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] ll

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

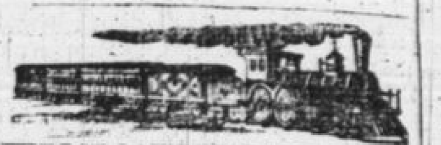
H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA

CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870. 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

Sarsaparilla

FOR THE BLOOD. [illegible]

they were painfully afflicted [illegible] cured in such great numbers [illegible] tion of the country, that the public [illegible] be informed of its virtues [illegible]

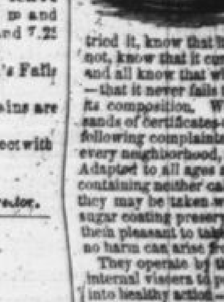
Scrofulous poison is one of the [illegible] enemies of our race. [illegible] tenant of the organism [illegible] and invites the attack of [illegible] without exciting a suspicion [illegible] It seems to breed infection [illegible] then, on some favorable [illegible] into one or other of its hideous [illegible] surface or among the vitals [illegible] cles may be suddenly deposited [illegible] heart, or tumers formed in [illegible] its presence by eruptions on [illegible] ations on some part of the body [illegible] sional use of a bottle of this [illegible] visable, even when no active [illegible] appear. Persons afflicted with [illegible] plaints generally find [illegible] length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other [illegible] visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease [illegible] more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia,* [illegible] *Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy,* [illegible] and the various *Ulcerous* affections [illegible] lar and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial* [illegible] are cured by it, though a long time [illegible] subduing these obstinate maladies [illegible] But long continued use of this medicine [illegible] the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* [illegible] monly soon relieved and ultimately [illegible] purifying and invigorating effect. [illegible] tions for each case are found in [illegible] plied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* [illegible] caused by accumulations of [illegible] in the blood, yield quickly to [illegible] *Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* [illegible] *mation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* [illegible] as they often do, from the rankling [illegible] blood. This SARSAPARILLA [illegible] storer for the strength and vigor of [illegible] Those who are *Languid* and [illegible] *dent, Sleepless,* and troubled with [illegible] *prehensions* or *Fears,* or any [illegible] symptomatic of *Weakness,* will [illegible] relief and convincing evidence [illegible] power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a [illegible] Medicine.



[illegible] tried it, know that it cured them; [illegible] not, know that it cures their neighbors [illegible] and all know that what it does once [illegible] —that it never fails through any fault [illegible] its composition. We have thousands [illegible] sands of certificates of their remarkable [illegible] following complaints, but such cures are [illegible] every neighborhood, and we need not [illegible] Adapted to all ages and conditions in [illegible] containing neither calomel or any deleterious [illegible] they may be taken with safety by anybody [illegible] sugar coating preserves them ever fresh [illegible] them pleasant to take, while being purely [illegible] no harm can arise from their use in any [illegible]

They operate by their powerful influence [illegible] internal viscera to purify the blood and [illegible] into healthy action—remove the obstructions [illegible] stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs [illegible] body, restoring their irregular action to health [illegible] by correcting, wherever they exist, such [illegible] ments as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper [illegible] the [illegible] for the following complaints, which [illegible] Pills rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,* [illegible] should be taken moderately to stimulate [illegible] ach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various [illegible] toms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be [illegible] diciously taken for each case, to correct [illegible] action or remove the obstructions which [illegible]

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but [illegible] dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased [illegible] the system. With such change those [illegible] disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* [illegible] should be taken in large and frequent doses [illegible] duce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should [illegible] as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* [illegible] mote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach [illegible] bowels into healthy action, restores the [illegible] and invigorates the system. Hence it is [illegible] vantageous where no serious derangement [illegible] One who feels tolerably well, often finds [illegible] of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better [illegible] their cleansing and renovating effect on the [illegible] tive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical [illegible]
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, [illegible]

Other Directors—C J Campbell, [illegible] Malcolm Cameron, W T [illegible] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, [illegible] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of [illegible]

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs. [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL [illegible] COMPANY are as low as its [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of [illegible] not when the premiums are being [illegible] losses are being settled, and [illegible] promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of [illegible] of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]
1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, [illegible] Tuner, and Repairer, [illegible] between Dalhousie street and [illegible] treet, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, [illegible] ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

The Session will be opened on [illegible] October

FACULTY OF ARTS.

The Session of this Faculty will [illegible] WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at [illegible] here will be offered for competition the [illegible] SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships [illegible] tions, of the annual value of [illegible] THOMSON Exhibitions, value [illegible] ALEXANDER Scholarship, value [illegible] RENORE' Scholarship, value [illegible] JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value [illegible] Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of [illegible] College years in Arts to students [illegible] entering. A Scholarship is tenable for [illegible]

Copies of the Calendar containing [illegible] information as to the examination, [illegible] competition, courses of study, &c., may [illegible] on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A.
1342 law6d Secretary McGill University

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, [illegible] six rooms and kitchen, [illegible] burnham Hill. There is [illegible] vegetable garden; good [illegible] tached. Apply to W. H. BULLER, [illegible]

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The [illegible] No. 27, in First Concession, [illegible] pean, and Lots Nos. [illegible] cession, at present in the occupation [illegible] Aylen, Esq. For further particulars [illegible] JOHN and WM. THOMSON, [illegible] PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published [illegible] THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1437. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

...E WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...selected stock, comprising Groceries, ...Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. Bordeaux and other Vinegars

...PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...fresh and cheap.

...Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

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...GIN— De Kuyper's and Hostman's, in wood ...

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...OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

..., at extremely low prices.

...Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ... Whiskey. ...Irish Potteen. ...London Porter, pts and qts. ...other Ales. ...all grades. ...prices.

...STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ...CENT BELOW COST. ...or our sins. 1105

...INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

...Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND—

...ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

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...and ugliest horse can be made ...order, and ... walk after him in ... fields, without the slightest ... All accomplished in one day. ...CORNS at a cheap rate, without ...WARTS on your hands or face. They ... time without injury to the ... slightest. ... diseases. Rheumatism of ... cured in less than a week ... any kind of medicine in the inside. ... troubled with the Gravel. ... Heart Disease, ... Consumption. ... Bowel Complaints can be cured ... twenty hours. Also, by a ... with any such dis... application to F. MARTIN, ... commission, at the best time to ... agents can make applica... other valuable articles to ...

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—OF—

...STREET WARE

...BOOT & SHOE STORE.

YORK STREET.

...receiving my SPRING and SUMMER ... which will be found complete in all ... ladies, Misses, and Childrens ... Prunella in Buttoned Balmorals ... English and French imported ... Congress Gaiter Uppers, ... comfortable fitting Boot will ... their orders, which will be ... shortest notice. All work done ... in my establishment. I ... in choosing and manufac... ware for the Farming and ... by whom I am so largely ... as usual, defying com... [illegible]

...OFFICE.

...OF THE LISTS

...the Division of Profits of the past five ..., to 30th April last.

CANADA

ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

... a distance to complete the ... APPLICATIONS ... the Profits above referred to, all ... PERFECTED on or ...DAY, THE 17TH MAY, ... the Lists of the closing year.

A G RAMSAY, Manager

...GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

...the above school will be resumed ...DAY NEXT, THE 10TH INST.

FACULTY.

..., M. A. Head Master. ..., B. A. 1st Assist. Master. ...PHILLIPS, 2nd " ... 3rd " ..., French Master.

W H WALKER, Secretary, Trustee Board. ...August, 1870. 1426-3

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa. W McKay Wright. d&w F C Clemow.

J. W. W. WARD, at the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

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EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

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F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

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DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

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BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

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The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

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EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. References.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 74tf

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey, also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 71tf Wellington-st

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

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HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT.—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG'S

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

MITCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, June 11, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell. Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin. Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	4.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00				11.00	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	5.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00				11.00	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	4.00	11.30			11.00	5.00
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive........ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING,

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8:30 a. m.

On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S

20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connection with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT.

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J. P. CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st. two doors from Rideau st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1322tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes,	12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted

30 DOZ. Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine.

JAPANESE SILKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

G[illegible] —Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.,&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,

14, Sparks Street, 14,

Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

LINDSAY

CUNNINGHAM

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

Rideau street.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS.

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.

All goods marked in plain figures.

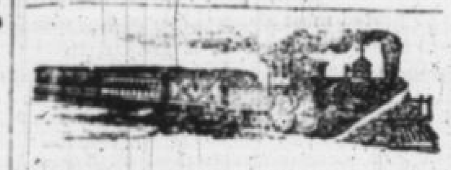
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street;

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For farther information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

An English Baby Show.

From the Saturday Review.

It surely is a wonderful if not a pleasant sight to see some four score women seated in a public room, where for hours they exhibit themselves and their babies just as a sow and her litter of pigs would be exhibited at a cattle show. Let us not be supposed to mean anything disrespectful to the matrons who were seen at Highbury if we say that the sight of them recalls to memory that passage of Mr. Carlyle's History where he describes the ladies of the Russian Court holding their babies in their arms, and saying: "His Majesty the Czar did me the honor of this." The babies that were shown at Highbury were of course born in lawful wedlock, and it seems strange that there should be wives, and also husbands, willing to exhibit them. However, if these exhibitions are found attractive they will be repeated, and in course of time the rules for adjudging prizes will become settled and generally understood. As the mothers who appeared with their children are not likely to be among our readers, we may venture to remark that if a prize for female ugliness had been offered there would have been great difficulty in awarding it. Surely a more unpleasing lot of women was never brought together, and nobody could look at them without being convinced that beauty has little to do with marriage. The prizes offered for competition were so numerous that nearly one half of the exhibitors must have received some token of approval. There were some dozen or sixteen cups which either were or looked like silver, and caps and dresses more than could be counted. As each mother was doubtless fully convinced that her baby was the finest in the world, nothing short of giving a first prize to every exhibitor could produce satisfaction, and perhaps even that could not. We should certainly have advised the judges and the proprietor to put themselves in some safe place before delivering the award. The more prizes they gave, the greater of course would be the indignation of the disappointed mothers; and if they had proceeded to the use of personal violence to the prize winners, we should have been decidedly of opinion that it was worth while to go and see a baby show. The proprietor ought to be able to announce next year, "Grand Baby Show. Prizes to the value of £300. Free fight of Mothers at the conclusion. Husbands strictly forbidden to interfere." We do not of course question the fact that the prizes on this occasion were of the value of £300, as is stated; but after making full allowance for the cups, we should think that the necessary balance would go a very long way in baby clothes and toys. Perhaps, however, every exhibitor had a prize, and certainly they deserved encouragement for sitting four or five hours daily for four days in the atmosphere which surrounded them. The atmosphere was indeed distressing, and having in the course of a long experience of exhibition tried horses, cattle, dogs, and babies, we have to express the deliberate conclusion that horses, cows and sheep are pleasant, dogs are tolerable, and babies and pigs are intolerable.

Sarnia is still afflicted with the "silver nuisance."

Three men have broken jail at Port Dalhousie.

Mr. Roy, postmaster of Port Elgin, has been drowned in the lake at that place.

The 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade will depart from Quebec on the 27th inst., per troopship *Tamar*.

The 60th Rifles will leave Fort Garry on the 5th September. It is said the Regiment will then be removed to Quebec.

The Royal Engineers now at work on the fortifications at Point Levis will take their departure with the 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade.

Fire has again destroyed the wood at Tyendinaga station. The heat and expansion threw the rails out of guage, and all trains had to be stopped until the track was relaid.

A guest at a hotel in Levenworth, Kansas, ate over a dozen ears of green corn at one meal the day before his funeral.

Two certificates of death in the San Francisco coroner's office read: "Died from rapture of the head," and "Suffocated from eating poison."

Since the breaking out of the revolution of 1863, 981 Poles have been executed and over 1,000 of these transported to Siberia have died from hardship and privation.

The critics who assert that "Lothair," if published anonymously, would have proved a downright failure, find it difficult to get over the fact that 60,000 copies of the work have already been sold in the United States.

Minnesota papers speak of the remarkable atmospheric phenomenon experienced this summer in their State, upon the sudden changing of the winds. They experience the chillness of the extreme north, and in fifteen minutes are broiling under the heat of a torrid clime.

Mr. Charles T. Brown of the Geological Survey of Demerara has found a magnificent fall on the Potaro river, hitherto unknown. The river passes over a table land composed of slightly inclined beds of sandstone and conglomerate, 1,375 feet above the level of the sea, and descends perpendicularly in an unbroken fall of about 900 feet. The river is about 300 feet wide and its greatest depth is from 10 to 15 feet.

Here is an incident of this broiling summer related by a Western paper: "By a singular coincidence a pair of egg merchants at Independence, Iowa, last week, unintentionally became poulterers on a large scale. The porter suddenly heard a noise in the store room, where there were 60,000 dozen of eggs packed away preparatory to being shipped East, and on going to see what was the matter, found 720,000 chickens running about the floor. They had been hatched by the heat."

THE BLOOD IN SUMMER.—The blood deteriorates in hot weather, profuse perspirations deprives it of a portion of its nourishing and reproductive properties, consequently in summer the flesh loses in some degree its firmness, the muscles lack their usual elasticity and vigor, and the weight of the body diminishes. These are clear indications that the ordinary supply of the life-sustaining principle afforded by the food we eat, is not sufficient to meet the requirement of the system under a high temperature. There is another reason for this, besides the direct influence of the heat, viz: the loss of appetite and the weakening of the digestive powers which it occasions. Under these circumstances a wholesome invigorant is evidently needed, and the best and safest is the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC. This admirable vegetable tonic and alterative acts favorably upon the system in several ways. It increases the appetite and facilitates digestion, thereby inclining the stomach to receive and enabling it to assimilate a due amount of nourishment. It also tones the relaxed secretive organs and the bowels. Under its operation the process of emancipation occasioned by the drain through the pores is arrested, and the whole frame refreshed and invigorated, and the spirits exhilirated. The dyspeptic, the bilious, the nervous, the delicate scarcely need to be told that it is precisely the stimulant and corrective they ought to take this season. Thousands of them know the fact by experience. Nothing in the pharmacopœia (or out of it) will supply its place.

The Cause of the War.

A correspondent writting from Stuttgart tells of the interview between King William and Count Benedetti. He says:—

I was at Ems last week when the final interview of the King of Prussia with Monsieur Benedetti took place. The valley of the Lahn, upon whose banks the bathing place (Ems) is situated, is very narrow. The visitors, who walk here in the morning, from 6 till 8 o'clock, pass and repass very often; acquaintances salute each other but once upon the promenade, and the King only when he gives the initiative. One never accosts him; it is for His Majesty to make all advances—a rule of etiquette which seems very reasonable, otherwise there would be no peace, no freedom for the high personages who frequent the baths. The same etiquette is rigorously observed towards the Emperor of the French during his stay at Vichy or Biarritz. Upon the arrival of the Ambassador, the King, in his character of an invalid, had a perfect right to insist upon his privacy being in no way disturbed. However he received Count Benedetti with great cordiality, conversed with him in that frank manner for which His Majesty is so distinguished; treated him as a visitor, invited him to dinner every day to the great astonishment of those who had read of the *seance* of July 6. The King did not appear at all troubled on account of this *seance*, neither affected by the language of the Duke de Grammont. The withdrawal of Hohenzollern from the candidature having been announced, the King considered the matter settled; what was his astonishment when, upon the promenade, contrary to an indispensable etiquette, the ambassador accosted him, and began to speak of the affair, saying that he had a new demand to make. The King, without the least rudeness, declined to accord him the desired interview, and continued his way, which was, moreover, his usual custom, he never liking to stop to attract a crowd around him. The Count persisted in demanding an audience, which the King told him was useless. Is that a dismissal, an affront to France?

The Position in Belgium.

A correspondent, writing from Belgium, says:—

"For the last few weeks military preparations have been going on very actively in this kingdom. Ostend, which is generally at this time of the year over-crowded, is deserted by all except the ladies. Nearly every window contains an announcement of "apartments to let," and on the Digne one sees scores of ladies promenading without gentlemen. Yesterday morning not more than half of the bathing machines were in use, and the dames were compelled to conduct their aquatic sports without that lively attention from the other sex for which Ostend is famous. The greatest sensation was produced by the passage of the American fleet near Ostend, it being supposed French. In nearly all the beautiful towns and cities through which we passed in coming here, soldiers were drilling; even Bruges generally the quiet cemetery among cities—was for once lively. There is no doubt that if Belgium is called upon to fight she will fight vigorously. The Flemish are dull, good-humored farming folk, very much like Dutchmen; but they are very fearless and obstinate, and they love their country dearly. My belief is that this kingdom, which M. Thiers once said "ought to be invented if it did not exist," will last a long time, and that not only because it is the general pet of surrounding nations, but because of the unquestionable principle affirmed by Napoleon the First: "No people attached heartily to their institutions can ever be permanently subjugated." Nevertheless, the main reliance of Belgium is upon England, for the one element in the European balance of power is the independence of Belgium; and it is absolutely certain that England would rush to its defence in case of need."

The editor of a Tennessee paper announces himself "personally, morally, pecuniarly and physically responsible" for its contents.

Mr. Huser, a Cincinnati lawyer escaped from a United States Marshal the other day by being placed in a coffin. The officers were after him for failing to take out a license to practice law.

In Arizona the thermometer has ranged from 112 to 116 degress in the shade for a long time; yet the health of the country does not seem to be injuriously affected by the great and continued heat.

The negro in Tennessee is fast becoming proprietor of the soil he formerly tilled for his master. About 500 negroes own farms in the vicinity of Memphis, and all their farms are well cultivated, while the farms of a great many white men are covered with weeds.

Flotow's new opera "L'Ombre" (The Ghost, has been very sucessful at the Paris Opera Comique. It has only four characters, without chorus, and abounds in light and taking melodies, such as secured the popularity of "Martha." The scene is laid in Savoy, in the reign of Louis XIV.

Thirteen years ago a party from Portland, Me., deposited on the summit of Mount Washington a bottle of brandy. On the 31st of July this year the bottle was taken up from the place where it had been deposited, all safe and sound. That bottle of brandy is not to be opened during this generation, if the party are able to control their appetites so long.

Bayard Taylor complains that the finest scenery on the Pacific Railroad is defaced by the advertisements of quacks. "At the Sherman Summit, along Green River, in Echo and Weber canons, in the Humboldt Palisades, wherever there are noble masses of rocks, you find them painted with unclean shibboleth of the quack." Travellers will agree with him that the signs should be obliterated and their renewal prevented.

Gustave Dore has just finished a large drawing, illustrating De Musset's famous poem, and particularly the line:—"Ou le pere a passe, passera bien enfant." The phantoms of the Old Guard salute Young France, rushing by, under the old Rhenish castles, to the fight. This song, by the way, was written by De Musset in the garden of Madame Emile de Girardin's house in Paris, in less than half an hour, the author not having time to finish the cigar which he lighted at the commencement of his task.

Literature, science, and art are already suffering from the disturbed state of Europe. In Paris the demand for art workmanship has almost ceased; and the war threatens the great Lyons Exhibition, the first stone of the building for which was to have been laid, with much pomp, about this time. The German universities are closing, and, as many of the professors will follow the students, the various branches of research will be interrupted. The Dresden Exhibition of Holbein's works is postponed. In Turkey, the reserve having been called out, the stress on the Treasury is so great that much of the proposed expenditure on education must be abandoned.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Patterns post free on application.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Coal Oil, Cook Stoves, &c.—Esmonde Bros.
The Provincial Agricultural Exhibition—George Leclerc.
Sheriff's Sale of Lands—W. F. Powell.
Invaluable for Invalids—J. P. Macpherson.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1870.

Sir G. E. Cartier is expected home today, and probably Sir Francis Hincks.

Hon. Mr. Morris returned to town yesterday.

When the Prussians occupied Nancy on Friday evening the Mayor was ordered to present himself before the commander of the forces, and the town was made to pay 50,000frs. Requisitions were also issued for large quantities of rations and forage. The Prussians tore up the railroads and cut down the telegraph.

The *New Nation* received yesterday contains an account of the steps which have been taken to prepare the road between Fort Garry and the Lake of the Woods, for the passage of the troops. Arrangements were being made to send out cart loads of provisions for the use of Colonel Wolseley's force.

At a meeting of the British and Colonial Emigration Society, held in London on the 3rd inst., a statement was read, from which it appeared that 1,776 emigrants left for Canada in April, 1,017 in May, 1,806 in June, 401 in July, and 19 in August, and that 113 others were assisted to Australia, and different parts of the colonies.

We find that the statement telegraphed by Atlantic cable to the United States to the effect that attempts at recruiting in England had utterly failed, was a falsehood. Recruiting is going on very briskly, and several regiments of Volunteers have offered their services to the Government for foreign service if required. Twenty-five battalions of infantry have already been filled up to their maximum strength of one thousand men each.

The Pembroke *Observer* says: We learn that a man named O'Brien committed suicide by jumping into the river at a wharf near Des Joachim on Sunday last. His friends rescued him from the watery element, but a few minutes previous to his final and fatal plunge, but so determinedly was he bent upon his own destruction, that finding their attention withdrawn from him, he repeated the attempt, and was not missed until the body was discovered floating down the stream. His remains were brought to town and interred in the Catholic cemetery on the following day.

The Trent slides were a few years ago put under the management of trustees who collected the dues and managed and repaired the works. Last spring the freshets damaged these works to a very large extent so as to involve an expenditure of $60,000 to restore them to their former condition. We learn, however, that the Government taking into consideration the diminution of timber fit for being squared, have authorized the trustees to place the works in such a state of repair as to meet the present requirements of the trade, on the same basis, as regards the maintenance of the works as before, the tolls being applied to meet the requisite outlay.

Yesterday we were shown a letter received in this city from a gentleman in France written on the 4th inst., two days before the battle of Weissenberg. The writer says that the French are very enthusiastic, 150,000 volunteers having already offered their services. Men of all ranks in the community belonging to the Garde Mobile were leaving their peaceful avocations and joining their regiments. All young men under 26 years of age are compelled to join the ranks. The drought in France this year has been fearful. Even in the most fruitful and best cultivated part of Normandy, the wheat is only half a crop, while the hay and root crops are still worse.

Referring to the story lately published relative to a reported *tete a tete* between Sir George E. Cartier and Mr. George Brown, the Toronto *Globe* says:

"Mr. Brown does not permit political differences to interfere with personal relations towards opponents—and had he been aware that Sir George E. Cartier was in town, he would have been delighted to offer him every courtesy and attention in his power. But he was unaware of the fact, until Sir George had gone—and for three years they have not met."

We do not often agree with Mr. Brown on political subjects, but we cannot refrain from expressing our approval of the sentiments contained in the above paragraph. We trust that the day will never come in Canada, when gentlemen who differ politically but respect each other socially, will be unable to meet on friendly terms in private life. Let us follow the example of English statesmen in this respect.

THE CAUGHNAWAGA CANAL.

We have on one or two occasions within the last few days alluded to the projected Caughnawaga Canal, and have pointed out the benefits likely to be conferred by its construction, on Ottawa in particular, as well as upon the country at large. As all our readers are aware, the object of this canal is to unite the St. Lawrence with the navigable waters of Lake Champlain by a short cut, and thus save the distance between Caughnawaga and Sorel and from thence up the river Richelieu. The saving in time and cost of transportation would be very considerable, and when we consider the immense affluent of lumber from the Ottawa Valley, which goes to Burlington and other American inland ports, it is evident that the people of this district are directly interested in the construction of this Canal. It has been talked of for many years, but as length it appears probable that some action is to be taken in the matter, and the public meeting called for to-day is intended to afford the inhabitants of this city and neighbourhood, an opportunity of expressing their views on the subject. We hope to see the meeting largely attended; it may with truth be said that every one in Ottawa is more or less interested in the subject, because anything which promotes the welfare of the lumber trade, is certain directly or indirectly, to benefit the whole community.

We have shown in previous articles that if the Caughnawaga Canal were constructed, it would be certain to attract a very large share of that Western trade which now goes by way of Buffalo and Oswego, and thus the Canadian Government would raise a considerable amount of revenue from additional canal dues. The cost of transportation to New York by the St. Lawrence and Caughnawaga Canal route would be $1.35 per ton less than by the Buffalo route in steam vessels, and 79 cts less per ton in sailing vessels. So, over the Oswego route it would have an advantage of 76 cts. and 15 cts. It has been objected that the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal would have a tendency to injure Montreal, because a traffic which now passes through that city would be turned aside from it. But of the western trade which the Caughnawaga canal would attract, by far the largest proportion now goes by way of Buffalo and Oswego to New York, while the lumber which passes through Montreal is not a source of much revenue to that city. But even if Montreal sustained some slight injury by the construction of this canal, if it resulted in an additional $1,000,000 or so being collected from our canals above what is now collected, that city in common with every other portion of the Dominion, must be indirectly benefitted thereby. We hope that this important subject will receive the attention it merits, and that the people of Ottawa, recognizing the benefits which they are likely to derive from its construction, will do their utmost to help on the work.

CANADIAN FORTIFICATIONS.

Let us hope that the Canadians will not attempt to replace the troops which England is withdrawing, or maintain the forts along the southern boundary which England is dismantling. In peace they are needless, in war they would be powerless, and the moral effect of their army is absolutely and utterly lost upon us. Let her save the three or four millions a year which she contemplates expending for a standing army, and rest secure in the knowledge that we have no idea of invading her dominions, and would not take it as a gift, or in payment of the *Alabama* claims. Above all, spare us this occasional outpouring of newspaper wrath."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The above is one of poor Horace Greeley's blundering attempts to be bitterly sarcastic. In the first place it may be stated that Canadians do not intend to maintain a standing army here. As to the forts which England is "dismantling," our contemporary is perhaps rather erroneously informed. One thing, however, the *Tribune* may be sure of, and that is that the people of this country do not intend to "rest secure" with the assurance that the Americans "would not take Canada as a gift" or any nonsense of that kind. The Americans have made two vain attempts to capture it by force of arms, and have by various other means tried to obtain possession of it. "As for the *Tribune's* professions we know how to value them. We have a distinct recollection of the assurances which it gave the people of the South, that there was no desire to conquer them or hold them in the Union against their will, of its tender farewell to the "wayward sisters," as it called the seceding States, and its Pecksniffian whinings about the evils of civil war. And yet no sooner did fighting commence, than Mr. Greeley began to preach a crusade of extermination against the people of the South. Safe in his editorial sanctum, he positively howled for blood, and by every possible means, "fired the northern heart" against these Southerners. All kinds of absurd stories which never would have been imagined by any one, save a *Tribune* correspondent, were published in the columns of that journal; of Southern ladies drinking coffee out of Northern skulls, and a whole host of wild imaginings of a like description. So Mr. Greeley, the wild philosopher and lover of peace raised the cry of "On to Richmond;" and so, as he tells us but a few days since in effect, if not in so many words—if England were engaged in a great European war, he would raise the cry of "On to Canada," and do his best to subjugate us. No, we will certainly not be content to hold our homes and our liberties on sufferance, or to trust all that is dear to us to the generosity of our neighbours. We do not intend to expend three or four millions a year for a standing army, but we will expend as much or more if necessary, in rendering ourselves able to do as well as our fathers did in 1812, in the event of Great Britain becoming involved in war, and the Americans acting as their leading newspapers advise them to do.

ITALIAN LIBERALS.

Ten or eleven years ago the Italian Liberals were great admirers of France. Wherever the tourist wandered among the beautiful Italian valleys, in every little village nestling at the foot of the mountains, or in stately cities where the red white and green flag of United Italy floated most proudly, and the red shirted Garibaldians crowded the thickest, the praise of France, the "Queen among the nations," and of French soldiers, "the bravest of the brave," was heard almost incessantly from every tongue. When after the peace of Villafranca the armies of France were withdrawn, the scene in the harbour of Genoa was one which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed it. Crowds of Garibaldians and dark-eyed Italian girls accompanied their liberator's to the shore, covering them with embraces and calling down blessings on their heads. Of late years a strange change has come over the minds of these very demonstrative but exceedingly unreliable Garibaldian gentry. No longer do they sing the praises of French soldiers, no longer do the yentwine the tri colors of France and Italy together on their public buildings as once they did, to typify the loving union which existed between the two nations, but on the contrary now that France is in peril and stands in need of friends, these high minded apostles of liberty are anxious to take sides with Prussia, and, strike a foul blow at the power that came to the help of Italy when she needed it. Its must certainly be confessed that the present attitude of the Garibaldians is not a very noble or admirable one, but their conduct is only on a par with that of other violent ultra Radical parties. In England and France, as well as in Italy, in former centuries as in the present day, the men who prated most about Liberty, Equality, and Fraternity, have, as a general thing, been the least disposed to extend liberty and equal rights to others, and the most ready to forget services which they have received. Republics are proverbially ungrateful, and the same may be said of Republicans, even though they live in a monarchical country.

Canada and the United States.

To the Editor of the London Times.

SIR,—In the Parliamentary proceedings reported to-day Sir D. Wedderburn is stated to have said in reference to a Bill concerning Canada:—

"Travellers who passed from the States into Canada were struck by the signs of its retrogression. We were helping it to build Legislative halls in the back woods, to construct railways which were not likely to pay their working expenses, and to construct fortifications which would be a futile memory; for the people of the United States expected some day to add Canada to their number and to do it peacefully, and would pay any reasonable sum for its acquisition, and they had no idea of invading it by force, although they knew that the Canadians, with or without fortifications, were practically defenceless."

I will, as a Canadian, whose country Sir D. Wedderburn has on leavored to injure, request your permission to make a few remarks, with quotations bearing on the subject, taken from a recent number of a leading Ontario newspaper; but, before doing so, I would ask Sir D. Wedderburn to disabuse his mind of the idea that he and those who think with him have assisted in the building of Legislative halls for Canada in any shape or way, or that they were ever asked to do so.

The idea of Canada progressing at so much slower a rate than the neighboring nation has been so often repeated and with so great an amount of assurance, that many who are unacquainted with the subject are in danger of acquiescing in it, under the impression that it is altogether beyond contradiction. Yet nothing is further from the truth—nothing which can be more fully and satisfactorily demonstrated to be entirely without foundation. There is not a doubt but that the United States have made vast progress during the last 30 years; but strike a comparison on almost any point, and it will be found that Canada has made even greater advances in material prosperity.

The last census of the United States was taken in 1860, the last of Canada in 1861—for purposes of comparison these returns are sufficiently fair. The census immediately preceding the last in the States was in 1850, that of Canada was in 1852; the interval in the United States was ten years, in Canada only nine. These offical returns show us that in the decade ending 1860 the population of Upper Canada increased at a ratio of fully one half more than that of the United States. The population of the United States and territories in 1850 was 23,194,876; it had grown in 1860 to 31,443,322, increasing 35.58 per cent in ten years. On the 12th of January, 1852, the population of Upper Canada was 952,004, and on the 12th of January, 1861, it had risen to 1,396,091, increasing in nine years 46.65 per cent, being at the rate, according to Langton, of 4.34 per cent. per annum. This would bring the population in another year to 1,456,681, giving an increase from 1852 to 1 62 of 53.01, as against 35.58 in the United States. Lower Canada increased in the nine years 24.76 per cent., or, allowing for the tenth year, 27.88 per cent. Taking the whole of Canada, the rate of increase in nine years was 36.07 per cent., while that of the United States in ten years was 35.28 per cent. Taking the same ratio for another year, we should have Canada's increase for the ten years 40.87 per cent., against 35.58 for the United States.

No State in the American Union which at the census before last had as large a population as Lower or French Canada increased in population so rapidly as that Province, except Indiana, and only three States in the Union increased more in ten years than Lower Canada did in nine.

With Upper Canada the comparison is still more favourable, not a single State in the Union which commenced at the census before last, with a population equal to or above that of Upper Canada, increased so rapidly in the number of its inhabitants as that Province did. Except in the case of Indiana the increase in Upper Canada was double the rate of any State having a population equal to or above its own.

The official returns would also show an equally satisfactory progress, when compared with those of the United States, in manufacturing and agricultural pursuits, were I to crave space to exhibit their details.

These facts need no comment. They tell their own story in a distinct and unmistakable manner, proving that Canada, instead of lagging behind or retrogressing, has moved, and is moving more rapidly, than even the most favoured districts of that much bepraised and prosperous country, the United States. To say that Canada has fallen behind during the last ten years since the Census was taken would be too absurd. Every one knows who has any right to speak with authority on the subject that during that period our progress in every respect has been most marked and satisfactory. At the present moment it may be said, with the greatest truth, that never in the whole course of her history has she enjoyed greater or more solid prosperity than she is doing at the present. Her farmers were never more prosperous, her cities, towns, and villages never so crowded with inhabitants, the demand for labour never greater, and public improvements and enterprises never more numerous, more sound, or more promising.

Sir D. Wedderburn says that the United States would pay any reasonable sum for our acquisition. Pray what is his authority for saying so. The project to dispose of the half of the Continent of America which is now held under the British Crown, with its four and a half millions of inhabitants, to a foreign Power is a large one. Would it not suffice Sir D. Wedderburn's ambition to commence business on a smaller scale, and first dispose of Heligoland? The Channel Islands and Gibraltar, fortresses and eligible islands are up in the market, and at the present time would fetch good prices.

We are free to admit that the United States have completely distanced Canada in the increased ratio of their taxation as compared with ours, but of their progress in this respect we are not in the least degree inclined to be jealous. We have retrogressed also inasmuch that from time to time we have reduced our customs tariff on English goods to meet the wishes of the British manufacturer, while that of the United States has been vastly increased, on some goods to almost a prohibitory extent. With these exceptions it cannot in justice be said that we have not more than held our own in the race.

Your obedient servant,
W. DIXON.

July 30.

In a match between the Toronto and Grafton Clubs, played on the grounds of the latter on Wednesday, the Toronto Club won by one run, with ten wickets to go down.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 39 Sparks Street.

BY CABLE.

Midnight Despatches.

THE WAR.

Up to 4 o'clock This Morning

VERDUN, Aug. 16.—The sub-Prefect of Verdun telegraphs the following to the Minister of the Interior:—No news from Metz, and nothing is known to have occurred to-day. All day yesterday the roar of cannon was heard between Metz and Verdun.

Persons who reached here from that direction say a great battle has been fought, opening at daybreak, and that the Prussians lost more than forty thousand men in the combat, and were completely defeated.

During yesterday morning at the extremity of an arrondissement, and 28 kilometres from the fortifications of Verdun, the enemy had been seen directing his retreat to the South.

Though this intelligence has been transmitted by authority, the Government has not yet been able to verify it, and it is given to the public under reserve by the Minister of the Interior.

PARIS, August 16, evening.—An official confirmation of the news of the victory over the Prussians is impatiently awaited. Great crowds are collected at the Bourse, at the Minister of the Interior's, and in the streets.

Important news has been received from Strasbourg:—The Prussians in that vicinity seem inclined to retire. Some shots have been exchanged. The people of Strasbourg are determined to defend the place to the last.

The *Moniteur* says during the battle, on Sunday, Marshal Bazaine had in position a mass of battery of mitrailleuse.

Four regiments of the Prussian Royal Guard approaching the battery were unmasked and two of the regiments completely annihilated.

The *Patrie* referring to the fact that Paris is without official news from the front, says that Marshal Bazaine is evidently determined on strict secrecy so far as his movements are concerned. He is in communication with the camp at Chalons.

News received from the various departments show the people determined and warlike, with a fierce desire to drive the Prussians from the French soil.

The following is the order of the day issued by Gen. McMahon: "Soldiers,—In the battle of the 6th of August fortune betrayed your courage; but you yielded your position only after a heroic resistance which lasted nine hours. You were 35,000 against 140,000, and were overwhelmed by the force of numbers. Under these conditions a defeat is glorious, and history will say that in the battle of Froschweiln the French showed the greatest valor. You have suffered heavy losses, but those of the enemy are much greater. Although you have not been successful, you are a cause in your misfortunes which makes the Emperor satisfied with you, and the entire country recognize that you have worthily sustained the honor of the flag. Let us show that though subjected to the severest tests, the first corps forgetting these losses of its ranks, and God aiding us, let us seize a great and brilliant revenge."

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The *Moniteur du Soir* published yesterday an article full of confidence and resolution. The following is an extract, and is a fair exhibit of the French press:—"Everything progresses well. The enemy makes haste to finish his work. He knows full well that the prolongation of the war exhausts his forces and augments ours. His tactics alone show that we have only to gain time to divest the Prussian from his base of operation. While demanding our ground inch by inch, the passage at arms which took place yesterday under the guns of Metz is the first act in the new drama. Eight days hence the energy that has marked the first operations of the invaders will have given way to discouragement and exhaustion. Our fortified towns all hold out. Bitsche, Phalsbour, and Verdun are all defended by the army, and their inhabitants answer with their guns to the insolent summons of the enemy. The national defence commences. It but just commences, and every Frenchman is ready to answer the call of his country. See our Guards Mobile and volunteers who are on their way to the Vosges mountains. There shall the Prussians find their graves. They have asked for a war of races, and such they shall have."

The *Constitutionnel* says the plan of the conquest of the Prussians cannot any longer be a matter of doubt. The German Empire takes advantage of the Hohenzollern dynasty to inaugurate its policy of spoliation of French territory.

In the departments which the chances of war have given to the enemy the King of Prussia commands at present as territorial sovereign.

A decree has been issued by the King of Prussia, and dated at St. Avold, abolishing conscription in all French territory occupied by German troops.

The Prussian Government which pretends to be so well informed about men and things in Paris, does not seem to be very strong in the towns of Alsace, which will know how to find means to rejoin the national flag.

In the place of conscripts all men from 16 to 50 years will rush to arms.

The Prussian journals continue to pour forth their insults against the French nation. We underline these two words because Berlin newspapers formally declare that war is made not only against the Government but against the entire French people.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The North German *Gazette* yesterday urged a general celebration of the last Napoleon *fete*.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Queen has gone from Balmoral to Windsor.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Council of War to sit in the cases of the 108 assembles to-day.

The officers of the Bank of France, to-day announce the arrangement of a special service for distributing coin to certain establishments throughout France where employees are to be paid.

Edmund About, correspondent of the *Soir*, has been heard from. He is alive and well, and will soon return to Paris.

Gen. Cusnave, Commander at Lyons, issued a proclamation warning the people against future disturbances, and announcing the readiness of the authorities to suppress them.

The following is a despatch from King William to the Queen:

HERNY, Aug. 13, 7 p.m.—I have just returned from the battle field. The advance of the 7th corps attacked the enemy, who was instantly reinforced from the fortress. The 13th division and part of the 14th sustained the advance. The conflict was desperate, involving the entire line. The enemy was repulsed at all points and pursued them to the glacis of the detached works near the fortress, which enabled the enemy to give shelter to their wounded. Our wounded were instantly cared for. By daybreak the troops returned to their first bivouack. All fought with incredible and admirable energy. I have gone among them and congratulated them with my whole soul. I have spoken to Gens. Steinmetz, Teastraw, Manteuffel and Grosen.

The following official despatch, dated 15th August, at about four o'clock in the afternoon, is just made public.—"Our advance finding themselves before Metz, and believing that the enemy who were encamped under the walls were about to retreat, Gen. Gallis' brigade was ordered to attack the rear guard of Marshal Bazaine's corps. A violent combat ensued, the second brigade then advanced under Ostensacken, and immediately the divisions of Gens. Kamile and Wrangle participated, and succeeded in driving the enemy at all points. Meanwhile the French Gen. L'Admirault endeavored to flank the first corps, but was attacked by the reserves, which advanced with drums beating, under General Mantuffel. The enemy was repulsed and driven into the fortress. Many were captured. Our troops advanced to Belle Croix and Bouey, within range of the forts.

This morning the King made a reconnoissance on the field of battle, visiting the advance posts to ensure the transportation of the wounded French and Prussians alike to a point above Kouke, on the right of the Moselle. From this point the enemy was invisible in the clouds of dust. We infer, therefore, that the main body has departed.

NEW YORK, August 16—A *Herald* cable despatch gives a letter from General Bourher, commanding the Zouaves of McMahon's corps. He did not receive a scratch, but of 65 of his officers 47 were killed, wounded and missing. The soldiers fought like lions. We had 35,000 against 100,000. McMahon behaved splendidly, he did all any man could, but had not men enough. We have but 5,000 or 6,000 Zouaves left, and will probably be sent to Strasbourg to refit.

LONDON, August 16.—The following recapitulation is published to-day: 600,000 German soldiers are now concentrating in France, carrying the needle gun, and after them comes the reserves, or the entire population of able-bodied Germans. This mass is distributed in three portions, viz., the army of the Saar, the army of the Rhine, and the army of the South. Frederick Charles commands the army of the Rhine as leader of the centre. On his right by advancing south east of Luxembourg is the first army, or that of the Saar, under Gen. Steinmetz. On the Prince's left is the third or southern army, led by Prince Frederick William, heir to the Crown. Under the latter are 250,000 men; Frederick Charles 250,000; and under Gen. Steinmetz 70,000. Total 570,000 men. Gen. Steinmetz has nearly 260 generals, the Crown Prince 660, and Frederick Charles 660. Total over 1,500 generals. In other words Steinmetz has 50 battalions of infantry, 48 squadrons of horse, and 32 battalions of artillery. Prince Charles has 197 battalions of infantry, 52 squadrons of horse, and 110 batteries. The Crown Prince has 192 battalions of infantry, 164 squadrons of cavalry, and 114 batteries.

LONDON, Aug. 16—The following details of an assault on Judge McCann, of New York, was received here: On the 12th inst., during the celebration of the raising of the siege of Londonderry, Judge McCann was at a visit to Coleraine and was a few miles east of Londonderry, and in the same county. While at the railroad station, accompanied by two priests, Mr. McKenna, one of the editors of the Belfast *Star*, and some other friends, a mob of Orangemen made an assault upon him and his companions. Mr. McKenna was roughly handled, and others of the party were hurt, but the Judge managed to escape without serious injury.

The son of Lord Brougham is declared bankrupt.

The admiralty refused permission to the surgeons in the British naval service to volunteer for relief to the Prussian wounded.

EDINBURGH, 16.—The operations in the iron mines at Dayaart and Loch Gelly informed their employers that they had arranged to strike. The inclination of the strikers is for higher pay or shorter hours.

PARIS, 16.—The Bishop of Luxemburg and several clergymen have gone to Metz to administer consolation to the dying.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The Austrian ambassador to St. Petersburg left for Vienna yesterday.

LISBON, Aug. 16.—The journals of this city deny the report that the meeting of the chiefs of all parties, called by the Duke de Saldanha, was occasioned by the Spanish vote, and says that the landing of the English troops at Lisbon would be considered *casuus belli*.

The journals deny that Don Pervarde has been urged to give his reply within twenty-four hours as to whether he will accept the throne of Spain.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The British Army Rapidly Recruiting—The Empress and Emperor of the French Ill—The Belgians vote 20,000,000 Francs to Fortify Antwerp—The Prussian Army 1,000,000 Strong.

LONDON, August 15.—A successful meeting was held to-day of the English Volunteer Artillery Association. Much enthusiasm prevailed.

The British army is rapidly recruiting, and at the clubs and elsewhere, the feeling is hourly gaining ground that Europe is in danger from military preponderance of Germany, and that England must be prepared to maintain her traditional policy of keeping the North Sea out of the control of any predominating military power whatever.

LONDON, August 16.—The Bishop of Honolulu has resigned. No appointment to fill the vacancy can be made.

In the Thames regatta, yesterday, Sadler was champion of the sculls.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The *World's* correspondent in London last night telegraphs that the health of the Empress as well as of the Emperor is bad.

There is an intense popular excitement in Paris, and great difficulty in controlling the population impressed with the belief that the Government is responsible for the disastrous condition of affairs; also that he has it on the best authority from Brussels that the whole Belgian army is moving to the frontiers of Holland and Dutch Luxemburg.

It is supposed that the neutrality of both these States is threatened by Prussia.

The Belgians have voted an appropriation of twenty million francs to fortify Antwerp, and the Belgian artillery are experimenting with a newly invented mitrailleur.

The position of the French is most critical, and it is doubted if they can retrieve themselves.

The Prussian army is believed to be a million strong.

Luxemburg fortifications are rapidly undergoing demolition.

Laborers are sent thither from Saarbruck and elsewhere. Mines are fired in every direction, and walls overthrown, but a long time will be needed before the fortress will be rendered indefensible.

Communications from the French side by telegraph are impossible, by post uncertain, and by messenger difficult.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 16.—A large and enthusiastic mass meeting of German citizens was held here last night, at which resolutions expressing sympathy with the Prussians and making provision for the aid of widows and orphans were adopted.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Despatches from the Prussian Government to the Prussian Ambassador here are full of triumph and express the greatest confidence as to the result of the war.

Experiments recently made with the mitrailleuse at Shoeburyness indicate that instrument as destructive in close quarters, but troops dependent on it may be annihilated by the artillery before the mitrailleuse can be brought to range.

The *Times* sympathizes strongly with the Prussians and rejoices at their recent successes.

The steamers *Siberia* and *Prussian* have arrived.

The third left London on the 12th and has not been heard from.

Another correspondent writes on Saturday 13th: Every foreigner, no distinction being made, was ordered to leave Metz on Thursday.

Arrests of correspondents continued incessantly.

One Mr. Cameron, representing some Scotch paper, was in imminent danger of being shot. He was only saved by the joint address of all the correspondent to the Emperor.

The French are exasperated to the last degree. There is no safety for any one except those actually with the staff.

At the above meeting of correspondents it was decided to destroy all papers except their passports.

SAVERNE, Aug. 16.—The [illegible] of Marsal, a small town a little [illegible] east of Nancy, has been captured by a body of Bavarian troops after a short bombardment. Sixty cannons were also captured.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The following additional particulars of the second battle near Metz were received late last night:

On the afternoon of Monday the 1st and 7th Prussian army corps vigorously attacked the French forces under the walls of Metz. A sanguinary conflict ensued, and the French were at length driven within the city with the loss of 4,000 men.

On the same day a grand reconnoissance under King William in person maintained itself some hours within two leagues of the French defences without any effort on the part of the French to dislodge it. This fact shows an utter demoralization of the French.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A special despatch from London, June 10:30, says:—"The defeat of the French in the late battle is certified.

The Prussians numbered 60,000. Their loss was heavy, and the French loss was fearful.

BERNE, Aug. 16.—The Swiss corps of observation have been disbanded.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The *Telegraph's* special correspondent writes that the French Chamber's are unworthy public respect. Were members not elected by fraud and coercion they might be trusted as a Committee of public safety.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Algeria has been declared in a state of siege.

LONDON, Aug. 16—Documents, ascribed to Bismarck, are in circulation in Prussia, declining territorial aggrandizement as the result of war.

The Bavarians have not yet been supplied with the needle gun; they still use the old Prussian lock muzzle loader.

The French deny the story of the capture of Bitche.

It is feared in Paris that Marshal McMahon's corps at and around Strasbourg is entirely cut off from the main body of the French army.

The following items are extracted from French official bulletins:—

The Prussians are not in any great force before Strasbourg.

The town of Bitche still holds out against the enemy.

The railway bridge at Tergeshessing on the line between Strasbourg and Basle has been destroyed by the enemy.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Emperor Napoleon's retreat from Metz is now fully confirmed.

The Prussian cavalry have destroyed a portion of the railway between Frouard and Paris, cutting off the supplies and forage for the French troops sheltered under the glacis of Metz.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There is growing a bitter feeling of hostility to Napoleon in Paris. This feeling is now evinced towards the Empress.

Since the recent Ministerial appointments, cries of "Vive la Republique" are constantly heard from all parts of the city, and from all classes of citizens.

Reliable information reports the Emperor as being in a very dejected state.

The *Times*, in its monetary article, says: A French victory is necessary to predispose the Emperor to treat for peace.

Stories of the arrival of the Empress and Prince Imperial on English soil are repeated to-day. They are, however, untrue.

It is certain the Prince Imperial is in Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—An official despatch from the Prefect of Metz to the Minister of the Interior is published. He says that a body of German Uhlans have been seen near Commercy marching towards Bar le Duc. He has therefore cut the railways in that section to impede the advance of the enemy.

French journals complain of the brevity of the despatches from the seat of war.

The evening *Constitutionnel*, semi official organ, says despatches do not give a very precise idea of the position of either of the armies.

The *Journal Officiel*, to-day, contains a decree declaring the cities of Cherbourg, Brest, L'Orient and Rochefort in a state of siege.

VIENNA, Aug. 16.—Baron Von Beust has publicly denied any attempt on his part to meditate in the questions at issue between France and Prussia.

NEW YORK, 16th August.—The correspondent of the *Tribune* writes from Paris on Sunday night, the 14th, that it is still considered uncertain whether the Emperor or Bazaine commands. No decree has yet made Bazaine Generalissimo.

Palikao's statement is equivocal.

Nothing proves that the Emperor may not at any moment reappear at the head of the army.

Changarnier is in general favour, but no command is yet assigned to him.

A delayed letter from a correspondent of the *Tribune*, who is with the Prussian head-quarters, describes an interview with Bismarck, at Mayence, on the 6th.

Bismarck said:—We are very much obliged to the French for giving us time to get our whole army on the Rhine, from thence to the frontier. In a few days work will begin.

Speaking of Germans in America, Bismarck acknowledges in warm terms the sympathy expressed there. From dates of these and other letters it is clear that the Prussians stop and delay all correspondence from the front. No army letter has been received in London later than the 7th, except one from the *Tribune's* correspondent on the 10th, the substance of which has been telegraphed.

On the French side the campaign against journalists has been more successful than that against Prussians. Of four of the *Tribune* correspondents first sent out, one has been recalled by the English military authorities, being subject to Government service; one escaped from Metz and joined the Prussian army; one was arrested and sent to the Italian frontier; and one was severely wounded and is now in hospital.

Three others since sent out seem to be more fortunate; one is at Metz, whose despatches were sent on the 14th; one is at Chalons, whose letter is just received, and its substance is telegraphed.

DEATH OF GEN. DOUAY AT WEISSENBOURG, PARIS, Aug. 11.—The *Moniteur* gives the following account of the death of Gen. Douay, at the battle of Weissenbourg: The Gen. was from the beginning in the thickest of the fight. When he saw the day was lost, after he had done all that he could to retrieve it—when not even a battalion was left him—he called his aids, one by one, gave them orders and sent them away. As soon as the last one was gone, the General spurring his horse, rode some distance to the front, dismounted, and taking a pistol from holster, shot the animal. Then turning around, he slowly turned toward the enemy. His soldiers vainly tried to stop him. Amid the terrible firing he deliberately walked on. The retreating soldiers, aroused by the spectacle, turned again upon the enemy, but fell in heaps around their General, who still pressed forward. Another tremendous discharge from the enemy, and Goneral Douay, almost alone, fell dead.

MONTREAL

Suspected Arson—A Fatal Accident—Sale of Snowshoes—Garrison Artillery—Lacrosse Markers.

MONTREAL, Aug. 16.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier and Sir Francis Hincks were in town to-day.

On Friday next the Knickerbocker Lacrosse Club of New York are expected in this city to play a match with the Montreal Club.

Flour market quiet and unchanged; all grades unsaleable, except in retail parcels for immediate consumption.

Weather hot.

A carter named Samuel Davidson was arrested on suspicion of firing a shed in St. Germain street.

The Hon. Thurlow Weed and Miss Weed, of Albany, are in the city, and staying at the Ottawa hotel.

The annual prize meeting of the Montreal Garrison Artillery will take place at the Point St. Charles Rifle Range, on Friday next, 19th inst.

A man named Joseph Gourmont, while working on the roof of a three story building in St. Catherine street, fell to the ground, and is supposed to be fatally injured.

Her Majesty's Control Department advertises for sale by tender, some 1,700 new and 1,800 pairs of part worn mocassins; 1,400 new and over 5,00 pairs of part worn snow-shoes.

The firemen's picnic comes off on Thursday.

The steamer *St. Patrick* leaves here early to-morow for Quebec, from whence she sails on Thursday for Glasgow.

Governor J. B. Page, of Vermont, and ex-Governor Underwood, arrived in the city yesterday.

The medical officers attending the Montreal gaol visited that institution in company with Mr. Justice Monk and the Sheriff. Out of the inmates the doctors certified that there were eleven lunatics, being seven women and four men, who are to be sent to Beauport Asylum.

The annual picnic of Salem Church Sunday School takes place to-morrow.

The superintendent engineer of the Lachine Canal invites tenders for furnishing all the materials, tools, and labor required in building and completing five lock keepers' houses on the Chambly Canal.

Weather fine.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 16.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Mechanics' Institute was held last evening, Thomas Davidson, First Vice-President, in the chair.

In addition to routine business, the question of raising subscriptions was discussed, but as the meeting was small the subject was postponed.

Last evening the reopening of the West Presbyterian Church was celebrated by a soiree.

The notorious Jerry Shehan was brought from Kingston last night, and lodged in the police cells.

There is at present in Elm street a frame edifice being erected to be called New Jerusalem Church. Rev. Mr. Arker has been appointed minister. The church will be ready for opening in a month.

Franklin Kennedy, the man charged with being an accessory in the Brockton shooting case, was examined yesterday and remanded, bail being refused.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 16.

The first annual tournament of the Quebec Rifle Association takes place on the Beauport Flats, commencing next Tuesday. Mr. R. Hamilton with characteristic liberality presents a valuable silver cup to be competed for at one of the seven prize matches.

Mr. Fournier, Q.C., pledged to the opposition of the Government, was elected yesterday for the County of Bellechasse.

Thomas Hughes, Esq., M.P., author of Tom Brown School days, &c., arrived in the *Peruvian*, and is at Russell's.

Four barques, loaded at Montreal, put to sea with this morning's tide.

Weather fine.

The Annual Rifle Match of No. 6 Company, Prince of Wales Rifles, took place on Thursday at the Ranges on Barrfield Common, Kingston. Fifteen Cash Prizes, amounting to $45, and the Company Medal were offered. The weather was fine, but very hot.

DIED.

In this city, on the 16th inst., Mary, daughter of John Kennedy, Bot her, aged 7 years and 2 months.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, St. Patrick's Street, on Thursday, the 18th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

ON

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END!

Prizes Offered from $12,000 *to* $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERC,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 143td

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & OTARD

PURE FRENCH BRANDY

GUARANTEED PURE

VERY CHEAP.

J. P. MACPHERSON.

COAL OIL of the purest quality.

COOK STOVES of the latest patterns at

WOODEN WARE and BROOMS of every description, at

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN OTTAWA at

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORK at the lowest prices.

BLOCK TIN Japanned of the best every description at

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS, &c., at

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, &c., at

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated, on Pembroke, Berlin, Mill, Cemetery, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, Pine and McGee Streets,

At the west end

[LO]CAL NEWS.

[THE] ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU[VIN'S] [GOL]D MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS [PE]R PAIR) IS AT T. HUNTON [SHOOLBRE]D & CO'S. [Patterns] post free on application.

[Side]walks are being laid in different [parts of the] city.

[Provinci]al Exhibition.—The programme [of the Provi]ncial Exhibition is on view at [Mr.] Taylor's, York street.

[We un]derstand that another excursion [leaves the] city on Thursday next, the [proceeds] the getters-up being to raise [funds for] the purchase of band instruments [for the] 9th Battalion.

[The] Market—Tuesday.—There was a [good su]pply of produce on the market this [morning] but purchasers were rather [scarce.] Prices generally the same, pota[toes, how]ever, selling as low as 75 cents.

[Police] Court—Tuesday.—Julia Ring was [again] charged with the old offence of [drunk] and disorderly. She was let go. [Alexan]dre Norbonne, charged with the [same of]fence, was also discharged. [Joseph] Labelle, same offence, fined $3 and [costs. T]wo cases of selling liquor without [license] were dismissed.

[The Band.]—By the kind permission of [Colonel] Wilson and the officers of the 1st [Ottawa] Rifles, the band of the regi[ment will] play at the Rideau Rifle Range [this aft]ernoon from four till six. As the [match of] the Metropolitan Rifle Associa[tion is go]ing on we expect to see a large [attendance] present. On Thursday the band [of the 9]th Battalion will play at the same [place an]d on Friday the band of the Ot[tawa Fiel]d Artillery.

[Fires are] raging in the surround[ing country] yesterday, and it is expected [much des]truction has been done. The [city was] overcast with clouds of [smoke an]d the atmosphere in the city [was so op]pressive it was so impregnated [with smok]e. Some persons with tender [eyes suff]ered considerably from its effects. [We are i]nformed that on Monday even[ing Mr.] James Chambers, of North Gower, [lost his] barns and outbuildings and [their con]tents with the whole season's [crops des]troyed.

[The] Theatre.—The performances at the [theatre] last evening were very good. ["The Dis]contented Brothers" was parti[cularly] well received by the audience, who [showed] their appreciation of Johnnie Ward [and Mr.] Nelson by their applause. Miss [... sang] with her usual taste a beauti[ful song] which was loudly encored, as were [also J]ohnnie Ward and Mr. Clinton. [The] programme for to-night. We [learn] that Mr. Clinton announced [this] evening that Mr. Marshall had [gone to New] York and engaged a number [of actors and] actresses who are now on [their way] to Ottawa, and with whom ["Lost in] London" will be played on [Wednesday] evening.

[An Ox.]—Yesterday as an ox belonging [to Mr. ...] was being driven to the [slaughter] house he became enraged [from some] cause he received. The slaughter [house is] on the bank of the Rideau [and he] ran the whole way the animal [gave] great trouble, and madly [attacked] every person and everything he [met, the] persons narrowly escaping in[jury and] perhaps death. On reaching the [bridge wh]ere it crosses a street in Lower [Town he] plunged into the water, and for [some] hours all attempts to get him [out were] in vain. He was, however, driven [out aft]er much trouble to, and great [exertion] by the men, got into the slaugh[ter house] where a number of person had [assembled] to witness his pranks. He very [nearly rid] himself of the presence of these [men], and in the course of his furious at[tempts ...] a horse and water cart. He [was final]ly secured and tied down to the [great relie]f of many persons in the vici[nity].

[Arrivals at] the Russell House yesterday.—[...] Baldwin, Montreal; W. Gris[...]; [...] Bethune and wife, Cornwall; [...] Melville; A. Brooks, Brock[ville]; [...] Toronto; H H Cook, [...] England; S W Foster, [...] Chaffee, Montreal; J W [...] Toronto; C C Case, do; G H [...]; J R Barlow and wife, [...]; C S Fisher and wife, do; [...] do; Lewis Wallace, New [York]; [...] Wells, Ogdensburg; W. A [...] Miss Human, do; W H Ty[...]; [...] Simpson, do; Dr. Haughton, [...]; [...] Warne and wife, do; A [...] do; D. Southwick, do; [...] do; Mr. Grim, do; Miss South[wick], [...] Miss H Southwic, do; Mrs. Gallo[...]; [...] Miss Valois, do; S Pope and [...] children and nurse, do; C Halli[...], Boston; D F Carr and wife, [...] and wife, do; G Allendolph [...]; [...] J Ranson, do; W Field, [...] Mrs J Morgan, Ogdensburg; Miss [...] S McGee, do; J Armstrong [...] do; J Johnston, do; Jennie [...] do; E E Bust, do; A Beard, [...] Hall, Waterloo; W Lefroy [...]; F Biggs, Louisville, Ky; [...] Chicago, Ill; B Hasbrouck, [...] Hasbruck, B Hasbruck, B [...] Ogdensburg, N. Y.; J C Carmee, [...] Daw, F Forbes, Boston; [...] Montreal; J B Page, Rut[land]; T Underwood, Burlington; Mr [...] McDonald, Toronto; E Derby [...] Boston; J B Mills, New York; [...]; W Brown, New York; [...] Ogdensburg; Mr and Mrs Bar[...], [...] Boston; T Edwards, Miss [...] Dinsmoor, New Hampshire; [...]; C Williams, Vt; [...] Rochester; J W Hart, do; E [...] England; N Stewart, Standean; [...] do; Mrs Marshall and Son, [...] C H Hathan, Stanstead; Thos [...] Montreal; Walton Smith, Onslow, [...] and Sons, Montreal; C Cassells [...] D McIntyre, Montreal; Dr H [...]; E G McDonnell, do; A Hum[...] Quebec; R J Devlin, Toronto; H [...]; Mr and Mrs Roblin, [...] A Fraser, Westmeath.

[Base Ball.]—[An interest]ing Base Ball contest took [place on] Wednesday afternoon on the [grounds] of the Guelph Maple Leaf Club, [near the Gr]eat Western Station, between [the Young] Arthurs of Waterloo and the [second nine] of the Maple Leaf Club, re[sulting in] favor of the latter by 22 runs.

RIFLE TOURNAMENT.

The Ottawa Rifle tournament was opened yesterday at the Rideau Rifle Range. If we may judge by the attendance yesterday we must say the occasion has created but a small amount of interest among all classes this year, for besides those actually competing there were scarcely two dozen persons on the grounds. We are sorry to see this, for though the citizens of Ottawa contributed largely to the prize fund, they should also by their presence give encouragement and eclat to so patriotic an effort of the Metropolitan Rifle Association. The day was very unfavorable to good shooting, the heavy smoke almost hiding from view the target at long range. The following are the scores of yesterday:—

TARGET PRACTICE RETURN OF THE METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

1.	Private de Boucherville, Civil Service	4343443—25
2.	Sergeant Harris, O. B. G. A.	4333434—24
3.	Sergeant McIntyre, Merrickville	4333343—23
4.	Ensign Stewart, 43rd	4333334—23
5.	Sergeant Booth, 43rd	4333334—23
6.	Sergeant McDonell, O. B. G. A.	3343433—23
7.	Lieutenant Cotton, O. B. G. A.	2344334—23
8.	Lieutenant Wilkinson 42nd	3334244—23
9.	Private Pearson, Ottawa Rifles	4229434—23
10.	Sergeant Sancier, 18th	3343334—22
11.	Dr. Oronhyetaka, 49th	3343333—22
12.	Captain McLean, 42nd	2343443—22
13.	Gunner Walters, O. B. G. A.	4323334—22
14.	Captain Bell, G. T. R.	4343332—22
15.	Captain Mowat, Ottawa Rifles	3333332—21
16.	Sergeant Walsh, C. S. R.	4332333—21
17.	Captain Eagleson, O. B. G. A.	3424233—21
18.	Sergeant Inwood, 60th Royal Rifles	3343323—21
19.	Private Green, 60th Royal Rifles	3332324—21
20.	Gunner Cotton, O. B. G. A.	3333333—21
21.	Private Mode, 18th	4234234—21
22.	Captain Stewart, 43rd	2333343—21
23.	Sergeant Hinton, 43rd	3333333—21
24.	Private Morgan, 43rd	2443332—21
25.	Private Sheppard, 60th Royals	2433333—21

Above are given the winners and all the scores above 20. The number of entries being 60.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S AT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Wednesday Evening, August 17th
NOTICE.

Mr Marshall has much pleasure in announcing that he has succeeded in effecting an engagement with

MR. W. J. FORSTER,

Scenic Artist, from the Theatre Royal, Dublin, who is engaged painting new scenery for the great sensation Drama, of LOST IN LONDON, which will shortly be produced.

MR. OLLIVER POTTERY,

The great Contortionist, late of the European Circus, has kindly volunteered for this occasion.

The performance will commence with, laughable Comedy of

THE AREA BELLE.

The whole to conclude with the laughable farce of

BOX AND COX.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

MAZEPPA.

With new Scenery, Dress, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $4.00; Single Seats in Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL SCOTTISH GATHERING.

The Eleventh Annual Gathering of Scotchmen and their descendants, will take place on Thursday, August 18, 1870, at the Bellevue Gardens, Hull.

This Pic-Nic will be under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa, and the proceeds will be in aid of its Charitable Funds.

The celebrated Caledonian Games, with about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS IN PRIZES, will be contested on this occasion. Some of the first Athletes of Canada, together with the renowned Scottish Champion, DONALD DINNIE, are expected to be present. Sutherland's Excellent Brass and Quadrille Bands will be in attendance.

Refreshments can be had on the grounds at reasonable rates.

Tickets, 25 cents. Can be had from E. McGillivray and J Dalglish Upper Town; Durie & Son and G. M. Holbrook, Centre Town; James Peacock and J. Curtis, Lower Town, and from members of the Committee.

By order
W R. BILLINGS,
Secretary.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870. 1434td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs,
vs.
THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 1S

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 8 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1432 23td

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NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE
—BETWEEN—
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.
August 8, 1870. 1429-2m

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
KEARNS & RYAN
Or to On the premises.
Ottawa, August 6, 1870 1433tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere.

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call; Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.......... $300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 3s. Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 0s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313), be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.
1407 3m Agent.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, May 18, 1870

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

for a limited number of pupils. No 10 Wilbrod-st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1, 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders Miss Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances, from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1433 6

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippewa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of those limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms - Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent int rest.
R. H. WILSON
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT.

Berth No. 9, 64 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1435tf

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 56 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lilies,
Lemon Plants, &c. &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.
Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST.

On or about the first of August. A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.
FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1432 d

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam saw Mill known as Lemy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and containing gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 8,000 to 100,000 feet per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at a rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 40 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Limits are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 30 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.
Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1416-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m., the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
Licen e No. 99, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, "
" " 100, "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles
A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.
Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

BEAUTIFUL!!!

Garden Chairs! Lawn Chairs!
Croquet Lawn Settees!
Elastic Chairs!
Folding Chairs!
Croquet Chairs!
Camp Stools!
Croquet Wire Borderings!
Parrott Cages!
Larks Cages!
Canary Cages!
Breeding Cages!
Rat Traps (Improved)
Wire Hanging Baskets!
Birds Nests!
Birds! a ha!
Wire Dish Covers!
Wire Flower Trainers!

An assortment of the above just opened out, all of English manufacture, also
Glass Fruit Jars,
Enamelled and Brass Preserve Kettles,
Refrigerators,
Baths and Water Coolers,
At "Capital" Stove Depot,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, July 20th, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

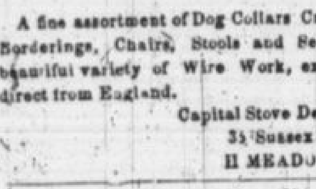
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of plane forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of,

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A completete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.4

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R. A BRADLEY,
Solicitor Elgin st, Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.
Apply to
JAMES WARNOCK.
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,
AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot.

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,
For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER
SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.
14 SPARKS STREET
Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the [enlarge]ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCK[S].

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into three different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order
F. BRAUN
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433 10

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS
HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet
GREEN of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REKSOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
[June] 18 70.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 2 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1283 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN

can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1406 tf

YOUNG LADIES'

LITERARY INSTITUTE
—OF—
Notre-Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.
Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.
July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Tenters, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.
JNO. LEGGO.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1451t

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 17, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

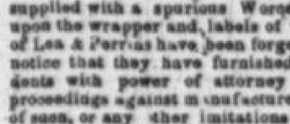
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE



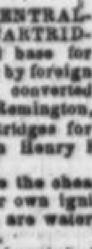
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1238 law

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGE for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Otthwa, May 30, 1870.

TENDERS

Will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, [2000 lbs. per ton] to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists LUDGATE HILL. LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system; by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

⁂ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awkdm

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandase's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS!

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada. Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa March 31, 1870. 1331tf

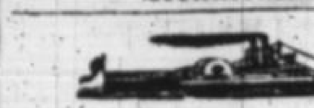
MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000), U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c, &c, as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON   R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1399 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. [illegible]

E C ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1348 3m 12 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS Here.

TRADE—MARK VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impair digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDENER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

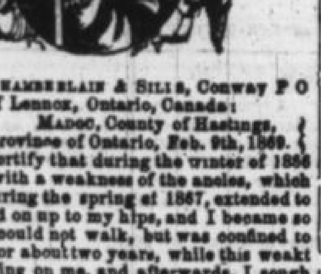
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

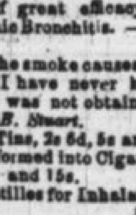
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*"

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL,   THOMAS REYNOLDS.
Superintendent.   Managing Director
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.20 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.5

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.45 a m and 7.2 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

E. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE.

The Annual General meeting of the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held in the St Lawrence Hall, in the City of Montreal on FRIDAY, the TWELFTH (12th) day of August next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, at which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office
Ottawa City, June 10, 1870. 1398td

BROCKVILLE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, in the Town of Brockville, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH [10th] day of AUGUST next, at TWELVE o'clock noon, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Brockville & Ottawa R. R. Office,
Brockville, Ont., June 10th, 1870 1384 2m.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address.   S R WELLS, Publisher.
389 Broadway, New York

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1438. — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.

...TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

...is directed to this Company's ... in regard to the ... TIME OF TRAINS ... THE ENSUING SEASON.

...the Fast Time which it is intended ... EAST AND WEST. ...connections at all points. The line ... equipped with handsome NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS ... the continent.

...RUN BETWEEN ... Montreal in 13 Hours. ...Toronto in 13 Hours. ...the most important Stations.

PULLMAN'S ... SLEEPING CARS ... on Through Trains and the service ... over the entire line in a ... of any railway on this continent. ...arrangements have been made ... pleasure travel. ...particulars see advertisements and ...

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1427tf

...RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA. ...ARRANGEMENTS. 1870. ...BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST.

...Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, ... Kingston, Belleville, ... London, Brantford ... Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, ... West, at ... 8:30 a m; do do do 7:30 p m. ...Train for Cornwall ... Stations at ... 4:00 p m. ...Train for Kingston and ... Stations, at ... 7:30 a m. ... at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m ... noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m. ...train runs through to Province...

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

...Train for Island Pond ... Stations at ... 7:00 a m; ... 8:40 a m. ...New York and Boston via ... Central at ... 3:45 p m. ...New York and Boston ... Lake Champlain, ... Rutland at ... 6:00 a m. ... Pond, at ... 2:00 p m. ... Island Pond, ... Portland, stopping between ... and Island Pond at ... St. Hyacinthe, Acton, ... Sherbrooke, Waterville ... at ... 10:10 p m. ... on all Night Trains. Baggage ...

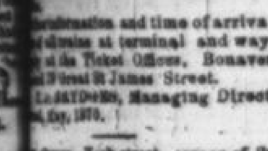
..."Chase" and "Charlotte" leave ... Wednesday and Saturday afternoon ... N. S., respectively at 4 p m ... accommodation for passengers ...

...Company's Steamers, running ... with the Grand Trunk Railway ... every MONDAY and THURSDAY ... St John, N.B., &c. ... through at the Company's principal ...

...information and time of arrival and ... at terminal and way stations ... at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure ... at No 39 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

...Office—York street, corner of Sussex ... A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.



...TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

...SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870. ACCELERATION OF SPEED. ...ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS. ...to Montreal in 13½ Hours. ...to Toronto in 13 Hours.

...the JUNE 13th, the new arrangements ... put in force, and trains will leave ... as follows:

GOING WEST.

...for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, ... Kingston, Belleville, ... Guelph, London, Brantford, ... Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, ... and all points west at ... 9 00 a m; do do ... 9 00 p m. ...for Toronto and intermediate ... 7 00 a m. ...Train for Brockville ... intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m. ...at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m ... 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 ... and 6.30 p m. The ... Train runs through to ...

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

...Train for Island Pond ... Stations at ... 7 10 a m. ...Boston, via Vermont Central ... 9 00 a m. ...New York and Boston, via ... Central, at ... 3 45 p m. ...New York and Boston, via ... Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m; do do do ... 4 00 p m. ...Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Lower Provinces ... 1 30 p m. ...Quebec, Island ... Gorham and Portland, and ... Lower Provinces, stopping ... Montreal and Island Pond ... St Hyacinthe, Upton, ... Richmond, Brompton Falls, ... Lennoxville, Compton, ... and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m. ... on all night trains. Baggage ... through.

..."Chase" and "Charlotte" leave ... Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and ... respectively, at 4 00 p m. ... accommodations for passengers.

...Company's Steamers running ... with the Grand Trunk Railway, ... every Monday and Thursday at ... St John, N B, &c. ... through at the Company's principal ...

...information and time of arrival and ... all trains at terminal and way ... at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure ... No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1425tf

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 4Jw F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. [illegible], Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 459y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 992y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1369y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 856y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with *EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON*
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. A. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $250 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 -1

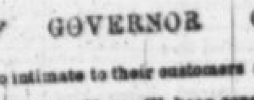
Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA*
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Hennessy & Co. Hennessy, Pipers and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Pottees.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1183

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.*
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED *STALL-FED* BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.*
To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*

POST OFFICE. OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
6.00	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S. and all places west of Prescott		11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	6.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.00
4.00	11.00	4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.00
7.30	11.30		Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. by Stage		11.00	4.30
6.00			Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesday and Saturday; arrive Mondays and Fridays			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturday		11.30	5.00

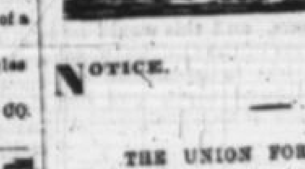
BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart.......8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive.......4.30 p m, 11.40 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING, —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at ...30 a. m.
On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG
Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.
R S CASSELS, President.
1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 856 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 736 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John [illegible], Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1384tf

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BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:
FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00
The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:
500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ. Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISCHUS,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows.
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
G[illegible] — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colors.
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c. &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES,
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES,
Rideau street.
CUNNINGHAM — LINDSAY — CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 5th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price.
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1366y

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FOR HOT WEATHER.
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors.
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.
A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.
Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel,
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion
Hill's Celebrated Scyth,
Whiting's Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythe Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocean," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Still Saucepans, &c. &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1866. 1238

CENTRAL TOWN
LIVERY STABLES.
W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.
MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.
Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1467tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.
Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.
Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.
July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.
JNO. LEGGO.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1431

TO LET.
THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.
Apply to JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426.1m

WAR NEWS.

THE TROUBLES OF WAR CORRESPONDENTS IN THE FRENCH LINES.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Standard* writes:

What is going on at the front it is quite impossible to divine, for the military authorities are chary of information, and no outsider is allowed to pass the military *cordon* drawn up in the rear of the army. The French papers publish numerous letters, but all that are genuine agree in relating how the writers were pounced upon as "Prussian spies," and sent back without having been able to accomplish their purpose. Three days ago M. D'Aunay, a writer in *Figaro*, accompanied by three colleagues, hired a kind of nondescript vehicle—half cart, half phaeton, and made an attempt to get to St. Avold. The attempt was successful, but either owing to the unwillingness of the horse, or the clumsiness of the driver, they could not get beyond the high street of that village. They went to an inn to breakfast whilst their vehicle was being repaired; mine host treated them handsomely; but after their bill was duly paid it turned out that he had been to the military authorities to denounce his guests as "Prussian spies," and they were marched off to head-quarters, where, after proving their identity, they were released, and recommended not to tresspass any more. A party of our own countrymen were not so successful. On Wednesday Mr. Charles Austin, a correspondent of the *Times*, Mr. White, formerly of the 11th Hussars, and Capt. Dashwood, an officer who still holds Her Majesty's commission, was arrested in the course of the evening and taken to the guard-house, where they had to spend the night on suspicion of their being Prussian emissaries. One of the military gentlemen showed his commission to the officer in charge, but he was obdurate, and it was not until next morning that they were released without any sort of apology. They returned to the hotel to find that their luggage had been ransacked. The civilian was allowed to remain, but the two military men were ordered to take the first train to Paris. Our countrymen must comfort themselves with the reflection, that, with few exceptions, French journalists fare no better. On Wednesday, M. Camille Pelletan (who represents the *Rappel*), having nothing else to do, proposed to a brother journalist to climb up to the belfry of the cathedral, from which a splendid view of the fortifications and environs of Metz is discovered. They were quietly imbibing topographical knowledge at the hands of the verger, when a sergeant of infantry made his appearance on the platform very much blown, and told them they must go with him to the commandant de place. On going to terra firma, they found that a mob had congregated to catch a glimpse of the "Prussian spies," and went to headquarters. After waiting there some time, a colonel came up who said it was no business of his, and ordered them to be taken to the police office, where a commissaire put them through a regular interrogatory, and would not believe any of the documents they produced to show their identity, but M. Texier, the correspondent of the *Siecle*, having been sent for, and pledged his word that he knew them, they were set at liberty.

THE SITUATION IN PARIS.

LONDON, Wednesday, Aug. 10, 1870.

The special correspondent of the *Tribune* writes from Paris late on Tuesday evening (19th): "The sitting of the Corps Legislatif was of that violent character which I anticipated last night. It is extremely difficult to get any connected reports. I passed myself in a carriage through the Place de la Concorde at 3 o'clock, and then observed that the public were not permitted to cross the bridge; that very large bodies of infantry and cavalry were drawn up on the quay to protect the Chamber; that excited crowds incumbered the Place de la Concorde and parapets of the quays; and that platoons of cavalry, lancers, cuirassiers, and guards were continually clearing the way between the Place de la Concorde and the wing of the Tuilleries nearest the Seine. The gardens of the Tuilleries were shut up and a large force was under arms to protect the Empress. I hear that after several charges upon the people executed by cuirassiers, those of the National Guard who were out protested, stacked their arms, and cried out that the proper place for all regular troops was on the frontier.

"When President Schneider took his seat in Chamber, Ollivier, remounted the tribune and endeavoured to read a speech identical with that delivered in the Senate by Parieu, but he was so much interrupted that very little was heard. The members of the Left cried out continually that the safety of the country required the dismissal of the Ministry. Ollivier made a pompous appeal to the confidence of the Chamber, 'without which he would not remain in office a moment.' Latour-Dumoulin of the Left Centre, in his own name and that of nine other Deputies, moved that Gen. Trochu should be called upon to form a new Ministry. Jules Favre proposed that the Chambers should assume full power to save the country, the incapacity of the Emperor to command the army had been too conclusively proved, *and he should be recalled.*

"A tremendous uproar ensued. The voice of the President was heard propounding the truism that the motion was unconstitutional. He added: 'You will never make a revolution with this Chamber.' Granier de Cassagnac said, with great energy, that if he were in the Ministry, he would have Jules Favre and all the members of the Left brought to a court-martial and shot that very evening. Ollivier, in an excited state, said: 'M. Jules Simon has asked me whether we mean to have all the opposition Deputies shot.' What answer he made, the tumult rendered it impossible to collect.

"The Count de Keratry proposed that the Chamber should now treat Napoleon III as a Chamber treated Napoleon I in 1815. The Ministers and home Deputies actually came to blows, and Chevandier de Valdrome had his face scratched. I hear at the last moment that Clement Duvernois, the Emperor's *confident*, made a motion of an insidious kind, implying want of confidence, and, on a division, the Ministry got a majority of only six. Ollivier demanded an hour for consideration, and went at once to the Empress.

"I adhere to the opinion I expressed yesterday, that the Empire is on its last legs, but it will die hard, and involve millions in its ruin. The rumour of the evening is, that a thoroughly reactionary and personal Ministry will be formed on the principles of state of siege, the leading members of which will be the Baron Jerome David, the Count de Palikao of Lummer Palace notoriety, and Duke de Persigny.

The proposal of the Left in the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, contains the following:

"In as much as the incapacity of the Chief of State has brought France into peril, and caused the loss of two great battles in spite of the heroic valor of our soldiers; therefore,

"*First*: A Committee of National Defence is constituted in the National Assembly, composed of 15 members.

"*Second*: Till further orders this Committee shall be in place of all existing Authorities.

"*Third*: It shall summon all citizens to arms.

"*Fourth*: Every act tending to obstruct the acts of the Committee shall be considered scene in the Chamber, the result of which is already known.

The *Gaulois* gives the extraordinary intelligence that Persigny was the author of the false news that Prince Frederick Charles had been made prisoner.

"The strong minority of 63 for Jules Favre's plain proposal for revolution was partly due to a knowledge that Ollivier would be succeeded by a purely personal and reactionary ministry. Personal conflicts with ministers were not confined to the Left. Cassagnac's threat to shoot the Deputies of Left was a signal outbreak. There is no attempt to deny his words; they appear in the official report in this moderated form: 'If I sat on the benches of the Government, you should all be handed over this evening to a court-martial.' This official report adds that Jules Simon, advancing into the middle of the hall, exclaimed, 'If you wish to shoot us we are ready.' At the same moment Estancelin, a well-known Orleanist, Ferry, and other Deputies, sprang down into the centre. A pointed sneer from Grammont brought him into collision with Estancelin. Valdrome interfered. For some moments there was a general melee.

ENGLISHMEN IN FRANCE.

A correspondent writes from Metz as follows:—

"The English here are certainly not liked, yet it would not be true to say that England is either thoroughly disliked or despised; that she should have interfered about Belgium has created a profound sensation. If I could analyze the military mind I would say that the leading ideas to be found there are, first, that England has no business to cross France at all, and that Belgium is for them and not for us to consider. At the same time they say the Emperor does not want to hurt Belgium, and if he should, for strategic reasons, march through her territory, why should Englishmen, to whom he had been so forbearing, object? French soldiers consider that all that is good for France is good for the world; and, in addition, that armies should settle disputed questions. Now, our navy is regarded as a sort of unfair barrier, which prevents, in case of any dispute with England, a rapid and just solution of the problem in hand. "England possesses a belle marine," I have lately heard repeated in tones of the vexation which a man feels if he fancies himself likely to lose a lawsuit, not upon its merits, but upon some technical point. In and about the army men are well aware that England, under any circumstances, must not be quarrelled with. Still there exists a distrust of our island hard to define, but palpable.

UP THE RHINE.

A chatty correspondent writes from Cologne, July 22nd: "Anyone can govern," said Cavour, in a dying breath, "in a state of siege;" and, so far as my experience goes, any one can live under that condition, provided he is not given to wandering at late hours about the streets, or otherwise to suspicious habits. The last time I lived under a state of siege was in Rome, and then I found, as I do here, that it has a tendency to widen one's elbow room at the hotel. The Kickleburys are not on the Rhine this year. The English who have been up the Rhine are now descending and hastening away to lands where neutrality prevails. There are very few left. One I met just now on the stairs of my hotel who had lost his pocket book, and with it £40 of circular notes. Another I found talking the funniest German over his baggage at the custom house. He had not the key of his wife's trunk, and he could not comprehend why the officers laughed when he said apologetically, laying his hand on the huge receptacle of the latest fashions, "This is my wife." Of course he meant to say it belonged to his wife, and contained her clothes, but in his ignorance of German he kept on insisting that "This is my wife," with his clothes, and so on.

But the war? Ah! I have spoken of our countrymen first, because there Cologne feels it most deeply at present. "Mein Herr," said an hotel-keeper to me just now, "the season has but commenced eight days, and now it is all over; that — Napoleon." Because you are not at Cologne you wonder that I do not write of the war, but the armies of Napoleon are yet many days' march from here, and for the moment the city of fragrant waters and of infamous smells is mourning the season that is but short in infancy. Think of the stores of Jean Maria Farina! destined to waste their sweetness on the noisome air of these streets, each of which has its open and stinking drain. It may be that some seige of Cologne will divert our thoughts, but who does not associate this city with the famous scent? "Take some, do, sir, for yer 'andkerchief," said a stout fellow countryman to me two years ago, on board a Rhine boat; "I know it's good—I bought it at *Ho de Calone*."

But now the Rhine boats lay empty at the quays, and I have walked round the city to see and hear what I can of the war. First, I saw a notice on every wall announcing that "We, William, by God's grace King of Prussia, &c., do summon the first," and other army corps. This document was countersigned "Von Bismark." Not less often displayed was an official supplement of the *Kolnische Zeitung*, publishing the telegram in which the King of Bavaria replied to King William. Another of the same sheet, but some days old, contained an extract from the *Times* article, in which France is made responsible for disturbing the peace of Europe. To right and left, everywhere in the streets there are soldiers, in full dress, sweltering under knapsacks—covered with goat's skin, with cloaks folded round their shoulders—in undress with blue blouse, and distinguishable as soldiers only by wearing the bronze medal for service at Koniggratz. Cuirassiers in white, infantry in blue, come carrying the needle-gun now no longer wonderful, and all believing, or trying hard to believe that they will beat the French. "The French have made a mistake" said one to me; "we have a hundred thousand more men than they." But for all that I think, poor lad, he did not undervalue the terrible enemies of his country. While we were talking, the noise of manly voices burst on our ears, and at the railway station we found it proceeded from a train of twenty horse boxes each laden with thirty young men *en rout* for Schleswig-Holstein. Fitted for the occasion with rude seats, the boxes made not uncomfortable carriages. The sliding door at either side was open wide, and a single rail across the opening did not, of course prevent the young men from jumping out as the train drew up at the Cologne Station. Every waggon was dressed with green boughs of oak or elm; not a man of them all wore uniform, but scarcely one was without the Konniggratz medal. They were not sad! They shouted, they smoked, they drank beer. The sadness was left behind with the women and the aged, who alone occupy the German villages, and stand wistful and anxious at the railway stations, scarcely knowing what to think or what to do. The shadow of the war is on the harvest fields, where the women are striving to gather in the harvest with no better help than that of their little children, but, though seemingly not visible to them, it overhangs those young men whose bodies shall soon be the subjects of experiments with the *metrailleuses*, which the French say of trial already made, *fonctionnent parfaitement.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Canada Central Railway Company—W. R. Morsley.
Notice—G. P. Baker.
Notice—P. Mitchell.
Intercolonial Railway—A. Walsh.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 33, Sparks Street.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1870.

THE MEETING YESTERDAY.

It must have been a source of extreme gratification to all who were present at the meeting in the City Hall yesterday, to see so many gentlemen of wealth and position from both Canada and the United States present, and giving such abundant evidence of their knowledge of the subject with which they had to deal, and of their faith in the practicability of the enterprise in which they propose to engage. How to convey produce of any kind to the consumers at the cheapest possible rate, is a problem in which both producers and consumers are concerned, and thus it is that the people of the Ottawa valley are deeply interested in the construction of the Caughnawaga canal, the object of which is to shorten the distance, and consequently reduce the cost of transport on freight between the St. Lawrence river and those American cities which are the principal markets for the lumber manufactured here. A saving of 95 miles between there and Lake Champlain, is certainly a very important consideration, and this is the saving which the proposed canal will effect.

As the Honorable Mr. Skead remarked, it seems strange that the people of Montreal, remarkable as they are for the energy which they display in all great public enterprises, seem to hold back from this, and to entertain fears that the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal would prove detrimental to the interests of their city. We cannot help thinking that they take a somewhat narrow view of the subject. If the Caughnawaga Canal were constructed, as we have shown in previous articles, the produce of the West which now goes down the American canals from Buffalo and Oswego, would most assuredly be attracted down the St. Lawrence river to Lachine, which would thus become the point of distribution for Western produce as well as for the lumber of the Ottawa Valley. Lachine would rise from its present proportions and become an important commercial centre, and in so doing, so far from proving injurious to Montreal, must add very much to the prosperity and importance of that city. A large and constantly growing population would spring up around Lachine which would of necessity resort to Montreal for its supplies. It is in fact impossible to see how anything which benefits Lachine, can fail in an equal proportion to benefit Montreal, because from the position and near contiguity of the two, their interests must be identical on all subjects of any magnitude and importance. In fact if the Caughnawaga Canal were constructed, and Lachine harbour became, as we believe it would do, the distributing point for grain and lumber going either to the English or American markets, we are not indulging in a too sanguine hope when we suggest the probability of seeing in a few years time the city of Montreal and the village of Lachine extending along the banks of the St. Lawrence until they unite, and become one vast city, the great commercial city of Canada, possibly and not by any means improbably, the great commercial capital of the Western World.

Enough has been written and said, we should imagine, to convince any one, even the most sceptical, of the advantages which the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal would confer upon Ottawa and its vicinity. They are so obvious as to be impossible to dispute, and in fact they are generally admitted by all. But the people of Ottawa must not suppose that they can quietly sit by and see the enterprise carried out by large capitalists only, without lending a helping hand. It is true that some of our large manufacturers and dealers are the men who are most directly interested in the matter, but still it must be borne in mind that anything which promotes their prosperity is certain to conduce to the welfare of the entire community, also. If a man cannot afford to take a large number of shares in this enteprise, let him do what he can, remembering that every share taken helps to bring nearer the day when the work shall be accomplished.

We cannot conclude without again expressing the gratification we have felt in seeing so many American gentlemen of recognized position among us, and taking part in an enterprise which we trust may confer benefits upon them as well as upon us, and form one more link in the commercial union which ought to exist between the two countries.

A SUGGESTION.

In some respects the position of the *Globe's* "own correspondent" at the seat of Government is an exceedingly easy one. Occasionally, indeed, he has to draw considerably upon his imagination and inventive powers, but then on the other hand he has not to run about in quest of news, work which in this warm weather is anything but agreeable. The following is a good specimen of his telegrams:

"The Government is very dilatory in this North West business, and from present appearances it will be years before there is any way available for emigrants through Canadian territory; and the Government displays no vigor with respect to the extension of the Intercolonial Railway communication."

Now what can be easier than for a man to write a telegram of this kind. It being understood that his business here is to damage the Administration, and to influence public feeling against the government as much as possible, what can be more simple than to sit down and write a telegram to the *Globe*, stating that the government is "very dilatory in this North West business" and "the Government displays no vigor with respect to the extension of the Intercolonial Railway communication?" The telegrams published by most journals contain some few facts, but facts are not dealt in by the *Globe's* correspondent. Why does he not send some such telegram as the following: "The Government are a set of incapables. They are very dilatory, and display no vigour in anything." This would be even more comprehensive than those which he now sends; and equally untrue. It might be published daily, and would contain just about as much real information as five out of six of the *Globe's* Ottawa telegrams. We merely make the suggestion with a view of saving the *Globe* the expense of an unnecessary daily telegram, and its correspondent the trouble of having daily to clothe his abuse of the Ministry in new phraseology.

THE WORST CONSEQUENCES OF WAR.

We suppose that there are few people in the world who will be disposed to consider that war is anything but a great, and in very many cases, an unmixed evil. Sometimes the results attained by a war are sufficient recompense for the sufferings which must inevitably follow in its train, but in too many cases it is not so, and all the sacrifice of life and property, the heartbreakings and the heartburnings which are the consequences of war, are endured without a proportionate return of any kind to the nation or community upon whom the burdens of the strife have fallen. The loss of human life, the destruction of public and private property, the desolation of homes, and the sufferings of the maimed and wounded, these are the evils which most forcibly attract our attention as the consequences of war. But there are other injurious results which, if not equally palpable at first sight, are none the less serious and destructive. Not the least among these is the opportunity which any great war affords for the unruly and turbulent members of society to give trouble and cause disorder. Thus we have seen during the present century in various parts of the world, small minorities, taking advantage of such times, rise against the authorities constituted by a majority of the people, and in the name of liberty and popular equality, strive, in some cases successfuly, to hurl them from power. So now we see that the outbreak of the present dreadful war between France and Prussia was the signal for political charlatans in all parts of the world to be up and doing. Whether France or Prussia win is a matter in which they have little or no concern. Let them but have an opportunity of striking a blow at civilization and order, and they will be content. Whether it be Mazzini in Italy or John Mitchell the New York Fenian, these noisy vapourers who prate about liberty and the rights of man, are the direst foes of true Liberty and true manhood. The cause of Freedom is in nine cases out of ten, the cause of order and conservatism. A radical change effected by violence, almost always means the elevation of a noisy minority under a specious pretence of doing justice to all. France to-day suffers loss and humiliation from the presence of a Prussian army upon her soil; but a still greater evil would it be to her, if in consequence of the confusion and disorder which prevail, Republicanism should once more raise its blood stained flag over the ruins of the Empire.

For once the N. Y. *Herald* does justice to Great Britain. In referring to the Franco-Prussian war the *Herald* says:—

"In securing pledges from both France and Prussia that they will respect the neutrality of Belgium, the British Government have accomplished a great and honourable work. The little kingdom is safe, and there is less reason to fear that the war may become European. It is a bad sign that the Bank of France has so soon suspended specie payments. Those who sympathize with the French in this struggle are depressed by this intelligence. Financially, there can be no doubt that Prussia is better prepared for war than France. It is gratifying to know that Great Britain has determinedly set her face against any league which might involve the nations in war. Von Beust's attempt to induce the Great Powers to form a league for the purpose of guaranteeing to the belligerents that neither shall lose territory is simply absurd."

The storm that prevailed last night interrupted telegraphic communication, hence the want of our midnight despatches.

Canal Question.

INTERVIEW BETWEEN THE MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS AND BOARD OF TRADE.

At 11 o'clock yesterday a deputation of the Board of Trade consisting of Alex. Workman, President; C. R. Cunningham, Vice President; G. H. Perry, Secretary; E. McGillivray, T. Patterson and W. Pennock, waited on the Minister of Public Works at his office in the Western block.

Mr. Alex. Workman explained that the object of the deputation was to hear the Hon. Minister on the intended improvements to the Grenville and Carillon Canal.

Mr. Langevin said the intention of the Government was to widen the Grenville and Carillon Canal and its locks, so as to make them correspond in size with those of the Rideau, and to permit of the passage of two barges at a time, thereby saving time, labor, and water. But it was not the intention of the Government at present to make the locks of the Grenville and Carillon Canal correspond with the intended size of the proposed Caughnawaga Canal, which if made must be very large to allow vessels of large tonnage to pass. Though Messrs. Shanly & Clark had reported in favor of a 12 foot canal at Grenville, yet it could not be made any deeper than 7 feet, owing to the great sum of money it would cost. They were aware of the several works of great magnitude throughout the Dominion that were calling for money, and he thought it the best policy to supply, according to their means the conveniences most necessary at present.

Notice for tenders for the improvement to the Grenville Canal had been published, and in a few days the contracts would be awarded. The improvements to the Canal would probably be completed about May, 1872. Though the work would be going on during all the time from the present to the above date, yet it would be done in such a manner that no interruption to navigation would occur.

A letter, addressed to the Rev. Dr. Newman upon the subject of his future action with regard to the Church of Rome, by the Rev. Edward Husband, who lately returned to the English Church from the Roman Communion, will shortly be published.

THE Caughnawaga Canal.

This afternoon a meeting of the leading lumbermen and citizens of Ottawa was held in the City Hall to express their opinion on the projected Caughnawaga Canal from the St. Lawrence to Lake Champlain, as well as to meet the Provisional Directors of the Canal Company and their friends from the United States, Montreal, and other places in favor of that great work. The advantages of building this canal have already been fully laid before the public in this paper and others.

The following are the names of some of the gentlemen present:

Burlington—Governor Underwood, Ex-Governor Page, Mr. Barnes, the Mayor of Burlington, Judge Shaw, and General Stanard.

Vermont—The Collector of Customs, and about twenty of the leading capitalists of the State.

Montreal—Hon. John Young.

Representing our city were the Hon. Mr. Skead, Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Mr. Currier, M. P., Alexander Workman, Esq., E. McGillivray, Esq., G. Perry, Esq., and a number of other leading citizens.

The Hon. Mr. Skead regretting the absence of the Mayor, moved that Mr. Workman be Chairman. This was seconded by Mr. Currier, and carried.

Moved by Mr. Skead, seconded by Mr. Currier, that Mr. Perry be appointed Secretary.

The Chairman read the requisition calling the meeting, and stated that he had very little to say as the gentlemen present had no doubt all come well prepared to speak on the subject. They had called on the Hon. Mr. Langevin, Minister of Public Works during the morning, and met with a very cordial and favorable reception from him.

Mr. Currier, M. P., said a number of resolutions had been proposed, which he would read. Mr. Currier said it was unnecessary for him to say a word, for all gentlemen present had studied the matter of the canal over and over again, and had come to the conclusion that the building of this important link between the waters of the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain was a necessity. It was rather humiliating to Canada that they had to call for assistance from strangers, to help them to build a canal that should be the work of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. Skead endorsed the remarks of Mr. Currier as to the necessity of the canal. He thought it was a subject for pride to see so many wealthy men of the Eastern States present to advocate the cause of the projected canal. The want of the canal has not been from a want of money, but rather from a want of unanimity. If he was correctly informed there was any amount of capital to invest in the Eastern States, and if they could prove to these gentlemen from the East present the importance of the work, and the value of it to them, they would surely invest. The Caughnawaga Canal being built, lumber could be taken to a market for one dollar or a dollar and a half cheaper than at present. The canal would cost about three million dollars, and he believed they had money enough to build it. Outsiders might say the lumbermen here had enough to do with their money in building saw-mills, dams, and booms, but he thought they could do, and were willing to do, their share in the carrying out of the work. The scheme was a saving one. Freight would be reduced, and the saving would be directly with the consumer, as well as a great saving in freight to the skipper. Every-one should interest himself in the scheme, and take some stock if it be only one share. I think I see around me this afternoon a number of people that will come forward and give us a guarantee that in the next five months they will back us. I see a gentleman here that will give us a $100,000. I am sorry to say that our sister city is holding back, and I don't know that they know the reason why they are keeping back. Montreal should take a quarter million dollars, but then it is not for me to set up my opinion in opposition to Montreal, but I think it is short sighted, for the Montrealers to say that the Caughnawaga Canal, will interfere with their city, it will bring the grain from the West to Lachine harbor. The grain will come into the harbor of Lachine. I am sorry that we have no people from New York here; my friends from Boston will excuse me in saying that a large portion of the produce shipped by way of Lake Champlain must go to New York, I would fain hope a considerable portion will also go to Boston. A man having a large cargo of grain will ascertain the cheapest and best route to send by. I think this canal is going to be the of very greatest benefit to Montreal, also it must prove a large benefit to New York. The Legislature of New York has voted $300,000. If the State of New York consider that this canal will be so beneficial to them, my friends from Boston will have to see if they can bring their grain cheaper by railroad than any other route. The honourable gentleman then read some extracts from a Montreal paper, showing the advantages of the Caughnawaga Canal over any other, and concluded, saying,—I must in the meantime give way as there are so many to speak on this subject.

The manner in which the honourable gentleman was listened to, and the applause which greeted him on taking his seat, was an evident proof of the favour with which his argument had been received.

Hon. John Young having been introduced by the President said,

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, it is almost unnecessary before an Ottawa audience for me to say anything. I will, however, make a few remarks. The charter for this canal was obtained in 1849, unfortunately there was a general impression in Montreal that it would be injurious should the canal go seven miles past the city. The surveys for this canal were made by engineers, and at very considerable expense on the part of the Government. The route provided that the canal should leave the St. Lawrence at Lake St. Louis. During last session of Parliament an Act was passed granting a charter, that Act gave the route to the present company to depart from Lake St. Louis. It is scarcely necessary that I should point out how the advantages which the canal offers to the people of this locality, when we find the distance which would be saved over the present route. Instead of having to travel a distance of 112 miles from Lake St. Louis to Lake Champlain, the whole distance can be accomplished by twenty-five miles. If you turn again to the West, and look at the fact that one hundred million of bushels of grain are sent to the East, and when you look at British North America, at that grand grain growing valley of the Saskatchewan, and consider that all the trade from it will be attracted, we may form some estimate of the importance of the canal. He (Mr. Young) was the first to advocate the survey of the Ottawa and the construction of the Granville Canal. The Caughnawaga Canal is the first connecting link in the great chain that will ultimately bring us to the North West territory. Look at the past few years, there has not been one public work started in reference to that western trade. Look at the Erie Canal; even before it was finished the traffic became so great that it had to be enlarged. The freight would be reduced fifty per cent, and all that we have got to do is to make this Caughnawaga Canal with the least possible delay. As regards Montreal I think a mistake has been made by Mr. Skead. There has been no meeting called, and no subscription list headed. I have no doubt that the people of Montreal will look upon this matter in the most liberal light and largest possible way. The people and merchants of that city were the first to get hold of the question. I have no doubt whatever the people will see that Montreal is to be the great terminus of this canal. Instead of the St. Lawrence Canal being a profit it has been a loss. The Caughnawaga Canal will benefit not only Ottawa, but it will benefit the people of Ontario. Some years there has been upwards of fifty millions of bushels of grain sent to the States. Not only will the freight be lessened from Ontario to the New England market, but Canada will receive a large amount from vessels that go by New York. There is more timber rotting every year in the valley of the Ottawa than would go a long way to pay for this work. We have the fact before us that vessels of three hundred tons can sail through the lock of the St. Lawrence canals without breaking bulk. Our railways too instead of being only single lines will be obliged to have double ones to carry on their work. I have now merely to state that the first meeting called in reference to this canal was at Burlington, in Vermont. You see an assemblage of gentlemen from the United States such as never has been seen before in this city, who are willing to come forward and help in this movement. There is no man owning a thousand dollars that is not capable of taking one share, and he ought to do so, and the interest in this canal will increase ten fold by its being given. The city of Burlington subscribes heavily for the stock. It will depend in a great measure upon the efforts made, whether capitalists will come forward and take the stock. It occurs to me that if the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars are immediately forthcoming, the ground will be broken this October if you all do your duty.

Governor Underwood, on rising to speak, said: I did not come here expecting to meet people who had retired from business, but a people who are desirous of taking a part in the proceedings and using their influence and means to aid in an undertaking that must be beneficial to their country. Canada only requires the development of its facilities to make it the finest and most prosperous land on this continent. Canada is a country of rivers and canals, and the only difficulty about the productiveness of those rivers is that they do not open into a market. I take it for granted that every man in Ottawa knows that the great market for lumber is the United States. Your market is there. All that is wanted is a short canal through Lake Champlain to Caughnawaga. With the outlay of three millions of dollars your Rivers are open to the greatest markets of America. I need not ask you what would be the condition of the Ottawa Valley, but what would be the condition of this town if it was not for the Ottawa River. By the enterprise of the people here and elsewhere it is of infinite value, because you have had a free pass into the St. Lawrence. But were this Caughnawaga Canal and Lake Champlain Canal constructed, instead of seeing a few men here, worth a $100,000 you would then see a hundred of them. If the producer is doing business at a fair profit, he can double the amount of his profit. There must be a very great advantage to the producer as well as the consumer. There is a want of lumber in the United States for consumption, and our people are using the native wood, birch, ash, maple, bass &c., because of the expense attending the present transportation. No great amount of energy or outlay is required to construct this canal and the extent to which it would encourage and devolve the enterprise of this section was incalculable. Men who never thought of embarking in business would do so, and thus the prosperity of the whole country would be promoted.

The Hon. Malcolm Cameron then rose and after some opening remarks said that he was assured the gentlemen from Montreal came here as did the gentlemen from the United States, fully convinced that commerce rules the world, and that whatever enterprise should tend to build up Ottawa and the valley and establish its prosperity, would also add to the greatness of the greatest of Canadian cities. When the neighboring people feel that we can depend upon one anothers public spiritedness, and that we are a unit in enterprise they will not hesitate in throwing in their money and their means with us for the accomplishment of great works of advantage to both people. The Dominion of Canada has been greatly favored by nature; it possesses an enormous amount of material in the shape of lumber, minerals, furs, grains, &c. Such an almost inexhaustible store of nature, that with any people it should necessarily enrich the country that contained it. All these natural resources of the Dominion, or at least, the greater part of them, the United States must import; they need them, and they cannot do without them, and if the cost of transport were cheap, and no impediments left in the way of reciprocal trade, then we could turn this immense natural wealth into money, and as there are many articles, &c., in the United States, which we must have, great benefits could then be enjoyed on both sides. Some persons numbers of years ago made the unwarranted statement that our vast forests and mineral beds were exhausted, and even yet we occasionally hear similar expressions, but notwithstanding all this our forests will supply the United States and half Europe with lumber for many a year to come; and as for our mines of minerals, they are, we may say, exhaustless. If the Dominion of Canada and the great American Union could only be bound in the closest bonds of commercial connection then we should have prosperity and happiness over the whole North American continent, the strongest bonds of peace would be established, and we should see no longer in our countries thousands of men taken from their homes and their work to form standing armies, and, if occasion should offer, to tear one another to pieces, we should see the fatal rifle buried, and peace, happiness and prosperity reign over the continent. He thought that any man who did not realise the advantages that would accrue to Montreal by the construction of the Caughnawa Canal was very short sighted, but trade will take its course and no opposition will prevent it. Not kings, monarchs or statesmen can drive trade from its course.

Mr. Edwards being called upon, said he came to the meeting with a double object in view; first to extend his acquaintance with Canada and its inhabitants, and secondly to acquire knowledge respecting the enterprise of the people, and the prospects of making a Canal. In fine if all stood in proper attitude in his estimation, he should use his influence in his own country to go hand in hand with their neigbours of the Canadian Dominion to undertake great enterprises, and to construct great works which should be of value to both countries. A number of years ago he had the pleasure to vote for the charter of the proposed Union Pacific Railroad. At that time the enterprise was considered a visionary one—one which in the undeveloped state of the country through which it should pass could never be built, but now we see it an accomplished fact. He did not consider the Caughnawaga Canal a project of such great magnitude as some looked upon it to be. He thought it could be easily accomplished. There was a time when the mention of a million of dollars was a matter of amazement, but now people have become so accustomed to the sound of millions that they no longer start at the sound of a hundred millions. (Laughter.) The Caughnawaga Canal in itself seemed unimportant, but when we look at the immense chain of navigation of which it would form a connecting link, then it grows into importance, and by every reflecting mind the great necessity of its immediate construction is realized. If nature had only put in that 29 miles of canal, how would it have been used up to the present? (Laughter). But nature has not done this, and the question is whether art shall supplement the failings of nature. Works of this description are necessary to increase the prosperity of the Eastern States. There was a time not a very great number of years ago when the Western States and those down along the great Mississippi threatened to leave us out in the cold.

Mr. Skead—Excuse me. We should take you in. (Laughter).

Mr. Edwards would do his utmost towards the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal.

Mr. Derby was next called on and said, some allusion had been made as to the amount that the different cities, &c., should subscribe towards the work. He thought Ottawa should subscribe $800,000, the other interested cities of the Dominion would subscribe a proportionate amount, and the Union would not forget its duty. They had not the material that Canada has for the construction of such works, but they had the means of purchasing material, and they would not hold their means back from a good and profitable enterprise. They made the most of the facilities with which nature had favored them. They went largely into manufacturing. The manufactures of the Eastern States exceed those of Great Britain, not in certain articles which are extensively manufactured in England, but in the aggregate of manufactures. There is a great part of their population who live by those manufactures and the work they afford, but a good portion of the materials out of which they are made are brought from Canada, some articles being almost exclusively imported from Canada. The people of the United States look to Canada for food, shelter and raiment, and to Canada they must go for some of the articles which afford these conveniences. He would like to see another reciprocity treaty existing between the two countries. They had material in abundance which we needed and could not do without, and we had material which they required and which was equally indispensable to them, and there should be no impediment to their accommodating one another to the interchange of the surplus commodities. Some people were under the impression that the United States, or rather its inhabitants were suffering under ruinous taxation; such was not the case; so reduced was the rate of taxation at present, that in a few years it would be less on each individual than that paid by the people of Canada. The duties so collected from whiskey, beer and tobacco alone would pay the yearly interest on the United States debt. They would wind up the present year with a large surplus. There were two great barriers to reciprocal trade between the United States and Canada, one was the isthmus through which the Caughnawaga Canal is proposed to be cut, and the other consists in the restrictions to mutual interchange of merchantable commodities. The present meeting was called for the purpose of removing the first, and he hoped it would prove successful, as to the latter, however, the canal itself would go far towards destroying it, as he thought that with increased commercial relations thereby and a better understanding as a consequence between Canada and the United States, a new reciprocity treaty would be established. (Applause).

He ably contrasted the revenues of the two countries, making the proportionate revenue of the Dominion smaller than that of the United States, and he gave as the cause the restrictions on reciprocal trade. The Caughnawaga Canal he thought was an indispensable link of navigation to the two countries and it must be constructed. Were it constructed 420,000,000 feet of sawn lumber from Canada, with an immense amount of square timber would pass through it each year. And the whole commerce of the lakes would contribute to its support. The almost certain prospect of the building of the canal was giving an impetus to a great number of enterprises in the United States. In a few years a railroad would be completed by which he would be able to go to Pembina on the Red River of the North from the lake lake shore in 24 hours, and this would be built on the prospects of the Caughnawaga Canal. The canal was indispensable for the purpose of reciprocal trade, and he hoped ere long to see it an accomplished fact.

Mr. Wales, acting Mayor of Burlington, regretted that the absence of the Mayor from home furthering a railway scheme, prevented his attending the meeting. The Mayor was an engineer of great ability and one who would take a great interest in a meeting having for its object the consummation of so great a scheme. However he would represent him to the best of his ability. He remembered visiting Ottawa sixteen years ago. It was then a small place, about the size Burlington is now, and he did not at that time think there would be any business relations between Burlington and Ottawa. But in the course of time he found out his mistake, and to day he perfectly appreciated the near business relations that exist and must exist between the two places. The speaker then sketched the progress of Burlington, and the revolution railways had made in their affairs. Speaking of the canal, he said it would be of great benefit to them, and there was not a man in Burlington that did not believe this to be the case. And if it was a benefit to them it would be a benefit to Ottawa. Comparing the two places, Ottawa had made much greater progress than Burlington, for he found that the population of Ottawa was 23,000, while that of Burlington was 14,000. For her great progress in a very short time Ottawa was indebted to the lumber trade. They in Burlington acknowledged the lumber trade made them, and acknowledged their indebtedness to Ottawa for sending the lumber. The lumber trade built Ottawa up and built them up. The speaker here briefly reviewed the development of the lumber trade, and remarked upon the benefit of taking advantage of their position on the great lumber route. Burlington was not at the end of the route, for there was the New England States behind it. While they acknowledged how great a benefit the lumber trade had been to them, he hoped Ottawa was also alive to the great benefit it was to them, and that it would unite with them and take advantage of the present opportunity of building a canal that will develop it to so much greater an extent (cheers.)

Mr. Converse, Chairman of the Railway Commissioners of Massachusetts, thought the subject of the canal scheme had been calmly and ably discussed. Boston had long thought well of the scheme, leaving it to Canada to devise plans and arrange the details, and when this was done it was understood they were to give pecuniary assistance from the States. He represented a small delegation from Boston, who had come at the kind invitation of the Canadians to hear of the share they had done and what share they were willing to take, and they were there to tell what they would do in furthering this canal, which would be of great value to them. The New England States were great consumers of food and lumber, and they looked to this canal channel as being of great value to them in furnishing both of these needed articles. It was a matter of surprise to him, taking into consideration the advantages so sure to result from the building of this canal, that the enterprise remained so long without accomplishment. On coming to Ottawa they could not understand why a meeting affecting the canal should be held so far from its site, until they were told of the lumber interests of Ottawa that were to lead to the accomplishment of the canal. The New England States had been immense manufacturers, and were beginning to be immense exporters before the war began. The New England States were now again resuming their former exporting position on a larger scale than ever. This is the way he would talk to the people of Ottawa. We, the New England States, shall manufacture for the United States and ultimately for a great part of the world. Here is then a channel for your lumber and grain. Such manufacturing on so large a scale created an immense demand, and to the people of Canada he would say, "here is your market," and here is this Caughnawaga Canal the way to it; do your share in building it and we will do ours.

Mr. Barnes coincided in all that was said and left him little to say. He wished however to confirm all that had been said of the population of New England becoming a manufacturing instead of an agricultural people. The New England States, as immense manufacturers, must depend upon Canada for lumber and a cheap avenue of supply. Before the war broke out he was a large exporter of cotton, grain and lumber, and he was satisfied as to what great manufacturers for export the New England states would soon again become. If you looked at the map you would see that at the mouth of almost every river there was a city. Boston had no river, and she had to make a river of railroad iron. The speaker sketched the development of the railroad enterprise of Boston, and the part he took in furthering the Ogdensburg and Rome Railway, which he looked upon as the throat of New England. Boston could not establish a line of steamers with the great West, and what she wanted was a cheap means of direct communication. She wanted communication with Canada and the North West for fuel and wheat, and he looked upon the Caughnawaga Canal as the great means of connection. He would admit that in such a case the consumers were the most indebted. The Canadians only wanted a radius of railways to develop their immense grain growing lands. All they wanted with the Canadians was in this enterprise to show good faith. He would tell them one thing, and that was that he went in strong for Yankee enterprise, and he had only to look at this city built up in a day, and he saw real Yankee enterprise or something very like it. The Canadians were a Northern people and he believed all Northern countries to be more energetic than Southern ones. Their climate drove them to their trumps (cheers,) and he wanted the Canadians in regard to the Canal to show what their trumps were. (Sound Cheers).

Mr. J. Page, ex-Governor of the State of Vermont, said he had heard the subject of the projected canal ably discussed. Every one agreed that the canal was feasible and necessary. There were gentlemen of great wealth in the room capable without any inconvenience of subscribing large amounts in furtherance of the scheme. They had talked enough, and he wanted to see the subscription book brought out, and in it proof given of the sincerity of the meeting in carrying out the construction of the canal. (Cheers).

Dr. Grant, M. P., had heard the compliment paid to Canadian enterprise which looked so much like Yankee enterprise, but while he appreciated the compliment he thought it but fair to tell the American visitors that it was to Yankee enterprize at the Chaudiere that we are in a great measure indebted for the large mills at the Chaudiere and the development of the lumber trade of Ottawa. (Loud applause), Paying a high tribute to the Hon. John Young, the speaker went on to express his great appreciation of the canal enterprise, and concluded by stating that it was not to politics or agriculture that Ottawa was indebted for her progress, but to the pine lumber of the forests. (Applause).

Mr. Perry wanted to know upon what data the Hon. John Young founded his calculations as to the size of the locks of the Caughnawaga Canal.

The Hon. John Young explained.

Mr. Bronson in moving the fourth resolution, said he desired to refer to a remark which had fallen from Mr. Gray, one of our American visitors, when he referred to a closer union with the United States, and which he interpreted to mean annexation, and which from the silence the remark was received, he (Mr Derry) might think was sanction by the audience. But he would tell their visitors that the Canadians were devotedly attached to the Queen, God bless her, (loud cheers), and that they had not the slightest thought of casting off their allegiance to that flag that had sheltered them for so many years. (Loud cheers). Commercially they are anxious for as close a reciprocal alliance as can possibly be made, and to that kind of annexation they would have no objection, but it would go no further. (Loud cheers).

Mr. Derry stated that his remarks were misunderstood by the gentleman. What he advocated was the doing away with all Custom House barriers, and a closer commercial alliance in the shape of a Zollverein or any form the Canadians liked. He believed that any move to any connection must be entirely voluntary on the part of the Canadians. He meant no insinuation as to the loyalty of the Canadians. (Cheers.)

The Hon. John Young proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

Mr. Andrew Wood, of Vermont, on behalf of the United States visitors and on behalf of the Provisional Directors of the Canal Company thanked the Chairman and the meeting for the interest taken in the proceedings.

The vote of thanks was unanimously carried.

The Hon. John Young then proposed three cheers for the Queen, which were given with a will.

Three cheers were then heartily given for the President of the United States.

Three cheers were then lustily given for "our American visitors," and the interesting proceedings terminated.

The following resolutions were put and carried:

1st. That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable and highly important, both for the interests of the Dominion generally and of the residents in the valley of the Ottawa, that the waters of the St. Lawrence and Lake Champlain should be united by means of a canal.

2nd. That every succeeding seasom more clearly shows that the United States is, and still continues to be, the great market for Canadian lumber, and the construction of a canal to connect Lake Champlain with the St. Lawrence will, by lessening the transport from the Ottawa, give an increased value to the productions of the forest, and will be the first link in that chain of internal navigation through the Ottawa to the head of Lake Superior, which the trade of the country lying South and West of that lake will at no distant day render necessary.

3rd. That as a financial measure the proposed work should impart confidence to capitalists because, while it will open up a new route from the Western lakes through the St. Lawrence to the New England States for the surplus cereal and other products from the great North Western States, it will also open up a new route for the Ottawa lumber, which last year exceeded 400,000,000 of feet, (exclusive of square timber) and cheapen its transport about one dollar per thousand feet, compared with the rate now paid by the present circuitous route to Lake Champlain, and will also tend to give an impulse to bring into play the water power so largely available on the tributaries of the Ottawa.

4th. That His Worship the Mayor, Messrs. the Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, A. H. Baldwin, E. B. Eddie, W. G. Perley, Captain Young, and John R. Gould, be a committee to do all in their power to obtain subscriptions of stock for the proposed Canal, with power to add to their number."

5th. That the thanks of this meeting are hereby tendered to the Provincial directors of the Caughnawaga Ship Canal Company, and to the visitors from the United States, for bringing the subject before the attention of the people of Ottawa, and for the efforts they are making to secure the construction of this work.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Aug. 17.

The Terrapin Hotel was destroyed by fire this morning. The interior of the place is entirely destroyed. The adjoining shop of McIver & Co., also suffered a considerable loss. Total loss, $6,000.

Flour firmer.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 17.

Two more bodies, one woman and a man, have been picked up in the river, supposed to have been victims of the sinking of the steamer *L'Etoile*. After the inquest they were interred. One at Lotbiniere, and the other at Deschambault.

Two men were brought into the Police Court this morning, to answer for deliberately, in broad daylight, cutting a cow upon the Plains of Abraham, skinning it and selling the skin to a tanner.

The English papers here are following lead of the *Witness*, in objecting to paying taxes to support military schools, if they continue to be used as military depots for the army of the Papal Kingdom.

The children of the National School are holding a pic nic at the Island of Orleans, this morning.

The harbour is very bare of shipping at present.

The Fire Commissioners are holding an enquiry at the Court-House this morning, into the origin of the recent fire at Brissett's foundry.

THE WAR.

Another Battle—Reported Victory for the Prussians—Corps of Free Shooters Organized—Details of Battle of Woerthe—French Loss, 10,000—Prussian Loss, 7,000—A Meeting of the Irish Nationalists in New York!

LONDON, August 16.—According to most reliable advices, the evacuation of Metz was stayed by the advance guard of the Crown Prince.

Reports from Verdun state that a great battle is on, but the silence of the French authorities confirms the rumors received here of a Prussian victory.

Great consternation is produced in Paris by the declaration of a state of seige in Algeria.

BERLIN, August 16.—The Federal Council has voted to reimburse each native of Germany, expelled from France, the cost of his passage.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The *Tribune's* London despatch to-day says our special correspondent writes from Paris on Monday night. Sunday's battle was only a semblance of success or mitigation of disaster. The Germans having cut off all railway communication with Metz. Bazaine commenced to retreat across the Moselle, and proposed to follow the ordinary high road towards Verdun. When half the army was across the river he was surprised and attacked by a large force of the enemy, who after four hours fighting were repulsed with great loss.

From appearances, the Prussians once more out-generalled the French and got round in great numbers to the side of the river by which Bazaine meant to retire, and checked his retreat.

All parties seem to concur that every consideration must give way to the necessities of the hour.

The Ministry work incessantly.

Corps of free shooters are organized all over the country. Those of the Vosges are beginning to torment the enemy.

NEW YORK, August 17.—A correspondent of the *Tribune* writes details of the appearance of the field of Woerthe after the battle, and states the French loss was ten thousand, killed and wounded, and seven thousand prisoners. The German loss was seven thousand. He continues: "As we neared Worth there was a constant stream of waggons bringing down wounded men—Prussians and Bavarians and French. The poor fellows seem to bear the agony of the road in equal silence. It was rare to hear a cry, though the poor fellows' faces showed much pain.

They were a sadder sight in the blood stained bandages than the men who lay grimly on the hill side.

Woerthe itself was a mere hospital, and all the inhabitants were either nursing the wounded or burying the dead.

It was an evil for the picturesque little place that more than 100,000 men on one side and the other should have settled their quarrel so near at hand.

The event of yesterday was the capture of the little fortress of Lenchlenourg, where a large amount of military stores are reported to have been captured.

The assailants fired heavily into the place, and we heard their guns booming all yesterday forenoon.

The *Tribune's* London special says Earl Granville has addressed a long circular to the English representatives in Germany, insisting that neutrality is faithfully observed, and that equal fairness is shown to both belligerents.

The tone of the despatch is moderate and conciliatory, but clearly the Government do not intend to put any additional restrictions on the supplies to the French Baltic fleet.

The *Tribune's* correspondent from Weissenburg, says fresh regiments are constantly pouring through, and the Germans boast that they have a million of men on French soil.

The *World's* London special says:—We have no account of the French victory at the crossing of the Moselle, but the Emperor's official despatch.

There are rumors to-night that the Prussians have suffered a most serious defeat with enormous losses of men, and have been driven back to the river. These do not come from the French Government, which manifest a singular indifference to public opinion.

Disturbances in Paris have not been renewed, but there are continual rumours, traceable mainly to stock exchanges, of Republican demonstrations.

It is reported there are more authentic intimations of Republican outbreaks, and there is no doubt that Italy is threatened with immediate trouble.

The Prefects of Sienna, Arezze and Ancona, have telegraphed to Florence for troops.

It is denied that Mazzini has been arrested in Palermo.

Gen. Pisls has been sent on a secret mission to Rome.

Berlin newspapers loudly assert their belief that if the Prussians defeat the French and reach Paris, no serious defence of the city can be made.

NEW YORK, August 17.—A meeting of the Irish nationalists was held last night, and a resolution was passed requesting John Mitchell, Charles O'Connor, Richard D. Gorman, and others to act as a directory for the government of Irish affairs, and the

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU GOLD MEDAL (21 1/2) CENTS VES FOR 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTO OLBRED & CO.'S. terns post free on application.

—The Rev. William Stephenson engaged to deliver a lecture for the ng Men's Christian Association, on day evening, the 25th inst. The of his lecture will be "The Con forces of Christianity."

FIRE AGAIN.—The fire is still doing its of destruction. Tuesday Mrs. Kelly, dow, living about one mile from Bell's had her barn with the season's a number of pigs, and in fact almost the fire could consume was destroyed.

SCOTTISH GATHERING.—To-day takes the Scottish gathering at the Belle Gardens. A day of good pleasure and ment may be expected by those who Games, &c., will be competed for, in Donald Dinnie will demonstrate his lities. To the gardens.

IN TOWN.—As a young man, re on Sandy Hill, was going home at 2 o'clock this morning he was con nted by a bear, near the corner of and Gloucester streets. He gave the road and allowed the gentleman pass. He had evidently been driven of the woods by the fires.

THE MARKET.—Wednesday—There was a market this morning so far as waggons were concerned, but a small supply of edibles the most plentiful article on and sold for 60cts. and 75cts. butter for 20cts. in tub and prints; eggs 17cts. per dozen. high as $17 per ton. There prospect of hay being a scarce and this year.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—At meeting of the Young Men's Christian on Tuesday evening, Mr. W. was elected to be the President. Bronson was elected 1st Vice which office had thus been ren The Rev. Mr. Pearson, from present, and rivited the at of the association by an eloquent address. He has kindly con to address a public meeting to in the Young Men's rooms. The will commence at 8 o'clock. The are cordially invited.

—Yesterday morning at 5 a.m., Old Kirk, Wellington street, Upper by the Rev. Daniel M. Gordon, Skead to Kate, eldest daughter of Brough, Esq., both of this city. ceremony, which was attended that early hour by some forty the whole party sat down to a dejeuner at the residence of father. Among the guests we Hon. Jas. Skead and family, Dr. Emmett P. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Wil Mr. and Mrs. J. Baines, Mr. Thos. McKan and daughter, Mr. Workman and Mrs. Hall, Rev. and lady, and after an hour enjoyment of the good things pro married couple left for Montreal Queen Victoria, on their wedding accompanied to Grenville by some of the guests. We wish them health and happiness.

Presentation.

meeting of the members of the Ottawa Battery was held last evening at the for the purpose of presenting their Mr. James Forsyth, with a watch chain. The watch is a handsome gold the inner case bearing the following

"Presented to Captain James Forsyth non-commissioned officers, gunners, of the Ottawa Field Battery

following address was read by Sergt.

"Captain James Forsythe, Commanding Field Battery.

fifteen years ago for the purpose of in the defence of our common the Ottawa Field Battery was and ever since that time has itself in a state of efficiency moments notice, fully armed to fall into line with its front In the formation and sub maintenance of the Battery you been a conspicuous and promi your soldierly and hand has moulded the raw the willing and well trained soldier; and if to day Ottawa an efficient Field Battery of Ar it is in no slight degree due to perseverance and skill with have discharged the many and duties from time to time devolv you. After honorably and distinction serving your Queen in the larger field offered by army of the British Empire, with patriotic love and soldierly devoted your years of retirement in this nearest colony of sentiment of affection for spirit of devotion to their the habits of discipline and skill of arms which alone will pro free people No holiday soldier, it becomes every Volunteer risen step by step through grades of the Battery, per duties of each with honor to profit to your corps until at the distinction of commanding and we the privilege of serv Your thorough acquaint detail of your profession, acknowledged capacity to fulfill the your position, your promptitude have inspired confidence and your kindly interest in and with the individual interests of of the corps has endeared by many ties. Upon the oc recent raid, whereby the in and unprovoked attack of a des band of marauders, we were called homes and ordinary avocations to our country intact from cold and rapine, it was inspirit know that we took the field with in the coolness, interprodity of our commanding officer. permit us, as a committee of the non-commissioned officers, and drivers of the Ottawa Field to offer you in their name as a expression of our feelings towards the kindly sympathy which has between us for so many years, accompanying watch and chain, a test to be regarded for its intrinsic but as an index of the cherished toward Capt. Forsyth by the men Ottawa Field Battery. May you this little token of our esteem, kind Providence deal quietly and yours, and long spare you in command."

REPLY.

OTTAWA, 17th Aug., 1870.

Non Commissioned Officers, Gunners and Drivers of the Ottawa Field Battery.

Believe me, words cannot express my feelings at this moment, your too flattering address accompanying the handsome watch and chain you have just presented me with, I accept with pleasure, not that I deserve such a reward at your hands, far from it. My connection with the Ottawa Field Battery has always been to me one of pleasure, and in all the duties appertaining thereto I have ever met with the willing assistance of every member thereof.

In conclusion let me thank you most sincerely for your handsome present, and the too flattering address, and for your kindly expressions for me and mine.

JAMES FORSYTH, Captain,
Commanding Field Battery.

After the reply the gallant fellows enjoyed themselves until near 10 o'clock in disposing in a soldierlike way of the contents of the table and in speechmaking.

The *Official Gazette* of Sweden contains a Government notice to the effect that henceforward women in that kingdom will be allowed to practice and to study medicine on the same footing as men.

A fews days since a young man named Weinman, a Prussian, attended at the Nottingham Borough Police court with the view of becoming a naturalized English citizen. The necessary documents were presented and signed in due course.

According to the *John Bull*, a gentleman living close to Belgrave square has lately lost his wife by her elopement. The husband offered by advertisement a reward of £2 for her recovery, a sum which he subsequently increased to £5. Perhaps the sum was as much as she was worth.

A Chicago children's paper carries the publication of commendatory letters of itself too far, some think. In a late number is a letter from a lady in Iowa, who writes: "Our little Anna died last night after reading the last number of your valuable paper." People who have more children than they want should subscribe for that periodical.

Messrs Galignani, the proprietors of the well-known *Galignani's Messenger* published in Paris, having built an hospital in that city for the benefit of poor British strangers or residents, have generously offered the same to the British Government, together with an endowment for maintaining it in operation. This offer, however, the British Government has declined. All the expenses of the hospital are being defrayed by Messrs. Galignani.

☞T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

BIRTH.

On the 17th instant, the wife of Patrick Robertson, Esq., Bank of British North America, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At St. Andrew's Church, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. D. Gordon, M. A. Willis, eldest son of Robert Skead, Esq., to Kate, eldest daughter of James Brough, Esq.

DIED.

At New Edinburgh on the morning of the 17th inst., Mary, aged 5 years, the beloved and eldest daughter of the late J. W. Rimmer, Esq., Surgeon, Royal Artillery.

The funeral will take place at 5 o'clock p.m., on Thursday, the 18th inst., from her mother's residence, New Edinburgh, to the Cemetery, Sandy Hill. Friends are requested to attend without further notice.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—145 St. Paul Street.
1397 3wd

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Thursday Evening, August 18th

The performance will commence with the Serio-Comic drama entitled,

BETSY BAKER.

Mr. Mouser.......Jennie Ward
Betsy Baker.......Miss Nellie Nelson

Ballad.......Mr E. T. Clinton
Comic Song.......Mr Jennie Ward
Ballad.......Miss Nellie Nelson

To conclude with the Musical Farce entitled,

THE SOLDIERS RETURN.

Nats Tiks.......Mr Jennie Ward
Lasicett.......Miss Peterson
Corporal Max.......E. T. Clinton

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

☞MAZEPPA.☜

With new Scenery, Dress, &c.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

G P BAKER.
Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1437 3

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421 td

INVALUABLE

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S

PURE FRENCH WINES

—of—

GUARANTEED PURITY

AND

VERY CHEAP

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and BOXES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.
Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1437td

ELEVENTH ANNUAL SCOTTISH GATHERING.

The Eleventh Annual Gathering of Scotchmen and their descendants, will take place on Thursday, August 18, 1870, at the Bellevue Gardens, Hull.

This Pic-Nic will be under the auspices of the "St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa," and the proceeds will be in aid of its Charitable Funds.

The celebrated Caledonian Games, with about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS IN PRIZES, will be contested on this occasion. Some of the first Athletes of Canada, together with the renowned Scottish Champion, DONALD DINNIE, are expected to be present. Sutherland's Excellent Brass and Quadrille Bands will be in attendance.

Refreshments can be had on the grounds at reasonable rates.

Tickets, 25 cents. Can be had from E. McGillivray and J Dalglish Upper Town; Durie & Son and G. M. Holbrook, Centre Town; James Peacock and J. Curtis, Lower Town, and from members of the Committee.

By order
W R BILLINGS,
Secretary.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1434td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 25th, 1870. 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa May 18, 1870

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 28, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF

BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their ☞SHOW ROOMS,☜ so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

☞MANTLE, MILLINERY,☜

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1314 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

☞LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.☜

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.
Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa. August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.
FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1433 d

YOUNG LADIES'

LITERARY INSTITUTE
—OF—
Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,
Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.
Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS.

The subscribers will offer for Sale by

☞PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m., the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 85, of 18 9-70—Indian River.
" 86, " Petewawa
" 97,
" 160,

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co., Quebec.

Terms—One third cash and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July 1870 1412 d

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

☞VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,☜

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

at the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice view over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will required to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

P.S. Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.
1436td D. & M.

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 40 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 1 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1437 3td

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippewa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT Berth No. 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer. Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,

IN THE

CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, the 14th day of September Next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R MORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1437td14

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles East of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 164, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22 1/2 miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender, a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS OF THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Intercolonial Railway
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.
1437 6

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to noon of

FRIDAY, the 26th DAY of AUGUST INSTANT

For the erection of a BEACON LIGHT at Wade Shoal on the River Ottawa.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, Ottawa, where Forms of the Tender can also be obtained by intending contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The work is required to be completed by the 15th OCTOBER next.

P MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine.
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870 1437 4

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

☞CHEAP SALE.☜

MILLINERY AND MANTLES:

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES,

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE.

☞ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

☞*For 1s 3d.*

Fashionable New Plait,

☞*For 1s 6d.*

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

☞*For 6s 3d*

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

☞Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES;

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

☞*It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.*

R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

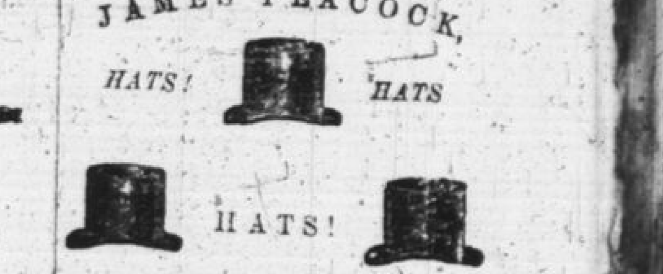
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

☞DRESS HATS,☜

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V.P. for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Bass's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for t is few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of lumber in 24 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1283 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MRS. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
July 4, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424 tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa.

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR,
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1433tf

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN.
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No. 10 Wilbrod st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1, 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Miss Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 18, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 0	@	0 0
Calves—each	3 0	@	0 0
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green New Hides	4 00	@	0 00

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA..........$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4235. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1437 3m

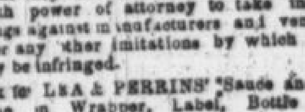
LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G F DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible] JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; [illegible] A THOMSON, T H DUNN. [illegible] Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH

MESSRS GABRIEL: Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1awk6m

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, (whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the 5th concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1432 1 w34td

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2194f

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER "FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; 'desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE,

Calumet Island, 27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1304 1

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 13 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 8 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

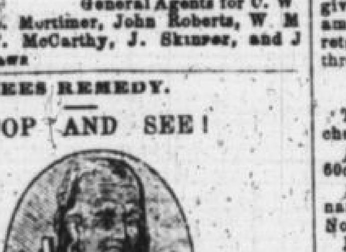
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

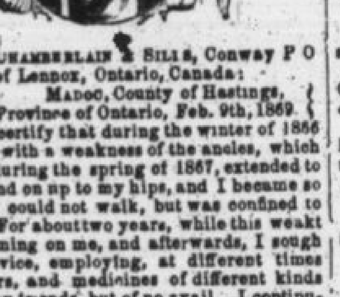
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES' REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1847 — PRIMERA CLASE — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profit, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] ll

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1416tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

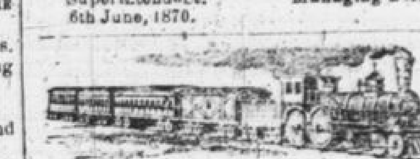
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 20	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

6th June, 1870.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Works

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will be please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing a suitable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Sarsaparilla [illegible]

they were painfully afflicted [illegible] cured in such great numbers [illegible] tion of the country, that [illegible] be informed of its virtues [illegible]

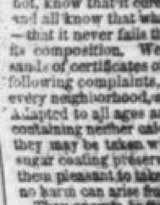
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. [illegible] tenant of the organism undermines the constitution and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. [illegible] *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sores, Eyes, Sore Ears,* [illegible] *Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy* [illegible] *Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial* [illegible] *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ulcerations, and Female Diseases* [illegible] *Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver,* [illegible] *Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears,* [illegible]

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic Medicine.



[illegible] tried it, know that it cured them; [illegible] not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. [illegible] following complaints, [illegible] Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity. [illegible]

For *Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,* [illegible] For *Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers,* [illegible] For *Dysentery or Diarrhœa,* [illegible] For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,* [illegible] For *Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings* [illegible] For *Suppression* [illegible] As a *Dinner Pill,* [illegible]

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

[illegible] Montreal, May, 1870.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P. Vice-President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq. Other Directors—[illegible] Malcolm Cameron, [illegible] McMaster, Esq, [illegible] A T Fulton, Esq, [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq. Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce. Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is consistent with safety [illegible] The Cost of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and the promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company is [illegible] Its Inspectors are always [illegible] It has no adjusted losses [illegible] It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Tuner, and Repairer, [illegible] between Dalhousie [illegible] street, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW [illegible] The Classes will re-open on [illegible] ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE [illegible] The Session will be opened on [illegible] October

FACULTY OF ARTS [illegible] The Session of this Faculty will [illegible] WEDNESDAY, September [illegible] here will be offered for competition SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships [illegible] tions, at the annual value of [illegible] Thomson Exhibition, value [illegible] Alexander Scholarship, value [illegible] Jane Redpath Exhibition, value [illegible] Scholarship, value $100. Of these 4 will be offered to [illegible] College years in Arts to [illegible] entering. A Scholarship [illegible] Copies of the Calendar [illegible] information as to the [illegible] competition, courses of study, &c. [illegible] on application to the [illegible] W C BAYNES, [illegible] Secretary [illegible]

1342 1awtf

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, [illegible] six rooms and kitchen, [illegible] burnham Hill. There is a [illegible] vegetable garden; [illegible] tached. Apply to [illegible]

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly [illegible] No. 27, in First Concession [illegible] pean, and Lots Nos. 26 and [illegible] cession, at present in the [illegible] Aylen, Esq. For further [illegible] JOHN and WM. THOMSON, [illegible] PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING and PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

June 3, 1870.

The [illegible]

VOL. V. NO. 1439. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's advertisement, in regard to the RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the EAST AND WEST, With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS, Unsurpassed on the continent. Trains will run between Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours. Stopping only at the most important Stations. ... is completed. PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS Will run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel. For further particulars see advertisements and handbills.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. 1870. Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST. Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m; Night do do do ... 7:30 p m; Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 4:00 p m; Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 a m; Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m. ... train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST. Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m; Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m; Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:30 p m; Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6:00 a m; Do do ... 3:00 p m; Express for Quebec, Island Pond, and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m. Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through. The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight. The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c. For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39 Great St. James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, May, 1870.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA. IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870. ACCELERATION OF SPEED. NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS. Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours. On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangement will be put in force, and trains will leave as follows:

GOING WEST. Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9:00 a m; Night do do ... 9:00 p m; Mixed Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7:00 a m; Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5:00 p m; Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9:15 a m, 12 noon, 3 p m, 4:00 p m, and 6:30 p m. The 3 p m Train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST. Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7:10 a m; Express for Boston, via Vermont Central at ... 9:00 a m; Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3:45 p m; Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6:00 a m; Do do do ... 4:00 p m; Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland and Lower Provinces ... 1:30 p m; Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticook and Norton Mills only at ... 10:10 p m. Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through. The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N.S., every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4:00 p.m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and freight. The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 5:00 p.m. for St. John, N.B. &c. For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39, Great St. James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. June 8, 1870. 1423tf

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa. W. McKAY WRIGHT. d1w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. W..., of the late firm of Lewis Pinney & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

M'MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 368tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

D. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hodson's Block, Sparks street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST CATHARINES, Ont. B. HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game etc., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA. EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON. Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. A. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY, Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 779y

HIGHER EDUCATION. HELLMUTH COLLEGE. Board and Tuition per annum, $226. HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE. Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum. PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron. For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West. August 9, 1870.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA. HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and ... Vinegars. MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies, ... Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines—all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY. High proof and flavor, at extremely low rates. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey; and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale at refiners' prices. THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. Now is the time for bargains. 1165

1870. 1870. SPRING IMPORTATIONS. O'MEARA & CO. Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS. THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES. Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter. Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale. A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-fed BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES. To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S. and all places west of Prescott		11.00	4.30
4.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	6.00
4.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
6.00	11.00	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
		4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage			
4.00	11.30		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	5.00
4.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.00	4.30
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	3.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

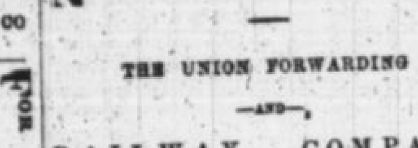
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m. Arrive ... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m. The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west. OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE. THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY. Is now open to Joachim. THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON" Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 7:30 a. m. On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock. R S CASSELS, President. 1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY. [The Model Road of Canada] To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South. NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South. Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT. Fares always cheaper than by any other Route. Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE. Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago: American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago ... 850 miles; Grand Trunk to Detroit ... 738 do; Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit ... 730 do; Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route ... 120 do. For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1364

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT, No. 14, Sparks street, Opposite the Russell House. SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00.

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey.
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine.
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FICHUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows.
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GLACE ... —Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored.
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS.

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new. Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING. WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c. &c.) LACES, Black and White Blond, HONITON and MALTESE LACES, FIGURED NETS, LACE CURTAINS, LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE COVERS, WHITE and GREY COTTONS, BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c. R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY. NEW MUSLINS, NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW BRILLIANTS, NEW FLOWERS. LINDSAY. CUNNINGHAM.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY. NEW HOSIERY, NEW KID GLOVES, NEW LISLE GLOVES, NEW SILK GLOVES. Rideau street. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

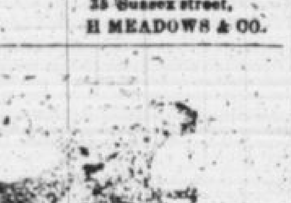
GREAT CLEARING SALE. SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS, For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock READY MADE CLOTHING Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself. T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Dr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Hardware.

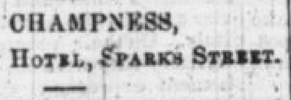
FOR HOT WEATHER. ICE CREAM FREEZERS, REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS, BATHS of all kinds. Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors. IRON BEDSTEADS, CHILDREN'S CRIBS. A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England. Capital Stove Depot, 33 Sussex street, H MEADOWS & CO.



SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!! AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS. At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of Grass and other Scythes. Blood Hill er Steel, all lengths. Blood Cast Steel, Blood German Steel, " Pride of the Field Silver Steel, Bonnie Blue Bell, " Red River or Champion " Flint's Celebrated Scythe, Whittings Eureka Scythe ground, ready for use. Hay Rakes, straight and bent. Hay Forks two and three prongs. Straw Forks, three prongs. Scythe Snathes, Grain Cradles Muley and Grape-Vine. Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes. —ALSO,— A complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c. &c. THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau street. Ottawa, 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c. All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c. IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Ware Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dish ... Saucepans, &c., &c. Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware. —ALSO— FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1452 1y

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand. Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1



CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES. W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET. MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of Horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers. Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1467tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached, the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 5 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS. Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox. Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd. Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa. July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned. JNO. LEGGO. Ottawa, August 16, 1870. 1481 3

TO LET. THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS THE BEST STAND ON SUSSEX STREET. Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises. Ottawa, 5th August. 1436-1m

The English Press on the Secret Treaty.

Daily Telegraph, July 26.

The present juncture is not a time when we should shrink from looking facts boldly in the face; and if the document is authentic, we owe it to Prussia that not England but Germany is now the object of French hostility. Meanwhile, until further information, we must decline to accept so extraordinary a statement, without more positive proof than any which has been adduced. The queries to which this sensational piece of intelligence gave rise in Parliament last night elicited little in the way of either corroboration or refutation from Her Majesty's Ministers. Indeed, on the face of the thing, it was impossible that the Government could either deny or affirm the report upon the spot. It is difficult to understand why Count Bismarck, if he was in possession of a document so damnatory, and so certain to rally English sympathy to the side of Prussia, should keep it secret, or why, if he wished to make it public, he should do so through the medium of a foreign newspaper.

Standard, July 27.

At first sight the "treaty" looked like a poor squib—the work of some Englishman unaccustomed to the employment of the French language, utterly ignorant of what we may be excused for calling the literature of treaties. It looks to us so still, and we have not the slightest hesitation in saying that no such document could ever have emanated from the French Foreign Office. The diplomatic traditions which were its glory may have died out; the bright, clear, sharp, yet delicate style, may have been lost as completely as the Rose Du Barry, at Severs, but it is impossible that any French diplomatist could draw up a treaty so incorrect in form and expression as that which the *Times* published yesterday. But our contemporary pledged its reputation to the authenticity of this apparent invention, and, naturally enough, the public and eminent members of Parliament, confiding in the declaration of the conductors of a leading English newspaper, suppressed their doubts and assumed its correctness. We believe the *Times* published the treaty to stimulate hatred of France in England, to give fuel to a flame which has already flared but too much, and, what is worse, to hurry England into actual hostility against France. There is but one motive that could impel England to intervene in this contest, and that is the maintenance of the independence and neutrality of Belgium. Both belligerents had protested their resolve to respect that independence and neutrality; the English Government declared itself sat sfied on that point. All this hubbub and virtuous indignation because our contemporary could not get the Emperor to aid it in a trade speculation.

Morning Post, July 26.

We should like to arrive at the King of the Belgian's estimate of this ridiculous document. He is a statesman of great acuteness, and it would be interesting to learn, after his experience of the conduct of France, what he thinks of this doggrel treaty with its absurd provisions. We do not hesitate to say that he would not think it worth the paper it was printed on. If, indeed, it had foundation in fact, the course of England is marked out unmistakably. This country would go to war for the observance of its treaty guarantees towards Belgium, and for the preservation of Antwerp from French occupation. But this fact is known to a neighbor who has ever shown himself solicitous not to wound our susceptibilities. We might, therefore, be somewhat careful reciprocally to spare his sense of honor. It is unworthy of us to assume that this clumsily phrased treaty which starts by setting forth the King of Prussia as the first contracting party, and which, therefore, according to diplomatic usage, is of Prussian origin, which is written "in the oriental language," in French that will not stand the scrutiny of any scholar, has had its birth and inception in the French Foreign Office. The *Times* may ultimately regret the haste with which in this age of sensation mongering it has pledged its reputation to the authenticity of this trash.

SPORTING.

The challenge of the Sarsfield Club has been accepted by the Young Shamrock.

A Canadian eleven beat an Old Country eleven at cricket, last Saturday, in Peterboro'.

The report that Fulton, the "stroke" of the Paris crew had injured himself by over-training is contradicted.

The Shamrock Lacrosse Club of Kingston beat the Beaver Club of Gananoque in three straight games on Wednesday morning last in Kingston.

A sweepstakes race for boats belonging to the Halifax Sailing Club came off in Halifax last week. Four schooners and eight sloops entered, and the prize was won by the *Dreadnaught*, owned by Mr. J. Morris.

The Halifax Corporation gives $50 annually to the regatta of the Halifax Boating Club, $24 as a special prize, and three of its aldermen personally manage the annual scull race. No wonder the Maritime Provinces produce fine oarsmen.

The match trotting race over the Brantford Mile Driving Park, is postponed to the 31st inst.

The Base Ball match between the Wroxeter and Bluevale clubs came off on Friday last which resulted in favor of Wroxeter.

A pleasant and interesting game of Base Ball was played between the Acton and Milton clubs, on the grounds of the latter, on Saturday last. Acton, as usual, came off victorious.

A game of Billiards, 1,000 points up, for $50 a side, was played at Hamilton, between James Bennett, of Toronto, and James Phelan, of Hamilton. Phelan won by 40 points.

Captain Herbert, of St. Johns (Q.) a most indefatigable yachtsman, has just purchased a steam yacht, which will, doubtless, prove very serviceable for ducking excursions on the Richelieu River.

The first race of the season of the Thames Rowing Club, London, Ont., came off on Tuesday evening. The race was four miles, two crews starting in the "Trinity" and "Cannuck." The latter boat won by a quarter of a mile in 35 minutes.

A match took place on Friday morning, the 12th inst., between the 1st twelve of the Maple Leaf and the 2nd twelve of the Dominion Club of Montreal. The Dominion took the first, and the Maple Leaf the second, third and fourth games; the match occupied about an hour and a half. On the side of the Dominion, C. Armstrong, Starke, and J. Shea, proved themselves very efficient and that on the Maple Leaf, Geo. Robinson, the Armstrong, Walker, and Choquette, acquitted themselves very creditably. The latter Club play a very scientific game, and had they more strength, would prove a match for some of our first-class clubs. The entire absence of rough or foul play was one of the pleasing features of the game.

The matches arranged after the Caledonia games on Thursday last at Montreal, between Moffatt, of the Shamrock Lacrosse Club, and Biggar, of Lancaster, came off on Saturday afternoon. In the running hop, step and leap, Moffatt was declared the winner. In the running long leap, and the race of 100 yards, in heats, however, Biggar proved himself the better man. In the flat race between West, of Toronto, and Armstrong, an amateur of this city, the former won. The hurdle race gave rise to a dispute. When they got the word to start West is said to have been over the scratch, and consequently Armstrong refused to run. The other, notwithstanding, ran over the ground and won the stakes. West afterwards rode Bernard Tansey's horse 100 yards against Nelly Vosburg, and again won. If the race had been limited to about 75 yards, Vosburg would doubtless have won the race. The matches in the first case between Moffatt and Biggar were for $200, and each of the other matches for $50 a side.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Loafers are a burden to Montreal.

A regatta on Lake Muskoga is on the tapis.

Western papers say the peaches are small this season.

Cruelty to animals cases are severely punished in Montreal.

Barrie is having a series of moonlight excursions to the delight of the inhabitants.

London the little boasts of its melons and tomatoes.

The brakesmen on the Great Western Railway are to be uniformed.

Barrie is now permitted to call itself a town.

Sarnia had a civic holiday on Monday.

The Admiralty Court is now in session in Halfax.

Toronto has a young woman who lately ran away with a neighbor's son and seven hundred dollars.

Toronto has hot days, but "delightful cool evenings."

London the little has had unbearably hot weather.

Owen Sound boasts that at last it has won a cricket match.

Pembroke has had a grand excursion to Des Joachim.

Strathroy intends to spend this year $1,700 in drams.

Caradoc is erecting a Township Hall at a cost of $1,200.

The West Middlesex fall show will be held at Strathroy on the 21st of September.

The children of the three Presbyterian Sabbath schools, Chatham have arranged to pic-nic at Detroit on the 18th inst.

The cutting of the drains for reclaiming the swamp lands in the township of Raleigh, has been awarded to Elliott & Co., of Brantford, for $31,000.

Mr. Matthew Ellwood, 4th concession McGillivray, died on the 24th ult. He had resided in the township twenty-four years.

Mr. S Squires, London township, sold to a gentleman from Ohio, a two year old ram of the Leicester breed that turned the scales at 310 lbs.

The steamer *Mary Ward*, of Chatham, which was sunk near Montreal, is again making her regular trips.

Crops in the neighborhood of Wardsville are looking well, but wheat and hay have suffered a great deal.

The Great Western mills, Woodstock, owned by Mr. J. Forrest, and situated near the railway station, have been burned down.

Eight hundred Odd-fellows visited Orillia.

The Mara and Rama Agricultural Shows takes place on the 29th Sept.

Orillia wants a Grammar School.

In Dalston neither a wedding or a birth has taken place for months.

Real estate in the village of Woodville Ont. is looking up.

Fenelon Falls says contrary to expectation the crops are turning out well.

Lindsay advertises superior and genuine native wines.

The silver nuisance continues to be a grievance to Sarnia.

St. Catherines has had a fireman's promenade.

All Thorold is going on a visit to Toronto on the 23rd inst.

A joint Stock Company is going to build a grain warehouse in Elora.

Guelph and Elora are to have their holidays on the same day.

ITEMS.

London is the hottest and Liverpool the coolest city in England.

China claims to have had life insurance companies 3,000 years ago.

Salmon is incomparably more numerous in Scotland than in Norway.

The cable connecting France with Algeria has been successfully laid.

Prussia, France and Italy have all being buying horses in Ireland lately.

Several failures of stock brokers in Liverpool and Manchester are announced.

The Goodwood Cup was won by Sir J. Hawley's b. c. Siderolite, four year old.

England rejoices in the abolition of turnpike gates and bars across the highways.

Sir William Ferguson, Bart., has been elected President of the Royal College of Surgeons.

The Assembly Rooms at Reading, England were destroyed by fire on Sunday night, July 31st.

A Feast of Roses was held recently at Darmstadt, and prizes were conferred by the Grand Duke.

The British Museum library contains 1,600,000 volumes, and is doubling itself every fifteen years.

Gladstone's salary as Prime Minister is to be raised to £8,000 a year. His is now receiving £5,000.

The thermometer in Paris recorded at average temperature of over ninety degrees during the heated term.

The largest farm in England consists of 3,000 acres. The live stock kept on this farm is valued at £64,500.

It is estimated that the European war will cost each nation engaged from thirty to fifty million dollars a month.

Dumas, the elder, is the guest of a wealthy Madrid banker, who has engaged him to write a history of modern Spain.

The drought in Europe is creating an increased demand for American hay, and 29,617 bales have been exported from New York.

EXPORTATION OF STOCK TO CANADA.—The following sums have been paid by Mr. M. H. Cochrane, of Montreal, Canada, through his agent Mr. Thornton:—Two years ago a yearling heifer was purchased for 1,000 guineas, and 2,500 guineas have been paid to Captain Gunter for a pair of two year old in-calf heifers. Duchess 101st and Duchess 103d. Fifteen hundred guineas have also been given to Mr. T. C. Booth for Lady Grateful, own sister to the prize cow Lady Fragrant. Several prize animals were bought at the Royal Show at Oxford, and a large number of pure-bred heifers from their breeders, Messrs. Aylmer, J. B. Booth, T. Barnes, Foljambe, Bruere, Storer, Dudding, Game, Christie, Bromet, Beethe, Davies, and Drake. Most of these upwards of 40 head, with a large number of Cotswold sheep and pigs left Liverpool by the *North American*, for Montreal, on Tuesday, the shipment being valued at more than 15,000*l*.—*London Times.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Young Ladies' Seminary—Miss. A. M. Harmon.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 30, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1870.

THE FIRE.

In other columns we are enabled to lay before our readers a very graphic and reliable account of the progress of the terrible fire which surrounds us, and which has already rendered so many people homeless and destitute, who but a few hours since were in comfortable circumstances. We now call upon the authorities to take immediate measures to provide for the relief of our unfortunate neighbors. Not a moment should be lost, for it must be remembered that many of them are now completely destitute, and have not wherewithal to pay for food or shelter. At such a time as this, it becomes the duty of all of us to do the utmost we can to assist our suffering fellow countrymen.

Honorable Mr. Campbell was to leave England for Canada yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Tilley is expected to arrive here to-night.

The following ministers are now in Ottawa: Sir G. E. Cartier, Sir Francis Hincks, Honorable Messrs. Langevin Mitchell, Chapais and Morris.

L'Evenement asserts that Sir John A. Macdonald's visit to Prince Edward Island will be attended with great political results, and that his return to public life will be signalized by the admission of Prince Edward Island to the Dominion.

The N. Y. *Tribune* is reluctantly compelled to admit that if Belgium were attacked by any power, "Great Britain would at once declare war and ere five days had passed, the English troops would be in Brussels and her ironclads sweeping the channel."

The Government have for some time been in negotiation with the North West Telegraph Company, and we understand that they have made arrangements for the construction of a telegraph to Fort Garry. The work will be proceeded with at once.

We understand that the Government are about to send parties to Lake Nipegon for the purpose of ascertaining the best route for a railway through the country adjacent to the lake. One exploration will be made westward, and another south between Lakes Nipegon and Superior.

Want of space prevents us from doing more at present than simply to direct attention to the letter from "an old Lumberman," which appears in another column. We have no doubt that the enterprise and foresight which characterized the people of Ottawa in the past, will be displayed now in reference to the Caughnawaga Canal.

The New York *Sun* says that Russia is availing herself of the present European complication to consolidate her empire in Central Asia. The *Sun* adds:

"If our Government were to show a similar energy in pushing our claims against England during the present crisis, its success might be equal to that of Russia."

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

A correspondent of an American paper has lately been travelling through Canada, and expresses himself as being much pleased with the country and its people. In regard to the Grand Trunk Railway, of which he had heard and read so much abuse from interested persons and papers, he says:—

"I was surprised in finding its track smooth, well ballasted, and in most excellent condition, while its passenger cars and numerous stations and houses for refreshments are superior for cleanliness and good order to those of any railroad in the States over which I have travelled. Added to this, the conductors, station agents, brakesmen, and baggagemen give civil replies to all alike, be they priest, mechanic, laborer, or lawyer. Everything shows that this great railway has a working practical head, capable of giving proper orders and of enforcing strict obedience thereto. Curious to learn how such a system was inaugurated and carried out, I inquired of a subordinate, and he replied—'Sir, Mr. C. J. Brydges is the managing head of the road; he thoroughly knows his business, and any order emanating from him is at once carried out and no questions asked.' Then I asked myself, 'would not some of our Yankee railways be more safely worked and the public be better served, if they would adopt this same plan of one practical managing Superintendent, instead of being run by Boards of Directors devoid of all personal experience, and who, sitting in carpeted offices, are continually giving orders which merely interfere with and obstruct the proper movement of trains, &c?' and echo answered, 'undoubtedly so.' Mr. Brydges may well feel proud of the success which has so far attended his management of the Grand Trunk Railway."

The Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway and his subordinates may also feel proud of this unqualified praise from a thoroughly disinterested source. There is abundant evidence to prove that the Grand Trunk Railway has passed through its ordeal of trial and difficulty, and that it may soon lay claim to be the most successful, as it now is the best managed line upon this continent. In this connection we cannot refrain from comparing the management of the Grand Trunk Railway with that of the Great Western, since the management of the latter was transferred from Mr. Swinyard into other hands. Both lines are to a great extent dependent upon the "through" or American traffic, but while the manager of the Grand Trunk has never allowed it to interfere with the local trade so necessary to the promotion and encouragement of Canadian interests, we are frequently hearing complaints that the local traffic on the Great Western is neglected for the sake of the American traffic. It is in all respects gratifying to know that the Canadian business done by the Grand Trunk line is every year assuming more considerable proportions; and that a Railway Company which has done so much to build up Canada, is soon likely to reap a satisfactory return from the country whose interests it has always striven to promote.

The Dominion authorities cannot too quickly enquire whether or not Lieutenant Ewen is the man to be retained in a situation requiring good judgment and great discretion. We say nothing as to whether he was right or wrong in the case now before the Police Court. But the man who forcibly resists the civil authorities, who talks loudly and blusteringly about his authority, about his "two commissions," and who brings an opera glass into Court to look at a Magistrate who sits but ten feet from him, can if he is not drunk or crazy, have very little judgement. How much easier and better it would have been for Lieut. Ewen, the moment he found the Police Magistrate "wanted" him, to have informed the police that he would at once accompany them. He would have saved himself from indignity. Had he gone to the Police Magistrate and explained his course he would have saved the country the wretched spectacle of a conflict between two distinct authorities—a conflict that it should be the aim of every man in authority to avoid; and he would have given the people assurance that he is a man well fitted to perform the important duties entrusted to him. But, should he even now succeed in proving himself right in the case for which he was arrested, his after conduct most unmistakeably proves that he is entirely unfitted for the situation he occupies.

We cut the above from the St. John, N. B., *Globe* of the 13th inst., and endorse every word of it. It matters very little what are the merits of the case. The fact is too plain that Mr. Ewen is totally unfit for the important and delicate duties which devolve on the Captains of these marine police vessels. He has succeeded thus far in creating for himself an unenviable notoriety by acts which fortunately are confined to our own people; but no opportunity should be given him to try his eccentricities on foreigners. His prompt suspension by the Minister of Marine may prevent further difficulties. If the newspaper reports of the police court investigation at St. John, be true, the Government ought at once to dismiss this man.

INTERRUPTION BY FIRE.

The fire has again destroyed communication with Montreal by the Peoples line. On Wednesday night the fire burned down a number of poles at the Gatineau, which interrupted communication during part of yesterday, but by the evening the damage had been repaired, and the line was in working order up a to late hour last night. Shortly after midnight, however, a number of poles were again destroyed, making communication impossible, and consequently we have been unable to receive our usual midnight despatches.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

I had great pleasure in attending the meeting that took place in your City Hall, on the subject of the Caughnawaga Canal, and rejoiced to find that, that great work is forcing its importance on the enterprising and commercial people of Burlington and Boston; but I think there seemed an impression on the minds of the speakers that the people of Ottawa had been slow to discover its importance to them. This is really unjust, and while I feel that no more than justice was done to the Hon. John Young for his long, persevering and vigorous energy in this behalf, I was surprised that no Ottawa man vindicated the enterprise of Ottawa, or did justice to many who have passed away, and to others who still remain among us, who over twenty years ago, through the press, at public meetings and in a series of resolutions published, every fact, allegation, and commercial truth set forth at your last meeting. I read in the report of public meetings held in Ottawa, on the 3rd and 10th of October, 1849, relative to the Caughnawaga Canal, on the 3rd of October, John McKinnon, Esq., in the chair, Francis Clemow, Esq., Secretary.

It was moved by John Scott, M.P., seconded by Charles Sparrow, Esq., that this Canal would be of vital consequence to the staple trade of the Ottawa.

Moved by W. F. Powell, Esq., seconded by A.R. McDonnell, that the Hon. T. McKay, the Hon. Hamnett Pinhey, J. Aumond, J. Thomson, W. Stewart, F. Bearman, J. Scott, E. Malloch and G. P. Lyons be a committee, &c., to obtain statistics.

Moved by J. Friel, seconded by J. F. Bearman, that this meeting was decidedly of the opinion that a direct route from Lake St. Louis to Lake Champlain, would possess far superior advantages to the Ottawa trade, over any other.

The Committee appointed on that day reported to the meeting held on the 10th October, in a report of seven closely printed pages, all the facts, and statistics connected with the whole trade of the ports of Montreal, Albany and New York and pledged themselves to the fullest support of this work.

It was moved by J. McCracken, seconded by R. Stetham, that the report be adopted.

Moved by John Poter, that a Committee be composed of J. Scott, W. F. Powell and F. C. Keiter, to make arrangements for the publication of the said report.

It was then moved by Mr. Keiler, seconded by Mr. Burke, that a Committee be appointed to defray expenses.—Carried unanimously.

It will thus be seen that twenty-one years ago the people of the Ottawa Valley were neither ignorant of their own interests nor unwilling to do their duty; but from that narrowness of view in regard to public improvements sectional and ministerial, which made men like William Hamilton Merritt and John Young appear as beggars to the public treasury to do that which long ere this would have made our public works profitable, and our revenue like the Erie Canal. But we desire not to look back, no matter whose fault it is. If the commerce of the country now demands from the Canadas and the six Eastern States this important outlet, as the names, character and wealth of the delegation from Boston and Burlington, and the feelings of the people of Ottawa indicate, let our Government do as the English Government did in the Welland Canal—take stock in this Canal to a million of dollars; the American capitalists their million of dollars, which they are ready and willing to do; Montreal and Ottawa will readily supply their half million, and this great work will be accomplished without being a burden to any one.

AN OLD LUMBERMAN.

Another game for the base ball championship of Canada came off at Guelph on Monday, between the Guelph and Woodstock Clubs. The game was intensely exciting, being witnessed by over four thousand spectators, and resulted in favor of the Guelph Club, by a score of 34 to 13.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

Particulars of the Late Battles—French Completely defeated—10,000 prisoners taken—A Flank Movement—The French Army in full retreat.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Despaches received this afternoon contain a few meagre accounts of the battles of Sunday and Monday last. The former was not decisive, but Monday's battle was a great triumph for Prussia. It took place between Metz and Verdun, the Prussians outnumbering the French nearly three to one. A portion of the French army was cut off and driven to take refuge in Metz. The main body of the army is in full retreat to Chalons in a broken and demoralized condition. The whole was the result of a flank movement on part of the Prussians who crossed the Moselle higher up than the French, and attacked their left flank. The French loss in killed, wounded and prisoners, according to most moderate estimates, is not less than 10,000 men.

EVENING DESPATCH.

BERLIN, August 18.—The following official news was made public:

Pont a Mousson, Wednesday evening.—General Alvensteben advanced yesterday, with the third corps, towards the east side of Metz, on the line of the enemy's retreat towards Verdun. He encountered severe fighting with the division of Generals Desoau, Ladmirault, Frossard, Canrobert, and the Imperial Guard.

Gen. Alvenstaben was sustained at Crosseville, by the tenth army corps and by a detachment of the 8th and 9th, commanded by Prince Frederick Charles. The enemy was driven in upon Metz, in spite of his great superiority of forces after a severe combat of twelve hours. Losses on both sides were heavy.

Prussian Generals Doering and Widel were killed: and General Rausch and Grusher were wounded.

King William to-day saluted the troops on the field of battle, which is gloriously maintained.

LONDON, August 18.—Telegrams from Paris give the following resume of the events since Sunday:

On that day the French army engaged the Prussians before Metz. The latter suffered heavy losses. The French retired on Verdun.

On Monday the Emperor was at Gravelotte with 60,000 men. Subsequently there occurred engagements at Longueville and other places, the French constantly fighting and retreating contesting every step.

On Tuesday the Emperor passed through Verdun and reached Rheims where he now is.

The Paris *Presse* says the report that the Prussians demanded an armistice in order to bury their dead, is fully confirmed, and praises Bazaine for not acceding it. The peasants must bury the dead, and the army continue its work of annihilating the enemy.

The French forces increases constantly.

LONDON, August 18.—The *Telegraph* has the following from Brigton, fourteen miles north west of Metz:—An obstinate struggle occured near Marsle town yesterday. It is supposed the engagement was general, large numbers of wounded from both armies, arriving at Briey. Travellers report that a vast body of Prussians were thrown back upon the Moselle by the Imperial Guard. The Prussian artillery was entrenched between Briey and St. Jean.

The reduction in the minimum rate of discount of the Bank of England to 4½ per cent. gives greater steadiness to the markets both here and at Liverpool.

NEW YORK, August 18.—Information from Verdun this Thursday morning, reports that a great battle is in progress near Malatour, a point about one-third the way on the road from Metz to Verdun. A large number reported wounded on both sides. No particulars.

Generals Froissard and Batsile are reported wounded.

A special despatch from Berlin states that another attempt has been made for peace between France and Prussia.

The Queen's messenger arrived at Berlin yesterday with proposals of peace from the English Cabinet.

The Emperor of the French expressed his readiness to treat for peace, and proposals were made through Lord Lyons.

The King of Prussia and Bismarck were telegraphed to at headquarters. The King replied that if Napoleon wished for peace he must ask for an armistice in the usual way; the issue must be decided either by arbitration or war.

The *Democrat* has the following:—"Advices from Paris state that M. Emile Ollivier and his wife have fled from France to Italy. On their progress through French territory they were assailed with most vehement expressions of hatred from the people.

Prince Napoleon has sent his children to Praguimo. The Prince has also removed his valuables from the palace.

PARIS, August 18.—Different battles around Metz were fought by third and fourth corps. About 40,000 French troops were engaged. The Prussian loss is estimated at 20,000. The French loss was comparatively small, owing to the aid afforded by the canon of adjacent fortresses. The investment of Strasbourg is so slack that the French troops have entered and reinforced the garrison. Provisions also have been carried there without attempt at the capture. The Paymaster of the French army left there with a large amount of treasure without any hindrance whatever. It would seem that as the Prussians have no seige trains they have given up all idea of a regular seige. Having attacked Pfalsbourg unsuccessfully, the Prussians retired to the Valley of Dorseaheim, to assure their communications which are pretty certain.

Prince Royal of Prussia was wounded in one of the battles round Metz.

An official despatch from Marshal Bazaine claims a great victory over Prince Frederick Charles and Gen. Steinmetz, between Damenth and Bionville.

Marshal Bazaine in endeavoring to fall back from Metz to Verdun was attacked at nine o'clock on Tuesday morning by the 5th Division, and forced to face about.

The Prussians were admirably firm though they sustained the attack of four French Corps, among them the Imperial Guards.

After fighting gallantly six hours the Prussian 5th division was reinforced from the 10th corps.

These reinforcements arrived opportunely. The French found that a protraction of the contest would be impossible, and retired upon Metz with a loss of 2,000 prisoners, two eagles and several cannons. The French utterly disregarded the Convention of Geneva by mutilating the dead, firing on surgeons, ambulances, &c.

PARIS, Aug. 18th.—The *Soir* says it was feared that important railway communications were to be cut by the enemy, which would thwart the present movement of the French army. The General commanding at Chalons was sent with a strong column to prevent this movement of the Prussians, and to assure our communications. The column arrived in time and accomplished its mission.

The *Temps* to-day says that M. Ollivier and wife have gone to Italy.

The French authorities continue to send away Germans who are considered suspicious.

The *Journal la France* says in this connection, that even in boudoirs of great ladies, search must be made for enemies of the country. The article creates a sensation.

BERLIN, August 18.—Advices are just received of a naval engagement off the Island of Mugen in the Baltic, and say that one division of the Prussian fleet, consisting of the gunboats *Dreck*, *Blitz* and *Salamander* yesterday, at 4 p. m., encountered the French fleet, consisting of four armored frigates, a corvette and some other craft. The Prussians soon withdrew without loss.

NEW YORK, August 18.

The *World's* London correspondent telegraphs that there are continual reports of engagements, but they refer to a series of conflicts necessarily entered upon between the two armies by their vast numbers and the extent of the lines on which they are moving. The Prussians will doubtless leave Vendum behind them, as they have left Metz, Thionville, Stratsbourg and other fortifications. It is believed on the best authority that the French will concentrate at Chalons, with 200,000 men and one thousand guns, and that the Prussians will attack with 500,000 men and 400 guns.

The actions of yesterday, Monday and Tuesday, must be considered merely as preliminary to one of the greatest conflicts the world has ever seen.

It is thought here to be imperative upon both armies to bring on a decisive battle as soon as possible, for political rather than military reasons.

All sorts of stories are hourly reaching us about preparations of the Empress for flight.

The English opinion is that the Emperor is struggling desperately, and must be defeated.

It is understood that if Prussia wins she will demand the expenses of the war, with the cession of Loraine and Alsace.

Upon this understanding rest the fears of European complications.

Russia is beginning to press the English Government for an understanding to maintain the balance of power.

There are rumors of agitation among the Germans of Baltic, Russia, and of the mobilization of a Russian army for the Prussian frontiers.

Everything for the moment depends upon the result of Bazaine's battle before Chalons.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 18.

Pat Davey was examined yesterday before Colonel R. L. Dennison and Ald. Baxter. He repeated his story published. At the conclusion of his examination the prisoner Kennedy applied for release on bail, this was refused. He will be brought up before the Police Magistrate to-day. Owing to Davey being somewhat exhausted after his examination, Dr. Lizars will not extract the bullet for a day or two.

Bishop Farrell passed through yesterday on his way to Hamilton.

Weather on the Bay is very squally. Some accidents have occurred, but none serious.

MONTREAL.

Destructive Fire—Thirty houses burned—300 People Homeless.

MONTREAL, Aug. 18.

Early this morning a very serious conflagration occurred on the line of St. Joseph street, about a quarter of a mile beyond the toll gate, resulting in the destruction of some thirty tenement dwellings and cottages, and rendering nearly three hundred people homeless. The scene proper of the fire was in what is officially known as the village of Cote St. Augustine, lying between the St. Joseph suburb and the Tanneries village, and where there is no water power or hydrants, nor could even a fire engine be found to assist in extinguishing the flames which raged so furiously, and threatened at one time the destruction of the entire village.

The value of the property destroyed is estimated to be about 60,000 dollars.

The child of a German immigrant died suddenly this morning at the Bonaventure depot.

The cars of the City Passenger Railway Company now run out to the Toll gate beyond the Mile End.

About 40 Zouaves left to-day for Rome. The Rev. Mr. Piche, lately at Terrebonne, accompanied the Zouaves, and they left under his charge this afternoon. At the railway station about 300 people went to see them off, also the executive officers of the enlistment committee.

Two Fenian rifles and a Fenian uniform will be sold at auction to-morrow.

Yesterday, as the afternoon train from Lachine, with the passengers of the *Prince of Wales*, was approaching the city, the locomotive came in collision when near Seigneiurs street, with a pilot engine and a long train of cars. The concussion was very severe, and many persons received slight bruises. One lady was severely bruised about the face.

Flour firm, and about 15 cents higher, owing to the advance in the Western markets.

Mr. Perry, Fire Inspector, has received a telegram from Vandreuil, which states that the village is on fire. A high wind is blowing, and the fire is spreading very rapidly. A portion of the Fire Brigade has left with special train for Vaudreuil.

Weather warm.

QUEBEC.

The Mail Steamer *Quebec* Aground—Terrific Thunder-storm—Loss of Life, &c.

QUEBEC, August 18.

The steamer *Quebec* due here this morning, is aground somewhere in Lake St. Peter, on an island.

No mails to-day.

A terrific thunder storm from the North-west with a whole hurricane of wind struck the city this morning, at two o'clock. Several vessels in the harbor received great damage to their spars, rigging and sails, and a river pilot named Jean Ruel was carried bodily off the deck of the ship *Sea Gull* and drowned. His body has not yet been recovered. The ship was nearly capsized; the *Sea Gull's* sails were carried away, but she was saved from going ashore by letting go both anchors. Deceased is aged 67, and leaves a wife and two children.

No further disasters from this morning's storm yet reported.

The Great Fire

Latest Particulars.

For several weeks past intelligence has reached the city from time to time of the fearful fires that were raging unchecked in the woods, destroying fences, haystacks, barns, and latterly houses. Secure in the city, we only shrugged our shoulders, gave vent to a sympathizing "poor people in the country," or a more demonstrative, "Tis terrible. The loss to the farmers must be immense," and straightway forgot all about the circumstance. At a later date the smoke from the extensive conflagrations raging darkened the horizon, and during the day the view on every side was bounded by heavy dark banks of black looking clouds, which people walking on the Parliament Buildings' bluffs, on the Majors Hill, or other elevations, saw and exclaimed, "What are these terrible big black clouds." Oh! would be the reply, "that is the smoke from the fires in the woods" and as if this was a matter too insignificant to be again thought of the conservation ceased. Meanwhile the papers in curt paragraphs would give an account of such a farmer losing his barns or another his house, or his fences, and in some instances his cattle, and gravely remarked upon the necessity of rain. But as this did not immediately affect us we were again generous in sympathy and indifference.

THE MARCH OF THE FLAMES.

From every quarter the fires steadily approached the city, until at night the red glare lighting up the Heavens, would tell of the terrible body of fire that was stalking through the country, and its close vicinity. Then it was, the news came fast and furious, of the residence of well-known persons living in the pretty suburbs, being in danger, and the necessity for some steps being taken if possible to stem the tide of fire. Some wise men went out in different directions, and saw the bodies of fire and gave it as their opinion that "it was true, immense fires were raging in the woods close by, but beyond a few houses in the country, there was no immediate danger," and again the matter was forgotten until a new and disagreeable reminder came in the shape of a thin blue smoke which stuck with great obstinacy around the Parliament buildings, Lower Town, and other portions of the city, and which would insist upon getting thicker and more yellow, and making people to exclaim "The horrible smoke from the fires. How I wish it would go away." Thicker and thicker got the smoke, and yellower did it get, till in the mornings and evenings the city appeared as if wrapped in a genuine London fog. And as the smoke got thicker, so did it tell of how much nearer approached the fires. The smoke was certainly very disagreeable, making the eyes to water and the asthmatic to breathe hard. But as the city was comparatively free from it during the day, beyond exclamations of disgust, a desire for rain or a change of wind—although the latter had been from every quarter of the compass in twenty-four hours—extraordinarily little attention was paid to the situation, and not a word was mooted as to a remedy, until last evening, when the grand culminating point was reached, and Ottawa indeed experienced

A FRIGHTFUL NIGHT,

which to be appreciated, must be experienced. All day the smoke had been slowly getting very thick, in fact, at a certain period it was barely possible to see across the City Hall square. At noon, however, the powerful sun seemed to have dissipated the smoke, and the city appeared freer from it than it had been for many days. About four o'clock the terrible programme began by a fierce gale springing up from the south-west, and in less than an hour the city was enveloped in a thick, blinding smoke making it premature night of a dark yellow glare, and necessitating the use of gas all over the city. The gale increased in fierceness; the dust lying on the streets three and four inches deep and on which for months no rain had fallen of any consequence, was lifted in great bodies, and hurled against buildings with a seething sound, while it was impossible for human being to stand before it. Down the streets flew the dust; it seemed as if they were no more than so many channels for the almost solid mass of dust and pebbles, which so furiously dashed through them. Pedestrians, who were on the street, affrighted and bruised, turned their backs to the gale and ran before it, or took shelter in the stores. Into the city came the smoke, rolling and tumbling in thick dense, bitter blinding clouds, and mingling with the dust was dashed about the city. Windows everywhere were closed, and inside the stores, offices, and houses the inmates sat half-suffocated, and with streaming eyes.

Then clouds of ashes began to come into the city, and the smoke got hotter and more blinding, and soon it was known that the fierce gale had fanned the

FIRES INTO FRIGHTFUL PROPORTIONS.

and at that moment, were travelling *through the country at the rate of five miles an our*, and spreading in every direction. At a later hour it was learnt that a *district of ten miles*, in the Township of Gloucester, was in a blaze. Then consternation seized many, and in dread, the nervous demanded again and again to be told was there any danger of the flames getting into the city.

THE CITY AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

The scene in the city at eight o'clock was indescribable. The fierce gale was at its height; the dust and ashes hissed down the street, while the smoke come rolling in hot, yellow, and still more blinding. At eight o'clock not a soul was on the streets, nor had there been for an hour. The carters had long ago been driven off their stands. As a newspaper man is supposed to know no fear at eight o'clock we sallied out, and was soon snorting and sneezing in the whirlwinds of smoke and dust while water literally poured from the eyes. It was impossible to make way against the storm without leaning forward as one would do to meet a hail or sleet storm, offering the broad brim of a straw hat to the resistence of the gale the dust and pebbles rattled fiercely against it, and every now and again as an unusually fierce squall would come up there was no help for it but to face about and gasp until it was over. Meeting a merchant on his way home from business he shrieked "What an awful night this would be for a fire." This showed what was uppermost in his mind, and indeed it would have been a frightful night for any such disaster to have taken place. Ottawa at the best is the worst city in the country, to cope with a fire, from the want of water and apparatus, but what would have been her position last night. Proceeding on; signs creaked and swayed threateningly about, the ashes flew past, and eddied round the corners, while from the direction of Gloucester, where the ten mile fire was raging, the east end of the city was brilliantly lighted up, notwithstanding the thick smoke. It was truly such a night as Ottawa has never experienced.

THE FIRE BRIGADE

had received orders to be ready, and at the first sound of the alarm would have been out in full force.

ANXIETY AND DREAD

In many cases citizens going home were dashed against fences, or buildings when caught in a sudden squall. So nervous did many become at the terrible aspect of affairs that they sat up all night having plenty to do to get pure air to breath. To the ladies the scene was very terrific and the effects of the smoke was particularly painful.

IN THE COUNTRY.

In the Township of Gloucester, Nepean, and Fitzroy, the fires roared on before the fierce gale, devouring barns, stables and houses, and eagerly seizing on small copses or woods, which were instantly snapped up. In Gloucester a wall of fire *ten miles in extent roared on*, while in the Township of Fitzroy, a line of *seven miles was in a* blaze. The country people terror stricken, flew about from house to house, almost powerless from fear and exhausted from exertion. No sooner did they arrive at one place, and before they could tell their tale of suffering, they would be compelled to fly again, accompanied by the occupants of the house. "The roar of the fire," said one who heard it, "was terrible." At an early hour people began to flock in, and at present there are a large number of the sufferers in the city.

NARROW ESCAPES.

In the township of March Hugh Parker and family had to rush into the river to save themselves.

The stages in almost every direction were stopped by the fire. It was impossible for them to make way. The stage driver from Pakenham was overtaken in March, and had to stop, his horses refusing to go on. He remained on the road all night watching his horses and looking after his own safety. The fire passed so close to him that his horses were singed and his hands severely burnt. Numerous other escapes were made, but we did not learn the particulars.

DESTRUCTION OF BELL'S CORNERS.

About twelve o'clock last night two gentlemen arrived from Bell's corners, and gave it as their opinion from the appearance and position of the fire in that quarter when they left it, that the village either had been destroyed or would certainly be in a very short time. They left soon after midnight for Bell's corners, but returned in a couple of hours with the intelligence that as they feared the village had been consumed, and nothing was left of it but Mrs. Bell's house, two churches and a school house. The fire came rushing on with a fearful roar, and greedily devoured the houses in its way.

LOSS OF LIFE.

The destruction of property was, in this neighborhood, unfortunately attended with loss of life. Mrs. Hardy, of Goulburn, and Robert Grant, of the same place, were both burned to death. Particulars of this calamity have not yet been learnt. A man in the township of March also met his death from the flames. It is rumoured that a woman and child were burned in Templeton. It will be well if more lives are not lost.

TWO THOUSAND PEOPLE HOMELESS.

A gentleman who came in from Bell's Corners, about an hour ago says, that on the Richmond road there are two thousand persons homeless, and without any sustenance but what they can pick up. A number are making their way to the city. Their consternation and grief is great.

ONLY A MILE FROM THE CITY.

At eleven o'clock last night a man came in from Gloucester, and stated that the fire was only a mile from the city, making its way in by the railway track. Upon enquiry it was found that no danger was imminent from any quarter. However, arrangements were made in case of emergency, and men were put to watch.

DANGER FROM ANOTHER QUARTER.

While the smoke rolled and tumbled about the city, and the wind howled round the gables, telling the half frightened inmates how fierce was the storm outside a dusty and perspiring man drove up to one of the hotel doors, and, in a very excited manner declared that the fire would certainly be in the city by Spark's farm before morning. This caused still greater uneasiness, and it was not until men had been stationed to watch the flames that safety was felt. The fire in this quarter is making rapid headway. In fact,

THE POSITION THIS AFTERNOON

is not comfortable. The fire in Nepean is very near to the city, and Mr. Slater assures the authorities that if they do not adopt some means to check its progress there is great danger of the fire entering the city by this quarter. Indeed the city is surrounded by a belt of fire, and the smoke as we write is getting again thick and blinding. Heavy rains are the only thing that can better the present dreadful state of affairs.

THE FIRES

are as fierce as ever, and persons from the country say great damage will be done to-night. The cry from the country is rain, rain, but there is no more appearance of having it now than there was a week ago. As if to tantalise us a few heavy drops fell last night, but the heavy cloud soon blew over, and this morning the sun shone as bright and as fiercely as ever.

READY.

One or two of the engines from Lower Town have been removed to the city limits, in the direction of the Nepean fire, and will be ready to do battle with the flames should they make their appearance to-night.

Ashes have been falling in the city all day.

The gale last night moderated towards morning, and by daylight had blown itself out. There is no appearance of high wind to-night so far.

LATER.

It is reported as we go to press that the Mayor's premises are on fire.

All the engines in the city are posted at the different points. Their passing through the city caused great excitement.

DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

As far as we can learn the following is the destruction of property in the different townships:—

MARCH.

Cityon's, two barns and house—all his property.

Mrs. Hopper, house; A. Sharp, sheds and barns.

——. Kelly, barns, sheds, house and all.

Hugh Parker, house, barn and sheds. This is the man whose family with himself had to rush into the river to their necks to save ther lives.

NEPEAN.

Robert Shirley, houses, barns, sheds, and waggons, &c.

Thomas Shirley, houses, barns sheds, and waggons, &c.

Mrs. Boucher, house and barns—all her property.

Wm. Boucher, house and barns—all his property.

—— Beatty, house and barns—all his property.

—— Beatty, all his property.

T. Houan, house and barns—all his property.

—— Watts, house, and a span of horses worth $400, and all his property.

James Graham, hotel and barns—all his property.

John Christian, barn and crop. House saved.

—— Shouldice, house and barns—all his property.

John Nesbit, stone house, barns, and sheds—all his property.

John Graham, (Bay), house and barn; all his property.

Thos. Graham, (Creek), house and barn, and sheds; all his property.

Mrs Bell. (hotel), Richmond Road, houses, barns, sheds and school house.

N. G. Robinson, house and stacks of hay.

Thos. Hyde, barns and sheds, with contents; house saved.

Mr. Pritchard, old wood house; the house safe.

In Nepean and March, only three houses stand this morning in fifteen miles. Fences, telegraph posts, and crops in this district, are all destroyed. What other damage has been done beyond the township of March has to be told. It is very great.

The townships of Huntley and Fitzroy are actually in a blaze.

A distance of ten miles above the Carp is in flames.

At the Carp, the wind blew off the roof of Mr. Green's stables.

GLOUCESTER.

In this township, at the Railroad crossing at Doxey's the people have been burnt out, and three houses burnt down. James Joyce and thirteen families are houseless this morning.

Accounts of other losses are coming in.

IRONSIDES.

This place is now a heap of smouldering ashes. We have learnt no particulars so far.

At Gilmour's piling ground, Ottawa County, five million feet of lumber has been destroyed.

The saw mill was fortunately saved.

The Gatineau Bridge crossing the Gatineau river at the rafting ground has also been destroyed.

The Latest.

THE FIRE IN GLOUCESTER.

Some of the oldest inhabitants of Gloucester say that in all their experience they have never yet witnessed so terrible a scene as that of Wednesday night, nor undergone such suffering from any cause. One old gentleman said he had been blown about for weeks in the Mexican Gulf with little hope of ever reaching land, and that he had spent many a day and night on the ocean scorching beneath the torrid rays of the equatorial sun, but never did he witness anything so *dismal and desperate* looking as the section of country in which he lives presented last night.

People living in the city can form no adequate idea of the horribleness of the situation. They were sheltered in their substantial houses free from the fear of danger, and they only heard the furious gale moaning as it moodily swept over the city; but how many took a thought of the condition and suffering of poor people in the country where the latent fire had been waiting for weeks for this same hurricane to fan it into a conflagration? A night in the country with the winds howling among the trees and sighing around the farm buildings is dismal enough forsooth, but depict to yourself a night darkened by mighty clouds of smoke, a violent tempest tearing from their roots and smashing to the ground the sturdiest of forest trees, the fierce flames roaring on every side, farmers' houses, barns, and their all burning before their eyes, their whole season's crops reduced to ashes, children clinging to their parents for protection, and the whole blinded and suffocating, and with the very ground under their feet on fire on everyside, and without an imaginable place for shelter and safety, and even then you will have but a slight conception of the desolation in the country and the horror and dismay of the inhabitants. And this is not an exaggerated delination of the condition of certain parts of Gloucester on Wednesday night. Exaggeration is impossible; gloom, horror and desolation reached the climax of terribleness on that fearful night.

On the night in question, before the wind rose, the fire in Gloucester, out towards, and at Green's Creek, was apparently almost exhausted, but in a few hours the wind had fanned it into one of ominous magnitude. It burst like an escaped monster out of the woods, it seemed to break up spontaneously out of the ground, and swept with fabulous velocity over the parched fields. The spunk-dry fences acted like powder trains, and invariably conducted the fire to the farm buildings. When barns, &c., took fire, the scene is represented as being fearful. The whole sky occasionally looked like a vast curtain of flame; from the burning barnfuls of hay and grain great sheets of flame were carried intact through the air, ever and anon dropping some blazing cinder which was probably the germ of a fire wherever it should fall.

FLYING FOR SAFETY.

Throughout the whole night people were on the move in search for a place of safety or shelter; some were on foot conducting their children and picking their steps among the burning patches of ground, while others, both to save themselves and their horses, got on horseback and galloped at full speed over fields of fire. The scene was a dreadfully romantic one.

CATTLE RAN MADLY

in every direction, vainly endeavoring to find one place affording more shelter or comfort than another. Their continuous bellowing added much to the prevailing confusion and alarm.

A howling hurricane crashing forests, a smoky and suffocating gloom, an over hanging panopy of turbulent flame, the very earth in a blaze, general dismay and devastation made up the *awful panorama!*

A FEW OF THE SUFFERERS

The following are the names of a few of the sufferers in Gloucester:—James Joyce, Richard Smith, ——Smith, Wm. Allan, Wm. Grey. Mr. Joyce is a very severe loser. He had a handsome new house its total contents comprising a gold watch valued at $100: a buggy, and several farm implements, with all his fences burned. His barn, containing over 30 tons of hay and some oats, miraculously escaped destruction. Richard Smith had his house and barn completely destroyed, he and his family barely escaping with their lives. Mr. Grey had his house and barn destroyed, and Mr. Allan a barn only. Some farmers who saved their buildings worked as they never did before; not only men, but women and children being up throughout the whole night doing the utmost to check the march of the fire towards their homes.

THE FIRE IN CHELSEA.

As in other townships, the fire has done its work of devastation in Chelsea. Besides the destruction of the immense amount of sawed lumber belonging to Mr. Gilmour, as already stated, the fire swept over almost the whole township, reducing to ashes everything on the way. Houses, barns and woods, all succumbed to the flames which also ran over the fields with amazing rapidity. So rapid was the march of the flames, that nothing could be saved out of the houses, and it was with great difficulty that people escaped with their lives. But even as it is, many persons are reported missing. A great many flew with their children to the river, where they embarked on some cribs of sawn lumber, which were cut loose and let float down the river. The flames rolled on and soon

IRONSIDE VILLAGE,

comprising over fifty houses of the employees at the iron mines, was in a blaze. The whole village was destroyed, the smelting house among the other buildings. The smelting house was valued at fifty thousand dollars. But all this destruction of property sinks into insignificance, before the dreadful item of

LOSS OF LIFE.

The flames came rushing into the village from a southwesterly direction, and so terribly rapid was their progress through it, that several persons were unable to escape and were

BURNED TO DEATH.

The exact number of lives lost has not been ascertained, but it is certain that two women, three children and a man named Pink met with the terrible fate, and many others are missing. The Township is a dismal waste.

OTHER TOWNSHIPS.

We have not room, nor perhaps is it necessary to give in detail the damage and ravages in other townships, suffice it to say for the present that in Templeton, Buckingham and March the destruction has been equally extensive [illegible] perhaps not accompanied with [illegible] deplorable events.

TOTAL OF LIVES LOST.

So far as we have been able to [illegible] the total number of lives lost [illegible] Two women; three children [illegible] vey and a man named P[illegible] Mrs. Hartney and Robert [illegible] burn; and Frederic Richardson [illegible] Besides these there are, as we have already stated, a great many missing [illegible] ferent places, and their absence [illegible] by many to too clearly indicate [illegible]

PROPERTY DESTROYED.

In addition to the list above [illegible] we have learned that the following property has been destroyed.

GLOUCESTER.

Mr. Hopkin's house and barn. A Brown had his house burned. Thomas Hill's house and barns. House and barns to Ald. [illegible] farm.

Mr. Lusk's whole premises [illegible] stroyed.

Mr. P. O'Meara's barn and [illegible]

The farms of the above gentlemen completely overrun by fire.

TEMPLETON.

In Templeton, Mr. McLaren [illegible] tons of hay and his stone house [illegible] John Smith's house and [illegible] were all destroyed, [illegible] escaping with scarcely enough [illegible] cover them.

Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Potter and [illegible] likewise had all destroyed.

The fences on Mr. Lewis' property [illegible] 3 miles from the city [illegible] ed, his house and other buildings [illegible] having been saved by great exertions.

LATEST ADVICES.

Among the latest reports [illegible] one that Buckingham was [illegible] that the village was in danger [illegible] stroyed. A number of poles [illegible] Telegraph line were burned [illegible] Gatineau, and Mr. Drummond [illegible] down to Buckingham [illegible] damage repaired, was unable [illegible] the city on account of the fire.

The fire is in dangerous proximity to Hull, and great [illegible] tertained as to the result should [illegible] blow towards the village. [illegible]

THE ENGINES

were kept in readiness to move at a moment's notice. They were stationed [illegible] side their respective houses [illegible] harnessed and ready to [illegible] wherever needed. Several [illegible] puncheons full of water were [illegible] at each engine house, and [illegible] each fire company were on guard [illegible] out the night.

LAST NIGHT.

The city last night was [illegible] pared to the night before. [illegible] of smoke still filled the streets and [illegible] trated in doors, with powerful effect [illegible] eyes and affecting respiration. [illegible] dusk, immense clouds of heavy smoke were blown from the [illegible] Chelsea, and hung over the city like thunder clouds, there being [illegible] enough to move them. Ashes continued to fall in the streets, [illegible] in such large quantities as on the [illegible] fore. Humanity may be said to have [illegible] easier in mind, but they coughed, sneezed, and water came to the [illegible] eyes, and with every reason to do so.

PREPARATIONS.

The authorities during the day [illegible] every preparation to keep the fire [illegible] communicating with the city. The [illegible] deau" engine was posted [illegible] Ashburnham Hill, the "Chaudiere" was taken out the Richmond road, [illegible] "Queen" was taken to the Chaudiere engine house. The "Ottawa" was [illegible] the city in case of fire inside the [illegible] With the "Rideau" and "[illegible]" were posted a large number of [illegible] with puncheons filled in case of need.

During the afternoon the [illegible] mills at the Chaudiere shut down, [illegible] the men were disposed at the points [illegible] the fire threatened the city.

About one thousand of the [illegible] the Canada Central Railway in the neighborhood of Bell's Corners were [illegible] work to check the flames from [illegible] the city in that direction, and [illegible] service. A number of the men [illegible] Chaudiere also did good work in [illegible] ter.

THE FIRE DID COME INTO THE CITY—[illegible]

The fire did actually penetrate [illegible] city the city the night before last [illegible] direction of the Sherwood property [illegible] was only through the heroic exertions [illegible] the inhabitants of that district [illegible] ire was kept from spreading. [illegible] wood and his family turned out [illegible] ed as hard as anyone could [illegible] flames. Detective O'Neill [illegible] policemen were also hard at work [illegible] greater part of the night, [illegible] they had. So after all, the fire [illegible] to us than we thought.

FLOCKING IN.

During the evening, [illegible] burnt districts continued [illegible] city. Many had been [illegible] nearly twenty four hours [illegible] Corners locality, a large [illegible] women and children were [illegible] road side, apparently [illegible] without the least idea of [illegible] to obtain food or shelter. [illegible] is described by a visitor [illegible] being very miserable. [illegible] aside to save nothing [illegible] ing from the flames [illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

...oney place to buy jou... medal ($1.24), cents ...pects, is at T. Hunto... & Co's
...ue post free on application.

...Market.—Thursday—The market ...ing was small owing probably to ...trouble which farmers are ex...ing through the means of fire.

...G. A. Artillery Band will play ...Hill this afternoon, from four ...o'clock. The band has been ma... progress since its formation, ...ipate hearing some good music ...ther.

...—A large excursion arrived ...yesterday from Prescott, ...whom was the band of the 50th ... The excursion is for the pur... raising funds for the purchase of ...ments for the same band. It will ...the Rideau Rifle range this after...

...—We are sorry to learn that ...lawyer of this city, met with a ...accident about 11 o'clock yesterday ... As he was driving down Rideau ...in Sheriff Powell's buggy, the horse ...away. At Mr Johnston's flour store, ...horse ran against the sidewalk, smash...the buggy, out of which Mr. Clemow ...thrown, had his arm broken, and cut ...the temples, and otherwise injured.

...—The band of the Ottawa ...Garrison Artillery will make their ...appearance in public on Friday after... The accompanying programme will ...played on the occasion. The officers ...that the fair ladies of Ottawa will ...the band with their presence, ...give them courage to persevere in ...endeavours, although humble they ..., to fill up the gap that will soon ...by the departure of the band of ...Royal Rifles.

PROGRAMME:

...Bee Fly—Campbell.
...Julian's—D'Albert.
...Pretty Little Sarah—Coote
...Charlestown—Montgomery.
...dear Mary—Stevenson.
...Great Excitement—Laroche.
God Save the Queen.

...'s Pic-Nic.—The annual pic... the merry sons of old Scotia took ...yesterday at the Bellevue Gardens. ...usual, was very successful. Every... passed off in a manner reflecting ...credit on the gentlemen to whom ...devolved the charge of the day's ar... The different games were ...contested; and dancing was kept ...eleven o'clock p. m., to the lively ...of Marier's Quadrille Band, which ...the proceedings with "God Save ...," and all returned to town well ...with the day's proceedings. ...the slightest incident occurred to ...the day's proceedings. The following ...successful competitors in the ...games:

...Silver Medal—J. M. Taylor; 2nd ...McLaren; 3rd prize, E. Mundle; ...J. Munsey.
...Leap—1st prize, C. H. Big...; 2nd prize, M. Kavanagh.
...Mile Race—1st prize, A. McLean; ...A. Robertson.
...Hammer—1st prize, K. McGilli...; 2nd prize, T. Russell.
...Hammer—1st Prize, T. Russell; ...McGillivray.
...Stone—1st Prize, T. Russell; 2nd, ...Gillivray.
...Standing Prize, T. Russell; 2nd, ...
...Step, and Leap.—1st Prize, C. H. ...; 2nd, T. Russell
...High Leap.—1st Prize, T. Rus...; 2nd, M. Kavanagh.
...High Leap.—1st prize, T. Rus...; 2nd, C. H. Bigger.
...Long Leap.—1st prize, J. Dris...; 2nd, T. Russell.
...Race.—1st prize, C. Statt; ...McDonald; 3rd, T. Brown.
...and Kick.—2nd prize, T. Russell; ...C. H. Bigger.
...Leap—1st prize, T. Russell; 2nd, ...Bigger.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—Mr. Marshall, ...his untiring enterprise, having gone ...expense in renovating the Theatre, ...as good a troupe to play ...stage, as ever appeared in Ot..., ...the actor's and actresses ...playing in the Theatre for ...of weeks, Mr Marshall has ...for a season the celebrated trage... J. Z. Little, and the not less cele...comedienne, Miss Lizzie Campbell. ...Campbell is a charming handsome ...and as New York papers say, "her ...is faultless alluring, and she sings ...Nightingale." We take the follow...extracts from a New York paper:

...J. Z. Little, in the role of Jon Arm..., more than sustained the reputation ...established among us. His acting ...fine. He is not a ranter, but when ...is required, he has the element ...him. There is probably not an ac...on the American stage that taxes ...powers of the leading gentlemen as ...the H. Campbell, and he must be ...and put forth all his powers who ...not sink into insignificance by the ...bearing and noble presence of this ...of the drama; but Mr. Little, so ...not failed to draw his share of at...and applause.

...Dorithain" gave Miss Campbell a ...opportunity to display her rich voice ...graceful manners to advantage, and ...audience retired, well pleased and well ...

...Evening will be presented the thrill... of "Ingomar," which gives ... and Mr. Little, a field in which ...their great powers. It will be the ...play of the week, and should draw ...houses.

...evening will be put upon the ...of Her Majesty's Theatre the great ...drama "Lost in London," in ...Mr. Little and Miss Campbell will ...leading parts. We would advise all ...to the theatre to-night; the play is ...interesting one, and the actors are ...

...Reserved seats and private boxes may ...secured at Orme & Son's music store.

...The following are scores at the Rifle ...yesterday:

COMPETITION NO. 2—VOLUNTEER MATCH.

	300 yds.	500 yds.
...Wilkinson, GTR	34342	43442—33
...Walker, GTR	32333	33444—32
...Walsh, CSR	34323	43343—32
...Booth, 43rd	23333	44442—32
...Grant, OGA	23333	44333—31
...Snider, 18th	43232	43442—31
...Stewart, 43rd	43343	24233—31
...Boucherville, CSR	33333	43233—30
...Holmes, 43rd	33234	33243—30

COMPETITION NO. 3.

Open to Volunteers and Officers and Men of Her Majesty's Service.

Qr-Master Thomas, 54th	44433	2?434—31
Sergt. Hinton, 43rd	43324	30324—28
Capt. Holmes, 43rd	43433	04322—28
Pte. Watkins, 60th	43442	33320—28
Capt. Bell, G. T. R.	44444	30032—28
Segt. Harris, O. G. A.	34434	33003—27
Gun. Morrison, O. G. A.	34444	22202—26
Surgeon Hawkin, 13th	23444	30303—26
Pte. Deslauriers, C. S. R.	44433	40040—26
Capt. Egleson, O. G. A.	33333	00343—25

COMPETITION NO. 4—ASSOCIATION MATCH.

	200 yds	500 yds	600 yds.	
Sgt. Harris, O. G. A.	42433	33242	33243	45
Qr Mtr Thomas, GTR	33223	24443	22342	43
Gun Cotton, O. G. A.	33334	44344	02422	43
Capt McLean, 42nd	34232	33344	20334	42
Pte Benjamin, C S R	32333	34230	42244	42
Gun Walters, O. G. A.	22433	22223	34433	41
Sergt Grant, O. G. A.	22233	44404	22333	41
Sgt Wilkinson, GTR	23333	24234	40340	40
Sgt McDonald, GTR	43233	32333	33?42	39
Adgt. Barlow, 43rd	02333	33 33	24034	38
Corpl Leggo, Ott R	22233	3334?	04304	38

COMPETITION 5TH.

Open to Volunteers, Officers and Men of Her Majesty's service and members of the Metropolitan Rifle Association.

	500 yards.	600 yards.
Capt. Egleson, O. G. A.	33333	42344—32
Lieut. Cotton, O. G. A.	44404	43423—32
Corporal Yeoman, C.S.R.	43323	34333—31
Gun. Barry, O. G. A.	44344	22422—31
Segt. Harris, O. G. A.	43333	34222—29
Segt. Grant, O. G. A.	32434	23403—28
Pte. Green, 60th Rifles	03331	33234—27
Pt. Sheppard, 10th Royals	34234	32022—27
Lieut. Vankleek, 18th	03223	34343—27
Qr.-Master Thomas, 54th	34344	43002—27
Gun. Walters, O. G. A.	43223	33332—26
Sergt. McDonald, O.G.A.	22023	43433—26
Pte. Cox, 60th Rifles	34334	04223—26

COMPETITION NO. 6.

Non-commissioned Officers and Men of the Volunteer Force.

Pte. Pearson	33343	33344—33
Sergt. McDonald	32343	34343—32
Pte Deslauriers	33433	43324—32
Gun. Barry	32332	43444—32
Pte. Benjamin	43322	44433—32
Pte. Sheppard	34343	23424—32
Sergt. Grant	33343	33324—31
Pte. Marshall	32343	43333—31
Sergt. Booth	32233	44343—31
Sergt. Wilkinson	32332	44342—31
Pte. Mode	23432	33434—31
Sergt. Cairns	42333	44332—31

Soldiers Asleep.

At Nancy, "the prettiest town in France," as it is called, as we paced the broad open square in front of the station, every flagstone outside the building was literally strewn with half naked bodies, who, as they lay sleeping on the *trottoirs* in every conceivable attitude of torpor looked more like the corpses on a battle field than so many slumbering men. Some had their knapsacks under their heads, but others had discarded even this hard substitute for a pillow, and were stretched flat on their back, with their hands under the hind part of their skull. Some had their red-breeched legs bent so that their knees stood up high above their bodies. But few rested on their side; almost all seemed to prefer the flat back for comfort, and slumbered on with their legs and their arms almost as wide as if they had been on the rack. One or two had crossed their legs, and some had the foot of one leg thrust under the knee of the other. In the baggage saloon, the long low benches for the distribution of the luggage, which stretched round the middle of the spacious room, was covered with the same litter of sleeping men. The floor again was strewn so thick with the bodies that it was almost impossible to walk along without treading on a hand or stumbling over a foot as you went. The waiting room was similarly occupied. Along the seats and on the floor, there they were lying in hundreds, till the whole of the boards were crimson with their outside limbs. Nothing, too, aroused them. They were deaf alike to the steam of the railway whistle or the clatter of the incoming train, as well as the hoarse hissing of the escaping steam. For a while the care for those they had left behind had ceased to sting their souls; they had forgotten parents, relatives, and friends for an hour or two.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL.

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.
The French Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—Miss Harmon, Ottawa, until August 24th, when Miss Harmon will be at home. Prospectuses containing the course of English studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 487 8

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Friday Evening, August 18th

First appearance of
MR J. Z. LITTLE,
THE CELEBRATED TRAGEDIAN,
MISS LIZZIE CAMPBELL,
Leading Lady from the Park Theatre Brooklyn,
—AND—
MR JOHN SWINBURN,

Who will appear in the Great Sensation Drama of
LOST IN LONDON,
With entire new scenery and effects, including the great
COAL MINE SCENE,
Painted by MR. W. J. FORSTER, a true picture of underground life
With Horses and Men at Work.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of
MAZEPPA.
With new scenery, Dress, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
G P BAKER.
Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1437 3

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S.

PURE FRENCH WINES

—OF—

GUARANTEED PURITY

AND

VERY CHEAP

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant.
Elgin Street.

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at
ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at
ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at
ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at
ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at
ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at
ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at
ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at
ESMONDE BROS.

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL
AND
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,
OPEN TO THE WORLD,
Will be held in the
CITY OF MONTREAL,
—ON—
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
THURSDAY and FRIDAY,
THE
13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September
Next on the
Grounds of the Council of Agriculture,
NEAR MILE END.
Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.
Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.
The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.
For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.
GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P Q
Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1417td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK Plaintiffs,
VS.
THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.
W. F POWELL,
Sheriff County of Carleton,
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 19

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 29th, 1870. 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, Aug. 15, 1870

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to noon of
FRIDAY, the 26th DAY of AUGUST INSTANT
For the erection of a BEACON LIGHT at Wade Shoal on the River Ottawa.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, Ottawa, where Forms of the Tender can also be obtained by intending contractors.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
The work is required to be completed by the 10th OCTOBER next.
P MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine.
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870 1:3? 4

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloth,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1,00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1 25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.
MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their
MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,
Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.
GREAT bargains given in other departments.
REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.
SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY
31 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1314 3m
Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.
LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.
Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1423tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, mouth mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked
FIVE DOLL'S REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1433 4

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE
—OF—
Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,
Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.
Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1433tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know,
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you new may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congon.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by
PUBLIC AUCTION
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON
Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
Licen e No 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa
" 97, "
" 100, "
Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.
Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.
The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles
A & P WHIT...
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT THE
OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,
ON
THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,
One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred
VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,
Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetery, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,
at the west end of the rising and prosperous
TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice ...ew over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.
PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.
Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices and on moderate terms which will be as follows. One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent
Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.
JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S. Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.
1436td D. & M.

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 14 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 8 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.
Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.
Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1433 3td

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VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippewa.
Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.
Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa
Terms. Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.
R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No 9, 41 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1433 1m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
IN THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
ON
Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,
AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,
To pass BY LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.
W R WORSLEY,
Secretary,
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1437td14

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.
Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1640, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.
Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.
Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.
The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.
Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 2? miles in length.
Tenders for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.
These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.
Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.
Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.
A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
Intercolonial Railway
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.
1437 6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ...ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.
The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.
Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 18th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.
The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.
By order
F. BRAUN
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GREAT
CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of
BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES
AND SHAWLS,
Have decided to offer the whole lot,
AT COST PRICE,
ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6th JULY

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,
For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
For 16s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,
In great variety, at about half usual prices.
Inspection invited.
Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET
Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods
MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silk &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.
R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS
HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
Per "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.
Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Pipe, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
..., 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.
Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.
The Mill is well situated for cutting ... stuff but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.
For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1283 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MRS. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 6, 1870. 1410 2

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa.
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1435tf

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.
Vacancies for two boarders. Mrs Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 18, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA .... $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

82v1236 1aw

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1419-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY — MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. — PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 3awfm 1awhfm

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, [whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the 5th concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w34td

MRS DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 2191tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No 194.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that as the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transfer sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
A. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Barton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island, 27th June, 1870. 27.3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1339 3

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1308 1

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible]

E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. ts

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

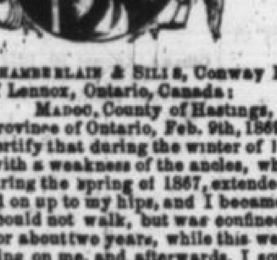
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I [illegible] say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I [illegible] it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted, almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 8. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1. Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

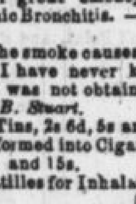
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Papsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

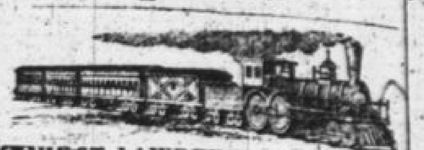
H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY:

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15	
Gloucester	7 25	12 55	
Rossiters	7 40	1 15	
Osgoode	7 55	1 35	
Kemptville	8 15	2 05	
Oxford	8 30	2 20	
Spencerville	8 50	2 45	
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15	
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30	

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 16
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director,*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or [illegible]

QUEITON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1440. OTTAWA. SATURDAY AUGUST, 20, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

The attention is directed to this Company's ... in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

... the Fast Time which it is intended ... describe

EAST AND WEST,

... connections at all points. The line ... equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

... the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

... Montreal in 13 Hours.

... Toronto in 13 Hours.

... the most important Stations.

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

... Through Trains, and the service ... performed over the entire line in a ... that of any railway or this continent ... arrangements have been made ... the pleasure travel. ... particulars see advertisements and ...

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

... BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST.

... Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Guelph, London, Brantford, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, ... West, at ... 8:30 a.m.

... do do do ... 7:30 p.m.

... Train for Cornwall ... Stations at ... 4:00 p.m.

... Train for Kingston and ... stations, at ... 7:30 a.m.

... 7:00 a.m.

... 12 noon, 1:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m.

... train runs through to Province ...

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

... Train for Island Pond ... Stations at ... 7:00 a.m.

... 8:40 a.m.

... New York and Boston via ... 3:45 p.m.

... New York and Boston via ... Lake Champlain, ...

... Rutland at ... 6.00 a.m.

... Pond, at ... 2:00 p.m.

... Quebec, Island Pond, Portland, stopping between ... Island Pond at ... St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Sherbrooke, Waterville ... only, at ... 10:10 p.m.

... Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage ...

... "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave ... Wednesday and Saturday afternoon ... N.S., respectively at 4 p.m. ... good accommodation for passengers ...

... Company's steamers, running ... with the Grand Trunk Railway ... every MONDAY and THURSDAY ... St. John, N.B., &c.

... through at the Company's principal ...

... information and time of arrival and ... of all trains at terminal and way stations ... at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure ... and St. James Street.

... Managing Director

... York street, corner of Sussex

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA (?) RAILWAY OF CANADA

... SERVICE OF TRAINS ... SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

... OF ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

... Montreal in 13 Hours.

... Toronto in 13 Hours.

... JUNE 13th, the new arrangement ... in force, and trains will leave ...

GOING WEST.

... Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, ... Guelph, London, Brantford, Buffalo, Detroit, ... and all points west at ... 9 00 a m

... do ... 9 00 p m

... Toronto and intermediate ... 7 00 a m

... Train for Brockville ... stations ... 5 00 p m

... at 6 00 a.m., 7 00 a ... 12 noon, ... 0 p.m., 4 00 ... and 6 30 p.m. The ... train runs through to ...

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

... Train for Island Pond ... stations at ... 7 10 a.m.

... via Vermont Central ... 9 00 a m

... New York and Boston, via ... at ... 3 45 p m

... New York and Boston, via ... Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m

... do do ... 4 00 p m

... Island Pond, Gorham and Lower Provinces ... 1 30 p m

... Quebec, Island ... and Portland, and ... Provinces, stopping ... and Island Pond ... St. Hyacinthe, Upton, ... Brompton Falls, ... Lennoxville, Compton, ... Mills only at 10 10 p m

... on all night trains. Baggage ...

... "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave ... N.S. every Wednesday and ... respectively, at 4 00 p.m. ... accommodations for passengers.

... Company's Steamers running ... the Grand Trunk Railway, ... every Monday and Thursday at ... N.B. &c.

... through at the Company's principal ...

... information and time of arrival and ... of all trains at terminal and way ... at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure ... Grand St. James Street.

CJ BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1425tf

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's book store, Sparks street, Ottawa. W McKAY WRIGHT. 43w F C CLEMOW.

J. A. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 386y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 907y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

A. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 490tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery,—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, east end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game &c. daily.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA. EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reed's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 771tf Wellington-st

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION. HELLMUTH COLLEGE. Board and Tuition per annum, $226. HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum. PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron. For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West. August 8, 1870. 1...1

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS.—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Hennessy & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. Now is the time or bar ains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter. Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale. A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON: ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES, To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.					11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.30	4.30	8.00	11.30	4.30
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. by Stage	7.30					5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazubazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	3.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully pre-paid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. H TAYLOR, Agents.

NOTICE!

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY. Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON" Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at ...30 a.m. On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at ... o'clock, p.m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock. R S CASSELS, President. 1344tf

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY. [The Model Road of Canada] To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE TO WEST OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points west and south. Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT Fares always cheaper than by any other Route. Be sure, and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	738	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	129	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England's Draper's, Sussex-st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1138tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT, No. 14, Sparks street, Opposite the Russell House.

SPECIMEN OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents
NEW Mohair Strips,	12½ cents
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SIKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GROS ... —Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colors

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c. &c.)

LACES, Black and White Blond. HONITON and MALTESE LACES FIGURED NETS, LACE CURTAINS, LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE COVERS, WHITE and GREY COTTONS, BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street,

GREAT CLEARING SALE. SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS, For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call especially the attention of customers to my heavy stock READY MADE CLOTHING Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself. T. RAJOTTE

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Patents, Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1400y

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS, BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS, CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine Assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot, 35 Sussex street, H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!! AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of Grass and Cradle Scythes, ... all lengths, ... Cast steel, ... German Steel, ... silver Steel, ... Blue Bell, ... Champion, ... Scyth, ... Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use. ... straight and bent ... two and three prongs, ... three prongs. ... and Grape Vine. ... of all sort and sizes.

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c. &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No 24, Rideau street, Ottawa 21st June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c. &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED ex "Pride of Canada" and ... a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell ... &c. &c. &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers,) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand. Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1236.t

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES. W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LADY HOTEL, SPARKS STREET. MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers. Ottawa 5th July, 1870. 1407tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance ... from ... to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS. Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox. Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd. Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. K. ARNOLDI Architect, 11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa. July 25th, 1870 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned. JNO. LEGGO. Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1431 3

TO LET. THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS THE BEST STAND ON SUSSEX STREET. Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises. Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

WAR TOPICS.

DETAILS OF M'MAHON'S DEFEAT.

The special correspondent of the *Tribune* writes from the Prussian Headquarters on Monday the 8th:

The engagements on Saturday were both far in our front. There are few details besides the official summary already sent. All letters and messengers are delayed. What has already happened is in perfect accord with what I have already foreshadowed more than once. The design of the German authorities, as I gathered from Prussian officers of high position, was first to prevent Germany from being made the theatre of slaughter, and second, to attack the French army in three places simultaneously. The programme has been carried out so far as the right and left flanks of the French army are concerned, but it remains for the German centre to advance against that of the enemy. This advance is necessarily delayed until the result of the flank movements can be learned. Now that McMahon and Frossard have both suffered severe defeat, a general engagement is imminent. During the whole of to day the arrival of despatches announcing that a great battle is in progress or has ended, have been looked forward to with feverish impatience. It is evening yet no tidings have come.

Though the combats at Weissenburg and Woerthe are regarded as minor engagements, yet they are in reality of the highest importance. The earliest official despatches underestimated the magnitude and extent of the victory. Instead of a few hundred prisoners having been captured at Weissenburg, their numbers amount to nearly 2,000. Both struggles were stubborn. The French soldiers stood their ground well. Their rifles proved terribly destructive. It was downright hard fighting which enabled the Germans to claim the honors of the day. A wounded French prisoner avowed in my hearing that his countrymen could never withstand the weight of the German attack. The fight being one not of bullets only, but of bayonets, it was decided at last by the actual strength of the respective combatants. Physically the German soldiers, on the average, are heavier men than ordinary. The French supposed that the new weapons would alter warfare—that the old style hand-to hand combats were absolete. This engagement proved otherwise.

The Zouaves did what they could to check the advance of regiments, by pouring in volleys from a concealed position. They had posted themselves in pits dug for the purpose. Not until the advancing regiments suffered from this concealed fire, did the German regiments know that their progress was to be contested. They saw no sign of troops in their front. Such an ordeal as this, tested the stuff of which these men were made. They bore themselves with extraordinary valor, yet the regiments never wavered. The Zouaves were driven from their place of concealment, and the ground they had occupied was won by their opponents.

"The exact details are not forthcoming. It is impossible to learn, even approximately, how many fell, but it is quite certain that the German loss has been proportionately enormous. By day and night the wounded have been arriving here. This afternoon all the beds in the hospitals are occupied; these contain about 1,000 men. The field hospitals are also full. Hundreds of wounded men were sent on to Frankfort, where there is accommodation for 5,000. Long series of stretchers, on which lie wounded soldiers and officers, are passing through the streets to-day. So great is the number of the wounded, that the arrangements made proved insufficient, and there were instances where men lay 24 hours on the field before being discovered. A private despatch from a military surgeon confirms this information.

"The latest statements from the field where McMahon's army was so thoroughly beaten, say that while the victory was complete, and the number of prisoners taken amounts to 6,000, the losses on both sides were enormous. These losses can be ill afforded by the French. For them to replace those who were killed, wounded or missing, is hardly possible. The Germans, on the other hand, can fill up all their blanks in the course of a few hours. They have a superabundance of trained soldiers ready to join their regiments at a moment's notice. Should the Germans be defeated in a general engagement, they would be ready in the course of a week to fight again. A movement is in progress which will greatly strengthen the army now encamped on French soil. An addition of 200,000 will soon be ready.

"The victories are accepted very quietly."

NAPOLEON AT THE FRONT.

Metz Correspondence London Standard.

The Emperor and Prince Napoleon arrived to-night at 7 p m., therefore the ball will soon open—ball where every air is set for a dance of death. Fact and inevitable inference. As I hurried down to the letter box at the railway station, where the mails are taken up to 7.10 o'clock, the streets were lined with crowds, half military, half civilian, attending the coming of the sovereign. Curious rather than enthusiastic those crowds, but excessively good humored. I had great difficulty in pushing my way down to the station. The passage was kept clear by gendarmes on foot and Cent Gardes on horses, who charged wildly backward and forward now and again, while a picket of trusty Zouaves in their undress of fez and canvas breeches paced under the massive arches of the Porto Serpenoise. By dint of much entreaty I was allowed to pass the barrier guarded by the Zouaves, and got down to the terminus, which was surrounded by all the idlers of Metz, noisy juveniles being by far in the greatest proportion. A shout of "Vive l'Empereur" was raised at intervals by the young blood. But the fact is, Frenchmen do not know how to cheer: a few paddies should be sent across to teach them. The Cent Gardes (so called because their full strength is 100) curvetted on the Place before the station. I had just cast my letter into the box when a movement of the crowd indicated that his Imperial Majesty had come, and was about to enter his *bonne ville* of Metz for the second time since his accession to the throne. His first visit was on the 27th of September, 1857, on which occasion he stopped two days in the town. Hats were lifted and a hearty cheer was raised, the boys as youth's tradition is leading cheerily off. The four Cent Gardes in front drew their long straight swords, wheeled about, and headed the procession at a walk. After them came a pair of outriders in the dark green imperial livery, of creamy, buckskin breeches, sitting chestnut horses, with blinkers to their eyes and a chime of Valdal bells round their necks. Then, again, a quartet of Cent Gardes, and, alone, with an open space to himself, a rider in costume of harlequin brilliance with a beadle's cocked hat over his lordly brow, and huntsman's whip in his yellow gloved hand. The Emperor's carriage followed, a plain barouche drawn by four horses ridden by postillions. His Imperial Majesty occupied the right side of the back seat. He was dressed in the uniform of a general of division, and wore on his left breast a star of the Legion of Honor. "He looks ill," remarked a friend who was beside me, but this friend had never seen him before. A sallow complexion is peculiar to the family. The present Emperor has it; so have Prince Napoleon and Prince Pierre, and so had the Great Captain, from whom the house has its rise, and whose marble-like pallor turning betimes to an ashy tint is historical. In my judgment, Napoleon III. is in excellent health, but a little jaded, as well he may be. He smiled, not the sickly sea green smile that very incompetent and partial witness, Mr Kinglake lent him at Solferino, where, forsooth, he played the *role* of coward, but a gratified and contented smile. He was accompanied by General de Waubert de Genlis and two other aides-de-camp. A squad of Cent Gardes followed the carriage, and then came a second, open like the first, containing the Prince Imperial, attended by two officers of rank. The child was pale; he has the delicacy of color of his august mother, but he was full of boyish animation, and lifted his cap and replaced it almost continuously as the crowd cheered him. At first the populace did not appear to know who the little lad in the sub-lieutenant's uniform was, but the women, as if by some acute womanly instinct, sprang to a conclusion at once, and were first and loudest in their cries, "Long live the Prince Imperial." More Cent Gardes clattered by, and then in *caleché* and pair came Marshal Bazaine; But there was no favor for even a marshal of France to night, and the multitude closed in, pressing furiously behind the Imperial escort.

RECRUITING IN LONDON.

Recruiting in London is said to be going on vigorously this week. According to a paragraph in some of the morning papers, the neighborhood of Charles street, Westminster, has resumed the appearances which long marked it out as the chief place in the metropolis for military enlistment. Since the time of the Crimean war the recruiting officers have not displayed as much activity as at present nor have so large a number of lads and men crowded round them for the purpose of joining the army. All branches of the military service are represented in King street (which is now the principal rendezvous), and yesterday there were at work sergeants of the Royal Artillery, Fourth Dragoon Guards, Fifth Dragoon Guards, Fifth Royal Irish Lancers, Seventh Hussars, Third (Buffs), Fourth, Fifth, Seventeenth, Fifty-second and Fifty-ninth Infantry. Some of the recruits had a destitute look, but among them were some fine young men, evidently farm laborers, bearing no trace of having been hangers-on in the streets of London. Besides the corps mentioned, the Rifle Brigade, the Royal Engineers, and the Royal Marines were represented. The sergeants of the Enrolled Pensioners were engaged in negotiating enlistments for any regiment the applicant preferred. A special notice has been issued on behalf of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, stating that, in addition to the rates of pay for various grades, the amounts of which are given, eighty-six commissions are given to the ranks, not to speak of many situations of trust and respectability. The announcement was read with evident avidity by the intending recruits; but, as a superior degree of intelligence and education is required in the artillery soldier, the number of accepted recruits is necessarily circumscribed. Good as the supply of men now is, the recruiting sergeants expect it to largely increase when the harvest is over.

BRIEF AND TO THE POINT.

Marshal Le Bœuf's little speech to the six young Gardes Mobiles, who are now his secretaries, seems to have been very much to the purpose; "Gentlemen, we are beginning the campaign; we will live well when circumstance are favorite; when we can get nothing which may happen, we will buckle our waistcoats in tightly. You will have much work and little rest; my esteem, the certainty of being useful to your country, and on the least indiscretion, a ball through your head. And now, gentlemen, break up."

A TURCO GRANTED.

The following advertisement appears in the Cologne *Gazette* of the 27th July:

Reward of fifty dollars—To the German who first takes a Turco, in order to show him in the Zoological Gardens of this city. An additional forty thalers will be given if the said Turco be taken with the well known cat, which we understand each keeps on his knapsack.

THE MITRAILLEUSE.

The mitrailleuse, it appears, is by no means so novel an invention as has been supposed. On the 12th August, 1892, a gentleman named Renard offered to the National Assembly a machine of the sort by which a man could, in a second, fire ninety shots. The *Moniteur* of that date announces that the invention was referred to the Military Commission, and there's an end of it. In 1848 a locksmith invented and exhibited a kind of a machine which he chose to call a "bullet pump." It also disappeared after a time without attracting notice. In the exhibition of 1867 M. Renault, a Frenchman, showed an instrument called "A Reaper of Men," by which 8,000 bullets could be fired per minute by three persons. It had seventeen barrels. M. Renault and his invention have alike been lost sight of. M. Perrot conceived the idea of three sorts of mitrailleuses, all worked by compressed air.

A CURIOUS DESPATCH.

"A little nonsense now and then is relished by the best of men," so says the old song, and its philosophy is correct. It may seem a little out of place to mix up pleasantry with the frightful tragedy which is now sending a wail of sorrow through the Vosgian hills and along the valley of the Rhine; but the following story is too good to be lost. It is told by the Paris correspondent of the London *Telegraph*, and is dated Monday evening, July 11:

"The prolonged suspense is relieved by a really comic incident. The expectation of the French Government, confidently experienced on Saturday, that it would this day be able to state positively whether we are to have peace or war, was not realised, and you will have seen that the Duke de Gramont told the Corps Legislatif this afternoon that he had, as yet, 'nothing to say.' It seems that a long despatch in cypher, sent by M. Benditti from Ems, was received last night, and that the Emperor and his Ministers, after puzzling over it for two hours, could make out very little of the contents. There was in the despatch (I have this fact from the editor of a Government journal) an extraordinary and inextricable jumble of politics and barrels of wine. The war papers openly accuse the Prussian Government of having purposely spoiled the despatch, in order to gain time. Some attribute the mishap to derangement of the telegraphic wires caused by lightning. But another version, really not more unacceptable than current *canards*, is that the King of Prussia, who—it is now a historical fact—asked M. Benditti to dinner on Saturday, as a preliminary to business, so plied him with the choicest specimen of that treacherous Rhine wine, which, in this hot weather, slips down the throat like water, but is terribly heady, that the Ambassador, after leaving the presence, was not able to draw up his despatch intelligibly.

METZ.

From the New York Times.

Metz is the centre of the triple range of fortresses with which the celebrated Vauban, the architect of Louis XIV. attempted to defend France against Germany from the north and east. Round these frontiers he constructed no less than eighty-eight fortresses, of which Valiencienne in the north and Metz in the east, are the strongest. As said before, Metz lies in the centre of the triple range, having as advanced post Thionville, and in the rear Nancy. The Mozelle here is still very small, and scarcely practicable for small steamers that go down

with the current to Thionville, Sierck, and Treves. At Coblentz, it flows right through the city; one part of the river is still water Metz is very irregularly built, has a population of about eighty thousand and something like twenty-three thousand men garrison. It is surrounded by three walls, forming two ditches, which are about eighty feet deep, and being connected with the river, may be inundated at five minutes' notice. On each side of the place is situated a natural fort called on the right side of the river the Fort Belle Croix, and on the left side the Mount St. Quetin. On the top of this latter, commanding a view of about twenty five miles, is an optical telegraph, the signals of which may be seen from the Cathedral of Metz. The chevaux de frise, or fosses aux loups, consist in deep ditches, filled up with bayonets, swords, shells, grenades, &c., which are covered with the ground so carefully that the most practiced eye is scarcely able to detect them. All the buildings outside that place are wooden frame work so that they can be destroyed at a moment's warning. The Fort Belle Croix (20) is completely undermined, and the mines are connected with the arsenal (13), so that they can be blown up from this latter place. The "Portes des Allemands" is a historically curious piece, and the only remainder of the old fortress, as it had been constructed by the Dukes of Lorraine. This gate was assaulted in 1545 by Charles V., Emperor of Germany and King of Spain, but the Emperor, victorious on all other points, was defeated on this by his eternal enemy, Francis I. of France. It is not expected that the Prussians will carry this fortress as easily as they seem to have carried the little but strong place of Bitsche, and the experience of the Prussian Generals will scarcely allow them to leave so strong a place in their river, so a decisive battle may be looked for on the plains surrounding Metz.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshal
For Sale—John Robertson.
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 24, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1870.

Engineers are about to be sent to the Welland Canal for the purpose of making the surveys promised last session.

Plans and specifications for the new harbours of refuge on Lakes Erie and Huron will soon be ready, and tenders for the work will be advertised for immediately.

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The Managing Committee of this Association decided on meeting in the morning at once to discontinue the matches, as the density of the atmosphere rendered it impossible to see the targets.

Those who came from a distance may feel disappointed at being unable to join in the small bore competition, but the fearful conflagration in the vicinity of the city had already withdrawn many competitors from the match.

Due notice will be given of the date upon which the match will be resumed.

THE REMOVAL OF TROOPS.

After the plain and straightforward declaration made by the present Colonial minister in the debate on Lord Carnarvon's motion, we may take it for granted that none but those whose judgment is too obstinately preverted to yield to the teachings of common sense, any longer believe that the British Government or the British people, desire to drive Canada into independence. It may be that a few members of the plutocracy whose views are represented by the London *Times*, and a few men of the Manchester school whose organ is the London *Daily News*, would like to see the Empire shorn of its fair proportions, but we believe that the great majority of the people, true to the traditions and patriotic sentiments of their forefathers, would regret to see those ties annulled which unite Queen Victoria's subjects together, or any portion of that Empire destroyed, "whose morning drum beat echoes round the world."

Assuming this to be the case, as we believe we have a right to do, it seems to us that a great deal to much stress has been laid upon the fact of Her Majesty's Government having seen fit to withdraw the greater portion of the regular troops from Canada. It is natural enough that we should like to have them among us, not only for the feeling of security which their presence affords, but also on account of the gratification which every lover of British connection must feel at seeing the representatives of British Imperial power in our midst. But when we are repeatedly assured authoritatively that their withdrawal does not mean the abandonment of Canada, that the policy of concentrating a larger portion of the regular army at home is for the purpose of more efficiently providing for the defence of the Empire wherever its safety may be threatened, it seems to us that it is neither loyal or patriotic to insist so urgently as some of our contemporaries are doing, on the necessity of the troops being retained here. It is impossible for us to know what good reasons the Imperial authorities may have for adopting this course, and thus, not being acquainted with the facts of the case, it is absurd for us to attempt to dictate what the policy of the Government ought to be. If danger threatened Canada, we have the assurance of the dresent Colonial Secretary that all the power of the Empire would be exerted in its defence, and within the past few years, when there was a possibility of our being placed in jeopardy, we have seen the flower of the British army hurry to our assistance. At present there is no apparent danger of Canada being invaded. We do not suppose that anyone will say that our own brave little volunteer army is not capable of dealing with any bands of American fillibusters who may again venture upon a raid on Canada. In the event of Great Britain becoming involved in the European struggle, if the Americans were to show symptoms of taking advantage of the opportunity to strike a cowardly blow at us, we may rely upon it that the army as well as the matchless navy of Britain, which as the New York *World* very truly says "is the terror and wonder of the world," would soon be fully represented in the Western hemisphere. The Imperial Government and the British people at home may depend upon it also, that were such a calamity as a war with the United States to take place, the people of this country would prove themselves worthy of their Canadian ancestry, whose deeds of heroic loyalty will be remembered long as the memory of the true and brave endures.

One object of the withdrawal of the troops is, we are told, to render us self reliant, to encourage us to develop our own powers as much as possible, and to lead us to do our utmost in qualifying ourselves to be the defenders of the land we love. But it does not by any means follow that because we become more self reliant and more thoroughly able to protect ourselves that we should become independent. On the contrary the stronger we are and the less liable to be a burthen upon the mother country, the more favorably will the English people be disposed to regard the colonial connection. Recent events in Europe must have served to show them that they can place little or no reliance upon foreign allies. It is to her colonies that Great Britain must look for reliable friends and allies, and though some short-sighted English politicians may be disposed to regard the friendship of four millions of Canadians as of little value, we do not imagine that even they will consider it a matter of no consequence, whether the twenty millions of people who in a few years will inhabit this country are British subjects or foreigners.

AN ENTERPRISING AGENT.

The People's Telegraph Line have certainly a very energetic and enterprising agent in this city in the person of Mr. W. G. Drummond. As an instance of the interest he takes in the success of the line we may mention that since the extensive fires in the township of Buckingham have interfered with the working of the wires Mr. Drummond has been at the different points where communication has been destroyed, and with his own hands has repaired the damage as best he could, now putting the wires on a fence, then fastening them to a tree or lifting them on a makeshift for a pole—in short mending them as perfectly as circumstances would permit, and so keeping the line open. Yesterday Mr. Drummond went to Chelsea Bridge, where the poles had been destroyed, and while he was engaged repairing the damage, was cut off by the fire, and in his attempts to get through it was severely burned. He was compelled to remain where he was until four o'clock yesterday morning, when he succeeded in returning to the city. Mr. Drummond yesterday visited different parts of the line three times, and repaired damage done to the wires. During the past two days Mr. Drummond says he managed to keep the line clear, but at nights when the fire swept across the locality, it was impossible to keep the wires up. This will explains the absence of our midnight telegrams in our last two issues. To-day a gang of men will leave Montreal to plant new poles and make permanent repairs. We mention the above incidents as proofs of Mr. Drummond's untiring exertions to keep the line open. Few agents could be found to so exert themselves to insure the interests of their employers.

England Bound to Protect Belgium Neutrality

From the London Spectator.

The air is loaded with rumours about Belgium. Our deductions from them all —from Mr. Gladstone's speech, from Lord Granville's speech, from the military preparations, and from the attitude of the Belgium government—is that the British Cabinet has resolved to protect the independence of Belgium if necessary by force; that this resolve has been communicated to both belligerents, and that assurances tolerably satisfactory in character have been obtained. What those assurances are will be explained to Parliament before the session ends, an event said to be fixed for next Saturday.

Nevertheless, the government, being quite in earnest, on Tuesday demanded £2,000,000 and 20,000 additional men, and obtained them, only seven members of the crotchetiest and peace-societiest kind, voting in the negative. The recruiting offices are already thronged, the arsenals are at work, the artillery, which has been discreditably starved in the matter of horses, is to be brought up to its full strength, and the iron-clads in reserve are to be commissioned. All this is well, even if we have not to fire a shot; but, as we have explained elsewhere, we could wish to see a little more consciousness of the magnitude of his task in Mr. Caldwell. If Lord Lawrence could only speak, what a War Minister he would make!

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

Last week a ravenous lunatic at Erie, Pennsylvania, attempted to eat his keeper, and a number of friends who called to see him. He showed all the symptoms of hydrophobia, and yet was not afflicted with that fearful disease.

When the Prussians blew up the pier of the bridge at Kehl, on the right bank of the Rhine, the explosion was terrible, the tall towers were destroyed, and fragments were projected over on the left bank of the river.

Accounts from Algiers state that in Kabyla, the country of the major part of the Turcos, great enthusiasm for the war is manifested, and numbers of volunteers are offering themselves.

M. Rodelsturtz, a Prussian by birth, but a naturalized Frenchman, has undertaken to give up half of 60,000 francs a year, his fortune, in favor of the victims in France on the present war.

One telegram says that forty, and another says that twenty French citizens have been shot at Worth by the Prussians, in retaliation for cruelties said to have been inflicted upon German prisoners. Are those two civilised and christian nations about to repeat the barbarities which disgusted the world in the American civil war? It looks like it, if we can accept the telegraphic reports as being true.

A private letter from an Oxford man, dated "Saarbrucken, Friday, 28th," says: "I can't help reiterating that in all the shooting there has yet been, the Prussians have had out and out the best of it. Nothing could be worse than the Chassepot at short ranges. We see the Frenchmen spitting on their cartridges, sticking their fingers into their guns, and giving every possible sign that, after a few shots, the Chassepot gets so foul they don't know how to treat it."

There is a man living in the mountains of North Carolina, not more than forty miles from Greenfield, S. C., says the Tarboro' *Carolinian*, who has reached the extraordinary age of 143 years. At the time of Braddocks defeat he was 25 years old, and had a wife and three children. A gentleman at Greenfield says that this man who has come down to us from former generations, has alway been in moderate circumstances; lived upon a coarse, vegitable diet; and bids fair to live many years longer. He has survived seven wives, and, having lost the last one sixty years ago, he now naturally begins to feel quite lonely.

BATTLING WITH THE FLAMES!

The Progress of the Fire—Suspension of Business—Special Meeting of the City Council—Scenes and Incidents.

Never in the history of the city of Ottawa has a more exciting day been seen than yesterday. Early in the morning it was announced that the fires in the woods of which we had heard so much during the past few days, were rapidly approaching the city, and that it was only too probable that before night Ottawa would be in flames. All sorts of rumours were current, exaggerated and wildly improbable, as usual, on such occasions. At one time it was stated that the suburbs were already on fire, and at noon it was generally believed that Rochesterville had certainly fallen a prey to the devouring element. When such stories were current it was only natural that a considerable amount of excitement and commotion should prevail, but it must be said that the citizens of Ottawa and the surrounding neighborhood behaved in a manner which did them infinite credit, and the coolness which was displayed by the authorities did very much towards saving the city from any danger. Early in the morning

FAMILIES OF REFUGEES

flying from the flames might be seen entering the city. Farmers who but yesterday were possessed of a handsome competency, walked wearily along, carrying all their worldly wealth upon their backs, and followed by their wives and little ones, too much rejoiced in most instances at having been able to save the lives of these, their dearest treasures, to bewail the loss of their homes and crops. It was not from one quarter only that this flock of refugees came; some were from the other side of the river, who had been driven in by the fire which rages in the neighborhood of Chelsea. Mr. Moffatt from Central Hull was among the sufferers. He informed us that on Wednesday night while waiting outside his house, he suddenly saw the fire spring up in the pine and cedar woods about two miles from his place. It was not like the light of an ordinary fire, but a sudden blase of lambent flames accompanied by a shower of sparks from the dry crisp branches of the resinous pine and cedar trees. In ten minutes it had traversed the intervening space, and was at his very doors. With some difficulty he managed to rescue his children and to drag them through the clouds of blinding smoke to a large potato patch at a short distance from his house. Here he and the members of his family threw themselves prostrate between the trenches while the

WHIRLWIND OF FLAME

past by. The ashes fell thickly upon them, and the hot breath of the fire scorched them severely, but like travellers in the desert when the sirocco is near, they remained with their faces to the ground until the fire had past by. Then they rose and looked round to find their home and all it contained, the result of many years savings, levelled to the ground and swept away. Nor was this by any means a singular case in Central Hull. Over a tract of country extending for upwards of two miles in width and four miles in length not a building or even a fence has been left standing.

On Wednesday evening the wind blew a terrible gale, and the fire swept away through Central Hull, over a space of country over two miles wide and four miles in length, not leaving a building standing, or a fence remaining in its course. The following are the names of the sufferers:—Daniel Crilley, Timothy Moffatt, Hugh Pink, Charles Pink, Alex. Pink, Samuel Pink, Daniel Pink, Emanuel Rednon and son, John Harvey and brother, George Simmons, William Simmons, William Kearnahan, John Curre, three Currie sisters, Roger Sparks, Brian Daily, Barny Crilly and Joseph Badhan. James Pink, an old man aged 79 yeaas was burned to death. It appears he was driving off before the fire in a buggy with his sister-in-law when he got suffocated by the smoke and fell to the ground. The sister-in-law had to fly to save her own life. The old man's body was afterwards found and hurried. It was terribly burned. The scene and suffering throughout the night is represented as having been fearful. Mr. Moffat states that a short time after the wind commenced to blow he noticed the fire blazing up about two miles from his place, and that in less than fifteen minutes it was at his door. He and his family saved their lives, but suffered greatly, and but for the proximity of an extensive potato field they should, he says, certainly have been burned. They managed to escape much of the smoke and dust by lying in the drills. It is of course understood that the fire has no fuel in a potato field, and hence the safety it afforded.

Mrs. Hervey, whose death we mentioned in our account of yesterday, was also suffocated by the smoke, and having fallen on the ground, was burned.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

A special meeting of the City Council was convened at noon, Alderman Featherston in the chair.

Several members gave what in their opinion was the quarter from which the most danger should be expected.

The Chairman thought the fire on the Hull side was most threatening, and that should a wind blow towards the city from that side, the danger to not only the Chaudiere but the whole city would be great, and should Hull take fire the destruction of the whole city would be almost inevitible. He suggested that the different fire engines and their companies should be got and kept in readiness, and that the military authorities be waited upon to request the service of their men. The gallant soldiers he said had expressed themselves willing to turn out at a moments notice, and they only had to be asked.

Ald. Heney thought the first thing that should be done was to secure the services of the military, and send them immediately to the place where most needed. He also urged the voting of $500, or a $1,000, by the Council, towards the relief of the sufferers.

After a few remarks by some other members, it was moved by Ald. Pratt, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the sum of $1,000 be granted by the Council, for the relief of the sufferers, and that the Chairman be authorised to sign a cheque for the same.—Carried.

Ald. Martineau urged the Council to take immediate steps towards checking the fire.

At this stage of the proceedings, a note from the mill owners at the Chaudiere was handed in and read. It stated that not only was the Chaudiere in emmiment danger of being destroyed by the approaching fire, but also the whole city. It requested the Council to call a public meeting of the citizens at 2 o'clock, when they, the mill owners, would meet them and make arrangements to co operate with the Council.

Ald. Mosgrove thought it would not be prudent to call a meeting. It would create too great an alarm throughout the city. The great danger he thought lay in the possibility of sparks blowing into and setting on fire houses in the city. If a public meeting were called, or any such demonstration made, it would create great excitement and cause the citizens to turn out *en masse*, and they would rush to the scene of the fire on the limits of the city, leaving the interior neglected and without proper means to meet an emergency.

After some further remarks it was moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that a proclamation be issued calling upon the citizens to close their places of business, and to turn out and give their assistance in checking the fire.—Carried.

Sheriff Powell was called upon to address the Council, and proceed to do so, when another letter was received, stating that the fire was within 200 yards of Rochesterville.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that a Vigilance Committee be formed to consist of the members of the Council, the mill owners of the Chaudiere, and Sheriff Powell.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned, and the Vigilance Committee held a meeting, during which a couple of members were authorized to wait on the chief officer of the 60th and request the services of the men under his command, the fire authorities were authorized to send a fire engine out towards the Rochester property, and sub-Vigilance Committees were formed to superintend precautionary steps in the several wards.

The meeting then broke up and proceeded to immediate action.

"FIRE, FIRE, THE FIRE'S COMING!"

This was the cry which resounded up Sparks street, about one o clock yesterday. A scene of great excitement was the consequence. The shops were at the time being closed, in obedience to the request of the authorities, and the street was filled with people anxious to exert themselves if called upon, in order to provide for the safety of the city. To add to the excitement the fire bells commenced to ring, and the engines soon began to pass up the street towards the scene of danger. Some people, more nervous and excitable than the rest, began to pack up their effects, expressing their determination to take boat and trust themselves to the mercies of "Uttawa's tide," and in fact go anywhere,

"ANYWHERE OUT OF THE WORLD"

of fire, which seemed to threaten them. The less nervous flocked out in crowds towards the scene of danger. In carriages and vehicles of all descriptions, on horseback and on foot, hundreds, and probably thousands of people might be seen flocking westward. Bells rang, boys hollooed, the bugles of the volunteers sounded the alarm, vehicles of all kinds filled with people rattled over the pavement, while over all rolled the dull clouds of dust and smoke laden with showers of infitisimal white ashes, and hot with the breath of the fast approaching fire.

THE MILITARY.

As usual, on all such occasions of public emergency, the military did their duty, and by their steady discipline and cheerful energy, did much towards saving the city from destruction. As soon as the warning of apppoaching danger came, the 60th Rifles marched over to Hull, while the Garrison Artillery were called out, and having mustered in haste at the street corners, started for the same place.

HULL.

The fire had approached very near to Hull, and in view of the immense interests at stake there, the citizens of Ottawa were invited to turn out and proceed there. A large number of persons at once started in that direction, but fortunately the wind happened to change and turn the flames in a somewhat opposite quarter for the time being. And here we must not omit to make special reference to the noble and patriotic action of the mill owners of Hull and the Chaudiere, who, not content with doing what they could to provide for the security of their own establishments, had some thought for their neighbours also, and sent out a large number of their *employes*, horses, carts, buckets, &c., to assist in staying the progress of the flames in other directions. In the course of a necessarily hurried report, it is impossible to note as fully as we ought to do the energetic and disinterested conduct which they displayed, but we have no doubt that it is appreciated by those who profited by their kindness, and that hereafter it will be warmly and fittingly acknowledged.

THE FIRE IN NEPEAN.

Perhaps the best way of giving our readers an idea of the fire in Nepean, will be to describe what we saw personally, and the scenes and incidents which attended our trip in that direction. When we left Ottawa, about half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon, and proceeded in the direction of the Chaudiere, the idea prevailed that the fire had reached much nearer to the city than it really had done. Rochesterville was reported to be in flames, and all kinds of wild rumours were current; some persons going so far as to state that the devouring element had reached to the city limits. The road was thronged with vehicles and pedestrians bound for the scene of action, and now and then we met with persons coming into the city, each one of whom had some fresh story to tell as to the whereabouts of the fire, and the speed at which it was marching towards the city. On arriving at the Chaudiere we were informed that it was positively within half a mile of us, and that all the efforts which had been made to stay its progress, had proved utterly futile. On arriving at Rochesterville the clouds of smoke grew denser and more blinding, but still no signs of flame appeared, and following the almost uninterrupted train of people who crowded the way, we turned to the left along a rugged road which led us through Sherwood, a little village of newly erected wooden shanties. Here the smoke and fine white ashes, which were continually falling, rendered travelling unpleasant, the fire appearing to be burning strongest on our right front. After jumbling and jolting over the rough, uneven road which leads through the low cedar woods for some ten minutes we at length arrived at

LEWIS'S DAM.

Here we found a large number of persons congregated, many of whom were busily employed in cutting a way through the dam to allow the water to flow on the low lands through which we had passed, and thus place a barrier between the city and the approaching fire, extending from the Rideau Canal to the Ottawa river. The reservoir of the Rideau Canal at this point covers an area of about 500 acres, the water being upwards of four feet deep over the greater portion of it. From the dam to the Richmond Road there is a tract of low land, all over which the water from the reservoir will flow, and finally making its way into a little creek will find an outlet into the Ottawa River. Just as we reached this dam we heard a loud

HURRAH!

The dam had been cut through in two places, and with a mighty rush the water began to flow through the apertures over the low grounds. The fire was now about half a mile from us, and was working its way through a large wood situated, we believe upon or adjacint to Mr. Lyon Fellowes farm. Turning to the right up the Hog's Back Road we ascended a little hill for about 200 yards, passing a long string of water carts in doing so, and one or two houses, the inhabitants of which had their goods packed up ready for instant flight, and were standing at their doors watching the progress of events. Turning across a field to our right hand we traversed it as far as our carriage could go with safety, and then dismounting soon found ourselves near what we may call the

LINE OF FIRE.

Immediately in front of us was a long string of men, extended in something like skirmishing order, while here and there were grouped water carts, barrels and pails of water all ready for immediate use. Close by them one or two ploughs were at work cutting deep furrows or trenches, with a view checking the flames should they extend in that direction, while still further on in our immediate front was a belt of woods from out of which came clouds of dense smoke intermingled with occasional showers of sparks announcing the near presence of the fire. Here the heat was very oppressive, and the cloud of wood ashes which filled the air was anything but agreeable. We proceeded down to the advanced line of men who were watching the movements of the enemy. Suddenly the cry of

VIOLA LA FEU!

announced that a large stump or two had blazed into flame. Instantly, without any disorder or confusion, a dozen men, with buckets of water in their hands, rushed through the smoking underbrush, and emptied them upon the flames, thus checking their progress in that direction. At the same time one or two water carts drove up in their rear, ready to supply them with fresh "ammunition," should it be required. The fire however, did not seem inclined to leave the woods, but blazed and crackled onward towards the city and the low lands, previously spoken of, and fearing but our retreat would be cut off, not by fire, but by the water from the fast emptying reservoir, we hurried back along the road we had come. Not more than half an hour could have elapsed since we had left the dam, but on arriving once more at the foot of the hill which we have previously mentioned, we were astonished to find the low land overflowed and the road submerged in water to a depth of at least three feet. We tried to proceed along it, and for some distance did so, the water being well nigh up to the carriage doors, when the quantity of floating timber and other *debris* which was being swiftly borne along rendering further progress unsafe, our driver jumped into the water above his waist, and turned our horses' heads in the direction of the dam once more. One or two boys, determined to effect the passage, *swam* by us, and one of them was very nearly drowned, being carried under the timber of a bridge which had been swept away by the water. Fortunately our driver was thoroughly familiar with the "lay of the land," and managed to make his way across country to the Richmond road without exposing us to any perils from either land or water. In the course of our somewhat adventurous progress we came to a farm house in front of which stood a farmer of eighty years of age and his aged wife. With the latter we had some little conversation, asking her whether she was not afraid to remain at the old homestead and had not better seek safety in flight. "No," she replied,

"FOR SEVENTY-EIGHT YEARS

the Lord has taken care of me, and I do not think he will desert me and my old man to-night." She told us that most of their little stock of valuables were safely secured in the ice house underground; their farm hands had left them, and she and her aged partner were there alone, but still the good old dame looked forward undismayed toward the future, though the angry roar of the approaching fire could be heard as she talked with us. Let us hope that the implicit trust which she reposed in a benincient overruling power has been fully confirmed, and that during the night which has just past, no harm has come nigh her or her "old man." In another place we found people busily engaged in

BURYING TREASURE.

"What are you doing there?" we said to a group of men and women who were hastily covering up a hole in the ground. "Trying to save what we can from the fire," was the reply. And this we found was done in many instances in order to provide for the safe keeping of valuable property, which could not well be carried off in case of a hasty retreat being rendered necessary. At length we made our way out on to the Richmond Road, and returned to the city impressed with the firm conviction that Ottawa owed its safety to those who conceived the idea of emptying the reservoir and flooding the country between Lewis' dam and the Richmond Road.

Chapter of Incidents.

The following few incidents may be added to our long account of the awful calamity which has brought so many families to misery:

Old and experienced inhabitants inform us that never have they seen fire spread so rapidly in their whole lifetime, except on parched prairies. In some fields where their was long scorched or dry grass the fire is said to have almost kept pace with the wind, but as a general thing its march was at the rate of a mile in four or five minutes. In no instance so far as we have ascertained, had farmers time or opportunity to save anything out of their houses. We have heard of one case indeed in which a man attempted to carry off on his back a bundle of bed clothes, but before he got many yards from his house the quilts and blankets were on fire, and he had to drop them, and afterwards found it difficult to save himself.

STRANGE PHENOMENON.

Perhaps the strangest feature in the whole fearful occurrence, is the effect the fire or the smoke had on fish in small streams, particularly in Green's creek. We have been informed that in this creek fish are found in considerable numbers floating on the top of the water, perfectly dead. Whether it is the smoke or the effect of the fire upon the water that is to be attributed this phenomonon, scientific gentlemen may possibly be able to tell us, but the general belief is, that the smoke was the cause, and the grounds for the belief are plausible enough, viz., that the smoke lay very dense on the surface of the streams, and that its effect when inhaled, was fatal to the fish.

CUTTING ST. LOUIS DAM.

Mr. James Percell, Mr. Baldwin's foreman, deserves every praise for the manner in which he rushed to battle the fire, and every credit for the ability he showed in so doing. It was Mr. Percel who fiist suggested cutting the St. Louis dam, which with the men under his orders he did in a quick and effectual manner. He had during the day over 100 men, whom he deployed with skill and kept at work in a methodical manner. The extent of property flooded by the cutting of the dam is over 180 acres. A great many houses are built on the flooded ground.

ACCIDENT.

We regret that Mr. C. Magee met with a very serious accident yesterday while returning from the scene of fire near Rochesterville. He in company with Mr. Leslie, was driving out of the field at a fast pace, when the buggy struck a stump, breaking the harness and causing the horse to run away. Mr. Leslie jumped out and escaped uninjured, but Mr. Magee after keeping his seat for a time was thrown out receiving some severe cuts about the head, and being otherwise seriously injured.

As we go to press the horizon in rear of New Edinburgh is crimson with the reflection of the fierce fires raging in that quarter. A view of the scene from the belfry of the City Hall showed the progress of no less than eight different bodies of fire. There is also a bright blaze in the direction of Chelsea, which leads to the supposition that the rumor of Chelsea being on fire at an earlier hour was correct.

Arrival of Mr. Alfred Perry and the Montreal Firemen

About one o'clock, this morning, Mr. Alfred Perry, Fire Inspector Royal Insurance Company, Montreal, Guardian William McRobie, of No. 2 station, Guardian Frank McCulloch, of No. 5 station, William McDonald, and another Montreal fireman arrived in the city, bringing with them the "Union" pump engine and a quantity of hose. The men had only a few minutes notice to leave Montreal, and had been up for two nights at large fires before leaving for this city. They were, however, in good trim, and ready to go to work on short notice. Mr. Alfred Perry is well known to be an enthusiastic and skilful annihilator of the devouring element, while two better or braver firemen than McRobie and McCulloch cannot be found anywhere. Mr. Perry at once proceeded to Chelsea to have a look at the progress of the fire in that direction. The engine and hose was landed from the cars and left at the station.

TORONTO.

In the Brockton shooting case Franklin Kennedy was again brought before Lieut.-Col. Dennison and Alderman Baxter. After a lengthened examination, he was committed for trial; bail will be taken, his own recognizances for $500 and two substantial sureties in $250 each.

His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young, Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Howland and party, arrived yesterday from Collingwood, where they arrived on Wednesday night, in the *Chicora*, from a trip to Lake Superior. During the last 80 miles of the voyage a very heavy gale was encountered.

The *Daily Telegraph* has a special from Fort Francis, August 5, *via* Collingwood 18th August, announcing the safe arrival of Colonel Wolseley and the first detachment of the 60th Rifles. All are well. There are threats in Fort Garry among the people of taking Riel prisoner.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 19.

A cricket match between the Burnside Club, of this city, and the St. John's Club takes place to-morrow.

Yesterday a rifle competition took place between the members of the Grand Trunk Brigade. The smoke from the Ottawa valley prevents shooting at ranges above 600 yards.

At the firemen's pic-nic yesterday, a young man took a fit and died a few minutes afterwards. The coroner will hold an inquest to-morrow.

The loss by fire at Vandreuil yesterday forenoon amounts to $20,000, some six large dwellings and a great many barns were destroyed.

Montreal has been very full of strangers for some weeks, and hotels are crowded, chiefly with American tourists.

Chief Bertrand has tendered the *Union* fire engine, and 800 feet of hose for the assistance of the authorities at Ottawa, to aid in suppressing the fire which threatens the capital with destruction.

Mr. A. Perry and a few men of our city fire brigade, with the above engine &c., will leave this evening by a special train for Ottawa.

A meeting of shareholders, for the election of directors of the Caughnawaga Ship Canal Company, was held here last evening, at St. Lawrence Hall. John Young was elected President, Levi Underwood Vice-President, and John Pratt, Treasurer.

Yesterday Henry J. Noad, a retired merchant of Quebec, committed suicide by shooting himself with a pistol. The ball lodged in the region of his heart. Verdict—suicide while in a state of mental aberration.

Flour market quiet; sales effected were generally at a decline of about 10 cents from yesterday's prices.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 19.

Last night about seven hundred French Canadians and Irish promenaded the principal streets in the Upper Town, singing "La Marseillaise," "Mourier Pour La Patrie," and Irish airs.

A torchlight procession also paraded St. Roch's streets last night.

A well known Penitentiary bird named Beland was arrested, with four accomplices at the Island of Orleans, having stolen a raft of timber from the booms of Simon Peters.

They were detected in the act by the watchman, who followed them with the police to the Island. The gang is well known.

A robust hod-carrier in New Hampshire recently carried a barrel of flour from the sidewalk to the third story of a new building, and returned with it upon his shoulder to the street, where he sold the flour for $8, and received a handsome sum from the lookers-on.

One of the most severe comments on the Franco-Prussian war was unconsciously made by an English boy of five years of age at present in Paris. "Mamma," said the youngest, "the people outside cry '*Vive la Guerre*;' but that is a *belise*, because *guerre* means *killing*, and *vive* means *living*. How can you say '*Live*-death?'

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, 19.—There has been a series of engagements all along the French line, in which the Prussians have been generally successful.

Near Francos, on the line of the river Marne, Marshal Bazaine was attacked by the main body of the Prussian right and centre, and after an obstinate contest, was compelled to retire upon Chalons.

Prussian troops are reported to be in the neighborhood of the last named place, at Arc and Vilain.

The Crown Prince is said to be marching direct upon Paris.

PARIS, 19th.—There is no fresh official news from the front, since Marshal Bazaine's despatch, announcing a victory, but rumours are current of fresh disasters, and there is great excitement in consequence.

It is reported that the Empress is preparing for flight, and it is stated by some that she has already crossed the frontier into Belgium in disguise.

LONDON, Aug. 19th.—Evening.—The Prussian army has turned the French right and is marching on Paris.

The French line of defence is cut in two, and their various commands isolated one from the other.

Napoleon is reported to be at Rheims ill. It was reported this afternoon that he was dead, but this is not confirmed. He is in a very despondent condition, and walks up and down the room exclaiming, "Betrayed, betrayed!"

The following is the latest from the seat of war:—2.30 p.m.—There was no fighting all day on Thursday near Moselle town.

The latest French despatches are full of expressions of confidence of victory.

The following letter has been addressed to the King of Prussia by the Pope:

Your Majesty—In the present grave circumstances, it may appear an unusual thing to receive a letter from me, but as the Vicar on earth of God and Peace, I cannot do less than offer my mediation. It is my desire to see the cessation of war, like the Prussians, and to stop the evils they inevitably occasion. My mediation is that of a Sovereign, whose small dominion excites no jealousy, but who inspires confidence by the firm resolve of religious influence he personifies. May God lend an ear to my wishes, and listen also to those I form for your Majesty, to whom I would be united in bonds of Christianity.

Given at the Vatican, July 22nd, 1870.

(Signed) PIUS.

P.S.—I have written identically the same to the Emperor.

The King's reply is as follows:—Most august Pontiff—I am not surprised, but profoundly moved at the touching words traced by your hand. They cause the voice of God and peace to be heard. How could my heart refuse to listen to so powerful an appeal. God witnesses that neither I nor my people desired or provoked war, obeying the sacred duties which God imposes on Sovereigns and nations. We take up the sword to defend the honor and independence of our country, and ready to lay it down the moment these treasures are secure. If your Holiness can offer me from him who unexpectedly desired war assurances of sincerely dispositions and guarantees against a similar attempt upon the peace and tranquility of Europe, it certainly will not be I that will refuse to receive them from your venerable hands, united as I am with you in bones of Christian charity and sincere friendship.

(Signed,) WILLIAM.

The following additional facts of Tuesday's conflict have been received:—

A battalion of the 73rd French regiment of the line was destroyed, a regiment of German lancers capturing their colours.

There were several brilliant charges by the French, in one of which General Lepaud was killed.

It is reported that Prince Albert, commanding the Prussian cavalry, was killed outright, but it is not confirmed.

After the conflict the French occupied the Prussian position.

It is said that the French force engaged numbered 150,090.

It is certain that Prussia has refused the proposition recently made looking to an armistice. She will discuss no proposition outside of Paris. The analogy of the campaign with the advance on Richmond is suggested.

LONDONDERRY, August 18th.—The *European* from Quebec to Liverpool was signalled.

PARIS, August 19th.—The *Figarro* to-day has the following details of the battle of Longueville: "A battle occurred at Barrier, four Kilometres from Metz, and not at Longueville, as has been stated. The battle occurred on Sunday. Half our army, which was about 200,000 strong, were passing the Moselle at that place. On one bridge the Prussians made a mistake, and attacked about an hour too soon. The corps of Generals L'Admirault and Decaen were able to face the enemy about an hour after the time.

The Empress takes part in the movement in favor of the wounded. She has ordered her apartments at Campagne to be prepared for the purpose, and has decided upon trying the system inaugurated in America during the recent civil war of caring for wounded in tents where plenty of fresh air can be obtained.

The first attack was made by the Prussians, who had evidently a plan of the fortications of Metz, but without indidation of Fort Oventen, for in trying to avoid Fort Julien they marched directly towards Fort Oventen, which, when they came within easy range, opened a very destructive fire on them, to their great confusion. The Prussians retreated, and came within range of the guns of Fort St. Julien, which also opened fire, increasing the loss of the enemy. The Prussians then attacked another point of our position, which was defended by only one regiment of infantry and a masked battery of mitrailleuse, which immediately uncovered and made great havoc in the ranks of the Prussians. Firing ceased at half-past 7 in the evening, having lasted from 4 o'clock. We had about 1,000 killed, and perhas as many wounded. The Prussians sent a flag of truce demanding an armistice for the purpose of burying their dead; they admitted a loss of 8,000 killed; the armistice was refused. In this battle the first corps of Prussians was commanded by General Manteuffel, and the seventh corps by Count Seaslow. They had 50,000 infantry, 33,000 cavalry, and 96 guns.

The *Figaro* has the following report of the movements and doing of the Emperor: On Tuesday, 19th, the Emperor, who had not yet heard of the battle of the day, received the Mayor and sub-Prefect of Verdun, and spoke encouraginly to them. He was then accompanied by the Prince Imperial, but was almost without an escort. He went to the railway station and demanded a train. The officers of the road could furnish only a third class car, and the Emperor assured them he would be satisfied with that. Prince Imperial seemed greatly fatigued.

The following official despatch from Marshal Bazine is made public:

VERDUN, 19th—On Wednesday morning the army of Prince Frederick Charles commenced a sharp attack on the right of our position. The cavalry division of General Fortin, and the second corps ... Frossard, made a firm resistance ... division of the corps which ... right and left of Scanville ... cessfully and went into the ... lasted all night. The ... considerable ... efforts to resume the ... were vigorously repulsed ... on the enemies. Our ... enemy was driven back ... line. It is estimated ... sians were engaged.

BERLIN, 19th.—The ... the following details ... metz's movements ... ed in engaging the enemy ... was retreating from Metz ... direction, and obliged ... Arrecank where ... bank of the river ... overtook the French ... France had the third corps ... had been engaged ... Forbach, instantly attacked ... comp nw with General ... division, maintained ... superior force for ... Hanover corps with the ... divisions arrived ... six divisions, under ... ick Charles, ... forth, second, and ... and the French and ... Prussians took 200 ... and 7 guns, and ... rapid movements from ... Meuse to the fortified ...

ROME, Aug. 19.—The ... to recall his Nuncio from ... count of Austria's ... cordat.

The Emperor issued ... which was printed and ... the officers:—"The ... menced an action by ... small force, but ... behind them in ... formed line in ... constant fire, ... of the enemy. ... are well engaged ... ward strong bodies ... approach as near the ... sible unseen. Having ... the Emperor ... officers to imitate ...

YESTERDAY'S ...

LONDON, Aug. 18.— ... from Marshal Bazaine ... Wednesday, says— ... noon the enemy ... Brionville. After ... the enemy was driven ... bivouacked on the ground ... We had before us Prince ... and Gen. Steinmitz.

VERDUN, Monday.—The ... tinues near Mars-le-Tour ... going in our favour.

A number of wounded ... in.

A large division of the ... charged by our cavalry and ... Guard, were driven back ...

PARIS, 18th.—Edmund ... vivid description of the battle ... "One sees solid regiments ... retreat, while a few ... moralized and disarmed ... into the bye paths. I ... stop three wretched ... artillery horse, ... tering an old ... of making a short cut from ... Our artillery must have been used, as so many empty ... by without guns attached. ... one or two regiments of the ... firm, with rifles on their ... knapsacks on their backs. Behind ... shal McMahon, calm, dignified ... smiling and fresh as a rose. ... as he passed and he responded ... told the simple story of his defeat ... only 35,000 men, and I found ... front of me. ... numbers. ... 5,000 men, ... venge."

I reply. ... Prussians will be there ... says the General— ... children there."

I answered—"God preserve ..." "Do not fail to say that ... the troops is excellent."

We shake hands; ... sant words with M. De ... vainly in the ranks of the ... on for the laughing and ... De Vogue, officer of Ordinance ... young man of promise, ... bullet through the forehead ... Colson with a bullet through ... Both of them were struck down ... of the Marshal, ... life.

Past comes the regiment ... the most complete and ... These fellows have not ... knapsacks, nor their ... first comes out of the ... around the neck. ... fellow journalist, and ... begining by telling ... to your house. ... ple safe but you. ... a post. Oh, my poor ... aster! We will repair ... runs off and disappears.

A little further on ... dressed in a short ... marches like an officer ... panies of life. ... the *Illustration* ... before yesterday. ... folio across his back ... ing at Platsbourg ... a sketch of this ...

The inhabitants of ... stricken, are flying ... are hiding in gardens ... of the line are ... streets, their passage ... It is not over ... night. ... They reached ... battle.

I find the ... fabulous.

Marshal McMahon ... urday night ... remains of his army ... swarm of ... In the twinkling ... found itself filled ... while the fourth ... retired upon Bitche.

They massed together ... those most fortunate ... townsmen; those ... their knapsacks ... their tents; ... and in fields ... night was passed in terror ... had known how to profit by ... ty he might have ... thousand prisoners ... The population ... by the presence ... down, starved and ...

... The *World's* London ... Russia the news ... was's demonstration ... at Moscow against ... measures of the ... Germany and the ... to be increasing ...

Active negotiations ... which is unknown ... St. Petersburg and ...

The Prince and ... unusually harmonious ... sympathies with the ... feeling is believed ... his brother-in-law ... Prussia.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.— ... respondent writes from ... of the 2nd Prussian army ... Should the French not ... side of Metz two corps ... the fortress while the ... their march to Paris. ... at least six hundred ... vancing on French soil ... on reserve.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL, $1.12½ CENTS ... FOR 75CTS, AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

There was scarcely any attendance on the market yesterday.

ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday an aged woman came near having her arms broken by getting them entangled accidently in the spokes of a buggy wheel. She was timely rescued by a young gentleman.

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLES.—The Civil Service Rifles, under command of Captain White, were assembled at the City Hall at an early hour yesterday afternoon ready for such duty as might be found for them.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN HOME.—This charitable institution intends holding a pic nic in the Bellevue Gardens, Hull, on Thursday, the 25th October next. Full particulars will be published in a day or two.

PRAISEWORTHY.—We have been informed that Mr. Edgar Doward, organist of Christ Church, is preparing a grand concert to take place in the Rink Music Hall, on the 25th inst., the proceeds of which will go to the relief of the sufferers by the disastrous conflagrations. This is a most praiseworthy action on the part of Mr. Doward, and we have not the least doubt the concert being for so charitable a purpose will prove eminently successful.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Mr. Marshall did not play at the theatre last night for reasons probably well understood by every person in the city. This evening, however, if the citizens do not experience the excitement and trouble of yesterday, he will give his opening performance with his new troupe. Mr. Little and Miss Campbell, who are staying at the Russell House, should be greeted by a good audience.

The Campaign Thus Far.

From the N. Y. World.

With the aid of our correspondence and other sources, it is possible now to give a connected account of the manœuvring of the two armies from Saarbruck to Verdun. As originally formed, the opposing lines lay as follows:—Gen. L'Admirault, commanding the Fourth Corps, held the French left at Thionville; next to him came the Second Corps, under General Frossard, at St. Avold, forming, with the Third Corps, under Marshal Bazaine, at Metz, the left centre; next, the Fifth Corps, under General de Failly, at Bitche, forming the right centre; and then the First Corps, under Marshal McMahon, at Hagenau forming the French right. Back of the Third Corps, as the reserve back of the second, was the Sixth Corps, under General Bourbaki. Opposed to the French line, the Prussian right, under General Steinmetz, lay from Treves to Saarbrucken; the centre, under Prince Frederick Charles, between Saarlouis and Dann; and the left, under the Crown Prince, from a point opposite Bitche to in front of Weissenburg. With this formation the French opened the campaign by moving upon the left flank of the Prussian right, General Frossard leading the assault. Pushing on from St. Avold, through Forbach, he assault took Saarbrucken on the 2nd inst. With this success for the Prussians the Crown Prince advanced the Prussian left on the next day, the 3rd, upon Weissenburg, and after determined fighting, carried that point by storm upon the 4th. On the 5th Marshal McMahon advanced on Weissenburg to retake it, and simultaneous with this movement on the Prussian right, the Prussian right, under General Steinmetz, advanced upon Saarbrucken to retake that, the right of either army advancing upon a victorious opposing left, with the centre of both armies lying inactive. In both encounters the French were, from all accounts, heavily outnumbered, worsted, and driven back. General Frossard lost heavily at Saarbrucken, and drew off in some tolerable order under cover of his well-served artillery. At Reichsoffen, or Worth, Marshall McMahon claims to have fought 35,000 against 140,000 and though defeated the French appear to have crippled the Prussians so seriously that no effective immediate pursuit was possible. As a result of these reverses at Saarbrucken, Weissenburg, and Reichshoffen, or Worth, the French left centre and right having been disorganized, and the right centre and left were placed in danger of being flanked, and a general retreat and reformation of the whole centre and right of the line became necessary. Following their whole army from Saarbrucken, the Prussians occupied Forbach, St. Avold, Lunestein, and Hague and the intermediate villages; or, in a word, took possession of the original line of the French falling back until a new line was formed from Thionville to Nancy. Then General L'Admirault was withdrawn from Thionville, and the line was extended down to from Metz to Nancy. At this time Marshal Bazaine was made the Commander in Chief of the entire French army, and General Trochu appointed to the head of the administrative department, or to be Major General of the army. Pushing on, the Prussians brought up their army to confront this new line of the French. A cloud of cavalry was at once thrown out, but before a complete reconnaissance could be obtained the French army again took up the line of retreat for the Meuse. This was begun on the 13th, Saturday last, and on Sunday being the movement the Prussians at once assaulted in force. General Steinmetz advanced upon Bazaine's rear guard which was covering the transfer of the main army over the Moselle, but was repulsed. The Prussian centre, crossing at or about Pont a Mousson, marched to the right northward, or northwestwardly, and struck the French left between Metz and Verdun, the Crown Prince advancing meanwhile upon Nancy, which he had taken on the approach of McMahon towards Chalons, upon Toul. A repulse of Prince Frederick Charles with a loss of 40,000 men, is semi-officially reported; and there our present knowledge ends. If it be true that Prince Frederick Charles has been repulsed in his attempt to sever communication between Marshal Bazaine and McMahon, then the entire French army is well on its way to Chalons, at which point all indications go to show the main battle of the war was intended by them as soon as the effort to throw their arms across the Rhine was foiled at Saarbrucken and Weissenburg. If they can there, they will be enabled to annihilate the Prussians, on whose ... every fortress now in their rear—Strasbourg, Bitche—will pour ... thousands of fresh troops to swell the ... On the other hand, if the French ... the result will be no worse than if they fought their great ... at any other point nearer the Rhine. Bazaine considered, it is evident ... Bazaine seeks a battle where, his ... for victory being the same as elsewhere, the consequences of a victory will ... disastrous to the Prussians. A ... of this fact is doubtless the ... of the persistent assaults of the ... upon his line, in hopes of forcing a general engagement at some other ... the one now to all appearances ...

... worries a man so much in a ... education of manners or speech.

The cheering news from Mexico is that the wife of President Juarez is dying. The Government is bankrupt. Cardenos and some other revolutionists have been executed. Other revolutions cropping up.

The Church of Notre Dame Des Victoires, in Paris, is daily crowded by the wives, mothers, sisters, and sweethearts of the soldiers gone to the war, praying for the success of the men so dear to them.

Several of the fashionable New York *chevalier d'industrie* have gone to pass the hot season at Long Branch and Newport. Their arrival at the latter place has already cost the inhabitants several thousand dollars.

☞ T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

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THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 1-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

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HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Saturday Evening, August 20th

First appearance of

MR. J. Z. LITTLE,

THE CELEBRATED TRAGEDIAN,

MISS LIZZIE CAMPBELL,

Leading Lady from the Park Theatre Brooklyn,

—AND—

MR JOHN SWINBURN,

Who will appear in the Great sensation Drama of

☞ LOST IN LONDON, ☜

With entire new scenery and effects, including the great

COAL MINE SCENE,

Painted by Mr. W. J. FORSTER, a true picture of underground life

With Horses and Men at Work.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

☞ MAZEPPA. ☜

With new ... Dress, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
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FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle, some fat, all good stock at
JOHN ROBERTSON'S
Bell's Corners,
Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1449 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Custom House, City of London, Ontario.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for London Custom House," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 5th of SEPTEMBER next, at noon, for the erection and completion of a

CUSTOM HOUSE AND EXAMINING WAREHOUSE,

In the City of London, Province of Ontario.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on and after the 24th instant, at the Department of the Minister of Public Works, City of Ottawa; and also at the office of William Robinson, Esq., Architect, City Hall, London, Ontario.

The Tenders to be submitted must be in one bulk sum, embracing all Trades and Classifications of Work and Material.

The names of two solvent, and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
(Signed.) F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1440 4

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Victoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.

W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 149 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 40 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 1 o'clock p. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1432 3td

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LADIES' SEMINARY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses with the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 25th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 3

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

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GUARANTEED PURITY

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J. P. MACPHERSON,
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COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at
ESMONDE BROS.

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CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at
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BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at
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GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at
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THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL

AND

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY,

THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END.

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favourable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.
Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1437td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 13

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son; and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 29th, 1870. 6

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, ... 18, 1870

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to noon of

FRIDAY, the 26th DAY of AUGUST INSTANT

For the erection of a BEACON LIGHT at Wade Shoal on the River Ottawa.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, Ottawa, where Forms of the Tender can also be obtained by intending contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The work is required to be completed by the 10th OCTOBER next.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine.
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 4

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

No. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 28, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street,

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their ☞ SHOW ROOMS, ☜ so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

☞ MANTLE, MILLINERY, ☜

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

☞ LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE. ☜

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.
Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1403tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.
FIVE DOLL AS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE 1452 4

YOUNG LADIES'

LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.
Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1438tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

☞ PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next
At 11 o'clock a. m., the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—
Licen e No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, Petewawa
" 97,
" 100,

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

A & P WHITE,
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

☞ VALUABLE TOWN LOTS, ☜

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

at the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices and on moderate terms, which will be as follows:—One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual Instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S. Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.
1436td D. & M.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

G P BAKER.
Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1447 3

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. These limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms. Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT.

Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1483 1m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

[redacted]

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,

IN THE

CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1437td14

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 164⁰, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118⁰ at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
Intercolonial Railway
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.
1437 6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the making of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order
F. BRAUN
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1488

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GREAT

☞ CHEAP SALE. ☜

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

☞ ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY,

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

☞ *For 1s 3d.*

Fashionable New Plait,

☞ *For 1s 6d.*

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

☞ *For 6s 3d*

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual price.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silk &c. &c.

☞ *It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.*

R. L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

☞ DRESS HATS, ☜

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851.

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for a few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
... 1870

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL, Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of boards in 24 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting till stuff but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
... July 9, 1870. 14..tf

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE
August 1st, 1870. 1424 tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding school a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR,
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1433tf

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather.
A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring
JAS. BUCHANAN.
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No. 10 Wilbrod-st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by sisters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1, 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Mrs Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October.
1433 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 20, 1870.

Flour—Extra	6 75	@ 7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@ 6 75
No. 1	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 2	6 00	@ 6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@ 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@ 0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 20
Spring "	1 10	@ 0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 0 00
Pork Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@ 9 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@ 9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Veal	0 05	@ 0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@ 6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@ 1 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
Butter—Choice Table	20	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@ 0 18
No 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@ 4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@ 0 00
Hay—Per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@ 4 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 00
Hides		
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@ 000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Invested in Canada.........$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In Illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 7s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent.

1407 5m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

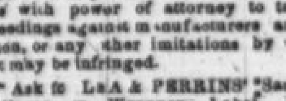
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Bingham, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. Kennedy, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belding, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1awbdm

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, (whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East hal of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w34td

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 3194f

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

Capt. Bowie,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

Capt. Nichols,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and engaged the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros. Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 194.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 5s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secr'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
A. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1304 1

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to [illegible]

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 13 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870. 1289.3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. In [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

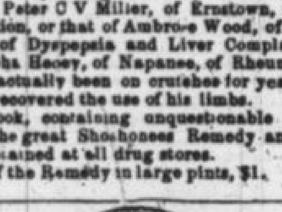
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY, CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

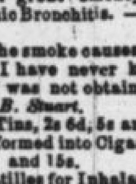
DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Candill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

Agents—Messrs. F. [illegible]

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

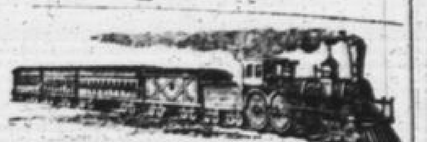
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 46
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 36
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.
6th June, 1870.

THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 0.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]

In the Township of Russe[ll], County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of El[gin] Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1426-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or [illegible]

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Maltha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Sarsaparilla

[illegible]

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country ... be informed of its virtues ...

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race ...

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it ...

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., *Practical and Analytical Chemists* ...

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS ...

Ayer's Cathartic [Pills]

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Tuner, and Repairer ... between Dalhousie street ... street, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW. The Classes will re-open ...

FACULTY OF MEDICINE. The Session will be opened ... October

FACULTY OF ARTS. The Session of this Faculty will ... WEDNESDAY, September ... there will be offered for competition ... SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS ...

1342 1awt.

For Sale or To Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A hand ... six rooms and kitchen ...

Ottawa, April 25.

FOR SALE.—The ... No. 27, in First Concession ...

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa ... Managing Director.

VOL.

Railroads

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY of CANADA

RUNNING O[F TRAINS] FOR THE ENSU[ING] ...

EAST AND ...

NEW FIRST-C[LASS] ...

PULLMAN PALACE SLEE[PING CARS] ...

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA SUMMER ARRANGEMENT ... BONAVENTURE ...

GOING WEST ... Ogdensburg, Kingston, Guelph, London, Buffalo, Detroit ...

GOING SOUTH AND EAST ...

IMPROVED SERVICE ... SUMMER ... ACCELERATION ... ON ALL ... to Montreal ... to Toronto ... after JUNE 13 ... put in force, ... as follows:

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1441. OTTAWA. MONDAY AUGUST, 22, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's arrangements, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to run between the

EAST AND WEST,

with close connections at all points. The line is equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

unequalled in the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Montreal in 13 Hours.

Toronto in 13 Hours,

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

When completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to ensure the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and bills.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
1447tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains leave BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST.

Mail Train for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do .... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 4:00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:30 a m

.... 7:00 a m

.... 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m

Express train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

.... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at .... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland at .... 6.00 a m

Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The Steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p. m. They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY ... for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

ASA R TAYLOR, Agent.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

THROUGH ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Montreal in 13 Hours.

Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangement will be in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Mail for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at .... 9 00 a m

Night Express do .... 9 00 p m

Mixed Train for Toronto and intermediate stations .... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations .... 5 00 p m

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at .... 7 10 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central .... 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington .... 3 45 p m

.... 6 00 a m

.... 4 00 p m

Express for Island Pond, Gorham, and Lower Provinces .... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticook and Norton Mills only at .... 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The Steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N.S., every Wednesday and Saturday, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at ... for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39 Great St. James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
1429tf

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. d3w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, east end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR.

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7400

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

& the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—
Cognac Brandies Hennessy & Co., Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low rates.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

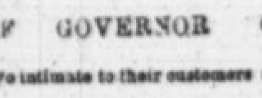
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES, &c.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	4.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer						
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train, Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00					
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.						6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.30	4.30	5.00	11.30	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	6.00	11.00	12.15	5.00	11.00	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30				11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00					
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kinsbourn, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.						
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

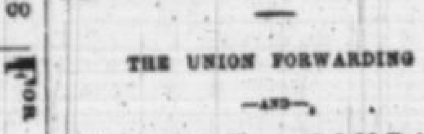
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive........ 4.10 p m, 11.00 a m, 2.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 7·30 a. m.

On and after the 1st of August, the steamer SIR JOHN YOUNG

Capt. Blondin, will leave Havelock daily, [Sundays excepted], at 7 o'clock a. m., for Chapeau, returning same day, leaving Chapeau at 1 o'clock, p. m. Passengers will arrive at Chapeau at 12 o'clock, and Havelock at 5 o'clock.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1134tf

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents

NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents

LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents

WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents

FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents

LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents

SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted

30 DOZ. Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black, Grenadine,

JAPANESE SILKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed,

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRAD ... —Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.,&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street,

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.
1300y

T. O. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs and Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1400y

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty. Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel,
Blood German Steel,
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bouete Blue Bell,
Red Rover of Champion
Blunt's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa, 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and Eaving up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 3y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

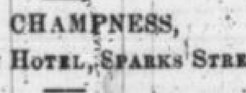
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 26, 1869. 1236.t



CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1467tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

Promise.

Once a new world the sun-swart mariner,
Columbus, promised, and was sore withstood;
Ungraced, unhelped, unheard for many a year,
But let at last to make his promise good.

Promised, and promising I go, most dear,
To better my dull heart with love's sweet feud,
My life with its most reverent hope and fear,
And my religion with fair gratitude.

O, we must part; the stars for me contend,
And all the winds that blow, on all the seas;
Through wonderful waste places I must wend,
And with a promise my sad soul appease.
Promise, then, promise much of far-off bliss;
But—ah, for present joy, give me one kiss.

A Sketch of McMahon.

Mr. Halstead writes from Paris to the Cincinnati *Commercial*:

I was not lion hunting, but accidently ran against one of the largest proportions—a lion just from Africa, too. I heard a man exclaim in the crowd: "Why there is McMahon." And sure enough there was the most celebrated of living French Generals, the best personification of the French soldier, the hope of the French army in the struggle at hand, and a great popular favorite. He had, as I see by the papers this morning, spent a large portion of the day with the Emperor. Parisians have for some days thought that he was with his corps near Strasbourg, and his departure is an event. He was called from Algiers the moment that there were signs of an imminent outbreak of war. He was in citizen's dress last night, and with three gentlemen likewise dressed as civilians, but the group—the Marshal was accompanied by some of his staff—was after all thoroughly military in appearance.

They were enjoying themselves with the pretense of being plain people, but their faces and bearing; every feature and movement, indicated their profession. McMahon wore a new silk hat, and its especial gloss was all that made him prominent in the crowd. His hair is white—a soft, brilliant white—and cut close, and his mustache is also white—as white as Fernando Wood's, but not half so large. He is said not to be an imperialist, and so small a circumstance as that he does not wear his beard in the fashion of the Emperor gives confirmation to the report. He wears no imperial, his lower lip being clean shaven. In spite of his white hairs he has not the appearance of advanced years. His eye, complexion, and carriage indicate that he is in the prime of life. His face is a healthy scarlet, the sun of Africa being responsible, I suppose, chiefly, for the brilliancy of the bronze on his cheeks. His features are not grand but are refined, his nose is almost delicate in its fine outline and sharpness, and his mouth is sad rather than severe. You can see this expression of sadness—there is something that touches the pathetic in it—in the pictures of him that will now appear everywhere, and which are becoming as plentiful here as those of the Emperor, whose abounding photographs are one of the troubles of the times. McMahon's eye is a little sunken, and a light blue, I think, with a cheery, intelligent sparkle in it (that I am sure of); and in his walk he is quick, and in gesture rather deliberate for a Frenchman. Not many persons seem to recognize him, and he paid no attention to those who did and were staring at him with evident curiosity, nor was there anything in his manner to show consciousness that he was observed. Two or three times rose the cry, "Vive McMahon," but he gave no sign of hearing it. There was not the slightest symptom of that look of "the hardened despot" in which people are unduly sensible of importance and fame, or of celebrity of some sort, so often disguise themselves.

The Influence of Pretty Women.

Life becomes more harmonious, it beats with a keener pulse of enjoyment, in the presence of pretty women. After all a charming little figure, a piquant little face, is the best remedy for half the ills of existence, its worries, its vexations, its dullness, its disappointments. And even in the larger and more placid types of beauty, in the beauty of a Lady Dumbello, if there is a tinge of stupidity, there is at any rate an atmosphere of repose, a genial influence moulding our social converse and habits into gentler shapes.

It is amusing to see how the prettiness of woman tells on her dress, how the order and propriety of her dress tells on the home. The pursuit of beauty, the habit of prettiness, give an ideal dignity to the very arrangement of her bonnet strings. In every movement, in the very sweep of her ample folds, in the pose of her languor, in the gay start of her excitement, one feels the softening, harmonizing influence of her last look in the glass. She may be gay or sorrowful, quiet or energetic, but she must be pretty. Beauty exercises an imperceptible compulsion over her, which moulds her whole life into graceful and harmonious forms. Her dress rises out of the mere clothing of man into regions of science, of poetry, of art. A thousand considerations of taste, harmonies of color, contrasts, correspondencies, delicate adjustments of light and shade, dictate the choice of a shawl or the tint of a glove.

And as prettiness tells on her dress, it tells on the home. Flowers, pictures, the gay notes of a sonata, the coziest of couches, gorgeous hues of Indian tapestry, glass work of Murano, a hundred exquisite somethings and nothings, are the natural setting of pretty women. The art of the boudoir tells on all but the chaos of the husband's study. Around that last refuge of barbarism floats an atmosphere of taste and refinement in which the pretty wife lives and moves and has her being. And from this tone of the home grows the tone of society, the social laws of good humor, of propriety, of self-restraint, of consideration for others, of gentleness, of vivacity. The very hush of the rough tones that have thundered over Peloponnese as Pericles bends over Aspasia, the little turns and delicacies of phrase, the joyous serfdoms and idleness of the manliness and most energetic of men, tells of the triumph of pretty women.

Baron von Buest has publicly denied any attempt on the part of Austria to mediate in the questions at issue between France and Prussia.

An extraordinary trial is in progress in Reading, Pa. It is that of a young girl of 14 years of age, for the murder of an infant eleven months old. The accused, Catherine Hummel, had the child left to her care, and is supposed to have cut its throat from ear to ear with a butcher's knife. The proof is very strong against her. As she sits in the felon's dock during the trial, she is the picture of youthful innocence and beauty. She is quite calm, and appears to have no anxiety about her situation.

General Von Moltke is distinguished for taciturnity. A Berlin letter says: "People here are so accustomed to his peculiarities and solitary habits—evidently the result of constant pondering over his duties—that they even feign not to see him when he passes. Yet he can express himself very fluently and very clearly on occasions, as I myself can testify, having heard him once explain the topography of the seat of the Danish war. Some few days ago the tacit convention was broken by a individual who claims to be one of the grandees of the Bourse. 'Well,' he said, on meeting the General in the street, 'how are things getting on, General?' 'Thank you, sir,' replied the General, 'my rye crops are getting on beautifully, but my potatoes are very backward.' The Bourse gentleman disappeared.

Chinese Massacre in Cuba.

A letter from Carbenas recites the following facts. The writer says: "That you may form an idea of the little moral strength of the Government here, as well as the disorder which reigns, I beg your attention to what happened here on the 20th and 21st ult. A Chinaman robbed the father-in-law of his master or owner of certain jewlery or moneys, which he gave to a policeman to take care of. The latter was a partner in the infamy. When the Chinaman came to the policeman to demand his part of the booty, the latter refused to deliver it, whereupon the policeman was stricken several blows by the Chinaman. A volunteer ran up to the defense of the policeman, and the Chinaman, seeing himself attacked by two thereupon drew forth a knife with which he inflicted three wounds upon the volunteer, causing his death. The other volunteers, belonging to the same company as the dead man, immediately called their companions together and with them all the boys and young negroes they could find, for the purpose of avenging the loss of their comrade. They went to the market of Mercado and the places adjacent thereto, when they attacked all the Chinese they met, taking away all their fruits and personal effects, among which were some articles of value. To the shouts of "Death to the Chinese" and "Viva Espana" they sacked the market-place. The Government and other authorities came upon the spot with the object of restoring order, but to the speech of His Excellency they replied only by a contemptuous cry, while continuing the work of pillage. Newly recruited volunteers joined in, but, instead of aiding in the restoration of order, they assisted in the wounding destruction. Soon the market was destroyed. Nine dead Chinaman have up to this present been found. How many esert have been wounded no one knows to the fear of the scandal, the authorities other failed to arrest a single person have. For fear of the scandal, the authorities have failed to arrest a single person.

CHIT CHAT FOR THE LADIES

Men as a general thing admire brunettes much more than blondes.

Salt water is said to be ruinous in its effect upon the hair.

The only right time to eat fruit is in the morning at breakfast.

The woman who is in love with Lydia Thompson is known in Chicago as an agoporaphobic.

Small women seldom dress well, and the reason is that they imagine themselves as tall as every one else.

An old Bachelor says that, as regards a lady's complexion "distance invariably lends enchantment to the view."

Many of the lady bathers at Newport and Long Branch wear thick masks in the water to preserve their complexions.

An observer says "that children are not so well behaved since the mothers have taken to wearing high buttoned boots."

Many ladies wear entire wigs in the Summer as the braids worn are so heavy that they cannot pin them to their own hair.

The large Japanese umbrellas are very much used by ladies in the country, and being dark, are very effective in keeping off the rays of the sun.

A small miniature photographic apparatus has been invented which gentlemen can carry around in their pockets, and take the likeness of their lady friends at a moment's warning.

A wild cat attempted to take a baby out of its cradle in a cabin near Mankato, Minn., but a little black-and-tan dog attacked the catamount and fought it until the mother came in and drove the wild beast out with a brand of fire.

Certain Parisian ladies are introducing a new fashion—that of patronizing pet serpents. At a concert in the Champs Elysees one of these pets quietly uncoiled itself from the arms of its mistress, and found a home on that of a neighboring lady. Immediate result, hysterics. The owner came to the rescue, claimed her green and yellow darling, and comfortingly observed that it was not venomous.

French performances will, it is said, in spite of the war be given in Berlin.

The Queen of Prussia herself announces that she will take personal charge of the wounded of both nations, and their treatment shall be identical. The French prisoners as they pass through the railway stations receive nothing but kindness. Citizens and volunteers give them refreshments, cigars, &c., and ladies enter the cars, and going from man to man, offer them paper and pencil, and volunteer to write to their friends for them.

The Orleans Princes, sons of Louis Phillipe are four in number. The Duke of Nemours is 56 years old; under Louis Phillippe he held several important military commands, especially in the campaigns against Abd el Kader. He was chosen King of the Belgians in 1831, and was proposed for King of Greece, but his father would not permit him to accept either dignity. He is the father of Count d'Eu, the son-in-law and general of the Emperor of Brazil. The Prince de Joinville is 52 years old, in his father's time a naval commander of repute. The Duke of Aumale is aged 42; he served in Algeria under Bugeaud and Baraguey d'Hilliers, rose to be a Marshal of France, and received Abd-el-Kader's surrender. The Duke of Montpensier, candidate for the throne of Spain, is the youngest of these princes. Since 1848, all the family except the last named have lived in England.

To increase the naval forces of the country during the war, the King of Prussia offers to charter the army at his expense any number of ships that will take part in the pending hostilities, subject to the approval of the Government. They will wear the uniform of the Frederal navy, and be treated in every respect on an equal footing. If a ship thus chartered be injured or destroyed, she will be paid for by Government; if on the other hand, she capture or destroy a hoshtile vessel, she will receive a premium of 50,000 thalers for an iron-cased frigate, 30,000 thalers for an iron-cased corvette or ram, 20,000 thalers for an iron battery, 15,000 thalers for a screw-vessel, and 10,000 thalers for a screw of smaller dimensions. If a ship is nither herself injured nor successful in injuring the enemy, she must content herself with the pay of the crew, and with a hire amounting to one-tenth her value, which is awarded on the charter-party being signed.

The Paris fortifications which were commenced in the reign of Louis Pphillippe, consists of a bastioned and terraced wall with thirty-four feet of escarpment faced with masonry, presenting ninety-four angular fronts; and a continuous ditch twenty-two metres in circuit and embracing both banks of the Seine. Twenty-one detached forts, each in itself a strong fortress, have been added, and the whole system of defence has been thoroughly reorganized and adapted to the latest improvements in gunnery and military architecture. Within the fortifications is a contiuous carriage road, and within that a railroad which connects with the grand lines that radiate from the city. Capacious arsenals and magazines have been erected at various points along the line of defence, and everything that engineering skill can suggest has been employed to increase the efficiency and add to the strength of these gigantic works.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Money to Lend—H. P. Hill.
Australia—Shippers Line for Melbourne—M. Mullin & Co.
Notice—John Featherston.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 39, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1870.

Authorized discount on American invoices 14 per cent.

Captain Sherard Osborne, in a letter to the London *Times*, says that the British navy was never so formidable as it now is, or so superior to those of other nations. He says that if Prussia possessed six such ships as the *Royal Sovereign*, of three *Captains*, they would be more than a match for the whole iron-clad navy of the French.

The Halifax *Reporter* says: "H. M. S. *Valorous* captured the *S. G. Marshall* (fishing schooner) not long since, and carried her into Charlottetown. The reason for her capture was that the owner could give no satisfactory account of her. That capture was a very necessary one. Mr. Marshall is, we understand, a citizen of the United States, living in P. E. Island. He tried to retain all the advantages of citizenship in the States, and at the same time, to obtain all the advantages of being nominally a British subject. He expected to be able to get a bounty as a United States man, and to be protected by the cruiser as a British North American. The manœuvre did not work very satisfactorily, and the vessel, without a British register, has been confiscated, which serves him exactly right. We want all scheming of that sort exposed, and our fishermen, if they know of any instance, will be wise to give the authorities the information.

THE GREAT CONFLAGRATION.

The fiery ordeal through which we have lately passed, is one which few, if any, of us have ever experienced before, and to which none of us would willingly be exposed again. To be surrounded by a belt of flame gradually approaching nearer and nearer to us, to be half suffocated beneath clouds of driving smoke and showers of ashes, certainly savours more of life upon the wild western prairies than of city experience. Yet how trifling is the inconvenience and anxiety which we have suffered in Ottawa, compared with the anguish which so many of our fellow-countrymen in the rural districts have had to endure. We have seen more than one of them, scorched and blackened with the flames, with all the results of years of industry and careful thrift swept away in a few moments, and as they have told us of the long hours spent in watching the advance of the fire or in preparations to escape from it, of hasty flights through the scorching woods with the roar of the remorseless destroyer behind them, we have to some extent been able to realize what their sufferings have been, and how deep must be the despondency, and how bitter the sorrow which they must now feel. A majority of those who have been utterly ruined by the fire are men who came to Canada in the early prime of life, who for many years rose early and toiled incessantly in the hope of being able, before old age overtook them, to make comfortable homes for themselves and their children. In many cases they succeeded in so doing; the toils and savings of many years had met with a due reward, and now as the twilight of their days is falling and the shadows beginning to lengthen across their paths, they are with scarcely a minute's notice turned out upon the world, stripped of everything they had striven so hard to obtain! Of course we do not mean to say that this is the case in every instance, but we do know as a matter of fact, that the picture we have roughly sketched is no exaggeration so far as more than one of the sufferers are concerned, and that now when the hopes and energies of their youth are quenched for ever, they are called upon to exert themselves once more as they had to do in their earlier years, and once again to labor for a mere sustenance for themselves and their families. It is scarcely necessary that we should do more than mention that such is the fact, in order to insure some speedy action being taken for the relief of the sufferers. We who have been so near destruction, who have felt the hot breath of the flame upon us, and have with good reason trembled for our own safety, cannot but sympathize with those who have suffered from the fate which we dreaded, but which in Heaven's good Providence we escaped. Something more than mere words of sympathy and pity is needed, something more than empty expressions of commiseration to mark our gratitude for our escape and our real heartfelt sorrow for what our fellow countrymen and near neighbors have been called upon to endure. Let us remember that hundreds of people have suddenly been rendered homeless and penniless, and that it is to us that they have a right to look for aid and comfort. They do not come to us as beggars, but as fellow countrymen and fellow creatures, united to us by ties of consanguinity and national union, as well as by those of our common manhood. By an unexpected misfortune, which no foresight or industry of theirs could have prevented, they have been reduced to poverty, and they have the right to ask us, who have been spared a like fate, to assist them to the utmost of our power; not to dole out a miserable pittance grudgingly, but to give according to our ability and our means. We presume that measures will be taken for the relief of the sufferers, and we are glad to find that a public meeting has been called, in order that some organized plan may be adopted. We do not require a number of long-winded speeches from people who delight to air their oratory on such occasions, but who always button up their pockets the closest; what we do want is for some reliable, practical workers, to take the matter in hand. Above all, let it be remembered that there is no time to be lost. Hundreds of people who, this time last week thought themselves rich, and had little or no anxiety about the future, at the present moment scarcely know where their next meal is coming from. With such facts staring us in the face this is no time for talking and lengthy discussion. The people of Ottawa know their duty in the matter and will do it if the opportunity be afforded them. Let the authorities therefore at once take action and see what can be done towards relieving the wants of the houseless, homeless and penniless sufferers by the late fire.

So far we have spoken only of the living; of long cherished hopes blighted, and of all the results of years of toil being swept away in a moment. Let us not, however, forget one word of sympathy for those who have had even a deeper sorrow to endure, and who in addition to the loss of home and riches, have been deprived by a sudden and horrible death of those who were dearer and more precious to them than all the world beside. For sorrow so deep and poignant as theirs there is little we can do or say with any hope of mitigating it. All we can do is to hope and trust, as with implicit confidence we have a right to do, that the strength to bear has been equal to the trials they have had to endure, and that the sunlight of a peace which no words of human sympathy or condolence can bring, will shine through the gloom of this their night of sorrow and adversity.

The Fire near Chelsea.

The traveller who, leaving Hull, with its busy factories behind him, proceeds along the pleasant, shady road among the cedar and pine woods that leads towards the village of Chelsea, journeys some little distance without perceiving any signs of the fire except the clouds of smoke that obscure the horizon. As we drove out in that direction on Saturday, it was not until we had proceeded about two miles beyond Hull that we began to meet carts loaded with furniture, behind which followed groups of pedestrians whose homes had been destroyed, and who were wending their weary way towards the city in the hopes of obtaining shelter and assistance. About three miles out we first came upon what we may call the

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of the Fire King's army, blazing and crackling among the pines in a wood on our right hand, the flames twining like fiery serpents round the trunks of the trees, or in some places smouldering among the long grass and underwood, to break out in a fresh blaze in another place. Many of the telegraph poles were down and the wires broken, and the fences were entirely destroyed, while in place of the green pines, elms and maples which we had admired only a few days ago, for some distance upon our right hand nothing could be seen but a melancholy array of blackened trunks, from which every semblance of life and beauty had disappeared, and which standing black and motionless, looked like an army of mutes mourning the loss of Nature's fairest summer treasures. Proceeding a little further, we came to what is known as the Rafting ground creek, the bridge over which is entirely destroyed, and where, in consequence, we were compelled to make a detour, in order to get round to the opposite bank. Here on every side the traces of the fire were plainly visible on every side. On the hill just beyond, we saw where Mr. Gilmour's rafting ground used to be. We saw hardly a trace of a human habitation left a few heaps of charcoal, some iron bolts, part of an old copper kettle, and the remains of one or two animals which had been roasted to death; these were positively the only relics we could find of what but a few days ago was the abode of several families. We afterwards heard from a gentleman who was present at the rafting ground on Wednesday night, a description of what occurred.

THE PROGRESS OF THE FLAMES

in the distant woods had been watched with some degree of anxiety during the afternoon and evening, though few people thought that the rafting ground was in any immediate danger. Suddenly, however, and almost without any previous warning, a furious hurricane arose, and as it tore madly through the forest bending the stoutest trees before it, the cloud of smoke which had been visible before begin to vomit forth flame "like flashes of lightning" our informant said. Soon the mass of smoke changed into

A WALL OF FIRE,

and then when its hot breath began to be felt and the roar of its angry voice was heard as it came leaping and rearing across the stubble fields and along the fences, for the first time the people at the rafting ground began to realize their danger and to look about them for some means of escape. Racing along at a speed which seems to have been certainly not less than a mile in four or five minutes the fire bore down upon them. Nothing could be done to check its progress, as if lusting to enfold them in its hot embrace it came on towards them with constantly increasing speed. Women with their little ones clinging to them screamed in wild affright, hardly men who perhaps never before knew what terror meant, stood aghast with blanched cheeks and trembling limbs. Suddenly the cry arose

"TO THE RIVER!"

Immediately beyond where the little cluster of cottages stood the ground slopes down abruptly towards the river Gatineau. Down this bank the inhabitants ran. There was not a moment to be lost. No effort was or could be made to save property. All they sought to preserve was their lives, and in a few minutes they found themselves huddled together near the river's side at the bottom of the slope we have mentioned, with all their worldly possessions suddenly snatched from them, some of them with scarcely any clothing on them, so brief had been the time allowed them to prepare for their flight, but all comparatively safe! Just above their heads the flames roared in wild, tumultuous riot, as if exulting in the mischief it had done, casting a lurid reflection upon the river as it rippled along, and illuminating the valley with a bright glowing light.

UPON RAFTS

hastily put together the poor houseless wanderers embarked, and with the ruins of their late home blazing above them and the cold, pitiless wind beating furiously upon them, they set forth upon their venturesome way. After a voyage attended with many perils and hairbreadth escapes, they at length made Gatineau Point, where they remained for the night, and have since obtained shelter, some among their friends in that vicinity, and some in Ottawa and other places. After the village and rather more than 5,000,000 feet of lumber had been consumed, the fire turned southwards into the woods, sweeping everything before it, and, changing in a few minutes what had been a fruitful land into a barren wilderness.

CHELSEA MILLS.

On Saturday evening we visited the Chelsea mills, and were happy to find that no immediate danger threatened. They are not at work, however, in consequence of a considerable portion of the Long timber *chute* (some three miles in length), used for conveying timber from the mills to the rafting ground, having been destroyed by the fire. Mr. Mather, the manager, has taken every precaution to avert danger, and he and his subordinates have been continually on the watch night and day. Had the wind on Wednesday night, however, been in a different direction, and carried the fire towards the Gatineau at this point, it does not seem possible that these splendid mills could have been saved. From the woods on the other side of the river we could see dense columns of smoke arising, showing that that side of the valley had also been visited by the destroyer. The fire seemed to be extending down the valley in a south easterly direction, and away from the mills.

CHELSEA VILLAGE

had a narrow escape from destruction. On Wednesday evening the inhabitants could see the fire rushing along at almost railroad speed through the woods to the west, and at a comparatively short distance from the village. One of the most extraordinary sights connected with this tearful spectacle, was to see the flames ascend some tall pine tree, enwrap it for a few moments in a perfect blaze, and then, amid a shower of sparks, these monarchs of the forest would be seen to totter once or twice, and then fall to rise no more. We could not help remarking the exceedingly erratic course pursued by the fire. In some fields there would be a patch of burnt grass or stubble at one corner, while the remainder of the field was untouched. Through some of the fences, a gap of perhaps twenty or thirty feet has been made, and the rest has escaped uninjured. So too in some places in the woods, an avenue of a few hundred yards in width has been burnt, while the trees in the immediate neighborhood are as green and fresh looking as they were a week ago.

CAMPING OUT.

One of the most pitiful sights we saw was a family whose habitation had been destroyed camping out in a field under one or two carpets and blankets they had managed to save. Considering what they had passed through they were remarkably cheerful though their case was indeed a hard one. The man had managed after long years of toil to accumulate a little property, buy a farm and build a comfortable homestead. The fire came and in a few moments swept away everything; all the fruits of a quarter of a century's industry destroyed; his home turned into a heap of ashes, and his land rendered useless and unproductive for some length of time to come. It is when with our own eyes we see sights of this nature that we begin to realise what the fire really has done and how much ruin and desolation it has left in its track. At many of the houses in the 6th and 7th concessions of Hull township we found the inhabitants had their goods packed and everything ready for an immediate flight. The scene at night was a very remarkable one, for though the progress of the fire has of course considerably abated, we could see in various directions as we journeyed homeward numbers of burning trees and stumps blazing away fiercely, and heaps of red hot ashes which a strong wind would soon blow into flame. Those among our readers who have travelled through the "iron country" in England in the vicinity of Wolverhampton at night, and remember the strange appearance of the numerous furnaces and foundries, will be able to form some conception of the sight presented by the woods in some places near Chelsea. The night of

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will be long remembered in the burnt district. Never since the day of its early settlement was such a spectacle witnessed; never did death in its most awful form seem to threaten the inhabitants so closely. Some we know fell victims to the flames, but when we see what havoc has been wrought all over the country, and hear from the lips of eye witnesses, of the force and fury of the fire and of the speed at which it travelled, we can only wonder that more did not perish, and that so many are left within the reach of human sympathy and succour. A cheery old Scotch dame said to us "we have lost all our gear but *thank God the bairns are here!*" And so though so much loss and misery has been occasioned by the fire, may we with all reverence thank God that so many of our fellow countrymen and women, the sons and daughters of Canada, are spared to us unharmed.

It was originally intended to present the "Lady of the Lake" at Booth, on the off nights of Mr. Jefferson's engagement, but he having consented to appear on Saturday nights, it is withdrawn for the present.

The new boat built for the Paris crew, by Mr. Charles Elliott, of Green Point, New York, arrived in the steamer *New England* on Saturday afternoon. She is a very handsome piece of workmanship, is made of Spanish cedar, and weighs only 112 lbs. Her dimentions are 43 feet in length, 18½ inches width, and 8 inches depth. There is a combing round her "cock pit," or centre, where the rowers sit, and when they are in her (or when she is in her racing trim) she will draw only 5 inches of water. There is a great improvement in her out-riggers, which are made of steel, highly finished (being silver plated), and her row locks are lined with wood, so that the oars work on wood altogether. The crew came down on Saturday evening to receive the boat. As she was carried through Prince William street, in the evening, on her way to Carleton, she was admired by all, and expressions of satisfaction at her appearance passed among those who feel an interest in the coming contest.—*St. John Telegraph.*

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. F. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

Tremendous Enthusiasm in Berlin over the Defeat of Bazaine—Letters declare the Emperor "Virtually deposed and ignored"—Notes of the Bank of France at 5 per cent—Destruction of the Bois de Boulogne Confirmed—The French Completely Cut Off from Paris—The Prussians hold the Railways from Metz to Thionville—The Bombardment of Strasbourg Commenced—The Prussians Marching on Paris announced by the Corps Legislatif, &c., &c., &c.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—At Berlin the publication of the King's despatch of the defeat of Bazaine created tremendous enthusiasm. The whole population were in the streets. Flags were everywhere displayed; churches were thrown open, and thanksgiving services held. Thousands of citizens assembled outside the Royal Palace, congratulating the Queen with deafening cheers.

Large supplies of hospital stores were being forwarded to the front.

Letters from Paris declare that the Emperor is virtually deposed, and is ignored in all arrangements.

Notes of the Bank of France are now at 5 per cent.

A corps of Fencibles is organizing in Paris, to number 18,000 strong.

The destruction of Bois de Boulogne and Vincennes is confirmed. The people protested, but it was declared a military necessity.

Marshal Bazaine, who still keeps his plans a profound secret, is in a position to support the French either at Metz or Verdun.

Fifteen hundred omnibus horses have been seized by the military authorities in Paris, to work on the fortifications.

The Spanish Government is preparing for heavy shipments of troops to Cuba early in September.

The miniature steamer, *City of Ragusa*, was spoken on the 13th in latitude 54, all well.

A French loan of 1,000,000,000 francs has been announced.

An Austrian imperial decree has opened the Provincial Diet.

The Emperor expressed his gratification at the patriotic unanimity of all the people of the monarchy, and hoped he should be able to satisfy the legitimate demands at Galecia and Tyrol, and urged the immediate election of Rechsiltz.

Mr. Gladstone, in view of the European crisis, has postponed his trip to Scotland, and remains in London.

The reported wounding of Prince Charles is untrue.

The Prussian reserves in readiness at various points, amount to 200,000 men.

Messrs. Nicol, Dutchworth & Co., a Liverpool firm, have stopped payment. Deficit £100,000.

Count Palikao denied in the Corps Legislatif the statement made by the Prussians that they were victorious on Thursday, and asserted that the French repulsed three Prussian corps d'armee.

On Thursday the Prussians won a brilliant victory near Gravellotte. The French were expelled from every position they held, and thrown back upon Metz and confined in a narrow territory around that fortification. They are completely cut off from Paris.

The Twelfth Prussian army corps holds the railways from Metz to Thionville. The Prussian losses have been heavy.

FLORENCE, Aug. 20.—There was a violent debate in the Italian Chambers on Friday. Deputy Mellana accused the ministry of violating the neutrality of Italy by sending Italian troops to defend the Pope.

One of the ministers, in reply to a question, said that Mazzini, the noted agitator, was travelling in Sicily under a false name. The Government was well aware of all his plans, and was determined to defeat them. Mazzini would be regularly tried.

He further stated that Sicily was especially inflamma l.

Deputy Bertano denounced the arrest as illegal.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Reports from Mulhouse state that the garrison at Strasbourg made another sortie on the besiegers, killing and capturing considerable.

Despatches from Prussian sources which have been reproduced here announce the commencement of the bombardment of Strasbourg.

It is positively denied that the Emperor is at Rheims, but it is known that preparations have been made there to receive him.

The excitement of the people of Paris last night at not receiving news from the army was extreme.

When the evening journals appeared crowds fought for the first numbers. Their reports of the statements made in the Corps Legislatif was read aloud to the eager crowds, and they wildly cheered.

Compact masses of people remained under the windows of the different Ministers awaiting official bulletins, none having appeared for two days.

Gen. Trochu has issued another proclamation, the meaning of which is that Paris will have to stand a siege. The following is the text:

"To the National Guard, to the Garde Mobile, to the troops and seamen in the army of Paris, to all the defenders of the Capital—In the midst of events of the highest importance I have been appointed Governor. The honor is great, the peril also. I depend on your patriotism should Paris be subjected to a siege. Never was there a more magnificent opportunity to prove to the world that long prosperity has not effeminated the country. You have before you the example of an army which has fought one against three. Their heroic struggle compels the admiration of all. Show by your conduct that you have the feeling of the profound responsibility resting upon you.

The statement of Count Palikao that the French won a victory on the 18th, and drove the Prussians into the Quarries of Gaumont is reported from other sources.

Gaumont is between Metz and Thionville.

The Bourse fell to-day in anticipation of the proposed issue of a loan of 750,000,000 francs to-morrow.

Count Von Bismarck is at Pont-a-Mousson with the King of Prussia.

Strong bodies of troops belonging to McMahon's army are being pushed into Vosges.

A deputy to the Corps Legislatif to-day announced to the persons collected near the Chamber that the Prussians had entered Chaltion and Saar Mayne. This movement would indicate that the Prussians are marching on Paris by way of Setanne.

Gen. Trochu has removed the interdiction on the journals *Reveil, Rappel*, and others.

Prince Napoleon has gone on an important mission to Italy.

The capital has been supplied with immense quantities of provisions and munitions of war during the past two weeks, and could now stand a seige for six months.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Reported Death of Napoleon—The late Battle—50,000 killed and wounded — Estimated Loss of the Prussians 100,000—Battle near Metz, &c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The *World's* special from London states that the losses on both sides in the battles of Tuesday and Wednesday were 50,000 killed and wounded.

The Prussians are estimated to have lost 100,000 men since they entered France.

Bazaine and McMahon's forces are now stated to be 400,000 men.

People regard Trochu as actual dictator.

BERLIN, August 20.—The Queen has received the following despatch from King William, near Bezonville, dated August 18, 9 p. m.:—

"The French army was attacked to day west of Metz. Its position was very strong. My command, after a combat of 9 hours duration, totally routed the French forces, intercepting their communication with Paris, and turned them back on Metz."

LONDON, August 20.—A rumour is current here of the sudden death of the Emperor Napoleon. It is asserted confidentially by some, but it is to be accepted with distrust. Apoplexy is named as the cause of his death.

NEW YORK, August 20.—A *Tribune* cable despatch says:—Our special correspondent writes from Metz on Monday, statingthat at 11 a.m., on Sunday, Bazaine effected a grand reconnaissance with one division of Ladmirault's corps. At two the battle commenced on the right at Barny, until four it was of no great importance, the fourth army corps forming the first line of the battle, a measure intended to deceive the Prussians into the belief that it was retreating. The Prussians fell into the trap rushed forward and attacked with surprising vigor. The fourth corps at once fell on the enemy's flank, while McMahon on the right attacked simultaneously. The movements on both sides were effected with singular precision. The correspondent knows little more; but says in the evening the battle was nearly over.

The Prussian lines extended 3 leagues of ground gained in every direction.

The officers who come back later from the field maintains that the victory rested with the French; but a Prussian officer who had been taken prisoner told a different story, said he, "you might better surrender at discretion. We are more than 200,000 strong. You will be crushed. You had your own way at first, for we believed there was only a division in front; but you know what the end was."

It is difficult to question even officers closely, so keen are suspicions about spies; and to ask whether the French army had suffered a defeat would be to expose myself to instant expulsion, or worse. Hence I can only give you such particulars as are collected in the way I have mentioned. As a Frenchman I believe in the success of the French arms; but I know not why the advanced column have withdrawn again under the walls of the fortress.

A special correspondent of the *Tribune*, at Berlin, writes on the 16th: The encounter before Metz, on Sunday, was an attack upon the advance guard of the French and repulse of a sortie from the fortress, by the troops of the first east Prussians and seventh Westphalia corps.

The commanders of these two army corps, Von Manteufell and Van Seasqurow, having directed the movements.

It is probable the siege of Metz will begin at once.

A siege train at Magdeburg has left for France already on Saturday last, and other siege artillery is to follow it.

Strasbourg, it is supposed, will be aged exclusively by South Germans, chiefly Baden troops. An early surrender is, however, anticipated after the earnestness of the siege shall have been sufficiently shown. Not so, however, in the case of Metz.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20th.—Edmund About continues his description of McMahon's retreat and says the invasion is expected from one moment to another, and no one dreams of defence against the 150,000 men of the Prince Royal.

The *Opinione Nationale* in announcing the appointment by the Prussian wing of the Governments of the Provinces of Lorraine Alsace says, "Woe to the conquered should Prussia succeed. France will be treated with unexampled rigor. She will be dismembered, robbed and crushed so she may not at some future day seek revenge, and that the source of democracy may be destroyed."

The present war is one of old against the new right, that of people against Kings.

WASHINGTON, Augus 20.—The latest rumor here in regard to the English mission, is that ex-Senator Wade has been tendered the position of Secretary of the Interior, and that Secretary Cox will be sent as Minister to England.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—A special correspondent of the *Tribune* at the headquarters of the Crown Prince, writes on the 12th instant: The more we gather of the details of the battle of Woerthe the more clearly does it appear that there was no miracle about the affair; no sudden surprise. It would seem that the French commanders in this quarter are altogether out-manœuvred by the Crown Prince; and that whatever the merits of the respective small arms are, the tactics of the two armies will not bear comparison. The French allowed themselves to be so placed as to require extraordinary fighting to extricate themselves. It can never be known whether Douay would have extricated his men with less loss than they actually sustained, had he lived to direct them, for he fell by one of the first discharges of the artillery. Prussians and Bavarians together far out-numbered the corps of McMahon.

We may estimate that the Crown Prince had at least half as many again of disposable troops on August 6th as his opponents.

I have heard 12 to 7 mentioned as odds on the fight at Woerthe, and before McMahon had been long engaged he was sending aides-de-camp to beg help from de Failley. Messages must have arrived in time to bring the needed help, if everything had been in readiness; but here, again, overconfidence had prevailed. One French corps was destroyed before the other came to its support. I have heard that on Sunday, the day following the battle, a large force was about in the rear of where McMahon had fought.

People who saw it tell with wonder of the rush of the beaten army westward, and the advance of angry and almost incredulous troops toward the front, but it was too late to renew the battle, too late to save the regiments which lay strewn over the fields at Woerthe. The more desperate the resistance the more they had been scattered, and at the last there had been a sort of panic. It seems certain that the fugitives from Woerthe were in great disorder, even when passing through villages ten miles in the rear.

Trains of provisions creep like great serpents over the country.

LONDON, August 20.—A Paris correspondent writes that a silence has settled on the name of Napoleon which is more astounding than even Prussian victories. He is dead civilly and imperially. Where will he drag his despised, worn out carcass? For a fortnight his name has been unpronounced in the Chambers, and he is as much disregarded as the Poe.

NEW YORK, Aug 20.—A London special says of Thursday's engagement:—The defeat of the French is most complete. It is known that their army is frigitfully demoralized.

Inhabitants of Chalons speak plainly and vindictively against the Emperor.

Premier Gladstone has returned to London.

A Cabinet Council has been summoned to consider the subject of intervention.

The Queen of England has addressed a lithograph letter to the King of Prussia urging upon him the desirability of accepting peace proposals from France.

It is understood in English political circles that the proposals to cede the Province of Alsace, deposition of Napoleon, with liberty of France to choose her own Government are regarded favorably by the English Government.

Napoleon continues seriously and alarmingly sick.

In Paris to-day, in all political arrangements, the Emperor is virtually deposed.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 29.—Oriolfe, Russian Ambassador to Vienna, has gone to Paris on a special mission.

The Czar has congratulated a Silesian regiment, of which he is Colonel, on its gallantry in the battle of Weissenbourg. He also sent several surgeons to the Prussian army.

LONDON, August 20.—There is universal indignation manifested at the outrages perpetrated by the Turks. It is said negociations have been entered into by neutral powers for a stipulation against the employment of such miscreants.

The *Saturday Review* thinks the Prussians are unwise to insist on the dethronement of Napoleon. This is the surest way, the *Review* thinks, of restoring his popularity.

The *Spectator*, judging from news received from Germany, regards the case of France as hopeless. Marshal Bazaine is surrounded, and Canrobert is too weak to risk battle. Paris is indefensible, and the Empire, as distinguished from France, is dead.

PARIS, Aug. 20, noon.—Nothing yet received from the front. There are rumours of an engagement between Canrobert and the Prince Royal, who has penetrated France as far as Vitry, La Francaise, nineteen miles south east of Chalons, and had an engagement with McMahon.

BRUSSELLS, August 19.—The *Etoile Belge* announces Napoleon extremely ill on Wednesday morning, at Chalons. Also intimated he intended abdicating.

LONDON, August 20.—The following is the official despatch of King William, dated Resonville, Thursday evening.

"We have defeated the French under Bazaine, after a battle which lasted 10 hours. There were 40,000 killed and wounded. The garrison were taken prisoners. I commanded. The defeat of the French was complete.

(Signed,) WILLIAM."

All private despatches to Bankers agree precisely in terms regarding the victories of the Prussians.

The bombardment of Strasbourg, from a point near Kehl, began on Friday morning, and continued till noon, when it was suspended for two hours. The return fire of the garrison was almost harmless.

MUNICH, August 19, 8 p. m.—A bloody battle occurred to-day between Gravelotte and Resonville. The French were repulsed and driven back on Metz.

All communications between Metz and Paris have been destroyed.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 20.—A Paris letter to the *Independence Belge* says Marshal McMahon is retreating on Paris, and will avoid an engagement unless he can form a junction with Marshal Bazaine.

The Council of War at Paris, as a defensive measure, have ordered a partial destruction of the Bois de Boulogne.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—There is great joy at Hamburg, Berlin and Frankfort over the recent Prussian victories.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—The inhabitants of Chalons have received orders to get themselves away within 24 hours.

Part of the Prussian army have returned to Nancy and elected a Mayor for the city.

The Prussian invasion of Luxemburg is considered imminent from the orders lately given for the subsistance of the troops.

The *Presse* says trustworthy advices state that the Prussian losses have not been less than 90,000 in the battles of the last three days.

Nothing has yet been received from the front.

LONDON, August 20.—Advices from private sources state Ollivier still in Paris. He is keeping out of sight. Our informant dined with him on Thursday.

It is stated that there are more than 400,000 Germans between the Rhine and Paris.

The French have succeeded in victualling Strasburg.

It is admitted that the corps of Prince Frederick Charles has suffered severely.

It is stated that Marshal Bazaine had to weaken his forces, while under fire, in order to send regiments to defend the Emperor's person.

PARIS, August 20.—A Prussian officer with a flag of truce on Friday, demanded the surrender of Strasbourg. He was received with shouts of populace, "we shall never surrender."

The commander of Strasbourg then dismissed the Prussians with the words, "the people have given you my reply."

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 20.

In the Brockton shooting case, Mr. Dancy has so far recovered as to be able to sit up for some hours each day.

Dr. Lizars skillfully extracted the bullet yesterday; it was only a little below the skin, near the spinal column.

Franklin Kennedy having found necessary bail, is set at liberty till the day of trial.

Hopkins is still at large.

The presentation of prizes won at the Regatta last Saturday, was made last night in the Club House. Mr. Wm. Davison in the chair, in the absence of President Angus Morrison, M. P. Prizes were presented with a few appropriate remarks in each case.

On Thursday evening Mr. John Dewe, Chief Post Office Inspector, was presented with a valuable gold watch and address by the clerks in his department on the occasion of his appointment to the chief inspectorship of the Dominion.

Extensive arrangements are being made by a Committee of the Corporation for the reception of the Illinois Press Association.

POINTE CLAIRE, Aug. 20.

A stiff north western wind is blowing.

"Magdala" beat the "Irene" by 10 minutes.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 20

The Crystal Palace is now being prepared for the grand promenade concert, to be given on Tuesday next by the P. C. O. Rifle band. In addition to the attraction of a programme of vocal and instrumental music, our citizens will have an opportunity of viewing the colossal bronze statue of the Queen.

The restoration of St. Andrew's Church is fast approaching completion. The steeple is finished, and the internal arrangements are nearly complete.

Mr. R. Sharpley and John Henderson & Co., presented the sum of $25 respectively, for the benefit of the firemen's reserve fund, as a mark of their appreciation of the efforts of the fire brigade on the occasion of the recent fire at the Terapin.

Flour market quiet but steady. Ordinary Canada supers are scarce and wanted

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 20.

It has been decided to put the Sunday liquor law in force in this city.

The Quebec Garrison Artillery will camp out on Thursday next at the Island of Orleans.

Last night at the City Council the debate on the report of the fire committee came up, and ended in the dismissal of Chief Ferguson from the fire brigade.

This dismissal is much regretted by the insurance companies of the city, as his efficiency was such that great confidence was placed in him, and his removal is looked upon as merely a matter of jealous spite and as a great loss to the city.

The report was adopted in a most disgraceful manner, being taken up in a hurry and national spirit, without regard to the merits of the case.

The French Canadian members voted to a man in favor of the report, simply from the fact of nationality, the accused refusing to listen to any, however, common sense argument.

Last night there was another demonstration in St. Roche. Flags and mottoes were displayed, and vociferious cheering for France and Ireland. The presence of a member of the Dominion Parliament added *eclat* to the demonstration.

For the first time the French extras were issued yesterday to nullify the effect of the English extras.

CANADIAN GOSSIP

Cornwall is to have a stone pavement.

The band performs weekly at Belleville.

Simcoe rejoices in the capture of a horse thief.

Kingston complains of a scarcity of servant girls.

The Odd Fellows of Stratford have had a picnic.

London the little heavily taxes cheap Johns.

A Belleville firm has shipped off so far this week 500 packages of butter.

Chisholm & Co., of Montreal, for a long time agents on the Grand Trunk, have leased the Northern Railway line for the same business.

A leak has been discovered and repaired in the Hamilton water works.

There is so much building in progress this year in St. Catherines that those who supply the material cannot keep the workmen in operation.

Beggars infest London, Ont., to the disgust of the inhabitants.

Moonlight excursions delight the people of Kingston.

The Press Association of the State of Illinois will be in Montreal on the 24th inst. They are to be entertained by the citizens while in that city.

Owing to recent refreshing showers in New Brunwick the crop prospects there have been rendered more encouraging.

Kingston thinks it is behind the age, because it has not a steam fire engine.

The Windsor, N.B., *Mail* says Salmon and Shad are plentiful in that locality.

A large number of persons have arrived in Halifax from New York.

Halifax lately shipped $10,000 in specie to England.

The civic holiday in Guelph was a success.

The firemen of Belleville are to have a grand pic-nic.

St. John, N. B., has been choked with dust.

Port Perry has cherries in every stage of growth from the blossom to maturity.

The arrival of a large fish agitates Hamilton.

Scarlet Fever rages in the town of Mitchell.

London the Little boasts of its magnificent sunsets.

St. Catherines papers notice a large number of strangers in their midst.

A new steam mill has been erected at Elma, to the joy of the villagers.

St. Catharines has challenged Niagara to deadly conflict with the rifle.

The river is so low in front of Montreal, that the Isle Roude is getting high out of the water.

The ladies of Niagara are to have a grand fancy fare next week.

Two young ladies who ventured out in a boat on Toronto Bay, narrowly escaped drowning.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Miss Louisa Moore is among the artiste engaged for Niblo's Garden.

M. Victor Hugo has, it is said, finished an historical comedy, entitled "Madame de Maintenon," to be produced at the Francais.

Three more London theatres have now closed their doors, the Princess's, the St. James's, and the Strand. Regular performances are now given at six out of the West end houses only.

Mr. William H. Pope is to receive a complimentary benefit at Steinway Hall, September 14, on which occasion he will recite an original poem, by Colonel C. E. L. Holmes.

M. Capoul, the popular French tenor, has suddenly returned to Paris from Homburg, the place having been completely deserted by the visitors at the first news of the war.

On Monday next the Olympic reopens with an adaptation of Herve's "Petite Faust," in which Mrs. Jas. A. Oates is to appear as *Mephisto* and Mr. Geo. L. Fox as *Martha*.

Dan Bryant's New York Opera House, on twenty-third street, approaches completion. It is a very pretty and convenient little theatre, and will be ready for occupancy about the end of September.

Herr Max Strakosch has engaged Mlle. Cari, the contralto of Drury Lane; M. Verger, the baritone, and M. Vieuxtemps, the violinist, to accompany Mlle. Nilsson in her American tour.

The amateurs interested in the Beethoven Festivals which are to be given in Germany, may be glad to learn that the war will not prevent the performances from taking place at the various cities recently specified, namely, Vienna, Berlin, and Bonn.

LITERARY AND JOURNALISTIC

The Goderich signal has changed hands.

The *London Evening Herald* publishes a good likeness of Count Von Bismarck.

Lord Broughton (John Cam Hobhouse) is writing a book on Byron.

Tupper, of "proverbial philosophy" fame, has brought out a new poem of about four hundred lines, entitled "A Creed."

English papers announce the death of Staffordshire of Jean Baptiste Tistaert, Mien, one of the few survivors of the execution of Louis XVI.

A Montana paper has a telegram announcing that "the French Indian fleet has arrived at Boston, and will sail to join the balance of the fleet."

A generous citizen of Minneapolis gave city land for a public park, but the city had laid out much money on it, and discovery was made that the land was their own it, and never half.

The only changes at the Theatres besides the nightly improvements in the programme of unlimited Marseillaise, consist of the Vaudeville by M. Jacques at the Vaudeville by M. Jacques, original character in the piece by Plumet; and a revival of the old three pieces, of which the most amusing is the "Matrone d'Ephese."

We learn from Mr. R. Lewis that a race has been arranged between Lewis and Kerarowne, distance one mile, $200 a side and the championship of America. The match will take place on the Montreal Lacrosse grounds, and we understand, is betting even. Lewis and Kerarowne at his camps in Canawaga, under an experienced pedestrian.

T. HUNTON, SHOWING GREAT CLEARANCE SALE CONTINUES; EXAMINE BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held MONDAY, the 22nd inst. AT THREE o'clock, P.M. It is expected that every person in the city will be present. By request, JOHN FRASER.

AUSTRALIA, Shippers Line for Melbourne. The A 1 Clipper Ship "ELIZA" is loading, and will sail for the ship on 25th inst. For freight or passage apply on board. Accommodation. Apply to R. MULLIN, Canal Basin. Ottawa, August 20, 1870.

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate. Apply to R. P. HILL, Solicitor.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE. Monday Even'g, August 22. IMMENSE SUCCESS. Second appearance of MR. J. J. LITTLE. THE CELEBRATED COMEDIAN. MISS LIZZIE CARPELL. Leading Lady from the Pol. Theatre London. Who will appear in the great Drama of LOST IN LONDON. With entire new scenery and characters. CAPT. CUTTLE. COAL MINE SCENE. Painted by MR. W. J. FORSTER, of the Theatre Royal. Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacle, 1st Equestrian Drama. MAZEPPA. With new scenery, Dress, &c. BOX PLAN now open at Gilmour's Music Store. Dress Circle 50 cents. Family Circle 25 cents. Private Boxes, $5.00 and $3.00. Gallery 10 cents. A limited number of Private Boxes, $5 each. A limited number of Family Tickets at reduced rates. Music Lessons and Vocal Lessons.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. JOHN PLUMBELL and JOHN WARNOCK, Partners. TO THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, A writ of attachment has issued against the above named Insolvents at the suit of Thomas J. Chambers. W. F. POWELL, Sheriff, Carleton. City of Ottawa, Sheriff's Office, August 13, 1870.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT SCHOOL, No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET. LADY PRINCIPAL—MRS. ... An Efficient Staff of Teachers. The school year will commence on the 1st September. Prospectuses may be obtained at the Rectories of St. ... and St. ..., and at the office of the LADY PRINCIPAL. REV. E. ... Ottawa,

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL.. ($1.12½ CENTS ... 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTON ... ALLRED & CO.'S. ... post free on application.

—The programme of the concert ... place in the Music Hall next Friday ... issued to-day or to-morrow.

—A short runaway took place ... Town on Saturday. No damage ... done.

... Queen Victoria did not arrive at her ... until a late hour last night, on account of the density of the smoke on the ...

... OF MIND.—Mr. Harmour, of ... Corners, saved the County records ... burying them in the ground before his ... caught fire.

... man named Kenny fired the bush in ... vicinity of Aylmer, seven different ... Friday, and the fire was with great ... extinguished each time. He was ... detected and arrested.

... COMMITTEE.—During Friday and ... the Relief committee continued ... work of distributing relief to the ... sufferers by the fires. They went where ... they thought relief was wanted, and ... their best in giving assistance.

PUBLIC MEETING.—As may be seen by reference to another column a public meeting ... called by J. P. Featherston, Esq., Acting ... take place at the City Hall to-... o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of ... the best means of affording ... to the sufferers by the recent fires.

... DEATH.—Thomas Leonard, a ... in the House of Commons, ... dead at about half-past ten on ... night. The cause of death was ... An inquest will be held on ... this morning at 8 o'clock. The ... was much respected by his fellow ... and by all acquainted with him.

... SERVICES.—Yesterday Messrs. Hook ... had a pretty large attendance ... meeting on Major's Hill. The audience ... for some time, but the audi... at least a part of it, was rather ... the expoundings, &c., of the ... Some bloods thought it a good ... to spend an idle Sunday after ...

THE FIRE—Sunday evening—At latest ... on Sunday evening little danger ... apprehended from the fire in any ... so long as the weather remained ... A gentleman who had been some ... back of New Edinburgh and over ... Gatineau said the fire had abated ... The only locality in which ... was anyways threatening was in ... of Alonzo Wright's, where it was ... brakly.

EFFECT OF FIRE UPON THE SOIL.—We be... as a general thing fire has a ... beneficial effect on the soil. This ... and probably is the case with a ... quality of soil, but we are in... that in some localities where the ... of a superficial and peaty ... rocks are bare, the soil being com... consumed and scattered by the ...

POLICE COURT—Saturday—James Dancy ... his pigs to run at large in the ... and was fined therefor $1 and ... James was found at large in the ... without any means of sup... and was sent to gaol for two weeks. ... Benjamin was fined $5 and costs for ... of window breaking was dis... there being no evidence to con... the charge.

THE MARKET.—There was no market of ... account on Saturday. Of course the ... of farmers from the market is very ... accounted for. The fact is ... is very little produce in the surround... country at present to be brought in ... of every kind will be very dear ... in this neighborhood. There is ... or any other kind of food with ... to feed cattle; grass, hay, straw, ... have been generally ...

THE FIRE.—The general topic of local ... at present, is the terrible confla... which has fallen like a curse upon ... of the country; of such mag... so all-absorbing is it, that it ... entirely superceded in the ... circle, the war news. People ... on the alert, eager to learn the ... additional particular, and as word ar... of the burning of barns, houses, &c., ... interest felt seems to increase. ... calamity has never befallen this sec... of the country since its colonization.

LOSS OF LIFE.—Great loss of human life ... certainly, we shudder to say, been ... by the all-consuming fire. We have ... given the names of persons who ... been burned, but in addition to the ... it is feared that several other ... have met their end in the flames. ... however, rejoice to be able to contra... statement that Mr. F. Richardson ... We have been positively in... that Mr. Richardson was saved, ... great exertions on the part of ... effected his rescue from the ... He is an old man, and is ... very much reduced by disease.

... ESCAPE.—There are two different ... of the manner in which Robert ... burned. One is that he had a ... sum of money in the house, ... in his repeated endeavors to save ... suffocated and burned. We are told ... attempted to enter the building several ... was each time persuaded against ... by some persons present, but that ... rushed in, notwithstanding all ... efforts made to prevent him. The ... is that he took refuge on the ... but the latter taking fire he ... suffocated before he could get ... He was an old man. His body was ... consumed.

NEAR GATINEAU POINT.—On Friday ... everything in the shape of a boat was ... into requisition at Gatineau Point to ... the traps and furniture of the families ... locality out of reach of the approach... fire. The store-keepers packed up their goods, and in some instances sent them over to New Edinburgh. Steamboats, barges, horse-boats, scows and punts were laden with chattels, women, children and men—the latter making flight instead of attempting to battle with the approaching fire on that fearful day. The sturdy farmers of Templeton, however, notwithstanding their sad losses, saved the precious village, and its male (?) inhabitants were enabled to return to their respective homes with a fair prospect of security.

THE CITY, SATURDAY.—The excitement in the city on Saturday had greatly abated in comparison to the degree which it reached on Friday, yet there is great interest evinced in everything done, and every step taken in connection with the fires. Nor notwithstanding the effectual check which the fire has received, are people easy as to the safety of the city. We are personally aware of the fact that several persons left on this morning's train, solely on account of their apprehensions of the fire. Several merchants in the city have portions of their goods packed up, prepared to fly with them, if there should be occasion to do so; and we know a few cases in which quantities of goods have been removed to what was considered a safe locality. Though the fires are still raging in some quarters, the city has been comparatively free of smoke to-day. Some of the Fire Companies with their engines are again at work battling the flames, and the city authorities are untiring in their exertions.

A GOOD ONE.—On Friday a few members of the relief committee were sent to the Gatineau point to enquire if there were any destitute. We may state that the farmers in rear of the village are, or were generally, well to do; but the village itself is composed of a population who have little to lose. The relief gentlemen went to a well known farmer who lives at the skirts of the village, and explained to him their mission, telling him a certain sum of money had been granted by the Ottawa Corporation for the purpose of relieving sufferers by the fires; and that if there were any such unfortunate people around that section of the country, they should receive a share of the funds. The farmer, who had had a small piece of land burned, hung his head pensively for a few moments, but suddenly jumped up and told the relief gentlemen to leave for Ottawa immediately; "Why so," asked they, "Simply gentlemen, that if it becomes known that there is a relief fund for sufferers the devil a Gatineau Point will be visible to-morrow morning," was the reply.

THE SCENES OF THE FIRE.—Wherever the devouring fire has made its march of devastation, the country is turned in one vast blackened, burned, dismal looking field. Farmers can scarcely tell where their property lies, the division lines, the fences, being in ashes. Horses and cattle are wandering in promiscuous flocks over the country, vainly seeking food where not even a green twig is to be seen. It is impossible to say how many farmers are irretrievably ruined, their houses, barns, farm implements, crops and their all are destroyed; not food left them for a day, nor shelter of any description. What cattle have survived the fire must be either sold or killed. The fire has had so ruinous an effect even upon the wealthiest of farmers that four or five years hard and continuous labor will be necessary to repair the damage alone, as to retrieving the loss we are not over estimating the time required by putting it at 20 years. On account of the sweeping destruction of fencing and building material in some localities it would appear as if the farmers shall have to carry on their farming operations on the joint principle adopted by the earliest Puritan settlers in the New England States.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—A numerous and highly respectable audience greeted the Marshal troupe on Saturday evening. "Lost in London" was the play on the boards, and it was certainly very well carried out in every particular. Mr. Little, as Job Armroyd, performed his part to perfection, keeping up throughout the three acts the interest which the audience were made to feel in the situation. He performed his assumed disconsolate position very naturally and the audience gave vent to a spontaneous murmur of satisfaction as the play progressed. We can now corroborate what we have read in American papers that Mr. Little is a first-class tragedian. Miss Lizzie Campbell is an undoubtedly genuine *commedienne*, though in the play of Saturday night she had but little latitude to demonstrate her abilities in the comic line. Mr. Little and Miss Campbell are first-class on the stage, and we have no doubt as long as they remain in Ottawa will be greeted with crowded houses. Miss Peterson was very happy in her character throughout the play, enlisting the close attention of the audience. Johnnie Ward came forward now and then to relieve the gravity of the tragic scene and he never failed to do so. The new scenery painted by Mr. Foster had much to do in the success of "Lost in London." The scene in the coal pit is really worth seeing.

DIED.

In this city, on the 20th instant, James Leonard, late of the Irish Constabulary, aged 66 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Thos. Lambkin, King street, at 4 o'clock, to-day (Monday). Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL.

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—Miss HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 3

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at JOHN ROBERTSON'S, Hall's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870. 1440 4

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S.

PURE FRENCH WINES

—OF—

GUARANTEED PURITY

AND

VERY CHEAP.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant. Elgin Street.

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870, *OPEN TO THE WORLD*, Will be held in the CITY OF MONTREAL, —ON— TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END.

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries in the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE, Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1413td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ... ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order F. BRAUN Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Custom House, City of London, Ontario.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tender for London Custom House," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 5th of SEPTEMBER next, at noon, for the erection and completion of a CUSTOM HOUSE AND EXAMINING WAREHOUSE, In the City of London, Province of Ontario.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on and after the 24th instant, at the Department of the Minister of Public Works, City of Ottawa; and also at the office of William Robinson, Esq., Architect, City Hall, London, Ontario.

The Tenders to be submitted must be in one bulk sum, embracing all Trades and Classifications of Work and Material.

The names of two solvent, and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order (Signed.) F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1449 4

PRESTON & ROWSELL, MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS No. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 28, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE. In splendid order, $1 00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER, In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT, In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF BONNETS, HATS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, and SHAWLS, COMMENCING SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their MANTLE, MILLINERY, AND Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO., GENERAL DEALERS —IN— FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY, 31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1344 3m

Ripe Bananas, Ripe Pine Apples, A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas, Lillies, Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

WANTED, A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, *QUEEN STREET*, Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX. *Room for one or two Boarders.*

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST, On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked. FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1432 d

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE —OF— *Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur*, Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor at the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require,

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea, Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot), Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine), Young Hyson Tea, Twankay Tea, Good Black Tea, Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea, Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m. the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licen e No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa
" 97, "
" 100, "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

Ottawa, July, 1870 A & P WHITE. 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE, ON THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Alumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface. PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa. Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property. 1436td D. & M.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order. G P BAKER.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1437 3

TO LET.

One of these commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted. Apply to JOHN R. ARNOLDI, Dept. Pub. Works. Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No. 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433 1m

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the *OFFICE OF THE COMPANY*, IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September Next, AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION, with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1437 814

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 164, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 21 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH, ED. B. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES, A. W. McLELAN, Commissioners

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1437 6

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to noon of FRIDAY, the 26th DAY of AUGUST INSTANT For the erection of a BEACON LIGHT at Wade Shoal on the River Ottawa.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, Ottawa, where Forms of the Tender can also be obtained by intending contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The work is required to be completed by the 10th OCTOBER next.

P MITCHELL, Minister of Marine

Ottawa, 16th August, 1870 1437 4

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES AND SHAWLS, Have decided to offer the whole lot AT COST PRICE, ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats, For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait, For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets, For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS, In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO, 14 SPARKS STREET Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY, MANTLES, LACE SHAWLES, WHITE BRILLIANTS, JAPANESE SILKS (*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*) GROS DE SUEZ (*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*) Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to MOSGROVE & TAILLON Or to KEARNS & RYAN On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

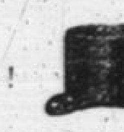
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 142 1y

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*

HATS! 

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS, Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED STRAW AND FELT HATS In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS 1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fair use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city; and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine, and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the first kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

... 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of boards in 24 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting till stuff but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1223 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel. Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1409 2

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR. Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870. 1433tf

CARRATRACA WATER FROM PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring. JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington.

Ottawa, June 15 1384

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No 10 Wilbrod st. conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Mrs Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1432 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES)
Times Office, Ottawa, August 20, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
(fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 03
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 03
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	5 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do	5 50	@	0 00
Green	6 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA .... $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1·3: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all: It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

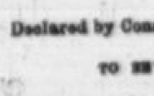
REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, ... that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent.
1437



LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

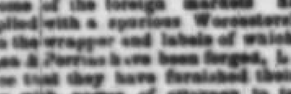
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper label, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.
August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street,

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath ... gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 3awfm 1awkdm

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.
R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

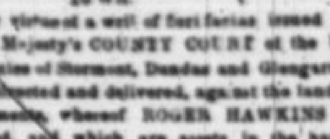
ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallender's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.
1353tf



SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, } To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East ... of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the 8th concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3itd

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 319tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. } 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 994tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 75.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for twice sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

1366tf HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advanced made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

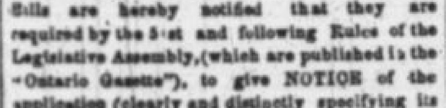
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston;
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'ty of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
A. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

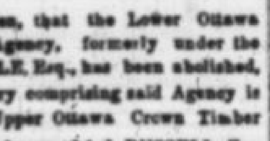
J. B. A. VALIQUETTE.
Calumet Island,
27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 26th, 1870. }

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1369 3 | Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the nerve, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. ... E. C. ALLEN & CO. Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1345 3m 12 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK — VALLEY ANEMORA VIRTUE — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.35. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Prise $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

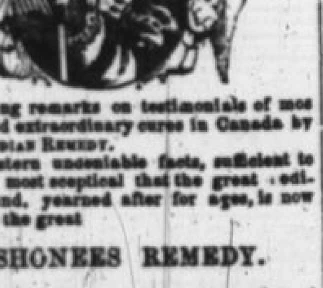
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

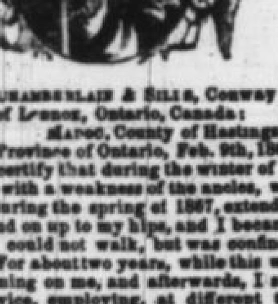
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erostown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conestogo, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869 }

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I ... say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I ... it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy ... of the Importer

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understan was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa
McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

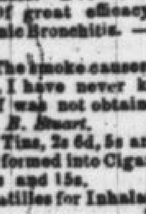
After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.
Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

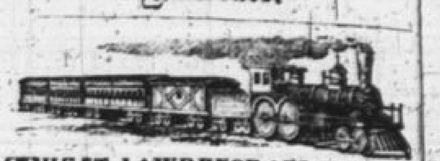
H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 19th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

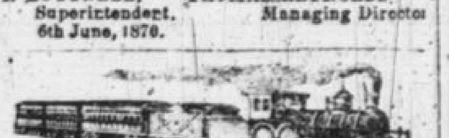
Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 20	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director
6th June, 1870.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

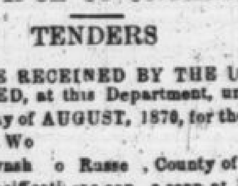
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y.



PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of El Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, 1st August, 1870. } 1426-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 36 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Mantha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street,
Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

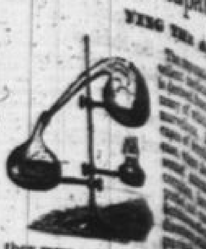
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Sarsaparilla

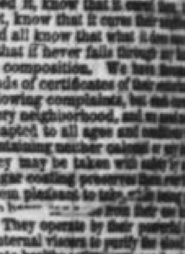


... they were painfully afflicted ... Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ... St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears ... Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it ... Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases ... Rheumatism and Gout ... Dyspepsia, Emaciation ... Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice ... General Debility ... Languor and Lassitude, Depression of Spirits ...

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic, ... Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John ... M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—... Malcolm Cameron, ... McMaster, Esq., ... Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., ... J S Crocker, Esq.
Bankers—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of ... not when the premiums are ... losses are being settled ... promptness of ... Insurance Company is ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of ...

1398tf

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Tuner, and Repairer, ... between Dalhousie street ... street, Ottawa.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF ...

The Classes will re-open ... ber.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE

The Session will be opened ... October

FACULTY OF ARTS

The Session of this Faculty will ... WEDNESDAY, September ... here will be offered for competition ... SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND ... viz:—The McDonald Scholarships ... tions, of the annual value of ... Thomson Exhibition ... Alexander Scholarship ... Jane Redpath Exhibition ... Scholarship ...

Of these 4 will be offered ... College year in Arts ... entering. ...

Copies of the Calendar ... information as to the ... competition, ... on application to the ...

W C BAYNES, ...
1342 1awtd

For Sale or to Let

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated Cottage ... six rooms and kitchen, ... Burnham Hill ... vegetable garden ... tached. Apply to ...

Ottawa, April 26.

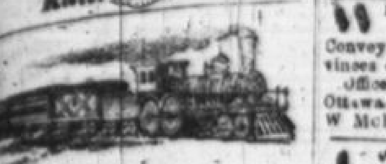
FOR SALE.—The ... No. 27, in First Concession ... pean, and Lots Nos. 26 and ... cession, at present in the ... Aylen, Esq. For further ... JOHN and WM. ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING ... ING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1442. OTTAWA. TUESDAY AUGUST, 23, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Public attention is directed to this Company's arrangements, in regard to the RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to introduce

EAST AND WEST,

in close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Composed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

It is completed.

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

will run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to promote the pleasure of travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and ...

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1457tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. 1870.

Trains leave BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a. m.

Do do do do ... 7:30 p. m.

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations at ... 4:00 p m

Mixed Train for Kingston and intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a.m., 7:00 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for ... at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m

Do do ... 2:00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p.m. for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

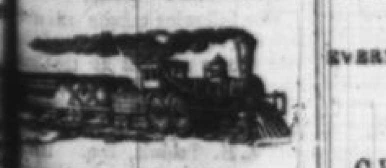
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39 Great St. James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

ASA H TAYLOR, Agent.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

CHANGE OF SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

THROUGH ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

... to Montreal in 13 Hours.

... to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangement will be in force, and trains will leave ... as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points west at ... 9.00 a m

Do do ... 9.00 p m

Accommodation Train for Toronto and intermediate stations ... 7.00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5.00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6.00 a. m., 7.00 a m, 12.00 noon, 3.00 p m, 5.00 p m and 6.30 p m. The 3.00 p m train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7.10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central at ... 9.00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via ... at ... 3.45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6.00 a m

Do do ... 4.00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces ... 1.30 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticook and Norton Mills only at 10.10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The Steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon for Halifax, N.S., respectively, at 4.00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at ... p.m., for St. John, N.B. &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No. 39, Great St. James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

1425tf

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 4aw F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. PETHEAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 190tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night, can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist, Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa, Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey, also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur.

Board and Tuition $226 per annum.

PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.

☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,

Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—

Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—

Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—

De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or ... 1108

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c, &c.	[illegible]	11.30			[illegible]	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	[illegible]			[illegible]		
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	[illegible]	11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	4.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	[illegible]					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	[illegible]		12.15	5.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Ironsides, Bristol, &c.	[illegible]	11.00	4.30	5.00	11.30	1.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	[illegible]	[illegible]				4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	[illegible]				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]			11.00	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	[illegible]					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 14.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart ... 8.10 a. m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive ... 4.10 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago ... 850 miles

Grand Trunk to Detroit ... 738 do

Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit ... 738 do

Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route ... 110 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J F J CORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st. two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence street, next to the City Hotel

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Cowpore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1124tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,

IN THE

CITY OF OTTAWA,

ON

Wednesday, the 14th day of September Next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1437tf14

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.

NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.

LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.

WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents

FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.

LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.

SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey.

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SIKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRO ... —Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored,

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

☞ It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.&c.)

LACES, Black and White Blond,

HONITON and MALTESE LACES

FIGURED NETS,

LACE CURTAINS,

LINEN DAMASK,

TOWELS,

NAPKINS,

TABLE COVERS,

WHITE and GREY COTTONS,

BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.

R L JAMES & CO.,

14, Sparks Street, 14,

Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1306y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1306y

Hardware.

☞ **FOR HOT WEATHER.**

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

REFRIGERATORS,

WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,

BATHS of all kinds.

Our Refrigerators are the celebrated McKELVY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of piano forte castors.

IRON BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS.

A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.

Capital Stove Depot,

35 Sussex street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes,

Blood ... er Steel, all lengths,

Blood Cast Steel,

Blood German Steel, "

Pride of the Field silver Steel.

Bounte Blue Bell, "

Red Rover or Champion "

Hunt's Celebrated Scyth,

Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent

Hay Forks two and three prongs,

Straw Forks, three prongs.

Scythe Snathes.

Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.

Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors &c, &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Pans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

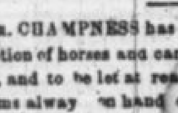
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t



CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand or customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1467tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor. Elgin st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.

Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.

Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

K. ARNOLDI Architect,

11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa.

July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.

JNO. LEGGO.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

Ironclads of the Principal Navies in the World.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Monarch	Turret	Repulse	Broadside.
Captain	"	Achilles	"
PrinceAlbert	"	Royal Oak	"
Scorpion	"	PrinceConsort	"
Wivern	"	Caledonia	"
Royal Sov.	"	Ocean	"
Hercules	Bro'side.	Valiant	"
Sultan	"	Hector	"
Audacious	"	Zealous	"
Invincible	"	Warrior	"
Vanguard	"	Black Prince	"
IronDuke	"	Defence	"
Swiftsure	"	Resistance	"
Bellerophon	"	Pallas	"
LordClyde	"	Favourite	"
LordWarden	"	Enterprise	"
Minotaur	"	Research	"
Agincourt	"	Viper	"
Northumberland	"	Vixen	"
RoyalAlfred	"	Waterwitch	"
Penelope	"	And 7 building.	

FRANCE.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Magenta	Broa'side.	Valeureuse	Broa'side.
Solferino	"	Magnanime	"
Gloire	"	Rochambeau	"
Invincible	"	Devastation	"
Normandie	"	Congrove	"
Couronne	"	Lave	"
Provence	"	Foudroyante	"
Heroine	"	Taureau	Turret.
Savoir	"	Belliqueuse	"
Revanche	"	Beller	"
Surveillante	"	Boule Bogue	"
Flandre	"	Cerbere	"
Gueuse	"	And Twenty Floating Batteries.	
Gaulcise	"		

PRUSSIA.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
KonigWilhelm	B'dside	Arminius	Turret
Kron Prinz	"	Prince Adalbert	"
Renown	"	And two building.	

AUSTRIA.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Ferdinand Max	Bd'side	Drache	Bd'side
Hapsburg	"	Lissa	Turret
Juan d'Austria	"	Kaiser	"
Prinz Eugen	"	Cuttoza	"
Kaiser Max	"	Albrecht	"
Salamander	"		

RUSSIA.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Sebastopol	B'dside	11 Turretships	Turret
Pojarski	"	6 Monitors	"
2 Corvettes	"		

ITALY.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Re diPortogallo	"	Castelfidardo	B'side
Ancona	"	P. Martino	"
ReginaMariaPia	"	Messagiere	"

SPAIN.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Victoria	B'dside	Arapiles	B'dside
Numancia	"	And 3 small vessels.	

TURKEY.

Name.	Remarks.	Name.	Remarks.
Osman Ghazy	B'side	Fuad	Broadside
Abdul Assuz	"	Ismall	"
Ourkham	"	One vessel like Sultan. 2 unpurchased Turrets. Growchisi.	
Feltah	"		
Izzedin	"		

UNITED STATES.

Chiefly turret vessels for coast defence.

Dictator	Nemesis	Minerva
Roanoke	Niobe	Tempest
Puritan	Spitfire	Vixen
Achilles	Tartar	Castor
Altna	Ajax	Hero
Argos	Cyclops	Montauk
Atlas	Neptune	Orion
Charybdis	Simpson	Monadneck
Erebus	Tornado	Commanche
Goliath	Vesuvius	Amphitrite
Gorgon	Circe	Centaur
Hydra	Fury	Terror
Jorson	Harpy	Acclus
Lehigh	Hecate	Stromboli
Medusa	Iris	Four building
Manitonomoh.		

Marriage Market.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

At a time when we hear so much of the troubles of distressed gentlewomen, and the necessity of their "self help," it is satisfactory to find that some of them are helping themselves, and others are being helped through the medium of the *Matrimonial News and Special Advertiser.* In the number for the 9th instant, there are no less than eleven and a half columns of advertisements for husbands or wives—or rather from ladies who wish to "correspond" with a view to matrimony; every facility is offered to them for the purpose by the editor, who informs his readers that when a lady and gentleman desire to correspond, they must send their names and addresses in confidence to him, as a guarantee of honorable intentions and good faith, when he will put them in correspondence on condition of receiving a fee. The advertisers, as a rule, seem to be singularly and good natured people, merely anxious to marry, and not caring very much as to whom they select. They are all numbered, and any person wanting a husband or wife has only to refer to a number and open the negotiation. 572, aged 25, "son of a barrister, desires to marry, provided he can find an amiable and loving wife of congenial disposition. He has been educated on the continent, possesses an income of £300 a year, and would appreciate a cheerful, happy home, with a true hearted wife, who would find a very good-natured husband, as well as *un chevalier sans peur reproche.* Would be happy to communicate with 506, 551, 1870, 156, 536, 12, or 530. Editor has address." 1844 is a "rising solicitor, aged twenty-six, dark, good-looking, with long whiskers, and who will have considerable property at his father's death; wishes to correspond, with view to matrimony, with a fair and accomplished lady, who has £400 per annum at least. Carte to be sent in confidence to editor." 632 is a marvellous man. He describes himself "a gentleman, educated at engineering colleges, and works in the country and on the Continent; civic and military; aged twenty eight; height, 5 feet 7½ inches; light brown hair and whiskers; blue eyes; an athlete; member of scientific societies, and holding responsible professional appointments; entailing property in his own right after relatives decease; affectionate and fond of domestic life; wishes to meet with a nice looking gentlewoman, well educated and connected, of thorough christian principles, and whose views agree with "Far above Rubies" in the *Christian World Magazine* for April and June; height about 5 feet 7 or more; dark complexion, and with an income of not less than £200 a year. She might, if desirable, add part of this to the capital of engineering works in which he is interested, with interest guaranteed thereon at 7½ per cent. It is considered that, on being married, his professional duties and income therefrom will gradually increase, independently of her property. A widow need not answer this. References to theologians, solicitors, and medical advisers. Photographs and full particulars exchanged. Editor has address." 662 is "a young lady," aged twenty-seven, without fortune, rather short, considered winning and attractive, plays and sings, thinks she could make a kind husband happy; one not younger than herself, and a teetotaller preferred. Editor has address. 654 is a gentleman who says he has "a poetical eye, an amiable temper, and a strong beard, though turning gray." 538 is "a young widow lady, nineteen, highly accomplished, tall, fair, considered beautiful, and of independent means, wishes to marry a young nobleman or gentleman with not less than £5,000 a year," and so on *ad infinitum.* It is altogether a curious publication, and it is impossible to read it without feeling to a certain degree alarmed at the evident determination of the advertisers to be married to somebody and at the possible consequences which may ensue if they find themselves unable to carry out their wishes. There can be no doubt that the sooner they marry the better, and there seems to be no good reason why they should not marry each other without further advertisement, unless they cannot afford to pay the fee of the editor.

WAR NOTES.

Notre-Dame-des-Victories is crammed all day with sad mothers and sisters praying for their sons and brothers gone to the war.

Count Von Moltke is probably the most able and the most silent soldier in the German army. The officers say of this great strategist, that "Moltke is silent in seven languages."

During the recent visit of the Empress to Cherbourg the usual salvoes of artillery were dispensed with at the request of Her Majesty. "Do not waste your powder," reserve it for the enemy."

It is understood that the Prussians have ordered a large number of mitrailleurs. The experiments of this gun, which were commenced by the British Government, and which have been suspended during the last year or two have now been resumed.

At Peterborough Cathedral the prayers of the Church are asked daily for the sufferers in the coming war, and Canon Westcott has on the last two Sundays besought the people to show their common brotherhood by prayers alike for French and Germans.

It is reported that a proposal has been forwarded to Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern by a distinguished American showman to give up the "bubble ambition," and in lieu thereof to come to this country on exhibition, assuring him that it would be an infinitely better paying speculation then the Spanish Throne.

The Emperor of Prussia is about to review a squadron of vessels at Cronstadt. It was the Czar's intention to have spent the autumn in the South of his empire, but the outbreak of the war has determined him to remain at St. Petersburg and await the result of the conflict.

A Paris house has just sent an order to a Berlin house for a large number of photographs of the German generals, in cheap copies. The answers returned was, "We have no more copies but will send you the originals." The answer final was, "Taking, after all, would, we think, be the cheapest, and save you trouble. Many thanks."

In times of war dramatic authors have to adapt their pieces for the occasion. A vaudeville entitled *Les Tribulations Prussiennes du Palais Royal en Voyage,* by M. Marce Leprevost, is destined for one of the theatres. The Gymnase is about to produce a work of M. Decourcelles, entitled *Apres la Guerre.*

A Scene in Berlin.

The King, on foot, stood in front of the Palace, with an immense crowd, drawn up as if they were troops under arms, forming two sides to the square, the other sides of which were represented by the line of troops and by the front of the Palace. The colours were brought out and trooped in front, the band playing the Prussian national air, very like, bar for bar, and measure for measure, another air we fondly called our own, the troops presenting arms with three loud hurrahs to the roll of the drums, in which the crowd joined with uplifted hats and all their voices. The King walked along the front, and spoke to the officers of the regimental staff for some time, and then the band struck up, and wheeling into column of march, the regiment accompanied by its band, rolled down the avenue of the lime trees towards the railway station, on its way to the Army Corps of the Crown Prince. Several corps marched in during the day in the same way, and the Landwehr of the Guards have already gone on, and will soon be followed by the rest of the infantry and by the cavalry in quick succession. The ceremony of receiving the colours by the Guards' regiments maintains a constant excitement. To a Prussian it must be a deeply exciting and interesting spectacle. The grand monument of Frederick the Great towers aloft, with its guardian (general, the heroes of the Seven Years War, above the lines of helmets and bayonets, and in the clear space, visible to every eye, stands the living King, the embodiment of armed Prussia, the incarnation of her most recent military triumphs, with his legions, confident and stalwart, saluting him in a very different spirit from those that hailed the Cæsar of old with "Morituri te salutant." The University and the Palace and the long line of the public buildings which form the kernel of Berlin enclose the actors in a scene which moves even the most phlegmatic stranger.

The Army of Canada.

From the Canada Gazette.

MEMORANDUM.

1. The instructions contained in Par. 240, of the "Regulations and orders for the active Militia," with the accompanying plan of camps, are to be carefully attended to by all corps during the training.

2. Until further orders, and on all occasions during the annual training in camp, officers will wear undress uniform, and forage caps instead of shakos will be worn by non-commissioned officers and men.

3. The drill in camp to be carried on at such hours as will ensure the men from the least exposure to the heat of the sun, and the nature of the drill to be strictly in accordance with the A. G.'s circular letter of 31st May, 1870.

4. Until further orders, at the annual course of target practice, the number of targets, size of bull's-eyes, &c., and the system of marking will be the same as that observed at Wimbledon.

5. Position at 200 yards, standing, at other ranges any position, but without an artificial rest.

North-West Expeditionary Force.

The formation, to date from 1st July, 1870, of a depot company for each of the two battalions of riflemen serving in the North-West, is hereby authorized, with headquarters at Kingston, Ontario.

1st (or Ontario) Battalion of Riflemen.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant and Adjutant Edward Fidlar.

To be Lieutenant:

Edmond J. Burton, Gentleman.

To be Ensign:

Ensign Angus Gilmor Morrison.

General Forster to the Under Secretary of State for War.

HORSE GUARDS, July 11th, 1870.

SIR:—The Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief having received from the General Officer commanding in Canada reports of the measures taken to repel the recent Fenian Raid upon the Dominion, I am directed to request you will inform the Secretary of State for War, that His Royal Highness is anxious to express his appreciation of the conduct of all concerned and the gratification it has afforded him to observe the zeal and alacrity with which the Militia and Volunteers came forward on the occasion, and so effectually demonstrated their loyalty to their Sovereign.

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) W. F. FORSTER.

The Under Secretary of State for War.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshal
Union Forwarding & Railway Company—R. S. Cassels.
Cooking Stoves, &c.—H. Meadows.
Lambs Lost—Wm. Slattery.
Rink Music Hall—Concert in aid of the Sufferers by the Late Fires.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 30, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1870.

Mr. Reynolds, of the Ottawa & Prescott Railway, returned home yesterday.

Sir G. E. Cartier and Mr. C. J. Brydges arrived in town last evening.

We regret that the Mayor should not have thought it worth his while to return from the salt water and be present in the city at a time of emergency like this. His absence naturally gives rise to much remark.

We much regret to hear that Mr. Chandler, Intercolonial Railway Commissioner, has met with a severe accident, his hand haivng been caught in the door of a railway car in which he was travelling, and three or four of his fingers very much injured.

A blue book has been published containing a return of all licenses issued to American fishermen to fish in Canadian waters, together with all the correspondence relating thereto.

The following statistics possess interest at the present moment. They show the number of men engaged in some of the principal battles of modern times, the number of the killed and wounded, and the percentage of losses to the numbers engaged:

Battle.	Troops Engaged.	Losses.	Per Cent.
Sadowa	400,000	33,000	8
Wagram	280,000	24,000	9
Leipzig	430,000	50,000	12
Austerlitz	170,000	23,000	13
Jena	200,000	34,000	18
Marengo	58,000	13,000	25
Borodino	250,000	80,000	32

It is expected that the battles of the present war will be far more sanguinary than any of the above, owing to the needle-gun, chassepot, and mitrailleuses.

An article from the Montreal *Gazette* which appears in another column expresses deep sympathy for the sufferers by the late fires. This feeling we are happy to say appears to be general throughout the country. The Belleville *Intelligencer* says: "The TIMES very properly calls upon the authorities to take immediate measures to provide for the relief of the sufferers. In the case of such an awful calamity as this, it becomes a question that affects not alone the city of Ottawa, but in which the whole Province is interested. Thousands of families have lost their all, thousands are completely destitute, and have not wherewithal to pay for food or shelter, and at such a time, it becomes the duty of us all to give our mite to assist our suffering fellow countrymen."

Cortland village, N. Y., must be a delightful spot to live in! Some time since a Mrs. Moore of that place committed suicide, and some people thought that she did so because she was jealous of the attentions paid by her husband to a rather fascinating widow named Blye who lived near them. So about fifty chivalrous *men* went to the residence of Mrs. Blye, tore all her clothes from off her, covered her with tar and feathers, placed her astride a rail, and in this condition carried her through the streets for some hours. There was no evidence that the unfortunate victim of this brutality had really been guilty of any impropriety, but even if there were, could anything justify such abominable treatment? We do not believe that in any other country in the world claiming to be civilized, such an outrage upon a defenceless woman would be perpetrated. It is not that the Americans are less humane than other people, but simply because the certain consequence of unbridled Democracy is to induce men to take the law into their own hands, to pay no regard to constituted authorities, and to set themselves up as judges of right and wrong. Every day the spirit of lawlessness grows stronger and more defiant. Even in New York a judge who lately did his duty without fear or favor, is dogged by assassins and compelled to have a bodyguard to protect him; the body of a criminal lay in state and was followed to the grave by five thousand "free and enlightened citizens;" men are set upon and murdered in the public streets in broad daylight, and no effort is made to punish the murderers. Such are the fruits of political institutions which place authority and power in the hands of the most ignorant and depraved classes.

THE MEETING YESTERDAY.

The calamity which has just fallen upon this community cannot, after the meeting which took place yesterday, be regarded as an unmixed evil. To see so many of our leading men assembled together at the call of charity, and contributing so largely of their means to the relief of the distressed, was indeed a gratifying sight, and does honor to our city and neighborhood. We were glad to see members of the Government there, showing by their presence the interest they feel in the welfare of the country, and their sympathy for those who have lately been visited by such heavy afflictions. The work so well commenced will now, we have no doubt, go bravely on, until the wants of the sufferers by the late fire will be adequately relieved. The view taken by the Government of the subject appears to us to be a very just one. This is a matter which fairly comes within the province of the Local Governments, and we are sure that they will respond to the application made to them with promptness and liberality. We must not omit to say a word in praise of the course pursued by Lady Hincks and other ladies of the city with a view to the relief of the sufferers. There is no work which becomes a woman so well as ministering to the wants of the afflicted, and we cannot but regret that Lady Young is not here to participate in the work. We have no doubt, however, that both she and His Excellency the Governor General will out of their abundant means contribute to the relief fund. The calamity which has fallen upon our neighbors is no ordinary one, and it is the duty as well as to the interest of the Queen's Representative, to show his sympathy with Her Majesty's suffering subjects.

THE WAR NEWS.

When almost every hour brings some fresh rumour concerning the progress of events in Europe, and when one half of the telegrams we receive are manifestly incorrect and unreliable, to write intelligently in relation to the war is anything but an easy task. From out of the mass of contradictions and wild improbabilities which come to us, however, in the guise of news, we think that we may without any hesitation accept as true one or two leading facts, viz.:

1st. That France has sustained some severe reverses.

2nd. That although these reverses have been important they have not been so utterly overwhelming as we have been led to imagine.

3rd. That whatever may be the views of the French people with regard to Napoleon, they may be regarded as an unit in their determination not to surrender, and that all classes of the community are resolved to fight to the death in defence of the honor of France.

That the French army has been severely handled it is impossible for the warmest friends of France to deny. Three weeks ago the soldiers of the Empire mustered on the frontier eager to commence the task assigned to them, viz., not the defence of France, but the conquest of Germany. The genius of Van Moltke, however, proved too much for them. By a series of rapid and well planned movements he succeeded in driving the French centre back upon its supports, at the same time breaking the French line, and interposing a large portion of his army between the French centre at Metz and the right wing under McMahon. Since then the news which has reached us has been so conflicting and so obviously one-sided in favor of Prussia, that it is difficult to understand what really has occurred. But those who suppose that the French army has been reduced to a disorderly rabble and driven back like a flock of sheep before the victorious Prussian advance, are in our opinion laboring under a great mistake. The French in falling back have evidently tried to avoid risking a decisive battle until they could effect a concentration of their scattered *corps d'armee*, and receive some assistance from the reinforcements which are daily and hourly being pushed forward to the front. At Chalons itself, it does not seem likely that they would accept battle because there is no position in the immediate neighborhood of that town which would afford them an opportunity of fighting on advantageous terms But to the north-west of Chalons, and between the vallies of the rivers Marne and Aisne, is a broad plateau, clothed in some places with dense forests, and which covers Rheims, an important railway centre, and at this point it seems likely that Marshal Bazaine may elect to make a stand. This plateau of the Argonnas is historic ground and the memories which it awakens would be likely to nerve the courage and cheer the drooping spirits of the French soldiery, for here it was that the Prussian army, having captured Verdun and overpowed the armies of France, met with an overwhelming defeat in the year 1792. It is impossible to overestimate the gravity of the situation; it seems almost certain that within a few days a decisive battle must be fought, which will either result in the French being driven back upon Paris, or in the onward progress of the Prussian army receiving a decided check. In either case we may hope that the other great powers will have an opportunity of intervening in the interests of peace, and that the further effusion of blood will be stayed

AMERICAN PROGRESS.

Some people are very fond of talking about the "progress" of the United States. A remarkable evidence of this "progress" is given in their merchant marine, which ten years ago was as large as that of England or nearly so. At present the figures stand thus:

SAILING VESSELS.

	Number.	Tons.
England	23,165	6,893,153
United States	7,025	2,400,607

STEAMERS.

	Number.	Tons.
England	1,426	1,651,767
United States	597	513,792

In other words, England owns 24,591 ships with a tonnage of 8,544,920 tons, while the United States have only 7,622 vessels with a tonnage of 2,914, 399 tons. Some American journals try to make their readers believe that this great change was caused by the ravages of the *Alabama*, but any man of ordinary intelligence must know better.

THE INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY.

There is no doubt that in order to work out our "manifest destiny" upon this continent, to develop the resources of the great North West and to provide for its settlement, the construction of a railway from Montreal to the Pacific coast is an absolute necessity. The work is one of great magnitude, and no doubt the faint hearted and timorous among us will have grave doubts as to the advisibility of our undertaking it. But it is one of the necessities of our position, and never yet was there an enterprise undertaken which seemed likely to yield a more profitable return than this. Certainly no people ever commenced a national existence under such favorable circumstances as ours. Our position as a portion of the British Empire not only enables us to obtain money on far more easy terms than we otherwise could do, but saves us from many expenses which we should be compelled to incur were we independent. Three or four large iron clads and a fleet of swift cruisers would be required at once to protect our commerce; then we should have to maintain diplomatic intercourse with foreign courts, and this cannot be done without a large expenditure. We would like to ask Messrs. Young, Stephens & Co., to furnish us with an estimate as to the probable cost of all this. Meanwhile let us not be afraid of the responsibilities which have devolved upon us, nor allow the large and fruitful territory which we have acquired on such reasonable terms to remain unproductive for any length of time. We must make up our minds to the necessity of an Interoceanic railroad, even if we have to incur a heavy debt in constructing it. The security we have to offer is excellent, and there is a certain prospect of a remunerative return for our investment.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, August 22.—Above one hundred and sixty thousand men have passed through Paris to the front since Friday morning.

It is generally thought here that the march of the Prussians cannot be arrested before their reaching Paris.

It is also stated that there are now nearly 300,000 good French troops at and near Paris.

It is believed that one more decisive battle will give Paris to the Prussians.

FLORENCE, Aug. 22.—Prince Napoleon is here. His mission is to demand the mediation of Italy.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Marquis de La Valette, French Minister to England, has been instructed to make demands here similar to those of the Prince at Florence.

It is certain that M. Ollivier is still in Paris.

Madame Canrobert and family arrived in London yesterday.

PLYMOUTH. 22.—The French side wheel Corvette has just captured a Prussian bark off this port. Many spectators who were gathered on the beach witnessed the operations.

PARIS, 22.—The *Journal Officiel* says the Minister of the Interior made public a note from the Minister of War, that the Government having received no despatches from the army of the Rhine for two days, on account of the interruption of communication, thinks the plans of Bazaine have not succeeded. The brave conduct of our soldiers in forcing an enemy of superior numbers permits us to hope for the success of other operations.

The enemy's picket appeared at St. Dezier.

Two sons of Count Bismarck have been wounded in recent battles.

A large number of heavy siege guns arrived at the Prussian front.

The destruction of the Bois de Boulogne commenced to-day. A portion of it is not to be touched, only parts near the wall of the city to be cleared away. The ramparts are strongly fortified with large cannons. The forts are fully prepared, and the entrance to the city may be closed at any moment by drawn bridges. It is reported that in case of a siege all strangers will be compelled to leave.

BERLIN, August 22.—The Prussians have occupied Meuse.

LONDON, August 22.—The Germans are seeking to surround Bazaine and prevent reinforcements from Paris joining him.

A despacth to-day says the loss of the Prussians in the last battle was fearful. More that 40,000 wounded remained on the field of battle without assistance.

The Prussians have asked permission to send their wounded home through Belgium.

A rumour which came from Luxemburg that the French had occupied Verdun is contradicted.

LONDON, August 22.—The French Government has forbidden the exportation of food.

The Prussians are surrounding Verdun, which is imperfectly defended.

It is said that Marshal McMahon is performing some strategetical movements preliminary to a battle, while Marshal Bazaine is prepared to support him. Bazaine has at last been supplied with food and ammunition.

The *Siecle* says: Paris is dispelling illusions. It is certain we must accept a siege.

Edmund About writes to *Le Soir*, praising the great self devotion of all classes. Paris is preparing for a desperate defence.

FLORENCE, August 22.—A war appropriation of 40,000,000 livres has passed both Chambers.

A decree is published in the *Journal Officiel* to day, for the creation of a new cavalry regiment for the Imperial guard. In some of the French provinces the people have recently attacked innocent persons who were supposed to be Prussian spies.

The Government will take measures immediately to prevent these outrages hereafter.

BERLIN, August 22.—The journals here print the letter of the King to the men, dated Resonville, August 10th, of which the following is an extract:—

"About 8:20 a.m. the fighting ceased gradually. Without this I should have acted as at Poniggratz, but Van Bon saved me this alternative. The troops have performed miracles of valor against an enemy equally brave, who withdrew by inches resisting the offensive to be again repulsed. I cannot fortell the enemy's fate. I shrink from learning war losses. I had designed bivouacking here, but I find after some hours that I am without my baggage. In fact, I have not changed my clothing for the last thirty hours.

LONDON, August 22.—The North German *Gazette* categorically denies the rumor now circulating through Italy, that Prussia had offered to send German troops to Rome to replace the French troops lately withdrawn.

PARIS, August 22.—In the Senate to-day one of the ministers said that after a suspension of 48 hours, the Government had received a despatch from Marshal Bazaine confirming his former despatch in regard to the affair of the 18th.

Le Moniteur praises Marshal Bazaine for his bravery and energy, and Count Palikao for his able administration of affairs, and calls them the preservers of France. A fine body of men taken from the customs service just passed the streets on their way to the front.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The *Daily News* copies with approval the *Economist's* article concerning the Queen's continual absence from the seat of Government, even in a crisis like the present. The *News* goes still further, and urges that Mr. Gladstone instead of losing his valuable time vibrating at the Queen's pleasure, between the extremities of Ireland, that he be made Vice Regent, with power to perform the duties which she so persistently deserts, though so enormously paid to perform.

Bitter complaints are frequent that it takes more than twelve hours for telegrams from the front to reach London.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The cables special to the *Herald*, dated London 22nd, says that a despatch from Paris states that an alarming demonstration by the people took place on Saturday.

It was occasioned by the report of the defeat of Gen. Bazaine. The disturbance was only quelled by the bold declaration of Palikao that Gen. Bazaine was not defeated, which statement was posted on the walls throughout the city, and had the effect of quieting the people.

PARIS, August 22.—The *Journal Officiel* of this morning, explaining the lack of advices from Metz, says the military situation is such that this circumstance need not alarm, still less discourage, if the enemy has happened for a moment to hold Bazaine's army near Metz, he has done so at the cost of the greatest sacrifices, and he is at the same time compelled to keep there the greater part of his own army—the corps of Prince Frederick Charles and General Steinmetz. What in the meanwhile will the corps of the Prince Royal do? March directly on to Paris or join the other lines corps in the effort to crush the army of Gen. Bazaine. The latter supposition is the most probable, but they must take into consideration that an army round at Chalons or some other point under orders of Marshal McMahon, an army which may place the Prussians in the same situation as they boast they have put the army of Marshal Bazaine in, that is to say, cut them off and block them up. Let us with confidence await events.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The race of the New York yachts on Saturday, from New Bedford to Halmshole, 25 miles, was won by the *Sappho*, beating the *Dauntless*, *Cambria* and *Maggie* in the order named.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Pfalsburg Capitulated—Napoleon at Chalons—A flag of Truce fired at by French Soldiers—Prussian loss Heavy—Steinmetz's Corps Cut to Pieces—McMahon at Chalons—Troops offered France by Italy — Guerilla Warfare—Strasburg in Flames—Complete Defeat of the French.

PONT A MOUSSON, Aug. 21.—The loss of the French cannot be less than 50,000 killed, wounded and missing.

At Courselles Thionville and Gravelotte they are known to have lost 15,000 in the last battle, including at the latter place 4,000 prisoners.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—*La Constitutionel* publishes a note designed to reassure the public:

News from the front may be seldom given, but it is not on that account unfavorable. The Commander-in-Chief must speak of nothing but accomplished facts. *Le Figaro* asserts that the camp at Chalons has been broken up, and that the troops lately there are now close to the corps of the Prince Royal. If so, the Prussians now have around them Marshal Bazaine, with his forces massed in and about Metz, on the one hand, and Marshal McMahon, with his own corps, and the large force which was at Chalons, on the other.

Le Public says the statement of *Le Figaro* is correct, and that decisive battles are imminent.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Telegrams on Saturday morning have only been just received in Paris from the scene of war around Metz.

The conduct of Marrhal Bazaine causes the gravest apprehension.

It was previously understood that he was so situated as to be able to march without opposition on Metz or Verdun, as he preferred, and now he seems to be inactive. It is impossible to pass between him and McMahon, and communication is interrupted altogether.

The French troops in the battle of the 18th again found themselves without ammunition.

PARIS, August 20.—It is now known that the Prussian Crown Prince is at Vitry Le Francais, and a battle, decisive of the war, is hourly expected between him and McMahon.

The Prussians have made heavy requisitions at Luneville.

The fortified town of Pfalsburg in the Vosges capitulated on Saturday to the Wurtemburg army.

The capture of this fortress opens the communication of the Crown Prince with his base of supplies.

LONDON, Aug 21, 6.30 p.m.—The Emperor and Prince Imperial were certainly at Chalons on Saturday. A circumstantial report of his movement states that he was in the saddle that day, and visited the different corps. Soldiers crowded round him, clamouring to be led into action.

Rumours assert that the French on Saturday fired on a flag of truce for the burial of the dead, and killed a trumpeter.

PARIS, August 21.—The correspondent of the *Gaulois* declares from actual observation that the road from Metz to Verdun is now occupied by the Prussians, who also hold possession of Verdun.

It is positive that no news has been heard of Bazine since the 19th.

The headquarters of Prince Frederick Charles is near St. Michael, eight leagues from Verdun.

The *Constitutionel* says England, Russia and Italy have agreed to act together to ensure peace.

The success of such an effort is certain eventually, but it is quite improbable now. It is understood between them that none of the powers shall act single.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The *World's* special from London, 21st, says the battle of Rizonville was without decisive result. It is claimed by the Prussians that the French fell back in good order without pursuit to Metz, ammunition having given out.

The losses of the Prussians greatly exceed the French, the former losing 40,000 on Thursday alone.

Steinmetz's whole corps is literally cut to pieces, and his magnificent cavalry no longer exists.

Some say the Crown Prince is marching on Chalons, others he was killed at Bas Le Duc.

McMahon is at Chalons.

Paris is defiant; and the people are enlisting by thousands.

It is reported the Italian Government has offered France troops to serve in Algeria.

It is said Austrian peasantry have commenced guerilla warfare in the Prussian rear.

England and Russia watch the opportunity to interfere. Russia will not permit territorial aggrandisement of either party.

A special to the *Herald*, dated Carlesruhe August 21, says Strasbourg is in flames. The French have fired the surrounding villages.

They make frequent sorties, which are constantly repulsed.

Eight thousand Prussians have arrived with a train of heavy steel artillery.

The city is surrounded by 30,000 men under Gen. Worder.

The French troops are demorlized, and disorder everywhere prevails.

A surrender is hourly expected.

The Crown Prince has won another victory before Chalons.

The Prussians are victorious everywhere, and the French defeat is complete.

MADRID, 21st.—The Countess De Montige has received a telegram from the Empress Eugene, in which she professes to be resigned to any fate which may befall her.

The Regent Serrano has telegraphed to Paris offering her shelter.

Seventy heavy cases arrived here last week from Paris, addressed to the Countess De Montigo.

PARIS, midnight.—At the Minister of the Interiors they laugh at the pretended victory of the Prussians on the 18th.

The statement of the Minister of War in the Chamber to-day declaring that the French won a victory at the Quarries of Joumont, is affirmed to be true.

BERLIN, August 21, noon.—It is officially stated that the only important news received since the action at Bijonville is that the French have withdrawn into the fortifications of Metz.

NEW YORK, 22.—The London special to the *Tribune* says that a despatch from King William dated at 9 o'clock Thursday Evening, completely confirms the Prussian accounts of the previous battle on Tuesday. Bazaines affirmation that he remained master of the ground may have been partly true without diminishing the extent of the Treves disaster.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The correspondent of the *Tribune* at Chalons writes on Thursday, the Emperor has arrived. McMahon and Canrobert are also here.

In the affair at Longueville on Sunday, the Emperor narrowly escaped being killed or captured.

It was merely a reconnoisance on the Prussian side, but was conducted with incredible daring. The Prussians pushed straight up to the Imperial headquarters, and their presence was first announced by cannon shots. The Prussian bullets were whistling past the Emperor's escort before they could get on horseback, and nothing but most precipitate flight saved him.

Yesterday there was almost a panic in the camp. Distant cannonading was heard in the forenoon. The Garde Mobile, who are imperfectly organized, and not half armed, began demanding to be led back to Paris. Finally the officers joined in the request, and presently a staff officer announced that their demand had been granted.

The inhabitants of Metz are on short rations of bread; meat is, however, plentiful.

A correspondent of the *Tribune* at Thier, writes, Sunday night, the Emperor when at Chalons, was hissed and hooted at by the soldiers.

Numerous letters from Gardes Mobile mention this:—We are on the eve of abdication in favor of Louis, with the Empress as regent.

Nobody believes the dynasty can last.

A riot at La Valette occasioned the arrest of 86 persons, 19 of whom were liberated.

The police have discovered numerous depositories of arms.

The city swarms with Prussian spies.

Measures against German residents impose onerous duties on the American legation, the doors of which are constantly besieged by German applicants and the street is blocked up.

Paris is vituallied for five months' siege, but a siege cannot last a fortnight.

There is no exaggeration in saying that we run the risk of being starved already.

The *Siecle* recommends private families to lay up a stock of salt meat, fish, flour, preserved vegetables, &c.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Murat Halstead telegraphed to the Cincinnati *Commerciol*, from Luxemburg, under date of 21st instant:

I was present at the battle of Gravelotte on Thursday.

The King of Prussia, Count Bismarck, and General Sheridan were on the field. It was the third and great battle for the road from Metz to Paris.

The French were outnumbered and beaten back on the walls of Metz.

The slaughter on both sides was horrible.

I walked several miles over fields strewn thick with dead men and horses.

Lines of battalions were marked with the dead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A cable despatch says: Louis Blanc, replying to the appeals of many friends, publishes a letter reviewing the situation of France, declaring it is time for the nation to choose between the Emperor and the nation, that nevertheless civil pretensions would deliver France to her enemies, that for himself he delayed returning to Paris for fear that his presence might be the signal for revolution and that the republic might not be declared at a moment when it must assume responsibilities created by the incapacity of the Emperor. He advises that France, resuming control of her designs, should say to Germany and to the world, "This is a war between two men and not between two nations."

QUEBEC.

Landing of the Tyne Crew from England—Arrivals from Sea—Drowned—Sunday Liquor Law.

QUEBEC, August 22.

Sir Hugh Hoyles, Governor Hill, and Hon. E. D. Shea, are at the St. Louis Hotel.

At the landing of the Tyne crew from England they were received by the Montreal deputation. They proceed to Lachine training quarters with their four boats to-night.

From sea last night, steamer *Hibernian*, and this morning the *Moravian*, and brig *Kathleen*, from Pictou, for Montreal.

An inquest was held this morning on the body of John Scully, drowned on Saturday by falling off a vessel discharging coal. Verdict, accidental death.

The Sunday liquor law was enforced yesterday to a certain extent by the Police, and shewed beneficial results on both sides of theriver in an improved, quieter and more general Sabbath.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 22.

On Saturday, John Sheddon, President, James E. M. Smith, Vice-President, and J. Chisholm, Director, accompanied by Degrassi and Bayley, all of the Toronto & Nipissing Railway, drove out together to Markham village, where they were joined by Mr. George Laidlaw, for the purpose of inspecting the line. They were well satisfied with the progress of the work. A large portion of the line is graded, and rails are delivered ready for laying. The Directors hope to have trains running over a portion of the line by the 1st of October.

The Illinois Press Association arrive today. The Corporation have made extensive preparation for showing the lions of the city. They expect to leave again this evening.

It is rumoured that a match is to be made between the yachts *Idag* and *Gorrilla* by the Toronto Rowing Club, as they are not satisfied with the result of the last race.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Referring to your sympathetic and apposite remarks, as to affording immediate relief to those now suffering from the extensive fires still raging in the neighborhood of the city, may I suggest that while so many of our families are in want of servant girls, might not some of the younger portion of the families in the country now rendered homeless, accept of household situations, by which they would be relieved, and gain an honorable livelihood. Any desirous of so placing themselves, could easily make their wish known, and I have no doubt of their obtaining employment.

Respectfully Yours,
HUMANITAS.

A family in Stamford Conn., was terribly distressed from Saturday evening until Monday morning by the receipt of a telegram saying "Virginia is dead." Their daughter Viginia was absent in Philadelphia, and expected home. It was ascertained that the despatch should have read, "Virginia is *delayed*."

THE FIRES.

The Serenity of the City Restored.

The Precautionary Measures Successful. The Danger Over.

The danger of being burnt out is over, and the serenity of the city is once more restored. The precautionary measures taken were energetically carried out by the men of the Chaudiere, the military, and the citizens, and to their exertions is the safety of the city due. There is not the slightest doubt that on Thursday and Thursday night, Friday and Friday night, the city was entirely at the mercy of the winds. The fires were roaring through the woods in every quarter during the darkness of night describing a crimson circle around the city; in some cases so near that the flames could be seen dancing high in the air as they seized upon a house or barn or greedily licked up a dry wood.

At Rochesterville the fire approached nearest to the city, at one time threatening instant destruction to the houses in this quarter, and which would have been a sure connecting link with the city limits. Another great danger was from Hull, where no less than four square miles of lumber is piled, and down the mountains in the rear, of which to use the forcible description of an eye witness, "the flames came down like Hell let loose." This lumber once on fire, there could be no doubt as to the fate of the city.

A high wind, such as on Wednesday night, from the south, would have fanned the fires into vast proportions, and brought the flames down in resistless force upon the city; from the west it would have swept into Hull. At other quarters there were large fires, but at the distance of three, four and five miles from the city. But what was this distance, when it is remembered that during the gale of Wednesday night the fires rushed through the county at the rate of five miles an hour. It was no wonder that the authorities were alarmed, and that the citizens should be called upon on Thursday to defend the city.

MONTREAL,

during the period of danger, was appealed to, and generously responded, by sending a powerful pump engine, hose, and four firemen, from her excellent Brigade. From

TORONTO AND BELLEVILLE

also came offers of aid in case of need, and the use of a steam fire engine. Fortunately the wind has been very calm, and the fires exhausted themselves to such an extent as to permit of their being checked after very hard work, and we did not avail ourselves of the kind offers of Toronto and Belleville. In Gloucester and other Townships, however, the fire stil rage on, carrying terror and destruction with them. The work of devastation still going on, is something awful.

Public Meeting on Behalf of the Sufferers.

A public meeting was held at the City Hall this afternoon to express sympathy for the sufferers by the recent disastrous fires and adopt means for their immediate relief. The meeting was largely attended. Among the gentlemen present were the Hon Sir F. Hincks; Hon. Mr. Morris; Hon. Mr. Tilley; Hon. Mr. Aikens; Mr. Currier, M. P.; Dr. Grant, M. P; Robt. Lyon, M.P.P.; Sheriff Powell; Judge Armstrong; the Warden of the County; Rev. Dr. Jones; Rev. Father Malloy; Mr. E. McGillivrary; Dr. Sweetland; Rev. Mr. McLaren; Aldermen: Robinson, Fetherstone, Cunningham, Heney, Mosgrove, Bate, Mr. Mutchmor; Mr. N. H. Bate; Mr. Wilson; Mr. James Fraser and a number of others.

It was moved, seconded and carried unanimously, that Mr. Currier, M.P. take the chair.

The Chairman said it was thought proper yesterday that it should be published in the several churches in the city, and also that notice should be given in the papers of this morning calling the present meeting They all well knew the great calamity that had befallen the country, and it would consequently be needless for him to say much upon the subject.

Sheriff Powell then came forward and said he regretted no preparations had been made for the meeting, which was owing to the fact that the time from the notice and the taking place of the meeting was so short. It was not speaking that was wanted, it was action and immediate action. It was sympathy, for the sufferers by the awful conflagration—the homeless and houseless. On Wednesday morning there were many who were comfortable and considered wealthy that by the next morning were made penniless. But not only was there great loss of property but he shuddered to say great loss of life. In the face of such a terrible calamity it was needless to appeal by long speeches to the sympathy of the citizens, who he was sure would voluntary come forward to the relief of the sufferers without any urging. He had heard the remark made that it was needless to move in the matter since the city had escaped. This was an expression he was sure that would be echoed by few. A different course would be pursued, and he felt convinced that every one who could afford to assist in relieving the want of the sufferers would not fail to do so. It was not for him to say what shape the relief would take. He thought the first step should be to call upon the coffers of the Local Government of Ontario. This year the Exchequer of Ontario was overflowing, and a great amount of the money came from the section of country which has been burned, and which is still burning He would next appeal to the Government of Quebec. There was no dividing line between the two Provinces when such a calamity was before them. The terrible conflagration has done its work of devastation in the Province of Quebec as well as in that of Ontario, and no doubt the two Governments would liberally contribute to the relief of the sufferers by the coming calamity. The city council would do its duty, and their Committee should be appointed to canvass the different words for subscriptions.

Judge Armstrong had heard an account of the sad calamity from the lips of some of the sufferers, and indeed, it was the greatest calamity that had ever visited this section of country. He was very familiar himself with almost the whole extent of the county over which the fire had gone, he had a personal acquaintance with the majority of its inhabitants, and he was greatly affected when he heard on the morning after the storm of the misery into which they were so suddenly thrown. It was the most terrible calamity that had ever befallen Ontario. It was a great public calamity, and he felt confident the public would come forward, and with a liberal hand, relieve the wants of the sufferers by the deplorable visitation which it had pleased God they should escape. It was the duty of the Government and Municipal Councils to take immediate steps to relieve the suffering and want of hundreds of starving people.

Mr. Robert Lyon, M. P. P., thought it was necessary as seconder of the resolution to say something in reference to its import. He regretted the remarks that had fallen from a former speaker in regard to the conduct of the Warden. It was comparatively speaking easy work to get the City Council togther, but it was a far different matter with the County Council, many of whom had been burnt out and were common sufferers with the others; some were supporting the sufferers; others were doing all in their power to alleviate them while many were in danger of losing their property. So it would be seen that the County Council were scattered widely over the different Townships which had suffered from fires. In fact in a conversation with the Warden he had urged upon him not to call a meeting of the Council, but told him that whatever he did in the way of affording aid would be endorsed by the voice of the people (cheers). Already a great quantity of food had been distributed by himself and others, and to the best of their abilities they had made out a list so to get, as soon as possible at the real number requiring assistance. In the township of Tarbolton owing to the number of bridges destroyed it was impossible to get to all parts of the township, and consequently their list from this quarter was imperfect. They had entered the different lists in a book, and thought they had a pretty correct list so far. He would impress upon the meeting the fact, that it would not be for one day or one month that they would have to render assistance to these people, but one year for their farms would be valueless to them until next season. It would require much time and care to find out the most deserving poor and make a distinction between them and the class better off. That is their object in getting a complete list. (Applause.) No one had any idea of the suffering he had witnessed. In one case a whole family had been forced to lie in a creek until the fire passed over. Altogether there were 203 heads of families he knew who were burnt out. Some of these were well off, that is to say they had some means of realising money. Others hadn't enough garments to cover their nakedness. He had telegraphed that morning to Attorney General Sandfield McDonald to see what the Local Government would be likely to do (cheers), but he had received no answer yet. He thought no distinction should be made in giving assistance. The country received benefit from both sides of the river, and to both sides of the river should charity be extended. The best way he thought to manage the distribution of aid would be to make this place a depot at which should be a central committee; then there could be appointed in each township local committees who could get an order from the chairman for supplies or money as they wanted it. This would do away with the possibility of people applying who did not want aid. Even in their short experienced in dealing out assistance they had found some farmers with two and three sons who had sent them separately and thus obtained a double and treble allowance. Even in his own county, he was sorry to say, people had applied for assistance who did not require it. Again advocating the appointment of a "depot" and local committees, the speaker sat down amid loud applause.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, who on coming forward was loudly cheered, said he had come to the meeting with the intention of showing his sympathy as a citizen for the distressed, and contributing as such to their relief. (Loud cheers.) He had one word to say in reference to a remark made by the Sheriff when he spoke of the Dominion Government in connection with the object of the meeting. He could tell them as far as the meeting was concerned that it had the hearty sympathy of the Dominion Government, but they had at the occurence of the Saguenay fire and the Nova Scotia distress fully considered the matter of giving assistance, and they had come to the conclusion that such relief should be given by the Local Governments. It amounted to the same thing. The Province of Ontario had ample funds at their disposal, and no doubt they would give liberally as it was from this section they derived so much of the revenue from duties on timber. (Cheers). He agreed with Mr. Lyon when he said that persons representing Corporations, and who took upon themselves the responsibility of giving assistance—that such proceeding on their part would be endorsed by the people. He had learnt that action was being taken in another quarter, the ladies (loud cheers) were going to work with a will, and would do all in their power to grant assistance. (Cheers). It would be well, therefore, for the Central Committee and representatives of corporations to cooperate with the ladies, and so do away with the possibility of the same persons being assisted by both committees (Applause). He had came with other members of the Dominion Government to show the deep sympathy the Dominion Government had with the meeting. (Cheers).

Hon. Mr. Morris had not come there with the intention of making a speech. This was a time for action, not for words, and on looking round that room he could not but feel that the inhabitants were in earnest, and that they did heartily sympathise with the sufferers, and would be found giving of their means to relieve the wants of the distressed. He thought the plan proposed of appointing a central committee was a most excellent one, and he felt sure that if this was done, other cities in Canada would be found helping in the work, and their sympathy would come gushing in, for the people of Canada never yet were appealed to in behalf of a good cause without heartily responding to the call. He would add no more save to express the hope that Providence would intervene in their behalf, that rain would soon come, and that thus all danger would be removed. He had received late on Saturday night a telegram from Lanark stating that the fire was doing much damage there, and, in fact, all over the portion of the country where the weather has been so dry these fires prevailed. He urged prompt and energetic action on the part of the Committee.

Moved by Mr. Workman and Resolved, that the Mayor and Corporation be requested to call a special meeting for the purpose of voting a sum of money not less than $5,000, in aid of the sufferers. Mr. Workman accompanied his motion by a few remarks, in which he showed the propriety of the whole community sharing in the duty of relief.

Mr. McGillivray remarked that they might stand for months and express their sympathy, but to form an adequate idea of the amount of suffering it was necessary that people should visit the scene of the conflagration. It was action that was needed, and that of the most prompt and energetic character. He hoped the Council would take the suggestion embodied in the resolution, and make the desired grant. Then the burthen would fall upon all alike; upon those who never responded to the calls of charity, as well as upon others who were always ready to subscribe.

Mr. Marshal, a literary gentleman from London, England, did not know whether the people of Canada would consider the calamity to be of sufficient magnitude to justify them in appealing to the Mother Country, but if they did he, as an English-man, could assure them they would find that in times of trouble and adversity, from whatever cause arrising, England and Canada were one. (Cheers.) He had that morning sent an account of what he had seen in the burnt districts to a leading English daily journal, and he was sure that when the English people read that account they would feel a deep [illegible] with the sufferers.

Mr. —— suggested [illegible] would be to tax the [illegible] counties and so reimburse [illegible] suffered loss by the fires.

Moved by Alonzo Wright, [illegible] the Mayor and Corporation [illegible] requested by this meeting [illegible] citizens and ratepayers [illegible] meeting, and to appropriate [illegible] sum of money, not less [illegible] the relief of [illegible] fire wherever they [illegible]

Mr. Wright spoke [illegible] rience as to the effect of [illegible] upon the people like [illegible] it was impossible to [illegible] the fire was still [illegible] the bounden duty of every [illegible] country to assist in [illegible]

Dr. Grant had great [illegible] ing this resolution.

It was proposed by [illegible] *Resolved*—That a subscription [illegible] at once be opened in order [illegible] present an opportunity of [illegible]

Mr. Hunton said that [illegible] step because he could [illegible] the sooner we commenced [illegible] ter.

Sheriff Powell said that [illegible] granted that the appeals [illegible] to be made to the Local Government [illegible] Municipal Councils would [illegible] dividuals from contributing [illegible] immediate action in the [illegible] respect to what the Warden [illegible] had said in reference to call [illegible] Council together, he (Sheriff) [illegible] quite satisfied that the W[illegible] with much vigor and pr[illegible]

The Warden of Carleton [illegible] ed, that although he had [illegible] of the County Council, [illegible] had been adopted by him [illegible] the sufferers. As soon as he [illegible] had taken place in the upper [illegible] county, he had visited it, and [illegible] of the names of the sufferers [illegible] ing might rest assured that [illegible] could be done with a view [illegible] sufferings of the people [illegible] ed. He had ordered [illegible] pork, bread, &c. to be [illegible] of, and distributed [illegible] and a number of persons [illegible] relieved. Yesterday morning [illegible] the township of which [illegible] been called out to stay [illegible] flames, and were still [illegible] He again assured the meeting [illegible] thing should be done to relieve [illegible] ers, for he was quite sure [illegible] of Carleton County would [illegible] everything he did with this [illegible]

Towards the end of the meeting [illegible] mittee was formed, J. [illegible] being elected Chairman; [illegible] ham, Treasurer; Jas. Fraser [illegible]

This was constituted the [illegible] mittee, through which all [illegible] pass.

The committee held a [illegible] adjournment of the meeting [illegible] were taken towards the [illegible] systematic organisation for the [illegible] tion of aid.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

Allan Gilmour
C. T. Bate & Co.
F. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co. in blankets
A. Wright
Sir F. Hincks
Wm. Powell
J. M. Currier
C. Marshall
Jas. Cunningham
Dr. Grant
Jas. McKay
John Sweetland, M.D.
J. Fraser
W. W. Brown
Alex. Morris
Bate & Co.
W. McKay Wright
S. L. Tilley
J. C. Aikins
M. McNaughton
Henry Chepmel
Ira. Morgan
Z. Wilson
Dufresne & McCarthy
Roderick Ryan
Hamnett Hill
J. Wadsworth
Herrick & Crombie
Jas. Rochester
L. Vaux
Robt. Lyon
James Hope & Co.
J. H. P. Gibson
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon
Wm. McLaren
Alex. Workman
J. Johnston
Thos Patterson
Geo. Hay
J. Durie & Son
E. McGillivray (goods)

The following minute and [illegible] list was read at a meeting of [illegible] and others resident at the [illegible] the office of A.H. Baldwin, Esq. [illegible] There were present H. J. [illegible] Booth, W. G. Perley, L. Young [illegible] and A. H. Baldwin, Esq. [illegible] that a subscription list be [illegible] and that the meeting would [illegible] with the committee to be [illegible] general meeting in affording [illegible] deserving cases as may [illegible] notice.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

Bronson & Weston
Perley & Pattee
A. Baldwin
J. R. Booth
Levi Young

Moved by T. Hunton, [illegible] Garvey, that a subscription [illegible] forthwith in order to [illegible] an opportunity of [illegible]

Moved by Sheriff Powell, [illegible] the terrible calamity that [illegible] and is still [illegible] this section of country [illegible] generous public for aid for [illegible] many of whom have been [illegible] duced from comparative [illegible] lute want. Carried.

Moved by Judge Armstrong [illegible] by J. Hay, that the Chairman [illegible] ized to communicate by telegraph [illegible] Local Governments of Ontario [illegible] asking assistance at their [illegible] this unhappy circumstance.

Moved by A. Wright, M. P. [illegible] by Dr. Grant, that the [illegible] suggest the immediate [illegible] County Councils of Carleton [illegible] Prescott and Russell, [illegible] liberal vote by those bodies [illegible] sufferers.

The most curious [illegible] which the European war has [illegible] that by Offenbach, who [illegible] Imperial battle song called [illegible] l'Empereur." As Offenbach [illegible] Cologne, his future career [illegible] be closed by this composition.

It is related of General [illegible] years ago his brother died, [illegible] tune, but nine children. The [illegible] adopted them, and refused [illegible] tunities of marriage in order [illegible] protect and care for the children [illegible] brother.

"Shoo fly," says Mr. William [illegible] the last number of [illegible] "has no less a paternity [illegible] self. In the fourth book [illegible] find that botheraome fly [illegible] way in which he is treated [illegible] tors:—

"To from her babe, when [illegible]
eye
The watchful mother [illegible]
fly."

"Far as the mother [illegible]
That haunts her slumbering [illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) ...S FOR 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTON ...BRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

...Railway.—A switch to the Street ...way is about completed on Sparks ...

...Woman Burned.—It is reported ...a woman named Allen was burned to ... during the late fire in the ...ship of Huntly.

...—An inquest was held this morning on the body of Thomas Leonard, who ...ped dead on Saturday night. Verdict "Death by visitation of God."

Ottawa Street Railway.—Two additional cars will be put upon the Ottawa Street Railway on the 1st of September next. The cars will then run through to the Suspension Bridge.

The Canal.—The water has been shut off the canal since Saturday for the purpose of repairing the St. Lewis dam, and in consequence the steamer *City of Ottawa* has been unable to make its usual ...

Mrs. Hartney.—So far the body of Mrs. ... has not been found. Search has been made for the body, and some bones were found but could not be identified as those of a human being, though ... such.

Accident.—We learn that a man ... the township of Ross was killed ...ly by a dead pine tree, which had ... burned through by fire, falling upon ... driving a team of horses at ... The horses escaped unhurt.

Committed.—The man Kenney who was ... on Friday for firing the bush near ... was tried on Saturday and committed to stand his trial at the Assizes. ... wheelwright, and is said to be an ... workman at his trade.

...Railway.—In addition to the ... just completed on Sparks ... in course of construction on ... street. The multiplication of ... in this manner will impede street ... a second track would do.

...for Relief.—Yesterday several applications were made to the city authorities for relief by sufferers by the fires. Some ... for provisions, some for clothing, and some for boards. There were a ... great distance. Not one asked ... for assistance.

The Market.—The market this morning ...posed of gardeners from the limits ... city. Vegetables and fruits were ... produce. There were a couple ... of butter which sold for 24 cents ..., and a few pounds of print which ... 30 cts. Hay is scarce at $20 per ...

...Death.—Thomas Leonard, a ... in the House of Commons, ... dead at about half-past ten on ... night. The cause of death was ...ease. An inquest will be held on ... this morning at 8 o'clock. The ... was much respected by his fellow ... and by all acquainted with him.

...—Farmers who were burned ... the fire may yet be seen coming ... the city from different quarters, with ... on trucks which they managed ... Very often a number of little ... form part of the loads, and their ... destitute appearance is indeed ...

...Sight.—Yesterday we saw a horse ... through Sparks street, and truly the ... brute presented a sad sight. The ... was completely burned off part of his ... and off his legs. This is but one instance; there are numbers of horses, cows ... in different sections visited by the fire, ... have been severely burned in a ... manner.

...Race.—Yesterday afternoon a foot ... took place on Sandy Hill between ... Russell and J. Biggars, for the sum ... The distance was 125 yards, with hurdles to be jumped. Biggars ... being a very fair runner ..., however, he was beaten ... by Russell. Biggars fell at ... first hurdles.

...—A new Bulletin Board, issued by ... Trunk Railway may be seen at ... Ticket office, York street, and ... it surpasses anything we have ... railway advertising. The superb ... Palace Drawing Room, and sleep... that are now run on this line, ... extraordinary low rates offered by ... A. & A. H. Taylor, the agents here ... unlimited prosperity for the ...

...Majesty's Theatre.—Another large ... filled the theatre last evening, ... "Lost in London," which was so ... on Saturday night, was ... with equal effect. Though ..., the evening's performance ... with a roaring farce which ... audience off in excellent humor. ... London" will be played again ... a good farce winding up the ...

...Court.—Monday.—Louis Pelo... for being disorderly on the public ... was fined $3 and cost.
... Burns was fined $5 and cost for ... offence.
... Johnston was charged with neglect... a chimney to his house. Dis...
... Keagh was brought up for as... Case adjourned.

...Burned.—On Saturday last ... like half a mile of the Union ... & Railway Company's Railroad, ... was destroyed by fire. Mr. B. ..., Capt. of the steamer *Emerald* ... burned on the occasion in ... to check the fire. Mr. Cas... of the Company has gone ... and under his superintendence ... doubt the railroad will soon ... Traffic will not be interrupted ... accident.

...Concert.—The following are the ... the ladies and gentlemen who, ... others, will take part in the coming ...cert at the Music Hall: Madame Gellini, Madame Gilinas, Miss Aumond, Mr. F. F. Gourdeau. Mr. Gustave Smith will preside at the piano, Mr. Edward Doward acting as conductor. By the kind permission of Col. Williams and officers of the 1st Battalion, the band of the 60th Rifles will be in attendance. The concert, which is for the good purpose of procuring relief for the sufferers by the late fires, is to be given under the auspices of about sixty of the leading citizens of Ottawa, and we have no doubt will be well attended. It is to take place on Friday evening next. The programme will be issued to-day.

The Ottawa Fire Engine.—On Saturday the Ottawa Fire Engine did good work in extinguishing the fire, which had gained some headway at this side of the St. Lewis Dam. At 10 o'clock the company received word that their services were needed, and under the efficient command of Captain Walsh they were soon off to the scene of action battling the flames. They worked hard from about half past ten until half past five, completely putting out the fire before they left. During the whole period they kept six wattermen busy with their puncheons drawing water of which they threw over 200 on the fire. A large number of men under the direction of Mr. Percill also worked very effectually cutting down dry trees and drawing them out of the bush with horses.

Escape from Gaol.—On Friday Jean Baptiste Gagnon, who had been sentenced to six months' imprisonment some time ago, for the larceny of a truck from a man at the chaudiere, effected his escape from the gaol yard. It is rather difficult to understand how he could have completed the preparations by which he scaled the wall without being detected by the turnkey. In the first place he took two wheelbarrows and placed one upon the other, the latter leaning against the wall. He then got a number of spikes which he drove one above the other into the wall, thereby forming a series of steps by means of which he succeeded in making his escape. There were ten other prisoners working in the yard at the time, turnkey Nile who has since been discharged being supposed to be overseeing them. Gagnon was to stand his trial at the next assizes at Aylmer, on the charge of stealing a horse from Mrs. Leamy.

Ladies Benevolent Sewing Association

In view of the urgent necessity that exists for at once providing clothing for the sufferers by the late fires, the following ladies have met and resolved to form a committee for organizing a sewing association, which will meet in rooms kindly placed at their disposal in the Parliament Buildings:

Lady Hincks, Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. James Skead, Mrs. Rochester, Mrs. Dunkin, Mrs. R. Scott, Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Currier, Mrs. W. Powell, Mrs. J. Rochester, Mrs. Coffin, Mrs. Bourchette, Mrs. Wm. Lindsay, Mrs. Langton, Mrs. Spragge, Mrs. Alonzo Wright, Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Kimber, and Miss Griffin.

Some of these ladies intend calling on the householders and storekeepers to solicit contributions of clothing or materials for making up.

All offerings to be sent to Black Rod's residence, Parliament Buildings, Mrs. Kimber having kindly promised to take charge of that portion of the undertaking.

As this charitable organization will embrace all denominations, all will be relieved who can furnish a certificate from clergymen or others personally acquainted with the facts of their case.

As soon as possible notice will be given, of when and where the distribution of clothing will take place.

August 22nd, 1870.

Comic singing is on the decline in England, and negro minstrelsy is losing its popularity.

Blank forms of proposal are used by Minnesota ladies when their young men are slow in coming up to the point.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 20th inst., the wife of F. ...Gillivray, Barrister of a son.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The people of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years' experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
sole Wholesale Agents for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—18 and 20 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
1397 3md

THE CONCERT

in aid of the

SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRES

will take place in the

RINK MUSIC HALL

ON

FRIDAY NEXT, THE 26th INSTANT.

when the following ladies and gentlemen will take part,—

MADAME GELLINI, MADAME GELINAS, MISS AUMOND, MR. F. F. GOURDEAU,

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH will preside at the Piano.

Mr. EDGAR DOWARD, Conductor

By the kind permission of Col. Williams and the Officers of the 1st Batt., the Band of the 60th Rifles will be in attendance.

It is to be given under the auspices of about 60 of the leading citizens of Ottawa.

TICKETS,—Reserved Seats, $1; body of the hall, 50cts, gallery, 25cts—to be had at J. L. ORME & SON'S, where a plan, &c., may be seen.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1442

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Tuesday Evening, August 23rd

IMMENSE SUCCESS!

Third appearance of

MR. J. Z. LITTLE,

THE CELEBRATED TRAGEDIAN,

MISS LIZZIE CAMPBELL,

Leading Lady from the Park Theatre Brooklyn, Who will appear in the Great sensation Drama of

LOST IN LONDON,

With entire new scenery and effects, including the great

COAL MINE SCENE,

Painted by MR. W. J. FORSTER, a true picture of underground life

With Horses and Men at Work.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama of

MAZEPPA.

With new scenery Dress, &c.
BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $4.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.
Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

LOST

From the Farm of MRS STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to Wm. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1415

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including low price of

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO—

Every description of

KITCHEN UTENSILS

AND

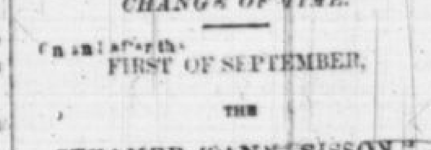
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

In Great Variety, Very Cheap,

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m., downwards. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke at 2 p.m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a.m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1440

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S.

PURE FRENCH WINES

—OF—

GUARANTEED PURITY

AND

VERY CHEAP.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant.
Elgin Street.

YOUNG

LADIES' SEMINARY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL.

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady who has received a thorough Normal School Education and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—Miss Harmon, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 3

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate.
Apply to
H. P. HILL, Solicitor, &c.,
1441 1m Post Office Block.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to the 13th proximo, for the erection of a house on Vittoria street, according to Plans and Specifications, which may be seen at the office, Rideau street, on and after the 8th instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender.
W. CHESTERTON,
Architect.
Ottawa, 29th July, 1870. 1421-td

AUSTRALIA.

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to
M. MULLIN, & CO.,
Canal Street, Montreal.
Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 1441 6

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,

In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,

In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OF

BONNETS,

HATS,

MILLINERY,

MANTLES,

and SHAWLS,

COMMENCING

SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accommodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,

AND

Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles, Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY.

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1384 3m

Ripe Bananas,

Ripe Pine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,

Lillies

Lemon Plants. &c. &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old.

Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, muzzle mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar locked.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1453 d

YOUNG LADIES'

LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Coeur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.
Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"

OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licen e No 95, of 1869-7—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa.
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H. McLean Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1124

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices and on moderate terms, which will be as follows—One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m. and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.
Ottawa, August 12 1870

P. S. Will also be sold, a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.
1436td D. & M.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
G. P. BAKER.
Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1443

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.
Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.
R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1433 1m

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL

AND

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY.

THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September

Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture,

NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries in the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.
Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1117td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at
ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at
ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at
ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at
ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at
ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at
ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at
ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at
ESMONDE BROS.

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at
JOHN ROBERTSON'S
Bell's Corners.
Ottawa, August 19, 1870 446 4

R. CHESTERTON, Architect, begs to give notice that he is about to move his office from the ... of the

Union Forwarding and Railway Co.,

to RIDEAU STREET east SAPPERS' BRIDGE, and that on and after WEDNESDAY communications will be received there.
Ottawa, August 8, 1870 1430 6

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET,
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa May 16, 1870

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

GREAT

CHEAP SALE.

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such Goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES;

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Quick Sales and Light Profits. Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1424-1y

...OCK.

JAMES PEACOCK

HATS!

HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy.)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use,

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will shew that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dow's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
... 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL, Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 2 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1 1870 1233 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel.
Centre Town.
Ottawa, ... 1870 1430

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1424 tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.
JAS. BUCHANAN.
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1284

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for a limited number of pupils, No. 10 Wilbrod-st., conducted by Mrs. KENDALL, assisted by masters, will re-open on THURSDAY, September 1 1870.

Vacancies for two boarders. Mrs Kendall's classes, both public and private, with calisthenics for ladies, and all the latest dances from Paris and New York, will be opened during the month of October. 1132 6

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 23, 1870. {

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
	20	@	0 25
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 18
No 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 00
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr en Raw Hides	6 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA....................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted, in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1?2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $46? will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

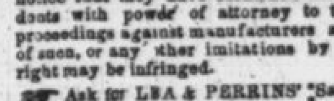
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52v1236 1aw

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,

President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1439-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A ..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.

Dentists.

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awGm 1awk6m

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms, as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit. {

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, (whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second Concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,

Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3md

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 353tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. { 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procu he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for private sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and

1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secr'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P,

J. BERMINGHAM,

Queen's Auctioneer,

1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island,

27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

Toronto, April 20th, 1870. {

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,

1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,

Exchange Hotel

1304 1 Mosgrove street.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. ...

E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1363 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK

GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

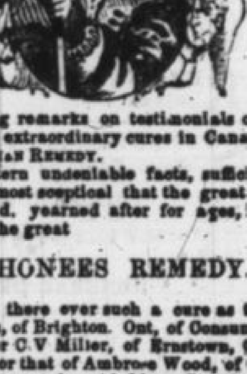
Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in ...

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

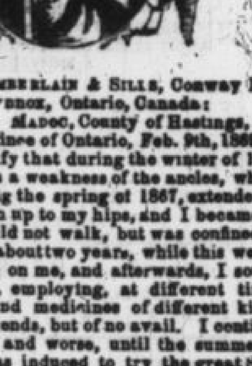
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869. {

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 · PRIMERA CLASE. · PARIS 1867 · LONDON 1862 · MENTION HONORABLE · GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,

Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,

R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...ll

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p'm.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and arrive at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 6.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo...

In the Township of Russe..., County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of El... Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,

Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. { 1426-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW...

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 35

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100 00
Halifax.......... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 30 00
Halifax.......... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New ...

or ...

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON,

Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Sarsaparilla ... they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS ...

Ayer's Cathartic Pills, For all the purposes of a Family Medicine. ...

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto ...

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL. SESSION 1870-71. ...

For Sale or to Let. COTTAGE TO RENT. ... FOR SALE.— ...

THE TIMES is printed and published by the Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1443. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY AUGUST, 24, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's arrangements, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to maintain between the

EAST AND WEST,

Close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Running on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Ottawa and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Ottawa and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Daily only at the most important Stations.

Now completed.

PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over this entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent, and every arrangement has been made to insure the pleasure travel.

For time of trains see advertisements and handbills.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
14 7tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains leave BONAVENTURE STATION.

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Bradford, Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8:30 a m
Express do do do 7:30 p m
Express Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations at ..... 4.00 p m
Express Train for Kingston and intermediate Stations, at ..... 7:30 a m
Express do ..... 8:00 a m, 7:00 a m
Express, at noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m
Express train runs through to Provincial Exhibition.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations at ..... 7:00 a m
Express Train for St Jerome and Boston via Central at ..... 3:45 p m
Express for York and Boston, at ..... 6.00 a m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland, and Boston, stopping between Portland and Island Pond at Danville, S. Ryegate, Acton, Lennoxville, Sherbrooke, Waterville, Stations only, at ..... 10:10 p m
Express Train on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
Express "Chaudiere" and "Charlotte" leaves Ottawa every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon at 3 p m, respectively at 4 p m.
Excellent accommodation for passengers.
Company's steamers, running between the Grand Trunk Railway at Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY, for St John, N.B., &c.
Through tickets and information and time of arrival and departure of trains at terminal and way stations may be obtained at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 9 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, Sep. 1870.

Ticket Offices—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
OF
CANADA

CHANGE OF TRAINS

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 13th, 1870, the Passenger Trains will run on this Railway as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Toronto, London, Brantford, Hamilton, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ..... 9 00 a m
Express do do ..... 9 00 p m
Express for Toronto and intermediate stations ..... 7 00 a m.
Express Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ..... 5 00 p m
Express leaves at 5 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 12 noon, 4 00 p m, 4 00 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 12 noon Train runs through to Toronto.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ..... 7 10 a m
Express Train for St Jerome, via Vermont Central ..... 9 00 a m
Express for York and Boston, via Island Pond, at ..... 3 45 p m
Express for York and Boston via Lake Champlain, Burlington and Portland, at ..... 6 00 a m
Express do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Lower Provinces ..... 1 30 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond and Portland, and Lower Provinces, stopping at Danville, S. Ryegate, Lennoxville, Compton, Stations only, Brompton Falls, Drummondville, Arthabaska, Princeville, Tamworth, Nicolet, Stations only at 10 10 p m
Express leaves Ottawa on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
Express "Chaudiere" and "Charlotte" leave Ottawa every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon at 4 00 p m, respectively at 4 00 p m.
Excellent accommodation for passengers.
Company's Steamers running between Ogdensburg and Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY, for St John, N.B., &c.
Through tickets and information and time of arrival and departure of trains at terminal and way stations may be obtained at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 9 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, Sep. 1870.

Ticket Offices—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 42w F C CLEMOW.

JOHN W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 434f JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister at Law, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

KERR & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KERR. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

OSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Osgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 236tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1288y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, east end of Sussex Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-st. opt. Cent al Ottawa. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 378y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. SAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class hostelry. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H Abbott, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Keyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749tf

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 8, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Albrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23. 1865. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $216.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur.
Board and Tuition $136 per annum.
PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 -1

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and ther Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Kenault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sonterne and Maderia Wines of all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
of high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and Loudon Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or never aisa 1195

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR

HR. LANG

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS AND BANNERS WALL PAINTING.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Close	Mails Delivered	Mails Delivered	Mails Delivered	Mails Delivered
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.							A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
.....	.....	.....	Eastern, by Train, Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	6.00	11.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	.....	.....	Montreal, by Steamer, St. John, N.B., by Train	.....	11.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B., by Train	6.00	11.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	.....	.....	United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Original, Greenville, &c.	6.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, Mattawa, Deux Rivières, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.00	.....	6.30	.....
12.30	12.15	4.30	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Almonte, Carp, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.00	11.30	.....	.....
.....	6.00	.....	Almonte, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	.....	.....
.....	11.00	.....	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Frankford, Perth, &c., by Stage	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	7.30	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	6.00	11.30	Orgoods, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
.....	6.00	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, East Aylmer, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....
11.30	.....	5.00	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	4.30	.....

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.46 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart..... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive..... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee,
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T GORGORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Compore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1232d.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
IN THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
ON
Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,
AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,
To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.
W R WORSLEY, Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1437-1514

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
HERE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Strips,	12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey,
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE PISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Sows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES—Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1386y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks. Industrial Designs Copyrights Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice, Charges moderate. 1405y

Hardware.

FOR HOT WEATHER.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
WATER COOLERS AND FILTERS,
BATHS of all kinds.
Our Refrigerators are the celebrated MCKENZY PATENT, and have a continuous circulation of air passing through them. Nothing gets musty Each one is placed on a set of plane forte casters
IRON BEDSTEADS,
CHILDREN'S CRIBS.
A fine assortment of Dog Collars, Croquet Lawn Borderings, Chairs, Stools and Seats, with a beautiful variety of Wire Work, expected soon direct from England.
Capital Stove Depot,
35 Sussex street,
H MEADOWS & CO.

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bounie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes.
Grain Cradles Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

CENTRAL TOWN
LIVERY STABLES.
W. CHAMPNESS,
BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.
MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand or customers.
Ottawa, 12th June, 1870. 1407tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 5 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders for the erection of a block of buildings for the Montreal Telegraph Company, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, in this city, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Thursday, the 11th prox.
Plans &c, can be seen on and after Tuesday the 2nd.
Security will be required for the proper execution of the contract.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
K. ARNOLDI Architect,
11 Metcalfe street, Ottawa
July 25th, 1870. 1419

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP
The partnership hitherto existing between JOHN LEGGO and CHARLES ALBERT MONDELET, Dentists, under the name, style and firm of LEGGO and MONDELET has this day expired by effluxion of time. The business will be carried on at the "Old Stand" by the undersigned.
JNO. LEGGO.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 3

TO LET.
THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.
Apply to JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1428-1 m

WAR NOTES.

The following advertisement appears in the Cologne *Gazette* of the 27th July:

REWARD OF FIFTY THALERS.—To the German who first takes a Turco, in order to show him in the Zoological Gardens of this city. An additional forty thalers will be given if the said Turco be taken with the well-known cat, which we understand each keeps on his knapsack.

The Volunteers in Algeria for the Turcos are so eager, that three new regiments are to be formed, which will raise the strength of these troops to 25,000. The enlistments of the Foreign Legion in the service of France are so numerous in Trieste, that the French Consul there has been compelled to close his list, in order to communicate with the Government, and ask for instructions.

The Prussian correspondent of the Manchester *Examiner* states that the engagement at Saarbruck lasted six hours. There were 600 men *hors de combat*. The 7th Lancers were considerably cut up. The French loss must have been greater. A number of prisoners were brought to Coblentz. The wounded from the front are principally sent to Mayence and Wiesbaden:—The despatch proceeds:—"It is reported here that the French army is generally in want of supplies. I can assure you, from personal experience, that the Prussian force is abundantly supplied."

A German paper calls attention to the fact that the French troops carry but one *eagle* in each regiment, and that in September last the French Minister of War issued a regulation, according to which the standard of the second, third and fourth battalions of the French regiments are to bear neither the national colors, nor, as heretofore, the number of the regiment, or any inscription whatsoever, so as in case of loss, not to serve as a trophy Every German battalion has a standard with the full significance of a field-sign. The number of conquered trophies will therefore, have to be carefully distinguished in each case, nor will the heavy sums promised by the Germans for the French eagles be so easily gained under these circumstances.

A correspondent of the *Opinion Nationale* says that, grand as is the effect of the "Marseillaise" when sung by Mlle. Sass, or M. Frure, it is tame compared to the performance he heard close to Forbach. A regimental band was playing before headquarters snatches of operas, &c., when suddenly it began the "Marseillaise." The brass band rang out with a strange warlike sound, when it was overpowered by the voices of the soldiers. Singing, as they did, so near the enemy, the great war song had a character of reality which greatly enhanced its magnificence. Some false notes there were in the chorus, but it was on such an occasion that a French officer observed of his men, "They sing false, but they aim true; or as we might say, they sing flat, but are sharpshooters.

General Frossard writes from the field of Saarbruck:—I have been shown, and held in my hands this morning, a sketch of the engagement of yesterday, made with the pen by the Prince Imperial last night after his return from the combat, and given by him to the son of Baron Lambert, Mr. Tristan Lambert, who is a great friend of the Prince's, and who has volunteered as a private in one of the regiments of the Guards for the campaign. This sketch is marvellously exact and precise, the march of corps d'armee, the encounter, the bridge, the spot where he stood during the affair with the Emperor—all seems life in that little rough sketch, which, no doubt, will become an historical document. In one corner of the sketch are written these lines.

"A mon ami Tristan Lambert. Le 2 Aout apres avoir vu le feu pour la premier fois."

LOUIS NAPOLEON.

MILITARY.

Both the *United Service Gazette*, and the *Naval and Military Gazette*, state that the recruiting at the various stations is being carried on with considerable activity.

The *United Service Gazette* is also able "to state, on the most undoubted authority, that orders have been given for a large number of troops to be held in readiness for active service."

A sum of £2,000,000 has been voted by the House of Commons to meet the expenses of fiting out 20,000 additional men of all forces, which it has been decided to raise and maintain during the present war.

The 7th Battalion, London, are to go into camp at Sarnia, on the 9th September. There will be six battalions of infantry, two troops of cavalry, and our own battery of artillery. The 7th Battalion will also get new clothing at once.

The Brigade Camp will be formed at Cobourg on the 15th of next month. The four battalions of infantry in the Division, and the squadron of cavalry will take part in it, the whole under command of Lieut.-Col. Patterson, Acting D.A.G. It is likely the Minister of Militia and the Adjutant General will visit it. The total strength of the Brigade will be about 1,500 men and 150 horses, with five military bands.

In these days, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, when we fancy we are soldiers if we can only keep step, it is interesting to recall the following observation made by Mr. Windham in 1806, with reference to the military establishments of the country: "We seem (he said) to suppose that when ever we have got a set of men together, no matter on what principle combined, have put them in a certain dress, ranged in them a certain order, and taught them certain exercises, that, as far as that number goes, we have created an army; which is about as wise as what we see of children in their sports, who, when they have fixed a piece of stick in the ground, fancy they have planted a tree. What is wanting in either case is the vital principle. We perceive this in the case of the children, but never suspect that the same is true of our own attemps when we suppose we can create armies without danger and without discipline. Danger and discipline are the very sap and juices out of which all that has life and action must spring: it is from them alone must arise the real military character, as from the military character must proceed all that can really constitute an army. How danger must operate to this end is obvious to every one; but it would not be difficult to show that discipline is equally necessary, and that all the high military virtues, whose characteristic is courage, grow like flowers out of dung, from a principle that is founded on fear.

The Duchess of Albans is acting as a volunteer organist to a country parish church in England.

The frequent occurrence among the Welsh of suggestively Jewish surnames is due to the fact that at one time the custom among this people for the son to assume the Christian name of his father as his surname. The son of Levi Williams took Levi for his surname, sinking the paternal Williams. In like manner arose such names as Solomon, Davids, and in a few instances even Moses, as the cognomens of undeniably Welsh families. Afterward the practice of assuming the father's Christian name as a surname fell completely into desuetude; but it has lasted long enough to leave a very enduring mark upon Welsh family names.

ENGLAND.

Can Neutrality Be Preserved—Defence of the Irish Coast.

From the N. Y. Herald.

LONDON, Aug. 6, 1870.

Matters are evidently coming to a crisis, and it will require all the diplomacy of the present government to keep out of the present European troubles. The man Crowhurst, who received £2,000 for piloting the French squadron from the Downs to the North, is likely to be marked before long as a notoriety, in consequence of the North German Ambassador here having demanded on behalf of his government that the pilot shall be criminally prosecuted for committing a breach of the neutrality laws. The question has been laid before the Board of Trade, and I believe has been referred to the Trinity Board, who have intimated that they cannot take any steps. How it will terminate I am unable to say; but on such trifles as these nations are sometimes thrown into the wildest disorder. This affair has been the cause of an order being issued by Mr. Shaw Lafevre, Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade, to the effect that

THE IRISH COAST.

The coast guard squadron, or second reserve squadron of ironclads, have left the coast of Ireland, and will soon take up their several stations for the protection of the coast. During their cruise the men who have been exercised in squadron evolution, steam tactics, and the shore going men who have been drafted on board for the temporary service during the cruise will, I understand, if required, be able to make a very creditable appearance.

The whole coast guard fleet consists of more than forty vessels of all classes, and represent a total tonnage of 50,000 tons, and over 8,000 horse power, with an armament of 160 tons and force of more than 3,000 officers, men, marines and boys,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
North Shore Railway and Navigation Company—Joseph Cauchon.
Ottawa Music Hall—Concert in aid of the Sufferers by the Late Fires.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 2?, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1870.

Commodore Ewing's suspension has been confirmed, and he is no longer in the employ of the Dominion Government.

We are happy to hear that Commander Lavoie sends very satisfactory reports concerning the state of the Fisheries in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Both mackerel and cod have been very abundant.

American fishermen are so closely watched by our vessels that their season's fishing has proved an entire failure. While regretting their exclusion, they generally admit its justice and blame their own government.

A correspondent informs us that an old Order in Council directs that the shingled roofs of houses and outbuildings should be whitewashed every two years to prevent them from taking fire.

The latest case of mob law in the United States occurred last week. A man who was accused of murder and committed for trial, was taken out of the hands of the authorities, near Memphis, Tenn., and *buried alive!*

We have seen a letter from Perth, dated August 22nd, stating that fires were prevalent in the vicinity of that town, and that many farmers in North Elmsly and North Burgess, in the County of Lanark, had had their properties destroyed.

We understand that the Council have decided upon using steel rails entirely, in the construction of the Intercolonial Railway; it being found that they will not cost much more than new or re-rolled iron rails, and will last more than double the time, thus diminishing the cost of future maintenance very materially.

Mr. Alfred Perry and guardians McRobie and MacCulloch returned to Montreal Yesterday. They left the engine and hose at the Chaudiere in case of necessity for their use. Mr. Perry advises all residents in houses with shingles to put a galion or two of salt in a barrel of water, and in case of sparks falling from the fires, or a fire in the neighborhood, to throw the solution on the shingles, which will make them perfectly fire-proof.

IGNORANCE AND IMPUDENCE.

There is nothing more thoroughly annoying to the loyal subjects of Queen Victoria in Canada, than to see the utter ignorance of our position and affairs which is too often displayed by Englishmen of rank and education, who, on ordinary subjects, may be supposed to be reasonably well informed. Armed hostility and undisguised contempt would be no worse to bear, than to hear of an English gentleman getting up in his place in Parliament and undertaking to talk about Canadian affairs without really knowing anything whatever concerning them. It is, in the first place, painful to hear of his making a ridiculous exhibition of himself, and, secondly, it is anything but gratifying to us to find that so large and important a portion of the Empire as this, should be considered of so little account, that any Englishman who takes part in the Government of the British realm, should not consider it to be worth his while to acquire some information respecting it. A few days since a certain Sir D. Wedderburn, a scion of an old Border family, whose forefathers in ancient days struck many a stalwart blow in defence of their native land, favoured the House of Commons with his views on Canadian affairs. It is very evident that Sir D. Wedderburn has never visited this country, and it is equally certain that he has never taken the trouble to procure any reliable information concerning it, or, whatever his prejudices might be, he certainly would not have talked in the manner he did about our "retrogression," or about "building legislative halls in the backwoods." Let us see what the "retrogression" of Canada has been during the last few years. Twenty years ago the population of the United States was 23,191,870; in 1860 it was 31,443,322, the increase being at the rate of 35·58 per cent. In 1852 the population of Upper Canada was 952,000; in 1861 it amounted to 1,396,000, having increased to the extent of 45·65 per cent, in nine years, or at the rate of 53·01 per cent, in ten years. In Lower Canada the rate of progression was 27·88, making the average rate of increase for the entire country, 40.87 per cent, against 35·58 per cent, for the United States. In statistical returns of other kinds the result will be found equally favorable to us, and we believe that when the census of 1871 is taken, the progress of Canada during the last ten years will prove to have been no less marked.

In the face of facts like these, our worthy Border Knight talks to the members of the House of Commons, who are generally supposed to be sane, well informed men, about the "retrogression" of Canada, and the folly of attempting to do anything with a view of developing the resources of this country! We would not like to say anything which would savour of discourtesy even to Sir D. Wedderburn, but were we on terms of intimacy with him, we should certainly be disposed for his own sake to advise him to confine his oratorical efforts to subjects concerning which he has some little knowledge. In the old days of Roman Imperial grandeur, when there were no steamboats, or telegraphs, or newspapers, or printing presses, we doubt if a single Patrician could be found who knew less concerning the little outlying Province of Britain even, than Sir D. Wedderburn does about the Dominion of Canada; we doubt, indeed, if there was ever a Plebeian whose ignorance of any place where the Roman eagles flew, was a match for the lamentable want of knowledge which distinguishes this member of the Imperial Parliament, this degenerate representative of a once famous race! Well might Englishmen look forward into the Future hopelessly if all their legislators were such men as he! Well might the subjects of the Empire in all parts of the world be tempted to despair, if questions of Imperial grandeur which require to be dealt with by men of ability and extended general information, were to be confided entirely to the keeping of men of Sir. D. Wedderburn's limited knowledge and capacity. But ignorance is not his only failing. If it had been we might have borne with and pitied him. What is far more offensive, in fact positively disgusting in his late speech, is the fact that he hinted at the possibility of selling between four or five millions of British subjects to the United States as though they were so many sheep! "The United States," he was kind enough to say, "would pay any reasonable sum for the acquisition" of this "retrogressive" country. Did it ever strike Sir D. Wedderburn that the people of this country are neither serfs or chattels, and that before either Canada or Canadians are traded off to the Yankees, we have a right to be consulted in the matter? We do not suppose it probable that he can dream of the possibility of our being inspired with such feelings of loyalty and patriotism as would prevent us from lightly laying aside our British birthright. Sir D. Wedderburn's ancestors might have understood and appreciated such sentiments, but it is certain that he could not. We have heard that Earl Russell had such a thorough belief in his own ability, that, if he had been required, he would have accepted the Archbishopric of Canterbury or assumed the command of the Channel fleet at five minutes notice, but what was his self confidence compared with the pretensious impudence of Sir D. Wedderburn? Knowing nothing whatever of the progress and position of Canada, and utterly unable to understand the depth of our love for our country and for England, he ventures to dictate to the British people at home, what should be their mode of dealing with Canadian affairs! And this man's ancestors were border chiefs of honor and renown! "Oh, what a falling off was there my countrymen!"

A FALSE STATEMENT REFUTED.

In reference to a false statement lately published in an evening paper in this city, we copy the following from the Toronto *Telegraph*:—

"We have lately made arrangements, which will render our telegrams from the seat of Government more reliable than those of any other newspaper published in the West. As our former correspondent has made some incorrect statements in reference to this change, we deem it but just to the gentleman who now furnishes our telegrams, to say that he neither directly nor indirectly, made any application to us, but that we offered him the position of the *Telegraph's* correspondent unsolicited, and simply with the view of obtaining the latest and most reliable information."

North Gower Fires.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Up to yesterday the fire has not given much alarm here, though there are fires working in various parts of the woods. Yesterday, however, many of the people in the first concession were very much excited at seeing a large fire raging furiously about the west end of the concession, and the wind was blowing in a South Westerly direction. A number of people set to work at digging a ditch and clearing a space to prevent the onset, while others sent their movable things away from their homes where they might not be caught by the fire. The wind changed during the night and has given a degree of quiet to the minds of some of the distrubed.

A troublesome fire has been at work all this week on Mr. Wm. Garland's farm. He is a man of over sixty years of age and has been fighting it day and night, and has succeeded in keeping it under his control thus preventing much harm, not only to himself but also to his neighbors in the same range.

TRAVELLER.

North Gower, August 20th, 1870.

THE STONE BRIDGE AT HULL.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—Although the water of the river is now exceedingly low, and no better time could be chosen for raising and repairing the stone bridge between Hull and Aylmer, not the first step has yet been taken towards performing that very desirable work. Any one who is so unfortunate as to be obliged to pass in a vehicle over that bridge, must feel anything but friendly towards the Road Company, for the stones with which it is covered make it decidedly uncomfortable; but it is not now that one is to suffer particularly from the negligence of those who show so much indifference towards the interests of the travelling public, though I have not heard that they are ever careless in collecting their tolls and other dues. When the spring floods come we shall have presented the same disgraceful spectacle that was witnessed for many weeks in April and May of 1869 and 1870. At that time the bridge was impassable and travelling almost entirely impeded to the very great inconvenience of many thousands of people who have business with Hull, Ottawa and other places. Last spring, people, in their anxiety to cross, placed themselves and horses in jeopardy and it was indeed nothing else than a miracle that no lives were lost, as several persons were carried away on more than one occasion. And what was the Road Company doing in the meanwhile to assist the travelling public? Not until the last moment did they pay a man to keep *a single leaky boat* plying between the property of W. Wright, Esq., (now occupied by Mr. Bourinot) and the great dam erected by Mr. Eddy. It is true the boat was put on previous to the Company's employing it, but it was kept up at the expense of other gentlemen, who were obliged to go daily to the city. The company, however, appear to have collected their tolls with singular regularity, and no doubt considered they performed a highly charitable deed in employing a wretched dirty river boat. Now what the travelling public wish to learn is, whether we are to have a repetition of this disgraceful state of things next spring. If the company do not intend building proper culverts and raising the road—all of which can be done at no very great expense to a company which, I understand, has always obtained good dividends—the public should know it at once. The autumn is approaching, when we are likely to have heavy rains after continuous dry season, and the work should be commenced immediately. Is trade to be embarrassed at the behest of a single company, who, by their charter, are obliged to keep their road in perfect order? It may be urged that the company have sustained damage by the erection of dams in the vicinity, but the public have nothing whatever to do with issues between the company and the mill owners, and simply look to the former for the strict performance of their contract. If further negligence is shown in this matter the people interested should bestir themselves to obtain a prompt remedy. Let the municipal authorities exert themselves in the interest of those over whose affairs they are called to preside. Let every man who has to travel the road combine with his neighbor to force the company to the performance of their obligations to the travelling public. If no other remedy is open let the courts be applied to, for the company have no right to collect tolls when the road is impassable.

SENTINEL.

Hull, 17th Aug., 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES,

SIR,—With your permission I will acknowledge through the papers from day to day the receipt of subscriptions to the "Fire Relief Fund." The following sums have been received to date.

J. M. Currier, M.P.	$200 00
T. Vaux	2 00
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon	50 00
John Heney	60 00
Dr. H. Hill	50 00
Allan Gilmour	500 00
Jas. Cunningham	50 00
Henry Chepmel	30 00
St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, per W. Hamilton, Treasurer	100 00
Thomas Reynolds	100 00
M. McNaughton	100 00
C. H. Pinhey	100 00
J. E. Whyte	100 00
Hon. James Skead	200 00
Total cash received to date	$1,665 00

JAS. CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870.

Instead of the $200 in goods, no doubt at shanty prices, subscribed by a wealthy merchant, we certainly expected he would have taken this opportunity of refunding the $2,000 which belong to the public, and which he promised through an honorable Senator should be given to some public charity. There never was a better opportunity for carrying out this promise, and we hope the Honorable Senator will remind his friend of the same. He has now had the use of the money for three years past, and, no doubt, has made good use of it in pork and other speculations.

Dawson's Road.

From the Toronto Leader.

A good deal has been said lately about the character of what is called the "Dawson Road," some people freely asserting that it has been constructed in such a careless manner as to render it almost worthless as a means of communication. We are assured, upon the authority of a gentleman who has sufficient knowledge to enable him to form a sound judgement, that the road is in excellent order, and considering the difficulty with which labour was carried on upon it, equal to any of the roads in the settled parts of Ontario. The journey from Fort William to the dam at Lake Sherbandowan, a distance of forty-two miles, can now be made in eight hours—a rate of travelling which shows that the highway must at any rate be in a tolerably good condition. In order to extend facilities for communication a small steamboat has been placed upon the lake and makes daily trips to the head of navigation and back. Thus the journey of sixty-five miles from Fort William to the western extremity of Lake Shebandowan can easily be accomplished in one day.

Life on a Racing Yacht.

A passenger on the Dauntless thus describes part of his experience on his memorable trip, in *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*.

We almost daily saw vessels, and must have passed in view of at least twenty or twenty-five in all. This inclined us to believe that we were in fact, as we had expected to be, on the weather side; though, as the event has proved, without foundation. We exchanged colors with most of them. We only used our rockets and blue lights, however, once—on the fourth day out. The effect of the light upon the sails and water was extremely striking, and was, in fact, one of the "effects" of the voyage. The waves were illumined, as if by some strange magic, with a curiously unnatural sheen; the mainsail grew almost spectral, and the silhouettes of the sailors and the outlines of the spars stood out in bold relief against the black, black night that closed in on every side of us.

Our life aboard was extremely quiet, we were so out of spirits at our bad fortune; that we felt it to be very "up hill" work to be passably cheerful. But it should be clearly understood that we did not allow ourselves to become utterly miserable. Recreation took almost a purely literary form. Reclined in the cabin, we calmly smoked, and sought distraction in a cargo of novels. To this improving pass the liberality of a New York alderman largely contributed, as he had sent aboard a complete cheap edition of Dickens' novels, so ethereally flimsy in their manufacture that we felt it to be almost a moral duty to reduce it to a state of dilapidation. Sleeping also became a very popular and fashionable pastime, and occasionable cocktails were ruled to be in order. Then for music we had now and then the popping of a champagne cork, or the sullen swish of the water through the lea scuppers, or such choice gems of current melody as "Snorleygoster," and "Jem cracked corn and I don't care," varied with distorted renderings of the more crazy *morceaux* of "La Belle Helene" and "Genevieve de Brabant." Two of our party, too, were incessantly engaged in a backgammon tournament, in which blind luck was pitted against skill, the latter by no means getting the best of it. So it can easily be seen that we managed to point the hours as they fled slowly by with laden feet, with an occasional laugh. But this is a matter of course. It is absurd to suppose that Americans returning home can be rendered hopelessly unhappy even by the wildest and most ill-natured caprices of Boreas.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Quebec is going to put its volunteers in camp.

Halifax has had a large number of visitors.

Pictou, N. S., supports France.

Railway is again the great topic in Orillia.

Muskoka is now called "the Highlands of Canada."

The scenery of Lakes Muskoka and Rosseau is unsurpassed in America.

White fish are plentiful at Burlington beech.

The first cargo of grain from the West has arrived at Kingston.

Hawkesville, Ont., says the crops are good.

Hamilton has a woman who steals wearing apparal.

The postponed Cobourg regatta will take place on the 2nd of next month.

The hotels of Goderich do not afford nearly enough accommodation for visitors.

The Oakville *Argus* says there is a man not a mile from that village who has been drunk for the last 27 years.

The Bradford *News* is informed the crops in that section will be an average crop.

Rumour hath it that another large hotel will be built in Orillia in time for the next season's pleasure-seekers.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The Corps Legislatif met yesterday, when Count Palikao announced a despatch, giving re-assuring news. Deputy Keraty demanded the date, and also whether the despatch was from Benzaine himself. Palikao said the despatch was dated the 19th, but the uproar was so great as to drown his answer touching the authority of the message. Deputy Keraty then proposed that nine members of the chambers be chosen to form part of a committee of defence. The members of the Left immediately gave signs of approval, but the majority hesitated. Keraty declared that the state of affairs urgently demanded it. Some members of the majority rose as approving, and several members of the Left, which was accepted as establishing the urgency of the case.

It was reported that Rouher went to Chalons to confer with the Emperor, and accompanied him to Rheims.

The *Soir* says the despatch above alluded to was from Bazaine, brought to Palikao by a messenger who understood the message contained such important and favorable news, which has been withheld from the public; and the *Soir* says further, that Palikao is certain he will be sustained by the Corps Legislatif, or else he would not have been so decided at the meeting of yesterday.

It is reported that King William has issued a proclamation that every individual not belonging to the French army, and taken in open hostility to the Prussian army, shall be shot.

The *Siecle* says that the seven hundred and fifty million francs loan has already been taken up by more than was anticipated. Five million francs have been distributed in the city among the families of soldiers.

A private London despatch says it is reported that the Crown Prince of Prussia has withdrawn from his advance on Paris and gone to support the Prussian armies west of Metz, a portion of the latter being threatened with a formidable attack by Bazine, who is said to have been reinforced by McMahon.

Paris journals blame Prince Napoleon for leaving France on his return. It was suppose he had been on a mission to King Victor Emanuel, but the report to that effect made public a few days ago is denied.

The Archbishop of Paris has directed the clergy to contradict the report that the Pope has felicitated the King of Prussia.

A number of Prussian spies were arrested here to-day.

Many prizes are given by the French Navy Department to encourage gallantry.

Reports from Strasbourg show that the bombardment of the city so far has done little damage. The French in Strasbourg, however, have shelled Kehl, on the other side of the Rhine, with effect. The place has been set on fire or destroyed.

The *Journal* says that a despatch has been received here from Bazaine, in which the Marshal declares his intention of remaining near Metz without further information. The despach admits that his communications were at one time in danger, but asserts they are now secure.

All quiet at Rheims.

It is reported that Drest, the leader of the Villette outbreak, has been condemned. He wishes to make a confession, and promises startling revelations.

The *Gaulois* asserts that Prussia applied through Lord Granville for to get the consent of the French commanders to allow her wounded, to the number of 85,000, to be sent home through Belgium and Luxemburg, and Bazaine positively refused.

L'Express, in an extra, makes the following statement: "We are now at liberty to make public the fact that McMahon has joined Bazaine with a great number of troops. Bazaine has not abandoned his strong position near Mets. McMahon moved north, and France is saved by way of Rheims, Vousiers and Mommedy. McMahon has reached a position where he can enter upon the decisive struggle."

Le Public says: "Full confirmation of the good news from the army was received to-day."

LONDON, August 23.—This morning's *Opinion Nationale*, under the head of "Keep Cool," predicts the defeat of the Prussians as the result of pending combinations.

Herbert Bismarck, one of the sons of the Prussian Prime Minister, was wounded in the foot.

His brother William had a horse killed under him.

A letter from Baden says the French peasants are poisoning the wells in Alsace.

Captain Jeannerod writes to the Paris *Temps* admiting that the accounts of Prussian violence are exaggerated but in a few instances.

The *Times* to-day asks the French people to consider what the attempt to defend Paris will cost, and urges them to consider almost any alternative. The defence of Paris cannot possible defer its capture.

The fortifications of Luxemburg have been raised.

The German forces in France have undergone a partial re-organization, and is re-inforced and re-distributed, and will go into battle 520,000 strong.

The successes attending the Prussian arms caused a revival of the question of the Hohenzollern candidature. There are rumors that Minister Prim is in favor of submitting the subject to the people by a plebiscitum.

An extraordinary meeting of the Cortes is not expected at present.

The general headquarters of the French army on Sunday night were a few miles west of Rheims. Edmond Texier writes thence to the *Siecle* that the greatest depression prevails, and the Emperor sees nobody.

The forces called out by the Swiss Government are returning to their homes, the regular army being considered sufficient to protect the neutrality of that country.

Details of the battle of Gravelotte are still wanting; even at Berlin the German despatches to-day are meagre.

Advices from the vicinity of the hostile armies state that heavy rain fell all last night, which must have seriously impeded all military movements to-day.

The correspondent of *Le Temps* says there is no hope for a triumphant issue of the war unless the Emperor and Prince Imperial cease their interference and return to Paris. The Prince chatters about military movements to everybody, and lets out important secrets.

The Dutch Consul at Liverpool has obtained a verdict against Laird for commission on three frigates ordered through him by Holland.

Yesterday a school teacher at Bath, named Prankard, murdered his two daughters to prevent their seeking situations in the country. He then poisoned himself. The affair created much excitement in that city.

Another submarine cable has been successfully laid between France and England.

British ironclads are anchored off the Nore, with fires banked.

The death of Sir Frederick Pollock, Chief Baron of the Exchequer, is reported.

The Stock market is depressed by the expected movement of bullion to France.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Movements of the Combatants—The Orleans Family to be Allowed to Re-enter France—Fields Covered with Dead Prussians, &c.

A special to New York, dated London, August 22, says.—The Crown Prince, it is believed, is marching on Paris direct. It is reported that McMahon and Canrobert are moving upon the road taken by him. The Prussian army is estimated at 200,000; the French Marshal is supposed to have an equal number of troops of the line, but it is believed only a very good position can stop his advance much short of Paris.

The English Government is in constant communication with the great powers in regard to the demand made by Prussia for the cession of Alsace and Loraine.

A Cabinet Minister said to-day that those demands meant a European war, as neither England nor Russia dared for a moment accede to them.

Italy is putting her army on a war footing.

A Paris despatch to the *Times* says the pretended victory of the Prussians at Rionville on the 18th finds little credence here. I have the following from good authority:—The series of battles which concluded on Thursday only resulted in giving the Prussians command of the roads to Verdun, which diverge at Gravelotte. Communication by the North is still retained open.

On Friday afternoon and early on Saturday morning, the main body of Bazaine's command succeeded in effecting a withdrawal from Metz by the Gate of Thionville, between Fort St. Quintin and Monilusleo de Metz.

The highway follows the left bank of the Moselle, and runs due north till within five miles of Thionville, where it strikes off in a north-westerly direction towards Longuey and Montineay, on the Belgian frontier; the great Railroad following this line, and connecting Thionville with the fortress of St. Dau and Megiere, from which latter point it proceeds due South to Rheims. This line is still intact.

By latest accounts Bazaine was reported in Spincourt, near Montmedy, a town on the river Cheers, a tributary of the Meuse, 25 miles north of Verdun and 50 miles north-east of Metz. It was presumed that his intention was to cross Argonnes by Stenay to Vosges, and then strike down the valley of Aisne to St Menehould, where, half way between Verdun and Chalons, a junction could readily be effected with McMahon.

St. Minehould is 30 miles north of Vitry le Francais, and 25 miles north-east of Chalons. The three places form a triangle of which Chalons is the apex.

At St. Menehould a great battle will probably be fought, as it is thought McMahon is now on his way to join Bazaine at this objective point.

The French position covers all the railroad lines, and secures a retreat to Paris in case of defeat.

Important movements are in progress in another direction, by the French troops.

PARIS, August 22, midnight.—Nothing further from the front. The confidence in the ultimate success of the military movements now in progress is increasing here.

The Minister of the Interior to-night announced that no definite news would be received from the army for some days to come, it being withheld for prudent reasons.

Bourse—Consols weak; rentes 61 frs, 70 cents.

The Empress has asked permission to cross Belgium territory.

PARIS, August 22.—Napoleon, it is reported has escaped from France.

A general appeal to Frenchmen to come to the rescue of France will be issued immediately and the Orleans family be allowed to re-enter France.

NEW YORK, August 23rd.—A correspondent writes from the King's headquarters at Herny, 17½ miles W.S.W. on the railroad to Forbach, on the 11th instant, that the ninth army corps encamped there has moved forward on Metz.

Four corps, at least 200,000 men are already near that fortress.

Orders of the King, respecting the inviolability of private property, are most stringently respected.

Special telegrams from Pont-a-Mousson, on Sunday, says the French, in the battle of Thursday, were driven back to Fort St. Quintin, where, from the Prussian front, they are still visible.

The villages of Thionville, Flagney, Rezonville, and Gravelotte, are much burnt and resemble slaughter houses.

The fields are covered with dead Prussians; their cavalry, while charging the French lines beyond Gravelotte suffered much. Vast numbers of dead French are still on the battle field of Tuesday, and show the battle of that day to have been as terrible for them as that of Thursday.

The King arrived here last night.

The Crown Prince is said to have visited him this morning and to have returned toward Vitry.

A special telegram from Frankfort says the movement of troops to the front is incessant, another large portion of the Prussian army is on its way to reimburse Steinmetz.

The South German press demand the session of Alsace.

The French at Frankton are well treated.

A correspondent telegraphs from Chalons that the Emperor is altered much, looking older, blotched, and puffy, and moves about with an air of helplessness.

The Gardes Mobile are all leaving, and Chalons is much more orderly without them.

The long tunnel on the railway between Epirny and Rheims has been ruined by the French, as they are expecting the Prussians on that line.

The *Tribune's* despatch from Paris on Sunday says it is believed the Empress is urging the Emperor to abdicate in favor of his son, but the Emperor refuses.

All acts of the Corps Legislatif take effect without imperial decrees confirming them, or directing their execution. It appears the Emperor's escape from capture at Longeville on Monday last was made through the very midst of the Prussian army.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—A private despatch from London says: A Paris despatch says that the armies of King William and Steinmetz are reported to be too severely crippled to assume the offensive, and it is given out on high authority, that Bazaine was reinforced from Chalons on Sunday, for the purpose of giving battle to the enemy near Metz. He is confident of victory, when he will march on the army of the Crown Prince and rescue Paris.

The appalling Prussian losses have sent a thrill of horror throughout Germany, and recruits are only to be had from among the country people and workingmen, nearly all of whom are raw. Bazaine professes to be master of the situation.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Bazaine has forced a passage by way of Anteuil and Longuion, reaching Montmede.

It is reported that the armies of the Prince Royal and Prince Frederick Charles have formed a junction west of Metz.

ANTWERP, Aug. 23.—The war has paralysed business here. No failures are yet announced, nor are any anticipated. Here, as everywhere, the only hope of resumption of commercial activity is based on the speedy triumph of the Prussians.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—A private despatch dated London, 1.30 p. m., says that the Paris correspondent of the London *Standard* telegraphs that Bazaine has succeeded in cutting the enemy's lines and is retreating on Montmede.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—It is almost certain that the interposition of the great powers of Europe in France on the Prussian question will take place in a few days.

The Paris journals continue to urge *levy en masse* to exterminate the invaders.

The French gunboats now operating on the Rhine have been re-called to the Seine.

Count Palikao announced to the Corps Legislatif yesterday that he was in receipt of good news from Marshal Bazaine, giving proof of the Marshal's confidence in which the Government shares.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—It seems certain that a project has been brought before the Great Powers of Europe, having for its object the prevention of the dismemberment of France.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The following is just received from Alexandria: The Prussian frigate *Hedtha*, carrying 28 guns, has been captured by the French. No particulars.

Assurances have been sent from the French Government to His Holiness that Italy has no intentions of attacking Rome.

Papal troops had been withdrawn from Campaigna to defend the city.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 23.

The Illinois Press Association with their lady friends numbering one hundred, were driven around the city yesterday, and inspected the Lunatic Asylum and University. To-day they will be again shown, some of the civic lions, and entertained at a banquet. They leave for Montreal this evening.

The Corner stone of the new Methodist Church in Magill Square is to be laid tomorrow by Rev. Mr. Punshon; a large gathering is expected.

There was great excitement in the city last night by a rumor that the *Norseman* with over a thousand Young Britons, had sunk near Port Hope. Fears were allayed by the return of the boat late at night. She was much too heavily laden for safety, and it is surprising no accident did occur.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 23.

The depth of water on the flats of Lake St. Peter shows that the water is gradually lowering.

The Harbor Commission is pushing on the works intended tho widen the portion of the wharves adjoining the Allan wharf. This is done to allow of more room for the transport of goods and merchandize.

The first of the Pullman Palace cars arrived at Bonaventure station yesterday. The car cost $23,000.

The P. C. O. Rifles give their farewell concert at the Crystal Palace to-night.

The first list of subscriptions collected in aid of the wounded and widows and orphans of the French army already amounts to $1,237. The Seminary lead the list with $100.

Flour—Very little business reported, market firm at yesterday's prices.

The Tyne crew arrived in this city this forenoon, and left for their quarters at Lachine this evening.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 23.

The funeral of the Grand Trunk conductor, Mr. Corneau, drowned at River du Loup while bathing, takes place to-morrow.

The Corporation official journal contains advertisements calling for applications from persons capable to be chief of the Quebec fire debt, it is generally thought, however, that those who co united as one to vote an old countryman out, will vote as one to grab the salary and put some inefficient chum of their own race in the extinction of fires, being a secondary matter with them.

Sir M. Jones, Bart., and Lady, and Rev. Jas. Carmichel are at the St. Louis Hotel.

Sir John Young and Lady Young have gone to Spencer's Wood this morning for a few weeks.

Arrived to-day from sea for Montreal, steamer *Sweden* with general cargo.

The Late Fires.

From the Montreal Gazette.

Our telegraphic despatches have already apprised our readers of the vast extent, and terrific power of the tremendous fires which have been raging round Ottawa for some days past, filling the hearts of the people of the capital with consternation and awe. We reprint this morning a very graphic description of the grst days of the conflagration from the Ottawa *Times* of Friday last, from the details of which may be gathered a fair conception of the frightful devastation wrought by the flames, and at least an approximate estimate of the loss in life and property. Now that immediate danger to the city seems past, and the panic has subsided, the proximate duty will be for the relief of the unhappy sufferers. Thousands are represented as having been left houseless and homeless, and actually, men, women and little children, in want of the absolute necessaries of life. The call of crushing misfortune such as theirs ever meets a prompt and generous response in Canada, and we are sure will not to-day appeal in vain. The calamity has been so comprehensive, so overwhelming, so unsparing, that it is difficult at first to realize its full horrors. There is no difficulty however in interpreting their cry. Relief, prompt and ample, is looked for from the whole country. The losses of one frightful night are beyond our power to repair, and in part alas beyond all human power to console. But we can, at least to some extent mitigate the first pangs of their attendant misery and privation. In our own province we have had too sad an experience of such calamities as to be insensible to the sufferings they entail. In the present instance the extent of the devastation recommends it with special force to the benevolence of the whole country. The city of Ottawa single handed cannot cope with the distress surrounding it. It will, we are confident, do its share or even more. But it must not be left unsupported in a work that recommends itself to the Christian charity of the whole Dominion. For co-operation in that work it has no need of elaborate appeal. The only appeal necessary, the appeal most touching, most pathetic, most convincing, is printed in our columns to-day. It is only necessary to read there the story of the calamity to become at once aroused to the necessities it entails. And it must be remembered that the story is but half told. It is the story of Wednesday night and Thursday only. Of what followed on Friday, our Saturday's despatches gave some outline. When we come to read in full of the sufferings and losses inflicted on the people of Aylmer, Hull, the Gatineau villages, East Templeton—all of which are within our own Province, we will be made better aware of the true exigencies of the hour. But we have already known enough to know that they are imperative. With this knowledge we can make no error in giving practical expression to our sympathy without delay. When we have done that there will be no difficulty in gathering further evidence to satisfy our judgment that it has been by no means sentimentally led astray.

The Opposing Navies

POSITION OF FRANCE AND PRUSSIA AS MARITIME POWERS.

From the London Times.

Few people realize the existence of war forces in foreign countries, and fewer still their meaning and their power. We, for instance, are accustomed year after year to know that so much money is voted to keep up our army and navy, but few of us realise what the expenditure of that money means. Most of us associate the income tax rather than war with our army and our navy, and to many there is a more genuine feeling of delight at hearing of the remission of a penny in the income tax than that our military and naval forces are in a thoroughly efficient state. Yet one word is enough to dispel those illusions. The whisper, the possibility, the threat of war, throws these ideas at once to the winds. The income tax may take care of itself then, and our only anxiety is in the efficiency of our weapons of attack and defence.

In the terrible struggle which now seems imminent, it is interesting to know what is the condition of the combatants. France and Prussia may not be what are known as maritime powers, but few people are aware how extensive are their maritime interests. France, since the Crimean war, has devoted her attention in the most unremitting way to commerce. Not only has she been able to offer the world the product of her own markets, but her import trade has steadily increased year by year. So remarkable is this that in the course of ten years the value of imports into France has almost trebled. The French merchant navy has also so greatly increased that, while in 1853 there were only 14,000 vessels, there are now nearly 16,000; and, if statistics are worth anything, they prove that France has gradually during the last twenty years, devoted herself so steadily to the pursuit of commerce that it has led to the increase of the merchant navy, to the increased cultivation of a sea life among the people, and, consequently to the increased strength of the Imperial navy.

In Prussia the same influence have been at work. Little is known, comparatively speaking, of the rapid and extraordinary strides in commerce which have been made by the North German Confederation since the acquisition of Schleswig Holsteing but proportionally they are greater even than in France. Less still is known of the extraordinary m n which Prussia has taken to benefit by her newly acquired property and establish a powerful war navy.

During the last few years, Prussia has done her best to strengthen her in the Baltic and North Seas. On both these she has an important and uninterrupted sea coast. On both coasts she has endeavored to establish ports which might be useful either in time of peace or war. On the Baltic Prussia has three ports—Dantsic, on the extreme east; Stralsund, midway between Memel and Holstein; and Kiel, the most important, which is established in a fine bay in Holstein. Of these three ports Kiel is so important that Russia has been represented as sore on the subject. The most superficial glance on the map will show the importance of Kiel to the Prussians When complete, it is so well situated, both geographically and locally, as to show that it may easily be the Cherbourg of the Baltic. It is said that when it is finished the Baltic will be merely a Prussian lake, and that Prussia will then, without any difficulty, not only be able to close the entrance to foreign fleets, but will possess the most complete power over Copenhagen. Since she has been at peace Prussia has endeavored, by every means in her power, to establish a strong navy. Money has been her only obstacle, but this has not prevented her making every year large additions to her ships and her ports. For instance, though we have only hitherto spoken about the ports in the Baltic, the port of Jade, in the North Sea, has been established and extended with such spirit that already a million and a half sterling has been spent upon it. Its situation is most tempting, for it is the first point on the North Sea coast which a hostile fleet could approach. But in ships as well as in establishments Prussia has been using great energy; so much so that at this moment she has seven iron-clads at least either completed or being built, of which six are now complete. One of these, the Konig Wilhelm, is one of the finest in the world. It was built originally for the Turkish navy, but was bought by the Prussians, after it had been offered to this country and refused. Her other iron-clads are the Friedrich Karl and Kron Prinz, which are broadside vessels, and the Arminius and Adelbert, which are turret-ships. Besides these there are 33 wooden vessels of various sizes. It is hardly worth while at the present time mentioning what the intentions of the Prussian government were at the beginning of the year, but during the the next seven years it was intended to increase the navy materially, according to a definite plan.

The French navy has the advantage of age, tradition, and size on its side. The ports of Prussia are important, perhaps more so than those of France; but the German ships are not numerous enough to protect her merchandize efficiently. On the other hand, if the ports of France are not so important as those of Prussia her navy is far stronger, and her ships far more numerous.

The war fleet of France consists at the present moment of about sixty iron-clads, including floating batteries. Large, however in size as is this war fleet, its strength is not in proportion to its size. Compared with the Prussian navy it can only oppose satisfactorily one ship to the Konig Wilheim. The Rochambeau, which the French government bought from America in 1867, is a most powerful vessel. It is a ram, but carries its guns broadside, and has a burden of 5,090 tons. Four very powerful vessels at least, the French navy can oppose to the two turret-ships of the Prussians—the Taureau, the Beller, the Cerbere, and the Boule Dogue. These four are steam-rams, and have a speed of about fourteen knots each. They each carry one gun of twenty tons, and each is covered with a cylindrical ball-proof dome. The remaining fifty-four iron-clads may be divided into nine classes. First there are the Magenta and Solferino, which are large but are old-fashioned; then the Gloire, Invincible and Normandie are slightly smaller but are not much better than our Warrior. The Couronne then stands alone, being better plated and protected than those we have mentioned, but in ordinance being on a par with them. Then comes the vessels built on one uniform system, to carry 36 guns and of 900-horse power. Then the Belligueuse is a remarkable vessel, which stands in a class by itself, and is known to us chiefly in connection with its recent voyage round the world. It carries 10 60-pounder guns. Then there are two turret vessels on a modified form, the St Jean d'Acre and Atlanta, and four vessels which are small in size and unimportant. These form the sea-going war fleet of France. Besides these, for the protection of the coasts, there are twenty-seven floating batteries and four coastguard vessels, built to carry heavy guns, but having no great speed.

As regards ships, then, there is no comparison between the French and Prussian navies, except that, while the French navy includes a large number of vessels of no importance and out of date, every warship or iron-clad in the Prussian navy is powerful and important. The ordinance of both navies has, previous to the present year, undergone great modifications. Both Prussia and France found out their ordnance was unsatisfactory two years ago. Admiral de la Ronciere in France and Krupp in Germany have given great attention to ordnance, and have introduced great improvements, but though both navies possess guns of great power the ordnance of both is now very incomplete.

But while in ships and ordnance ... can compare to a great extent with France, in men there ... prison. While the French ... time of war, raise 170,000 ... has only, at the outside ... whom the Government ... are numbers in favor of ... the discipline, the ... skill of both officers and ... favor.

Hamilton is enjoying ...

The crops are good at ...

There's one thing which ... found, and that's Luis.

The report of the dead ... being found in the woods ... N. B., turns out to be false.

Mr. Thomas Burgess ... mill erected at the ... kosh.

In a quarrel between a ... Frenchman, at Quebec, the ... badly stabbed with a ... fatally.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... WIN GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS ... GLOVES FOR 75CTS., ISAAT. HUNTON ... SHOULBRED & CO'S.

Patterns post free on application.

HORSES.—A number of horses are at present in Mr. Coleman's veterinary stables, under gentle treatment, some of which show severe tokens of the effect of the fire.

THE 60TH RIFLES.—The remainder of this corps now in Ottawa are under orders to leave next Monday. We are sure the announcement will be received with regret by all.

CLOTHING FOR THE SUFFERERS.—Packages of clothing were arriving all yesterday at the General Committee's rooms, City Hall. Great quantities of provisions, &c., were distributed.

FIGHT.—A general fight took place yesterday in a tavern on Murray street. The police were soon on hand, and the two principals were arrested and will appear before the Police Magistrate this morning.

NEW SIDEWALK.—A new sidewalk is being laid on Rideau street, commencing at Dalhousie and extending to Dr. McDonnell's residence. The old planks have all been pulled up, and will be replaced with new ones.

NAVIGATION.—We are sorry to learn that the different lines of steamers on the River St. Lawrence were unable to make their usual trips on Monday and Tuesday account of the dense smoke from the fire.

A man laboring under a fit of *delirium tremens* was taken to the police station yesterday. He had been working on the Canada Central Railroad out about Bell's Corners, and walked into the city bareheaded and bareheaded.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Tuesday—D. McEwen, Montreal; W. Kenny, Toronto; L. A. Hall, Montreal; W. M. Scothon, Montreal; J. Purvis, Prescott; Geo. Labatte, Prescott; D. Milloy, Toronto; D. Bendeson, Ogdensburg; G. W. Greene, Ottawa; R. S. Sicotte, St. Hyacinthe.

FRIGHTENED.—Some excitement was created last evening by the dense smoke which lowered on the city. Many supposed the fires to be resuscitating about the city, and enquiries were everywhere made as to nature of the fires, which no doubt are burning pretty briskly in some quarters. As we say elsewhere, no danger need be feared while the weather remains calm.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—"Lost in London" was again witnessed and appreciated by a large audience last evening. This play has now been put on the boards three successive nights to large houses, and we have no doubt would be as successful were it played three nights more. This evening the celebrated drama entitled "Dora" will be played, and "Lost in London" will be again repeated, for the benefit of the sufferers by the late fires.

BEAR SHOOTING.—It appears the present is a very good time for shooting bears, in the surrounding county in particular. Yesterday we saw two good sized chaps on the market. They were both shot in Gloucester, about 15 miles from Ottawa. They are retreating into the back country where they are not been visited by the fire, and as a consequence are becoming very numerous and bold, committing much havoc among the oat fields.

FIRE SUFFERS.—On Thursday morning last, after the great storm and fire, we are informed four large bears were found dead in Fitzroy harbor, opposite Aylmer. It is probable they took refuge in the water from the fires and were suffocated by the smoke and drowned. Several were also seen in the bush more or less burned. The burned woods are literally strewn in some places with dead pigeons, partridges and other birds, which, unlike the nocturnal owl, could not make good their escape from the flames in the dark.

THE MARKET—Tuesday.—There was a better market his morning than many expected to see, yet garden produce formed the chief part of the edibles. Farmers from a distance have not commenced to come in yet, and those in the immediate surrounding townships have little to bring in, or what surplus they have is required to relieve the immediate wants of the sufferers by the fires. To day there was a little better on the market for which was sold 30c. per pound, potatoes sold for 70c. other articles remained at the old prices.

We are requested to mention that at a meeting of ladies held in the Manse of Knox Church, at which contributions in clothing were received for the sufferers in the recent calamitous fire, it was agreed to send round a waggon on Thursday afternoon, to call at the house of those ladies of the congregation in the city who have not already had an opportunity of contributing and receive such parcels of clothing as they may be prepare to give. This clothing when collected will be handed over to the General Committee appointed at the recent public meeting in the City Hall.

POLICE COURT.—Tuesday—Arthur McGuigin was charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, and fined therefor $2 and costs.

John Conway was brought up charged with a similar offence and had the same penalty imposed upon him.

Timothy Murphy for creating a disturbance on the public streets, was condemned to pay the costs.

Alfred Delourier for furious driving, was fined $2 and costs.

George Salome for the same offence was fined $5 and costs.

George Fayber for using abusive language towards a neighbor, was fined $3 and costs.

Andrew St. Amour was fined $2 and cost for assaulting Louise Dorion.

E. Proulx endeavoured to raise a fight with Samuel Hudson, was fined $2 and costs.

Louis Bon was charged with leaving the employ of James Cuddie. Case adjourned till Friday.

NEAR BEING A FIRE.—The Union House came near being the scene of a fire on Monday night in the following manner: hanging on a small door close to the bar were some cloths which had been there for about a week and were very dry. A smoker lit his pipe and carelessly threw the still burning match up on these easily inflamable articles. Smoke soon made the inmates aware that there was fire in some part of the house, and on search being made the cause was discovered. This happened about midnight, and had it occurred later the consequence might have been serious. No doubt a great many of the fires of which the origin cannot be discovered are caused by persons carelessly throwing down lighted matches.

The following are the names of those composing the under mentioned Committees:—

GENERAL RELIEF COMMITTEE FOR CARLETON.—Hon. J. Skead; Sheriff Powell; Robert Lyon, M.P.P.; Ira Morgan, Esq.; George W. Eaton, Esq.; George Hay, Esq.; Thos. Hunton, Esq.; Wm. Pennock, Esq.; Aleq. Mutchmore, Esq.; John Durie, Esq.; C. Billings, Esq.; D. Robertson, Esq.; Thomas McKay, Esq.; James Rochester, Esq.; Z. Wilson, Esq.; Richard W. Bradley.

NEPEAN.—Skead, Powell, Hunton, and Rochester.

GOULBOURN.—Mutchmore and Eaton.

HULL AND TEMPLETON.—Alonzo Wright, W. McKay Wright, E. B. Eddy.

LADIES BENEVOLENT SEWING ASSOCIATION.—The ladies of this Association thankfully acknowledge the receipt of four anonymous bundles of cast off clothes containing: 15 pair of cloth pantaloons, 12 cloth coats, 2 overcoats, 15 comforters and neck ties, 2 cloaks, 9 shirts, 4 petticoats, 7 dresses, 2 quilts, 6 girls' jackets, 1 child's dress, 8 pair of socks, 3 pair of stockings, 16 hats, 4 bonnets, 9 pair boats, 2 pair shoes, 1 piece of ticking from Lt. Col. Coffin, 1 black cloth cut away, 1 pair of cloth pantaloons, 2 heavy waistcoats, 2 light do.; from Messrs. McGee & Russell, 45 yards factory cotton; from Mrs. G. Parent, 1 piece of factory cotton; from Mr. G. Kimber, 1 pair cloth pataloons, 1 cloth coat, 1 hat; from Mr. Kimber, 1 black cloth frockcoat, 1 pair of cloth pantaloons, 1 waistcoat, 1 hat, 1 parcel collars and shirt fronts, 1 pair of boots.

CATHERINE KIMBER,
Treasurer.

N.B.—It was by oversight that the names of both Mrs. E. Parent and Mrs. Lyon were omitted in yesterday's notice as being members of the Committee of the Ladies Benevolent Association.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

The above Committee met at 10 o'clock this morning in the City Hall.

Sheriff Powell, who at yesterday's meeting was appointed to wait on the Minister of Militia, reported that he had been granted the loan of fifty tents, 30 for Carleton and 20 for Ottawa.

Several gentlemen were added to the Committee, and several gentlemen were appointed to canvass the several Wards in addition to those appointed yesterday.

Moved by W. McKay Wright, seconded by E. McGillivray, that Messrs. Powell, Hay and Dr. Jones be a committee to draft a circular asking for assistance for the sufferers by the fire.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee for the County of Ottawa to report as to losses sustained, &c.: A. Wright, E. B. Eddy, J. Mather, E. M. McGillivray, R. Church, Sheriff Coutlee, W. McK. Wright and M. Donnelly; and the following gentlemen for the County of Carleton: James Skead, Wm. Powell, R. Lyon, Ira Morgan, G. W. Easton, Geo. Hay, Thos. Hunton, Wm. Pennock, A. Mutchmor, J. Durie, C. Billings, R. Cumming, D. Robertson, T. McKay, J. Rochester and Z. Wilson.

A resolution was passed granting power to such committee to give orders upon the secretary for provisions &c., the power to be merely temporary and to be exercised only within the district of their observation.

Resolutions were passed granting blankets, &c., to several families, a list of whose names they had before them, the Secretary receiving several orders from the different committees, &c., recommending the giving of the same.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Patterns post free on application.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United states and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3eod

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of richly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—Miss HARMON, Ottawa, until August 24th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street.

1497 8

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
AND
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 25, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.
ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER,
In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.
LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.
DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.
DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT,
In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT CLEARING SALE
OF
BONNETS,
HATS,
MILLINERY,
MANTLES,
and SHAWLS,
COMMENCING
SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their

MANTLE, MILLINERY,
AND
Tailoring Departments,

will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments

REMAINS of Summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WANTED,

A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended.

Apply at this Office, or to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

LOST,

On or about the first of August, A SPANIEL PUPPY between two and three months old. Spotted liver and white, head and ears all liver, mouse mottled grey, body and legs all spotted, chain collar looked.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD to finder at the RUSSELL HOUSE. 1432 d

INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S.

PURE FRENCH WINES
OF
GUARANTEED PURITY
AND
VERY CHEAP.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant.
Elgin Street.

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 25th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to

M MULLIN, & CO.,
Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 1441 6

YOUNG LADIES'
LITERARY INSTITUTE
OF
Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to noon of

FRIDAY, the 26th DAY of AUGUST INSTANT

For the erection of a BEACON LIGHT at Wade Shoal on the River Ottawa.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, Ottawa, where Forms of the Tender can also be obtained by intending contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The work is required to be completed by the 10th OCTOBER next.

P MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine.

Ottawa, 16th August, 1870 1437 4

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1649, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118* at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS OF THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELA,
Commissioners

Intercolonial Railway
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Custom House, City of London, Ontario.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tender for London Custom House," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 5th of SEPTEMBER next, at noon, for the erection and completion of a

CUSTOM HOUSE AND EXAMINING WAREHOUSE,

In the City of London, Province of Ontario.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on and after the 24th instant, at the Department of the Minister of Public Works, City of Ottawa; and also at the office of William Robinson, Esq., Architect, City Hall, London, Ontario.

The Tenders to be submitted must be in one bulk sum, embracing all Trades and Classifications of Work and Material.

The names of two solvent, and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order
(Signed.) F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1440 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the most of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order
F. BRAUN
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know,
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT—
"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petawawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " " Petawawa "
" " 97, " " " "
" " 100, " " " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870. 1412d

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT THE
OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,
ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

NOTICE:

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any DEBT contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

G P BAKER.

Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1437 3

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS
FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent int rest.

R H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT. Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Kaopawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1431 1m

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL
AND
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,
OPEN TO THE WORLD,
Will be held in the
CITY OF MONTREAL,
—ON—
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY,
THE
13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September
Next on the
Grounds of the Council of Agriculture,
NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 *to* $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 6th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1437td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at
ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at
ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at
ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at
ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at
ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at
ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at
ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at
ESMONDE BROS.

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at
JOHN ROBERTSON'S.
Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,
VS.
THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870.

Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

THE REV. J. MAY'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT
CHEAP SALE.
MILLINERY AND MANTLES.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES
AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,
For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait,
For 1s 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets,
For 6s 3d
BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS,

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP
SALE!
R. L. JAMES & CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET
Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES;
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1431tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chandiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, roof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectfully invited to call. Remember our motto. Quick Sales and Light Profits. Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

JAMES COCK,
HATS! HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST
SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN
DRESS HATS,
For "Scandinavian,"
THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED
STRAW AND FELT HATS
In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

Groceries
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine fam ly.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will satisfy that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy sherries generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fine round and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new crop and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of Fancy Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 28, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, August 17, 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL, Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of boards in 2 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting all stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accomodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 d

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Ville,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st september.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1284

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443tf

[MAR]KETS.

[Corrected dail]y for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 23, 1870.

—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
[Ba]gs—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
C[ORN]—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	21 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
[HI]DES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA........................$300,000,

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

[A]SK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

[N]otice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents, sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.

Dentists.

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR [C]LEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1awk6m

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3td

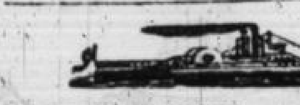
MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 919tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Wednesday the 3rd day of AUGUST next, at noon, for the erection and completion of the Walls, &c, of the Library of the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications can be seen, at this office, on and after the 23rd instant, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th, July 1870. 1412 6

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance,

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO. and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secr'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

WANTED,

A Teacher well qualified to teach English and the elements of French in the Catholic School of District No. 4. A liberal salary is offered, payable quarterly.

Apply to the School Commissioners of Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac, or

J. H. A. VALIQUETTE.

Calumet Island, 27th June, 1870. 27-3

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street.

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq, Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1349 3

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1304 1

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK

ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET

GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best take for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

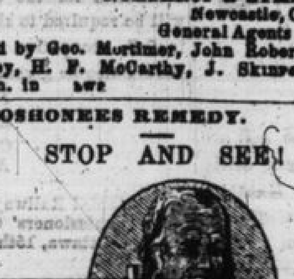
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

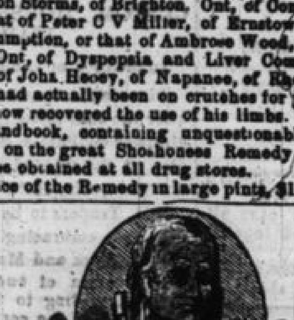
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $15, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 68.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa

McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,

R H HAYCOCK.

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 18th, 1870, 1410 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a m., and 8.45 p m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.30 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, at this Department, until noon on the 20th day of AUGUST, 1870, for the following Drainage Wo[rks]

In the Township of Russell, County of Russell Plans and specifications can be seen at Duncanville.

In the Township of Dunwich, County of Elgin. Plans and specifications can be seen at Wallacetown.

Plans and specifications for these works can be seen at this Department as well as at the places above mentioned.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, Toronto, 1st August, 1870. 1436-16

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown..................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................. 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown..................$100 00
Halifax.................. 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................. 30 00
Halifax.................. 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira,
Cognac Vieux,
Eau de vie St. George
Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha
Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Sarsapari[lla]

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, [Mass.]

SOLD BY ALL ...

Ayer's Cathartic P[ills]

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., ... LOWELL, MASS. ...

Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE [COMPANY] of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

SESSION 1870-71

FACULTY OF ...

COTTAGE TO RENT.

Ottawa, April 24.

FOR SALE.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1444. OTTAWA. THURSDAY AUGUST, 25, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

W[illegible] & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street. [illegible] McKay Wright 42w F C Clemow.

[illegible] has removed his Chancery [illegible] Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery [illegible] to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel [illegible]

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and [illegible] streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

[illegible] HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary [illegible] and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Im[illegible] opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

[illegible] & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the [illegible] House, Ottawa. [illegible] 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister [illegible] Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

[illegible] & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, [illegible] &c. for the Provinces of Ontario [illegible] Office Buildings, Elgin street, [illegible] Rene Edward Kimber.

[illegible] SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., [illegible] the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

[illegible] MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

[illegible] MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, [illegible] Ottawa. [illegible] 356tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 90utf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, [illegible]—Has recently occupied by Dr. Mal[illegible] [illegible] Chandiere, Ottawa. 1358y

D[illegible], Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, [illegible] in Mr. Hearn's Drug [illegible] of Sapper's Bridge. Office [illegible] 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. [illegible] special attention given to the treatment of the [illegible] and EAR. At night can [illegible] at his residence, Murray street.

[illegible] C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur. Office—Beeson's Block, Sparks-street.

D. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

D. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & [illegible] 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated. Every attention paid to their comfort. [illegible] JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

[illegible] HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., [illegible] the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. [illegible] HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) [illegible] spacious sample-room for commercial [illegible] 859y

"QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, [illegible] of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a [illegible] and. The House has been refitted [illegible] throughout. The BAR contains [illegible] Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every [illegible] of the season will be found on the table. The [illegible] best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. [illegible] Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, and the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON. Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

[illegible] & Co., Land Surveyors, Land [illegible] Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite [illegible] Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators [illegible] and Loan Co. R. Lang.

[illegible] BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—[illegible] Block, Sappers' Bridge. References—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; [illegible] M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

G[illegible]

[illegible] CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's [illegible] and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lager [illegible] and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. [illegible] No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell [illegible] city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

[illegible] Robert Stewart having made arrangements [illegible] accomplished lady teacher, announces [illegible] Dancing Classes will commence on [illegible] the 22nd instant. [illegible] particulars may be obtained on application [illegible] Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. [illegible] September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having [illegible] to divide his time equally between [illegible] and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his [illegible] patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, [illegible] their orders for tuning more promptly [illegible] Shall visit Ottawa once a month. [illegible] received at Mr. Berningham's Auction [illegible] and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

[illegible] GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of [illegible] Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-[illegible] corner of King-street [illegible] June 13, 1868 775y.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

[illegible] by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. [illegible] Tuition $236 per annum. [illegible]—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., [illegible] For Particulars apply to Major Evans, [illegible]

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1185

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG, PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30				
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00				11.00	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	6.00	11.00	12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	7.30		4.30	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00	11.30				
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00				11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway					11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J. F. CORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1437t314

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Strips, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ. Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey,
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FICHUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainscooke, Book, &c.&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street.

LINDSAY CUNNINGHAM CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS.

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1380y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks. Industrial Designs. Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1466y

Steamers.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER. THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON," Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., downwards. The steamer "JASON GOULD" Will leave Pembroke at 2 p. m.

The steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1412tf

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including 1st patterns of DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO—

Every description of KITCHEN UTENSILS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS In Great Variety, Very Cheap, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

15 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

[illegible] 70.

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting all stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, WELLINGTON STREET, MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made, by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1487 3

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa.

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. Apply at MRS. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

[illegible] July 5, 1870. 1400 t

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

Advance of the German Army.

BY GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA.

LUDWIGSHAFEN, Aug. 1.—Yesterday morning, I shook the dust of the Frankfuter Wald off my feet at the romantic little forest lodge of Niederaad (converted for the nonce into an extramural station on the Hesse-Ludwigs-Bahu), where, in very excellent company, I had the pleasure of waiting nearly two hours for the clearing of the line, encumbered with forage trains cattle trains, trains full of dragoons, and long strings of "empties" harking back northwards for fresh freights of food, for powder and the countless impedimenta of an army in the field. The quiet, cosy silvan nook—normally wrapped in profound silence, only broken from time to time by the report of a rifle from the neighboring practising ground, or the rumble, screech, and clatter of a train whirling through the green woods that enfold Sachseuhansen in their leafy embrace, and are the pride of the wealthy Frankfort burgesses—was disturbed from its wonted tranquility by the shrill whistling of long-bodied, hungry-looking engines, darting up and down the entangled lines, dragging superfluous trucks into sidings, projecting several morsels of trains towards one another, puffing, hissing, and squeaking long dismal squeaks as of gigantic pigs in dire agony of pain or fear—in short, behaving like sentinent things of wonderful intelligence but fretful temperament, intensely impressed with the importance of their mission, and animated by a burning desire to fulfill it, but utterly unable to refrain from expressing, in the fussiest manner, their determination not only to "do their level best," but to force their feverish activity upon the notice of everybody around. Distracted was Niederaad, moreover, by the blowing of horns, the clashing of coupling trains the impatient stamping of chargers in their boxes, the unaccustomed chatter of a thousand voices, the strife for beer and Leberwurst round the *marketenderin's* stall, the cracking of whips, and the insane shouts of fiacremen urging their lean and low-spirited horses through the shady glades that lead from the chaussee through the wood to the line of railway I had directors with me—men in whose stern presence porters trembled, and the pride of guards was humbled in the land—men to whom even the provisional station master, exalted above all ordinary mortals, spoke with bated breath and cap in hand—men who, in the cause of their waiting fellow-creatures, nobly blew up everybody connected with the service of the company, and even climbed over trucks to do so with a devotion to the public interest that should have awakened the liveliest gratitude in the breast of every person present, and doubtless would have done so had it produced any manifest result in the way of accelerating our departure. At any rate, we got under way at last; and were far too thankful considering the present state of railway communication in Southern Germany, at being enabled to get away at all, to think of grumbling at a couple of hours' diverting detention by a pleasant woodside. In one of the trains shunted off into a siding to make way for us were about a dozen dragoons of the 5th, sent back to Frankfort in charge of wounded and sick horses belonging to that regiment. From the non-commissioned officer commanding the detachment I learned that part of the 5th—at least half a squadron of the gallant Markish corps—has been in action on the frontier, had lost three horses, and that its quarter-master had been put *hors de combat*; that the Prussian cavalry horses of the division to which the 5th is attached had not hitherto suffered at all from sore backs; and that the army was well provided in every respect, and in exuberant spirits. The men were burnt a deep brown although they had only been a fortnight in the field, and they complained that the heat had been during the past week almost unbearable.

The flat districts between Frankfort and Mayence, skirting the Maine, is altogether devoid of picturesque features, and offers but one remarkable object to the traveller's eye—that object, indeed, being only remarkable by reason of its uniqueness. It is a windmill of small dimensions—to the best of my belief the only structure of its kind in the territories of Hesse and Nassau. The embouchure of the Maine is, as you know, nominally protected by some small earthworks and a tiny redoubt, which are outworks, as it were, of the unimportant fortifications of Castel. These are just now armed and manned; but I venture to predict they will never be seriously defended against an enemy in possession of Mayence. From the graceful railway bridge crossing the Rhine may be seen two out of the three pontoon bridges thrown across the river for the conveyance of troops, and some preparation is being made to construct another at Weissenau, above Mayence, where a military camp has been formed. The beautiful garden commonly known as the "Nene Anlage," adorning the left bank of the railway line just outside the castellated town gate, is condemned, with the surrounding acacias and lindens, to utter annihilation. They are to be left intact till the last moment—thus much have the military authorities conceded to the prayers of the Mayencais; but should the Prussian army be compelled to retreat upon Mayence, and a defence of the great fortress against the French become imminent, they will be unhesitatingly sacrificed. Already have the favorite promenades of the town suffered mutillation in the matter of trees, which will scarcely be remedied under a couple of decades. The citizens, however, bear their troubles with admirable temper, and are as enthusiastic about the war as if, instead of ruining their trade—a very lucrative one—and difiguring their beloved town it were on the whole a highly desirable enprise, fraught with promise of prosperity. This is the more creditable to them in asmuch as many of them are wealthy people who lose much by the interruption of business, and have nothing particular to gain by the triumph of Prussia. Also, because Mayence has never been Prussian in feeling; indeed it used to be counted, not so long ago, as one of the recalcitrant cities belonging to the same category as Frankfort. But in the present quarrel, Mayence, as well as the last-named headquarters of Frondism, has manifested feelings of the most ardent German patriotism, and has thrown itself heart and hand into the cause of which His Majesty King William is the defender. It should not be forgotten that these two generous cities have supplied ample refreshment at the expense of their burgesses to every individual soldier of the enormous armies which for twelve days have been passing through their precincts; nor that this costly proof of their sympathy with the defenders of Germany has been voluntarily organised and carried out by their leading men, who have not only contributed their substance but their time to carrying out their benevolent intentions.

By great good fortune, my journey hither from Mayence was arranged within a few minutes of my arrival in the latter town No project ever appeared to me so wildly impracticable upon its original inception as did the one I had set before myself ere I started from Frankfort. When I set out the chances against my continuing my way towards the seat of war were an unknown number to one. However, a supreme effort having been made in my favor, it was agreed to forward me at least as far as Worms by a forage train leaving Mayence for the fortress of Laudau and this concession was subsequently extended, as you may gather from the post mark of the present letter. Thus far, therefore, into the bowels of the land have I proceeded having encountered but few of the checks and persecutions to which the would be chronicler of battles are exposed by the somewhat arbitrary decrees of the French and Prussian Chiefs d'Etat Major. About thirty miles from this town is the frontier of France, crowded with Napoleon's troops. Weissemburg and Landau frown at each other from either side the Lauter, within four hours ride of the room in which I am waiting. The Crown Prince is at Speyer, not half that distance hence. The whole country round is swarming with soldiers, Prussian, Bavarian, and Saxon. All the pretty villages of the wine district through which I passed yesterday on my way hither, from Nierstein to Worms, are thronged with troops of all arms. Battalions of infantry were being exercised in their market places, packs of artillery were disposed in fields by the roadside, columns of Chasseurs were toiling along the heated chaussees towards the scene of proximate action. As I left the station to seek for temporary quarters, I met two regiments of the Guard (Konig Wilhelm and Kaiser Alexander) on their march from the other side of the Rhine to join the armies of the Prince. Splendid looking men, at least half of their number in the prime of life, bearded like sappers, and decorated with one or more war-medals. Subsequently I drove over to Mannheim, where I stayed all the evening and a great part of the night. That pretty little town is converted into an enormous barrack, and its population has been completely swamped by a deluge of uniforms. Within the last twelve hours more than 20,000 men of the Guard alone have left it with bands playing and "columns of choruses"—amongst other regiments, those bearing the names of Konigin Luise and Kaiserin Elizabeth. There are still two battalions of Chasseurs and about 8,000 of the line in billets and barracks, waiting orders to march, which will probably be issued this evening. The spectacle afforded by the night march of the Guards, which I witnessed at a very late hour, was in the highest degree impressive. The main street of Mannheim is not unlike the Alameda at Malaga or the Terazia at Belgrade—a broad, double-paved road, pierced by a gravelled avenue, bordered on either side with young chesnut trees—the paved part of the street being dimly lighted by gas lamps at long intervals, and the architecture of the houses exhibiting every variety of German manner, from the gabbed roof of enormous height, with three rows of windows gleaming out from amongst its shingles, to the modern, square, white faced, flat-topped house, as prosaic as a sausage, and as ugly as a Nassau peasant. Looking out from a window of one of these utilitarian buildings about midnight, I became aware of a dull, menacing sound, creeping onwards from afar through the still town, and waxing louder every second. Presently it defined itself into the sharp, rapid beating of drums, so rapid indeed that at half a mile's distance there seemed to be no intermission of its clamour. And as it swept forward, the fantastic leaven of the fife becoming perceptible to the ear with painful keenness, another sound, still more ominous and imposing, swelled, as it were, up above it, and finally surged over it, stifling the drum's blatant and threatening voice under an avalanche of heavy, measured footsteps. Tramp, tramp, tramp, tramp. Who heeds the drum and fife, listening to the awfully significant tread of men who are going out *pro patria, mori*? Far up the gloomy boulevard weird glints and flashes of light began to flickering fitfully forward, appearing and vanishing like the *ignis fatuus* in luminous spasms, and diving into darkness. A little nearer they assume a certain regularity of form and distinctness of manifestation. Tramp, tramp, tramp, tramp. That grim iteration, like the pulsation of a fierce giant's heart, is the wordless utterance of a patriotic legion on its way to offer up a blood sacrifice on the altars of its household gods. Twelve thousand German feet are compelling the stones of Mannheim to speak in a hollow and mysterious voice. Those sparkling gleams advancing steadily and swiftly through the air, are sharp pointed, burnished bayonets; their brightness is yet undimmed by the red rust that will soon bite the record of slaughter into their hard surface; those red and duller rays are given out by the brass fittings or helmets that, perhaps a week hence, shall not avail to save the heads they now martially adorn from lying low, never to be lifted with life in them again. Nearer and nearer still, close under the window, at last, when the word rings out, the column wheels to the right, and with a crash that makes the panes of glass in basement rattle in their frames, the band at its head strikes up, "I am a Prussian; knowest thou my colours?" In this the proud and tuneful expression of the nation's self-trust, the whole of the first battalion joins as one man; the second takes it up: then the third; and so on to the rear of the column, till 6,000 men, are chanting the bitter Northern canticle at the top power of their lungs, with a stern emphasis that augers ill to the enemies of the Black Eagle. The slumbers of the town are broken as it were magically, by this war-song; in less than a minute five hundred windows are thrown open, and white robed, ghostly forms lean out and gaze eagerly at the serried legions. Some wave handkerchiefs some raise them to their eyes. For this 6,000, wending its way so steadily and cheerfully to the valley of the shadow of death, is some of the choicest fruit, and essence of the nation's manhood; the tall, stalwart, powerful, Guard, condensed by a sort of human distillation from the great mass of vigorous vitality dispersed over the face of the Prussian kingdom. Only two regiments of the Guard!—but carrying with them the sympathies and invocations of a dozen provinces. A few minutes more of painful contemplation, during which a thousand sorrowful thoughts crowd the minds of the watchers, and the darkness of night has swallowed them up. They are gone from amongst us, across the rapid Rhine, and are tramping away, away from life towards the unknown land.

ARMY AND NAVY.

The *United Service Gazette* is able to state, on the most reliable authority, that orders have been given for a large number of troops to be held in readiness for active service.

Leave has been stopped to all the officers in the Royal Marine Artillery and Light Infantry, and a notification sent to all the commanders of divisions to hold themselves in readiness for immediate embarkation on foreign service, as events may require.

Both the *United Service Gazette* and the *Naval and Military Gazette* state that the recruiting at the various stations is being carried on with considerable activity.

Another powerful iron-clad vessel is to be immediately commenced at Chatham Dockyard, instructions received from the Admiralty directing the building of the *Raleigh*, armour-plated ship, from the designs prepared at the Admiralty by Mr. E. J. Reed, C. B., before resigning the office of Chief Constructor of the Navy. The *Raleigh* will be a vessel of large dimensions, her length being 280 feet, and burden 4 066 tons, with engines of 1,000 horse power (nominal). She is intended to have her hull encased with wood, similar to the *Inconsistant*. Her armament will consist of 27 heavy guns, mounted on

the main deck battery and upper deck. The only wooden ship building at this dock is the *Woodlark*, from which the whole of the hands have been removed and placed on the iron clad ships building and fitting.

In the hydraulic plate-bending factory at this dockyard, the utmost activity now prevails—the whole of the workmen in that department being employed additional hours in order to prepare the 14-inch and other armour plates required for the *Glatton*, and other vessels. During the last few days a number of additional hands have been taken on in the factory.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall

Importers of Teas and Wines—Wm. Foote & Co.

Hay Press for Sale, &c—J. P. Macpherson.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 19, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1870.

Mr. Brydges left yesterday for Montreal.

A letter was received yesterday from Sir John A. Macdonald, which gives a favourable account of his condition. His present purpose is to leave Charlottetown early in next month, so as to be present at a meeting of Council to be held on the fifteenth of September.

A Minister in New Hampshire lately astonished his congregation by praying for rain in the following fashion: "O, Lord, we pray for rain! Not a tearin', drivin' rain, such as harrers up the face of natur, but a drizzlin', sozzlin' rain, such as lasts all day and pretty much all night."

It is rumored in Paris that some French ladies, seized with an irresistible military ardour, are trying to organize a regiment entirely composed of women to march against the Prussians. The following is the costume proposed: Corsage of Bradenbourg blue; very short skirt, flowing over gray Turkish trowsers; high boots of red morocco; and for coiffure, a white felt hat with a bright red feather. Name of this regiment: The Amazons of the Seine.

A New York paper says, "there is something strange, to say the least, in the way American sympathy runs in this war. That it is intensely Prussian is a fact so patent as to be beyond denial. This overwhelming American Prussian sympathy is a plant of a recent growth, and will probably die as speedily as it was born." It will last just as long as the Prussians hold a large quantity of United States securities and no longer.

From statistics recently published, it appears that, reducing currency to gold, the average rate of wages paid in the United States in 1869 was 24.36 per cent. greater than in Great Britain; the cost of living being about 50 per cent. more in the former. From this it appears that a working man is really better off at home than in America. At all events there is no doubt that he can do better in Canada than in either country.

We are informed by the Department of Marine that the usual official return, relative to the wreck of the steamship *Rocket* on the 26th of last month, has been received. The *Rocket* belonged to Messrs. H. & A. Allen, and was wrecked on Beaconcour shoal. No blame seems to have been attached to the crew, the charts being defective, showing 10 feet of water on the shoal when, there was in reality only 8½ feet. There was no loss of life or cargo.

The London *Gazette* announces that the Queen has been pleased to make the following appointments to the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George:—To be Ordinary Members of the Third Class or Companions of the said Order—Lieutenant Colonel Howard Crauford Elphinstone, R. E., C. B., Governor to Prince Arthur; and Mr. Donald McLean, Member of the Executive Council of the colony of New Zealand and Minister for Native Affairs in that colony.

It appears that the first part of the goods sent out for the relief of the sufferers by the late fires have been distributed in a somewhat unsatisfactory manner. No system appears to be adopted—goods are taken up and thrown here and there indiscriminately without any regard to the requirements of the parties actually receiving them. We have no doubt that this is an oversight on the part of the distributors, and would suggest that a book be opened showing who requires assistance, the nature of the goods delivered and from whom received, and that the account of such be published in the newspapers.

The intense hatred which now exists between the people of France and Prussia is not by any means of recent origin. It has lasted for centuries, and whatever may be the result of the present war, will probably only be increased by it. The following lines, written three hundred and fifty years ago, are still appropriate:

Idiots, they think that France will shrink from
 a foe that rushes on,
And terror damp the gallant camp of the bold
 Duke d'Alencon;
But wail and woe betide the foe that waits for
 our assault!
Back to his lair our pikes shall scare the wild
 boar of Hainault.
La Meuse shall flood her banks with blood ere
 the sons of France resign
Their glorious fields—the land that yields the
 olive and the vine!
E'en now, I ween, our foes have seen their hopes
 of conquest fail;
Glad to regain their homes again and quaff
 their Saxon ale.
So may it be while chivalry and royal hearts
 combine
To lift a brand for the bonnie land of the olive
 and the vine!

TIMELY AID.

We have been requested to insert the following and do so with pleasure:—

South March, Aug., 24, 1870.

To Messrs. Baldwin & McKay, of Ottawa City.

Gentlemen,—We the undersigned, farmers of the third line of March, do hereby tender grateful and sincere thanks for the very generous aid given by you in sending us men, team, barrels and buckets, and by so doing have been the means of helping to save a large amount of valuable property.—Wm. Kenedy, senr., and junr., Thos. Armstrong, and a great many others.

NATIONAL JEALOUSIES.

The Montreal *Witness* is afraid that if France wins, British subjects of French origin in this country will be so elated as to be past bearing. French Canadians, as a general thing have never allowed their love for the land of their ancestors to outweigh their loyalty to the British Empire. In 1812, when the *Witness'* especial friends, the Americans, joined with Napoleon in attacking Great Britain, French Canadian loyalty never wavered. At Chateauguay and elsewhere they gave evidence of their valour and patriotism, and proved themselves worthy sons of a chivalric race. We believe that we have quite as much respect and affection for Britain and for her unequalled liberty as our Montreal contemporary, and because we do believe in British freedom and love of fair play we cannot refrain from denouncing the persistent efforts of this *quasi* religious journal to stir up a war of creeds and races here! During the American civil war we hoped to see the South successful, because we desired the power of the American Republic to be curtailed, and because we believed that the Southerners had right on their side. We cannot help thinking that we have more to dread in Canada from the intolerance of the thirty millions of Americans of the Northern States, than we have from a minority of French Canadians, more especially as the former have scarcely ever missed an opportunity of showing their hostility to Canada, while the latter have given proof of their loyalty and truth. The *Witness*, however, took an opposite view, as of course it had a perfect right to do, and regarded the subjugation of the South as a consummation devoutly to be wished. Canadians of French extraction are not by any means alone in desiring to see France triumphant in the present struggle. There are plenty of British Canadians who do not forget that the French have been the only allies that the mother country has had for many a year; that English and French soldiers have fought and died side by side together, and there are some among us who can remember how on a certain November morning, the French Zouaves and Chasseurs d'Afrique came to the relief of our sorely tried and outnumbered troops upon the hillside of Inkerman. With all these remembrances crowding thickly upon us, we cannot see why British subjects of any race or creed should sympathize with the Prussians in their efforts for territorial aggrandizement, or why, because a certain portion of our Canadian fellow subjects desire to see Frenchmen able to successfully defend their homes against Prussian invaders, we should wish the contrary. We believe in the words of Sir G. E. Cartier, that "the people of this country, Englishmen, Scotchmen, Irishmen and Frenchmen, ought to sink their respective national leanings" as far as possible, and work together hand in hand, with an united purpose, in order to build up and develop the glorious land in whose welfare we all have a common interest. But we can scarcely hope that this desire can be realized while journals like the *Witness* are constantly striving to excite national jealousies, and are devoted almost exclusively to the persecution of Canadians of French extraction. It should be the desire of every journal which has the welfare of the country at heart, more especially of a self styled "religious daily," to discourage all animosities of race and creed, and to inspire the people with a true Canadian feeling. We wish to see justice done to all, to have no race dominant, to respect every man's sincere belief, and to allow all to worship the God of nations in their own way. By so doing we shall best prove our loyalty to Britain, and our ability to uphold those principles of monarchical Constitutional Liberty which are the pride and boast of every true Canadian.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

When Mrs. Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony and other American ladies of "gentlemanly appearance" commenced their movement in favor of "woman's rights," as they called the privilege of voting and wearing coats and trousers, they found a very warm ally on the other side of the Atlantic in the person of Mlle. Olympe Audouard, a French lady of brilliant intellect and attainments. Without going to those extreme lengths which have made the strong minded women of America ridiculous, Mlle. Audouard advocated in forcible terms the propriety of admitting women to political rights, and did her best to bring about a social revolution, so far as woman's position is concerned, which fortunately was not favorably regarded by the majority of French women. We are glad to find that Mlle. Audouard has abandoned her senseless and unfeminine efforts, and is now devoting her time and energies to a far different and more meritorious object. At the head of a little band of nurses she has left Paris, and is now occupied in attending the sick and wounded soldiers of the army of the Rhine. Here Mlle. Audouard has discovered what is the true mission of woman;—that it is her "right" to administer solace and assistance to the sick and sorrowful, and that when she thus discharges those duties which nature intended her to fulfil, she obtains an influence both political and social, such as no woman of the Elizabeth Cady Stanton stamp could ever possess were she to lecture for a thousand years. No brighter type of womanhood has ever been seen than Florence Nightingale; no woman's name to-day has greater power to win honor and respect than hers, because she nobly discharged a woman's mission instead of seeking influence by trying to assume a masculine *role*. It is women like her whom men delight to honor, whose lightest wishes are as commands, and whose faintest whispers are listened to with far more attention, than the blustering ravings of a dozen female lecturers. It is in times of trouble and danger that a true woman is sure to discover what woman's true mission is, and to assert her right to minister to the afflicted and to relieve distress in whatever form it comes. In Ottawa to-day we behold an evidence of this. No sooner did it become known that a great calamity had befallen the people of the surrounding country, than some of the ladies of our city were at work making strenuous efforts to afford succour to the destitute, and to do all that they could towards alleviating the sufferings of those who have been rendered homeless and penniless by the late fires. We have no doubt that the work which these ladies have commenced will be effectually carried out, and that many a ruined outcast who now looks hopelessly towards the future, will have abundant reason to bless the names and revere the memories of those, who, in this time of public suffering so well fulfilled woman's mission.

MEN NOT TO BE FORGOTTEN.

The generous mill owners of the Chaudiere did not only relieve the sufferers by their noble generosity, but it was principally through their efforts, in sending gangs of men from their mills to the woods that the fire was prevented from coming into the city. Their mills were shut down, and the cost of their efforts, if calculated, would be found to amount to a large sum. The very people, strange to say, who derived the most protection, were the inhabitants of Rochesterville, who pay not a single farthing of city taxes. These people like an *incubus*, hang on the city limits in just delightful proximity to howl when in danger, for protection from the city, and to get it, and just far enough away to enjoy the protection without the drawback of paying a farthing to the city income. As a speculation, the situation of Rochesterville is a success. At head of this remunerative suburb is the Mayor of the city towering over them in his civic dignity, but descending to a common level in exemption from city taxes. All reduced to a common level by this exemption. The men of the Chaudiere are entitled to the gratitude of the citizens, and they may rest assured that the recollection of there noble and generous conduct will long be green in the memory of the people of Ottawa.—*Evening Mail.*

Literature and the Fine Arts.

M. Thierbland, better known as "Azhmat-Batuk," is the war correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazett*.

A little newspaper, named *Il Fanculla*, has recently made its appearance in Florence, where it has become at once popular. It imitates the Parisian *Figaro*.

M. Gustave Dore has just finished a large drawing, illustrating De Musset's famous Rhine song, and particularly the line,

'Ou le pere a passe, passera bien l'enfant.'

The phantoms of the Old Guard salute Young France rushing by, under the old Rhenish castles, to the fight.

An imperfect manuscript of "Oliver Twist," in the autograph of Mr. Dickens, was sold on Saturday week by Messrs. Sotheby, Wilkinson & Hodge, for £50; it was bought by Mr. John Foster. "The Lady of St. Cuthbert," "Nell Cook," and "Aunt Fanny," in the autograph of the Rev. R. H. Barham, author of "The Ingoldsby Legends," produced at the same sale £10 10s. each.

The doors of Dicken's library at Gadshill are covered on the inside with imitation covers of odd imaginary works, christened in merry moments by himself and kindred spirits: "Cat's Lives," in nine volumes; "Life of Zimmerman," by himself; "Catalogues of Statues to the Duke of Wellington," 29 large vols.; "The World," one very thin 8vo.; "Hanging the Best Policy," by Our Wise Forefathers; "A Brief Autobiography," a skeleton duodecimo; "A Peep at the Pyramids," 5 vols.; "Five Minutes in China," 4 gigantic folios, &c.

We (*Athenæum*) are requested to state that, owing to the disturbed state of the Continent, it has been decided to postpone the proposed exhibition of the works of Hans Holbein the younger, at Dresden, till next year. Her Majesty the Queen had graciously promised to contribute a number of original paintings and drawings from the collection at Windsor Castle, and other possessors of genuine works of Holbein in England had also signified their willingness to lend them.

The following is the concluding passage of a poem called "The Eagle and the Viper," which expresses Eleanor Derby's indignation at the revelations made last year by Mrs. Beecher Stowe, in her "True Story of Lord Byron:"

"'Twas ever thus! The Viper hates the
 Eagle—
They're foes—'tis natural that should be
 so!
The one so grand, so lofty—more than
 regal!
The other venemous and mean and low.
But that the base soul of a Beecher Stowe
Should dare to raise a Byron's vengeful
 shade,
Proves courage such as reptiles rarely
 show;
That of a fiend in female form array'd,
By the world's loathing scorn already
 well repaid."

The *Builder*, by the special permission of the Queen, gives a view of the interior of the Royal Mausoleum at Frogmore. Her Majesty's memorial of her lamented husband is, as is well known, a beautiful work of art, on which the labours of many artists have been engaged. The exterior and interior of the building are in different styles of architecture, the former being the work of Mr. Humbert, the latter of Professor Gruner, of Dresden. The central monument was designed by Baron Marochetti, and the effigy of the Prince was his last work. The tomb is wrought of a single block of gray granite, the largest known to exist without a flaw. It comes from the Cairngall quarries, Aberdeen, and rests upon a base of polished black marble from Belgium, presented by the King of the Belgians. The bronze angels which are stationed at each angle are also Marochetti's work. Costly and varied marbles adorn the walls of the Mausoleum. There are white marbles for the cornices and columns, and red Portugal marble for the other parts, while mosaic pictures and rich gilding add to the general effect. Paintings illustrative of Scripture history are to adorn the wings or transepts, and statues of four prophets are to fill the great niches. The windows are filled with stained glass executed in Munich. The texts describing the subjects are in German and English. An interesting fact in connection with the paintings on the ceiling is that one of them is the work of the Crown Princess. Altogether, the Mausoleum affords a splendid memorial of the artistic talent of our day, as well as of royal affection.

The French "tote fair," as witness this story from Metz: "Some Prussian prisoners, conducted by two or three gendarmes, were defiling before the Cafe Turc, on the Place Royale, when the driver of a country cart, a stout fellow of about thirty, forced his way through the crowd, and laying his great hand on the cap of one of the captives, called out to him, 'Well, Bismark!' The prisoner turned suddenly and answered by a violent kick, at which the crowd cried out 'Bravo, Prussian!' The countryman was about to fall on the other, when a soldier of the garrison interposed and said to the peasant, 'You are a coward to insult a prisoner.' The bystanders applauded afresh, and a policeman coming forward took the man into custody, amid the applause of the people."

A crab has been caught in Yokohama Bay, which weighed about 40lb., had legs over 5 ft. in length, and its mouth contained two large teeth. When in the water its strength was such that it could have quite overpowered a man.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Despatches from Messiers yesterday afternoon say the resistance of Marshal Bazaine, even with the small force under his command, prevented the advance of the Prussians until the organization and preparation of McMahon's large army was entirely complete.

Marshal McMahon and Bazaine are now ready to assume the offensive, and a movement is expected immediately. They will attack the Prussians together.

The *Liberte* says the army of the Prince Royal which reached St. Dezier some days ago has not passed that place, but on the contrary has fallen back.

The same journal adds, that it knows from reliable sources that the loss of the Prussian armies have thus far been as follows: killed, 35,000; wounded, 8,500.

A convoy escorting a large number of Prussian prisoners has arrived at Soissons, another is expected there to-day.

The *Officiel* says that the amount of the national loan taken, as far as was heard from, was 20,000,000 francs, and when the list was closed last night at least 5,000 persons wishing to subscribe were sent away.

The process of incorporating the National Guard with the regular army has commenced.

The Orleans party are very hopeful. The Princes are here and watch events closely, and an agent of great skill and experience who is in Paris, advices them of every event affecting their interest here.

The question of the transportation home of the Prussian dead and wounded through the neutralities of Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg has assumed some importance.

It is stated that at first the neutral great powers had asked this privilege of the Governments of Holland and Belgium, but it seems now that the request originated with Prussia herself.

Holland has refused and Belgium has replied that such consent on her part would undoubtedly be construed by France as equivalent to an act of hostility.

In the Corps Legislatif, this evening M. Simon proposed to send from Paris all those unable to bear form for France.

M. Trachard created a tumult of excitement by stating that there was a scarcity of arms for the troops in some quarters.

M. Gambetta accused the majority of bringing on the war. His remarks were so harsh that the majority refused to listen.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Count Renand, the noted political economist and finance, has been appointed Prussian Governor of Alsace.

The journals continue to blame Prince Napoleon for his absence in such a critical time. *La Liberte* advises the Chambers to inquire into matters.

NEW YORK, August 24.—A special from Paris to the New York *Times* says:—"I saw a letter to-day from a person high in office in St. Petersburg, stating that the Russian Government is seriously alarmed at the state of affairs in Holland.

There is great agitation in favor of France, and numbers of Poles are leaving to offer their service in the French army. On the other hand a movement is on foot in the Baltic Provinces of the Russian Empire in favor of annexation to the North German Confederation, and is gaining ground.

The Prussian Government is on the point of a dilemma, and it is believed in self defence Russia will be compelled to take part in the war.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 24—The St. Petersburg *Journal* denies that Russia is committed to prevent the dismemberment of France, as has lately been published. She is, however, certainly unfavorable to that measure, and regards the agitation of that measure as premature.

Prussia has sent Bavaria ten millions in gold as as subsidy.

Napoleon's mission to Italy is ridiculed as untimely and profitless.

The blockading squadron at the mouth of the Elbe has refrained from acting on the offensive.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Arlon, a frontier town, 16 miles from Luxemburg, says the violations on the Belgian territory by the Prussians are of frequent occurrence.

It is reported that the Prussians have attacked the Belgian soldiers and entered Belgium and Luxemburg with provisions for their army, and transport their wounded through sections of the neutral territory.

These acts lead to a fear that Belgium as a neutral power may be compromised.

Telegraphic communication with all the points in the departments of the Aube and Cote d'Or is cut off.

The Minister of the Interior authorises the statement that advices of a favourable character has been received from the armies in the field, but the information is purposely withheld, as the same journals indiscretely give details which should be kept back.

The *Constitutional* answers the assertions of the London *Times* that the French are in a desperate condition, and attributes that the hostility of the *Times* is accounted for by the fact the son of one of its proprietors is married to the daughter of the Prussian Ambassador at London, and some prisoners say that in addition to this the *Journal* has been heavily subsidized by Bismarck.

A board of engineers has been appointed to repair the Martello Towers on the British coast.

The losses of the Saxon troops in the battle of the 18th were, 74 killed, and nearly 2,000 wounded, of whom 175 have since died.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The *Constitutionel* in an editorial showing the improvement in the military situation, says, it was reported that there was another engagement on Sunday the 22nd, which resulted favorably to the French.

It gives no further particulars.

A battalion of sharpshooters passed through Paris last night and created great enthusiasm among the spectators.

The moral tone of the city has visibly improved. There is less singing and shouting and more volunteering; all the citizens providing themselves with arms.

The wounded who return from the field are well cared far.

LONDON, August 24.—A special despatch from Berlin says that a great popular movement is on foot to secure for the Liberal party an influential voice in the settlement of terms of peace, and to convene the General Parliament to give expression to the feelings of the people, to whose energy and patriotism everything is due.

A despatch from Rome announces that there is a general movement of the Italian troops to the Pontifical frontier, under Gen. Cosenz. It is the belief that Victor Emmanuel is unable to control the feeling in Italy for the possession of Rome.

It is rumoured that a well known lady, of a high social position here, has been arrested on a charge of conveying information to the enemy, and imprisoned in Vincennes.

An English surgeon was taken to the guard house yesterday on suspicion of being a spy, but on examination it turned out that he was attached to the field hospital service and was released.

The steamer *Haswell*, while on her voyage from Hamburg to Sunderland was attacked by a French iron-clad near the Elb, but paid no attention and kept on her course, when the Frenchman gave

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Bazaine's Movement Confirmed—A Feeling of Horror in Berlin—The Russian Fleet in the Baltic under Sailing orders—The Battle of Gravellotte—Thirty miles of Ground Covered with Dead and Wounded, &c., &c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The *World's* cable despatch, dated London 23 says, all news to-day confirm the statement that Bazaine succeeded in withdrawing the bulk of the army from Metz. It still seems uncertain whether he is still moving to St. Manehold to join McMahon, or awaiting co-operation with McMahon. In the former case he is supposed to intend falling in force on the Crown Prince, and in the latter to attack Steinmetz and Frederick Charles at Metz.

Credible authorities also assure me that Steinmetz and Frederick Charles have over 100,000 men, leaving them no more than 150,000 men to hold the line from the frontier to Metz.

The feeling in Berlin is of undeniable horror and depression.

The war threatens to last, and already the front of North Germany is decimated.

Railways are taken up with the wounded soldiers, and delay the movement of reinforcements.

A special messenger from St. Petersburg arrived with important instructions to the legation here.

Russia insists upon the clearest intimation to Prussia that she will be held to her original pretext in the war, and that no territorial aggrandizement will be permitted by the powers.

The Russian Baltic fleet is under sailing orders.

PARIS, August 23.—*Le Gaulois* reports that the Procureur Imperial of Wanres, who commanded a company of sharpshooters, was captured by the Prussians and shot, because he belonged to the army. The *Gaulois* protests against such assassinations.

Subscriptions for the sword of honor to be presented to Marshal McMahon, have been closed. Large sums of money are raised, and many jewels were given for that purpose.

There is a rumor that Von Armin, the German Minister at Rome, is trying to provoke a revolutionary attack on Rome, in order to prevent Italy from taking action in favor of France.

The Pope has decided to see M. Von Arnim, who was formerly in favor at the Vatican.

The *Monde*, the Catholic organ, charges the Germans with having instigated the recent massacres of the French and Russians.

Upwards of a thousand Million francs have been subscribed for the national loan.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The details of the battle of Gravelotte are received. It is described as one of the greatest battles of modern times. A reconnoissance was made the day previous, showing that the French army was retreating on Verdun; a column was cut in two by the advance of the Germans, and the last part was driven back between Gravelotte and Metz. The 7th Prussian Corps formed the right of the line, next came the 8th Corps on the road to Gravelotte, then the 9th and 12th Guards were on the extreme left, the 3rd, 1st and 10th Corps were held in reserve. The firing was kept up along the whole line from 11 o'clock. The Prussian artillery seemed overpowering, and the French batteries were driven back over the second line.

In the village of Narie, which was in possession of the Germans, many houses were battered down.

Every available spot was crowded with wounded men; even the streets were covered with straw, and the French and German wounded lying there in masses together.

Beyond Resonville the country is stripped bare, and no conveyance nor food is to be had.

Metz is completely surrounded by the Prussian forces.

The fourth army corps having moved round from east to north the Saxon corps of pioneers have been sent to Metz to carry on the siege; the remainder of the army are to advance to Verdun.

The battle of Sunday the 14th, is described to have been bloodier than Koniggratz or Sadowa.

In the morning a party of Germans pushed forward on the position of the French who retired as they advanced.

The French subsequently received strong reinforcements, and entrenched themselves behind earthworks, extending round the city a distance of two or three miles, forming a circle including the villages of Borny, Colomborg, Montoy, Noisseville, and Nonilly.

On the side of the Germans there were encamped in the immediate neighborhood the 7th and 1st army corps, which, with the 8th army corps, formed the first army under General Steinmetz.

At about 3 30 p. m., the French opened upon a regiment of Germans on the highway, and quickly the whole corps under General Von Moltenkefel, composed of four regiments of the 7th army corps, under General Von Yaercrow, became engaged. The number of Germans thus engaged was 45,000.

The French had a large number of artillery and cavalry. The Germans had but little.

The Germans carried all their breast works against the murderous fire of the French, who were always compelled to retire before them, but the fire of the Chassepot told very severely on the Germans, who lost many more than the enemy.

It was the superior courage of the Germans which compelled the enemy to retire.

A correspondent describes the scene on the battle field of Tuesday, 16th, as one seldom equalled. Thirty miles of ground were covered with the dead and wounded of both sides. The cannonade of the Germans and the rattle of the needle gun were terrific.

The defeat of the French was total. Their long column could be seen pouring towards the north in an effort to avoid German pursuit by way of Bircy.

The loss on both sides was immense. Many French prisoners were taken.

The King was personally attentive to the French wounded.

A French peasant, taken while killing wounded Germans, was hanged at once.

Out of 110,000 inhabitants of the neighborhood, scarcely any returned.

A special correspondent at Brussels writes on Saturday, 20th, "I learn, from a trustworthy source, that Trochu intends within a few days to invite the Orleans Princes to share in the defence of their country.

Troops have been sent to Belgium and the province of Luxemburg, to disarm fugitive soldiers arriving in Belgium territory, and send them into the interior.

STUTTGART, Aug. 24.—The capitulation of Pfalseburg, which was reported yesterday, has not yet been officially confirmed.

CARLSRUHE, Aug. 24.—There is much indignation expressed at the action of the French garrison of Strasburg in firing upon Kehl, a defenceless town.

The commander at Kehl has solemnly pronounced against it.

LONDON, Aug. 24. News of a French victory at present would cause a panic in the stock market here.

At the latest advices, Ollivier is in Switzerland, denouncing the majority of the French Chambers for betraying him.

The *Times* says, correcting itself, Madame Canrobert and family are not in England.

Obscurity still surrounds McMahon's movements. Reports are contradictory.

Private advices from Paris, dated Monday Aug. 22, says the Crown Prince of Prussia is now at St. Dizier, and going towards Paris, with 100,000 men.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Morning journals publish despatches, announcing the Prussians had fired upon and killed some Belgian soldiers on the frontier.

The *Press* says Ambassadors from Russia, Italy and Austria, in reply to their offers to negotiate for peace, have been officialy informed that peace is impossible, so long as a Prussian soldier treads on French soil.

The *Figaro* urges placing electric lights on Paris fortifications.

It is uncertain whether they will be able to avoid a fight before going further.

Prussian officers do not believe that Paris will resist.

They expect that an insurrection will follow on the approach of the Prussian army, which will result in the displacement of the present French authorities, when peace may be easily guaranteed. They say the war will be purposeless if these points cannot be effected.

The Emperor is at Montmedy incognito.

The following despatch from Paris contains the latest from the seat war:—

Metz is entirely isolated.

The Prussians are strong west of that place.

General Failly, who was in command at Chalons, is still there, but by indisposition is superceded.

Marshal McMahon is strongly posted in the plains before Chalons, with detachments at St. Menchold, Verdun, and Rheims.

McMahon has 175,000 men, well supplied with food, ammunition, and artillery.

Sharp shooters are hastening to Chalons.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 24.

A man named James Simpson attempted to commit suicide last evening with laudanum. He was found in Bay street in a precarious state, but under the doctor's care he recovered.

The rifle match of the 10th Royal Rifles had to be discontinued yesterday morning, owing to the state of the weather.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 24.

Mr. Dart, Consul-General of the United States, has returned to town, after a visit to the Maritime Provinces.

The boatswain of the bark *Chippewa* while unloading iron, fell down into the ship's hold and was severely injured.

Yesterday a boy named Robt. Brown, while amusing himself on the Canal Bank, missed his footing and fell into the water and narrowly escaped being drowned.

The farewell promenade concert of the P. C. O. Royal Rifle Brigade last evening was crowded. The programme was the best one of the season.

A meeting of the Montreal Agricultural Society will be held on Thursday evening to take into consideration the propriety of proceeding with the exhibition under the unfavorable circumstances of the season.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the members of the Illinois Press Association arrived in this city, where a special train awaited to convey them through the Victoria Bridge. The Mayor, the members of the City Corporation and the Press accompanied the visitors.

Flour firm and from 5 to 10 cents higher, with a moderate amount of business done.

Last night and this morning smoke filled this city.

Weather fine.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 24.

The boats contesting at the Timber Towers race yesterday had to return when half-way, in tow of a steamer, owing to the wind failing. They started again this morning, but the weather to-day is the same as yesterday, and if any thing finer.

Lord Campbell, a son of the Duke of Argyle, is here, at the St. Louis.

From sea to-day, ships, *British Empire*, *Dartmouth* and *Victory*, from Cardiff, for Montreal.

The funeral of Mr. Carneau, Grand Trunk Conductor, alluded to before as having been drowned at River du Loup, was attended this morning at Levis by all the Grand Trunk employees.

The body of Jean Ruelle, pilot, blown off the deck of the *Sea Gull* during Wednesday's gale, was found, and an inquest was held on it yesterday. It was conveyed to his late residence, Island of Orleans, and intered yesterday.

A pilot who arrived here this morning informs your correspondent that he passed 21 vessels inward bound, from Bic up to this port.

Rifle shooting and pleasure excursions again seem to be set down as primary and most flourishing industrial occupations of the day.

Peter street has a dull appearance to-day.

Sputterings from Judy's Pen.

A ba(w)l room—The nursery.

Murmurs of the tied—The grumblings of a married couple.

From the farm yard.—A hen is not immortal, and yet her son never sets.

Men born blind can't be carpenters, because they never saw.

To Millowners.—How to increase your hands without extra expense.—Double your fists.

Poor pigs, they are doctored the wrong way round—killed first and cured afterwards.

When Lot's wife was turned to salt, he took a fresh one.

A toast may be eaten or drunk, and is of either sex, according to your fancy.

Poultry keeping ought to answer, for every grain you give a fowl it gives a peck.

"What made you tell the gentleman you had three or four sisters and brothers, Mary, when you have none?" "Why, mother, I didn't like him to think you were so poor you could afford to buy none."

At a Parish School.—"What is the wife of a prince called?" Please, ma'am, a princess!" "And what is the wife of an emperor called?" "Please, ma'am, a empress!" "And what is the wife of a duke called?" "Please, ma'am a drake!"

A lady friend of Judy's, living in the country, who is a little plumpish, sent her man servant to book two places in the local coach, so that she mightn't be squeezed. There was only room for one inside, so he booked the other outside.

Thieves in Camp.—We hear that a sentry in the Prussian army was recently relieved of his watch in the middle of the night.

GENERAL NEWS.

Great Britain.

An Englishman, after paying a life insurance company premiums for 71 years, has just become a "loss" at the age of 103.

Dickens used to accuse people who criticised his gaudy waitcoast, of interfering with his vested rights.

The Irish Land Bill has received the royal assent, and thus takes its place on the statute book.

Sir Morton Peto is said to be in Hungary, building railroads for the Austrian Government.

Sir Samuel Baker, the explorer of the Nile, is stated to have been at Tenfikiet on the 12th of June.

Mr. Greenhow and Mr. Bellamy, the manager and cashier of, the Hereford branch of the West of England Bank, have been committed for trial on a charge of having embezzled the sum of £4,611, the moneys of the bank.

United States.

There are but 8,000 native American seamen in the United States merchant marines.

It is intended to erect a hundred additional Wesleyan chapels in London, and with that view a subscription is at once to be set on foot.

An Illinois farmer cut his throat on account of the drought, and was buried in a rain storm which lasted twenty four hours.

Some one has made the estimate that there are twelve deaths from coal oil explosions each day in the United States.

American female authors are more shy of giving their ages than their transatlantic cousins.

A 5,000 ton haystack is announced as an agricultural wonder in Illinois

Butler's Dutch Gap Canal breeds multitudes of frogs, which are becoming a favorite article of food in Virginia.

Archbishop Manning has returned to England from Rome, but he does not bring with him a cardinal's hat, as some of the papers confidently stated he would. It is understood that he will return to Rome in October.

Other Countries.

General Dumont, commanding the French troops in Italy, before departure, ceded to the Roman Government 23 mortars and 15,000 shells.

M. Lucas, a French civil engineer, proposes a plan for employing electric sparks as signals at night.

The Duke de Montpensier is believed to have spent \$2,000,000 in his unsuccessful efforts to secure the Spanish crown.

Holland is making energetic preparations to defend her territory in the event of an invasion. In addition to her army of upwards of 60,000 she has a well-organized national guard.

Austria is making immense preparations for war. It will soon have assembled a well-organized and well-armed corps of 140,000, which will be placed under the command of the Archduke Albert, whose sympathy with France is well-known.

Father Hyacinthe has written a letter, dated the 30th of July, to the French papers, in which he protests, as a Christian and a Catholic, against the "pretended dogma" of the infallibility of the Pope, and denies that the Council, which professes to have imposed it, was in any sense ocumenical.

The Revenue of the Suez Canal Company in November and December, 1869, was £12,677. In the first six months of this year the receipts of the undertaking were as follows: January, £10,323; February, £13,629; March, £25,904: April, £15,088; May, £19,479; and June, £32,685. The receipts of the first three months of this year were thus £49,856, while in the second three months they were £67,252, showing an increase of nearly 40 per cent. in the latter period.

Our readers, remarks *Nature*, will recollect the important part played by the telegraph in the Seven Days' War, the introduction of this new arm, so to speak, enabling Von Moltke to control all the strategical combinations with unerring accuracy from a small room in Berlin. To the telegraph the Prussians have now added the balloon, and already we hear that the French army encamped in the environs of Metz have been surveyed with the greatest care. Surely, if strategy is to play the part it did in former times in future battles, giving two armies, one of which is by means of a balloon, in electric communication with the Head-quarter Staff, in perfect knowledge of the numbers, at any one point, and the movements of the other, its success must be assured.

Republican Ingratitude.

(From the New York World.)

It has always been a matter of wonder why, in this ocean-bounded land of ours, there is such disparity in the honors paid to our sailors and our soldiers, either living or dead. If a blustering brigadier dies of apoplexy or some less reputable ailment in our midst, regiments and draped flags and muffled drums ostentatiously follow him on his last march; and if he happen to be a Cabinet minister, and the friend, though a forgotten one, of an actual President, old cannon are melted up and a commission goes to Rome or Munich for a statute. The poor sailor's death is announced by scattering minute guns—not, as formerly, all over the world but in decrepit navy-yards—by cheap bunting at half-mast, and an instant quarrel for promotion. This is not so in the land of our ancestors. It did not use to be here the ceremonial of 1805 over England's sailor was relatively as grand as that of 1852 over her soldier. Trafalgar and Waterloo knew no difference; and Nelson between his two lieutenants, Northesk and Collingwood, lies in the crypt of St Paul's, and in a tomb meant for Woolsey, not far from Wellington. With us it was once the same. Hull and Decatur and Bainbridge were drawn in triumph through the streets of Philadelphia, and in her grave yards, with Biddle and Stewart, are appropriately entombed. At the gate way of Trinity lie the remains of Lawrence and Ludlow, and "Don't give up the ship," was once a classic phrase. But by some inscrutable process it is all fading away, and Farragut—who, as we said, took New Orleans, without which Grant's slow victories would have been fruitless, and, lashed in the rigging at Mobile, ran greater personal risk than our President ever kid—is buried with no recognition but such as the newspapers gave him, and without a single member of the executive branch of the Government pausing a moment in his career of summer recreation to honor him. Ex-Secretary Welles was there, and it was a graceful act on the part of a grateful friend; and Mr. G. V. Fox he who tinkered Fort Sumpter and perpetuated the Potomac blockade, but still a naval man true to his instincts, and Senator Wilson, ready generally to do an amiable act; and General Banks. But where was Butler (Lowell is not far from Portsmouth), who did not take New Orleans; where was Boutwell, the New England member of the Cabinet, close at hand; where was the Republican Governor of New Hampshire; where was Secretary Robeson, with railroad and gun-boats *ad libitum*; where was the antecedent Borie; where was Vice-Admiral Porter, who once was Faragut's pet, and under whose father's flag, in distant seas, our dead hero gained his first laurels; and, above all, where was President Grant? The circle around which he was swinging, from east to west and back again, was nearly complete. The soldier of Vicksburg at the grave of the sailor of New Orleans and Mobile would have been, in its way, as picturesque as Charles Napier looking into the vault of Wellington. It is idle to say that difficulties of transit prevented it. What-

WALTHAM WATCHES. THE AMERICAN TIME-KEEPER. CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD. ROBERT WILKES, Sole Wholesale Agent.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE. FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRES. CHIMNEY CORNER. MISCHIEF MAKING. MAZEPPA. BOX PLAN now open. WM. J. MARSHALL.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS. TEA AND WINE. 6 HOSPITAL STREET. Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

HAY PRESS FOR SALE. AN INGERSOLL HAND POWER. IN USE ONE SEASON. 1,000 BAGS, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS. J. P. MACPHERSON. Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY AND ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY. Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders ... is hereby extended to the FIFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next. By order of the Board. Ottawa, August 22, 1870.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to H. PHILL.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU VINS GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

Yesterday morning the steamer *Queen Victoria* did not leave the wharf for two or three hours after her usual starting time.

NEW COURT HOUSE.—It is rumored that the M.W., A. A. Stevenson, G.M., of the Masons of Canada will be invited to lay the corner stone of the new Court House.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The Ottawa Agricultural Association have posters out, on which notice is given that the City of Ottawa Agricultural Exhibition of 1870 will take place on their grounds on the 21st, 22nd, and 23rd of September next.

BAND.—The band of the 60th Rifles played on Major's Hill last evening to a large assembly of ladies and gentlemen, who have probably listened to it for the last time on that ground, as the regiment is under orders to leave Ottawa on Monday next.

HANDSOME.—The half of the receipts at the theatre last night amount to $23.50, which sum goes to the relief of the sufferers by the late fire. When half tonight's receipts are handed in, we think Mr. Marshall will have contributed liberally to this cause of charity.

Detective O'Neil has been deputed to act in another *role* from that in which his title would indicate, though he has not relinquished the former occupation. He takes charge of the clothes which kind donators have placed at the disposal of the committee for the sufferers by the late fire.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Wednesday.—J. Acheson, Montreal; G. Stecy, do; E. Donahue, Michigan; S. Hartshorn, New York; A. Brooks, Brockville; A. Clapham, London, Ont.; R. Rutterell, Prescott; J. Baker, New York; A. Stewart, Montreal; W. Paivell and lady, do; D. McEwen, do; J. Stevenson, New Haven; O. Allan, Montreal; W. D. McNeill, do; A. Boulton, do.

QUICK WORK.—Wm. Ronaldson, road master on the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway started from Ottawa on Monday evening last with a gang of men and had transhipped by the following morning from between Oxford and Kemptville to Prescott 150 cords of wood that were endangered by the fire in that locality.

DONATIONS.—A great number of donations of different descriptions for the sufferers were received yesterday. The Relief Committee's room in Bang's Block is now pretty well stored with clothes, &c., &c. Any person who reads the lists of subscriptions and sees other hands me donations pouring into the reception room must be convinced that the citizens of Ottawa have open hearts in the cause of charity.

PRAISEWORTHY.—Yesterday Mr. Hugh Hinds, of Rideau street, brought to the Relief Committee room several tin dishes for the sufferers, and moreover offered to make a great number without charge if he should be furnished with the necessary material. These dishes are articles very much needed by the destitute farmers, and it certainly is genuine charity on the part of Mr. Hinds to make this donation and offer.

MEETING OF EMIGRANTS.—The Rev. A. Styleman Herring, of Clerkenwell, London, who took such interest in the emigration movement at home has arrived in town, and wishes to meet the late migrants at Gowan's Hall, to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock. Dr. Swettland will preside on the occasion, and no doubt there will be a large meeting of the emigrants, as the gentleman has some news of interest to communicate to them.

GOWANS HALL.—Mr. Gowan has, by the leasing of the store lately occupied by D. T. Browne & Co., been able to supply the Hall with a fine entrance to this popular Music Hall, from Sparks street. Mr. Gowan's energy is as untiring as his popularity is fixed. In a short time he will have completed as commodious, and elegant a Concert Saloon as the requirements of the city demand.

POLICE COURT.—There were no cases of any sort at the Police Court this morning, no dissipated revellers with blood shot eyes making an appearance before His Worship for disturbing the householders in their own balmy sleep. But there was on a small scale, an attack of words between two worthies of the law regarding a case of an infant? fifteen or sixteen years old for leaving his master's employment without permission. His Worship postponed the case till Monday morning next, evidently with a view of granting time and opportunity to the disputants to settle the case amicably, the consummation of which is not inadvisable.

The Greevy's case was postponed till to-morrow. This was a case of a poor woman who had a house but no chimney, and as there seemed to be a difference of opinion on this point, between Sergeant Brown and defendant's counsel, this case was postponed till to-morrow.

TRUE CHARITY.—A rev. gentleman in making reference during divine worship, among other sad observations which he had made during the fire was a sad case of destitution in which the father of a family of four children lay helplessly sick while his wife had but indifferent health. Notwithstanding the poor mother's overtasked exertions, she had not enough of provisions and clothing to enable her family to pass through the winter in comparitive comfort; the fire, however, swept the entire produce of her industry, and she was left in an indiscribable state of destitution. The service over a few of the Rev. gentleman's hearers immediately proceeded to collect clothing, and in a short time one hundred and twenty suits (for women and children) were in readiness for transportation to the scene of desolation. They were contributed by families residing respectively on Albert, Slater and Kent streets. A waggon was soon loaded and the relief speedily given to the sufferers. Two gentlemen of that part of the city returned, each bringing with them two of the poor children thus so suddenly and helplessly thrown upon the world bereft of protection. These gentlemen are worthy of all praise; but has not the preacher done *his* work of charity.

POLICEMAN SWITZER IN ROUGH QUARTERS.—Tuesday night a couple of soldiers and some civilians got into a discussion it would appear as to the result of the present Franco-Prussian war. It occurred in front of the English Hotel, Rideau street, and the loud talk soon gathered a crowd of listeners. The learned disputants were evidently more or less under the influence of liquor. The discussion grew louder and more loud, one vowing that he was an "Irishman and would stick up for his side"; another belonged to another nationality, and swore what he would or would not do, till a length the attention of policeman Switzer was attracted, who immediately proceeded to disperse the assembly. His orders, being treated with contempt he seized a civilian by the shoulder and attempted to take him to the station, but was prevented doing so by the soldiers, one of whom struck him with a stick on the head, the two succeeding in taking the prisoner from him. Switzer then faced the soldiers who with an assistant endeavored to strike him with sticks which they held in their hands. Switzer struck one with his baton and staggered him; following up he struck the second on the neck, knocking him down. Seeing they could not manage satisfactorily themselves, they set a large Newfoundland dog at the policeman, and the poor brute was not slow in obeying his master, but he was soon put out of the way and out of existence by a pistol bullet. The soldiers now became enraged and made a renewed attack on Switzer, but, being threatened with the fate of the Newfoundland, they backed down. Their Sergeant was now sent for. In a few moments we heard the words "fall in, right face, quick march," and the sons of Mars filed off to their quarters. We must say that for a time Switzer was not in a very comfortable situation.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The performances at the above place of amusement were successful last evening in every sense of the word. A large audience, comprising some of our most respectable citizens, filled the house while the plays were well chosen and performed in a manner superior to anything that has ever been witnessed in the theatre. The plays on the boards last night were the fine pastoral drama entitled "Dora," followed by "Lost in London," which has drawn full houses for the last four successive nights. As we have already said, Mr. Little is a tragedian of no ordinary abilities. Mr. Little and Miss Campbell have not disappointed the most sanguine expectations. The former is entitled to a conspicious place in the list of first-class tragedians, and we have no doubt Miss Campbell is shaped for the comic, though in the above plays she has but little latitude to prove her ability in that line. But as her name is as a *commedienne* we must give her credit for versatility for she certainly played her tragic parts in a very natural manner. Miss Peterson is the growing favorite with the theatre going people of Ottawa. She possesses a natural modesty which in itself is a treasure. She has the knack of making assumed simplicity and innocence appear like a natural quality. Mr. Little in "Dora," as the inexorable farmer whose will was law, was superlatively good, and though his part throughout the play was a cruel and unfeeling one, yet he performed it so naturally as to be repeatedly applauded. Miss Campbell won the applause of the applause of the audience, now by her obedience, again by her generous conduct and again by her endeavors for the good of another at the sacrifice of her own comfort and happiness, playing throughout to perfection. Mr. Clinton's part could not have been better performed. Miss Nelson was again received with applause, and repeatedly encored. "Winking at me" is well relished. There is no one who saw "Dora" played last evening but would we are sure like to see it repeated, and if Mr. Marshall put it on the boards again this evening we bespeak for him a bumber house. It is a strictly moral play, and can be witnessed alike by women, children and men with pleasure and with benefit. The performance this evening is again for the benefit of the sufferers by the late fires, and we have not the least doubt as to its success.

A number of copies of the following circular are to be printed and sent to persons living at a distance from the city:

OTTAWA, August 24th, 1870.

SIR,—A calamity of the most disastrous nature has befallen both sides of the Ottawa Valley, in the vicinity of this city. The fire hurricane of the 17th inst., has suddenly destroyed the homes and property of over two thousand persons, residents in the Counties of Carleton, Russell and Ottawa. In many instances, lives have been lost, and whole families have been deprived of all they possessed, even their personal clothing. The toil, the industry, the savings of many years, have for the greater number, been swept away, and hundreds of the best farmers in the country have been left poor and penniless. Furthermore, the deplorable disaster has occured at a time of year when nearly twelve months must elapse before the produce of another harvest can be realized.

Such a public calamity has evoked the deepest sympathy of all classes in the city and neighborhood of Ottawa. A liberal subscription has been raised, and a large and influential Committee composed of members of the Legislature, clergymen and merchants has been organized to collect the necessary fund and take immediate measures for the substantial relief of all who need assistance.

Committees of ladies have also been formed and are actually engaged in making and procuring suitable raiment for the destitute women and children.

The Central Committee would earnestly ask for your co-operation and contributions from your townships in any form, of money, furniture or clothing. For this purpose it may be advisable to organize at once a local committee. If their be sufferers in your neighborhood, the central committee would respectfully request you to send in their names without delay, specifying the following particulars:

1. Lot and concession.
2. The name, number of family.
3. Their sexes and ages.
4. What property has been destroyed.
5. What has been saved in lands and other property.
6. Has any insurance, and how much been effected, and in what company.
7. Is the farm incumbered.
8. What assistance would be most acceptable.

Signed on behalf of Committee.

J. M. CURRIER, Chairman.
J. FRASER, Secretary.

The Siamese Twins have been in Jersey City and have gone home. Chang is said to be paralyzed.

Attempt at Wholesale Incendiarism.

Narrow Escape from a Frightful Conflagration.

Last night an attempt was made to fire a large wooden shed in rear of Heney's stone block at the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, and directly behind the sheds of Esmonde Bros. and G. Levin. An idea of the terrible conflagration the city has escaped, can only be formed by reading a description of the locality the fire was put in, or by visiting the place. The shed fired is the centre of a number of sheds and stables situated very closely, and extending to the rear of the buildings in Elgin street. Those sheds in most cases are filled with wood, empty cases, and straw, and all are as dry as such buildings can be, on which no rain has fallen for over two months, and on which a fierce sun has beat during the day time for that period, they would have ignited almost as readily as so much gun cotton. Some of these sheds run into the wooden blocks in Sparks and Elgin streets, that affording a sure means of communication for the flames.

In the shed fired and closely surrounding it were a number of coal oil barrels, boxes, lots of shavings and cordwood. The combustibles used were old newspapers which were stuck in a hole between the boards. After firing this paper the incendiary has evidently taken to his heels, for had he waited he would have seen that in his nervous hurry he had rammed the paper too tightly in, and that from this cause, after the edges had blazed away, the flame had gone out before it was strong enough to set fire to the dry boards. As it is, the boards are scorched and blackened for some distance round the place the paper was put. A fire starting in such a place, with such combustible material to feed on, would have spread in every direction, and it would indeed be hard to say where it would have ended. As for the fiend who made the attempt, it would be well for him to remember that, should he be successful in the attempt again, and be caught, such is the public feeling at present that nothing would save him from being instantly thrown in the fire he created. Meanwhile, a strong watch will be kept on the premises.

General Relief Committee.

The General Relief Committee met yesterday at 10 o'clock, and transacted considerable business, the publication of which however, would be of little interest to the reader. Measures for the immediate relief of destitute families in certain quarters were adopted, and the amount of provisions &c., &c., to be allowed for each family, until further details be received, was agreed upon.

A communication from W. J. Marshall, Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre was read, in which he offers to play two nights for the benefit of the sufferers by the fire; the clear half of the receipts of each night to be given for that purpose, the other half to be retained for the defraying of expenses connected with the management. A resolution was passed acknowledging the receipt of Mr. Marshall's letter and thankfully accepting his charitable offer.

The committee adjourned at 12 o'clock to meet at 4 p.m. to-day. We may state for the information of the public, that all donations in future for the relief of the sufferers must be sent to the store room in Bang's block, adjoining Mr. James' dry good store.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

J. M. Currier, M.P.	$200 00
T. Vaux	25 00
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon	50 00
John Heney	60 00
Dr. H. Hill	50 00
Allan Gilmour	500 00
Jas. Cunningham	50 00
Henry Chepmel	30 00
St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, per W. Hamilton, Treasurer	100 00
Thomas Reynolds	100 00
M. McNaughton	100 00
C. H. Pinhey	100 00
J. E. Whyte	100 00
Hon. James Skead	200 00
Philip Thompson	200 00
Dr. H. Hill, balance of his subscription	50 00
Mrs. Ormsley, per Revd. Mr. Pollard	5 00
George R. Blyth	50 00
Joseph Kavanagh	25 00
J. Robertson	10 00
F. C. Lewis	5 00
Thomas Patterson	20 00
Robert Blackburn	100 00
Dr. Sweetland	50 00
Revd. J. Johnston	5 00
John Rochester, senr.	100 00
A. M. Dole	50 00
Herrick & Crombie	40 00
N. S. Blasdell & Co	300 00
Hon. Sir F. Hincks	100 00
Roderick Ryan	100 00
Hon. S. L. Tilley	75 00
J. D. Slater	200 00
John Manuel	50 00
W. W. Brown	10 00
Total	$3,210 00

The ward lists will be acknowledged as soon as completed.

JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

CONCERT in aid of the SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRES will take place in the *OTTAWA MUSIC HALL*, ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 26th INSTANT.

Under the distinguished patronage of Sir G. E. Cartier, Sir F. Hincks, Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., Hon. P. Mitchell, Hon. D. C. Alkin, Hon. A. Morris, Hon. J. C. Chapais, The Mayor and Council, and Clergy of Ottawa, and Col. Williams and Officers of the 1st Batt. 60th R. R., and about 60 of the leading gentlemen of Ottawa,

The following ladies and gentlemen will take part,—

MADAME GELLINI, MADAME GELINAS, MISS AUMOND, Mr. F. F. GOURDEAU, Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH will preside at the Piano. Mr. EDGAR DOWARD, Conductor.

By the kind permission of Col. Williams and the Officers of the 1st Batt. the Band of the 60th Rifles will be in attendance.

TICKETS.—Reserved Seats, $1; body of the hall, 50cts., gallery, 25cts.—to be had at J. L. ORME & SON'S, where a plan, &c., may be seen.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1442t

PRESTON & ROWSELL, MILITARY TAILORS —AND— *HABIT MAKERS*

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

ROCHESTER'S XX ALE, In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

ROCHESTER'S STOUT PORTER, In splendid order, $1.00 per dozen.

LABATT'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1.15 per dozen.

DAW'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE, In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

DAW'S DOUBLE STOUT, In splendid order, $1.25 per dozen.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin street.

Dry Goods.

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF BONNETS, HATS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, and SHAWLS, COMMENCING SATURDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having found it necessary in order to accomodate their rapidly increasing business to make extensive alterations and improvements in their SHOW ROOMS, so as to give more space and greater facilities to their MANTLE, MILLINERY, AND Tailoring Departments,

Will commence on SATURDAY to sell all the remaining stock of Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Flowers, Feathers, Mantles Shawls, &c., at such prices as must effect a clearance before the alterations begin.

ANY price is better to us than keeping these goods over.

GREAT bargains given in other departments.

REMAINS of summer Goods all to be sold off.

SPECIAL inducements in Grey and White Cottons, Prints and Dress Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WANTED, A trustworthy young man who thoroughly understands the Grocery Trade, as Salesman. One speaking both languages preferable, and who can be well recommended. Apply at this Office, or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1432tf

JAMES PEACOCK, HATS! HATS HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS, Per "Scandinavian," THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED STAW AND FELT HATS In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

CARRATRACA WATER FROM PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring. JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

AUSTRALIA, Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to M MULLIN, & Co., Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 1441 6

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE —OF— *Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur*, Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Lemay's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses, barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 a-wk

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1640, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No, 21 to Station No. 1181 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1437 6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Custom House, City of London, Ontario.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tender for London Custom House," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 5th of SEMPTEMBER next, at noon, for the erection and completion of a

CUSTOM HOUSE AND EXAMINING WAREHOUSE,

In the City of London, Province of Ontario.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on and after the 24th instant, at the Department of the Minister of Public Works, City of Ottawa; and also at the office of William Robinson, Esq., Architect, City Hall, London, Ontario.

The Tenders to be submitted must be in one bulk sum, embracing all Trades and Classifications of Work and Material.

The names of two solvent, and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each Tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order (Signed.) F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1440 4

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL—SESSION 1780-'41.

FACULTY OF ARTS The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing the necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill College

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa "
" 97, " "
" 160, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE, ON THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensels, with a privelege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to JOHN R. ARNOLDI, Dept. Pub. Works. Or at No 4 Prince's Terrace.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer. Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443tf

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870, *OPEN TO THE WORLD,* Will be held in the CITY OF MONTREAL, —ON— TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 *to* $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE, Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1417td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at JOHN ROBERTSON'S, Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs, VS. THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL, Sheriff, County of Carleton. City of Ottawa,

Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL. No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET. LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN, ASSISTED BY *An Efficient Staff of Teachers.*

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 1870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA *WHITE BEANS,* At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

THE REV. J. MAY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, *QUEEN STREET,* Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX. *Room for one or two Boarders.*

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT CHEAP SALE. MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES AND SHAWLS, Have decided to offer the whole lot AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such Goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats. For 1s 3d.
Fashionable New Plait, For 1s. 6d.
Fashionable Cloth Jackets, For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS, In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO, 14 SPARKS STREET Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to MOSGROVE & TAILLON Or to KEARNS & RYAN On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chandiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to a call. Remember our motto, "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 25, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75 @	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50 @	6 75
No. 1	6 50 @	0 00
No. 2	6 00 @	6 50
Oats—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00 @	3 50
" Spring "	3 10 @	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00 @	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25 @	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00 @	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	2 00 @	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00 @	1 20
Spring " "	1 10 @	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65 @	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00 @	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 40 @	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25 @	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00 @	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00 @	00 00
Prime		none.
Pork (fresh)	0 00 @	[illegible]
Hams	0 13 @	[illegible]
Lard per 100 lbs	7 00 @	9 00
Butter per lb	0 18 @	0 00
Veal	0 05 @	0 07
Calves—each	3 0 @	5 00
Geese—each	0 45 @	0 00
Turkeys	0 75 @	1 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 75 @	1 00
Ducks	0 40 @	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20 @	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15 @	0 18
No 2	0 00 @	0 00
Eggs	0 13 @	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50 @	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75 @	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00 @	14 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00 @	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cable measure	0 00 @	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00 @	0 00
Tamarac	0 00 @	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00 @	00
Hides		
No. 1, Insp	7 00 @	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50 @	
No. 3, do do	5 50 @	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 00 @	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.....$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2s: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £152 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the close of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4336. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 7s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, because the value of vested bonuses, where such have been declared, accrues to the benefit of the assured, thus ensuring to the Assured the value of their interest in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $485 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HANNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of sauce, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 32v1z36 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON, President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1161tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Quinsy.—Dr. BIGNAN, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATION FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists: LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London. And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALINE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry, on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 1xw1m lawx6m

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street. 1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid.

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3td

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 1431f

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent,

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at	6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m. They have excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at	6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticocke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1415tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS THE BEST STAND ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1436-1m

Medical.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He hold SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c, &c, as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in lots, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. it preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. PRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 18th, 1870. 1410tf

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist Sparks street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations.

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285-8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Ottawa

TRADE MARK. GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS.

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 6 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to his universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price! twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C W Miller, of Brockville, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consession, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoovy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. UMBRELLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J.P., &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P. Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE.

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, See of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 6941f

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, to distinguishable from rheumatism by the suddenness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street. 1394 1

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney, 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1352 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1445. OTTAWA. FRIDAY AUGUST, 26, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...IGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. ...Durie's Book Store, Sparks street. ...Wright. 44w F. C. Clemow.

...G. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ...Ward, has removed his Chancery ...Law Chambers, opposite Russell House.

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ...Ottawa. 388y

...O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-... Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary, ...Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Im... opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

...GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ...Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ...Ottawa. 6utf John J. Gemmell.

...ARD T. BARTNELL, Barrister ...Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ...Peace and County Attorney, for the United ...of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ...House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

...& KIMBER, Barristers and ...at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...for the Provinces of Ontario ...Quebec. ...Buildings, Elgin street. ...Rene Edward Kimber.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ...Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ...Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

...& TAILLON, Barristers, ...Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ...Ottawa. 366tf George Taillon.

...Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ...lately occupied by Dr. Mal... ...Chambers, Ottawa. 1388y

...Physician, Surgeon, ...Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ...end of Sappers' Bridge. Office ...to 4 p. m. ...special attention given to the treatment of ...the EYE and EAR. At night can ...residence, Murray street.

...LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and ...Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—...Central Ottawa. 34...

...GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. ...Sparks-street opposite Magee & ... 476y

Hotels and Saloons.

...ELLY HOUSE, ...ARRINGTON-STREET, ...HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ...and transient boarders accommodated ...attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ...Court House and Public Offices, ST. ... ...HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...sample-room for commercial ... 859y

...QUEEN'S RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, ...of Rideau and Wellington-streets, opposite entrance to the Government Buildings. ...comprises all the requisites for a ... The House has been refitted ...throughout. The BAR contains ...Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every ...will be found on the table. The ...efforts will be directed to be comfortable patrons. ...Game etc., daily.

...METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

...UNION HOUSE, ...ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, ...OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

...CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, ...the table spread with ...DELICACY OF THE SEASON ...and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

...& Co., Land Surveyors, Land ...Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite ..., Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators ...Loan Co. R. Lang.

...BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—...Block, Sappers' Bridge. ...—S. Adams, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos. Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; ...Ottawa; Thos. Reynolds, Esq., ...Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

...Commission Merchant and ...Agent. Sole agent for Read's ...Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lager and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. ...Sparks Street, near the Russell ...C. W.

...SPECIFICATIONS, &c., ...for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

Educational.

...AND DEPORTMENT. ...Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...Dancing Classes will commence on ...the 22nd instant. ...particulars may be obtained on application ...Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

...TUNING.—The subscriber having ...to divide his time equally between ...Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ...and others, that he hopes, in future, ...their orders for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

For Sale or to Let.

...ACADEMY. ...SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral, ...of the Imperial Conservatory of ...Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-... 775y

...EDUCATION. ...MUTH COLLEGE. ...and Tuition per annum, $126. ...LADIES' COLLEGE ...by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. ...$136 per annum. ...The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., ...Particulars apply to Major Evans, ...

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED ☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

☞ *BY-WARD MARKET.*

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	......	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00	......	......	......	......	......
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	......	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00	......	......	......	......	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00	......	......	......	......	......
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	6.00	11.00	12.15	6.00	......	6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	7.30	......	4.30	8.00	11.30	......
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00	......	......	......	......	5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30	......	......	11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00	......	......	......	11.00	......
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	......	......	......	......	......	5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	......	12.30	......	11.30	......

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 a.m., to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.............. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To *Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.* CHICAGO, *Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.*

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.......... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the *OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,* IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 12 1870 1437t314

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

☞ SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey,
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine,
JAPANESE SILKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

☞ *It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.*

Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c., &c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c., &c.

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock READY MADE CLOTHING Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1390y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks. Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1400y

Steamers.

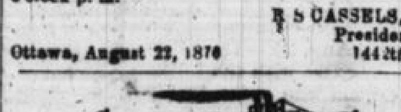
UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON," Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., downwards. The steamer "JASON GOULD" Will leave Pembroke at 2 p. m. The steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1443tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER *"QUEEN VICTORIA,"* CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER ☞ FAIRY ☜ CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including best patterns of DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO—

Every description of KITCHEN UTENSILS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS In Great Variety, Very Cheap, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER ☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes ☞
Blood Sil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitinge Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complelete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 28, Rideau Street.

[illegible] 1870.

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL.

Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,

WELLINGTON STREET,

MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made, by letter, addressed—Miss HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's, and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

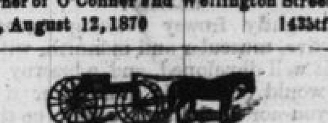
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1435tf



CENTRAL TOWN

LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MRS. ROWSELLS, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 3t

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-1f

And the Years Go By.

A child sleeps under a rose bush fair;
And the buds swell out in the sweet May air;
Sweetly it rests, and on dream wing flies
To play with the angels in Paradise,
And the years go by.

A maiden stands by the rose bush fair;
The dewy blossoms perfume the air;
She presses her hand to her throbbing breast
With Love's first wonderful rapture blest,
And the years go by.

Naked and lone stands the rose bush fair;
Whirled are its leaves in the autumn air;
Withered and dead they fall to the ground,
And silently cover a new made mound,
And the years go by.

WAR NOTES.

Cambridge University has subscribed a handsome sum for the wounded in the Franco-Prussian war.

The commandant at Metz, on account of a deficiency of food, drives away fugitives who throng into the city.

King William says he has pretty much made up his mind to sign peace with the Count de Paris.

All the French officials who received Prussian orders after the exhibition of 1867 have returned their insignia to King William.

The firemen have been enlisted as soldiers in Paris—the *Gaulois* says to the number of 100,000. They wear brass helmets and are armed.

Dr. Johannes Roessing has transmitted $50,000 collected among the Germans in New York city to the Central Station at Berlin to aid the defenders of Fatherland.

The peace force of a Prussian *corps d'armee* is in round numbers 25,000 men; on a war footing, 50,000; and with the Landwehr in, 100,000.

The Prussians have in arsenal a spare bran new Zundnadelgewehr, needle gun, for every soldier in the army of the North German Confederation.

The Red Hussars are the dandies of the Prussian army; next are Bismarck's White Cuirassiers—or rather were, since Schlettstadt wiped them out

The Prussian conscription *is* rigorous. It found a poor sailor sick in Dublin Hospital, and a parchment commanding his presence as soon as he could walk was laid on his bed.

Cardinal Cullen orders, by letter from Rome, that prayers be offered in the Catholic churches of Ireland for the success of the French arms. When the news reached Dublin the bands played the "Marseillaise" and "Garry Owen."

"We shall, perhaps, be beaten at first," said the Crown Prince as he went to the Rhine, "but, don't mind: we are quite sure to win in the end." He was wrong about the first part of his speech; how will it be with the last?

A correspondent of the *Cologne Gazette*, writing from Saarbruck, says that "Capt. Seton, an Englishman, and two other English officers, have come from Kreusnach, and have joined the 40th regiment of the Prussian army for the campaign.

The following Bavarian princes are named as taking part in the campaign:—Otho, brother to the King; Luitpold, uncle to the King, with his son Louis, Leopold, and Arnold; and Duke Emmanuel brother to the Empress of Austria.

Prince Murat has not yet returned to French army, but continues to pass between the Duke de Gramont and Mr. Gladstone, having already crossed the Channel several times. There is no doubt he is the bearer of negotiations which look for peace.

It was just after one week of defeats that Benedek fought Sadowa and lost. After just another one week of defeats Bazaine is ready for a supreme effort and may win. The 'Merkwurdiges Gluck," that "wonderful luck" to which King William ascribes Fritz's victory at Worth, may turn

In return for some incautious utterances by a German banker in Paris, the mob chalked on his door: "Death to the Prussians. Closed for an insult to France; will be reopened when Berlin is taken." This banker has retired from business. He does not see his way clear to a resumption on the terms proposed.

The blockade is damaging Hamburg to a very great extent. One thousand vessels are said by the merchants to be out of use, and the rope and sail-makers, mast and block manufacturers, ship builders, ship chandlers, sellers of nautical instruments, the biscuit, cheese, and dried meat dealers are on the brink of ruin.

A Prussian colonel stationed at Mayence thought it a fine thing to show how ready his command were for action by broiling them for hours under a fierce sun, from which little fancy five men died. That colonel is now drawing a subaltern's pay in Coblentz, the right to kill King William's troops being reserved to the French.

Russia wants to keep out of the war. She has just given orders in America for 1,000,000 breech-loaders, of which she has not more than 140,000 as yet. Krupp the great Prussian manufacturer was busy making guns for them, and they have no end of trouble with their new levies, who since the abolition of serfdom have become fainted with democratic and Socialist ideas, and are not so easily amenable to discipline.

The following declaration has been signed by 17 deputies, members of the Left, including Messrs. Sules Favre, Grevy, and Picard:—'The undersigned deputies have met at the Palais du Corps Legislatif. They demanding immediate arming of all the citizens of Paris. In the existing circumstances all France should be army and upstanding." The editors of the six ultra-Democratic journals of Paris subscribe and publish the following:—"France in invaded. The Democratic Press of Paris demand the immediate arming of all the citizens, the formation of a Defence Committee, composed in the first instance of the Deputies of Paris. Let all patriots arise and join us! The country is in danger?"

A correspondent says of the Bavarians: I believe them to be the broadest, heaviest, and most muscular soldiers in Europe; they are admirably armed, equipped, and mounted, and turn out in a style which can only be approached by crack English or Saxon regiments. They are moreover full of fight—an obstinate, stiff-necked, fierce tempered breed of athletes, terrible foes for the under-sized, half-developed French liners to encounter. Their cavalry and artillery are simply beyond praise. The Saxons, too, are glorious fellows; we all know how they fought in Bohemia four years ago in a hopeless cause, and how the Saxon division was the only one in Benedek's army that never lost a gun or a standard, although its losses in men were tremendous.

A ghastly though very practical little order has been published to the Prussian army. Every man of the regiments ordered into the fight has to wear round his neck, underneath his clothes, a ticket with a number corresponding to the one standing against his name in the lists, in order that he might be ascertained in case of death, without delay, while the officers are furnished with diaries containing their designations in French as well as in German. The soldiers have already found a name of their own for the above appendage. They call it the little death bell. It is indeed astonishing how quickly the army, high and low, have developed a special slang. To have got into good quarters is called to have gone "by first special," the reverse, "fourth class smoking carriage," and so forth. Few things indeed, are called by their right names, and if the humour of all this be small it keeps the men alive.

A correspondent at the front says of the Turcos serving in the French army: "The Turcos come to Europe with a reputation for daring and cruelty. They are mostly from the tribe of Kabyis, have brown, almost black faces, that never see soap, thick lips and protruding jaws, short cut hair, the head covered with a white turban. Their dress is a blue jacket with yellow trimmings, blue pump pantaloons, and a broad red girdle around the waist. They are said to be still armed with the old infantry rifle with sword bayonet. They bring with them a great number of pet animals, such as cats and dogs, the latter of which are of great size and trained to seize the bridles of the enemy's horse rushing with their masters into the battle, and are of great service to them. It has been related that some have tamed jackals with them. In Algeria these men are feared on account of their brutality and licentiousness; when drunk they are perfect brutes. They are the only Mohammedans whom a traveller says he ever saw drunk, and as the true Mussulman has a detestation of this vice, the Turcos are greatly despised among them."

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Madame Clara Shuman has been elected an honorary fellow of the Royal Academy of Music at Stockholm.

Mr. E. Ealconer will, it is said, open Her Majesty's Theatre with pantomine.

Dublin is to have another theatre. Mr. C. G. Phipps designs this new temple of Thespis, and it is to be named the Gaiety.

The London rehearsals for the Birmingham Festival will take place the first week in August, at St. George's Hall.

Mr. Fechter is in London, where he remains till autumn. He will then return to the Boston Theatre, where he is engaged at a salary of £400 per week.

The political events of 1848 drove to this country many musical refugees, among whom were Molique, Billet, Halle, Schloesser, and Chopin. More than one German musician now in London is liable to serve in the ranks of Prussia.

The Professors of the Royal Academy of Music presented a congratulatory address on Sunday last to Dr. Sterndale Bennett (the principal) on the honor lately conferred on art through him by the University of Oxford.

Muskoka district continues to receive a large proportion of those in search of pleasure, or free grant lands.

Signor Francesco Coletti, the best modern writer of Italian farces, has just published, at Milan, a collection of his farces in two volumes, which afford the reader nearly as much amusement as if they were being acted before him; such genuine fun and humour are to be found in these pages.

The arrival of Abbe Liezt at Leipzig was a great festival for the numerous artists of this most artistical town. He goes from there to the Ober-Ammergau to witness the religious plays, and then to Munich, to see the "Walkyrie."

The first engagement at Saarbruck revived in the French bosom the memories of Austerlitz, Marengo, and Solferino. Here is the style in which a Paris journalist speaks of the affair: "We left Forbach at 9 a.m. At 10 the last soldiers of Frossard's *corp d'armee* passed through the town. We followed, and waited for the Imperial train. France, we felt, was about to give Prussia a first lesson in arms. We saw deserted houses and villages. The Emperor and Prince Imperial reached Forbach at 10.30. At 11.30 we entered Prussia, the columns deploying by divisions. We heard firing in the distance. The Emperor passed and was cheered. 'Sire,' said a soldier, 'nous sommes chez nous ici!' The Emperor was radiant, and the Prince Imperial answered. 'Oui! oui!' Marshal Leboeuf unstiffened a little. The arrival of the Emperor and Prince produced an immense effect on the troops. The Prince had his handkerchief protecting the back of his neck, just like an old soldier of Africa. Charming child, of whose bravery the whole army have had such striking proofs. The roar of cannon is heard. The Prussians have occupied the strong plateau which protects the town. The Emperor and the Prince go to the front. March! A battery passes by Hurrah! At 12.22 the mitrailleuse arrive. Their passage create enthusiasm in the army, which salutes them as strangers whose reputation is made. Whole battalions fall before them, struck down as by lightning. The Prussians fly. We burn Saarbruck. We burn the wood. At one o'clock the plateau of Belleville is ours. All Saarbruck is taken," &c., &c.

PRUSSIAN RETICENCE.

It is a singular coincidence that Prussia advanced into France in precisely the same order, and under the same commanders, as she advanced into Austria, viz: The Crown Prince commanding her left wing, Prince Frederick Charles commanding her centre, and General von Bittenfield leading her right. One of the unexplained facts of this campaign thus far is that no official despatches received relate to the movements of von Bittenfield, who was expected to advance on Sierck and Thionville. A solitary newspaper despatch states that these places have been taken, and would lead us to believe that von Bittenfield was, perhaps, the first to place his troops in the vicinity of Metz. But no official despatches even mentioned his name. The exceeding reticence of the Prussian despatches is one remarkable feature of the campaign. We know the location of each French Corps by its number and General. But of the Prussians we know almost nothing, save that certain forward movements were executed, and their general result. Even the results are confined to the simple statement which army conquered, and what captures were made. How many and what Prussian forces were engaged, how many they lost in killed or maimed, is almost entirely concealed. In case of the right wing of the Prussian army, it is probable that the veteran General von Bittenfield carries military reticence to the extreme, by leaving the public to read of his exploits when the war is over. The Crown Prince and Prince Frederick Charles may need fame for political purposes, but a Prussian General *per se* is not supposed to know that there is a public. His business is exclusively with the enemy.

Dr. Holland is to edit *Hours at Home.* Newspaper men have to edit hours at the office.

Some one, some time ago, seeing two or three eminent lawyers gathered together on a spot supposed to be likely chosen as the site of the new law courts, said that they had met there "to view the ground where they must shortly lie."

The Nawab of Chawulpore has presented 10,000r. to the Punjab University College, and the Raja of Jhind 5,000r for the purpose of founding scholarships, to be called "Duke of Edinburgh scholarships," in order to commemorate the visit of that prince to the Punjab.

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Beg to inform the trade of the Ottawa District that they have opened a

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

WAREHOUSE

IN

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE

RUSSELL HOUSE.

And are now receiving and opening large shipments by sailing vessels, "Lake Erie," "Lake Superior," "Cherokee," "Medora," and steamers "Austrian," "St. Patrick," "Peruvian," and others.

Their Stock will be complete in a few days.

Special attention given to Canadian manufacturers.

Wholesale agents for the sale of Cornwall Blankets.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August 21, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Wholesale Warehouse—Magee & Russell.
Second Annual Exhibition of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Chimney Corner—W. J. Marshall.
Life Association of Scotland—J. T. & W. Pennock.
Auction Sale of Imported Stock—A. Rowe.
Caution—Cornwall Blankets.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell left town yesterday on a tour of inspection in the Maritime Provinces.

Col. Robertson Ross, Adjutant General of Militia, will inspect the depot of the Ontario and Quebec Battalions in Kingston on Saturday next. The Picton Volunteers will be inspected on Tuesday next.

Several applications having been made for the appointment of chaplain to the two depot companies of the North West expedition stationed at Kingston, we learn that the government have decided that as every opportunity is afforded in Kingston for the attendance on religious services of the men belonging to these companies, at the churches of the denominations with which they are respectively connected, no chaplain will be appointed at Kingston.

It is with no small amount of pain that we have to announce the death of Joshua Smith, Esq., a gentleman whose name has been associated with the Ottawa lumber business since the year 1844. Mr. Smith was born in Tipperary, Ireland, and then when quite young emigrated to Canada with his father, the late Isaac Smith, Esq. The latter gentleman was well and favorably known among the excellent class of which he was a portion, who in the early days of Ottawa were the foremost to battle their way to order among those whose ways were those of rapine and murder. Isaac Smith, Esq., came to Canada with ample means, and the entire of the Ottawa community will bear testimony that his heritage of six sons to his adopted home was such as 'few gentlemen of any country can boast of.' Of these the eldest, and one of the most popular, was the late Joshua Smith, Esq.; his every acquaintance was a friend. The name of Joshua Smith has been associated with the lumber trade ever since the year 1844, when as a youth, young Joshua Smith commenced in the timber making business. He brought a raft to Quebec with a retired lumber merchant of this city, and has since been intimately connected with the trade of this section of Canada.

Mr. Smith always manifested a public spirit well worthy of his honored parent. His donations in money for benefits to the public, and his useful promotion of all matters which tended to good progress, either commercial or agricultural, are of sufficiently recent record as to make it unnecessary for us to recall them.

Possessed of the qualities of a true gentleman—the affability of maner belonging to a generous nature, coupled with the spirit with which the pioneers of this part have ever been inspired, Mr. Smith sank to his grave while in preparation for another winter's campaign in the flush of life, being only in his fiftieth year.

He leaves none but friends among those who knew him.

BREECH-LOADING RIFLES.

Now that we are beginning to receive by mail some intelligible accounts of the battles of Worth and Weissenburg, we are able to form some idea of what really took place, and to trace the success of the Prussians to its proper causes. The battle of Worth, as described by those who were present on the field, seems to have been contested with desperate courage, and the defeat of the French is attributable, not to any superior valour on the part of their enemies, nor entirely to the force of overpowering numbers, but rather to the fact of the Prussian troops being thoroughly *au fait* in breech-loader drill, and to their steady and well-directed firing. The improvements which have, of late years, been made in artillery and small arms, and more especially the invention of breech-loading rifles, have rendered coolness and steady discipline of more account than ever, and have made that fiery impetuous heroism, which has ever distinguished French troops, of less value. The man who from sheer force of habit and discipline is able to take cool deliberate aim and make every shot tell, is of course more than a match for one who though firing two shots to his one, shoots wildly and without taking proper aim. From what we read we gather that the French soldiers fired, on an average, at least twice as many shots as their opponents. As soon as the word was given they commenced to blaze away with their Chassepots with wonderful rapidity, actually in some cases exhausting their supply of ammunition before the cooler Germans began to reply. The latter, on the other hand, waited until they were sure that their adversaries were within range, and then going through every movement with the same steadiness as though they were on parade, they took aim with every shot that they fired, "loading deliberately and firing very low" as one correspondent expresses it, until the foremost ranks of the French columns were literally annihilated by the weight of fire.

The lesson which this fact teaches should not be lost upon us. It is one that has often been preached in Canada, and the experience of the present war already proves its truth. Every Canadian who really loves his country and desires to see its freedom preserved, should endeavour as far as possible to become familiarized with the use of the breech loading rifle. It is not only necessary that he should know how to load and fire it, but that he should become thoroughly accustomed to doing so in certain regular time, so that when he is called upon to exercise his skill as a marksman against an enemy, the force of drill and habit will overcome the tendency to shoot wildly and rapidly, which is one of the natural mistakes which a young soldier is liable to make when first he finds himself under fire. Nothing should be left undone that can be done in the way of encouraging rifle shooting among all classes of our people. Much has already been done in this direction, and Canada to-day can probably boast some of the finest marksmen in the world, men who would scarcely find a superior even at a meeting of English "cracks" at Wimbledon. But it is of little real service to the country to possess a few splendid shots if the great mass of the people are not also trained to a knowledge of rifle shooting. We have always considered that, for this very reason, at our various rifle meetings men who have won prizes in public matches should be "weighted," that is compelled to give a point or two to less skilful competitors. Now, before a rifle match comes off in a district it is pretty generally understood by whom the prizes will be won, because the relative merits of the various contestants are so well known. This being the case, young inexperienced riflemen do not care to enter the lists because they know they have little chance of winning. The object of rifle matches is not to turn out a few crack shots, but to render the yeomanry of Canada as formidable marksmen as the archers of England were five hundred years ago, and to make every man accustomed to the use of the rifle; to teach him to fire steadily and never to fire without taking aim, and so become competent, if ever he should be called upon to do so, to do something in the defence of Fatherland.

MR. McGILLIVRAY AND THE "CITIZEN."

The *Citizen* is somewhat refreshingly cool in taking us to task for what it terms "a coarse personal attack on a prominent merchant of this city." We merely suggested that one of our wealthiest commercial men, E. McGillivray, Esq., should avail himself of the opportune moment to render up some $2,000, which it is generally understood had been promised by him for some charitable purpose. The *Citizen* having undertaken his defense, we shall make a statement of the facts having connection with the $2,000.

At the last general election Mr. McGillivray forced himself on the electors of Ottawa, as a candidate for the representation of the city in the House of Commons in the Conservative interest. R. W. Scott, Esq., who was really the choice of the Conservatives, withdrew in consequence of certain declarations made by parties in Mr. McGillivray's interest. In consequence, Mr. Currier, who probably would not have opposed Mr. Scott, took the field, we presume, in order to save the city from the disaster of being represented by this "prominent merchant." A brisk canvass followed, and numbers of conservatives gave Mr. McGillivray a hearty support, when to their surprise and disgust, three days after the nomination, and when it was impossible for the conservatives to find another candidate, he retired from the contest for the consideration of two thousand dollars. It may be remembered that the indignation of his supporters scarcely knew bounds; his name was associated with terms of abuse among the masses, while others treated his unqualified baseness with the scorn it deserved. Mr. McGillivray not being able to stand the storm of indignation on one hand, and the stream of scorn on the other, gave it to be understood through the Hon. James Skead, that he would devote the two thousand dollars to some charitable use. We merely wish to remind Mr. McGillivray that a more fitting time could not be chosen than the present to fulfil that promise; and as "charity covereth a multitude of sins," not only would unpleasant memories be to some extent buried, but something in the way of atonement would be made to an abused public in the return of goods not over well-gotten. As long as he retains that bounty-money, so long will the public remember the "bargain, and sale" of the last election, and so long will every honest journalist, as a public servant, respond to the public wish by holding up both the person, and the act perpetrated by him to public notice, as an instance wherein their generous confidence was too easily given, and afterwards most foully betrayed. We are glad that the *Citizen* has taken up the matter in Mr. McGillivray's behalf, and that "a change has come o'er the spirit of its dream. And now that a respectable journal has espoused his cause, we would like to ask it to state in plain terms whether it considers that the $2,000 to which we have alluded, belong of right, to Mr. McGillivray, or to the people of Ottawa.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

We are glad to find that the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society are not disheartened by the calamity which has lately fallen upon the agricultural community in this vicinity, and that they propose holding their annual Exhibition upon the 21st, 22nd and 23rd of September. We hope that they will receive all possible support from the public, so that thus they may be enabled to go on and prosper in the work of affording encouragement to all the good farmers of the neighborhood.

MR. ALFRED PERRY.

Mr. Alfred Perry has long been well known in Montreal for the energy and distinguished courage which he has on many occasions displayed in battling with the flames in that city. As soon as he heard of the danger in which we were placed, he immediately came to our assistance as fast as a special train could carry him, and remained with us until all immediate danger was over. But when he returned to Montreal he did not forget us, or the sufferings of our neighbors in the burnt districts, as we find by the following appeal which appears in the Montreal papers of yesterday:

Having just returned from Ottawa, I cannot refrain from appealing to the public of Montreal on behalf of the sufferers in the country around that city. Upwards of 200 families, most of them farmers, have been burnt out in the circuit I visited, and most of them have lost their all. Buildings, crops, fences, stock—all gone; and in several cases, the father or some member of the family has perished.

These destitute families have no horses or carriages to bring them into Ottawa; and if they had, the bridges are burned. They are crowding under any kind of shelter they can find, but are, in most cases, destitute of food and clothing. The most prompt assistance will be necessary to save lives, especially of the children. What is most urgently wanted is clothing, and anything in this line would be most valuable to them.

Providentially the potatoe fields are safe, and will afford the means of preserving life in the way of food; but no supplies of clothing can be obtained except from cities.

The corporation and citizens of Ottawa and vicinity are doing nobly, putting forth the most energetic efforts and subscribing most liberally; but they cannot and must not be left to shoulder the whole burden. Montreal ought to send in a supply of second-hand clothing—children's clothing and women's being most urgently needed—at once, addressed to Mr. Currier, M. P., of Ottawa, President of the Central Committee.

All who wish to help in this time of urgent need may send in their parcels to the Mechanics' Institute, where I will receive and pack them and send them off at once.

ALFRED PERRY.

Wednesday Afternoon.

ILLUSIONS DISSIPATED.

The Toronto *Telegraph*, with that commendable enterprise which ever distinguishes it, has sent a special correspondent to the seat of war. We take the following extracts from his last letter. In speaking of the King of Prussia he says:

THE KING'S APPEARANCE.

Will you have romance or reality? Shall I give you a fancy sketch of the King, as a hero in appearance, stalwart and upright, a noble countenance, "an eye like Mars to threaten and command," and all that; or will you have the truth? The truth, sir! Very well, you shall have it, and you too madam, though I may disturb some ideal you may have set up! The King is seventy-two years of age, and looks it. He is feeble with an assumption of strength. His figure has a tendency to corpulency, a certain flabby look in his face. He sits upright enough, and, if report is to be credited, he owes a good deal of his military carriage to padding and stays. He has a pale blue eye, and a puffy white moustache over a loose irresolute mouth, and, is disconnected from his royalty, a "very weak old man." This is the naked truth, I have pierced the "divinity that doth hedge a King," and presented you with his portrait.

Of the Vivandieries he says the usual idea we form of these females is:

A dainty little body with a hat cocked with charming naivete on one side of a roguish looking face, sparkling eyes, lips that 'would tempt eternity of kissing,' a little waist that would tempt the arm of an anchorite to twine round it, and little feet in silken hose and red laced boats—*Charmant!*

REALITY.

A slightly frowsy looking woman of forty-five, muscular and mannish, with the biceps well developed, and a brawny hand that would (and will) administer a blow that you nor I would not care to be the recipient of, a broad-brimmed straw hat tied down with a red handkerchief, a brown serge gown, and boots, oh dear—rather large and heavy for a negro minstrel to try a break down in. But, good old soul, the army would fare ill without her and such as her; many a dying soldier's head she has supported on her broad bosom, and received their last "God bless you!" Amen, say I, and rough and uncouth as you are, my old dame, youare a more fitting associate of grim old Bellt, than my dainty Lydias and Paulines!

Austria is making immense preparations for war. It will soon have assembled a well-organized and well-armed corps of 140,000, which will be placed under the command of the Archduke Albert, whose sympathy with France is well-known.

The Revenue of the Suez Canal Company in November and December, 1869, was £12,677. In the first six months of this year the receipts of the undertaking were as follows: January, £10,323; February, £13,629; March, £25,904: April, £15,088; May, £19,479; and June, £32,685. The receipts of the first three months of this year were thus $49,856, while in the second three months they were £67,252, showing an increase of nearly 40 per cent. in the latter period.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—The *Figaro* of this afternoon contains the following: A person who arrived from the vicinity of Epurney this evening states that he was informed there that the Prussians were defeated to-day between Verdun and Chalons.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—There is a great deal of excitement in this city this afternoon over the rumor in the Stock Exchange that the Prussian army under the Crown Prince had been defeated by the French under Marshal McMahon. This rumor, although occasioning the wildest excitement, can be traced to no reliable source.

The city of Hamburg is filled with corpses.

The French iron-clads are blockading Cruxhaven. There are three merchant steamers supposed to be prizes.

Belgium intimates that the complaints of the French that the Prussian wounded are allowed to cross Belgium territory is a mere pretext of intended violation of soil.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—The *Figaro* has just issued an extra with the following news:

A person who arrived in Paris at eight o'clock to-night, coming from Epernay, reports he heard in that city that the Prussians were defeated to-day between Verdun and Chalons. Groups of Prussian stragglers, cavalry and infantry were coming into Chalons. The combat commenced this morning at three o'clock, and the news reached Chalons and Epernay at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Nothing definite is stated as to the number of men engaged, but according to the rumor the entire army of Prince Charles was in the fight.

A despatch from Rheims on the 23rd says it was supposed the armies of McMahon and Bazaine had effected a junction, and supported by a quadrilaterial composed of the fortresses of Mont Medy, Verdun, Thionville and Metz, would await an attack.

It is not expected any important engagement would occur within two days.

The Emperor quitted Courseles last night and goes to Berne, in the canton of Rheims. Yesterday the Imperial headquarters were at Chalons.

The defence of Toul by the National Guard and the Garde Mobile is described as very gallant.

At St. Marie aux-Chenes Marshal Canrobert threw himself before his troops, and after a sharp sword combat with a Prussian officer, drove the enemy back.

It is said the garrison at Brussels have received orders to march to the frontier immediately.

BERLIN, August 25, 7 p. m.—The Prussian *Moniteur* states that King William's headquarters are removed from Pont a Mousson to Bar Le Duc.

The headquarters of the 1st and 2nd armies are near Metz, while other corps continue to march on Paris.

The Belgian Minister here says the journals have received authority from his Government to positively contradict the statement that the passage of wounded Prussians through Belgian territory had been permitted or attempted.

ROME, August 25.—The *Osservator Romano*, a journal favorable to the Prussian cause, has been threatened with violence by the soldiers of the Pontifical army, unless it speedily alters its tone.

More Prussian ships were arrested yesterday, while taking plans of the work along the river. Some others were also arrested here, and some detached with McMahon's army.

Remittance has been received from Dublin to aid the wounded.

The Empress asknowledges the contributions in a note, in which she says the offering to the wounded French is received with gratitude. The generous sentiments which have inspired this act and your wishes for success of our arms and happiness of the Imperial family, have profoundly touched His Majesty.

Prussian troops closely surround Strasbourg yet the government treasurer managed to escape with twelve million francs.

A Prussian colonel has written to Emile Grarden, offering a wager that he will be in Paris by the 15th of September, Garden publishes the letter and accepts the wager.

An official warning is given that the Minister of the Interior will be forced to apply the law regulating the press with the utmost rigor if certain journals, in spite of the representations made to them by the Government, continue to publish the full details of the movements of the troops, the state of the fortifications, and the composition of the army.

The national loan has closed, more than the amount required having been subscribed.

At a Council of Ministers held here yesterday, Gen Wimpfen, who has recently been operating against rebels in Algeria, was appointed to command a corps.

The Council is now composed of Ministers Rouher, Schneider, Persigny, Baroille and Trochu.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Paris is utterly without news from the seat of war.

Entrenchments around Metz are completed.

It is believed that a deputation of the Corps Legislatif has gone to the Emperor to demand his abdication.

LONDON, August 25.—Prince Felix Salm Salam, Major in the Prussian guard, distinguished for services in American and Mexican wars, was killed in the battle of the 18th, at Gravelotte.

ATHENS *via* LONDON, August 25th.—The Prussian ship *Velladen* was captured by a French man-of-war and taken into Sierra.

It is said that a French ironclad towed two prizes into Cherbourg yesterday.

MADRID, Aug. 25.—A Carlist movement is reported in Aragon, in the neighborhood of Uscha. Troops are sent there.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The weekly returns of the Bank of England show an increase of bullion of 207,000 pounds sterling.

Latest advices from China says, the French negociations at Teintsin for the satisfaction of recent outrages were suspended.

The French demanded that the three Manderines implicated in the massacre be given up, to be shot, but the Chinese were willing to surrender only one.

A scout of the Prussian army have made their appearance at Chalons-sur-Marne and also St. Mehelband.

PARIS, August 25.—The journals of last evening demand to know what action will be taken by the French Government, now that Belgium has permitted the violation of her neutrality by Prussians.

LONDON, August 25.—Preparation for the seige of Metz seem formidable.

Entrenchments proceed with great activity.

Paris papers are persuading themselves that Bazaine is realizing a deep laid stratagem.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The Pope reports his denial of the story that he congratulated Prussia on her success.

Meetings have been held in Liverpool, Coventry, and other places, to raise funds for the wounded.

All newspaper correspondents have been dismissed from the Prussian headquarters.

The Emperor Napoleon has declined the services of 500 Irish auxiliaries tendered by James Stephens.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

First Naval Engagement—A Running Fight of Three Hours—The Prussian Gunboats' Guns Harmless Against French Iron-Clads—The Bombardment of Pfalzbourg.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The *Tribune's* special correspondence from Hamburg on Monday, gives an account of the first naval engagement of the war. On the morning of the 17th inst., the German despatch boat *Grille* started out of the bay of Rugen to reconnoitre the position and strength of the French ships of war, whose arrival in the neighborhood had been reported, although nobody had yet seen them. After proceeding out to within sight of the Danish island of Moen, the *Grille* at length discovered the tall masts of the squadron, consisting of seven iron-clad frigates and several smaller vessels, and approached until within three thousand paces. The French opened fire and directed several broadsides at the little craft, at the same time giving chase every now and then, lying-to to fire a few shots at her pursuers from her two rifled twelve-pounders in answer to the guns of the fleet. She lured them to follow her as far as Posthouse, at Whitton, where the three gunboats *Drache*, *Blitz* and *Salamander* were lying, which, on hearing the report of the cannonading, immediately got up steam and weighed anchor to stand by their consort.

The Commodore of the little squadron made signal to the commander of each gunboat to attack the enemy at his own discretion, which produced loud cheers, and they all steamed out ready for action with the superior force of the enemy. After a running fight of three hours, the gunboats finding their guns were harmless against the plated sides of the iron-clads, returned to the protection of their shore and batteries. Several shots from the gunboats hit their mark, and shells from the *Salamander* were seen to explode on the deck of one of the ships, and must have done some damage to the men at their guns. The German flotilla suffered no losses whatever, though it might have been very different had any of the heavy 28 centimetre shells, fired from the French ships, taken effect and exploded on the deck of the gunboats. The latter, filled up their stock of ammunitions and coals at Stralsund, returned to their station in the outer roads, where they are on outpost duty.

The special correspondent of the *Tribune* at the head-quarters of the Crown Prince, describes the bombardment of Pfalsburg on the 14th:—"I tell no secret when I say that the German attack was made with field artillery, and that a great many of their light guns have been brought into position for work.

The capture of Pfalsburg is an important matter for the Crown Prince, but not important enough to make his army wait for heavy seige guns.

The Prussian tactics are to push forward, masking fortresses that are encountered on the way, and leaving a few battalions to watch them; but in this case the chances have seemed so to favor the probability of Pfalsburg being unprepared for serious resistances.

LONDON, August 25.—Strasbourg is well defended. According to the *Telegraph's* correspondent the defensive fire had destroyed all property within range of the guns.

The French armies are now well supplied with provisions of all kinds.

Paris letters say the great fear of the Prussians is that some success of the French arms may enable the Emperor to regain Paris.

The French authorities will only treat for peace beyond the Rhine.

Le Liberte says the siege of Paris is improbable now.

The following official despatch from Berlin has just been received:—

The Government has received a despatch dated Bar Le Duc, last evening, to the effect that Chalons has been evacuated by the French, and that the Prussian column is west of Chalons, advancing rapidly.

PARIS, August 24—midnight.—It is reported that the Prussians are at Sesanue to-day, 65 miles from Paris.

Prince Royal is reported at Nancy.

Le Patrie repeats that the Prussians were defeated in the battle of Sunday.

A Visit to Ottawa.

The correspondent of the Burlington *Free Press and Times* gives the following account of a visit to this city:—

"A cloud of haze and smoke hid Ottawa from view till we were close upon it, when the tall towers of the Parliament Houses could be seen looming faintly through the haze. The road skirts the bank of the Rideau river, as it nears the city, and crosses that and the Rideau Canal, which connects Ottawa with Kingston, on Lake Ontario, 125 miles to the South West.

We arrived at Ottawa about noon, and were driven to the Russell House—a large and handsomely appointed hotel, with modern conveniences, and excellently kept by Mr. J. A. Gouin,—where a bath and a lunch contributed to the general serenity, and prepared us for a stroll to the Government buildings near by. These are the finest structures in Canada, and among the very finest on the Continent. They are of cream colored sandstone, relieved with lines and arches of a reddish stone. They are massive and rich in exterior ornamentation, and are truly magnificent in size, proportions, and architectural beauty. The interiors we found less imposing, the halls of the Senate and Commons looking too much like chapels, and the passage ways often lacking breadth and elegance.

The Canal Meeting took place at one o'clock in the City Hall, an old affair which cannot be very highly praised for beauty, size, or convenience. But the city is going to mend it shortly with a new one. The meeting is elsewhere reported, and need not be further described. It made an evident sensation among the citizens of Ottawa who are interested in the prosperity of their city, and will doubtless bear fruit in time, for its grand object.

After the meeting we took carriages for a drive through the city and to the great mills on Victoria Island and across the river at Hull, which is really but a suburb of Ottawa. Those of us who had never seen Ottawa were agreeably surprised by the evidences of thrift and growth, in which it surpasses any other Canadian city of its size. It contains now (including Hull) about 25,000 inhabitants, and long blocks of stores show that it is the centre of a large and thriving trade. We saw it however, in not the most favorable light. Indeed, it seemed as if all light was about to depart, from inability to pierce the clouds of mingled dust and smoke which filled the air. Sweeping fires were raging in the woods around the city. The wind blew in strong gusts. The sun looked like a dull red water against the sky. Its rays reached the earth below only in a kind of yellow murky and depressing twilight, which suggested hurricanes, pestilence and devastion. The smoke brought smarting and tears to every eye. The dust filled every hole in every countenance. The citizens said they had never known anything like it, and it was easy to believe them.

At such a time it was of course difficult to enjoy the view of the magnificent Chaudiere Falls, where the entire waters of the Ottawa roll over a precipice of forty feet, into a basin hollowed in the seamed and crumbling rocks; and without stopping we passed over a fine suspension bridge to Victoria Island, which is covered with immense gang saw mills, which cut into boards the logs which are floated hither by the million from the vast lumber tracts of the upper Ottawa. Several of these are six-gang mills, each gang consisting of twenty-five to thirty saws, which take two logs at a time and cut them into boards in little less time than it takes us to tell about it. We found the men engaged in wetting down the yards with hose and force pumps—one of the mills having already been on fire from sparks blown from the burning woods, and considerable apprehensions of danger prevailing.

Passing over the river, we examined with great interest the mill of E. B. Eddy. Mr. Eddy is a Vermonter, who started a match factory in Burlington fourteen years ago; had to fight suits on some of his patents, and finally gave up the effort to establish his business at Burlington. He now owns and runs a match factory, pail factory, and saw mills, which give employment to *fourteen hundred hands*, and brings him in a small fortune every year. He is much respected, and is one of the most enterprising and worthy of the Americans who are building up the prosperity of Ottawa. The visit to these immense mills gave us new views of the extent of the lumber trade of the Ottawa. We had supposed that if Canada had any difficulty it was not in its lumber region; but after inspecting these mighty mills, we could easily understand the possibility of a stricture from the inadequacy of the existing avenues of transportation, and the need of the Caughnawaga canal to bring relief.

At 6 o'clock the Directors of the canal company and the delegates from New England, nearly forty in number, were the guests of the citizens of Ottawa, at a dinner at the Russell House. As there had been a good deal of talking done in the afternoon, set speeches were omitted. The entertainment was a handsome one, and the interchange of social feeling pleasant and doubtless profitable.

Next morning the party started for home by way of the Ottawa river. We took the good steamer *Victoria* at 7 o'clock; had breakfast on board, received many courtesies from Capt. Bowie, the genial commander of the *Victoria*, and as we steamed down the river we found grateful relief from the smoke and dust, which gave such pungency to our visit in Ottawa. The Ottawa is among the largest of the lordly rivers of Canada, and the ride down to Montreal was full of interest; but our space fails us for to-day.

The Caughnawaga Canal.

From the Burlington (Vt.) Free Press.

A full report of the meeting in aid of the Caughnawaga Ship Canal, held at the Capital of the Dominion of Canada on Wednesday last, will be found in our columns to-day. It was an important meeting because the enterprise it was intended to aid is a most important one; and also because it is important that two neighboring peoples like those of Canada and of the United States, should understand each other; should see eye to eye in matters of common interest; and should live in peace and mutual good will. To such harmony and mutual good understanding such meetings as this, which might almost have been called an international one, from the number and weight of the interest represented from the two countries, cannot but contribute largely. The tone and spirit of the meeting can be gathered from the report. The necessity for the canal grows in the mind of every man whose attention is drawn to the subject. We copy and endorse the words of the Ottawa *Daily Times*, in its comments on the meeting. It says:

Enough has been written and said to convince any one, even the most skeptical, of the advantages which the construction of the Caughnawaga Canal would confer upon Ottawa and its vicinity. They are so obvious as to be impossible to dispute, and in fact they are generally admitted by all. But the people of Ottawa must not suppose that they can quietly sit by and see the enterprise carried out by large capitalists only without lending a helping hand. It is true that some of our large manufacturers and dealers are the men who are most directly interested in the matter, but still it must be borne in mind that anything which promotes the prosperity is certain to conduce to the welfare of the entire community also. If a man cannot afford to take a large number of shares in the enterprise, let him do what he can, remembering that every share taken helps to bring nearer the day when the work shall be accomplished.

We cannot conclude without again expressing the gratification we have felt in seeing so many American gentlemen of recognized position among us, and taking part in an enterprise which we trust may confer benefits upon them as well as upon us, and form one more link in the commercial union which ought to exist between the two countries.

With the substitution of Burlington for Ottawa the advice of our Ottawa contemporary is as good for this community as for that to which it was addressed, and it may well be extended indeed, to almost every New England centre of trade.

THE BATTLE OF WORTH.

Scene on the battle field—Over a hundred thousand men engaged A French and a German account.

The correspondent of an Englishh paper who was with the Prussian army at the battle of Worth gives the following account of the conflict:

"The swift and skilful movement against Wissemburg, resulting in complete success to the German arms, was but a fortaste of the storm which threatened the Northern part of Alsace. On the second day after that of Wissemburg came the battle of Worth, and the Crown Prince gained a victory over the ablest General in France. It is admitted that the French fought with reckless courage, and that they inflicted heavy loss on their opponents; but the fact of this hard fighting and of this heavy loss shows how serious a defeat was sustained by McMahon.

"I traversed the field while the dead still lay unburied on the trampled ground, and I could form a good notion of how the fight had gone by the ghastly evidences which remained. Worth is at the bottom of a fertile valley, between two ridges of cultivated ground. There is much of wooded land in the neighborhood; and especially behind the French position or the western side of the valley, there is a strip of forest which forms a cover for retreating troops.

"The little river Bruder, not big enough in summer time to float a skiff, flows through the village, and a highroad comes winding down toward the village on the eastern side of the valley, flanked by trees. Here was the Prussian position. Stretching far to right and left along this road were heaps of spiked helmets to be seen; and cart loads of needle-guns were collected under the trees. At a distance the French musketry fire had told more heavily than the German; and I heard that the French artillery had been very well served.

"But though the burying parties were busy with the German dead on the eastern side of Worth, there was more than an exchange of slaughterous work on the western side. Here the Prussians and Bavarians had pushed forward in strong force, and their fire had told fearfully upon the French. The high spirit and rigid discipline of the one army had been more than a match for the desperate resistance of the other. Whole companies of Frenchmen had been mowed down in their wild attempts to check the enemy's advance. It had been a tolerably equal fight in some place, for the ground was strewed with German dead; but more and more Frenchmen had fallen in proportion. Black Turcos and wide-trousered Zouaves lay thick at many points, and the cuirassiers had had suffered much. There were steel breast-plates and brass helmets scattered thickly on the line of retreat, while the dead horses in all directions might be counted by hundreds.

"And so westward through the wood went the traces of increasing disaster; officers and men lying grimly where they had fallen. Some in quiet, shady spots, as though upon a picnic, seemed asleep. Pools of blood remained where the wounded had been found. There were knapsacks, rifles, and overcoats, either thrown away in flight or left by the wounded on the field. Then I came upon a spot where the French had rallied and where the dead of both sides lay thick. Turcos were there who had evidently fought to the last and had tried to fire their pieces as they lay. Frenchmen of the line regiments had here and there fallen in numbers, as though they had halted and faced about in regular order.

"But the aspect of the fields beyond the wood seemed to indicate a hasty retreat. Wagons were overturned. Baggage was thrown out upon the roadside, and many knapsacks were to be seen. No one who had passed over that battle-ground of Worth when I did could have failed to realise that a great disaster had befallen the French arms, though my observations were made when most of the wounded had been removed.

"On so large a scene of action it would have been impossible to judge of the exact loss sustained. I see no reason, however, to doubt the official return on the German side, which gives about 10,000 Frenchmen and 7,000 Germans *hors du combat*, and about 7,000 prisoners taken by the victors—4,000 in the battle, and 3,000 in the pursuit. These losses, with the further loss of cannon and colors, made the battle of Worth an evil day for France. Well might the wounded Germans raise themselves to cheer the Crown Prince as he passed, and cry that Germany was safe.

THE FRENCH ACCOUNT.

The battle of Worth is described with great spirit by the special correspondent of the Paris *Figaro*, who, in despite of the Ollivier-Leboeuf order against army correspondents, determined to dare the perils of provost-marshal or Prussian bullet, and, in the true spirit of a special, to set down what he saw.

It had been supposed that McMahon would cross the river at or above Strasbourg, but, for reasons of which, good or bad, I know nothing, the Duke de Magenta had made no step towards crossing into Germany, but, either from choice or necessity, waited to be stirred up in his lair. News had come in which decided him to move down to Worth by way of Haguenau. Although civilians had no right to be with the army, it was possible to see something, and being at hand to get at least the most recent information. It had rained the whole night without intermission, and at daybreak parties of French soldiery came into the town on various errands, either of duty or of curiosity—cavalry to water their horses in the stream, infantry to pass through and reconnoitre, and some to make purchases.

"A hilly country is that around Worth—vineyards, the river Saar, the road to Haguenau, and the heights of Freichwiller, which command Worth on one side and Soulzbach on the other. The engagement began at twenty minutes to 7. The Prussians opening fire on the village, the first ball striking the church. This rude signal sent the soldiery flying back to the camp and to their regiments, and in a few moments the little town, so full of unwonted life, was still and silent—the stillness that precedes the storm. In a few minutes some Prussian sharpshooters, coming in by the Soultz road, passed the bridge over the Saar, which the French centre had neglected. They scour through the village and make for the French centre at Elsenhaussen. They are soon followed by more numerous masses. The firing is begun in the vineyards of Elsenhaussen between the skirmishers; at the same time the artillery on both sides commences. It was more the air of a reconnoisance in force than of an attack. About 8 o'clock a young Prussian officer is brought in wounded. Half an hour later there is a lull in the cannonade. My host refusing to open his door, I got out of the window and ran to the little tower in the midst of the little village, whence I got an excellent view of the surrounding country. And now the guns open in earnest on the Prussian right. The previous movement had only been a feint. The Prussian right is turning the French left. The flanks of the Liebfrauenburg, covered with trees, have concealed the masses of Bavarians and Prussians, whose attack is masked until the very moment of the assault. The observer can follow the course of the battle as it approaches Freichwiller, and sways to and fro by the smoke of the guns. Four times we saw the Prussians beat the retreat. Towards midday the battle was won on one side. There was a brief respite, ten minutes perhaps. The Prussians, finding the attack on Freichwiller had failed; brought up their guns, changed front, and assaulted the right and centre. For two hours there was a ceaseless uproar of field guns, musketry, and mitrailleuse, the dry, rapidly repeated crack of the last arm being distinctly audible in the midst of the tumult. And now the assault of the Freichwiller began again. Dark columns of infantry came down the hills on both sides of the Prussian line, and took position as close as possible to the French lines, taking advantage of all the cover afforded by the ground. In the distance were heavy masses of cavalry skirting the forest of Hagenau. It looked as though the French were about to be flanked. Towards 2 o'clock another pause. The Prussians were placing their attacking columns. Then the guns began again—the Prussians to cover their advance, the French to crush the advancing line, who are now mounting to the assault. The Prussians enter the forest of Worth. Their object is to cut the French right in two. Then we see the Prussians, who had advanced so solidly, flying down the hill, pursued by the French. Three times the assault was repeated, and three times they retired precipitately. But their numbers overwhelmed the defence. Their reserves enabled them to send in fresh troops while the defenders had to reform under cover of their guns. On the fourth assault, towards 4 o'clock, they were able to remain on the hill, but only on the left.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

John Rochester, Mayor	200 00
Geo. May	50 00
Mrs. J. M. Currier	100 00
Dr. J. A. Grant	100 00
Thomas Birkett	50 00
John Pinhey	20 00
W. McClymont & Co.	100 00
W. Mackay Wright	100 00
William McKay	10 00
John Keys	10 00
John Mather	100 00
Rev. Mr. Pollard	10 00
Mrs. Forbes	00 25
Rev. Dr. Bedford Jones	10 00

COLLECTED IN NEW EDINBURGH BY MCNAUGHTON AND BURTEES.

William Robertson	5 00
Robert Moore	1 00
John Bell	1 00
Mrr. Wood	2 00
J. E. Guerin	7 00
William Bell	10 00
David Baldwin	1 00
William R. Bell	10 00
John Lumsden	3 00
James McKinny	1 00
William Urie	1 00

COLLECTED IN VICTORIA WARD BY MCKAY AND CUNNINGHAM.

Thomas Poter	25 00
James Gordon	25 00
William Mason	25 00
A. Mason	25 00
James Clark	20 00
A. Fotheringham	15 00
William McGillivray	10 00
E. P. Williams	15 00
Peter Robertson	5 00
James Dulgish	5 00

F. Hallendale
C. King
D. L. Jones
Dr. Knight
Miss Jane Crawley
Thomas Russell
A. Bailey
8 men employed by Tho. Kelley
George Mason
Philip Mason
John Pushman
A. W. Fleck
W. Atkinson
Jesse Wigmore

Total

JAS. CUNNINGHAM

Ottawa, August 25, 1870.

St. Catherines has received a ... dessicated cocoa nuts.

A quantity of Cheese from ... Factory, has arrived in Belleville.

An attempted murder and ... cites Belleville.

Quebec has given itself up to ... and boat racing.

A woollen and shingle fa... operation in the township of ...

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED... GREAT CLEARANCE SALE CONTINUES; EXAMINE ... BEFORE BUYING.

Patterns post free on application.

HER MAJESTY'S T...

In consequence of the immense ... of the beautiful domestic drama CHIMNEY CORNER it will be r... evening.

Friday Evening, August 26

CHIMNEY CORNER.

Song...
Song...
Song...
Double Irish Jig...

To conclude with the laughable comedy of the

LOAN OF A LOVER.

Monday, August 29, ... MR. OLIVER DOWD ... successful drama of

CROSSING THE LINE.

Will shortly be produced Lord Byron's celebrated Spectacular Equestrian Drama

MAZEPPA.

With new scenery, dresses, &c.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme's ... Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle ...; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; ... Private Boxes, 25 cents. ... Season Family tickets at reduced rates.

Sole Lessee and Manager, WM. J. MARSHALL.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Second Annual

EXHIBITION

OPEN TO THE WORLD

Will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 21st, 22nd, and 23rd,

On the Society's Grounds, adjoining ... when will be offered

$2,500 IN PRIZES,

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Products, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

Officers of the Society—J. B. Lewis, President; John Ashworth, 1st Vice President; John Rochester, junr., 2nd Vice President; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer; Directors—Hon James Skead, Alonzo Wright, M. P., J. M. Currier, M. P., George W. ..., A. McKellar, Thos. Graham, W. F. Powell, B. Kenny and Ira Morgan.

Entries must be made before the 16th September. All parties are entitled to ... on payment of $2.00.

The Buildings and Grounds will be ... from MONDAY morning, the 19th ... for reception of articles intended for Exhibition.

For Prize Lists and Entry Forms apply to the Secretary at Ottawa, or the Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies throughout the Ottawa country.

Forage and Provender at reasonable ... will be found on the Grounds.

The different Railway and Steamboat Companies will carry Passengers and Freight to and from the Fair at reduced rates. Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the Free Entry of Articles from the United States for competition.

AN AUCTION SALE of ... bred Ayrshire, Durham and other ... Suffolk and Berkshire Pigs; Cotswold, ... and Hampshire Down Sheep, and Fowl, &c., will take place on ... the second day of the Exhibition, at 1 p.m. ... the grounds.

A Brass Band will be in attendance ... the Fair.

A. S. WOODBURN, Secretary. J. B. LEWIS, President.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF IMPORTED STOCK.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FOR 1870.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from the Society ... celebrated importers of stock, in the vicinity of Ottawa and Montreal, to sell on the Society's grounds, THURSDAY, 22nd September, the second day of the show, a large quantity of imported stock. Consisting of Ayrshire Cattle, Short Horn Durhams, ... Downs, Cotswool and Leicester Sheep, ...shire and Suffolk Pigs, Brahma ... &c., &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure imported stock as those offered are from the herds of some of the most ... importers in the vicinity of Montreal and Central Canada.

Parties having prize stock or implements to dispose of, can do so by making arrangements with the Auctioneer, up to the ... previous to the sale. This will be a rare opportunity both for sellers and purchasers ... the prizes offered are large and ... asked for from the whole Dominion, ... no doubt attract a large attendance.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 25.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against spurious shoddy imitation of their ... Blankets, now being imported into ... from England, and got up so as to ... public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been ... copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870.

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS.

...THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL $1.12½ CENTS ...FOR 75CTS. IS AT T. HUNTO... ...ARD & CO.'S. ...post free on application.

It is rumored that typhus fever is prevalent in Ottawa.

...—The band of the Ottawa Garrison ...will play on Major's Hill this evening at 8 o'clock, weather permitting.

...No. 2 Battery of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery will parade this evening at ... Every member of the company is requested to be present.

...—The St. Lewis dam has been so ...completed as to permit the letting of ...water into the canal which is gradually ...filling.

New Court House.—It is rumored that ...M.W. A. A. Stevenson, G.M., of the ...Masons of Canada will be invited to lay ...the corner stone of the new Court House.

Fire.—The fire in the fields out at, and ...back of Rabbersham hill has been totally ...extinguished by the rain of yesterday, and ...the fire has been generally extinguished with the exception of that in ...the woods.

Accident.—Four or five days ago a man ...named Frank Flood had a very narrow ...escape from death by the explosion of a ...which he held in his hands. His face ...received some terrible gash ...for a time his recovery was doubtful.

The General Relief Committee ...in session yesterday afternoon for ...despatch of the usual business and as ...previous day many sufferers were relieved and many handsome donations accepted.

The Ottawa Agricultural Exhibition.—The Ottawa Agricultural Association ...posters out, on which notice is ...given the City of Ottawa Agricultural ...Exhibition of 1870 will take place on the ...21st, 22nd, and 23rd of ...September next.

...—The half of the receipts at ...the theatre on Wednesday night amount to ...which sum goes to the relief of the ...sufferers by the late fire. When half to ...the receipts are handed in, we think ...Marshall will have contributed liberal... ...this cause of charity.

The Market.—Thursday.—There was a ...good attendance on the square this morning. Prices are generally on the rise. ...Hay sold for $21 and $22 per ton; butter ...cents per pound; eggs, 16 cents per ...dozen; potatoes, 80 cents per bushel; and ...12 cents per pound.

The Fire is still eating its way through ...woods in Gloucester and other townships adjoining the city. ...It is every day receding further ...from the city, but is causing an ...amount of labor to farmers in ...the neighborhood, where it threatens the destruction of houses, &c.

A Race.—Yesterday during the foot ...race between Kavanagh and Biggar a horse ...belonging to Mr. Sherwood seemed to ...have got affected by the racing propensity ...and took a three hundred yard ...race for his own special amusement. He ...broke his harness and the shafts of ...the carriage.

Emigration of Emigrants.—The Rev. A. ...Styleman Herring, of Clerkenwell, London, ...who took such interest in the emigration ...movement at home has arrived in town, ...and wishes to meet the late migrants at ...the ...Hall, this evening, at 8 ...o'clock. Dr. Sweetland will preside on ...the occasion, and no doubt there will be a ...large meeting of the emigrants, as the ...gentleman has some news of interest ...to communicate to them.

Accident.—On Wednesday a man employed at Mr. Bang's store, Sussex street, ...met with an accident which might have ...been much more serious than it has. The night ...was dark, and in his attempt to go into the ...cellar from the store he fell into the cellar ...through an opening immediately outside ...the building. The fall was a distance ...of 12 feet. When taken up he was ...insensible. Dr. Sweetland was immediately ...sent for, but it seems he escaped with very ...slight injury, the insensibility resulting from ...the shock.

An Offer that Should be Accepted.—We ...learn that the mill owners of the ...Chaudiere have offered to supply all the ...timber material for the building of a ...new gate in St. Lewis' dam, should the ...Government only defray the other expenses ...of its erection. This is an offer that ...should be accepted. The gate could be ...placed where the dam was cut on the occasion of the late fire, and should such a ...conflagration ever threaten that locality ...the water could be let out without ...great expense.

We are very happy to be informed that ...Col. Irvine is recovering from his very ...severe illness. The Colonel's numerous ...friends will be glad to learn that, though ...still confined to bed, he is much better, ...and hopes are entertained that he will be ...able to leave Riviere-du Loup early next ...week for Quebec. All our best wishes for ...his restoration to health are with this most ...popular officer and his esteemed family.

Arrivals at the Russell House—Thursday. ...Gallagher, A. Maning; N. Hales, ...Gillespie and wife, West Troy ...W. Perrault, G. A. Thompson, Mr. ...Dupont, Montreal; Mr. Mrs. ...Fellows, Butternut Grove; F. ...Bennett; Rev. A. Styleman Herring ...H. McFarlane, Fort Erie; Mr. ...J. Baker, New York; J. McLaren, ...E. D. Shea, Newfoundland; ...London, Eng.; W. Mosgrove, Ottawa.

The Race on Bank Street.—The promised ...race between Kavanagh and Biggar ...came off yesterday afternoon on Bank ...street. The time appointed for the race ...was 4 o'clock, and at half-past ...there were all of 200 persons on ...the ground, comprising a great many ...characters who had money to lose ...after 5 o'clock the 100 ...yards were marked out and the course cleared. ...Shortly afterwards Kavanagh and Biggar ...made their appearance in racing attire and took their stand at the starting point.

Betting was brisk from the commencement, the majority of the bets being in favor of Kavanagh; but those who were so sanguine as to his success at the beginning put on dubious faces when they saw the two men walk up the road together. Heavy bets were now offered on Biggar, but few of them were accepted. Of the two men, Biggar is certainly the best build and has a more muscular and enduring appearance. All was at length got right, and after about half an hour spent in vain endeavors to start them the race took place, Biggar taking the lead at the start, and keeping ahead throughout, beating Kavanagh by about eight yards. Money was now handed over in healthy looking rolls to those who had been so fortunate as to put down their stakes on the winner, and there were some woeful countenances in the crowd. It was understood that a hurdle race between Biggar and Russell would come off after the above, but for some reason it was postponed.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—We regretted to see this place of amusement so indifferently patronized last night, particularly on account of the performance being for a charitable purpose; but probably the absence of a good audience was owing to the unpleasant appearance of the weather. As for the actors, their abilities are by this time well known and appreciated, and they are certainly deserving of a crowded house each night. If the applause of an audience is a criterion by which to judge of the merits of those to whom it is given, the Marshall troupe are certainly awarded no small degree of merit by the theatre-going people of Ottawa. The plays chosen by this troupe are always of a nature to interest, amuse, and benefit, and such as can be witnessed with all these advantages by ladies as well as gentlemen. The people of Ottawa do not seem to understand when to be liberal with their patronage, but they will be sure to be right if they extend their support to the moral drama. The old time-honored building *Her Majesty's Theatre* (think of the name) may have lost a little of its reputation through circumstances which could not be mastered, and become temporarily superseded but it is retrieving, and we are happy to hope that it is again becoming the favorite place of amusement. Money has been, and is being expended in renovating it, it again looks comfortable and fresh, and as each new scenery is added from the artistic hands of Mr. Foster, so is the attraction increased. But nature has also supplied its share of ornaments to the stage; Mr. Little, with his great tragic powers, Johnnie Ward and Miss Campbell as representatives of the comic, Miss Nelson with her beauty, vocal ability and versatile genius, Miss Peterson with her gracefulness and engaging deportment, and Messrs. Clinton and Stetson, who are not wanting in merit. The performance throughout last evening was, all who witnessed it will allow, very good, and this evening we hope to see a full house to witness the playing of the sentimental drama entitled "Chimney Corner," and the laughable farce, "Loan of a Lover."

Life Association of Scotland.—The annual report of this Institution will be found in our advertising columns this morning. The document speaks for itself. In advance of former years in whatever can commend a company to the confidence of the public, the Life Association of Scotland makes no merely fulsome appeals for continued support. Its past history in Canada is its best guarantee of future patronage, and with a discerning public this is all sufficient.

Police Court.

Thursday, Aug. 25th.

Stephen Sullivan, from Cork, was arrested last night in Rideau street for being a victim to old rye. Being a "stranger," with a promise of not appearing before his Worship again, he was let off with $2 and costs.

Oliver Pottery, for exhibiting his muscular powers in a saloon, and fighting, was fined $5 and costs.

Jim Caughlin, for fighting and throwing a tea pot of boiling water at his wife Margaret, and scalding the child, was fined $2 and costs, or the alternative of going to gaol for two weeks at hard labor.

Another case of wife beating resulted in the offender being fined $1, and $1 costs.

Two boys named Magloir and Faurchette, for fighting on Murray street, and creating a disturbance, Magloir being the worst of the two, was fined $2 and costs. The other was discharged.

Two prisoners named respectively Edward Matt and George Auger, hailing from Quebec, was arraigned for stealing a gold watch worth twenty three dollars. It appears they with the prosecutor Eugene Latom were drinking in Dupin's Hotel, when Matt, a hardened looking ruffian with a Jonathan Wild appearance about him proposed that all should go to a funeral. They adjourned to "the cedars" near the river, where Latom's watch was stolen from him. Joseph Chamar's, witness stated that Latom had been drinking, but knew what he was about. Heard Matt say he would have the watch before long. Detective O'Neil then asked to have the case adjourned till Saturday which was granted.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Toronto is to have a two days cricket match.

Berlin is raising funds for wounded Germans.

London firemen are to visit Cleveland.

Kingston races come off next week.

The eyes of the inhabitants of Kingston begin to water from the effects of the smoke.

Toronto has had an excursion to Port Hope.

Music at the Island still delights Quebec.

Pickpockets relieve Hamiltonians of their purses.

Belleville is filled with smoke from the Ottawa fires.

A boiler in St. John N.B. has exploded and killed two persons.

Fires are raging in the woods surrounding Belleville and Kingston.

A new building is nearly finished in London the little.

Bad sidewalks are a source of nuisance in Londoc.

The arrival of a canoe 36 feet in length agitate Montreal.

The Stephenson House, St. Catherines, lately gave a Melange, whatever that is.

A new flag pole is to be erected in Brantford.

Mitchell is indignant because it has not a civic holiday the same as Stratford.

Matrimony has visited Ainleyville with terrible effect. No less than ten couples were carried off last week.

CONCERT

in aid of the

SUFFERERS BY THE LATE FIRES

will take place in the

OTTAWA MUSIC HALL.

ON

FRIDAY NEXT, THE 26th INSTANT

Under the distinguished patronage of

Sir G. E. Cartier, Sir F. Hincks,
Hon S. L. Tilley, C. B., Hon. P. Mitchell,
Hon. D. C. Aikin, Hon. A. Morris,
Hon. J. C. Chapais,

The Mayor and Council, and Clergy of Ottawa, and Col. Williams and Officers of the 1st Batt 60th R. R., and about 60 of the leading gentlemen of Ottawa,

The following ladies and gentlemen will take part—

MADAME GELLINI, MADAME GELINAS, MISS AUMOND, Mr. F. F. GOURDEAU,

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH will preside at the Piano

Mr. EDGAR DOWARD, Conductor.

By the kind permission of Col. Williams and the Officers of the 1st batt. the Band of the 60th R. fles will be in attendance.

TICKETS,—Reserved Seats, $1; body of the hall, 50cts, gallery, 25cts—to be had at J. L. ORME & SON'S, where a plan, &c., may be seen.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1452t

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3rd

HAY PRESS FOR SALE.

AN INGERSALL

HAND POWER HAY PRESS,

IN USE ONE SEASON.

—ALSO—

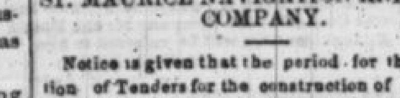
1,000 BAGS,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Have been used once.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.



NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

AND

ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY.

Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders for the construction of the Railway limited by the advertisement of this Company of date the FIFTH DAY of AUGUST instant, is hereby extended to the TWELFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOSEPH CAUCHON,
President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 144 t12s

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate. Apply to

H P HILL, Solicitor, &c.,
1111 1m Post Office Block

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 30th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to

M MULLIN, & CO.,
Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 144 6

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst.; TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443tf

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to

JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub Works.
Or at No 4 Prince's Terrace.

WANTED,

Two boys to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

THE 31st ANNUAL MEETING

Of the ASSOCIATION was held within the Head Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY 29th JULY, 1870, Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Baronet in the Chair.

The NEW ASSURANCES transacted by the Association during the last year, ending 5th April, have been more numerous as well as larger than usual, while, at the same time, the Assurances cancelled by deaths and surrenders, &c., have not been excessive. Considerable and proportionate additions have been made to the Funds and the Annual Income. The Investments have been chosen, as formerly, only from the best class of securities, and the whole are in a thoroughly sound and satisfactory condition.

FULL and DETAILED STATEMENTS of the transactions and position of the Institution were submitted, together with the AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The following are Extracts:

NEW TRANSACTIONS AND MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR.

		£	s.	d.	
The NEW LIFE ASSURANCES proposed were	1784 for	£882,071	0	0	Stg.
These declined or not proceeded with were	347 "	180 874	0	0	
And those transacted were	1437 "	701 197	0	0	
The ANNUAL PREMIUMS on these NEW ASSURANCES are		21,391	12	6	
New LIFE ANNUITIES were purchased to the amount of per annum		1,395	12	4	
The MORTALITY amongst the Assured Lives during the year was 252, assured for		123,650	11	8	
There were 24 DEATHS amongst the Annuities, cancelling Life Annuities for per annum		1 346	1	2	

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

	£	s.	d.
The LIFE ASSURANCES in force were	£7,425 181	14	2
PREMIUMS payable for these ASSURANCES	237,386	17	5
REVENUE from PREMIUMS and INTEREST, after deduction of the Abatement (Cash Bonuses) allocated in Class A. for this year	257,683	13	7
TOTAL AMOUNT of CLAIMS on DECEASED LIVES since the commencement	1,291,419	16	11
TOTAL CASH BONUSES allocated to Policy-holders	445,096	8	9
FUNDS remaining on hand	1,357,385	15	0

THE FUNDS ON HAND CONSIST OF

	£	s.	d.
REAL SECURITIES and ESTATE	862 206	9	9
RAILWAY DEBENTURES, DEBENTURE STOCK, &c.	296,365	6	0
BRITISH COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BONDS	48,947	19	9
LOANS on the ASSOCIATION'S POLICIES, being under their value and Policies with other Offices	237,194	17	9
LOANS on SECURITY of CONSOLS, PUBLIC RATES under Acts of Parliament, Government Annuities, and a Small Amount on Personal Security	11,557	11	6
OFFICES at Edinburgh, London, and other Branches	54,785	11	1
STAMPS	358	10	1
In BANKS, in DEPOSIT and CURRENT ACCOUNTS	53,822	13	0
In hands of AGENTS, being principally PREMIUMS RECEIPTS, &c., due in Agencies, the Days of Grace being current	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current	30,907	10	10
(These last two sums have, with few exceptions been all paid.)			
CURRENT INTEREST, &c., up to the date of Balance	13,073	14	11
	£1,357,386	15	0

Note.—The Sums due by the Association at the date of Balance, but, not applied for were £7 460 12 11d.

At this balance CASH BONUSES have been allocated to the participating Policy-holders in Class A to be applied as usual in abatement of the premiums payable during the year ending 5th April, 187o. These abatements are at the same rates as formerly for Policies that have previously participated, and amount to 25 per cent. of the Life premiums for Policies which now participate for the first time. It is matter of satisfaction to the Directors that they are able thus to continue to declare the same large Bonus to the A. Policy-holders as they have done for many years past. An allocation of Bonus to the B. Policy-holders will be made after the next balance.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

MONTREAL, 99 ST. JAMES STREET.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co)
Hon Alex Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue
Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (John Redpath & Son)
J. H. R. Molson, Esq., (J. H. R. Molson & Bros.)
Solicitors—Messrs Ritchie, Morris and Rose.
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M. D.
Secretary—P. Wordlaw.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M. D.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E.
Medical Officer—W. J. Henry, Esq., M. D.

AGENTS—MESSRS. J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ...ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plaintiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton.
City of Ottawa,

Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF ARTS—The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUE DAY. OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B A.,
Secretary McGill College

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa
" 97, " "
" 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S. Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensels, with a privelege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam Saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 ft. per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at ¼ rates.

The limits are known as the Pemechango and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechango and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechango contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dixie attached to the Pemechango limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent. Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Riverr.

Title indisputable.

Terms—¼ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

FARM FOR SALE.

I, B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 10 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1432 3td

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS

FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT,

Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1m

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL

AND

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY.

THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 14 7td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

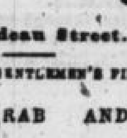
Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS!  *HATS*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring. JAS. BUCHANAN.

Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at

JOHN ROBERTSON'S
Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

GREAT

CHEAP SALE,

MILLINERY AND MANTLES.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

In order to CLEAR OUT the whole of the BALANCE of their STOCK of

BONNETS, HATS, MANTLES

AND SHAWLS,

Have decided to offer the whole lot

AT COST PRICE,

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY

As the Goods are NEW, STYLISH and FASHIONABLE, this sale presents an opportunity seldom met with of getting first class Goods at prices very far below what such Goods are usually sold for.

Fashionable Straw Hats,

For 1s 3d.

Fashionable New Plait,

For 1s 6d.

Fashionable Cloth Jackets,

For 6s 3d

BLACK LACE AND OTHER SHAWLS.

In great variety, at about half usual prices.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, 4th July, 1870.

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1437tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying ... at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectfully invited to ... Remember ... and Light ... always on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 26, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 50	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 60
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 16	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	21 00	@	22 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Gr on Raw Hides	6 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA $300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d. the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,

1407 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

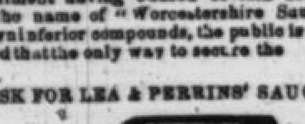
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,

President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1419-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MESSRS GABRIEL. *Dentists.* LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth, renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

. All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 2awdm 1awk6m

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1353tf Rideau street.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w34td

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

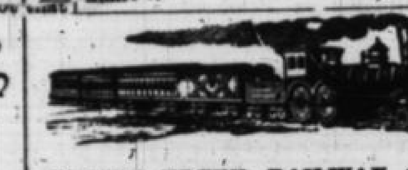
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 1417tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 am 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For furter information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1436-1m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Cameron's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Secty of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Queen's Auctioneer,

1117y House, Land and General Agent.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage heretofore so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. it preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

H. E. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285-8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK

VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS

GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

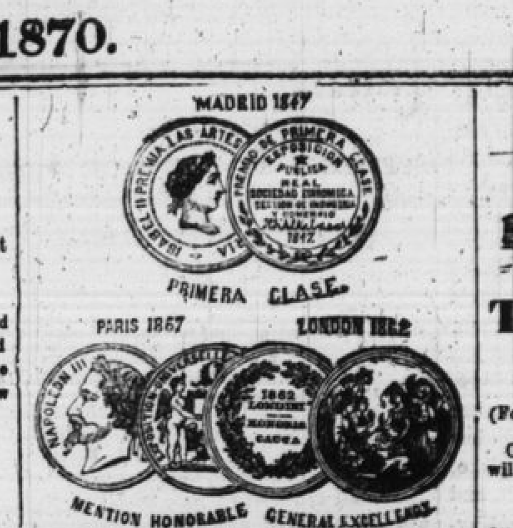
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,

Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,

Exchange Hotel,

1304 1 Mosgrove street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1348 3m 18 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	
Ottawa	7 00	12	10
Gloucester	7 25	12	55
Rossiters	7 40	1	15
Osgoode	7 55	1	35
Kemptville	8 15	2	0
Oxford	8 30	2	20
Spencerville	8 50	2	45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3	15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3	30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

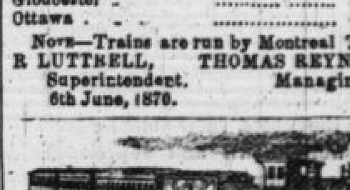
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7	10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7	30
Spencerville	2 00	7	55
Oxford	2 20	8	30
Kemptville	2 40	8	50
Osgoode	3 00	9	20
Rossiters	3 15	9	40
Gloucester	3 30	10	00
Ottawa	4 00	10	30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent.

THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

6th June, 1870.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 5.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.30 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Halifax 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00

Halifax 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,

Vin de St. George,

Malaga

Madeira,

Cognac Vieux,

Eau de vie St. George

Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Marthe

Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON,

Elgin Street,

Ottawa, May 20, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

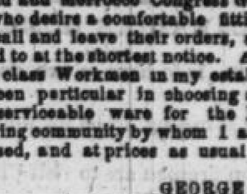
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

Sarsaparilla,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumers formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

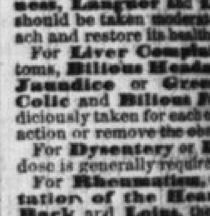
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhoea,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Billyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq. Geo. Esq., A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the liberality and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

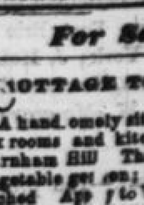
Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible], Manager.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly tried, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. E. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s, and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 8s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outbuildings, and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, at the premises.

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly half of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, Sparks-street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COWAN, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1446. OTTAWA, SATURDAY AUGUST, 27, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

[W]RIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
[illegible] MCKAY WRIGHT. 42w F C CLEMOW.

[R.] W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Finley & Ward, has removed his Chancery office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

[H]ORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

[D.] O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 85y

[W.] H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Patent Rigat Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

[LEES] & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the [Ru]ssell House, Ottawa.
[R]OBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

[E]DWARD T. BARTNELL, Barrister and Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

[K]EEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. [Victoria] Office Buildings, Elgin street, [Ottawa].
[ED]MUND KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

[N]ICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

[J.] A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

[MUS]GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Musgrove's Building, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
[W]ILLIAM MUSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

[N.] TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

[D]OCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Dale St. Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

[D]R. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 7 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

[D]R. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Huston's Block, Sparks-street.

[D]R. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

[D]R. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

[W]AVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

[P]ICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

[THE] "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
[T]he "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and furnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

[T]HE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

[E]XCURSION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Good stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

[WHI]STLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for the Trust and Loan Co.
[illegible] R. LANG.

[J.] BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References—H A Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; [illegible] F. P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

[J.] CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Overproof and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lager Ale and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office:—No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

[PL]ANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. PELLP, Architect,
Wellington-st.

Educational.

[D]ANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
[R]obert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that his Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[P]IANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

[M]USICAL ACADEMY.
[M]r. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral,) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 775y

[HIGHER] EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
President—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 5, 1870.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—
Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
LANG
PAINTING - ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	11.30		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
	11.30		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.00	4.30
6.00	11.30		Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott			
6.00	11.30		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.00	4.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.		11.00	6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		5.00
6.00	11.00	4.30	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage			6.30
6.00	11.30		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.00	4.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.00	4.30
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices d. Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, d... Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.
Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart............8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE.
A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
IN THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
ON
Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,
AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,
To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.
W R WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, August 12 1870 1437t814

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS
AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 14, Sparks street,
Opposite the Russell House.
SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes,	12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
80 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey.
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FISSUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GRENADINES—Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,
It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.
Also, extra good value in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.
WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c.,&c.)
LACES, Black and White Blond,
HONITON and MALTESE LACES
FIGURED NETS,
LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN DAMASK,
TOWELS,
NAPKINS,
TABLE COVERS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS,
BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c.
R L JAMES & CO.,
14, Sparks Street, 14,
Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW BRILLIANTS,
NEW FLOWERS.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
NEW HOSIERY,
NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW LISLE GLOVES,
NEW SILK GLOVES
Rideau street.
LINDSAY CUNNINGHAM CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs Copyrights Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1466y

Steamers.

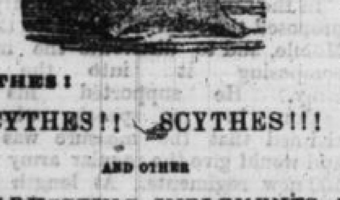
THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.
MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY
AND
ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY.
Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders for the construction of the Railway limited by the advertisement of this Company of date the FIFTH DAY of AUGUST, instant, is hereby extended to the TWELFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next, inclusive.
By order of the Board,
JOSEPH CAUCHON,
President.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 1448t12s

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate.
Apply to
H P HILL, Solicitor, &c.,
1441 1m Post Office Block

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!
And every other kind of STOVES, including best patterns of
DOUBLE STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES,
DOUBLE STOVES.
—ALSO—
Every description of
KITCHEN UTENSILS
AND
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
In Great Variety, Very Cheap,
AT THE
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex Street
H. MEADOWS & CO
Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth.
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
RENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

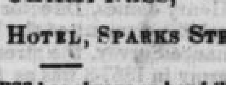
Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.
Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS;
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.
REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
[illegible] 1870.

FOR SALE:
A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL.
Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.
Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.
The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.
For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

YOUNG
LADIES' SEMINARY,
WELLINGTON STREET,
MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,
The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.
The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.
Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1453tf



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August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

THE TYNE BOAT CREW.

Description of the Men. Interesting Particulars.

From the Montreal Gazette.

Yesterday morning, shortly after 5 o'clok the Tyne Crew arrived in the city per steamer from Quebec. They were accompanied by the following members of the Lachine Boating Club, who had gone to Quebec to receive them on the arrival of the S. S. *Hibernian* on Sunday morning, viz:—Messrs. S. H. Wallis, J. H. McNeider, E. J. Lindsay and James Harvey.

The Crew on landing here were immediately conducted to the Queen's Chop House, St. James street, where breakfast was provided for them by the popular caterer, Mr. Isaacs.

THEIR APPEARANCE AND HISTORY.

Too much cannot be said of the splendid physical appearance of those stalwart oarsmen. They all seem to be enjoying the best of health. They look wonderfully fresh and vigorous, but have not a particle of super-abundance of fat or flesh. They are muscular, wiry and all splendid specimens of physical developement without anything approaching to the pugilist or gladiator type. They all seem to be sociable in their dispositions, quiet in their demeanor, and very modest and unassuming in their pretensions.

James Renforth, the stroke, and champion sculler of England, is a fine broad shouldered compactly built man of a blonde complexion, of enormous muscular developement and uncommon strength indicated in every feature. He weighs 174 lbs., is 5 feet 7½ in height, and girds 42 inches round the chest. He was born in Newcastle, and is now 28 years of age. He is very quite and anassuming, sociable, but not over talkativo, and there is nothing in his ordinary conversation that would for a moment warrant a stranger in supposing that he was without a successful rival in all England as an oarsman.

James Taylor, who pulls the bow oar, is a very intelligent looking [illegible] man, with activity and elasticity indicated in every movement. He is, perhaps, the smallest of the four, but very tough and wiry looking, and with every muscle developed to its fullest extent. He is of a brown complexion, and very affable and communicative. His weight is 149 lbs.; 5 feet 7¼ inches in height, and 39 inches around the chest. He was born at Gateshead, County of Durham, and is now 33 years of age.

Thos. Winship, who pulls No. 2 oar, is of light complexion, full featured, and evidently built on high pressure principle. He has a very intelligent look, and the appearance of an active, wide-awake and spirited oarsman. He weighs 153 lbs., is 5 feet 7½ inches in height, and 38 inches round the chest. He was born at Elswick, near Newcastle, and is 27 years of age.

John Martin, No. 3, and tallest man of the four. In point of strength perhaps has few equals, either in England or Canada, and perhaps one of the finest specimens of muscular developement to be often seen. He is strongly and compactly built, with a firm step and symmetrical figure. There is nothing in his appearance angular, awkward or out of place. Every muscle is full and rounded, and he looks what he evidently is, the active and highly trained oarsmen. He is intelligent looking, and of a light brown complexion. His weight is 178 lbs; height 5 feet 8¼ inches, and measures 40 inches around the chest. He was born at Daneshole, near Newcastle, and is 28 years of age.

THEIR RECORD.

The Tyne crew, as it now stands, have rowed together only about fourteen months. Renforth and Taylor, however, have worked together for about three years. Martin and Winship joined a year ago last June. Since the present team was formed, they have won the chief prizes at all the local regattas they have attended, including those held at Burton-on-Trent, Sunderland, and two in succession at both Chester and Durham. In 1869, when the crew rowed for the £300 prize on the Thames, against Kelly, Sadler, Messenger and Hamilton—the Thames crew—they failed to secure the prize, through the occurrence of an accident. A small row boat happened to pass immediately in front of them, and the delay thus occasioned lost them the race. In contest, however, with the Thames crew since that time, they have asserted their superiority beyond all question. On the 5th of November last, on the Thames, and on the 18th of the same month, on the Tyne, they not only secured the £200 stakes in each case, but proved themselves to be the champions of England. On the 4th of June last at the Durham regatta, they also easily distanced all competitors. In addition to this joint record, we may state that Winship and Taylor were declared the champion pair at the Thames rogatta in 1869, while Taylor, in company with Matthew Scott, another Newcastle oarsmen, was similarly distinguished in 1869, at the same place. Renforth is well known to be without a successful rival in England as a sculler, and for some time has been the acknowledged champion. Before leaving England on their present trip, they challenged any four men in the country to row them, in order that there might be no question, either with themselves or the public, as to their superiority. Of course this offer elicited no response. They left Newcastle on the 8th of August, and Glasgow on ahe 10th They had a very pleasant passage in the steamship *Hibernian*, and all speak very highly of the kindness and courtesy shown them by the Captain and officers of that vessel. They also wish to convey through the press, as well as in a personal manner, their sincere thanks to the members of the Lachine Boating Club, who received them at Quebec, for their kindness and attention shown to them at and since their arrival.

To the many who are interested in the approaching contest they make the following offer:—To any person who will purchase their colors, valued at $5, they will give, in the event of their losing the race, the $5 back again and the colors for nothing. Should they win the race you forfeit $5, but are at liberty to retain possession of the colors. The colors offered are a beautiful piece of silk, about 3 feet square; the body of which is white with blue border edged with white. In the centre is a picture of the four men seated their boat, stripped, and as if waiting for the contest. These can be obtained from Mr. Isaacs at the Queen's Chop House, or from the men themselves at Lachine. They have also a large number of photograpns for sale, which can be obtained at the same places as the colors.

The crew removed their boats from the *Hibernian* to Bonaventure station about two o'clock in the afternoon, and at four they left for the scene of the contest.

Mr. John Adams and James Wilkinson, of Newcastle, accompany the crew; the former to superintend the training, and the latter to make all necessary business arrangements.

AT LACHINE.

At four o'clock, Renforth, Martin, Taylor, Messrs. Walton, of the Newcastle *Chronicle*, and Wilkinson, took the train for Lachine. The other men had previously gone out with the boats in an express waggon. Arrived at Lachine, all hands at once proceeded to their quarters, a neat little cottage facing the depot, and began to unpack one of their boats. The cover of the box in which it was encased was soon taken off, and the boat, the "Dunston-on-Tyne," drawn out and carried to the beach. The "Dunston-on-Tyne" is a beautiful mahogany shell, about forty feet long, and 19 inches wide, and weighs 90 pounds. One of its peculiarities is the steering apparatus, which is worked by the feet of the bow oarsman. The crew soon had her in readiness for a pull, working over carefully, as one might tend a dear friend. A delay in the arrival of the baggage obliged them to put off their projected spin until the arrival of the 6 o'clock train. At last the luggage arrived and the men soon donned their rowing costume, consisting of white jersy and drawers, and nondescript caps. Renforth and Martin were down first, and between them lifted their ticklish looking craft, and carried it to a landing nearly opposite their present home, and gently launched it into the water. Soon all were embarked, and gently pushing off from the landing, paddled out a short distance, and steadying themselves for an instant, began their first spin on Canadian waters. From the shore they seemed to work like on man, arms and back went forward together like lightning, and then came that long steady sweep, the back gradually straightening as they came up. They went over the course at a rattling pace, and were soon lost to view in the mist whioh hung over the river. Ere they returned night had nearly cloced in, and they were only visible for a short distance before arriving at the landing. As soon as the boat touced the landing the men stepped lightly ashore, and the beautiful craft was again raised upon their stalwart shoulders and carried back to its home.

The Trial of the Spy.

A correspondent of the New York *World* writing from Paris on Monday last says:

I have just returned from a most painful spectacle—the first trial by court-martial here of the Prussian spy recently arrested. The trial was held in a building situated opposite the military prison in the Rue Cherche, Midi Faubourg St. German, and was conducted before the Second Council of War. M. Simonnet, the Imperial advocate, prosecuted. At 12 o'clock the prisoner was escorted by gendarmes and soldiers and introduced into the court, and soon [illegible] composed of seven officers belonging to different branches of the service. In reply to questions from the President,

THE PRISONER

stated that his name was Karl Herdo, and that he was a native of Brandebourg, and a Lieutenant in the Fifty-fourth Regiment, forming a portion of the Third Prussian *corps d'armee*. The prisoner is a tall, handsome young man, small in frame, but of an intelligent appearance. He spoke French fluently, with a slight German accent. He is a man evidently belonging to the higher class of society, and justified the President's allusion to his

DISTINGUISHED MANNERS.

He preserved throughout the proceedings the self-possession which he has manifested since his arrest. The prosecution produced no witnesses, the only evidence against the prisoner being the reports sent up by authorities at Glen, a small town on the banks of the Loire, where he was captured in the act of

TAKING NOTES.

and drawings. A revolver, a quantity of cartridges, a portfolio, a railway indicator, a carte de visite, and a porte-monnaie were found upon the prisoner when he was arrested. The

PRINCIPAL DOCUMENTS.

from the military authorities, report that the prisoner acknowledged to the Commissary of Police of Glen, who arrested him, that he had sent two letters to Berlin describing the state of public feeling in France, and giving data of the conformation of the Bank of the Loire, and the peculiarities of the road leading from Bourges to Paris. The Police Commissary reported the prisoner as possessing a minute knowledge of the country and the relative strength of both armies. He had formed a calculation with regard to the

STRENGTH OF THE FRENCH ARMY,

fixing the number of men at 288,000, and boasted that the Prussian army was nearly 900,000 strong. He also admitted the French army was literally infected with Prussian spies. On being subsequently interrogated by the Sub-Prefect of Glen, the prisoner almost acknowledged himself a spy. He came from London to Bordeaux, and from Bordeaux to Orleans, and so to Glen, where he confessed that he had

NO REAL BUSINESS.

A letter from the Commandant of the Gensdarmerie, to his superior ocffier, stated that the prisoner openly admitted that he was a spy sent by the Prussian Government, and that he had despatched information by Switzerland and Belgium. He had, also,

A CORRESPONDENT IN PARIS.

In the course of his examination by the President, to-day, he denied all the above confessions, and declared that he was not engaged in any correspondence with the enemies of France, and that he only visited France on his way to establish himself in Switzerland. He further alleged that he had quitted the Prussian service four weeks before

THE DECLARATION OF WAR,

and that all the letters he had written were familiar ones, addressed to his family, such as tourists ordinarily write. He explained his presence at Gien as arising from the fact that money was due to him there. Upon hearing this statement the Imperial Commissary called for

A SENTENCE OF GUILTY.

from the Court, stating that it was time to rid France of spies by whom the enemy had been put into possession of facts highly important in the prosecution of the war. A young advocate defended the prisoner, affirming that he was simply

A HOT-BRAINED ENTHUSIAST.

who, in correspondence with his family, had given details regarding the route of the armies, and a description of the river already well known to the Prussian authorities. After ten minutes' deliberation the tribunal agreed unanimously on the prisoner's culpability, and adjudged him to be visited with

THE PUNISHMENT OF DEATH.

The trial was over in less than two hours, and the prisoner will probably be shot on Wednesday.

THE CANADIAN PRESS.

The Montreal *Gazette* defends the course of the Government of the mother country in concentrating the army at home.

The *Daily News* of Montreal is puzzled over the war news, but manages to write nearly a column on it.

The Toronto *Leader* advocates the erection of a brick or stone drill shed in place of the wooden one now in ruins.

The Toronto *Globe* has an article on the Ottawa fire, and expresses its sympathy.

The Waterloo *Chronicle* has a correspondent with the Red River expedition. His last letter is dated "Oskondagee Creek."

We learn from the Stratford *Beacon* that Mr. Jackson and Mr. Buckingham were placed on the committee to receive the Western Press Association at Toronto.

The Chatham *Planet* is mooting the idea of a narrow guage railway from Chatham to Wallaceburg and the river St. Clair, also to Enniskillen and Petrolia.

The Sarnia *Canadian*, like the *Spectator*, is opposed to Frank Smith as Senator, on the ground that Toronto has too many Senators already. Mr. Vidal is the *Canadian's* nominee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Dry Goods—Garland, Mutchmor &c.
To Contractors—F. Braun.
Notice—Charles Gouden.
Notice to Shareholders—Robert Surtees.
To Builders and Contractors—Ira Morgan.
Auction Sale—J. Bermingham.
Two Boys Wanted—Apply at this office.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Aikens left town for the West yesterday.

We are sorry to hear that Major Futvoye Deputy Minister of Militia is seriously unwell.

His Excellency the Governor General has contributed the munificent sum of $500 for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire.

The Prussian reserves now entering France, are composed of picked men from 30 to 40 years of age, and are said to be really the most efficient troops belonging to the Prussian army.

Mr. A. Wadlington leaves the city to day for Lake Nippegon in the neighborhood of which lake he intends to make some surveys with reference to the route of the proposed Inter-Oceanic Railway through that part of the country.

It would be amusing were it not painful to see the immense change which has occurred in some people's estimate of the character of Napoleon. A few weeks ago he was "the greatest man of the present age, sir," "England's truest ally," &c. Now because he is supposed to be beaten, the same people call him a "tyrant," a "usurper," and a "madman." When he concluded the commercial treaty with England the London *Times* declared that he was "the most liberal man of his time" and had "cemented the only true alliance ever formed between the two countries." Now this same organ of a selfish plutocracy is abusing him without stint.

We have already announced the death of Mr. Finlay, a gentleman for some time past connected with the Canadian newspaper press. It appears that the deceased who had recently become the editor, and we believe the proprietor also of the Montreal *Canadian Scotsman*, had met with some serious reverses lately and was in painfully embarrased circumstances. Every enterprise in which he had engaged of late had resulted unsuccesfully, and, thoroughly disheartened and discouraged, he was at length driven to commit suicide. We very much regret the melancholy fate of a man possessed of so much sterling merit, geniality and kindness of heart as Mr. Finlay was, and we are sure that all who knew him will unite with us in regretting his death under such painful circumstances, and in sympathising with his bereaved family in their affliction. Mr. Finlay was formerly editor of the Quebec *Chronicle*, and last winter was connected with the editorial staff of the Montreal *Daily News*. Latterly as we before mentioned, he has been connected with the *Canadian Scotsman*. He was a writer of considerable power and ability.

ENGLISH EMIGRATION.

The name of the Rev. Stylman Herring has long been familiar to us as one of the warmest and most energetic promoters of emigration from England to Canada. He is now in Ottawa, and, we presume, intends to travel over a considerable portion of this Province, and thus obtain some personal knowledge of the condition of those whom he was instrumental in sending here. We have no hesitation in saying that ninety-nine out of every hundred emigrants will give him a satisfactory account of their progress and condition, that they look back with grateful recollections to they day on which they landed on Canadian soil, and that in consequence of what Mr. Herring hears and sees he will return to England inclined to work more energetically than ever in the cause of Canadian immigration, and more fully persuaded of the advantages which this country offers to all sober and industrious workers.

Under existing circumstances, we do not know of any work in which a friend to Britain and the human race can be engaged with more satisfaction, than in directing the emigration stream from Great Britain in this direction. As we have said more than once, we cannot help feeling that the progress of Christianity and civilization upon this continent depends very much upon the perpetuation of British rule in Canada, and this can only be effected by making our population larger, and by drawing closer the ties which connect us with the Mother Land. Every loyal British subject who lands upon our shores forms an additional pledge and guarantee of the continuance of the colonial connection. We most thoroughly repudiate the idea that an English artisan, because he is poor and of humble origin, is devoid of all feelings of nationality or patriotism and would just as soon become an alien and a foreigner to the land of his forefathers as not. We know that this is not the case, and we have lately been assured by the representative of the English Workingman's Association who is at present in this city, that if the working men of Great Britain who are disposed to emigrate, can only be assured that Canada offers anything like the inducements to settlers that are held out by the United States, they will most certainly give this country the preference. We know that there are some people who will shake their heads at this; who will sneer at it as "sentiment," and who, judging others from their own selfish feelings, doubt the truth of the old saying, "*Cœlum non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt.*"

But the people of Canada, as a general thing, will not agree with them, but will believe with us that the spirit of the old U. E. Loyalists still exists even in this utilitarian age.

We have on several occasions lately been compelled to lament the ignorance of many Englishmen concerning Canada, and have alluded, perhaps, in somewhat warm terms, to the misrepresentations of which some leading Englishmen have, in consequence of that ignorance, been guilty, when speaking of Canadian affairs. Therefore, we welcome with more than ordinary pleasure the arrival of any one here whose mission it is to ascertain what is the true position of affairs, and to make the truth known to the people of England.

The work in which those who are endeavoring to direct English emigration to this country are engaged is not simply to improve the social condition of the English working classes, though to succeed in doing this would of itself be a sufficient recompense for their efforts. But still more important political results will, we may well hope, also be attained. The men who settle in the Dominion to-day will be the fathers of a great nation in the future, who will occupy and rule over the Northern portion of this continent. Believing as we do that the cause of civilization enlightenment, and civil and religious liberty will advance more under British institutions then under any other form of government, we regard it as a matter of the deepest importance that this country should be settled by British subjects. We do not think that we are guilty of any exaggeration when we say that we believe that the future existence of the British Empire depends in a great measure upon this being done. The North West with its fertile prairies and immense resources of all kinds is now about being opened for settlement. The Americans know its value, and are acquainted with the advantages it possesses if we are not, and we may rely upon it that next spring we shall see a steady tide of immigration from Minnesotta and other North Western states of the Union, setting in towards the new Province of Manitoba. We hope that Englishmen who are seeking to obtain homes in the West, will not be so slow to realize and understand what a splendid country we are anxious to offer to them, and so persistent in crowding towards the American Republic, as to allow Americans to come in and obtain possession of all the best portions of British territory upon this continent. It would be an unfortunate as well as a very anomalous condition of affairs if this were to be the case, and we should imagine that not only English Emigration societies but the Imperial Government also, might make an effort to direct British subjects to find their new homes on British soil.

CANADIAN PROGRESS.

It is rather amusing while some Englishmen and Canadians are constantly finding fault with this country for its "retrogression," and advising the people of Canada to take example by their southern neighbors, to see American journals commenting upon the apathy displayed by American business men as compared with those of the Dominion. We notice that the Buffalo *Express*, after commenting at some length upon the commercial progress of this country, says:

"These important facts should be generally disseminated throughout the country. They speak more forcibly than a thousand arguments. They establish the fact now almost unheeded, that a great maritime nation is growing up at our doors. They show that while we are standing impassively, with our arms folded, a neighboring country having in comparison such natural or artificial advantages as ourselves, is quietly, but yet gradually, building up a trade which should be all our own. It is for this purpose alone that we call special attention to it. We cannot afford any longer indifference unless we would allow our chances entirely to slip away. The business men of the Dominion display no such apathy. In addition to the marvellous development of the shipping interests, they are now engaged in utilizing a harbor at Bic, in the Lower St. Lawrence. This step will, it is believed, permit them a month's longer navigation in the year than they now possess. Railways are being constructed to meet the necessities of this anticipated trade, the temporary suspension of which by the agency of winter, will then be so greatly reduced."

We commend this to the serious attention of Sir D. Wedderburn and Englishmen of his class. Although that gentleman is a member of the Imperial Parliament, and takes a part in making laws for the Government of the whole British Empire, it is certain that even the Buffalo *Express* can give a more truthful and intelligent account of this portion of Queen Victoria's dominions than he can do.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

The suggestion has been made that the farmers in the neighbourhood who have not suffered by the late fires, should take the cattle belonging to those who have been burnt out and keep them free of cost until next summer. The proposal is certainly a good one, and we hope to see it carried into effect. The expenditure involved in doing so would scarcely be perceptible to many of our large and well to do farmers, while the benefit which they would be conferring upon their unfortunate neighbours would be very great. Some of those persons who were burnt out, owned some very valuable cattle, many of which have been saved, but the great difficulty now is that they have no food of any kind for them. Hay, grass, everything is gone. Unless, therefore, some of their neighbours who have escaped the ravages of the flames will act upon the suggestion we have made they will be compelled to sell their cattle—all the property they have left—at a ruinous sacrifice.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The citizens of Ottawa never had such a call on their benevolence, and most nobly have they responded, yet I would advise them to use a little prudence in their distributions. The good folks of the city have swarmed on the roads to the burnt districts, and have not come empty, so that although only a week has elapsed since our great calamity occurred, some of the sufferers can already point to a better replenished wardrobe than they could before the fire, while others are still suffering. It is not always those who need help the most who complain most. Again, those who are insured for a greater sum than their property would sell for three months before the fire, lands and all, are no objects of charity. By inserting the above you will benefit the truly needy,

And oblige,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of the 22nd inst. you mention the arrest of a man who had been firing the bush in the neighbourhood of Aylmer. Is it not time we had a law making the placing of fire in the woods at the driest season of the year, a penal offence? A very destructive fire, and one which has caused much time to be spent in an effort to subdue it, that ought to have been employed in harvesting, was occasioned by people putting fire in the woods, where they were cutting out a new road. It has not saved them an hour's work, but has entailed immense loss on the proprietors of lands in the vicinity. Much injury is frequently done here from the carelessness and thoughtlessness of people fishing and shooting and putting fire in the woods.

I am, dear Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A SUFFERER.

FITZROY, 25th August, 1870.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Pink satin slippers are the proper thing to wear at breakfast in Saratoga.

San Francisco has as many liquor saloons as Chicago, with only half the population.

A Dubuque girl has sued her mother for slander.

Perisian ladies carry summer muffs of lace and perfumery.

It is said that the son of a Prussian nobleman is keeping a lager-beer saloon in Oshkosh.

A Schenectady man kennels his black-and tan in a cigar box, and muzzles him with a thimble.

A "Society for the encouragement of Young Men desiring to Marry" is organizing among the young ladies of Rondout.

The "girl of the period" in Arkansas is described as thirteen years old, shoeless, bonnetless, stockingless, and with the Sheriff after her for stealing a horse.

A new style of hair-pin has been invented, which is the color of the hair, with small spiral top, which is warranted not to move after being placed in the hair.

A young lady named O'Donnell recently sacrificed her life at Strawberry Plains, Tenn., in the effort to save her two little brothers, who had gone out to bathe and were drowning. Her body was subsequently found in the bed of the river with an arm tightly clasped round each of the brothers.

A old man recently turned up at Quincy, Ill., who is unable to give any more information about himself than that he used to be called "old man." He rode into the city upon a vehicle drawn by four dogs, and exhibited a drove of Guinea pigs to the crowd at ten cents a head.

It is perhaps not generally known that the Canadian cent is a trustworthy standard of weight, measure, and value; one hundred of them weighing a pound, each one measuring an inch in diameter, and one hundred making a dollar. Of course, there are ten to a dime, twelve to a foot, and twenty five to a quarter of a pound.

"STRASBOURG, Oct. 9, 1799.—The French army of the Rhine has retaken Manheim and Frankfort. The enemy have lost 300 men. Ten thousand peasants who rose *en masse* have thrown down their arms. Among the prisoners are many Cossacks."

Also from the Austrian Archduke Charles:

"On the 25th September the Russian corps, under Lieut.-Gen. Korsakoff, were defeated by the French, and retreated to the right bank of the Rhine."

It will be observed that it took nearly 12 weeks to convey the news from the seat of war to the United States. Now the same thing is done just as effectively in 12 minutes!

AN OLD NEWSPAPER.—The Hamilton *Times* says:—We were shown to-day, by Mr. H. A. White, of this city, a copy of the *Ulster County Gazette*, published at Kingston (Ulster Co., New York), by Samuel Freer & Son. It is dated Saturday, January 4, 1800, and is number 88, of the second volume. The paper, although somewhat faded, is wonderfully preserved. Its column rules are turned, making it in mourning for President Washington. Considerable space is taken up with war news—the Austrians and Russians on the one side, and French on the other, being engaged in a fierce conflict. The scene of the engagement, according to the following, which we extract from the *Gazette*, must have been nearly the same as during the present struggle—in fact, it is history repeating itself:—

DIVORCE. An American paper says: A woman, with a baby six months old in her arms, alights from an omnibus in the dusk of a rainy evening, when up steps a gentleman with a quiet, but firm manner and says, "Let me take him into the car." The mother with a calm indifference, resigns the child to a gentleman, who takes it into the car of the train which is ready to start. It needs no further information than is afforded by the fond caresses lavished upon the child to know that it is in the arms of its father; and the, wee, sweet little thing is delighted, too, while the mother sits aloof and gazes coldly out of the window. Soon the bell of the locomotive rings, the conductor's voice is heard warning the passengers to get on board, and the man kissing the baby a wild kiss, places it in the lap of its mother, whispers a low "Good-by" to the woman and leaves the car. As the train moves off the prattling face of the infant is seen at the window by the father, and its little hand is extended towards him. He touches it for a brief moment, when the remorseless movement of the train, doing the behest of a hateful circumstance, tears it away forever. The man retires from the notice of the crowd. His head is bowed upon his bosom and his great frame is shaken with the weight of a greater grief. He weeps. The scene we witnessed at the depot last evening. It was the *finale* to a divorce suit that was recently decided in our Circuit Court. What is the matter with the women?

MILITARY.

There are now 5,300 men employed at Woolwich arsenal, and great activity prevails in the gun and shell factories.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* says:—"The measures of our Government with respect to the army may be summed up in a line. In the summer they boastfully reduce the military expenditure by the sum of one million, and in the autumn they ask Parliament for two millions, simply to repair the mischief they have done."

According to a return presented by Col. Henry James, Director of the Topographical Department of the War Office and Ordnance Survey, the strength of the British army in 1867-8 was as follows:—

British forces	204,530
Foreign and colored troops	146,724
Total peace establishment	351,254
Troops of reserve in the United Kingdom	309,388
Ditto in British possessions abroad	118,120
Total war establishment	778,661

An Aldershot correspondent suggests the following as a mode of forming a reserve of cavalry horses:—Let each regiment train thoroughly a certain number of horses which, after their education is completed, should be offered to the yeomanry to ride and keep, paying a fair hire for the use of the horses. The yeoman would then have a horse to ride and use as he pleased, assured that he would only have to give it up in times of emergency. The horse would return to the cavalry, in such a case, in many instances improved inasmuch as he would be able to go across the country as well as down a road.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Gen. Trochu, Governor of Paris, has decreed that all individuals devoid of means, and whose presence contributes to the danger of public order and to the security of persons or property, or whose acts tend to impede the measures of the authorities for the defence and general safety of the city, are to be expelled. All inflictions of the above order must be defended before a military tribunal.

PARIS, August 26.—Many arrests were made last night. Over 1,200 was occasioned by the order of Gen. Trochu. Two hundred persons were arrested in the Faubourg Montmarte.

A special Paris despatch, dated the 26th, says there are rumours of fighting, but nothing authentic.

McMahon will undoubtedly be in battle to-day, and there are fears that he will be defeated.

Official circles are very silent, more so than at any former time this week.

The drawing of the conscription at Paris is fixed for the 29th inst. The call is for a corps of 140,000 instead of a corps of 90,000.

The gunboats for the defence of the city have just arrived. The chief command of the squadron has been confided to Capt. Thomassen, formerly chief of the staff of Admiral Juvien De La Gravier.

The committee of defence have decided that upon the approach of the Prussian invading army the crops of farmers between the Seine and the Marne and in the environs of Paris, such as wheat, oats, and forage that cannot be stored in the capital shall be burnt.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The bakeries of Paris were all visited yesterday by the authorities in order to investigate whether they have a supply of flour to last forty days according to the daily sales.

PARIS, August 26.—*L'Opinione National* says the new army is forming behind the Soirex.

The man who attempted to assassinate Marshal McMahon, was tried and shot to-day.

The couriers of the enemy have been seen at Brienne.

The German Uhlands also appeared on the arrondissements of Lagre, but they soon fell back to the North side on the corps *d'armee* which is marching towards Chalons.

The Prussian Crown Prince is said to have been at St. Dizier on Tuesday, the 23rd inst.

One half of the troops which have lately been besieging the city of Toul have been marched to Nancy. The garrison of Toul defended the place heroically. The Prussian bombardment has thus far put about 15 men *hors de combat*. The besiegers on the contrary sustained heavy losses.

The Garde Mobile fight well and with great courage.

The enemy is marching towards Varennes, a town sixteen miles west of Verdun.

The people on the outskirts of Sereney, between Verdun and Meseirs, are defending themselves against the raid of the Prussians, and have inflicted considerable damage on the enemy.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Baron de Arnun, Prussian Minister to Rome, has been created a Count, as a reward for his services in keeping Italy quiet.

Bismarck has from the first refused to permit any representative of Austria to accompany the army.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Yesterday engineers were engaged making the bridges over the Marne, which are to be destroyed on the approach of the enemy.

It is said that the Committee of the Corps Legislatif, charged with the consideration of military measures, have proposed to enroll all men between the ages of 20 and 35 years.

In the Corps Legislatif M. Montpayneux proposed the total abolition of the Garde Mobile, and to distribute the men now composing it into the regular army. He supported his proposition in a speech wherein he claimed that the measure was urgent, and would give the regular army at least 160 new regiments. At length the proposition was sent to the military committee. It will no doubt be adopted.

The French Government is taking measures to cause Belgium to arrest the transportation of munitions of war or wounded soldiers across her territory.

During the discussion in the Corps Legislatif yesterday Jules Favre informed the deputies that in his opinion the recent French misfortunes were due to the leaders, and after denouncing them he wanted to know whether it was for the dynasty or the nation that we are fighting.

The Minister of the Interior accounted for the delays in the receipt of the telegrams by saying that the generals were too busy fighting.

Yesterday a demonstration was made before the palace. Crowds assembled and demanded to know the news, what the Queen informed them in reply was no more than was already known. The crowd then dispersed slowly, unconvinced and dissatisfied.

DOVER, 26.—A formidable iron-clad ram, armed with two enormous guns, passed this port under the French flag at half-past ten this forenoon, steaming eastward.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—A letter to the *Univers* says: A cry of horror rings throughout Alsace, which has been so tried by the war.

The magnificent cathedral of Marrenthal no longer exists. The Prussians burned it, after profaning the statue of the Virgin by covering it with mud and breaking it to pieces.

CARLSRUHE, Aug. 26.—Heavy fighting commenced last night at the town of Spench, ten miles from Montmedy, in the direction of Bouriers. The Prussians cut the railway between Chauvaury and Lamouilly. The wounded are brought to Montmedy. The gates of the city have [illegible], as an assault is momentarily expected.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A strong detachment of Prussian cavalry occupies Darlevant.

The Prussian cuirassers are encamped at St. Remys.

A cable special to the N. Y. *Sun*, dated Paris 26, *via* Brussels, says:—In spite of the Government assertions there is no communications with Bazaine, the victory between Verdun ond Chalons, reported by the *Figaro*, proves to be a hoax. The soldiers after five days' fasting, plundered a train of supplies which had been stopped at Rheims.

SEDAN, France, Aug. 26.—McMahon is longing to reach Bazaine by way of Mesiers, Montmedy and Thionville, but the Prussians have cut through Varennes and Dun.

There is fighting going on between Dun, Bazany and Monsay.

According to all probabilities there will be an important action before long, not far from Montmagny.

BERLIN, August 26.—The 4th army, under command of the Prince Royal of Saxony, is forming to co operate with the third army in the movement on Paris.

Col. Verdy, the bearer of the flag of truce, and a trumpeter, were fired upon as they approached the walls of Metz, and both were wounded.

LONDON, August 26.—The department of marine from Chalous and Vassy is under the control of the Prussians.

Belgium denies having permitted wounded Prussian soldiers to be sent across her territory.

ROME, August 26.—The conduct of the French Legion, in demanding to return to France, was so menacing that the Pope dismissed the troops at once.

PRAGUE, August 26.—One of the journals published a letter from a Berlin correspondent, dated the 19th, from which we are extracted the following items:—We are persuaded here that efforts are making to conceal the fact that the Prussian army lost severely in the battle of the 15th and 17th.

The details furnished here are not credited.

It is openly asserted that the losses were so great that the army is disorganized and not able to advance, which will allow the French time to gather immense strength, and causing the Germans to pay dearly for their first successes.

PARIS, Aug 26.—The *Times'* special correspondent says: "I do not expect any specific intelligence from this side for several days."

There is a great strategic movement in progress, the importance of which is to be judged by their reserve of the journals, and the authorities here.

All letters and comunications for the army has been stopped, and the correspondents are imprisoned wherever found.

Place no faith in the lying Prussian organs in London, or the journals courting German patronage in New York.

The military prospects of France are clearer and more certain than at any time since the commencement of the campaign.

The French strategy combination will scarcely fail to be attended with decisive results in regard to the destruction of the invading army.

Accounts from Strasbourg represent that the Faubourg National suffered severely from the fire. The besiegers reported the cathedral slightly damaged, but this is doubtful.

The town of Kehl, on the Prussian side of the Rhine is nearly raised from the ground by shell thrown by the French from Strasbourg.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—An immense quantity of army cured meats are shipped from Liverpool to France.

There is great activity in the British armories and navy yards.

It is rumored that the British artillery is ordered from Plymouth to Antwerp.

Several rich prizes have been taken by the fleets in the Channel and the Baltic.

The last news from Strasbourg says that six persons were killed, sixteen houses burnt, and the Cathedral slightly damaged.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Letters from Rheins, and one *via* Belgium, from the French camp, report that Bazaine gained a great advantage in the battle of the 23rd, capturing many guns and prisoners.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

United Irishmen—Town after Town occupied by the Prussians—Two other German Armies enter French Territory—Heavy Siege Artillery Coming up—The Prussian Front stretches from 30 to 40 Miles, &c., &c.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—The Irish National Congress has secured a basis for the consolidation of a national organization, under the name of the United Irishmen.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The *Tribune's* special correspondent from the Crown Prince's headquarters, 17th, says there is no delay in advance, town after town is occupied, which you may hear of, but you can scarcely realize the extent of the invasion. While the Crown Prince has advanced through the Northern portion of Alsace into Loraine, two other German armies have entered the French territory from Rhenish Prussia, and the reserves are ever increasing.

It is no exaggeration to say that the conquered provinces will barely hold the troops poured into them. Pfalsburg still holds out.

General Talhouet received a flag of truce with a firm refusal to surrender, adding that he should next day, the 15th, fire a salute of twenty-one guns in honor of the Emperor.

The *Tribune's* Paris correspondent writes on Wednesday, before the Chalons camp was raised, that it was to prevent the Prussians occupying it, and to destroy a great quantity of stores they had no time to remove.

The telegraph clerks and other officials got orders on the previous evening to pack up.

The bombardment of Strasburg is said to have inflicted but little damage thus far.

Heavy siege artillery is coming up from Landau, Rastadt, Mayence, and other Prussian fortresses.

Another *Tribune* correspondent writes from Paris on Wednesday evening that the loan is a striking failure compared with other subscriptions, adding the estimated cost of affecting a loan. The deficiency of subscription on the first day is one hundred and eighty-five millions, while the former imperial loans were covered many times over. The full amount of this will be nominally made up, but a considerable part by subscription of speculators who cannot pay calls.

A private correspondent writes from Paris, on Wednesday, General Trochu's power daily appears more nominal than *actual*. He said, himself, to Gambetta that he had none, confessing his willingness but inability to prevent the re-appearance of the Cloche and Centregauche newspapers, recently suppressed.

Persigny said yesterday to an American friend that want of capacity and fidelity among the Imperialists had destroyed the empire.

Moderate republicans begin to think it is time to act and they chafe at the slowness of the Left.

The Baltimore Bonapatist promoted to Lieut. Colonel, has not joined his regiment, but is practically commandant at the Tuilleries.

The *Tribune's* London special says the arrival of the King at Bar de Duc is the best comment on French stories assiduously spread in Paris that the Prussians had been caught in the trap at Metz.

McMahon's movements are known to the Prussians and they do not think them of enough consequence to delay the advance of the Crown Prince, and prevent detachments of Steinmetz's and Prince Frederick Charles, forces from strengthening the column moving on Paris.

The Prussian front now stretches thirty or forty miles, the main column apparently marching by Bar de Duc and Nitry, while the left wing has enveloped Chaumont and Brienne, from 25 to 40 miles southward of the line of march of the main column.

The French war office previously assert nevertheless that McMahon and Bazaine, are in full communication and pursuing the Prussians, which everybody may believe who like.

The *World's* London special says an envoy from Madrid has received instructions to reopen negotiations for offering the Spanish Throne to Prince Thomas of Genoa, son of the Duchess of Genoa, and brother-in-law of the Prince Royal of Italy.

The Papal Government will no longer oppose the plan, and Marquis Rapallo, step father of the Prince, favours its resumption. The Prince is 16 years of age. The mission of Gen. Piole to Rome is entirely successful. The Italian army is now moving to the frontier, and there are now no symptoms remaining of trouble either in the Pontifical States or in Italy.

LONDON, August 26.—The German Uhplans are objects of prodigious terror at Paris. Their arrival is momentarily expected. Patrols are stationed everywhere in the vicinity to announce events.

The *Times* has the following resume of the situation: King William, leaving a sufficient force before Metz, where the seige works rise like exhalations, joined the Crown Prince, who was pushing on to Paris.

The movements of McMahon are beginning now to be intelligible.

A fugitive from Woerth, avoiding Metz, he passed through the Vosges to the Moselle, to Nancy, and to Chalons, where he was reinforced by the Garde Mobile and volunteers. His obvious aim has been to bar the passages, and prevent the advance of the Crown Prince on Paris. Affecting to disregard him, the Crown Prince moved on his flank, past Chalons, and offering McMahon battle, which the latter declined, retreating on Rheims and leaving the Chalons camp all to the Prussians. Since that time Rhems itself has been abandoned.

The obvious motive throughout, on the part of the French, has been to avoid a fight.

The Prussians are now within a short march of Paris, where perhaps some slight additional resistance may be met.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—A corps of the first and second armies still confronts Bazaine, while the remainder of the Prussians have marched on Paris.

PARIS, August 26.—The environs of Metz have been inundated by order of the French authorities.

At the Council of Ministers yesterday favorable news was communicated from both of the French armies.

It is now certain that there was no serious fighting yesterday, as reported in the *Figaro* last evening.

The Government has received information that the Prussians are no longer at Chalons.

A large part of the citadel and arsenal in Strasbourg is destroyed.

Many fires have occurred in that city, on account of the vigorous bombardment.

The French battery located at Marvier was captured without any loss to the Prussians.

The French fire destroyed about twenty houses in Kehl.

MENDELHEIN, Bavaria, Aug. 26.—Since last Tuesday evening the bombardment of Strasbourg by the Prussians has been incessant.

The Prussian advance post with siege train, is 500 yards off the city walls. The walls have been terribly battered. Several magazines exploded in the city and at the fort.

The Prussian losses are trifling.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—The French stories that the Prussians were checked yesterday between Chalons and Verdun, are false.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 26.

The Court of Arbitration met at 1:30 yesterday in Osgoode Hall.

Hon. Mr. Wood appeared as Counsel for Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Wood proposed to go through the schedule of debt according to the decision of the Arbitrators. The excess of 62 million five hundred thousand dollars was to be divided between Ontario and Quebec according to the debt of each for social purposes. To determine whether the debt was incurred for local purposes he proposed going into the history of each item. This occupied the court till 5:30 when they adjourned till this noon.

Mr. Langton was present, and gave an occasional opinion or stated objections. He was not examined.

An international match is to be played to-morrow between the Toronto Club and the Knickerbockers, good sport is expected.

The conclusion of the Annual Rifle Match which was postponed from Tuesday on account of the weather, came off yesterday: the prizes have not yet been decided.

A heavy thunder storm passed over the city yesterday at noon with a down pour of rain, lasting for an hour. Evening and night cold, this morning [illegible] but chilly.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 26.

Mr. Perry is sending off a large lot of clothing to the Fire Relief Committee this afternoon. His exertions deserve the thanks of all interested, for they are very great. Some one from Ottawa should be here with him. The people respond freely to his appeals.

The Governor of Newfoundland is in this city.

Malsons Bank is about to open an agency at Lindsay, Ont.

The new city Gas Co., has declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent.

A Cricket match will be played to-morrow between the Montreal and Grand Trunk Clubs.

The Montreal Agricultural and Horticultural Society, local, will not hold their exhibition this year.

This morning the St. Johns' Crew, who are to compete with the Tyne Crew, arrived from St. Johns, via Portland; they have two boats with them.

Hon. P. Mitchell, Minister of Marine and Fishries, arrived here last night and proceeded to Quebec this evening.

Last evening ten lunatics were sent from the Montral jail to Beauport asylum.

The Provincial Exhibition building is nearly finished.

Flour market somewhat dull, but without change in prices as the quantity offering of Canada supers. is still light.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, August 26.

An inquest was held this morning at Bourg Royal, by Coroner Panet, on the body of Jacques Bedard, farmer, who died, aged 48 years, of appoplexy. Verdict accordingly.

The Government steamer *Druid* has been secured for the purpose of giving the Illinois Press Association, now on a visit here, a sail to Montmorency Falls, Orleans Island, &c., &c. They start from the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company's wharf at half-past two this afternoon.

The closing matches of the Quebec Rifle Association, on Beauport range, yesterday afternoon, were the all comers' match and the consolation match. In the all comers, match, 700, 800, and 900 yards, the first prize was taken by Color-Sergeant Morris, 8th Battalion. The consolation match, 200 yards, was won by Captain Harden by 16 points.

It rained heavily last night.

ARNPRIOR.

ARNPRIOR, August 26.

There was great excitement here last night. The whole population had to turn out to fight the fire which was driving down directly on the village. The place is now safe so far.

An accident occurred on the Ottawa and Brockville Railway last night, between Pakenham and Arnprior. The train was thrown off the track, and two platform cars smashed. A passenger car was also thrown off the rails, but no one was hurt. About half a mile of the track was torn up.

Meeting of Immigrants at Gowan's Hall.

Last evening a meeting of the immigrants in Ottawa and vicinity took place in Gowan's Hall, to hear an address from the Rev. A. Styleman Herring, lately out from England for the purpose of visiting in this manner those whom he helped to emigrate. By about 8 o'clock there were all of 150 persons in the hall, and before the chairman opened the meeting there were over two hundred present, comprising women and men. As the Rev. Mr. Herring entered he was received with an ecstacy of applause.

The chair was taken by Dr. Sweetland at 8½. There were present on the platform, besides the chairman and the Rev. Mr. Herring, Dr. Jones and the Rev. Mr. Pollard.

Dr. Sweetland said he had been requested by several immigrants to occupy the chair at this meeting, and he felt most happy to do so. It was needless for him to state what object was in view in calling the meeting, as a great many present probably understood it better than he. He had been introduced to the Rev. Mr. Herring but a short while before, and consequently had not had an opportunity of learning his intentions. He would therefore open the meeting in this informal way, and after he should have heard the addresses about to be delivered he might better be able to say a few words to them.

The Rev. Mr. Herring then came forward and after a few introductory remarks [illegible] many of the emigrants had been sent from England to the colonies, not for any misconduct, but on account of the want of work and means of support at home. He had visited several localities in London and other parts of England, and as he became acquaintod with the condition of the poor, he resolved more and more upon making a move to revive emigration. Day after day he saw them becoming poorer and poorer, and gradually going down to absolute destitution, and the number was increasing so rapidly that he knew it would be useless to make any attempt to raise the necessary relief and keep them at home, and therefore he thought proper to make the move in the cause of emigration. His first effort brought out many friends to his assistance, among whom was the *Times* newspaper of London. The Rev. gentleman here read an extract from the above paper in the cause of emigration, in which those who could not find work at home were strongly urged to emigrate to the colonies, where industry and perseverance would be sure to secure them a comfortable home, also calling upon the public for assistance in the movement.

Various other newspapers throughout England shortly afterwards came forward to back him, and open their columns to the cause. He first made the experiment by sending out a few, and by the end of last year from eight to nine thousand had arrived in Canada. For a time after their arrival they seemed lost, and in letters to friends at home expressed themselves much disappointed in the prospects they had formed. This state of things did not last long, however. After about three months residence in Canada, the strain of their letters changed, and happiness and comfort began to reign among them, and prosperity was leading them on, till now many are in a comparatively affluent condition, having comfort, happiness and plenty, and many are now getting their relations at home to follow their destination. It would certainly afford the immigrant in Canada, so far from his native home, great pleasure to have his relations follow him to his new abode, where they could live together in happiness. At home, by means of clubs and other assistance they had been able to send out a good number of emigrants. But after he had despatched them across the ocean his conscience was uneasy to know how they were situated in the New World and nothing could satisfy him but personal observation. So he resolved to visit Canada, and hence his presence that night. The rev. gentleman here mentioned the names of several distinguished ladies and gentlemen in England who took an active part in the cause of emigration; they had entreated him to ask how were their emigrants. (Cheers.)

If it pleased God to prosper them in their cause they would still help out emigrants, but those who are now in Canada and prospering should not forget their friends and relations in England. Our Irish friends said the Rev. gentleman teachus a lesson in this case which should be emulated: some years the Irish have sent home over a $1,000,000 to enable their friends and relations in Ireland to come to America.

[illegible] was in Montreal, and all the emigrants whom he had the pleasure of meeting there were doing well. He saw but one who had any complaint to make. A woman complained that she could not understand the French language. She had never heard such a queer language. They were all thankful in heart for the comfort which they were enjoying, and for the bright prospects they had for the future.

He would make one or two suggestions as to helping friends to emigrete. In the first place it would be good to form Immigration Clubs throughout the Dominion. When an emigrant arrives in Canada he at first feels depressed and down in heart, but a kind friend to welcome him, is like a good samaritan. Immigration Clubs could give this hearty welcome to their newly arrived friends. He should like to see such a Club established in Ottawa. When thus in a body they could deposite a little money every week, and thus accumulate a fund to help out their relatives. In the meantime they should make their friends aware of the advantages to be gained by coming to Canada, and this could well be done by lettter. Many people in England never heard of the existence of such a place as Ottawa. He was speaking with one man who heard of Toronto, Ontario and Niagara, but of no other part of the Dominion. The great object of the Clubs should be to make preparations to receive their immigrant friends and extend to them a welcome. The Government, he thought, might begin the institution by giving a little towards it.

His next suggestion was one which concerned the public generally, and it was to encourage female immigration. He had been in several places in Canada, and everywhere he found great disproportion between the female and male population. Australia encouraged female immigration by money grants, and the Dominion Government should do the same.

The rev. gentleman also suggested the establishing of a little paper principally in the cause of emigration.

A few words about the old country. Politically it was about the same as when they left it. Religiously it was much disturbed, he regretted to say. Even his own Church, the Church of England, was cut about and much discord prevailed in its bosom. But they prayed God to have union ere long. Socially things were very slack. There were great numbers of persons in want of work and could not get anything to do. Just a few days before he left he saw over one thousand men turned out of employment, and left without the least prospects of any means of subsistence. Thomas Lawrence had told him there would be no employment of any consequence for the next three years. All is miserly and melancholy in some quarters of London, and in other places. Women were in a state of semi-starvation. Of course there was labor to be obtained in some places, but, as a general rule, trade was very slack. He looked with a good deal of fear to the coming winter. Beefsteak now sold as high as [illegible] in England, and the cheapest kind could not be had for less than nine pence. He hoped to see emigration encouraged. In Canada all who are willing and able will be sure to make for themselves a comfortable home. Above all they should be content with their new situation, whatever it may be, and climb the ladder gradually. He thought those before him looked stouter and stronger than they were when they left England. The first thing was contentment, [illegible] thing turned into sorrow before a man was content. He urged them to keep from the great evil liquour; advised them to take care of their shinplasters, and prayed that he would bless and prosper them in their new homes.

The Rev. gentleman was repeatedly applauded in the course of his [illegible]

Dr. Sweetland, at the [illegible] ring's address, made [illegible] marks. He had [illegible] number of years [illegible] tunity of giving a few more hints [illegible] Herring could be expected to [illegible] knowing the country. The chief object [illegible] young men coming out here should [illegible] get into work, and to take the first [illegible] they could get, and to avoid the [illegible] as that was the greatest misfortune which could happen to them, and to be [illegible] to their business. Englishmen were [illegible] rally inclined to grumble at everything, but he advised them to retain their [illegible] ings, then people would be the more inclined to help them. The chief of the evils which surrounded them was intemperance. Places he visited where [illegible] were confined for breaking the law, [illegible] asked the cause of [illegible] originated from intemperate habits. [illegible] emigrants have now arrived amongst strangers, don't be particular [illegible] go at. There was a gentleman present [illegible] night who came out some years ago [illegible] as any of them, and now [illegible] many hundreds of men. He would advise them to give up their [illegible] to accept the first work they could get, to take to their trades when an opportunity occurred.

Rev Mr. Jones said it gave him much pleasure as a clergyman to give to the Mr. Herring a hearty welcome, and to propose a vote of thanks for his [illegible] amongst them as he had done. He considered his hearers were fortunate [illegible] their arrival at such a time, [illegible] arrived thirty or forty years ago had [illegible] the opportunities they have; but [illegible] people were able, ready and willing [illegible] tender them their assistance, and [illegible] cleared the way for the new comers. The hardships immigrants had to undergo [illegible] were as nothing to what the old ones had to endure, and that ought to encourage them. These were things they should always [illegible] to keep, *mens sana in corpore sano*, a sound mind in a sound body. These were [illegible] rules he wished them to remember. —Always pass by a tavern, never pass by a church without entering, and always be ready to work. He was anxious to see them trying to make this country what their forefathers made the land they had left, and to remember they are foreshadows of men who are to live in this country, and he hoped they would continue in making it great, glorious and free. Rev. Mr. Herring had told him there were several children among them who had not been baptised, some of whom were born since their parents arrived in the country, and should they desire to have their children baptised by him, he (Mr. Herring) was willing to do so on Sunday next. He (Dr. Jones) hoped to meet those who had lately came out to this country on [illegible] ing next, so as to form a kind of club and reading room for the winter, and concluded by proposing an honest and earnest vote of thanks to the Rev. gentleman.

Mr. Connelly, a member of the [illegible] man's association, rose to second the motion of Dr. Jones, and made some excellent and telling remarks. He gave his "fellow-workmen" sound, stirling advice, and delivered a very interesting and [illegible] address his remarks elicited several rounds of applause. Want of space prevents us from giving the whole of his speech, but we trust his words will not be lost by those who heard him.

Rev. Mr. Pollard desired to make some remarks, but at that late hour he would not detain them long. He, as well as the former speaker, advocated [illegible] and said that should any of them need assistance or work, he would do his best for them, and requested them [illegible] him, also to let him know [illegible] live I that he might visit them. [illegible] sible, christian, and kind advice, together with the general [illegible] marks, and the sympathy he [illegible] the new comers, is an evidence of his kind hearted disposition.

The ladies of the [illegible] pic-nic last week, which was a [illegible] and successful affair.

The band from [illegible] ed some young ladies [illegible] Lawn Mansion, near [illegible] ings ago.

A ball took place [illegible] Flushing, last week, [illegible] by the fashionables from [illegible] suburbs.

The bachelors' hop at [illegible] Friday evening last was one of the affairs of the season.

Young ladies who [illegible] very short must not be [illegible] are accused of trying to [illegible] especially if they are [illegible]

T. HUNTON, [illegible] GREAT CLEARANCE SALE [illegible] TINUES; EXAMINE [illegible] BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

WALTHAM W[illegible]

THE AMERICAN W[illegible]

WALTHAM WATCHES [illegible] TIME-KEEPERS [illegible]

CHEAPEST WATCHES [illegible]

ROBERT WILKES, Sole Wholesale Agent for [illegible] Toronto [illegible] Montreal [illegible]

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS.

☞THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½) CENTS ... FOR 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTON'S, ...ARRED & CO'S. ... post free on application.

The late rain has cleared away the smoke from the atmosphere, and the night's and morning's are now clear and cold.

The Rev. Mr. Ebbs having returned from the West, will resume his ministerial duties in the Congregational Church on Sunday, the instant.

The Street Railway is now completed to the Suspension Bridge to which the cars made their first trip yesterday afternoon.

Another Switch to the Street Railway is being laid on Sparks street, between O'Connor and Bank streets.

The band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery made its *debut* on Major's Hill last evening. A large number of persons were present, and the band acquitted itself in a ...table manner.

... ...overnment property ...posite the ... ...ced in. This ... ...tain class of nocturn... ...other quarter.

HARTNELL, Barrister, Notary Public, Clerk for the United ... Office—In the ...

Accident.—On Wednesday last ... had his wrist fractured by an accident while loading lumber from one of the mills at the Chaudiere. He was knocked off the waggon by the binding pole which ...

Mills Stopped.—J. R. Booth's saw-mill at the Chaudiere has been stopped since Wednesday afternoon, and Messrs. Perley & Pattee's and Mr. Baldwin's since Thursday evening, all waiting for saw logs which are now at the Des Chenes, and which they expect to arrive at the Chaudiere this evening.

The concert at the Music Hall last night was a success, as it deserved to be. The programme was well carried out in every particular as might be expected from the distinguished talent that was employed. There was a good audience and no doubt a handsome sum has been realized.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—All went off successfully at the Theatre last evening as usual, and notwithstanding the attraction elsewhere, there was a good audience. The grand bill is prepared for this evening, and our advice to all is to go and see the Marshall troupe.

General Relief Committee.—This Committee dealt out relief to about 20 families yesterday. The relief consisted in clothing, provisions, building material, &c., of which a great quantity was given out. The Committee is kept pretty busy during the greater part of the day in attending to the demands of destitute farmers of whom a good number can always be seen with their teams in front of the Committee Room.

Auction Sale.—Mr. Bermingham advertises to sell by auction, on Tuesday next, the 30th inst. at 11 o'clock, a.m. at the residence of Mrs. Rossiter, Maria street, between O'Connor and Bank streets, some very neat household furniture and plated ware, China, Glass and Crockery. A small library of the best standard works, as well as several volumes, plans and designs on Mechanical Engineering. Persons in want of such will do well to attend.

Arrivals at the Russell House, Friday.—... MacDonald, Glencoe; R. Bartin, ...'s Point; F. W. Myers, do; Wm. ...er, Belleville; E. D. Westgate, Montreal; D. Thurston, Toronto; M. L. Chris..., do; M. H. Donalson, Michigan; ... Whitehead, Montreal; James Ross, ...sburg; C. Sheebry, Detroit; W. J. ...er, Montreal.

The Market.—Friday—There was a large market this morning—the largest we have seen during the last couple of weeks. Hay was plentiful and sold for $20 and $22 per ton. Butter was scarce at 22 and 25 cents per tub, and 25 and 30 cents for prints. Eggs, 16 cents per dozen. Potatoes sold from 50 to 63 cents per bushel. Apples of rather poor quality, ... per bushel. There was not much ... what was, sold for 25 cents per bushel.

It appears that several cases of attempted imposition on the Relief Committee have been detected. Farmers come in with ... to ask for relief, while at this moment they are making this demand they have in their pockets the insurance money of their destroyed property, besides having large farms of unincumbered land. The committee, however, are attending to their charitable work too closely to be imposed upon by persons of this stamp, and no fear need be entertained of any of the relief donations going into a wrong channel.

Police Court.

Friday, Aug. 26th.

The first case this morning was that of a ...ryman, named Robert Goodwin—drunk and disorderly, fined $2 and costs.

Then came Mary Ann Summers, a respectable looking young woman, who was ... for the same kind of crime, this being her first offence, she was mulcted $1 and costs.

Joseph Dent, a boarding house keeper in Clarence street, appeared next on the charge of striking Damase Roy. This case caused considerable amusement in Court, from the manner in which Joseph exhibited his arms, and rolling up his shirt sleeves said he would not allow Roy to come to his house, kiss his wife, that he was able to ... any Frenchman, and he would welt him if he ever came there again—dismissed with costs.

Richard A. Sims, a blacksmith, residing at the corner of Bank and Sparks street, appeared to answer to a charge of having a fire on his premises on Thursday morning for the purpose of shoeing cart wheels, the fire not being in a properly constructed enclosure.

Dr. VanCourtland was the chief witness in the matter, and considered the place to be a public yard. He was cross-examined at some length by Mr. Gibb, who contended that the enclosure being surrounded by ... wall the defendant could not be brought under the power of the law as the by-law now stood, and he thought it ought to be revised, not being sufficiently explicit.

The doctor stated there was a shed in the yard, and that at this time when the city is surrounded by fire it was no time to run any risk, that he contended there was no enclosure round the fire, as the place was open, in some places the wall being only a few feet high, and that had the shed taken fire, the whole property might have been burned; as they were burning pine wood it was all the more dangerous. He did not go there from curiosity, and when he complained to Sims about having his fire there, he declared he would continue doing so. The doctor said it was from a sense of duty not spite that he brought the case up, for that Sims was one of his best patients. Constable Jordan corroborated the doctors statements, and said the fire was not 36 feet from a building. When he told Sims to put the fire out, he said he would not. This witness was cross-examined at considerable length. Mr. Gibb objected to a shade erected over the fire being called a building, and sustained by his worship. Mr. Gibb thought the Constable was excited, but he knew he was anxious to do his duty, there being a lot of hay in a building close by Jordan was the more anxious the fire should be extinguished. He would swear the wall was not a foot and a half high.

... said there was not evidence to ..., and that if his client ... would appeal from it. ... fined him at all ... right to put the ... that if he ... city, ... by-law, ... was ...

H... De K... bottle.

WINES—Sherries o... all ... quality, Burgundy, Sauterne all ... all prices, in wood and bottle, ... HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, ... WHISKEY, ... high proof and ... avor, at extremely low ... ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey ... Irish Whiskey, ... Irish Potteen, London Porter, pts and qts. ... Ales.

Subscriptions all grades.

For Fire ... RELIEF FROM FIRE ... TWENTY-FIVE ... POST.

August 25, 1870, received as reported	331 25
Aug 26, received from C. W. Bangs & Co.	50 00
John McDonald	5 00
Dr. W. J. Henry	40 00
James Wadsworth	40 00
William Craig, M. P. P.	50 00
C. B. Wright	100 00
Ira Morgan, Warden	50 00
L. Wilson	20 00
Major Moore	10 00
Elliott & Hamilton	25 00
Sir Geo. E. Cartier	75 00
His Excellency the Governor General and Lady Young	500 00
Montreal firm of C. W. Bangs & Co.	50 00
Donald Mussen	10 00
D. T. Coleman	5 00
Total	$5 361 25

JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 26, 1870.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

A GREAT BILL.

Extra Attraction.

Production of Douglas Jerold's celebrated nautical drama, in three acts of

BLACK EYED SUSAN; Or all in the Downs.

Song .... Miss Nelson
Song .... Johnnie Ward
Song .... E. T Clinton
Double Irish Jig, Johnnie Ward & Miss Nelson
To conclude with a roaring farce.

Monday, August 29, the first appearance of MR. OLIVER DOWD BYRON in the successful drama of

CROSSING THE CONTINENT.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store. Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager, WM. J. MARSHALL.

By James Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber is instructed by MRS. ROSSISTER to sell at her residence, Maria Street, between O'Connor and Bank Streets, on TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all her Household effects, consisting of very neat parlor furniture, handsome Carpets, large and beautiful Engravings, excellently framed, French Lithographs, several volumes of Sir W. Scott, Shakespeare, Byron, Burns, Mrs. Hemans, all beautifully bound, as well as various volumes of Engineer and Machinist's Assistant, illustrated by engravings and wood cuts. An Extension Dining Table, B W Sideboard, Dinner and Breakfast Service, in white and gold, Cutlery, Plated Ware, China, Glass and Crockery, Hall and Stair Carpeting, Bedroom Carpets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Dressing Glasses and Three Feather Beds (geese feathers), Parlor, Kitchen and Hall Stoves, well as all the necessary kitchen and Hall as well as all the necessary kitchen furniture.

Sale unreserved and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 25, 1870 1446 3

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

Will be held at the office of the Company in the Village of

NEW EDINBURGH ON TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 6th, 1870.

At the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and other business.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

Office of the O C P R R C., New Edinburgh, August 26, 1870 1446 9

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1tN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1446 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

1870. 1870.

WHOLESALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

No. 20, Sparks street,

Are making arrangements to increase their large

☞WHOLESALE TRADE,☜

BY OFFERING

A MUCH LARGER STOCK THAN HERETOFORE PURCHASED

under every advantage.

Cotton Goods bought late, and fully ten per cent cheaper than those opened up now.

CANADIAN GOODS

... at manufacturers prices.

☞Wholesale entrance between the Post Office and Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's, Elgin street.

We have received ex S S. "St Patrick," and other shipments, the following, which we are determined to sell at war prices:

Black Lustres,
Black and Coloured Cobourgs,
Marl Dress Goods,
Serges,
Figured Repps,
Dress Tweeds and Clan Tartans,
Rough Brown Hollands,
Loom Huck Towels,
Prints, Regatta Shirtings,
Black Glace and Gros Grain Silks,
Italian Cloths,
Drab and Brown Wincies.

☞Hemmed Lawn Handkerchiefs only 2½d each.

☞Inspection invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a REGISTRY OFFICE and Walls to enclose Gaol Yard.

The Plans, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and Forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, William Cowan, Esq., Nicholas Street, Ottawa, on and after TUESDAY, the 30th day of August next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided, to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 14th day of September next, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Registry office, &c."

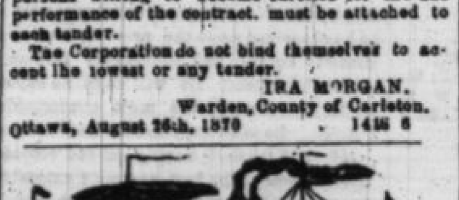
The work may be let either as a whole or divided into two sections.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due performance of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden, County of Carleton.

Ottawa, August 26th, 1870 1446 6



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for the Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

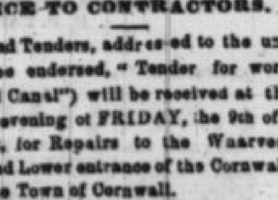
The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS. President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, (to be endorsed, "Tender for work on the Cornwall Canal") will be received at this office until the evening of FRIDAY, the 9th of September next, for Repairs to the Wharves at the Upper and Lower entrance of the Cornwall Canal, and at the Town of Cornwall.

Specifications can be seen at this office, or at the office of the Canal Superintendent, Cornwall, on and after Tuesday, the 3rd instant, where printed forms of tender, and other information, can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 29th August 1870. 1446 4

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 10 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1423 33td

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT,' RIDEAU STREET.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

THE 31st ANNUAL MEETING

Of the ASSOCIATION was held within the Head Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY 29th JULY, 1870, Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Baronet in the Chair.

The NEW ASSURANCES transacted by the Association during the last year, ending 5th April, have been more numerous, as well as larger than usual, while, at the same time, the Assurances cancelled by deaths and surrenders, &c, have not been excessive. Considerable and proportionate additions have beed made to the Funds and the Annual Income. The Investments have been chosen, as formerly, only from the best class of securities, and the whole are in a thoroughly sound and satisfactory condition.

FULL and DETAILED STATEMENTS of the transactions and position of the Institution were submitted, together with the AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The following are Extracts:

NEW TRANSACTIONS AND MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR.

The NEW LIFE ASSURANCES proposed were	1784 for	£882,071 0 0 Stg.
Those declined or not proceeded with were	347 "	180 874 0 0
And those transacted were	1437 "	701 197 0 0
The ANNUAL PREMIUMS on these NEW ASSURANCES are		21,391 12 6
New LIFE ANNUITIES were purchased to the amount of per annum		1,395 12 4
The MORTALITY amongst the Assured Lives during the year was 252, assured for		123,650 11 8
There were 24 DEATHS amongst the Annuities, cancelling Life Annuities for per annum		1 346 1 2

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The LIFE ASSURANCES in force were	£7,425,181 14 2
PREMIUMS payable for these ASSURANCES	237,386 17 5
REVENUE from PREMIUMS and INTEREST, after deduction of the Abatement (Cash Bonuses) allocated in Class A. for this year	257,683 13 7
TOTAL AMOUNT of CLAIMS on DECEASED LIVES since the commencement	1,231,419 16 11
TOTAL CASH BONUSES allocated to Policy-holders	445,096 8
FUNDS remaining on hand	1,357,386 15 0

THE FUNDS ON HAND CONSIST OF

REAL SECURITIES and ESTATE	£ 562 206 9 9
RAILWAY DEBENTURES, DEBENTURE STOCK, &c.	296,365 6 0
BRITISH COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BONDS	48,947 19 9
LOANS on the ASSOCIATION'S POLICIES, being under their value and Policies with other Offices	237,194 17 9
LOANS on SECURITY of CONSOLS, PUBLIC RATES under Acts of Parliament, Government Annuities, and a Small Amount on Personal Security	11,557 11 6
OFFICES at Edinburgh, London, and other Branches	54,785 11 1
STAMPS	356 10 1
In BANKS, in DEPOSIT and CURRENT ACCOUNTS	53,822 12 0
In Hands of AGENTS, being principally PREMIUMS RECEIPTS, &c., due in Agencies, the Days of Grace being current	48,168 11 4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current	48,168 11 4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current	30,907 10 10
(These last two sums have, with few exceptions been all paid.) CURRENT INTEREST, &c., up to the date of Balance	13,073 14 11
	£1,357,386 15 0

Note—The Sums by the Association at the date of Balance, but, not applied for were £7,460 12 11

At this balance CASH BONUSES have been allocated to the participating Policy-holders in Class A. to be applied as usual in abatement of the premiums payable during the year ending 5th April, 1870. These abatements are at the same rates as formerly for Policies that have previously participated, and amount to 25 per cent. of the Life premiums for Policies which now participate for the first time. It is matter of satisfaction to the Directors that they are able thus to continue to declare the same large Bonus to the A. Policy-holders as they have done for many years past. An allocation of Bonus to the B. Policy-holders will be made after the next balance.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

MONTREAL, 99 ST. JAMES STREET.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Hon. Alex. Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue
Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (John Redpath & Son)
J. H. R Molson, Esq., (J. H. R. Molson & Bros.)
Solicitors—Messrs. Ritchie, Morris and Rose.
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M. D.
Secretary—P. Wordlaw.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M. D.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E
Medical Officer—W. J. Henry, Esq., M. D.

AGENTS—MESSRS. J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

HAY PRESS FOR SALE.

AN INGERSALL HAND POWER HAY PRESS, IN USE ONE SEASON.

—ALSO—

1,000 BAGS, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Have been used once.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to JOHN R. ARNOLDI, Dept. Pub. Works. Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

WANTED,

Two boys to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 21th, 1870.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION 1780-'41.

FACULTY OF ARTS—The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B. A., Secretary McGill College

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

☞PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m. the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa "
" " 97, " " "
" " 100, " " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H. McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec.

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE, ON THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

☞VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,☜

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Domin... James, New, D'Arcy and Mc...ion, ... Gee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

THE REV. J. MAY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT.

Berth No. 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer. Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent. interest.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1m

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa.

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870 1415-2m

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Second Annual

☞EXHIBITION,☜

OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21st, 22nd, and 23rd,

On the Society's Grounds, adjoining the city, when will be offered

$2,500 IN PRIZES,

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

Officers of the Society—J. B. Lewis, President; John Ashworth, 1st Vice President; John Rochester, junr., 2nd Vice President; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer. Directors—Hon James Skead, Alonzo Wright, M. P., J. M. Currier, M. P., George W. Eaton, A. McKellar, Thos. Graham, W. F. Powell, R. Kenny and Ira Morgan.

Entries must be made before the 10th September. All parties are entitled to compete on payment of $2.00.

The Building and Grounds will be open from MONDAY morning, the 19th instant, for reception of articles intended for the Exhibition.

For Prize Lists and Entry Forms apply to, the Secretary at Ottawa, or the different Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies throughout the Ottawa country.

Forage and Provender, at reasonable prices, will be found on the Grounds.

The different Railway and Steamboat Companies will carry Passengers and Freight to and from the Fair at reduced rates. Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the Free Entry of Articles from the United States for competition.

☞AN AUCTION SALE of Thoroughbred Ayrshire, Durham and other Cattle; Suffolk and Berkshire Pigs; Cotswold, Leicester and Hampshire Down Sheep, and Fancy Fowl, &c., will take place on Thursday, the second day of the Exhibition, at 2 p. m. on the grounds.

A Brass Band will be in attendance during the Fair.

A S WOODBURN, Secretary. J B LEWIS, President.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870. 1443td

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 *to* $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE, Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1437td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

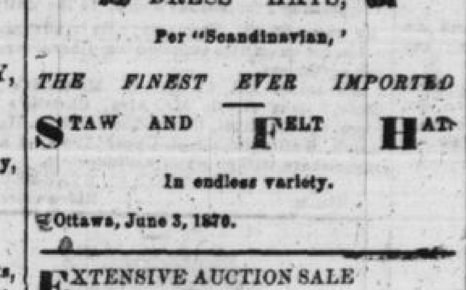
Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*



HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

☞DRESS HATS,☜

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STRAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF IMPORTED STOCK.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FOR 1870.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from the Society and from other celebrated importers of stock, in the vicinity of Ottawa and Montreal, to sell on the Society's grounds, THURSDAY, 22nd September, the second day of the show, a large quantity of imported stock. Consisting of Ayrshire Cattle, Short Horn Durhams, Hampshire Downs, Cotswool and Leicester Sheep, Berkshire and Suffolk Pigs, Bramah Poutrah Fowls, &c., &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure imported stock as those offered are from the herds of some of the most extensive importers in the vicinity of Montreal and Central Canada.

Parties having prize stock or implements to dispose of, can do so by making arrangements with the Auctioneer, up to the evening previous to the sale. This will be a rare opportunity both for sellers and purchasers, as the prizes offered are large and competition asked for from the whole Dominion, and will no doubt attract a large attendance.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 25. 1445-4d

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Beg to inform the trade of the Ottawa District that they have opened a

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

☞WAREHOUSE☜

IN

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE

RUSSELL HOUSE.

And are now receiving and opening large shipments by sailing vessels, "Lake Erie," "Lake Superior," "Cherokee," "Medora," and steamers "Austrian," "St. Patrick," "Peruvian," and others.

Their Stock will be complete in a few days.

Special attention given to Canadian manufacturers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

... Prussians dancing. ... ago the Parisians were ... prospect of ...

W. S. FOOTE & COMPANY.

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

☞TEAS AND WINES,☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

☞*It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.*

R L JAMES & Co.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, August 26, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 50	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
COAT—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
" per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
[illegible]	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
[illegible]—each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 16	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	21 00	@	22 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	5 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Or on Raw Hides	5 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION ... POUNDS STERLING.

... INVESTED IN CANADA .... $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,]

Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 ... the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4235. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,

1407 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

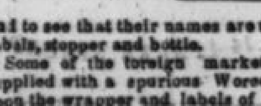
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

NOTICE is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,

President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... , Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... S FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents ... everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BISSNAY, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.

Dentists.

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m lawk6m

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to

M MULLIN, & CO.,

Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 1441 6

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1353tf Rideau street.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East half of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL,

Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,

Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3td

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 319tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

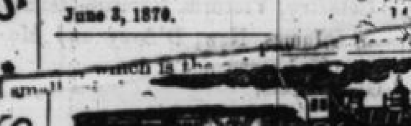
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director

June 3, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4:00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 am

Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at........ 8.40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do........ 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........ 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m

Do do do do .... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,

WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to

JAMES WARNOCK,

On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on and confidence placed in him, since his ... Auctioneer of this city, ... and to assure them that the constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, it preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and

1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,

Sheriff, County of Carleton.

City of Ottawa,

Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 10

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS ... AND GROCERS ... Ottawa

TRADE MARK

VIRTUS ANCHORA VIRTUS

GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

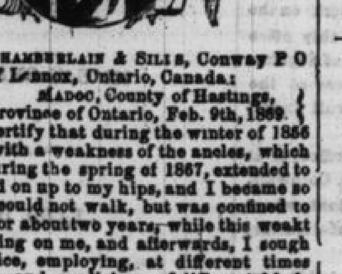
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,

Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,

Exchange Hotel,

1304 1 Mosgrove street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,

Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at

JOHN ROBERTSON'S,

Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

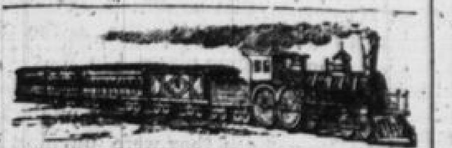
MOSGROVE & TAILLON

Or to KEARNS & RYAN

On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 00

Halifax........ 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ 30 00

Halifax........ 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

Sarsaparilla

... THE BLOOD

they were painfully afflicted, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ... tenant of the organism ... and invites the attack of ... without exciting a suspicion of its presence ... It seems to breed infection ... then, on some favorable ... into one or other of its hideous forms ... surface or among the vitals ... cles may be suddenly deposited ... heart, or tumors formed in the liver ... its presence by eruptions on the skin ... ations on some part of the body ... sional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla ... visable, even when no active symptoms appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief ... length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhoea, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company ...

Its Inspectors are ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusters ...

It respectfully solicits a ... of the insuring public of Ottawa ...

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA ...

... DATURA TATULA

... "A remedy of great usefulness."—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Chronic Bronchitis."—...

"The smoke causes no nausea ... kind, I have never known ... relief was not obtained."—...

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ...

Pastilles for Inhalation ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London ...

AGENTS—Messrs. E. Crandall & Co ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL ... fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive power ... perior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, ... Pancreatine Wine ... and Pills. ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. ...

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on ... burnham Hill. There is a ... vegetable garden ... attached. Apply to W. R. ...

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The ... No. 27, in First Concession ... pean, and Lots Nos. ... Dylan, Esq. For particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, ... Pinney, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, ... Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1447. OTTAWA, MONDAY AUGUST, 29, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...T & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. ... Sparks street.

...Weller. 42w F C CLEMOW.

...W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ... & Ward, has removed his Chancery ... Law Chambers, opposite Russel...

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... street, Ottawa. 388y

...O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Sussex-... Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ... Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Im... opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

... & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ... Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... Ottawa. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister ... Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ... of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United ... of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ... L'Orignal. 34-6m

...& KIMBER, Barristers and ...at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ... &c., for the Provinces of Ontario ... Office Buildings, Elgin street, ... RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...MEARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

...GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, ... &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... Ottawa. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. ...ONNEAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... lately occupied by Dr. Mal..., ... Sandiers, Ottawa. 1388y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... one of Sappers' Bridge. Office ... 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ...special attention given to the treatment ... of the EYE and EAR. At night can ... his residence, Murray street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Boston's Block, Sparks-...

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—...street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

...GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & ... 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

...VERLY HOUSE, ...INGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ...and transient boarders accommodated ... attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...WICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ... Court House and Public Offices, ST. ... Ont. S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...spacious sample-room for commercial ... 859y

"QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, ...of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite ...main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a ... The House has been refitted ... throughout. The BAR contains ... Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every ... will be found on the table. The ... efforts will be directed to the comfort ... of his patrons. ... Oysters, Game etc., daily

...METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

...UNION HOUSE, ...ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA. ...CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, and the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON ...Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

...TTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land ..., Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite ... Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators ... and Loan Co. R. LANG.

...BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—... Block, Sappers' Bridge. References—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; ...P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. ... O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

...CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's ... and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' La... and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. ... No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell ... Ottawa city, C. W.

...PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., ...pared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FELPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

Educational.

...DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

...Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant. ...particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...September 9th, 1869. 1148f

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having ... to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... and others, that he hopes, in future, ... their orders for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... at R. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

...MUSICAL ACADEMY. ...GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-... corner of King-street. ...June 23, 1868. 775y

...HIGHER EDUCATION. HELLMUTH COLLEGE. Board and Tuition per annum, $226. HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE ...by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. ...and Tuition $226 per annum. ...—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., ... For Particulars apply to Major Evans, ... Canada West. August 8, 1870. 1 -1

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA*

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candies, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and ...avor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale of refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

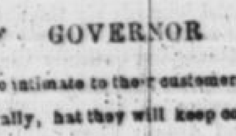
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30			11.00	
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	6.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30					
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, *Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.*

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J T J HCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

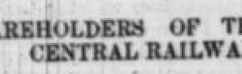
DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Coupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1226

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.



NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the *OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,* IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September next,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 12 1870 1437t14

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT, No. 14, Sparks street, Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials,	7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes,	12½ cents.
LIGHT Prints, fast colors,	9 cents.
WHITE Brilliants,	14 cents.
FRENCH Chambray,	17 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose,	10 cents.
SILK Jackets,	$3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SILKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE FISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRENADINES — Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.,&c.)

LACES, Black and White Blond, HONITON and MALTESE LACES, FIGURED NETS, LACE CURTAINS, LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE COVERS, WHITE and GREY COTTONS, BLACK LUSTRES, &c. &c.

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY AND ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY.

Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders for the construction of the Railway limited by the advertisement of this Company of date the FIFTH DAY of AUGUST, instant, is hereby extended to the TWELFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next inclusive.

By order of the Board, JOSEPH CAUCHON, President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 1448t2s

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate. Apply to H P HILL, Solicitor, &c., 1441 1m Post Office Block

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including best patterns of

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO—

Every description of KITCHEN UTENSILS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS In Great Variety, Very Cheap, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex Street. H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!! AND OTHER *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.*

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of;

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, *Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa* Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., *Always on Hand.*

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1336.t

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS —— 1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June, 1870.

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL.

Capable of cutting 40,000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, WELLINGTON STREET, MISS A. M. HARMON, PRINCIPAL,

The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when MISS HARMON will be aided in the English classes by a lady, who has received a thorough Normal School Education, and who possesses both the gift of teaching and of rightly developing the character of her pupils.

The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by competent, experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—MISS HARMON, Ottawa, until August 26th, when Miss Harmon will be at home.

Prospectuses containing the course of English Studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs Hope & Co's Bookstore, Sparks street. 1407 8

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

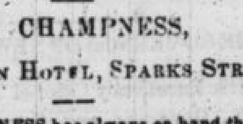
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1438f



CENTRAL TOWN *LIVERY STABLES.*

W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870 1407tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870 1400 t

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

WAR GOSSIP.

IDENTIFYING THE DEAD.

A Berlin letter in the London *Telegraph* says: Mark one instance of the German practical spirit as a proof of the fashion after which these Teutons prepare to fight. In recent wars popular feeling has demanded that rank and file, captains and generals, shall be equally and impartially mentioned in the lists of the slain; but difficulties have arisen, because the enemy cannot know the dead men's names, and, when the muster roll is called after battle the missing may be only wounded or prisoners. Germany has, in her solid, calm manner, arranged, in view of this difficulty, that each wife and mother shall speedily know the best or the worst about those who go to fight "with God, for King, and Fatherland." Slips of parchment, like luggage labels, have been prepared, on which the name of each German soldier is plainly written, and one of these will be fastened inside his coat when he goes into action. After the day is decided, the enemy, if he be master of the field, will be requested to collect and return these labels, of which about a million have been provided, grim tickets for an unknown journey. Think of the German wife or mother sewing it on—the battle ticket of her stake in the quarrel—the address of her particular "material of war," the awful travelling label whereon no loving hand may write, "with care," seeing that its bearer goes into the Valley of the Shadow to come forth again or not, as heaven shall decree. Sewn on with German thread, ripped off, perchance, with a French knife, whole packets and parcels of these little human memoranda will surely be returned, but yet every man who buttons his coat over the label of death has looked his fate full into the face, and made himself "ready for the burial."

A GENEROUS ENEMY.

Somewhere above Strasbourg in the dusk of departing day, a French officer, attended by a single orderly soldier (orderlies go armed in a campaign) was making a reconnaissance either for Prussians or for salmon on the bank of the great river, when he perceived a horseman in his cloak ride down to the water's edge at the opposite shore. The two Frenchmen lay down in the reeds, and the officer, taking a peep across with his glass, informed the orderly that the German enemy was certainly an officer, and he rather thought one of rank. In a moment the Chassepot was adjusted, the Prussian was covered, but the barrel was grasped with a resolute hand. "Down with your arm," said the officer, "to shoot that single man in the silence of the evening, and in a moment of unsuspicion, seems to me so uncommonly like murder, that I order you to reserve your cartridge for some other occasion." "All the same to me, sir," said the soldier, shrugging his shoulders, "whether there be one more or less of them, but *parbleu*, I would have snuffed out this fine fellow at all events if you had let me!"

A MAD VENTURE.

M. About has given us a most amusing account of the defeat of the Baden reconnaissance in front of Niederbronn, which he justly calls a fool hardy affair. Six Grand Ducal officers, with ten or a dozen men, actually marched thirty two kilometres (upwards of twenty miles) into the enemy's country, making their observations and gleaning information, not at night time or in disguise, but in broad sunlight and full uniform. They crossed on Sunday morning near Lauterburg, were seen by numbers of people, cut the telegraph wires at Huntspach Station, while the inhabitants were at church, passed the day in riding about the country, and were not caught until Monday morning, when they were surprised while at breakfast in a farm-house. They rushed to their horses; there was a pretty hand-to hand combat, such as Wouvermans loved to paint, but the audacious Germans were outnumbered and taken at disadvantage; poor Winsolw was killed, four other officers were taken prisoners, two of them being wounded (one of these has since died), and the sixth escaped—it is said on a French troopherse, his own having been killed in the affray. It was a very brisk, picturesque sort of affair altogether.

THE MARSEILLAISE.

A correspondent of the *Opinion Nationel* says that, grand as is the effect of the "Marseillaise" when sung by Mdlle. Sass or M. Faure, it is tame compared to the performance he heard close to Forbach. A regimental band was playing before head quarters snatches of operas, &c, when suddenly it began the "Marseillaise." The brass rang out with a strange warlike sound, when it was overpowered by the voices of the soldiers. Singing as they did so near the enemy, the great war song had a character of reality which greatly enhanced its magnificence. Some false notes there were in the chorus, but it was on such an occasion that a French officer observed of his men, "They sing false, but they aim true;" or, as we might say, they sing flat but are sharp shooters.

THE SECRET TREATY.

The *Pays* reminds us that on the occasion of a visit of the King of Belgians to Paris his Majesty complained very bitterly to Prince Napoleon of the projects attributed to France, upon which the Prince replied: "It is not we who ask for Belgium. For the last six months Bismarck has been serving it on a tray to the Emperor just as a footman offers refreshments." The *Pays* published this anecdote shortly after 1866.

FRANCE AND YANKEELAND.

The N. Y. *Herald* says:—

"There has been a curious analogy thus far between the conduct and fortunes of the French Government in this war and those of the Federal Government in the war of the secession. France set out to invade Germany just as confidently as the North set out to invade the South. Weissenburg and Worth startled all France into a panic, just as Bull Run startled the North. Immediately after the defeat of McDowell all the world cried out that the North was hoplessly beaten, just as all the world now cries out that all is over with France. The English press proved the downfall of the American Union as clearly as it now proves the collapse of the French Empire, and even at the North men got to expecting news of a Southern victory with every battle as they now do of a Prussian victory. France calls out her armed population by the half million at a time, just as the North did; and as the North promptly issued paper money, so France makes a legal tender of the notes of the Bank of France. The North at once blockaded the South with a superior naval force, just as France now blockades Germany. Even in certain political points this analogy oddly obtains. The clamor of certain Deputies for the practical deposition of Napoleon only reproduces the shout raised by the New York *Times* and other Radical journals for the removal of Abraham Lincoln, that the war might be pushed with vigor. Whether the parallel will hold to the end, and King William fare no better than Jefferson Davis, remains to be seen. But of one thing, at least, we may be sure: If King William should be beaten and made a prisoner, he would hardly be sent to a dungeon in Cherbourg, and certainly he would not be manacled in a cell."

THE PRUSSIAN ARMY.

It will help the reader to understand military operations in France to remember that the Prussian forces consist of an Army of the North, under General Steinmetz, comprising the 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th Corps, an Army of the Centre, under Prince Frederick Charles, comprising the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 12th Corps; and an Army of the South under the Crown Prince Fredrick William, comprising the 5th Corps, the Guards, and the South Germans.

FIGHTING BAREHEADED.

The Prussian soldier on the march slings his helmet from his belt, and walks bareheaded; when he goes into battle, he throws his helmet aside altogether. Any one who saw the field of Koniggratz on the day after the battle must have imagined the slaughter of Prussians to have been vastly greater than it really was; for the wet corn fields, far and near, were strewn wit these cast off helmets.

The Parisian theatres are giving morning patriotic performances, and devoting the receipts to the fund for succoring the wounded.

The Duke of Manchester has left England for the seat of war. His Grace will be allowed to remain at the Prussian head-quarters.

The French sailors are being armed with dirks for boarding purposes, and with this object a number of old double edged bayonets are being cut down for the supply of the navy.

The military career of King William I. of Prussia extends over a period of 55 years. His Majesty, who was born in 1797, was present at the battle of Waterloo, and was but eighteen years of age.

The Troops of the African Army which arrived in France comprised 7,000 Zouaves, 4,600 Turcos, 9,000 Chasseurs d'Afrique, and some Spahis—in all from 20,000 to 25,000 bayonets and sabres. A large proportion of these were killed in the late engagements.

A piece entitled "Marching on Paris" is now performed at the leading theatre in Berlin. The first act represents "Peace and Quiet;" the second "The people rise and the struggle begins;" the third "The Passage of the Rhine," and the fourth "On to Paris," with songs and ballet dancing.

A month ago, the Parisians were complacently speculating on the prospect of the rapid march of their armies to Berlin. Now they are roused to the startling fact that their beautiful Bois de Bologne must be cut down to provide for the defence of their own capital.

Elsinore, Helsingor, where the French intend to organize, with the permission of the Danish Government, a supply service for the fleet, is an important city on the Island of Zealand, in the Sound, at this point not more than three miles wide, and lies directly opposite to the Swedish city of Helsingborg.

General Abel Douay, who fell at the battle of Weissenburg, was brother of General Felix Douay, Commander of the Seventh Corps. He was 61 years of age. He was Colonel of the Voltigeurs of the Guard at the taking of the Malakhoff, and Brigadier General at Solferino. He was made General of Division in 1866, and commanded the seventh territorial division at Besancon.

Half a dozen Parisiennes are forming a regiment of women to march against the Prussians. Costume—corsage of Brandenburg blue, (rather a bad French colour, by the way), a *premiere danseuse* skirt, gray Turkish trousers, high boot of red morocco, no chignon, a white felt hat and a red feather. The name of the regiment is the Amazons of the Seine.

The famous white cuirassier regiment, of which Premier Bismarck is colonel, and which was so nearly annihilated at Scheles tadt, is so called from the colour of its uniform. The coatee is snow white, and, what with the bright breast plate, or cuirass, and the white plumed helmet, the uniform is about the handsomest in Europe.

A vivid description of the Saarbruck battle is given by a French writer, who bears witness to the gallantry of the enemy: The last Prussian soldiers have retreated from the excercising ground. Only one of them remains—standing upright, scorning cover, add firing as rapidly as he can load. A crowd of bullets knock him over—he falls all of a heap. I counted 17 *bullets holes in his greatcoat.* I cut of his shoulderstrap in memory of a brave man. He belonged to the 40th Prussian Regiment. Over the railway bridge a Prussian General mounted on a white horse rides to and fro under our fire with the utmost unconcern. It would seem as though his intrepidity frightened away our bullets. An old officer by my side admires his pluck, as I do myself.

The Great Boat Race.

THE TYNE CREW.

Yesterday the Tyne Crew commenced practicing in good earnest at Lachine for the coming contest. Throughout the day numbers of people from the city visited the place with the purpose both of seeing the *personnel* of these stalwart oarsmen and of forming some idea of their style of rowing. They made three rounds of the course yesterday, but it was impossible to form an adequate idea of either their speed, strength or endurance. They passed over the lower parts of the course quite leisurely, and only seemed to exert themselves when in the vicinity of the island and towards the end of the course. This was no doubt owing in a great measure to small row-boats frequently crossing the course in the neighborhood of the railway pier. They seem to take a longer reach and throw themselves back farther as they finish the stroke than the St. John crew. It will be remembered that the latter merely brought themselves up to the perpendiculars before bending forward to renew their stroke. Their boat is a beautiful specimen of the racing craft, made of cedar, as thin almost as strong pasteboard, very highly finished, and of course too tiny and light for any approach to a heavy sea. The men are somewhat disappointed with the aspect of the course. They are of the opinion that the lake is not sufficiently protected by the land, and is consequently liable to a good deal of rough weather. They are, however, in the best of spirits, and are evidently bound to win if possible. Mr. Renforte during the morning also took a pull round the course in his scull boat, and will keep up this practice along with the other during their stay at Lachine.

A Strange Story of the Sea.

The *William Mason*, which arrived at Boston on the 14th of July, Surinam, reports that on the 30th of June, when in lat 8 N., long 55 W., she fell in with a boat containing eight men in a starving condition—there being neither food nor water in the boat. As the poor fellows could not speak English, it was impossible to ascertain where they belonged to, or the name of the vessel, if any to which they had been attached. They were supposed to be French seamen, but is not at all inprobable—from their being unable to communicate in English, as the generality of French sailors are always able to make themselves understood—that they may turn out to have been French residents, "against their will," of Cayenne, and were making their escape from that city.

An exciting trotting race came off over the Newmarket course, Toronto, on Monday last, in which Mr. Crew's b g "Highlander" beat Mr. J. Lowrey's g g "Grey Jemmy," in two straight mile heats in about 2 min. 30 sec.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Dentistry—Dr. C. A. Mondelet.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1870.

Major Futvoye left the city yesterday by the *Queen Victoria, en route* for Gaspe, with a view to recruit his health.

Lieutenant Colonel Jarvis is gazetted to take command of the garrison of Fort Garry on the regular troops being withdrawn.

A list of prizes for rifle shooting to be given to the members of the Active Militia once who perform the annual training, is published in the *Gazette*.

The receipts of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway for the month of July 1870 were $12,458 against $12,108 in 1869 Those of the Grand Trunk were $701,961 against $657,120 last year.

Philip Thompson, Esq., recovered a debt of honour from Mr. McGillivray at the last election, which the latter had previously refused to pay. In consequence of electioneering necessities however, Mr. McGillivray's Lenchman was sent to Mr. Thompson with a cheque for the amount. We hope the hanchman will be sent on a similar errand to the Relief Committee.

The *Citizen* parades Mr. McGillivray's liberality to churches, &c., and puts this forward as an extenuation of the crime of obtaining the two thousand dollars for the suffrages of the people. The public in this locality know whether or not Mr. McGillivray is sufficiently ostentatious in such matters as to require a puff from his organ.

The *Citizen* has attacked our private business transactions with Mr. McGillivray. This we think exceedingly bad taste, as the case of Cotton *vs.* McGillivray is before the court of law, and will have to rest on its own merits. We shall reciprocate Mr. I. B. Taylor is some of his business transactions at another time.

We understand that the Government have decided on authorizing the various Postmasters, Collectors of Customs and of Inland Revenue, to receive the copper tokens issued by the Bank of Montreal Bank of Upper Canada, Banque du Peuple and Quebec Bank, at one and two cents It may be hoped that the public will cooperate with the Government in this attempt to give the country a copper currency of uniform value, and that the spurious copper coins will be driven from circulation, being illegal, or at least received at rates not more than half a cent.

We read that the Emperor Napoleon has declined the services of the New York Fenians. If offered their valuable aid, it is not likely that Napoleon made any reply. But if they really want some little change of air and sun, where indiscriminate robbery and murder can be indulged in advantageously, China appears just now to offer special inducements for the scum of all creation that have risen to the surface since the American civil war The scenes lately enacted in China equal in horror anything in the annals of the late war in the United States.

Those people who in the year 1851 thought that war was for ever ended, and that a universal reign of peace was inaugurated at the same time with the Crystal Palace in Hyde Park, certainly made a woful mistake. So far from the assembling of the nations together in peaceful rivalry having been attended with such desirable results, it seems to have had an exactly opposite effect, for certainly since that time the world has been afflicted with some of the bloodiest and apparently most causeless wars that have ever taken place. Three years after, the Russian war broke out; scarcely had its last echoes died away when the great Indian mutiny occurred. Then came the Italian war in 1859, followed in 1861 by the American civil war, which lasted four years. In 1863 came the spoliation of Denmark by the two great robbers of Europe, Austria and Prussia; in 1866 the short but bloody strife between the two last named powers occurred, and now we have a war on a larger scale than ever between France and Prussia. Of course we have not taken into account affairs of minor importance, such as one or two wars with Persia and China, the Bhootan and Abyssinian campaigns, the war between Spain and Chili between Brazil and Paraguay, and between Spain and Morocco. In these little "difficulties" possibly not more than fifty or sixty thousand lives were lost, and they are therefore scarcely worthy of notice!

THE TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Our morning contemporary says that we "failed to see the point of his rebuke on Wednesday last." He is right; we did fail to see any point in it, nor do we think that we were singular in so doing. He accuses us of persistently abusing a private individual for purely personal reasons. We deny, in most positive terms, that we have done anything of the kind, or that any personal reasons had anything whatever to do with our remarks upon Mr. McGillivray. We simply made a statement of facts, the main points of which the *Citizen* does not attempt to deny. We affirm once more that it was understood that Mr. McGillivray would render up the $2,000, of which he had become so unfairly possessed, to some charitable purpose, and again we suggest that no better opportunity than the present is ever likely to occur for his doing so. We sincerely trust, for Mr. McGillivray's own sake, that he will even yet reconsider the matter, and hand over the $2,000, for which he sold himself and the electors. This is the real question in which the public are interested, and we are not to be drawn into the consideration of side issues as our contemporary desires. As a matter of right the $2,000 referred to belong to the people of Ottawa, whose interests we intend to protect and subserve to the utmost of our power, and it is because this is the case that we have alluded to this matter, and not from any other motive.

We notice that the Hon. Mr. Skead has written a letter to the *Citizen* in which he says that he did not "state to Mr. Cotton that Mr. McGillivray said he would give the money in question to any charitable institution." Now, in the first place we never said that he had done so, but we would like Mr. Skead to state over his own signature what he really *did* say in reference to this matter on more than one occasion to several gentlemen; also to say whether he considers "the money in question" belongs honourably to Mr. McGillivray or to the people of Ottawa. We are quite sure that a gentleman possessed of so much self esteem as Mr. Skead is, would not willingly allow himself to be mixed up with a discreditable transaction, or permit himself to be placed in a false position through becoming the champion of one who first sold himself, and now tries to escape the odium. We beg once again to deny most distinctly the charge made by our contemporary of our being influenced by personal motives. But we consider it the duty of a public journalist to hold up to shame and reprehension acts like that of which Mr. McGillivray has been proved guilty, and which even the *Citizen* is obliged to condemn, and which, in a most disingenuous way, it tries to cover by parading Mr. McGillivray's liberality to churches, &c., &c.

As there should be an end to punishment for any crime or mistake in a man's life—and in order to bury this unfortunate affair in oblivion, for ever—we propose the following mode of settling it—let Mr. McGillivray take any three respectable gentlemen in the city we would name the Hon. James Skead, John Bower Lewis, and H. V. Noel, Esqrs., or any other he may think proper, (we only object to one man in the whole population of Ottawa) and if those three gentlemen chosen decide that Mr. McGillivray ought to keep the two thousand dollars, we will agree never again to refer to it.

If this mode or some other is not adopted to do justice to the public; Mr. McGillivray may depend that on every available occasion he shall be held up to public contempt. When the law cannot reach a mean, dishonest man, then public opinion must be invoked to punish him. A man may subsidize newspapers and influence private friends to use disingenuous arguments to white-wash him, but a discerning public will see through it.

We do not envy Mr. McGillivray his guilty conscience with all his wealth. In walking through the streets of Ottawa and meeting one of the electors for whom he took pay, what must his feelings be? Indeed, some of the sufferers by the late fire were among his victims.

ENGLAND AND BELGIUM.

Before European complications are brought to an end it is not by any means impossible that the neutrality rights of Belgium will be infringed by one the belligerents and if so Great Britain would certainly be involved in the contest. The independence of Belgium was guaranteed by all the great Powers, and not by Great Britain more than any of the others. It is upon Great Britain only, however, that the Belgian people rely, and recent events have proved that their confidence is not misplaced. The British Government urged on by the voice of the nation, have declared that any power that molests Belgian must prepare for a tussle with the British Lion. Consequently we learn that the hearts of the Belgian people are filled with love and gratitude towards Englishmen, and that in every town and hamlet from Antwerp to Funay, the flag of the triple crosses floats side by side with the national standard.

The kingdom of Belgium was formed in 1831, and was recognized by the great powers by a treaty concluded by Leopold, the newly elected King of Belgium, on the 15th of November, in that year.

This treaty consists of 27 articles, and is signed on the part of Great Britain by Lord Palmerston, of Austria by Prince Esterhazey, of France by Prince Talleyrand, of Prussia by Count Bulow, and of Russia by Count Levin. It is also signed by Sylvian von de Weyer on the part of Belgium, and by Count Wessenberg and Count Matterzeiou. The treaty was executed in London, and is frequently referred to as the "Treaty of London." The first article provides that the Belgian territory shall be composed of the provinces of South Brabant, Liege, Namur, Hainault, West Flanders, East Flanders, Antwerp, and of Limbourg, and of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg with the limits specified in in article 2. Article 2 describes the limits of Luxemburg. Article 3 provides that the King of Holland—or, as he is called in the treaty, the King of the Netherlands—shall receive a territorial idemnity in the province of Limbourg for his surrender of a portion of Luxemburg. Article 4 describes what that indemnity shall be. Articles 5 provides for an arrangement between the King of the Netherlands and the German Confederation with regard to Luxemburg. Article 6 contains a renunciation by Holland and Belgium of all other territories, towns, and fortresses which have been in dispute between the two countries.

Article 9 is expressed in the following words: "Belgium, within the limits specified in articles 1, 2, and 4, shall form an independent and perpetually neutral state. It shall be bound to observe such neutrality towards all other states."

The guarantee of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia is contained in article 25, which is as follows: "The Courts of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, guarantee to his Majesty the King of the Belgians the execution of all the preceding articles." There are two other articles after that of the guarantee, but they are merely formal The one provides for peace and friendship between all the parties, and the ratification of the treaty, which was to be exchanged at London in the space of two months, or sooner if possible.

The treaty is described in the last paragraph as "done at London the 25th day of November, in the year of our Lord 1831."

There were other treaties with Belgium, on the 21st May, 1833, and on the 19th April, 1839. The first of these contained the recognition of the independence of Belgium by the King of Holland. The second defined the boundaries of Belgium and of the Netherlands more precisely than had been done in the treaty of 1831. But neither of these treaties repealed or in any way altered the guarantees given by Great Britain, France, Prussia, Austria, and Russia for the fulfillment of all the conditions of 1831.

IMMIGRATION CLUBS.

In the course of his address on Friday evening the Rev. Stylman Herring alluded to the propriety of establishing immigration clubs in Canada, for the purpose of welcoming and assisting newly arrived emigrants. The suggestion seems to us to be a very excellent one, and well worthy of consideration. As we understand it, the plan would be to form Immigration clubs in this country, who would be in constant communication with the English Emigration clubs, furnishing them with information and uniting with them for the benefit of English emigrants. When an immigrant lands in Canada, or in any strange country, a feeling of loneliness comes upon him which has an exceedingly depressing influence. He looks around and everything is new and strange to him—strange faces, strange buildings and a strange landscape on every side. He may not be in destitute circumstances or require any pecuniary assistance, but a word of welcome and encouragement would be most precious to him, and would help to nerve and assist him in the newly opening campaign of the battle of life. It would be the duty of the immigration clubs in the cities and towns of Canada, to welcome the new comer, to render him all the assistance in their power, and to give him some information as to where and how to obtain employment, &c. These clubs would also lend aid to old country people wishing to emigrate. We will suppose that a member of an immigration club desires to bring out some one of his relations or friends to his new home in the West;—and this is naturally one of the first desires of a new settler in Canada so soon as he finds that he is getting on comparatively well. With the assistance of the club he would be able to do so, and to provide his friend with employment as soon as he arrived in Canada, because it would be the duty of these clubs, so far as possible, to ascertain where newly arrived emigrants could procure work. We hope that the subject will receive that amount of consideration to which it is justly entitled, and that ere long we shall have an Immigration Club established in this city.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The United States steamer *Nipsic* is off the Nova Scotian coast engaged in preventing American fishermen from encroaching on the inshore fisheries of Canada.

We understand that the various lighthouses which are being constructed in the Gulf of St. Lawrence are progressing rapidly towards completion. When finished they will doubtless be of great service in rendering the navigation of the Gulf more safe and easy.

The American barque *Libertad* from Montreal to the river Plate, was wrecked on the 5th inst, on the north side of Bryon island, one of the Magdalene group. She was laden with lumber. The vessel and cargo were lost; the crew were saved.

The official return concerning the wreck of the barque *Janaro*, of Rossor, Norway, from Quebec to Queenstown on the 25th of July, on the west point of Anticosti, shows that her loss was attributable to unknown currents and errors in the compasses, the captain having found himself 32 miles to the northward of his reckoning. She was loaded with deals. The total value is estimated at $15,000, of which, property to the amount of about $1,560 has been saved.

Upon Sable island, ever since the memory of the oldest navigator of the waters in its neighborhood, there has existed a race of ponies, evidently of Norman breed, which are supposed to be descended from horses on board some French ship wrecked off the Island many years ago. There are about 400 of them, and the Department of Marine have lately had twenty-two caught and taken to Halifax, where they were sold at various prices, ranging from $12 to $27, and one for $87. The remainder, or most of them, will be conveyed to the mainland and sold in due time, and thus a considerable amount of money will be realized from what was before a certainly very unproductive property.

THE CHAMBERLIN TESTIMONIAL.

We have great pleasure in announcing that Lady Young has kindly consented to present the sword of honor to Lieutenant Colonel Chamberlin. This will, we have no doubt, render the gift doubly acceptable to the worthy recipient. It is from the hands of a fair and noble woman that valour receives its best reward, and Lady Young is undoubtedly the most proper person in Canada to perform this duty. The presentation will take place soon after the return of the Governor General and Lady Young to the city, when the Volunteer force of Ottawa will parade in Parliament Square for the purpose of adding *eclat* to the ceremony, and affording the soldiers of our Canadian army an opportunity of seeing how one of their number who bravely did his duty is honored and rewarded.

THE GOVERNOR OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

His Excellency Colonel Stephen J. Hill, C.B., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Newfoundland arrived in this city on Saturday evening from Montreal. He attended divine service at Sussex Street Chapel in the morning and St. Albans' Church in the evening. He is now travelling in Canada for the benefit of his health. He entered the army in 1825, and has seen considerable service. In 1851 he was appointed Governor and Commander in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's forces and settlements and their dependencies on the Gold Coast. In 1854 he was appointed Captain General and Governor-in Chief in and over the colony of Sierra Leon and its dependencies. In 1862 he was appointed Governor-in Chief of Antigua and the Leeward Islands, and in 1869 he became Governor of Newfoundland, in which position he has brought prominently before the people of Newfoundland the advantages which they would derive by being confederated with Canada.

We understand that while His Excellency was Governor of the Leeward Islands he received the Commissioners who were appointed to visit the West Indies by the Governments of British North America, in the most kind and hospitable manner.

St. Vincent de Paul Pic-Nic on the Upper Ottawa.

Communicated.

On Saturday last, the 20th inst., the annual pic nic excursion of the St. Vincent de Paul Society came off, as usual, with great success. The morning dawned bright and fair, and about half-past seven o'clock, large crowds of people were emerging from their respective homes to avail themselves of the opportunity offered, and once more see the beautiful scenery of the Upper Ottawa. At half-past eight o'clock the steamer *Pontiac*, under the management of the very popular Captain, D. Mulligan, Esq., with about three hundred ladies and gentlemen on board, moved from her moorings with her cargo of living freight, and set sail through the beautiful islands of Lake Allumette. The Pembroke Brass Band, which is always ready to assist on every occasion, under the able bandmaster, Mr. Sholts, played a series of beautiful airs, among which was the good old anthem of "God Save the Queen."

On arriving at Pettewawa we took on board several passengers, who were in waiting for the arrival of the steamer, and then proceeded on her way to Fort William, formerly a post of the Hudson's Bay Company, and which is now owned by James McCool, Esq. The steamer remained here but a short time, giving parties an opportunity of going ashore to spend the day in games and other amusements. In the course of a little delay the boat was once more on her headway, with about half the number of the excursionists on board to see that "far famed L'Oiseau Rock," as was stated in the advertisement. After a pleasant sail on the deep river we came in sight of the Oiseau, and the steamer run in apparently quite close, I supposed it to be within about fifteen yards of the rock; after every one was tired of looking up and viewing the scene, the boat was "helmed round," and returned to Fort William, where most of the remaining party were enjoying themselves in the ball room, by which some were playing games, others were amusing themselves by singing "Champagne Charlie is my name!" The excursionists then walked up to the Hall, where a splendid dinner was prepared by Mr. Denison, and after a hearty meal the dancing and games were renewed. All enjoyed themselves till five o'clock in the evening, when "all on board" and several good tunes were performed by the Brass Band, the steamer was then put on her headway, and all "homeward bound." After calling at Pettewawa wharf, we soon passed through the "Narrows," and then came in sight of our flourishing town of Pembroke, on the south shore of lake Allumette. Soon after we landed at at our destination, when Mr. Wright, the president of the society thanked the people for their kind attendance, and said he felt proud of having so large an excursion party this year, it showed that the people of Pembroke took an interest in the good work of charity. All then dispersed and seemed well pleased with their days enjoyment.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

Aug. 26, Received to date as reported	$5,361 25
Aug. 27, Hon J. C. Aikens	75 00
Dr. McGillivray	4 00
Alex. Workman	100 00
Alonzo Wright, M. P.	500 00
Bate & Co.	100 00
Richard Abbott	2 00
Sheriff Powell	100 00
Colonel Robertson Ross, Adjt-General	50 00
John Graham	50 00
Wilden Champness	50 00
Young & Raiford	40 00
Master Chas. Wilson, contents of his cash box	00 40
COLLECTED IN WELLINGTON WARD, PER T HUNTON AND A DUFF.	
G. M. Rose	25 00
Robert Hunter	25 00
J. Skinner	25 00
H. J. MacCarthy	20 00
James Montgmery	5 00
Solomon Edwards	5 00
COLLECTED IN ST. GEORGE'S WARD PER DR. SWEETLAND AND J. GRAHAM.	
John Hill	25 00
D. W. Coward	25 00
Walker & Pennock	25 00
D. O'Connor	20 00
O'Connor & Waller	20 00
James Buchanan	20 00
S. & H. Borbridge	30 00
James Pennock	20 00
John Roberts	25 00
Blythe & Kerr	20 00
W. Clegg, Jr.	20 00
Frederick Champness	10 00
Davidson & Daniels	10 00
A Friend	10 00
A. Mortimer	10 00
Alfred Laurin	5 00
J. H. Dobier & Co.	10 00
Angus & Sun	10 00
John Clancy	2 00
Dawson Kerr, jr.	2 00
William Whillins	2 00
P. Baskerville & Bro.	10 00
Slocum & Stevens	5 00
George Bott	2 00
H M. Thompson	5 00
William Hearn	5 00
A. Mann	10 00
J. A. Pinard & Co.	10 00
Mr. Ross	5 00
John Thompson	5 00
James Tracy	5 00
W. Wall	5 00
W. Sutherland	5 00
John Curtis	3 00
19 parties $1 each	19 00
Friends' cash	7 00
Total to date	$6,959 70

JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 27, 1870.

All property-owners whose houses are in the military circle around Paris have received notice to move their goods and household stuff, as the buildings will be razed should military necessity require it.

The colors of the Seventy first of the line changed hands twenty-two times; twenty-one of those who had carried them in succession were killed. The twenty-second brought them off the field.

Changarnier's first advice, after his services had been accepted, is said to have been, "Artillery! Artillery!! Artillery!!!"

At Reichshoffen, on the 6th August, the station-master, M. Kossman, saw a convoy of munitions coming up by the train, which would have fallen into the hands of the Prussians. In the midst of the rain of bullets, the station master rushed forward and signalled the coming train just in time to enable it to reverse engines. The train was saved, but poor Kossman fell riddled with rifle balls.

WAR NOTES.

Two names are on all lips—Trochu, Changarnier. Trochu is hope, is confidence, is youth, is action. Changarnier, is wisdom, is patriotism.

The heavy baggage trains of the French army are condemned by observers. The men too are overweighed with their knapsacks and extras when in heavy marching order.

At Weissemburg the Marquis d'Espenilles, Colonel of Cavalry at the head of the Third Hussars, in order to give Douay division time, charged seventeen times on the Prussian columns. At the last charge the regiment was reduced to fifty men, but the Colonel, covered with wounds, led his men again.

The Prussian and German cavalry are splendidly mounted. The artillery horses, are, perhaps not equal to the French teams, but the German privates are as well mounted as the French officers. The horses don't carry as much load either. The heavy cuirassier charges are said by some observers to have a lighter load than the little African horses.

The Third Regiment of Zouaves at Woerth went into action after forty miles in the rain. They fought from 11 until 4. Then they retreated to Saverne by a march of twenty miles. Five hundred and fifty men only are left of the regiment. Forty-five out of sixty-seven officers were killed or dangerously wounded. All the rest are more or less wounded, with the exception of Col. Bocher, who did not receive a scratch.

"A sad detail of the combat," says the *Moniteur*, "has reached us. During the hottest part of the battle, Marshal McMahon sent a telegram to General de Failly, ordering him to send two divisions to Lambach to attack the Prussian army from the flank. The telegraphic agent wrote to "Kansbach," which is in quite an opposite direction, and the troops on arriving found nobody on the ground to which they had hastened full of ardour. Fate itself seemed against the French."

A particularly active Yankee reporter has been tormented hourly by the French at Metz. Being a true, enterprising nephew of Uncle Sam, he is perpetually trying to find out everything, and the following, according to a correspondent, is his present condition:—"Our American friend has been round the camp, etc., and found himself tracked and watched everywhere. He says he consoles himself with repeating a passage from one of Tom Taylor's plays:—'When you are followed by spies, when you are greeted with slanders, when you are hounded by vile accusations, there is one thing that can reconcile you to all—the sweet consciousness—*of guilt.*'"

A Lunatic at Windsor Castle.

About a fortnight since, according to the London *Times*, at the meeting of the Guardians to the Windsor Union, a somewhat singular case was brought before the notice of the Board. It appears that a well dressed and gentlemanly man, who calls himself Mr. Abraham Levi, upon arriving in Windsor about 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, hired a fly, and with his luggage, consisting of a couple of leather portmanteaux and hatbox, drove to the tradesman's entrance of the Castle, near the grand quadrangle. Upon alighting at the door he informed the police and porter that he had been authorized by Mr. Gladstone and the House of Commons to take possession of the Castle. He remarked that Her Majesty would never come back to Windsor, that he intended to dismiss all the servants, should engage his own domestics, and as "Dictator," should do as he pleased with the Palace. A policeconstable who was injudicious enough to question his right, was to be dismissed instantly. He then requested that his luggage should be removed to his apartments within the palace, and then he should be shown the way to his room. He was of course refused admission, whereupon Mr. Abraham Levi fell into a passion, and indignantly rushed off to the Windsor telegraph office, and telegraphed to Viscount Sydney, the Lord Chamberlain, in order that the latter might give instructions to his subordinates for his reception at the Castle. Pending his Lordship's reply, Mr. Abraham Levi repaired to the White Hart Hotel, where he was content to partake of refreshment provided in the coffee-room of that establishment in the absence of more regal or "dictatorial" fare, and while so engaged he was arrested. Mr. Abraham Levi, whose "dictatorship" had thus been abruptly terminated, is of short stature and slim figure, has sandy hair, beard, and moustache, and a Jewish cast of features. He carried a gold watch and chain, and £9 13s. in money. Mr. Levi had been examined by the visiting surgeon of the Union, who has testified that he is insane, and should he not be claimed by his friends, he will be removed to Littlemore Lunatic Asylum within the next few days.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Belleville is to have a "firemen's picnic."

The 57th Batt., Peterboro, begins its annual drill on the 29th inst.

The determination of the Government to construct the Bay Vete Canal gives great satisfaction in the maritime provinces.

The fires in South Crosby, near Kingston, have died out.

A young man who gets drunk in the forenoon is a source of shame to Hamilton.

Hrmilton defies any place to beat it in church door loiterers.

Goderich boasts of its street improvements.

Stratford has found peat and is going to manufacture it.

Vessels came to Goderich to get cargoes of salt and could'nt get them, so great was the demand.

Another Nicholson pavement crossing is to be laid in London.

The Free Masons of London are going to buy a fine new building.

The farmers of East Middlesex are to have a grand pic-nic.

London has been visited by a number of Cleveland excursionists.

Guelph boasts of an egg which measures 8 inches one way and 6½ inches the other.

Even the village of Hespeler is to have a holiday.

Guelph is to have gas burning by the first of November.

The condition of the main street of Cornwall is a disgrace to the inhabitants.

London has had an immense quantity of rain.

West Williams has a Fall show at Parkhill on the 4th October.

Ailsa Craig is also to have a public holiday on the 31st.

The Lobo volunteers have received new uniforms.

The Woodstock *Times* protest against the prevalent practice of hiring livery horses on Sunday.

A son of Dr. Macassar, Otterville, was drowned in a tub of water about two weeks ago.

Sir James Clark, the Queen's physician, who died recently in England, left property to the amount of $125,000.

Du Chaillu, with his Syrian African experience, is pondering the Darwinian theory of the origin of species among the legislative and military notabilities at Long Branch.

Mrs. Adela McKeone announces herself as a Congressional candidate in California.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War

PARIS, Aug. 27.—There are now in Paris 15,000 sheep, 4,000 hogs, and 25,000 beeves.

It is said that the authorities, even in case of a siege, will prevent any undue advance in the price of the necessaries of life.

This morning many more Prussian spies, who have been condemned by a Council of war, were executed.

The approach of the Prussians on Paris creates intense excitement.

The railroad stations at Rheims were recently robbed. The Imperial luggage was stolen. It was not recovered, and the losses are immense.

The Emperor accompanied McMahon in his retreat.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The representatives of France, England and Prussia have signed the ratification of the Belgium treaty.

The *Times* says that three Prussian armies of reserve have been formed to wait events in France, one on the Rhine, one in Berlin, and one in Silesia.

BERLIN, Aug. 28, 6 p.m.—The headquarters of the Prussian Generals are temporary at St. Dizier.

Great quantities of stores for the use of the Prussian army are accumulating at Nancy.

At 8 o'clock this morning Metz was completely invested.

Marshal Bazaine, who is reported in command, makes no effort to force a passage. The Prussians are strongly entrenched before Metz.

LONDON, August 27.—A special to the *Herald*, from its correspondent at Rheims, dated the 24th, says it is reported that Marshal Bazaine, with portions of his army, is between Montmedy and Longuy, on the Belgian frontier, where he is waiting the arrival of McMahon.

The garrison of Strasbourg made a successful sortie, and captured convoy cattle and ammunition.

PARIS, August 27, midnight.—The following official intelligence has just been made public:—On the 25th inst., at 9 o'clock in the morning Verdun was attacked by 20,000 Prussians commanded by the Crown Prince of Saxony, and after an ardent combat, which lasted three hours, the Prussians were repulsed with great loss. The Garde Nationale served our guns which caused great havoc among the enemy. During the engagement the Prussians threw 300 shells into the city. Our loss was five killed and 12 wounded. The enemy fired on an ambulance train, which was struck seventeen times. The citizens made a vigorous defence.

The movement of the Prussians along Aube seems arrested, they are falling back on St. Dizier.

Large bodies of infantry are passing through Luneville and Bayonne.

LONDON, August 28.—The following official despatch is dated Bar le Duc, Friday night: The garrison of Vitry surrendered on Thursday morning. The Prussians captured 16 guns.

Two batts. of the Garde Mobile were annihilated by the Prussian cavalry. 1,[illegible] French officers and 850 soldiers were captured.

The Prussians had one Major severely and three troopers slightly wounded.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—McMahon's main army is at Stency. The Emperor's is at Renceville, and Prince Imperial at Rathel.

The Prussians push their reconnoissances as far as Montmedy.

La Liberte to-day says, a General of the Rhine army arrived in Paris last night, and had an interview with the Empress, and started immediately on his return. We may expect within a day or two a brilliant success.

Some papers add that a personage who saw the Emperor on the 25th says, the armies of Marshal's Bazaine and McMahon are near each other.

The journals of France says we learn that the army of the Prince Royal is to march on Paris.

The Prince Royal the night before last slept at Chalons.

In case of a seige of Paris, the government officials go to Tours, Bourgs and Lyons to administer in the provinces uninvaded by the enemy.

The *Gaulois* say the reported administration of Alsace and Lorraine is exceedingly tyrannical and exacting.

The *Constitutionel* says that the army of the Prince Royal, reinforced by part of the army of Prince Charles, is marching on Paris through the valleys of Aube and Seine.

The Prussians must know how adventurous is such an attempt, and aware of the peril into which they are leading their main army. McMahon may cut off communications and place them between the two fires.

To avoid the danger the Prussians made great efforts They three times attacked Bazaine with overwhelming force which the French army successfuly resisted. The enemy then despairing of being able to conquer him decided to keep Bazaine checked and march on Paris.

From Paris to Strock, the nearest point on the German frontier is more than one hundred leagues. This line the enemy must defend against numberless sharpshooters and Garde Mobile to be able to subsist on our territory.

The six hundred thousand invading Prussians must extend their lines vastly, and must disperse their forces, a thing so fatal to us in the commencement of a campaign.

TOULON, Aug. 28.—*Oringue*, the frigate flagship of the Mediterranean squadron, has left for Civita Vecchia, to cruise the Roman coast as a precaution against Garibaldians.

On Thursday, at Epernay, the National Guard repulsed the Prussian force, and an attack on Verdun was also repelled by the Guard Mobile.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—An important Carlist rising is reported in the Province of Noverre.

The Crown Prince in Action.

The London *Times* correspondent with the Prussian headquarters was the accidental and unseen witness of a little scene which is worth recording. A country cart was rumbling down the street with two wounded officers—young men—on their way to the station. An officer on foot beckoned to the driver to stop, and went up to the cart, the occupants of which had tried to salute him, but he made a gesture, and leaning over entered into conversation with them for ten minutes, evidently asking after their wounds. On parting he shook each of them by the hand, and continued his way up the street, accompanied by two other officers.

He halted at my quarters, and asked if there were any wounded inside—they had been removed, some to their last resting place—then went on, and, meeting a cart full of wounded soldiers, talked to them each in turn, and so went on visiting the hospitals and the wounded in the most unostentatious manner. It was the Crown Prince. No wonder his men are fond of him.

The prettiest trimming for white pique or linen dresses are Swiss muslin ruffles edged with lace.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Prussians Five Miles from Paris—Paris ready for Defence—France called to arms—Seige of Metz—The Emperor defied, &c., &c.

MADRID, Aug. 26.—The report of a quarrel between Gen. Prim and his colleague Seville is explicity contradicted.

QUEENSTOWN Aug. 26.—the steamers *China* and *Tripoli*, from New York, have arrived.

MOVILLE, Aug. 26.—The steamer *Columbia*, from New York, has arrived.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The Prince Imperial has been sent to Rethat.

The Emperor remains with the army of McMahon.

The Mayor of Rheims received on Wednesday a copy of the proclamation declaring the penalty of death to be visited on all civilians who commit acts of hostility.

The *Moniteur* annonnced the time for which the German vessels going to or from certain points were expelled from Seizine expired, and they will be made prizes wherever found.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Prussian cavalry is reported at Doulevant, St. Dizier, Brine, Londice, and Chateau Thierry The army is five miles from Paris

La Siecle, in contemplating the probability of a bombardment of Paris, urgently recommends the removal of all pictures from the galleries of the Louvre and books from the Imperial library.

Letters from Berlin say the French, in all their actions, begin to fire too soon. They cause great slaughter before the Prussians are within charging distance.

It is admitted that the French fight bravely, but it is asserted the positions they leave would have been retained, under the some circumstances, if occupied by the Prussians.

The King of Prussia left the battle of Resonville at 3 p.m As he passed through Gorge was attended by Moltke, Trechon, Verdy, Prince Frederick Charles, Duke Mecklenburg, and Count Hukisolt.

Count Bismarck, who was exploring the field of battle in his carriage with General Sheridan, was not to be found when asked for by the King, and did not come in until dusk.

The following are the particulars of the recent violations of the flag of truce: "On August 19th, as a farm house on the field was filled with French wounded, our surgeons were so busy they could not immediately attend them and Col. Verdy, with a flag of truce, went to the enemy's lines to request the French to send surgeons to the sufferers. As he approached, waving the flag, he was fired upon as reported, and his mission of humanity defeated.

A similar case occurred at Marshal, where the besieged fired on a flag which brought a summons to surrender.

There are now 20,000 French prisoners of war in Germany.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The aid to the German wounded now reaches $75,000.

A cable special to the *Herald* dated London 26th, from a special correspondent to Bar Le Duc, writes that Bazaine is surrounded in Metz by Prussian troops, and is expected to be compelled to capitulate his troops, being short of provisions.

The *Tribune's* special, dated London 26th, says the best information about Bazaine's army, which a German official telegram now proves, is shut up in Metz, and makes his army about 100,000.

McMahon's army cannot exceed 100,000 really good troops, the remainder being raw levies.

The Prussian force left at Metz, or within supporting distance, is computed at 253,000, after deducting 100,000 sent to reinforce the Crown Prince.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The *Tribune's* cable from London, 26th, says Field Marshal Sir Alexander Woodford, Governor of Chelsea hospital, who served in the Peninsular war, died this evening, aged 88 years.

The *Tribune's* correspondent telegraphs from Frankfort on Friday. The Strasburg besiegers are making rapid progress. The German trenches are close to the walls. All the regiments before Metz have been filled up with its ordinary reserves.

The *Tribune's* correspondent at Paris, writes on Thursday evening: The ministers say privately it was Canrobert, who with one, or possibly two, divisions, got away after the battle of the 18th, and with whom McMahon hopes to effect a junction.

In secret session of the Corps Legislatif to-day, Ministers were noticed by Deputies that the practice of withholding news would no longer be tolerated, and that the Deputies were determined that General Trochu's plans should not be interfered with by Count Palikao or even by the Emperor himself.

The married men under 45 who have served, and are now ordered into the army, number about 300,000, and the Provincial Garde Mobile will reach an equal number.

Gen. Failley's removal was ordered because he four times disobeyed McMahon's orders to reinforce him, before Worth, saying he had the Emperor's order to the contrary.

A London special last night says, it is fancied the Crown Prince is marching on Paris with 150,000 men. If so, Trochu, with at least an equal number can defend Paris long enough to give McMahon and Bazaine time to do their work in the rear. It is understood that a new French army of 150,000 veteran troops is forming at Lyons, and that if the Prussians are defeated their reserves do not exceed 300,000 men.

All that is certain is the struggle near at hand will be a desperate one. It involves everything.

No well informed person now anticipates anything but a long and exhausting war.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Numbers of soldiers under arrest in different parts of France for slight offences have been pardoned and immediately joined their regiments.

Sixty thousand dollars has been received from the French residents in the United States for the wounded, and a large sum from Constantinople.

Accounts from places now occupied by Prussians show the hostility of the inhabitants as increasing, and encouraged by the Mobile Guards and sharpshooter, who attack small bodies of Prussians, killing and wounding many.

The provincial journals say the Prussians increase the anger and hatred of the peasants by destroying Catholic Churches.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—The King and Crown Prince are moving on the city by way of the Marne and Aube. They commit fearful pillage and unheard of outrages as they move along.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—On Tuesday evening the headquarters of the Prussian army were at Bar Le Duc. Their advance had reached a point midway between Chalons and Epernay.

The march on Paris is to be conducted leisurely by the Prussians, as no further opposition is anticipated.

There is authority for saying that the fortifications of Paris, unless manned by at least 300,000 men, are worthless.

According to French reports, Luneville is so filled with Prussian wounded that three thousand are left unsheltered in the street.

Count Von Bismarck's son is more seriously wounded than was at at first reported. He has been sent home.

Bataille, the French General who was wounded, is recovering rapidly.

General Legrand, who was killed at Gravelotte, left eleven daughters, for whom a national subscription has been started.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Reserves are organizing here under General Caustein, and at Glogan under General Lawenfield.

PARIS, August 26.—The following news has been made public at the office of the Minister of the Interior. The Prussians are passing through Nancy on their way to Chalons. The siege of Toul has now been abandoned owing to the vigorous resistance made by the garrison.

Prussian scouts cut the railway at Pagny, mouilly, between Montmedy and Nancy. This body was repulsed by French sharpshooters and the road refaired.

The Prussians who were at St. Epvre are now falling back upon Dieuze, [illegible] miles further south.

LONDON, August 27.—Bourges, the capital of the department of Cher, is burning.

It is said the Emperor and members of the Senate and Corps Legislatif will go thither. The right wing of the French army have already taken that direction.

Austria has concurred in the declaration of neutrality as proposed by England and already accepted by Italy. The Russian Minister has returned to St. Petersburg from a visit to Vienna. The object of the visit was to express on the part of Russia a wish and desire to improve their relations with Austria. Austria reciprocates and is anxious to contribute to its fulfilment.

LONDON, August 27.—The movement said of French and German neutrality has become universal in England.

Ratification of the treaty for the guaranteeing of the neutrality of Belgium have been interchanged here by the representatives of various European powers.

The junction of Bazaine with McMahon is not yet effected.

The Prince Royal of Prussia has issued a proclamation to the people of France, wherein he says Prussia makes war on the Emperor, and not against the people of France. The people have nothing more to fear. The Prince announces his purpose to instantly restore the lines of travel, which have been interrupted, and destroyed by army movements

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU[VIN'S] GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS) GLOVES FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.'S. Patterns post free on application.

ANOTHER SWITCH to the Street Railway is being laid on Sparks street, between O'Connor and Bank streets.

ACCIDENT.—An accident occurred in the Bellevue gardens yesterday, which might have proved more serious. It was a collision between a swing in motion and a young man's mouth which got considerably demolished.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE, Saturday, August 27.—M. K. Dickenson, Manotick; Aug. Johnston, Chicago; J. Goodwin, Hartford, Conn; Oliver D. O'Brien, New York; J. L. Lehivess, Montreal; W. Hasty, Kingston; J. H. Dumble and wife, Cobourg; E. Holden, Belleville; Mr. and Mrs. Paulett and son, Point Levi; James Craig, Kingston.

THE NUISANCE STILL CONTINUES.—People residing in the neighborhood of the market again complain of the proceedings of a number of young men who have made that locality their rendezvous. Night after night they congregate on the square, and *by their antics and boisterous* conduct make *endeavors to sleep* vain until one or two o'clock *in the* morning.

IMMIGRATION.—The following is a statement of the Immigration to this city during the present year.

Natives of England	396	215	318	929
"	108	85	128	311
"	33	4	3	40
"	36	42	55	133
"	1	1	1	3
Total	574	346	506	1416

CURIOSITY.—There was on view at Buss' Fruit Store, Sussex street, on Saturday, one of the longest and most novel looking cucumbers that has probably ever been grown in Canada. It was over four feet long and resembled so much in appearance and shape a green snake that many nervous persons passing by were much startled by its proximity to them. It was certainly a strange looking article.

THE MARKET—Saturday—There was one of the largest markets of the season this morning, and the abundance of produce brought on had a slight effect upon the prices of some articles, but butter was still in demand at 30cts. in prints and 24 to 25 cents in tubs; eggs sold at the old price, potatoes at 60 and 65 cents per bushel; mutton 6 to 8 cents per pound for the quarter, fowl from 30 to 50 cents per couple. Hay was selling for $19 and $20 per ton. Flour is up 25 cents on the barrel.

Fires are still doing much damage about Green's Creek, and back of it. Farmers are toiling incessantly in endeavouring to arrest its progress, which is somewhat difficult for them to do, when no water can be had for the purpose. Green's Creek is, we are informed, completely dry, there not remaining a drop of water in it even for cattle. So that farmers in that vicinity have not only to battle against the fire, but are much troubled in endeavoring to get water for their cattle.

POLICE COURT—Saturday morning—There were only two cases of drunkenness this morning. Joseph Derill, drunk in the streets, discharged.

Antoine Labelle, for the same offence, was fined $5 and costs.

Edward A. Sims, who was brought up yesterday for having a fire in his yard, was dismissed, the city by-law not being sufficiently explicit in his case.

The two men Edward Matt and George Boyer, who were arrested by Detective O'Neil on the 25th for stealing a watch from Eugene Catour were convicted and sent to jail for six months.

MORE VICTIMS TO THE LATE FIRE.—A couple of members of the Relief Committee who visited the Township of Huntley last week report the destruction and suffering there to be great. A great number of families are almost totally destitute, and the majority of those who had their houses burned are encamped out under rude constructions of boards or logs, which afford them very little shelter from cold or rain. We are happy to know, however, that relief of every necessary kind is fast reaching them, and in a few days, we hope, to hear of them being comfortable, as compared with their present situation.

In Huntley three persons are reported to have been burned. Mrs James Allan was burned to death in a potato field, where she took refuge from the fire, and a man and two children, whose names we have not learned, have also been burned to death. Some famers, whose all has been destroyed, and who before the calamity were wealthy, comfortable and happy, are said to be disheartened and downcast. Let any one compare their flourishing farms and happy home circle with the present situation and say he wonders at their being utterly dispirited.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE shall revive—it has been so ordained, money and merit have invariably swayed the sceptre through all time in every *role*—together they are all-powerful and in the present instance combined, they will not fail to accomplish the object of the Lessee of the above institution! Sums of money are being daily expended in providing new and beautiful scenery from the hands of that able artist, Mr. Foster, and in generally improving the interior. ("Do not judge a book by its cover.") But as the stage is the great allurement to the audience, Mr. Marshall, awake to his interest, has succeeded in making it as attractive and fascinating as dramatic ability and female charms can make it. From time to time he has received important acquisitions to his troupe, but the most valuable addition is the celebrated tragedian, Mr. Oliver Dowd Byron, who makes his first appearance this evening in the new and highly sensational and interesting drama, entitled "Crossing the Continent." Montreal, New York, and other American papers give him great credit and praise for his abilities. We give here a couple of extracts out of many equally flattering:

"He is one of the most versatile of our living artists, and owes his present position solely to sterling merit. Mr. Byron is certain of obtaining a very high position among our best actors.—*N. Y. Standard*, May 28, '70.

"Mr. Byron's performance at once stamped him an actor of *extraordinary merit*; and we can safely assert that his Don Cæsar de Basan, was the very best representation we have seen on our stage, not excepting that of MR. BARRY SULLIVAN.—*Montreal*, '69.

A fine figure, good voice, graceful in his movements, and correct in his readings.—*New Orleans*, '69.

"Crossing the Continent" is a grand sensational drama, full of startling scenes, frightful situations, hair-breadth escapes, love scrapes, &c. It will be a grand production. Ladies and gentlemen, our advice to you is to go—go to the theatre this evening and see for yourselves.

When the Ninth Cuirassiers charged at Worth, Lieutenant Billet, the Colonel's son, charged four times after his jaw bone had been broken by a ball. His father had him carried off the field by force at the fifth charge, he himself being killed in the same.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. Patterns post free on application.

By James Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber is instructed by MRS. ROSSISTER to sell at her residence, Maria Street, between O'Connor and Bank Streets, on TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all her Household effects, consisting of very neat parlor furniture, handsome Carpets, large and beautiful Engravings, excellently framed, French Lithographs, several volumes of Sir W. Scott, Shakespeare, Byron, Burns, Mrs. Hemans, all beautifully bound, as well as various volumes of Engineer and Machinist's Assistant, illustrated by engravings and wood cuts. An Extension Dining Table, B W Sideboard, Dinner and Breakfast Service, in white and gold, Cutlery, Plated Ware, China, Glass and Crockery, Hall and Stair Carpeting Bedroom Carpets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Dressing Glasses and Three Feather Beds (geese feathers) Parlor, Kitchen and Hall Stoves, well as all the necessary kitchen and Hall as well as all the necessary kitchen furniture.

Sale unreserved and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 25, 1870 1446 3

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF IMPORTED STOCK.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FOR 1870.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from the Society and from other celebrated importers of stock, in the vicinity of Ottawa and Montreal, to sell on the Society's grounds, THURSDAY, 22nd September, the second day of the show, a large quantity of imported stock. Consisting of Ayrshire Cattle, Short Horn Durhams, Hampshire Downs, Cotswool and Leicester Sheep, Berkshire and Suffolk Pigs, Bramah Poutrah Fowls, &c., &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure imported stock as those offered are from the herds of some of the most extensive importers in the vicinity of Montreal and Central Canada.

Parties having prize stock or implements to dispose of, can do so by making arrangements with the Auctioneer, up to the evening previous to the sale. This will be a rare opportunity both for sellers and purchasers, as the prizes offered are large and competition asked for from the whole Dominion, and will no doubt attract a large attendance.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August 25. 1445-td

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a REGISTRY OFFICE and Walls to enclose Gaol Yard.

The Plans, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and Forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, William Cowan, Esq., Nicholas Street, Ottawa, on and after TUESDAY, the 30th day of August next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided, to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 14th day of September next, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Registry Office, &c."

The work may be let either as a whole or divided into two sections.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due performance of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

ISA MORGAN, Warden, County of Carleton.

Ottawa, August 26th, 1870 1446 6

CAUTION. CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALLL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 10 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE, Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1433 33td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

1870. 1870.

WHOLESALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

No. 20, Sparks street,

Are making arrangements to increase their large

WHOLESALE TRADE,

BY OFFERING

A MUCH LARGER STOCK THAN HERETOFORE PURCHASED

under every advantage.

Cotton Goods bought late, and fully ten per cent cheaper than those opened up now.

CANADIAN GOODS

Sold at manufacturers prices

Wholesale entrance between the Post Office and Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's, Elgin street.

We have received ex S. S. "St. Patrick," and other shipments, the following, which we are determined to sell at war prices:

Black Lustres,

Black and Coloured Cobourgs,

Marl Dress Goods,

Serges,

Figured Repps

Dress Tweeds and Clan Tartans,

Rough Brown Hollands,

Loom Huck Towels,

Prints, Regatta Shirtings,

Black Glace and Gros Grain Silks,

Italian Cloths,

Drab and Brown Wincies.

Hemmed Lawn Handkerchiefs only 2½d each.

Inspection invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY. Will be held at the office of the Company in the Village of NEW EDINBURGH ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, 1870.

At the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and other business.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

Office of the O C P R R C., New Edinburgh, August 24, 1870 1446 9

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1640, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 1180 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioner

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.

1437 6

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1446 3m

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT,' RIDEAU STREET.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

THE 31st ANNUAL MEETING

Of the ASSOCIATION was held within the Head Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY 29th JULY, 1870, Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Baronet in the Chair.

The NEW ASSURANCES transacted by the Association during the last year, ending 5th April, have been more numerous, as well as larger than usual, while, at the same time, the Assurances cancelled by deaths and surrenders, &c., have not been excessive. Considerable and proportionate additions have beed made to the Funds and the Annual Income. The Investments have been chosen, as formerly, only from the best class of securities, and the whole are in a thoroughly sound and satisfactory condition.

FULL and DETAILED STATEMENTS of the transactions and position of the Institution were submitted, together with the AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The following are Extracts:

NEW TRANSACTIONS AND MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR.

The NEW LIFE ASSURANCES proposed were........1784 for	£882,071	0	0	Stg.
Those declined or not proceeded with were........347 "	180,874	0	0	
And those transacted were........1437 "	701 197	0	0	
The ANNUAL PREMIUMS on these NEW ASSURANCES are.	21,391	12	6	
New LIFE ANNUITIES were purchased to the amount of per annum	1,395	12	4	
The MORTALITY amongst the Assured Lives during the year was 252, assured for........	123,650	11	8	
There were 24 DEATHS amongst the Annuities, cancelling Life Annuities for........per annum	1 346	1	2	

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The LIFE ASSURANCES in force were........	£7,425,181	14	2
PREMIUMS payable for these ASSURANCES........	237,386	17	5
REVENUE from PREMIUMS and INTEREST, after deduction of the Abatement (Cash Bonuses) allocated in Class A. for this year	257,683	13	7
TOTAL AMOUNT of CLAIMS on DECEASED LIVES since the commencement........	1,221,419	16	11
TOTAL CASH BONUSES allocated to Policy-holders........	445,096	8	
FUNDS remaining on hand........	1,357,386	15	0

THE FUNDS ON HAND CONSIST OF

REAL SECURITIES and ESTATE........£	562,206	9	9
RAILWAY DEBENTURES, DEBENTURE STOCK, &c........	296,365	6	0
BRITISH COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BONDS........	48,947	19	9
LOANS on the ASSOCIATION'S POLICIES, being under their value and Policies with other Offices........	237,194	17	9
LOANS on SECURITY of CONSOLS, PUBLIC RATES under Acts of Parliament, Government Annuities, and a Small Amount on Personal Security........	11,557	11	6
OFFICES at Edinburgh, London, and other Branches........	54,785	11	1
STAMPS........	356	10	1
In BANKS, in DEPOSIT and CURRENT ACCOUNTS........	53,822	12	0
In Hands of AGENTS, being principally PREMIUMS RECEIPTS, &c., due in Agencies, the Days of Grace being current........	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current........	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current........	30,907	10	10
(These last two sums have, with few exceptions been all paid.)			
CURRENT INTEREST, &c., up to the date of Balance........	13,073	14	11
	£1,357,386	15	0

Note—The [illegible] the Association at the date of Balance, but, not applied for were £7, 460 12 11.

At this balance CASH BONUSES have been allocated to the participating Policy-holders in Class A. to be applied as usual in abatement of the premiums payable during the year ending 5th April, 1870. These abatements are at the same rates as formerly for Policies that have previously participated, and amount to 25 per cent, of the Life premiums for Policies which now participate for the first time. It is matter of satisfaction to the Directors that they are able thus to continue to declare the same large Bonus to the A. Policy-holders as they have done for many years past. An allocation of Bonus to the B. Policy-holders will be made after the next balance.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

MONTREAL, 99 ST. JAMES STREET.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Hon Alex. Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue
Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (John Redpath & Son)
J. H. R. Molson, Esq., (J. H. R. Molson & Bros.)
Solicitors—Messrs. Ritchie, Morris and Rose,
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M. D.
Secretary—P. Wordlaw.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M. D.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E.
Medical Officer—W. J. Henry, Esq., M. D.

AGENTS—MESSRS. J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

HAY PRESS FOR SALE.

AN INGERSALL HAND POWER HAY PRESS, IN USE ONE SEASON.

—ALSO—

1,000 BAGS, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Have been used once.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to JOHN R. ARNOLDI, Dept, Pub. Works. Or at No 4 Prince's Terrace.

WANTED,

Two boys to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE —OF— *Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,*

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL.

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN, ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION 1780-'71.

FACULTY OF ARTS—The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill College

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, —AT— "THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

Licence No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" 96, " Petewawa "
" 97, " "
" 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent,

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 squaremiles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE, ON THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870.

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensels, with a privelege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

THE REV. J. MAY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, *QUEEN STREET,*

Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT.

Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1431 1m

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms.—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.

Ottawa, July 21st, 1870. 1415-2m

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Second Annual EXHIBITION, OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Will take place on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21st, 22nd, AND 23rd,

On the Society's Grounds, adjoining the city, when will be offered

$2,500 IN PRIZES,

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

Officers of the Society—J. B. Lewis, President; John Ashworth, 1st Vice President; John Rochester, junr., 2nd Vice President; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer. Directors—Hon James Skead, Alonzo Wright, M. P., J. M. Currier, M. P.. George W. Eaton, A. McKellar, Thos. Graham, W. F. Powell, R. Kenny and Ira Morgan.

Entries must be made before the 10th September. All parties are entitled to compete on payment of $2.00.

The Building and Grounds will be open from MONDAY morning, the 19th instant, for reception of articles intended for the Exhibition.

For Prize Lists and Entry Forms apply to the Secretary at Ottawa, or the different Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies throughout the Ottawa country.

Forage and Provender, at reasonable prices, will be found on the Grounds.

The different Railway and Steamboat Companies will carry Passengers and Freight to and from the Fair at reduced rates. Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the Free Entry of Articles from the United States for competition.

AN AUCTION SALE of Thoroughbred Ayrshire, Durham and other Cattle; Suffolk and Berkshire Pigs; Cotswold, Leicester and Hampshire Down Sheep, and Fancy Fowl, &c., will take place on Thursday, the second day of the Exhibition, at 2 p. m. on the grounds.

A Brass Band will be in attendance during the Fair.

A S WOODBURN, Secretary. J B LEWIS, President.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870. 1445td

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the CITY OF MONTREAL, —ON— TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, THE 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September Next on the Grounds of the Council of Agriculture, NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 *to* $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE, Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1457td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN. Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS —AND— *HABIT MAKERS*

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

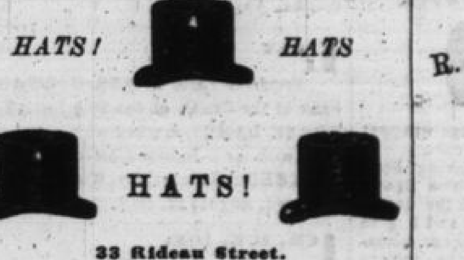
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS HATS!



33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON," Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1442tf

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Beg to inform the trade of the Ottawa District that they have opened a

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE IN BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE *RUSSELL HOUSE.*

And are now receiving and opening large shipments by sailing vessels, "Lake Erie," "Lake Superior," "Cherokee," "Medora," and steamers "Austrian," "St. Patrick," "Peruvian," and others.

Their Stock will be complete in a few days.

Special attention given to Canadian manufacturers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY.

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

MID SUMMER CHEAP SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLES
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(*Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard*)
GROS DE SUEZ
(*Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25*)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 29, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 50	@	5 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100lbs	7 00	@	9 00
" per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 00	@	6 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 75	@	1 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 16	@	0 00
apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 75	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	21 00	@	22 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Or on Raw Hides	6 00	@	000

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA..............$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4235. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

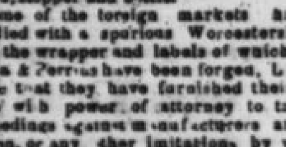
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1:36 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,

President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, ... limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping ... Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the Apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 law6m law6m

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to

M MULLIN & CO.

Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870 1416

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. LATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallendale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1353tf Rideau street.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East ... of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL,

Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,

Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3td

M^c DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed.

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

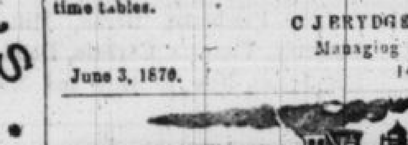
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 1427d



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6.00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Nopon Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to

JAMES WARNOCK,

On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that it is his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and

1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 26 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given as satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectfully invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-ly

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL,

Sheriff, County of Carleton.

City of Ottawa,

Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [Ot]tawa. TRADE-MARK. ANCHORA VIRTUS. GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

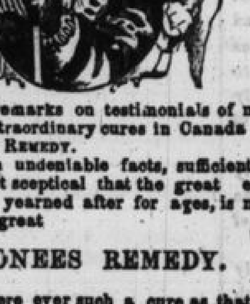
Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in law

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

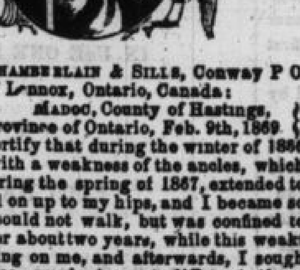
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St: John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Frasers's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,

Exchange Hotel,

1304 1 Mosgrove street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD,

Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at

JOHN ROBERTSON'S,

Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON

Or to KEARNS & RYAN

On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 35
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director.

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Halifax	20 0
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 0
Halifax	15 0
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 0

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

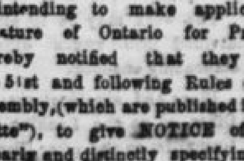
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... be informed of its virtues ...

PREPARED BY

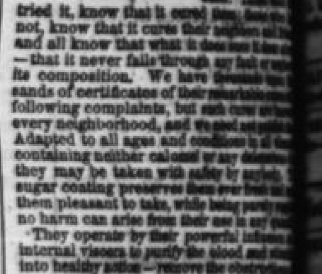
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.



DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ... LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T ... McMaster Esq, H S Howland, Esq., ... Esq. T Fulton, Esq, ... J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL ... COMPANY are as low as ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of ... not when the premiums ... losses are being settled ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted ...

It respectfully solicits ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis DATURA TATULA ... "A remedy of great usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.* "Of great efficacy in cases of Chronic Bronchitis."—... "The smoke causes no nausea ... kind, I have never known ... relief was not obtained."—... *Geo. B. Stuart.* In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s. Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ... 8s and 15s. Pastilles for Inhalation ... SAVORY & MOORE ... AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the digestion and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive ... perior to Pepsine. Pancreatine Powder, bottles, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine ... N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil. AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, ... six rooms and kitchen, ... Burnham Hill ... vegetable garden; good ... attached. Apply to ...

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The ... No. 27, in First Concession, ... pean, and Lots Nos. ... cession, at present in ... Aylen, Esq. For further ... JOHN and WM. THOMSON, ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office ..., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES ..., Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1448. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1870. {PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,

Bordeaux and the Vineyards

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

& the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Hennault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauternes and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and over, at extremely low rices.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Ad Tom.

Deaville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Moinet's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale strictness' prices.

HIS OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar alns. 1185

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

C MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready or inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Shirts, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	6.00	.....	11.30	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00	.....	11.00	4.30
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	11.30	.....	.....	.....
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30	9.00	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.30	.....	11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Gordon, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du Fort, &c.	6.00	.....	11.00	4.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Mount Hunter, Carp, &c.	6.00	.....	8.00	6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	.....	12.15	11.30	.....
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Frankford, Perth, &c., by Stage	.....	4.30	.....	5.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burrit's Rapids	6.00	.....	.....	6.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	11.30	.....	11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, Kanahara, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	.....	.....	11.00	4.30
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	12.30	.....	.....	.....

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart ..... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive ..... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agent.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	756 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T DONCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruthe, Esq. 1334t.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September Next, AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M., To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 13 1870 1437t514

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 14, Sparks street,

Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.

NEW Mohair Stripe, 12½ cents.

LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents.

WHITE Brilliants, 14 cents.

FRENCH Chambray, 17 cents.

LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.

SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.

30 DOZ Pair Kid Gloves, Best makers.

LADIES' and Children's Hats,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey

COLLARS and Cuffs,

BLACK Lace Shawls,

SHAWLS—Black Grenadine

JAPANESE SILKS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS—Printed.

LACE PISSUES,

ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Sows,

WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,

GRENADINES—Black and Grey Ground.

BARAGES—Black and Colored

FRINGES,

SATIN FOLDS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooks, Book, &c. &c.)

LACES, Black and White Blond, MOSITON and MALTESE LACES FIGURED NETS, LACE CURTAINS, LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE COVERS, WHITE and GREY COTTONS, BLACK LUSTRES, &c, &c

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1309y

T G. CORSSOLLES, Ottawa, bailiffor of a Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and information sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. Ottawa

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily,

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY AND ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY.

Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders for the construction of the Railway limited by the advertisement of this Company of date the FIFTH DAY of AUGUST, instant, is hereby extended to the TWELFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOSEPH CAUCHON, President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 1443t2w

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate. Apply to

H P HILL, Solicitor, &c., 1441 1m Post Office Block

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including best patterns of

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES,

DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO—

Every description of KITCHEN UTENSILS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS In Great Variety, Very Cheap, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex Street.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of,

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scythe,
Whitings Eureka, North ground; ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oneida," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 16. 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, RENEY'S STONE BUILDING, *Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa*

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. *Always on Hand.*

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1238.1

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam ly use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy wine generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.

GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 28, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, 1870.

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscillating Muley, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 17, 1870 1433tf

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS,

BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand or customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1430 tf

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 1233m

PURITY

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A valuable Treatise on the human complexion—the Skin, the Hair, the Teeth, &c., with a valuable collection of new and important Recipes relating thereto. L. E. Vergette, manufacturer of Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Toronto. Mailed free to any address on receipt of price 25 cents.

The Meeting.

I met her in the quiet lane
One Sabbath morning early:
The sun was bright, although the rain
Still glittered on the barley;
The lark was singing to his mate,
The wild bells chimed their warning
We paused awhile outside the gate;
We lingered till it was too late
To go to church that morning.

Again we met. The whispering leaves
Glanced nigh in sight and shadow,
The reapers piled their yellow sheaves,
The bees hummed o'er the meadow,
The royal sun rose up in state,
Our marriage day adorning:
The bells rang out—wide stood the gate
And neither of us was too late
To go to church that morning.

EUGENIE—MOTHER AND EMPRESS.

Departure of Napoleon and the Prince Imperial for the Seat of War—A Scene at Cherbourg—The First Shot of the War.

Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

METZ, July 29.—The Emperor and the Prince Imperial came yesterday. An individual in regimentals (more or less) says I should have seen the parting at St. Cloud station. The hour of it was unknown to Paris, so Paris was absent; but there was a goodly and cheerful crowd present nevertheless. The scene was one of rare and touching solemity. The Empress acted the Empress throughout, and none the less for showing the motherless as well as the patriotism of her noble nature. Pressing her boy to her breast, she said: "Adieu, Louis. Above all things do your duty." The Emperor replied, loud enough for all present to hear: "We shall all do that." And immediately the little station rang with a ringing French cheer. The Empress has been a lady-in-waiting to her boy. She gently pushed aside the royal servants who contended for the honor of packing the youth's trunks, and insisted upon having the honor all to herself. So she stowed away the changes of juvenile uniform with her own pretty white hands, and packed off his Imperial Highness with

A QUIVERING LIP

and a wet eye, but with a firm soul, and then retried to her chapel, where she sank upon her knees to call upon Heaven to cover the head of son and father in battle, and to give victory to La Belle France. Indeed, you would love this woman even at sight. I am free to say that whichever side may be right, or whichever side may be wrong, there are none of us here in France, whether Gallic, Celt, or Saxon, but would fight for the Regent lady at St. Cloud. Her face is half the battle for her husband against his enimies in the rear, while her charities and graces soften the malice of the most uncharitable. She is shrewd as well as gentle, and can conciliate by the arts of magnanimity as well as by the deeds of philanthropy. At a banquet she startled everybody by proposing for a toast the name of M. Thiers, and added that it was through his sagacious care for the Paris fortifications that 100,000 troops could be spared from the capital.

NOW, WASN'T THAT CLEVER?

Then it was equally clear to appear unexpectedly at Cherbourg just as the fleet were about to set sail for the Baltic. She went incog. as well as unforetold. The effect of her visit was all the more inspiring on that account. Sailor and officer, marines and infantry, were ecstatic. Admiral Bouet was both gesticulatory and declamatory in his address. He could hardly contain himself for excitement. Nor could his audience. They caught the Admiral's fervor, and drowned his voice with shouts of exultation. Her Majesty replied in an address from the Emperor. Then the splendid array of war craft passed before her shaking with the acclamations that were echoed by the crowds which covered the jetting quay and the overlooking heights. These things tell in France, and this episode will tell in the Baltic and on the northern border of the Confederation. So it is with this coming of the Emperor attended by his son and heir. It is of a piece with

THE INDISPENSABLY DRAMATIC.

France must see her ruler in the saddle though he have the gout so badly as to groan inwardly at every prance of the fiery steed. And here we have suggested the sadness of the war Whether you have any sympathy with this remarkable man or not, and whether you care or not for his dynasty and family, you will have to be very unsusceptible not to be touched in some sort with this spectacle of this old man and his young son riding and bowing side by side in an open brouche along the streets of Metz. It is impossible to restrain melancholy emotions. You cannot but think within yourself; Well, well, what a way to support a throne, to continue a dynasty, to acquire or to preserve the loyalty of a people! and what a people, that they should rally up or fall away from their government according as it wins or loses in

THE CHANCES OF WAR.

The Father of three-score and two, and looks ten years older, crowning a life of incomparable vicissitudes with this last, perilous and tremendous venture. He must suffer in body, if not in mind, as he smiles his own peculiarly stern hard smile upon the packed multitude and crowned winding down. The son is fourteen and looks even younger,

His long soft locks are gone. He distributed them among the royal household it is said. It seems to me as if we miss with the locks and countenance of the mother. Still there is her amiability, if not her energy of expression. There is a certain paleness and yet animation in the boy's face. Like the page upon the dais in the Senate, to whom Senator Seward so pathetically alluded in his great Union speech, the boy exhibits intense but pleased emotion, while the eyes of the aged and thoughtful are filled with tears. The veterans understand it all; the young Prince incapable of solving the awful crisis. Little may he think that he must "wade through slaughter" to his throne, if he would ever reach it. I declare to you I never saw so pathetic a pageantry.

PRINCE NAPOLEON

was one of the royal group. He looks older than when I saw him last in America, and as much as ever like the late Jerome of Baltimore, and was the only one of the three Napoleons present who had the slightest resemblance to the first of their illustrious line. Is there something for effect, too, in his presence? He is to keep near his august cousins. The Prince was given a command, but the officers protested, and the Emperor withdrew the commission. His Royal Highness is not as popular as his wife, and some say he knows no more than she about military affairs.

THE FIRST SHOT OF THE WAR

was fired by and the first death was died by a Frenchman. In the morning twilight of the 21st, near Saar-Louis, the French videtté fired at and missed a German sentinel, who, in turn, fired at and killed the Frenchman. So the chassepot sent the first bullet, and the needle gun drew the first blood of the war. But before this the tragedy had begun, as far as the French are concerned, with a curious chapter of catastrophies. Several soldiers were killed in a railway collision. Two subordinate officers were killed on picket duty, accidentally, by their own men. During a thunder storm, three captains were seriously wounded by "heaven's artillery."

CHIT CHAT FOR THE LADIES.

A young lady was sunstruck recently while playing croquet.

Corduroy and plush costumes will be very fashionable this Winter.

Fifiteen hundred people sat down to dinner at Union Hall, Saratoga, last Sunday.

Artificial flowers are used more than ever this season for trimming evening dresses.

The Fall bonnets are to be trimmed with gay velvet, ornamented with berries or very bright flowers.

Celery salad is said to be the most healthy salad that can be eaten, and is given as a cure for jaundice, neuralgia and nervous diseases.

Young ladies besides wearing gentlemen's neeties have now taken the large scarf-pins instead of a brooch. What do they want next?

It is stated on good authority that more engagements of marriage have been made at the Tappan Zee House, Nyack, this season than ever before.

Young ladies who wear blonde powder in their hair in the day time, and think it will not be noticed, makes a great mistake, as it ought only to be worn by gaslight.

Baskets of flowers for the watering places are arranged with butterflies, bugs, and gay colored buds arranged on the handle, or centre of the flowers.

It is said that it takes ten men nearly a year, working steadly, to finish a handsome camel's hair shawl. When you take this into consideration, the price asked for them seems very moderate.

Thirty housekeepers in Troy are importing Chinese servants.

A young lady has recently been elected one of the directors of the Ohio bank.

PERSONAL.

Brigham Young is delicate in health.

Goldwin Smith is proposed for the Presidency of the Iowa State University.

Chief Justice Chase is about to visit Gettysburg Springs.

Madame Patterson Bonaparte is writing her memoirs.

Brigham Young has recently imported a Swiss cheese-maker.

Jeff. Davis intends to remain in Europe many years.

Laura Keene has joined the Catholics, and was baptized recently at St. Paul, Minnesota.

Frederick Douglas is writing a lecture on the "Sources of our National Security."

Jenny Lind and Florence Nightingale are among the London Committee for the relief of the sick and wounded in the Franco-Prussian war.

Chevalier Ernest de Bunsen denies the statement attributed to him that three-fourths of the Protestant population in Germany deny the divinity of Christ.

Gen. McCook, now Governor of Colorado, introduced Olive Logan to a Denver audience recently as "one who combines in her own person the beautiful girl, the womanly girl, and the strong minded girl."

SPORTING.

A match will be played on Saturday between the Montreal and Grand Trunk Cricket Clubs on the ground on St. Catherine street. The wickets to be pitched at 2 o'clock.

The Tyne Crew are now fairly domiciled at Lachine. They are thoroughly confident of the issue of the race, believing that the St. John men however able to push them to the turning buoy will not last out the last three miles of the race, at the pace which will mark its finish. The appearance of the Englishmen when stripped and in their beautiful craft the "Dunston-on-Tyne" impresses the on-looker with the immense strength and perfect command of the boat displayed. It will be of interest to those who care to have a glimpse of this famous quartette, when at work, to know that six o'clock p.m., will be faired training hour.

Count Fosco and Kowalski lately gave a concert in Niagara. So a local paper says.

The Harwich Township Fair will be held at Blenheim on the 11th October next.

London has a gang of boys who have been arrested for robbery.

The roads are so rough in West Williams that a man was actually shaken out of his waggon while travelling through that township.

A Woodstock citizen wants a public excursion to Sarnia while the Volunteers are encamped there.

Rev. Wm. Meldrum has resigned the pastoral charge of the Presbyterian chrch, Harrington, West Zorra.

A lad named Wm. Jones, of McGillivray, a few days ago, shot a crane measuring 5 feet 10 inches from tip to tip of wings.

Any person who starts a machine shop at Seaforth will be given an acre of land and be exempt from taxes for five years.

Durham is to give $20.000 toward the Southern Railway, and South Norwich and Middleton, between them $30,000.

The cricket match between the Montreal and Kingston clubs has, by request of the former, been again postponed until saturday, Sept. 3rd.

Subscriptions to the extent of $1,237 have already been raised in Montreal in aid of the wounded and widows and orphans of the French army.

A new building has been erected at Sweetsburg by Mr. G. A. Galer, to be used as a Masonic Hall.

The juvenils Cricket Club of Cowansville, had a match with their Dunham confreres, on Saturday last, in the former village and came off victorious.

The Sherbrooke *Gazette* says that the frame of the new sewing macine factory in that town has been erected, and workmen are busily engaged in getting it ready for the machinery.

There is talk of removing the remains of Rossini from Paris, to be place in Sante Croce, at Florence, in which church repose the ashes of Dante, Michael Angelo, Petrarch, and other illustrious Italians.

A vigorous effort is making to secure the completion of the interior decorations of St. Paul's Cathedral in London. At a meeting held a few weeks ago in furtherance of this object, a list of subscriptions was read amounting to nearly £25,000. It is estimated that at least £250,000 will be required to carry out the proposed design.

The Princess Dora d'Istria has published in French and Italian a memoir on the state of Sauscain studies in Italy, which she read recently before the Archaeological Socity of Athens. The Italian edition is adorned with a photograph of the Princess a woman as beautiful as she is learned.

One of the most surprising things about modern London is the rapidity of its growth. Notwithstanding its already enormous size in 1849, not fewer than 225,322 new houses have been added to it since then, forming 99 new squares, and 5,831 new streets, of the total length of 1,030 miles.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshall
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.
Lost—Apply at the Times Office.
Wanted—Apply at Mrs. Proderick's.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1870.

The Honorable Dr. Tupper and family arrived here last evening, together with Captain and Mrs. Cameron.

Mr. Wagner, P. L. S., a gentleman formerly well known in this city, has sent a number of colored maps of the seat of war, made by himself, to R. Lees, Esq., to be sold for the benefit of the sufferers by the late fire.

We are glad to hear that the Rev. Mr. [illegible] Herring has had several interviews with the Minister of Finance, with a view of doing something towards devising a scheme of self-supporting immigration based on reducing the cost of passage to the minimum rate, and dividing the cost equally through local agencies.

We have alluded elsewhere to the praiseworthy action of the Chaudiere mill owners during the recent fires. It may be said that as a general thing the people of this city and neighborhood all did their duty on that occasion, and among the foremost on the roll of honour the name of Sheriff Powell should not be omitted. Unfortunately however, there were one or two glaring exceptions, to which we shall have to refer hereafter.

We understand that the gentlemen from the United States, who composed the deputation which visited this city a short time since in reference to the Caughnawaga Canal, express themselves as having been highly delighted with their reception. They also say that they were very agreeably surprised at the marks of prosperity and progress which they saw throughout the Dominion.

The *Mitrailleuse* adopted by and now being rapidly manufactured for the British army, are said to be far more destructive weapons than those used by France. One of them was tried at Shoeburyness a few days since, against a target representing a body of 150 foot soldiers. At 800 yards the *Mitrailleur* made 264 hits in four minutes, so that one hundred and fifty soldiers at that distance must have been completely exterminated.

The Montreal *Gazette* says, "we cannot close these observations without heartily congratulating our Ottawa friends upon the prompt manifestation of thoughtful liberality which has so honorably distinguished their city, and has inspired so gallantly sustained an effort to alleviate, in their earliest and cruellest stage, the sufferings of these hapless victims to a national calamity."

The *enciente* or rampart which encircles Paris is twenty-five miles in length, and has ninety-eight bastions. Outside the ramparts are fourteen large and very strong forts. The construction of the fortifications of Paris was commenced in the year 1841. They were at first intended more particularly to serve as a check upon the people of Paris in case of insurrection. Latterly, however, their character has been very considerably changed, and they have been arranged with a view to the defence of the city from outside foes.

We understand that the Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald has offered to lend the County of Carleton money at 6 per cent interest. Seeing that he has plenty of money in the bank at 4 per cent interest and a large amount on call without interest, and furthermore that the county of Carleton can obtain all the money it requires on equally favourable terms, the Premier is certainly not conferring any very great favour upon us.

The members of the Irish Republican Association met on Friday last in New York, to take measures for the conquest of Ireland, and the expulsion of the Prussian army from France. One Haggerty presided, and if what this worthy said of himself be true, he must certainly be a singular looking individual. He says he has the "map of Ireland stamped upon his face." Before the meeting was over he had something else stamped there, for what is called by the New York papers, "a personal altercation" occurred round the platform, which resulted in a bloody nose for Haggerty, and a number of torn and gore-stained shirt fronts among his followers.

It is the interest as well as the duty of the people to assist the Government, as far as possible, in getting rid of what may be called the "copper nuisance," paying out and receiving those copper coins which are authorized as a circulating medium at the value placed upon them by Government, and getting rid of the worthless tokens which are at present in circulation. Sir Francis Hincks' scheme for abating the "silver nuisance" has been more successful than even its best friends anticipated, and if the copper currency of the country can now be placed upon a better footing, another important benefit will be conferred upon the business classes.

The following is an answer to the lying statement that no recruits could be had for the British army: The *Army and Navy Gazette* says that it would be somewhat more difficult to account for than it is to record the extraordinary success which has attended recruiting within the last few weeks. The persuasions of the sergeants have been responded to so willingly that there is not only no want of men, but really so much difficulty in attending to the wishes of the numbers that present themselves, as to render it imperatively necessary to observe the salutary rule, first come, first served. In some districts, a superior class of applicants has come forward, many so well fed and well clothed as to forbid the idea that the Army has been adopted merely as a refuge from crime or destitution.

THE SITUATION.

The rapidity of the Prussian advance and the uninterrupted train of successes which the Prussians have undoubtedly won, induce some people to imagine that they will very quickly dispose of all opposition and march victorious into Paris within a few days. Whatever may be the ultimate result of the war, however, we cannot believe that this is likely to be the case. The French army and people now are fighting for their very existence, and doubtless, will muster in great strength to the defence of the capital. Since Marshal Bazaine fought the battle of Reyonville last Thursday week, we have heard but very little reliable information as to his movements. We do know however, from both French and Prussian sources that he retreated in good order towards Metz, that the force under his command numbered nearly 125,000 men, and that the Prussians had suffered such severe losses as must have crippled them in their onward movements for some days at all events. Marshal McMahon at last accounts was at Montmedy with from 150,000 to 175,000 men, in a position which would enable him to threaten the right flank of the Crown Prince's army during its advance upon Paris, or to cut off its line of communication with the rear after its arrival before the walls of that city. General Trochu is said to have at his disposal for the defence of the capital as many as 300,000 men, many of whom it is true are raw, inexperienced recruits, who would however probably fight well and bravely behind fortifications. Here then are 600,000 men fighting upon their own soil, and even if it be true that the Prussians have eighteen army corps, comprising in all a force of 720,000 men, upon French territory, when we bear in mind the long line of communication which they have to guard, and the fact that they are surrounded on all sides by a hostile population, it seems evident that the invaders are certainly exposed to enormous risks, and are not likely again to be able to fight on such advantageous terms and with such large odds in their favour as hitherto they have done. The Prussian force appears to be divided into four great armies, one of which is said to be advancing on Paris, another watching the movements of Marshal McMahon, a third beseiging Metz, and a fourth besieging Strasbourg. In addition to these, a number of smaller columns are holding the various lines of communication between these larger bodies, suppressing the hostile movements of the crowds of "freeshooters" or guerilla bands, which swarm throughout the Rhenish provinces, and keeping open the road to Germany. Under these circumstances, so far as it is possible to understand the present situation, it scarcely seems likely that the seige or assault of the fortifications of Paris will be undertaken until a battle has been fought with Marshal McMahon's army, although it is quite possible that a few squadrons, of Uhlands or Lancers may make their appearance in close proximity to the capital; and if they did so, judging from the exaggerated character of the reports which we have already received, and the naturally excited condition of the people of Paris, it is quite possible that we should be informed by telegraph that the main body of the Crown Prince's army had arrived in front of Paris. Without attempting to predict what may be the ultimate result of the stupendous strife, therefore, we would ask our readers to bear in mind that almost all the news we obtain comes from a source strongly prejudiced in favor of Prussia; that the Orleanists and Republicans of France are likely to encourage and spread abroad stories of French reverses and to magnify Prussian successes; and that under these circumstances it will be well to receive all telegraphic news with caution, and to judge of its credibility by a consideration of what seems to be pretty certain to have been the position of the hostile forces only a few days since.

THE MILL OWNERS OF THE CHAUDIERE.

Now that the confusion and excitement which the close proximity of the fires to the city naturally occasioned, have somewhat passed away, we are enabled to form something like a just estimate of the services rendered to the public by the Chaudiere mill owners. In another column will be found a letter from a correspondent who had ample opportunities for seeing how and by whom the battle with the flames was most successfully waged, and in it is contained a warm tribute of admiration for the conduct of the Chaudiere mill owners, in which we most heartily concur. No sooner was the signal of danger given, than they sent a little army of men with horses, carts, &c., to battle with the fire, and to their exertions we are indebted for much valuable property being saved, and possibly for the preservation of Ottawa itself. We quite agree with our correspondent in believing that the more we have of such liberal and enterprising men as Mr. Baldwin and the other mill owners the better for us. Not only do they by their business energy and ability furnish remunerative employment to a large number of our people, but in all times of public danger they prove themselves to be thoroughly patriotic and among the warmest and truest friends that Canada possesses. They furnished men and means to stay the progress of the fire at a very considerable expense to themselves, and were also among the first to contribute munificent sums to the relief of the sufferers. To expose wrong doing is one of the most painful tasks which can devolve upon a public journalist, but the gratification of alluding to such men as the mill owners of the Chaudiere, more than compensates us for the discharge of disagreeable duties. It matters not whether these gentlemen are Americans by birth or not; for they have proved themselves to be good Canadians indeed, by their energetic action and munificent liberality in behalf of the public weal. We are sure that all our readers will unite with us in wishing for the Chaudiere mill owners, a long and uninterrupted continuance of that prosperity which adds so materially to the progress of Ottawa and the well being of its citizens.

Toronto sidewalks are a source of danger to the 'ladyes faire."

The crops in New Brunswick are reported to be looking well.

ARRIVAL OF HONOURABLE MR. CAMPBELL.

The Honourable Mr. Campbell arrived in Montreal yesterday, and we are happy to hear that he expresses himself as being quite satisfied with the results of his mission. We have reason to believe that it has been productive of much good.

The Chaudiere Mill Owners.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—

The details of catastrophes, even of minor importance than that which has befallen the inhabitants of the surrounding country and vicinity of the metropolis of Canada in consequence of the fiery element which has laid waste a great part of said country and vicinity, and has left thousands houseless, penniless, and in a state of nudity and misery, are remembered and related by succeeding generations, and so will the heart-rending details of this catastrophe which has taken place in our immediate vicinity be long and painfully remembered and related by the present and future generations. On the 17th inst. the cry of alarm and proximity of the devouring element to the city of Ottawa was made known to A. H. Baldwin, Esq., by his foreman. The good and philanthropic A. H. Baldwin at once shut down his mills, caused all his men to turn out, and with all necessary appliances (*regardless of all expenses*) went to meet the fire and check its progress, and continued to do so till Saturday night, 20th inst., and with God's blessing were so far successful in staying the progress of the fire and saving life and property. Let it be remembered that Mr. Baldwin and his foremen led the van, and were on all occasions implicitly obeyed by his men, and under the protection of the Almighty, which was invoked for the success of the battle in behalf of suffering humanity, the result is now gratefully received and will ever be remembered by all, but particularly by the citizens of Ottawa, who are as yet, thanks to God, preserved from the fearful destruction which has befallen many.

Mr. Editor, let it not be thought that thus far, there is an idea of exclusiveness towards the other mill owners; no, their merit and efficient co-operation in checking the fire cannot be denied or overlooked, but it so happened that I fell in with Mr. Baldwin's men, and I could not help admiring his generalship, stripping for the battle, dividing his men into two divisions, one to the rear of Richesterville, and the other to Mr. Pritchard's, under his own command. Subsequently a detachment was sent to Mr. Wilson's farm, to protect his property, "a large portion of which is to be given to the sufferers" if it escapes destruction. I believe it is admitted that since the grand turn out by the Chaudiere men the fire gained no material advantage and little or no loss of property has been reported. It is noteworthy that spectators who turned in and worked with Mr. Baldwin's men, and demanded pay, received it, and were thanked for doing even no more than what every good man should do, viz., *his duty*.

In a few days, and when the destitution of the present sufferers is healed, then and only then shall Canadians, and particularly the citizens of Ottaw and Ottawa Valley, begin to ask what kind of men these American citizens (if not already Canadian citizens,) are.

It is admitted on a rough calculation that $10,000, (ten thousand dollars) will not cover the expenses of the Chaudiere mill owners in staying the progress of the fire, irrespective of their large and munificent donations in money, lumber, flour, blankets, &c., &c.

Now, Messrs. Editors and Canadians, a word *en passant* will not be taken amiss, viz.: Would it not be well done if the Government of Ontario were memoiralized to give all possible inducement to (*at least*) as many more such as these good and enterprising Chaudiere men to settle among us.

In conclusion I say—"Three cheers for the Chaudiere mill owners, and an extra one for our field captain, Mr. Baldwin."

TIPPERARY.

Ottawa, Aug. 27, 1870.

Immigration Meeting.

A meeting of immigrants was held last evening, in the basement of St. Alban's Church, for the purpose of forming an Immigrant's Club. Owing probably to the unfavourable nature of the weather, there were no more than 50 or 60 persons present.

Dr. Jones opened the meeting with an appropriate prayer, after which he addressed the meeting in a conversational manner. He regarded the meeting more as a familiar conference than as a formal gathering. They came there for the purpose of establishing a club or society for their own benefit, and generally in the interest of immigration, and all formality should be discarded, and the proceedings be as concise as possible. It was Sir Francis Hincks' intention to be present, but owing to unavoidable circumstances he could not come. Nevertheless, a very important communication would show how warmly he was interested in the matter. The Rev. gentleman said the formation of the Society had two objects in view. A moral object and a benevolent object, and explained how it was so, stating that by having a place where they could meet to read, talk, discuss the topics of the day, interchange thoughts, &c., there should be a great check put to frequenting public houses; and benevolent, inasmuch as one of its functions would be to extend aid to friends and relations to immigrate to Canada to welcome them when they arrive, and assist them until established in a situation. He would give them the use of his school room and half his library.

The Rev. Wm. Herring after a few remarks read the following letter from Sir Francis Hinbks:

OTTAWA, 29th August, 1870.

REVEREND AND DEAR SIR, I regret very much, that owing to a previous engagement, it will not be in my power to attend the meeting which is to be held this evening, on the subject of "Immigration." It is one which has occupied a great deal of my attention for many years, and, if you think that the opinions which I have stated to you in conversation,—and which I should have expressed publicly at the meeting had it been in my power to attend,—will be at all serviceable to the cause for which you have done so much, you are at perfect liberty to make any use of this letter that you think fit. It is my settled conviction, that in order to ensure success to any scheme of immigration, it must be self-supporting. It is vain to rely either on Government or eleemosynary aid. I believe however, that it would be quite possible to organize a system in Canada analogous to that which you have so successfully established in England, and which in a very few years would pervade every section of the Province of Ontario. We have, as I explained to you, peculiar facilities for organization in our Municipal Corporations. I believe that if public opinion could be brought to bear strongly in support of your plans, there would be few, if any, difficulties in matters of detail that might not be removed. Legislation might be necessary, but that on such a subject would present no difficulty. I am of opinion that your proposal, that half the cost of assisted immigration should be raised in Canada, is a most reasonable one, and I was very glad to find that you were of opinion that there would be no difficulty in finding the other half in England.

The facilities for importing the immigrants speedily and safely from their residences to their destinations are now so great, that the only difficulty to be met is the cost. According to our calculation this may be stated at from $32 to $36. Before you leave, we can know more precisely, but I believe that the smaller amount will be nearly accurate. If so, the amount which Canada would have to raise would be $16 per caput. This cost should fall on the localities to which the immigrants should be sent. Two classes of individuals might be expected to assist in defraying that cost of immigration: 1st, employees who would pay say $16 for a servant who would enter into a contract to serve for six months for the wages agreed on; 2nd, individuals desiring to bring out friends, and who would agree to pay half the cost of the passage.

It is well known that great assistance has at all times been rendered by the latter class; but facilities might be given by adopting a system of weekly or monthly contributions through the instrumentality of clubs. If by means of any organizations municipal bodies could be induced, on obtaining adequate security, to guarantee the required amount to a central body in Toronto, the Local Government if possible, then the machinery would be perfect. By way of illustration, I will assume that the city of Ottawa was prepared to take 400 immigrants. Clubs might be formed under the auspices of the clergy or other philanthropic individuals who, it may be hoped would give their services as ready in Canada as in England. These Clubs would register the names of applicants, and receive contributions and secure the corporation in undertaking to order through the central body, whether the government or not, the required number of Immigrants. These would be sent by the Allan steamers and Canadian Railroads to their destinations. Such is a mere hasty outline of the plan which seems to me feasible. The details would, of course, be subject to modification according to the degree of support given to any general plan by the Government of Ontario. I feel assured, however that a local club can be formed in this city, and even if you should find greater obstacles than I anticipate, you may be assured that if any were considered self supporting system should be organized, even in a few localities, it will in a very short time extend its ramifications throughout the entire Province.

I see no reason why a similar system should not work well in the other provinces of the Dominion.

With best wishes for your success in the benevolent object which you have at heart,

Believe me
faithfully yours,
F. HINCKS.

After the reading of the letter and a few more words from the Rev. Mr. Herring, a sub-committee of twelve men was elected to draw up a code of rules and regulations, and "Ottawa Immigration Aid Society" given as its name by resolution, and the meeting then broke up to meet on next Monday evening, the sub-committee to meet on Wednesday evening.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

Aug. 27, Received to date as reported	$6,959 70
Mr. and Mrs. W. Spragge	100 00
James Sutton	5 00
John Bangs	10 00
Ottawa River Navigation Company, per Captain Bowie	100 00
Hon. J. S. Macdonald, Premier of Ontario	100 00
Andrew Drummond	25 00
Thomas Taylor	5 00
Magee & Russell	100 00
Francis Clemow	50 00
William Blackburn	9 00
A friend, Montreal, per Alfred Perry	20 00
J. T. & W. Pennock	30 00
Rev. Dr. O'Connor	15 00
Henry Goff	5 00
Employees of Henry Goff	9 00
Honorable J. C. Chapais	100 00
Total	$7,642 70

JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 29, 1870.

In the published list yesterday the name of J. Pennock was entered for $20. It should have been James Peacock.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, August 29.

On Saturday a boy, named Paul Frollois, was driven over by a beer waggon, and seriously injured.

The cricket match, between the Montreal and Grand Trunk clubs, resulted in favour of the Montrealers.

At a meeting of the committee of the Lachine boating club, on Friday evening, the prize for the four-oared in rigged race was increased $100, and a four-oared outrigged race, for $150, has been added to the first day's programme.

On Saturday a new daily evening paper, called the *World*, appeared in this city.

The four miles foot race, between Deerfoot and Kerronwe, was won by the latter in fourteen minutes and fifty seconds.

Flour—nothing of consequence to report; market quiet and unchanged.

The steamer *Quebec* will be ready to resume her place on Wednesday.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 29.

Rev. Mr. McIntosh preached last evening in Chalmer's Church before a crowded and attentive congregation.

The French Canadians held a meeting yesterday in the Market Hall for the purpose of collecting funds in aid of the French wounded soldiers' widows and children.

A speech was made by one Duquet, abusive of England, and stigmatizing English journals as having falsified reports to favor Prussia.

The late fires and pressed trade however have not had the effect of increasing surplus cash in hands of people of St. Rochs for any purpose, however praiseworthy.

Point Levis is being infested by a gang of house breakers, who have been lately exercising their calling with impunity.

Closing liquor stores was strictly enforced here yesterday.

Three young men from Montreal, named Patton, Gilmor and Gunbag, were arrested here on Sunday, charged with obtaining money under false pretences. They were arrested in a billiard room.

The Hon. Minister of Marine leaves per steamship *Napoleon III.*, to inspect lighthouses.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE—[illegible] Drummond's Exchange Office 27 Sparks Street.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

PARIS, August 29th.—The *Moniteur* has the following:—As the attacks of McMahon and Bazaine upon the Prussians may be delayed for a day or two, and the road be open to Paris, the arrival here of the Prussians must be calculated upon according to daily marches, about six days will be needed, perhaps scouts will arrive sooner. It would serve no purpose to conceal this; the Ministry did its duty when it warned France that Paris has to wait resolutely, making the most of delay. Above all we must observe order; the authorities are doing all possible to prepare Paris for a siege. We shall be ready. We are confident of the patriotic courage of our citizens and the future of France.

L'Opinione Nationale says Palikao must have the entire authority during the critical moment. He must meet with no interference from the other officials. The authorities must be united. The first cannon shot will cause a cessation of all political differences. This journal again demands the expulsion of all Germans from Paris.

Preparations for defence are still being perfected. All the palaces in France are to be appropriated as hospitals for the reception of the wounded soldiers.

Russia and England are strongly opposed to the dismemberment of France.

Gen. Steinmetz has been removed from his command.

The following is official: The Prussians under the command of the Prince Royal have been seen going towards Suippes. The German forces passing the Department of Aube have abandoned their encampment, and are now marching towards Sammpey. Twenty-five thousand Germans have recently passed Joinville, going in the direction of Wassy and Montendre. Emedy is marching towards Rethel and Vouzries, coming from Montherme. Grandpre and Croix au Bois. A force of 20,000 has passed through Chalons, going towards Epernay and Pfalsburg. Strasburg still holds out.

General Failly has been deprived of his command, because he overlooked and left at Chalons 100 cannons, which would have fallen into the hands of the enemy had not Count Palikao taken precaution to have the camp inspected after its evacuation.

It is supposed here that the Prussians seeing the danger of approaching nearer to Paris while McMahon may defeat their forces around Metz, have altered the direction of their movement, and are now approaching toward Rethal. Much depends upon the battle which may take place in the vicinity at any moment.

LONDON, August 29.—It is rumoured that the French Ambassadors at neutral Courts have asked for the interposition of the Great Powers to guarantee the French dynasty.

A French frigate is cruising in St. George's Channel.

Parisians affect to believe that the approaching Prussians will be caught between two fires and exterminated.

The *Times* questions the tactics of Marshal McMahon in moving to the north east, and thereby leaving open the road to Paris. He might at least threaten descent on the advancing columns of Prussians.

At a meeting of the Paris defence committee yesterday, M. Thiers informed the members that the Prussians would never reach the city without a complete victory over the French army, and even then their stay would be short.

The German towns are filled with French prisoners, who are treated with all kindness.

A large number of Irish field hands suddenly left Lancashire for Ireland at the beginning of the harvest. The circumstances excites fears that mischief is again brewing in Ireland.

Advices from the scene of war report the Emperor's at headquarters at Vouziers.

It is thought the Crown Prince is moving northward, and will encounter McMahon west of Rheims and Epernay.

It is said the French advance repulsed the Prussians at Altigny, a few miles north west of Vouziers.

McMahon is reported to be in Ardennes Forest, and Bazine at Metz, Chaily and Elain.

Later despatches state that General Steinmitz is marching northward from Metz, pursuing McMahon, to prevent him disturbing the Prussian force investing Metz.

A despatch from Paris says that upwards of 100,000 Prussians are between Epernay and Rheims, and that 12,000 occupy the heights near Rheims. Vigorous preparations are being made to defend Paris. Measures to intercept the Prussian advance are being made within a circle of 40 leagues of Paris.

A despatch dated headquarters of the King of Prussia, Sunday evening, says yesterday there was an action between the 3rd regiment of the Saxony horse, supported by a squadron of the 18th Hussars, and six squadrons of French chasseurs, near Seganne. Our troops were victorious. The French commander was wounded and taken prisoner.

A despatch from St. Menehould says 800 of the Garde Mobile, and a quantity of booty, were captured here by the Prussians.

NEW YORK, August 29.—M. Gallardet's despatch from Paris last night says that McMahon's communications with Metz and Bazaine are assured, and confirms the reports of a French victory at Steany, and a Prussian repulse at Veslan. The appearance of a division of the enemy between Rheims and Soissons would seem to indicate that the invading wave will therefore come upon us by the valleys of the Alse and Oise. It matters little by how many routes the enemy marches hither. The entire circumference of our fortifications are in a state of defence. All the roads have been obstructed, save only the railroads and canals, and many gates and posters have been walled up. Yesterday the railroad bridge to Asnieres was blown up, and in short nothing has been left to chance. At the ministry I am informed that there is talk of moving the administration to Tours, or beyond the Seine during the siege of Paris. This will be at once prudent and sensible. It is necessary that the Ministry should have elbow room. I shall desire to have it too, and it is not impossible that I may follow the flag.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Rejoicings in Berlin—Enormous Prussian Force—Eighteen Army Corps of 40,000 Men Each—The Garde Mobile Object to be Incorporated—English Manufacture of Chassepots—McMahon on the Move.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—There are rejoicings here. A public procession, carrying mitrailleurs, 23 cannons, and one eagle, captured from the French, passed through the streets. The Queen came out on the Balcony of the Palace, and received the congratulations of the people.

A special to the *Herald*, dated Berlin, August 28th, says the disposition of the different German armies is as follows: There are 18 corps containing 40,000 men each.

The first army, under General Steinmitz, has the 1st, 7th, and 8th corps at Metz.

The second army, under Prince Frederick Charles, has the 2nd, 3rd, 9th, and 10th corps at Metz.

The 3rd army, under the Crown Prince, has the 5th, 6th, and 11th corps, and two Bavarian corps marching on Paris.

The 4th army, under the Crown Prince of Saxony, has the 4th and 14th corps, and the Saxon and Prussian Guards.

The fifth army, under General Werber, has the Wurtemburg and Baden division, and is engaged in the seige of Strasbourg.

The sixth army under the grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, is on the Rhine, and the seventh army, under Generals Von Castem and Lœwenfeld, is at Berlin.

Three of these armies are in reserve.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The correspondent of the *Tribune* with McMahon's head-quarters, writing from Rethel on Thursday morning, says:—We left Rheims on Wednesday afternoon at five o'clock, and arrived at Rethel at three o'clock on Thursday morning. The troops had preceded us.

The town and surrounding country is one great camp.

McMahon's army here is composed of the first, fifth, seventh and twelfth corps, and the cavalry of Canrobert's sixth corps.

The Emperor and Prince Imperial are here. We move on Friday to Meyiers.

Afternoon.—The troops have already started. By Friday morning the whole army will be gone.

The movement is rapid in the extreme, but the French are fresh and in good spirits.

The *Tribune's* correspondent telegraphs from Paris on Sunday: All correspondents have been ordered to quit the French army.

The same correspondent writes on Saturday evening: Thiers still refuses to act on the defence committee.

The Minister of War and other Ministers are expected to remove to Tours or Bourges.

Gambetta, Laurier, Floquet having obtained leave to defend Fort Bicetre, have raised 10,000 artisan volunteers.

The Garde Mobile have drawn up an address to Gen. Trochu, protesting against their incorporation in the regular army.

Rocheforte has been transferred from Ste. Pelagie prison to that of Vincennes, to prevent his escape.

The *Tribune's* correspondent at Frankfort, on Thursday writes private intelligence confirming the statement in semi-official journals that Bismarck will insist on the restitution by France of all territory forcibly abstracted from Germany, but neither Alsace nor Lorraine will be annexed to Prussia. The larger part will go to Baden and the rest to Bavaria.

Russia is already protesting, and England also.

Palikao's statement that he had bought forty thousand rifles in England is but a small part of the truth. Several hundred thousand Chassepots are manufactured here for the French Government.

There is much anxiety lest Germany should resent this, since the British Government has the power of prohibiting such exportations.

The *Daily News* insists that it shall exercise this power, and denounces men who imperil the country for private greed.

It compares this to the *Alabama* case, and says no one will believe we are doing the utmost to preserve our neutrality if we allow this trade.

There is no known foundation for battles reported in French papers, nor have we anything from McMahon later than Thursday last.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.—The English gunboat *Chanticleer* sailed last night, carrying over one million dollars in treasure, *via* Panama.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A private despatch says the reported French victory at Metz, in a battle in which 50,000 were slain, is false.

French accounts say McMahon is not ready for battle.

It was Bismarck who gave the order that there should be no halt in the march on Paris. The King acquiesced, though his generals favored looking after McMahon first, and taking Paris afterwards.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—It is reported a great battle has taken place betwen McMahon and the Crown Prince in which McMahon was defeated.

The French war steamer anchored here has refused to act on an official notice to leave.

The Emperor is now at Berthenville, about 25 miles north of Chalons.

McMahon is near Stenay.

The Uhlans occupied Montmedy.

It is reported that Steinmetz has been displaced, because of the great losses incurred, and that his force have been incorporated with that of the Crown Prince. It now seems the report was false.

The Prussians appeared at Suippes, 14 miles north of Chalons.

FLORENCE, Aug. 29th.—M. Ollivier and family are here.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The are 10,000 peasants and 15,000 wounded soldiers shut up in Metz, and typhus fever is raging there.

The Prussian Landwehr is investing Thionville.

The Prussian hold all southern Alsace.

A Berlin telegram to the London *Times* says the Prussians are advancing on Paris 220,000 strong. They have cut the railway at Cons La Gravelle.

Bois de Bologne is filled with cattle to use as food in case of siege.

Wills, the Scotch aeronaut, has been summoned to the Prussian head-quarters.

Arulon, Luxemburg, August 28.—There has been fighting all day at the villages of Mun, between Stemay and Verdun. The firing has been steady all day.

NEW YORK, August 29.—A special to the *Evening Telegram*, London, 29th, by a despatch just received from our special correspondent at Montmedy, we have news of a great and bloody battle begun on the evening of the 28th (Sunday), in the immediate neighborhood of Monro. The battle is as yet undecided. Fighting is now going on between Charleville and Ardennes.

Sixty thousand troops have left Paris to join McMahon.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Perth is filled with smoke.

Chatham has had very hot weather.

Sarnia has had an excursion from London.

Stratford boasts of its splendid crop of plums.

Three hundred cheeses were lately shipped from Stratford to Montreal.

Port Hope has adopted the Montreal system of doing away with useless dogs.

Rich cheese of splendid flavor is manufactured in Listowell.

Fires are still burning in New Brunswick.

Molson's Bank is to open an agency in London the little.

Ontario papers say the hay crop will be one-third less than it was last year.

Morrisburg has lost a large hotel and stables by fire.

Pope Hope has now a daily paper.

Belleville papers say harvest work is over in that quarter.

The "suspected murder case" still puzzles Montreal detectives.

H. M. gunboat *Cherub* is at St. John, N. B.

A woman of St. John, N. B., has been arrested for concealing one of the 78th Highlanders in her house.

The Quebec Volunteer Artillery are doing camp duty.

A terrible fight between two men and a bear took place near the Blanche Lake last week.

St. John is agitating for a Saturday half-holiday.

War New by Mail.

La Meuse contains the following proclamation to the army, signed by Napoleon, on the 13th inst.:

SOLDIERS: To morrow will be the 14th August, that anniversary of your triumphant return to Paris after that glorious campaign which decided the destiny of Austrian domination in Italy. On that day, as after your Crimean victories, all France welcomed you with enthusiasm, and Europe dazzled saluted you as worthy sons of the grand armies of the First Empire. To-day, however, Prussia dares to invade the sacred soil of the country. She launches against you a torrent of men, who have surprised your valor, and for the moment triumph over your indomitable courage. Let us march again to encounter them. Soldiers at Jena against these same Prussians so arrogant to-day, your fathers fought as one to three; again at Montmirail, one to six. Is any among you inflamed by that exciting memory, let him set an example to all Frenchmen. The Saxons, the Wurtemburgers, the soldiers of the Rhenish ex-Confederation groan at being compelled to lend their arms to the cause of Prussia. They know what little respect that power has for the rights of peoples. After absorbing millions of Hanovarians, Danes and Germans, she will not hesitate to absorb the remains of Southern Germany. Insensates! a moment of prosperity blinds them. The oppression or humiliation of Frenchmen belongs not to them. May they have entered France only to find their graves. Soldiers, we shall have to deliver fierce and bloody battles; but with energy and patriotism the country's honor will be safe. For every Frenchman with a heart, the moment has arrived to conquer or to die.

NAPOLEON.

THE WILL OF THE EMPEROR.

M. Moreno, a Madrid publisher, has published a document entitled "The First Battle between the French and Prussians and the Will of the Emperor Napoleon." After describing the battle, it gives the supposed will as follows:—

"1, Napoleon III., by the grace of God, &c., about to undertake a struggle on the success of which depends not only the future of France but of Europe, declare my desire to be that the policy of the Empire and that of my successors after me should be as follows:—1, Prussia to be reduced to her former limits, and the German Confederation to be placed under the protectorate of Austria. 2, Hanover and other small States of Germany to be reconstituted as before the Treaty of Prague. 3. France to be indemnified by the Rhine Provinces. 4. The independence of Poland to be negotiated for with Russia and Prussia, and to be ruled by a King of the Bonaparte family. 5. Belgium to be annexed to France, and King Leopold to be made King of Bavaria, who is to be deprived of his kingdom and throne. 6. Russia to be indemnified for the loss of Poland by the Roumanian Provinces, but on the condition that she will respect Turkey. 7. The policy towards Rome to depend on circumstance. 8. Prince Alphonso, if his legitimaticy is not disputed, to be placed on the throne of Spain. France to receive by way of compensation the Balearic Isles as a counterpoise to England, which possesses Malta and Gibraltar in the Mediterranean. 9. Portugal to be ruled by a regency composed of the Empress, two Princes of the blood, two Marshals, two Senators, and two Deputies, till Napoleon IV. has attained his 40th year." This *jeu d'esprit* has had great success in Madrid.

ITEMS.

More than five hundred medical students from Paris are with the French army as assistant surgeons.

The army despatches given the public in Berlin are printed on red paper and stamped with the government seal.

Some of the French medical journals are advocating the plan of burning instead of burying the bodies of those killed in battle to obviate the danger to the public health of interring so many corpses together.

The German plan of the war, as approved by Moltke, is said to be due to the talent of a distinguished young officer, closely related to the venerable Governor of Berlin.

On the first of November, the French journals state, France will have 200,000 Chassepots in store. The production has never slackened for a moment. In July 30,000 per week were manufactured; in August the number will reach 47,000; in September, 52,000; and October, 60,000.

At Peterborough Cathedral the prayers of the Church are asked daily for the sufferers in the war, and Canon Westcott has for the last two Sundays besought the people to show their common brotherhood by prayers alike for French and Germans.

Fusilier Kraus, who killed the first Frenchman, has received thirty thalers—about five pounds—from Berlin. A natural feeling directs the current of patriotic liborality rather towards the capture than the slaughter of the enemy.

The first Frenchman killed during the war was a non-commissioned officer named Pagnion. He fell in a skirmish at Neiderbronn. He served during the Italian and Mexican campaigns, and was decorated with the Legion of Honor and the military medal.

The Chassepot, say the French, carries much further than was thought. Some soldiers at Vincennes were practising at the 2,000 metres range, and when the firing was over, some peasants arrived with a sheep which had been killed at 600 metres to the rear of the target. The patriotic shepherds presented the carcass to the firing party.

Archbishop McCloskey is expected soon to return from the Ecumenical Council.

Dumas, fils, is said to have been trying to find food for a romance in divorce in Chicago.

Miss Helen Taylor, who is impracticably described by a Cincinnati paper as "a daughter-in-law of John Stewart Mill," writes against fox-hunting from a society-for-the-prevention-of-cruelty-to-animals point of view.

Gen. Sir W. Fenwick Williams, Bart, K. C. B. Royal Artillery, who has been appointed to succeed Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Airey, G. C. B., at Gibraltar, will, we understand, leave England next month to assume his duties.

The Turkish Government, through Halil Pasha, Grand Master of Artillery, has made a contract with one of the firm of the Gatling Gun Company, of the United States, under which it will be promptly supplied with 200 cannon (mitrailleuses). The cost of these guns will be much less than other governments have hitherto been charged.

BIRTH.

At Hull, on the th inst, the wife of Mr. Patrick Kelly (of Eddy's Match Factory) of a son.

WANTED

A situation as HOUSEKEEPER in either hotel or private house. The applicant has had many years experience. Apply at
MRS PRODERICK'S,
Sussex street.
Ottawa, August 29, 1870. 1448 2

LOST.

On Sussex Street, Monday afternoon, a SMALL VALISE marked J. R. F. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to the TIMES office.
Ottawa, August 30, 1870. 1448 2

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 21, 1870. 1446 3m

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE
Monday & Tuesday 29th and 30th
IMMENSE SUCCESS—PEOPLE TURNED AWAY.
Engagement for six nights only of the talented young American actor
OLIVER DOWD BYRON,
Who will appear in James McCloskey's ... NEW and Original ... Drama ... acts, and a prologue entitled
ACROSS THE CONTINENT.
Or Life in New York and the Far West.
New Scenery by Mr. ... by B. Stetson, and a powerful cast.
BOX PLAN now open at ... Store.
Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle ...; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; ... Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at ... Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

CAUTION.
CORNWALL BLANKETS.
THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against spurious shoddy imitation of their Blankets, now being imported into this market from England, and got up so as to deceive the public into the belief that they are of our manufacture. The style and appearance of the Cornwall Blanket has been copied, and so have the shape and ... the tickets, except that the words "... Manufacturing Company" ... words "Canadian Manufacture". Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "... Manufacturing Company" are on the ... each pair of Blankets.
Cornwall, 17th August, 1870.
Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.
The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a REGISTRY OFFICE and Walls to enclose the Yard.
The Plans, Specifications and ... contract can be seen, and Forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, ... Cowan, Esq., Nicholas Street, Ottawa, on and after TUESDAY, the 30th day of August.
Sealed Tenders in accordance with ... provided, to be delivered to the County ... before 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, the ... of September next addressed to the ... and endorsed "Tender for Registry ..."
The work may be let either as a whole or divided into two sections.
The signatures of two solvent and ... persons willing to become sureties for the performance of the contract, must be attached to each tender.
The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
IRA MORGAN,
Warden, County of Carleton.
Ottawa, August 26th, 1870.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF IMPORTED STOCK.
CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL ... FOR 1870.
The subscriber has been favored with instructions from the Society and from celebrated importers of stock, in the vicinity of Ottawa and Montreal, to sell on the Society's grounds, THURSDAY, 22nd September, the second day of the show, a large quantity of imported stock. Consisting of Durham Cattle, Short Horn Durhams, Hampshire Downs, Cotswool and Leicester Sheep, Berkshire and Suffolk Pigs, Brahma Pootrah Fowls, &c., &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure imported stock at those ... from the herds of some of the most celebrated importers in the vicinity of Montreal and Central Canada.
Parties having prize stock or imported ... dispose of, can do so by making arrangements with the Auctioneer, up to the evening previous to the sale. This will be a ... portunity both for sellers and purchasers ... the prizes offered are large and ... asked for from the whole Dominion, ... no doubt attract a large attendance.
A. ...
Ottawa, August 26.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, endorsed "Tender for ... Landing," will be received at this Office until ... evening of the 20th of SEPTEMBER ... the construction of a MOORING ... Coteau Landing.
Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, on and after FRIDAY, the ... where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.
The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each Tender.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
(Signed) F. BRAUN,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 29th August 1870.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, WELLINGTON STREET.
MISS A. M. HARMON, Principal.
The EIGHTH SCHOOL YEAR of this Educational Establishment will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, when Miss Harmon ... aided in the English classes by a lady who has received a thorough Normal school training, and who possesses both the gifts of ... rightly developing the character of ...
The French, Drawing, Singing and Instrumental Music Classes will be taught by experienced Professors and Teachers. Application for Boarding and Day Pupils can be made by letter, addressed—Miss Harmon, ... August 26th, when Miss Harmon will ...
Prospectuses containing the course of studies, and the School Fees, can be had at Messrs Durie & Son's and Messrs ... Bookstore, Sparks street.

NOTICE.
The Annual General Meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS of the OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.
Will be held at the office of the Company in the Village of NEW EDINBURGH on TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 6th, 1870,
At the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and other business.
ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.
Office of the O C P R R C.,
New Edinburgh, August 29, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS.

...THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... "WOOD" MEDAL ($1.12) CENTS ...SOR 75CTS, IS AT T. HUNTON ...HBRED & CO.'S. ...terns post free on application.

...—The engineer of Messrs. ...& Johnson's steam mill was severely ...ed on Friday evening.

...A. Sylman Herring preached in St. ...'s Church on Sunday, where he chris... ...d a number of emigrant children.

...Market.—Monday.—There was a ...ll attendance on the market this morn... ...and things were generally selling at a ...advance on the quotation prices.

...That portion of the 60th Regiment of ...H. Bee stationed at Ottawa, did not ...yesterday as was announced. They ...probably leave this morning.

...—The extensive slides at the ...of Messrs. Gilmour & Co., which were ...ly consumed by the fire, are now en... ...ly re-built, and the deal from those ex... ...extensive mills is running as usual.

...Moss Fire.—On Saturday last, a barn, ...the property of a farmer named Jos. David... ...in Templeton, was consumed by fire, ...which came from the adjoining woods. ...The barn was filled with grain.

...—We understand a grand ...will be given shortly under the ...of the four national societies of ...It should certainly be successful.

...Protestant Ladies School.— ...Machin, the Lady Principle, will re... ...the parents of pupils at the school ...Wellington street, on Tuesday and ...day from 2 to 4 p. m. The school ...on Tuesday, September 1st.

...Pumpmen.—If we are rightly in... ...there is a by-law making it punish... ...able for water carriers to use pun... ...of a fixed capacity. We do not ...know what this capacity is, but we are ...told that many watermen are ...supplying the public with water from ...considerably smaller that the ...

...Presentation.—On Saturday evening ...A. Little, bugle major of the 60th ...was presented with a handsome ...by the members of the ...Brigade Garrison Artillery band. ...ceremony took place in the drill shed; ...Wily, Major Ross, and several officers ...brigade being present. The cane ...valued at $8.

...would recommend our readers not ...the sale of furniture held to-day, ...Bermingham, at the residence of ...Rossister, Maria street. The furni... ...is nearly new, and great bargains may ...be expected, as there is no reserve.

...Picnic.—A pic-nic is to be ...given by the good people of Hull in the ...grove on Thursday next for the ...benefit of the sufferers by the late fires. ...Considering the charming people of Hull are noted for ...the manner in which they get up ...and this being in so charita... ...cause we have no doubt the gardens ...will be crowded. Sutherland's band will ...be in attendance, and all the usual amuse... ...ments will be afforded.

...Narrow Escape from Drowning.—Yes... ...evening as two children, son and ...daughter of Mr. James Starrs, Bolton street, ...were playing about the Queen's wharf, ...the boy ventured out on a boom ...of some saw-logs, lost his equil... ...and fell into the river. The little ...girl bravely went to his rescue; ...but her efforts to reach him, shared ...the same fate, and both were in immi... ...nent danger of being drowned. A young ...lad, however, whose name we ...did not learn, with praiseworthy courage ...jumped into the river; and, with the ...assistance of a ferryman, who hastened to ...help him, succeeded in getting them ...ashore. Parents should be very ...careful in allowing their children to ...play in such a dangerous place as ...the bank.

...Arrivals at the Russell House, Yes... ...—Mr. J. A. Perkins, Graphic City; ...Edwards, Rockland; Cornelius Daly, ...; —Luvernay, Montreal; ...Burnes, do; G. Burnes, jr, do; E. ...England; Fred. Cote, Mon... ...Stanton, Ogdensburg; Dr. ...Tupper, Halifax; Master C. and ...Tupper, servant and child, do; Cap... ...and Mrs. Cameron and servant, do; ...Clark, Ogdensburg; Miss Clark, do.; ...Connecticut; H. Abbott, ...T. Whitehead, Montreal ...W. Prevost, St Scholest, ...Parker, New York; John Butter... ...Dominal; B W. Arnold and wife, Al... ...John Moody, Terrebone; William ...Quebec; Captain T. B. Aryer, ...Wining & Keith, New York; A. ...Toronto; Chas. Marshal Bayner, ...

...Police Court—Monday.—There was but ...one for drunkenness this morning, ...Joseph Leclur, who was drunk in ...on Saturday night. The pris... ...being an old offender, His Worship ...fined $2, with the usual alternative if ...going to gaol for one week.

...Mary Jane Tuffill was summoned ...for placing a dead pig on the door of Mr. ...'s house on Thursday night last. ...some cross swearing in the ...by the witnesses. His Worship, ...every opportunity to defendant ...herself, adjourned the case till ...but remarked that should the ...be proved, it deserved severe pun... ...

...for furious driving was fined ...

...White, blacksmith, living on ...street, for obstructing the streets ...wagons and other vehicles, was fined ...

...for leaving the employ of Mr. ...This case was brought up on last ...when His Worship adjourned ...this morning. The prosecutor not ...the matter was dismissed.

...Theatre.—The perfor... ...at the Theatre last evening was an ...success in every sense of the ...and those who witnessed it will sup... ...in this assertion. "Across the ...a new sensational and thrilling drama was the play on the boards; it was prepared for the stage under the directions of the young and talented actor, Mr. Oliver Doud Byron, and the different parts were so admirably performed as to throw great credit upon him in particulars, and upon the whole company in general. We have before said that the Theatre would resucitate and re-establish its reputation and last night it certainly made a long stride in that direction; the play and playing being as we have already stated and the audience composed of our most respectable citizens and so numerous as to enable us to say there was a "crowded house." We shall not go into any particularizing, nor give any description of the play itself, for we are persuaded that many ladies and gentlemen who were prevented seeing it last evening on account of the unfavorable state of the weather, will avail themselves of the opportunity offered to night by the repetition, and consequently even a concise description would be the cause of lessening the interest it affords on the stage. However, we may state that Mr. Byron is deserving of the most flattering notices given him by American and Canadian newspapers, and surpassed our most sanguine conceptions of his ability. The stage with the criticising audience is to him as the home hearth with family circles to any one of us. In his position he is wonderfully easy and always natural as reality. On his first appearance he rivets the attention of the audience, and from the rising to the final dropping of the curtain his career is watched with breathless interest. He enters throughout into the spirit of the character he assumes, loses all sense of his own individuality, and yet withall is cautious and truthful. Mr. Little's abilities need no mention; they have been indelibly impressed on the minds of all who have had the fortune to witness his performing. Johnnie Ward, Miss Nelson, Miss Campbell, and the other members of the company played their respective parts admirably. "Across the Continent," as it was played last and will be played this evening, is a rare treat to see. We candidly advise all to go and see it performed.

Congregation de Notre Dame.

Translated from the Ottawa Courrier.

Our readers have been already informed that next Thursday, 1st September, has been fixed on, by the Lady Superior, for the reopening of the educational establishment of the "Congregation de Notre Dame."

No eulogiums are requisite to recommend this time honored institution to the public. The closing ceremony of this last scholastic year, so kindly and worthily presided by the Hon. Sir G. E. Cartier, gave abundant proof of the solid and refined education bestowed by these ladies on the pupils confided to their care. The modest and lady-like deportment of the young pupils, the unpretending grace with which they performed the several parts assigned to them, whether in the musical or literary department, the laurels so ably won, and so liberally bestowed, all spoke far more eloquently than it is possible for us to do, of the value of this noble institution, and the honor it does our city. We sincerely hope that it may meet with the encouragement which is its due, and that the number of its pupils may daily increase. The young ladies attending this establishment are particularly invited to enter on the day appointed, 1st September; many inconveniences will be thus avoided, and facilities offered to the ladies for the immediate organization of their classes.

It is generally expected that Lieutenant General the Hon. James Lindsay will return home from Canada and resume his duties at the War Office at the close of the year.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
Patterns post free on application.

By James Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber is instructed by MRS. ROSSISTER to sell at her residence, Maria Street, between O'Connor and Bank Streets, on TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all her Household effects, consisting of very neat parlor furniture, handsome Carpets, large and beautiful Engravings, excellently framed, French Lithographs, several volumes of Sir W. Scott, Shakespeare, Byron, Burns, Mrs. Hemans, all beautifully bound, as well as various volumes of Engineer and Machinist's Assistant, illustrated by engravings and wood cuts. An Extension Dining Table B. W. Sideboard, Dinner and Breakfast Service, in white and gold, Cutlery, Plated Ware, China, Glass and Crockery, Hall and Stair Carpeting Bedroom Carpets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Dressing Glasses and Three Feather Beds (geese feathers) Parlor, Kitchen and Hall Stoves, well as all the necessary kitchen and Hall as well as all the necessary kitchen furniture.

Sale unreserved and at 11 o'clock sharp.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1446 3

FARM FOR SALE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 0 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1431 3td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, (to be endorsed, "Tender for work on the Cornwall Canal") will be received at this office until the evening of FRIDAY, the 9th of September next, for Repairs to the Wharves at the Upper and Lower entrance of the Cornwall Canal, and at the Town of Cornwall.

Specifications can be seen at this office, or at the office of the Canal Superintendent, Cornwall, on and after Tuesday, the 3rd instant, where printed forms of tender, and other information, can also be obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 25th August, 1870. 1446 4

DENTISTRY.

DR. C. A. MONDELET having dissolved partnership with Dr. Leggo, takes pleasure in informing his patients and friends that he has removed his Dentist Rooms to 26 Rideau Street, over Mr. Patterson's Grocery Store, and opposite the "Citizen Office," where he will be pleased to see all who wish his professional services.
Ottawa, August 26, 1870 1447 2

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

1870. 1870.

WHOLESALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

No. 20, Sparks street,

Are making arrangements to increase their large

WHOLESALE TRADE,

BY OFFERING

A MUCH LARGER STOCK THAN HERETOFORE PURCHASED

under every advantage.

Cotton Goods bought late, and fully ten per cent cheaper than those opened up now.

CANADIAN GOODS

Sold at manufacturers prices.
Wholesale entrance between the Post Office and Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's, Elgin street.

We have received ex S. S. "St. Patrick," and other shipments, the following, which we are determined to sell at war prices:

Black Lustres,
Black and Coloured Cobourgs,
Marl Dress Goods,
Serges,
Figured Repps
Dress Tweeds and Clan Tartans,
Rough Brown Hollands,
Loom Huck Towels,
Prints, Regatta Shirtings,
Black Glace and Gros Grain Silks,
Italian Cloths,
Drab and Brown Wincies.

Hemmed Lawn Handkerchiefs only 2½d each.

Inspection invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1640, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 22½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS OF THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. CLELA,
Commissioner

Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 15th August, 1870. 1437 6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this Office until the evening of Wednesday, the 31st August, instant, for the ...ment of about FIVE MILES of the GRENVILLE CANAL and the construction of THREE LOCKS.

The work may be let either as a whole, or divided into THREE different sections, each embracing one lock.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Lachine Canal Office, and at Grenville, on and after Thursday, the 19th inst. where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order
F. BRAUN Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 10, 1870. 1433

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

THE 31st ANNUAL MEETING

Of the ASSOCIATION was held within the Head Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY 29th JULY, 1870, Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Baronet in the Chair.

The NEW ASSURANCES transacted by the Association during the last year, ending 5th April, have been more numerous, as well as larger than usual, while, at the same time, the Assurances cancelled by deaths and surrenders, &c., have not been excessive. Considerable and proportionate additions have beed made to the Funds and the Annual Income. The Investments have been chosen, as formerly, only from the best class of securities, and the whole are in a thoroughly sound and satisfactory condition.

FULL and DETAILED STATEMENTS of the transactions and position of the Institution were submitted, together with the AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The following are Extracts:

NEW TRANSACTIONS AND MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR.

The NEW LIFE ASSURANCES proposed were..........1784 for	£882,071	0	0	Stg.
Those declined or not proceeded with were..........347 "	180,874	0	0	
And those transacted were..........1437 "	701,197	0	0	
The ANNUAL PREMIUMS on these NEW ASSURANCES are.	21,391	12	6	
New LIFE ANNUITIES were purchased to the amount of per annum	1,395	12	4	
The MORTALITY amongst the Assured Lives during the year was 252, assured for..........	123,650	11	8	
There were 24 DEATHS amongst the Annuities, cancelling Life Annuities for..........per annum	1,346	1	2	

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The LIFE ASSURANCES in force were..........	£7,425,181	14	2
PREMIUMS payable for these ASSURANCES..........	237,386	17	5
REVENUE from PREMIUMS and INTEREST, after deduction of the Abatement (Cash Bonuses) allocated in Class A. for this year	257,683	13	7
TOTAL AMOUNT of CLAIMS on DECEASED LIVES since the commencement..........	1,231,419	16	11
TOTAL CASH BONUSES allocated to Policy-holders..........	445,096	8	
FUNDS remaining on hand..........	1,357,386	15	0

THE FUNDS ON HAND CONSIST OF

REAL SECURITIES and ESTATE..........£	562,206	9	9
RAILWAY DEBENTURES, DEBENTURE STOCK, &c..........	296,365	6	0
BRITISH COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BONDS..........	48,947	19	9
LOANS on the ASSOCIATION'S POLICIES, being under their value and Policies with other Offices..........	237,194	17	9
LOANS on SECURITY of CONSOLS, PUBLIC RATES under Acts of Parliament, Government Annuities, and a Small Amount on Personal Security..........	11,557	11	6
OFFICES at Edinburgh, London, and other Branches..........	54,785	11	1
STAMPS..........	356	10	1
In BANKS, in DEPOSIT and CURRENT ACCOUNTS..........	53,822	12	0
In Hands of AGENTS, being principally PREMIUMS RECEIPTS, &c., due in Agencies, the Days of Grace being current..........	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current..........	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current..........	30,907	10	10
(These last two sums have, with few exceptions been all paid.)			
CURRENT INTEREST, &c., up to the date of Balance..........	13,073	14	11
	£1,357,386	15	0

Note—The ... the Association at the date of Balance, but, not applied for were £7,460 12 11

At this balance CASH BONUSES have been allocated to the participating Policy-holders in Class A. to be applied as usual in abatement of the premiums payable during the year ending 5th April, 187e. These abatements are at the same rates as formerly for Policies that have previously participated, and amount to 25 per cent. of the Life premiums for Policies which now participate for the first time. It is matter of satisfaction to the Directors that they are able thus to continue to declare the same large Bonus to the A Policy-holders as they have done for many years past. An allocation of Bonus to the B. Policy-holders will be made after the next balance.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

MONTREAL, 99 ST. JAMES STREET.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Hon. Alex. Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue
Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (John Redpath & Son)
J. H. R. Molson, Esq., (J. H. R. Molson & Bros.)
Solicitors—Messrs. Ritchie, Morris and Rose,
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M. D.
Secretary—P. Wordlaw.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M. D.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E.
Medical Officer—W. J. Henry, Esq., M. D.

AGENTS—MESSRS. J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

HAY PRESS FOR SALE.

AN INGERSALL

HAND POWER HAY PRESS,

IN USE ONE SEASON.

—ALSO—

1,000 BAGS,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Have been used once.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

WANTED,

Two boys to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office

YOUNG LADIES' LITERARY INSTITUTE

—OF—

Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and urther information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or
REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL—SESSION 1780-'41.
FACULTY OF ARTS The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.
FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.
The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES, B. A.,
Secretary McGill College

Auction Sales.

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT—

"THE UNION HOUSE," OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next

At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petewawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95, of 1869-70—Indian River.
" " 96, " Petewawa
" " 97, " "
" " 100, " "

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H. McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one Block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles.

A & P WHITE.
Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetry, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface.

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber Trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, Factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent.

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p. m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S. Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privilege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.
1436td D. & M.

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

THE VALUABLE NEW TIMBER LIMIT, Berth No 9, 44 square miles, adjoining the limits of R. H. WILSON, Esq., on the Keepawa, will be offered for sale at the UNION HOTEL on the 15th SEPTEMBER next, at 12 noon. Plan of limit and copy of lease can be seen at the office of H. McLEAN, Auctioneer. Terms half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments at 7 per cent interest.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1m

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS FOR SALE.

I will offer for sale at the UNION HOTEL, Ottawa, on the 15th of September next, the following valuable timber limits, on the Kippawa.

Berths, Nos. 10, 12, 13 and 14, in all 160 square miles. Those limits were never occupied. My only reason for offering them for sale is constant ill-health.

Plans of these limits, with copy of lease can be seen at Graham's, City Hotel, Ottawa

Terms—Half cash, balance in two equal annual instalments, at 7 per cent interest.

R. H. WILSON.
Ottawa, July 21st, 1870 1415-2m

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Second Annual

EXHIBITION,

OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 21st, 22nd, and 23rd,

On the Society's Grounds, adjoining the city, when will be offered

$2,500 IN PRIZES,

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

Officers of the Society—J. B. Lewis, President; John Ashworth, 1st Vice President; John Rochester, junr., 2nd Vice President; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer. Directors—Hon James Skead, Alonzo Wright, M. P., J. M. Currier, M. P., George W. Eaton, A. McKellar, Thos. Graham, W. F. Powell, R. Kenny and Ira Morgan.

Entries must be made before the 10th September. All parties are entitled to compete on payment of $2.00.

The Building and Grounds will be open from MONDAY morning, the 19th instant, for reception of articles intended for the Exhibition.

For Prize Lists and Entry Forms apply to the Secretary at Ottawa, or the different Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies throughout the Ottawa country.

Forage and Provender, at reasonable prices, will be found on the Grounds.

The different Railway and Steamboat Companies will carry Passengers and Freight to and from the Fair at reduced rates. Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the Free Entry of Articles from the United States for competition.

AN AUCTION SALE of Thoroughbred Ayrshire, Durham and other Cattle; Suffolk and Berkshire Pigs; Cotswold, Leicester and Hampshire Down Sheep, and Fancy Fowl, &c., will take place on Thursday, the second day of the Exhibition, at 2 p. m. on the grounds.

A Brass Band will be in attendance during the Fair.

A S WOODBURN, Secretary. J B LEWIS, President.
Ottawa, August 24, 1870. 1445td

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL

AND

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,

OPEN TO THE WORLD,

Will be held in the

CITY OF MONTREAL,

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY.

THE

13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September

Next on the

Grounds of the Council of Agriculture,

NEAR MILE END

Prizes Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE, Secretary C. A. P. Q.
Montreal, July 8, 1870. 1457td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN. Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at ESMONDE BROS.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

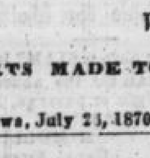
OF

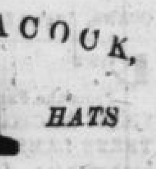
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 21, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS!  HATS

HATS! 

33 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

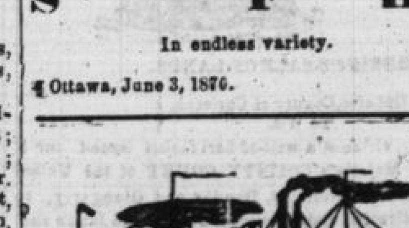
Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1442tf

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Beg to inform the trade of the Ottawa District that they have opened a

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

WAREHOUSE

IN

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE

RUSSELL HOUSE.

And are now receiving and opening large shipments by sailing vessels, "Lake Erie," "Lake Superior," "Cherokee," "Medora," and steamers "Austrian," "St. Patrick," "Peruvian," and others.

Their Stock will be complete in a few days.

Special attention given to Canadian manufacturers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY

MANTLES

LACE SHAWLES

WHITE BRILLIANTS

JAPANESE SILKS

(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)

GROS DE SUEZ

(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)

Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R L JAMES & Co.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES }
Times Office, Ottawa, August 30, 1870. {

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 50	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring "	1 10	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
(fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
	0 15	@	0 16
per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 50
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 30	@	0 50
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	20	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 23	@	0 25
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	0 0	@	0 65
HAY—Per ton	21 00	@	22 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA..............$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £113: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

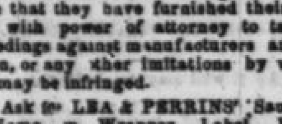
LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,
JOS. CAUCHON,
President of the Board of Directors.
August 3, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and had not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK
ESTABLISHED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS
FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

☞ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawk6m

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to
M MULLIN, & CO.,
Canal Street, Montreal.
Ottawa, August 26, 1870. 1416

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1443tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, } To Wit.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, (whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the 5th concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid.
W F POWELL,
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w34d

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 310tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

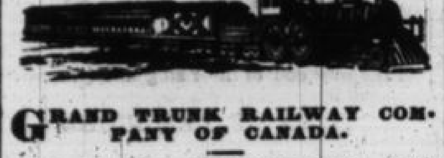
Stopping only at the most important Stations,

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director
June 3, 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1426tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES,
WITH DWELLINGS
THE BEST STAND
ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to
JAMES WARNOCK,
On Premises.
Ottawa, 5th August, 1426-1po

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer o this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, it preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1416 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand, Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.
W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff, County of Carleton,
City of Ottawa,
Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS Ottawa.
TRADE-MARK
VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

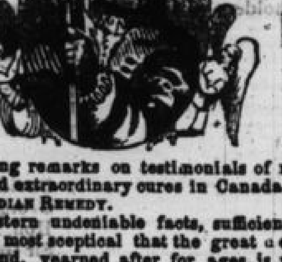
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W H Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

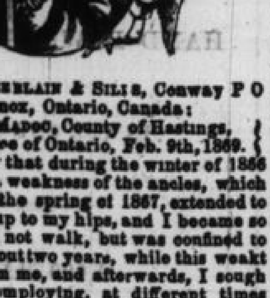
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

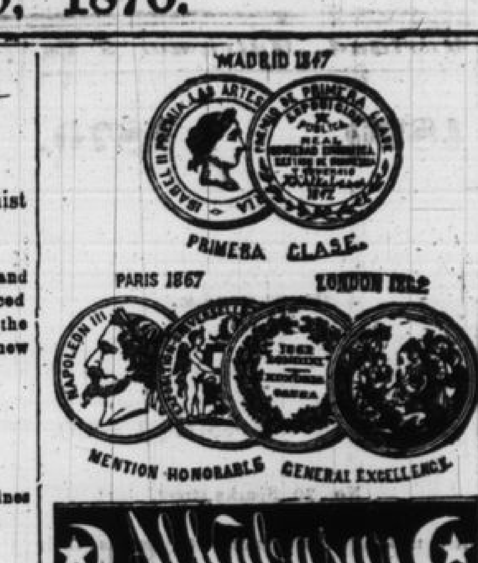


To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.
A F WOOD, J. P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion it taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U. LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 164.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Frasers's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddeness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.
W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
1364 Mosgrove street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.
SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street
D. D. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CARRATRACA WATER
FROM
PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather. A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington
Ottawa, June 15 1384

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at
JOHN ROBERTSON'S,
Bell's Corners.
Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1446 4

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to
MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1433tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	
Ottawa	7 00	12 15	
Gloucester	7 25	12 55	
Rossiters	7 40	1 15	
Osgoode	7 55	1 35	
Kemptville	8 15	2 05	
Oxford	8 30	2 20	
Spencerville	8 50	2 45	
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15	
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30	

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 30
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

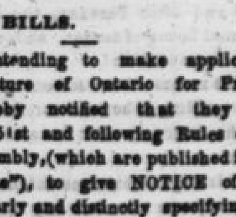
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
☞ FEET WARE ☜
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.
GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

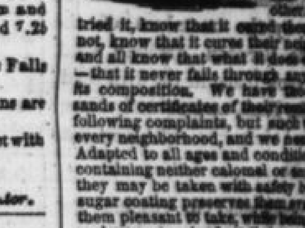
Sarsaparilla,
FYING THE BLOOD.

they were painfully afflicted, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ... *Syphilis* or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. ... and relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. ... *Pills* rapidly cure:— For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion*, *Listlessness*, *Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, ... For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache*, *Sick Headache*, *Jaundice* or *Green Sickness*, *Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, ... For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, ... For *Rheumatism*, *Gout*, *Gravel*, *Palpitation of the Heart*, *Pain in the Side*, *Back* and *Loins*, ... For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* ... For *Suppression* ... As a *Dinner Pill*, ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists,*
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon M Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo. Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

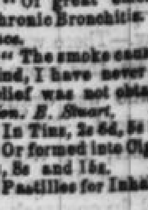
The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its engagements shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjustment losses deemed ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of Ottawa.
ARTHUR ...
1298tf



FOR ASTHMA.
and Chronic Bronchitis.
DATURA TATULA
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance ... relief was not obtained."—*General ... Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, ... 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, ...
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 5s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, ... six rooms and kitchen, ... burnham Hill. There is a ... vegetable garden; good ... tached. Apply to W. H. BULLER, ...
Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly ... No. 27, in First Concession, ... pean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, ... cession, at present in the occupation of ... Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to ... JOHN and WM. THOMAS, ... PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, JAMES COTTON, *Managing Director.*

TIGHT BINDING

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1449. OTTAWA. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

... & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. ... Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa. 42w F C CLEMOW.

... WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Ward, has removed his Chancery ... Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...

... LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... 368y

... Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-... Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

... HANCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ... Patent Right Solicitor. Office—In ... Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

... GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ... Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... Ottawa. ... JOHN J. GEMMILL.

... T. DARTNELL, Barrister ... Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ... and County Attorney, for the United ... Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ... L'Orignal. 36-6m

... & KIMBER, Barristers and ... at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ... &c., for the Provinces of Ontario ... Buildings, Elgin street, ... RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

... SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ... Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

... Architect. Office—Aumond's ... Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

... & TAILLON, Barristers, ... Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

... Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 190tf

Medical.

... HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... occupied by Dr. Mal... Chaudière, Ottawa. 1388y

... Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... Sapper's Bridge. Office ... special attention given to the treatment of ... Eye and Ear. At night can ... residence, Murray street.

... LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and ... Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

... Dentist. Office ... Centre of Ottawa. 34tf

... GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist, ... Sparks-street opposite Magee & ... 578y

Hotels and Saloons.

... HOUSE, ... STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851. ... and transient boarders accommodated ... attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

... HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ... House and Public Offices, ST. ... BOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.) ... sample-room for commercial ... 859y

"QUEEN'S" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, ... Rideau and Wellington-streets, opposite ... entrance to the Government Buildings. ... comprises all the requisites for a ... The House has been refitted ... throughout. The BAR contains ... Wines and Liquors, and every ... will be found on the table. The ... will be directed to be com... ... daily

METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

... HOUSE, ... ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, ... OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA. ... CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. ... Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, ... the table spread with ... DELICACY OF THE SEASON ... and an Attentive Hostler.

Miscellaneous.

... & Co., Land Surveyors, Land ... Engineers, &c. Office, opposite ... Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators ... R. LANG.

... Jr., Architect. Office—... Sappers' Bridge. ... H Aims, Esq, Architect, Phila... Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; ... Thos Reynolds, Esq ... Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

... CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's ... and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lager ... and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. ... Sparks Street, near the Russell ... City, C. W.

... SPECIFICATIONS, &c., ... for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

Educational.

... AND DEPORTMENT. ... Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant ... particulars may be obtained on application ... Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ... September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

... TUNING.—The subscriber having ... to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... and others, that he hopes, in future, ... orders for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miller's Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

... MUSICAL ACADEMY. ... GUSTAVESMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-... corner of King-street ... June 22, 1868. 775y

... EDUCATION. HELLMUTH COLLEGE. Board and Tuition per annum, $226. HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE ... by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. ... Tuition $236 per annum. ... The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., ... For Particulars apply to Major Evans, ... Canada West. ...

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Henault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale at reduced prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.30			11.00	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30			11.00	4.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00	11.30				
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		5.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11.00	4.30	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00	11.30			11.00	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Barritt's Rapids	7.30					
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.00	4.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00				11.00	
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	5.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 10.45 A.M.

Per direct Packet via New York, every Tuesday at 5.40 a.m.

NOTE.—A Supplementary Mail Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed every Friday at 11.45 a.m. All letters must be fully prepaid by Stamps. No Registered Letters can be sent in this bag.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 13th June, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.............. 8.10 a m, 1.09 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive.............. 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY. [The Model Road of Canada.] To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago........ 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit........ 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........ 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........ 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to J. P. CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Coupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1334t.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., Will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON Wednesday, the 14th day of September Next, AT SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M.,

To pass BY-LAWS, and consider the DEED OF AMALGAMATION with the NORTHERN COLONIZATION RAILWAY COMPANY.

W R WORSLEY, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, August 12 1870 1437td14

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS AT THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT, No. 14, Sparks street, Opposite the Russell House.

SEE SOME OF THE PRICES:

FANCY Dress Materials, 7½ cents.
NEW Mohair Stripes, 12½ cent
LIGHT Prints, fast colors, 9 cents
WHITE Brilliants, 14 cent
FRENCH Chambray, 11 cents.
LADIES' White Cotton Hose, 10 cents.
SILK Jackets, $3.00

The following list of goods will be sold at such prices as will clear out the greater portion of them in a very short time, viz:

500 PARASOLS, assorted.
30 DOZ. Paly Kid Gloves, Best makers.
LADIES' and Children's Hats,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
CORSETS, French Wove, White and Grey
COLLARS and Cuffs,
BLACK Lace Shawls,
SHAWLS—Black Grenadine
JAPANESE SIKS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
BRILLIANTS,
MUSLINS—Printed.
LACE FICHUES,
ROMAN and Egyptian Scarfs and Bows,
WHITE and Self-Colored Lustres,
GROS DE VIE—Black and Grey Ground.
BARAGES—Black and Colored
FRINGES,
SATIN FOLDS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BUTTONS,

It will be remembered the above are all this Seasons Importations and quite new.

Also, extra good value in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER-CLOTHING.

WHITE MUSLINS (Hair Cord, Checked, Spotted, Plain Jaconet, Nainsooke, Book, &c.) LACES, Black and White Blond, HONITON and MALTESE LACES FIGURED NETS, LACE CURTAINS, LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE-COVERS, WHITE and GREY COTTONS, BLACK LUSTRES, &c., &c

R L JAMES & CO., 14, Sparks Street, 14, Opposite the Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS, NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW BRILLIANTS, NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY, NEW KID GLOVES, NEW LISLE GLOVES, NEW SILK GLOVES

Rideau street.

LINDSAY CUNNINGHAM CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

GREAT CLEARING SALE. SELLING AT COST-PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. RAJOTTE.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1308y

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. ...

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 R W SHEPHERD. 1341tf

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY AND ST. MAURICE NAVIGATION AND LAND COMPANY.

Notice is given that the period for the reception of Tenders for the construction of the Railway limited by the advertisement of this Company of date the FIFTH DAY of AUGUST, instant, is hereby extended to the TWELFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER next inclusive.

By order of the Board, JOSEPH CAUCHON, President

Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 1443t12s

MONEY TO LEND on Real Estate. Apply to H P HILL, Solicitor, &c., 1441 1m Post Office Block

Hardware.

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

And every other kind of STOVES, including best patterns of DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES, DOUBLE STOVES.

—ALSO— Every description of KITCHEN UTENSILS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, In Great Variety, Very Cheap, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex Street. H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, August 22nd, 1870.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!! AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of; Grass and other Scythes. Blood Silver Steel, all lengths. Blood Cast Steel, Blood German Steel, Pride of the Field silver Steel. Bonnie Blue Bell, Red Rover or Champion, Flint's Celebrated Scyth, Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use. Hay Rakes, straight and bent. Hay Forks, two and three prongs. Straw Forks, three prongs. Scythes Snathes. Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine. Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO— A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Doll Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO— FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand. Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY. The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS. Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

KEKSOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 25, Rideau Street.

... 1870.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE STEAM SAW MILL. Capable of cutting 40 000 feet of boards in 12 hours, containing 1 Circular, 1 Stewart's Oscellating Mulay, 1 Self-acting Double Edger, with Butting Saws, and 1 Sett Gang Saws.

Engine 75 horse power with ample boiler space, a large portion of machinery new.

The Mill is well situated for cutting fill stuff, but could easily be moved as it is situated on the navigable waters of Long Point Bay.

For further particulars enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870 1233 1m

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, A Branch of the Monklands Villa, MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR. Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets. Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

CENTRAL TOWN LIVERY STABLES.

W. CHAMPNESS, BRITISH LION HOTEL, SPARKS STREET.

MR. CHAMPNESS has always on hand the best selection of horses and carriages to be found in the City, and to be let at reasonable rates. Efficient grooms always on hand for customers.

Ottawa, 12th July, 1870. 1407tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. Apply at MRS ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town. ... July 5, 1870. 1409 tf

WANTED By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE. August 1st, 1870. 1424-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

I, B. TACKABERRY, having received instructions from ISAIAH JOHNSTON to sell the South East part of Lot No. 27, in the third concession, Rideau Front, Gloucester, containing 140 acres more or less, (said lot is well timbered and watered) with 16 acres of clearance. It is situated within 10 miles of the city, and one mile from Gloucester Station, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

Said lot will be sold by public auction at the UNION HOUSE Ottawa, at 11 o'clock a. m., on FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1870, if not sold by private sale before that day.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. For particulars apply to I. B. TACKABERRY, Ottawa, Auctioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent. 1432 ...

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

INTERVIEWING THE CROWN PRINCE.

Among the French who fell into the hands of the Prussians, after the battle of Worth, were two correspondents of the Paris press, M. Henri Chabrillart, of the *Figaro*, and M. Cardon, of the *Gaulois*. Each of these gentlemen has published an account of his adventures. At Soulz they were brought into the presence of the Crown Prince, and the interview is thus described by M. Chabrillart:

I confess I am very much embarrassed. If I draw a flattering portrait of the Prince, it will be said that I am sold to the Prussians; if I draw an unfavorable picture of him, to gratify any malevolent passion, I shall be guilty of injustice and falsehood. I am a reporter, which means a kind of photographer. I shall therefore simply and truly state what I saw, and what was said. Those who may be dissatisfied with my account, must deal with the Prince themselves. It is not my fault that he is human. Would to Heaven that all Germans were like him; but, unfortunately, it is not so. Prince Frederick William, heir to the Crown of Prussia, is a man of tall stature, thin, with a calm and placid countenance; but in the curve of his aqueline nose and dilating nostrils there are evidences of energy, while the rapidity of his glance convinces you of his decision. A full, fair beard, soften the somewhat stern expression of his features. He has great simplicity of manner, and affects rather a kind of *bourgeois* style of speaking, thinking, and general behaviour. He was dressed in a black tunic with red collar and facings, without any embroidery or gold braid, upon the shoulder a small epaulet to indicate his rank, but no other distinguishing ornament. He wore a small black cap bordered with red, and the whole uniform was severely simple. He speaks French with great purity, without foreign accent, beyond a slight German intonation and occasional hesitation at certain words. "Do you speak German, sir?" said he to me.

"No, Prince, not sufficiently."

"I am sorry for it, as otherwise you would have heard in what manner our troops speak of yours, and in what esteem they hold them."

"I thank you very much for that opinion."

"Oh, it is quite deserved. We have all admired the tenacity and the courage which have been evinced by even the humblest of your soldiers."

Then, with much delicate consideration, and almost making excuses for mentioning the facts to us, he told us that they had taken between 3,000 and 4,000 prisoners, thirty guns, six mitrailleuses, and two eagles.

"Among the prisoners," said he, "is General Raoult. I went this morning to see him at Reichshofen, where he lies wounded, his hip and thigh being broken; I fear that he is now dying. He is a brave officer, and he has given me some addresses in Paris to which he wishes letters to be sent."

"But, Prince," I observed, "the other prisoners also have families."

"I have thought of that. I have had them supplied with writing materials; the letters will be sent unsealed to our consul at Geneva, who will forward them to France."

"Prince, we thank you on behalf of the mothers whose grief you are about to assuage."

"I do not like war, gentlemen. If I should reign I would never make it. Now, despite my love of peace, this is the third campaign that I have been compelled to make. I went over the battle-field yesterday. It was frightful. If it only depended upon myself this war would end here. It is your Ministers and the Emperor who would have it, it was not we who wanted it. And yet the Emperor has been very good to me and very kind to my wife. The last time that I saw him was at the Tuileries on the 12th of January, when he said to me. 'You know that I have found a new Minister.' That was this M. Ollivier, who now makes this war against us."

"It is terrible, indeed; and I think your artillery is very formidable."

"No, sir, it is not superior to yours, but we make different use of it from what you do, placing it more freely with the advanced posts. Your aim is very good—too good, indeed, for we have lost, I think, more men than you have. I have regiments which have lost twenty-nine or thirty officers. But we have taken prisoners, and that restores our advantage."

"An enormous advantage, for you know well what you had before you yesterday."

"Nearly forty thousand men, the corps of Marshal McMahon and a division of the Seventh Corps. I did not intend to attack, wishing only to make a reconnoissance in force, but one is not able to put an end to a fight when once it has begun. It was fortunate for us on the whole as he would doubtless have received reinforcements, and we should have had still harder work next day."

"Prince, it seems to me that you are very well informed concerning our army."

"One must be so," said he, smiling.

"But," said I, wilfully committing an error, "it was your entire army which was engaged, 250,000 men at least."

"Not so many—180,000 men. They all fought well; but if the Bavarians had marched as well as our men, we should have had it all over by noon instead of fighting until after 6 o'clock. I should not give battle to your army unless I was superior in number—otherwise I would prefer to retire."

"You have one great advantage, Prince, in the precision of the movement of your troops. From the tower of Worth we admired, though with the grief caused by witnessing your success, the two flanking movements which you effected upon our position."

"The hills of Freischweiler are real fortifications, and I did not care to attack them directly. By turning them I lost fewer men."

"We are very much obliged, Prince, for the few minutes you have been pleased to devote to us, but we do not see with you the Duke of Cobourg, whom we desire to thank, for it was he who saved us yesterday, and, notwithstanding his many anxieties, he has not forgotten the promise which he made to speak to you about us."

"I will perform your commission."

"We now ask that we may be taken back to the advanced posts."

"I see no objection;" and then, having courteously saluted us, he withdrew.

The greatest efforts made by the police were of no avail; only the persuasive powers of the "secular" ladies who presided here made the crowd yield. The prisoners got each a large basin of *bouillon au riz*, more than a quarter of a pound of boiled beef, bread and cheese, a pint of beer, and a cigar, everything—I tasted them myself—of the very best quality. As eight hundred had been expected instead of five hundred, the strongest appetite could be satisfied. Supper finished the ladies presented correspondence cards to the prisoners to write to their friends, with a promise that they should be safely forwarded either to the French headquarters or directly from Brussells. A greater number of the French than was expected could write; for those that could not the others acted. It rendered the French extremely at their ease to be waited upon by so many pretty and elegant girls, who all fluently spoke French. When the ladies came to a Turco, they saluted him partly with "*Salem Aleikum*:" and the astonished reply, "*Aleikum salem*" was given with the hand on the heart.

The German soldiers who accompanied the prisoners were enthusiastic with regard to the bravery with which the French had fought, after the Geissberg had been stormed. They pointed out fourteen men, belonging to the seventy-fourth Regiment of the Line, who were the whole remainder of the regiment left standing on the battle field, but who refused, and who, deprived of ammunition, kept on fighting at the point of the bayonet. As the Prussians did not like to kill them, they rushed at last in a body upon them, and drew them down wrestling. "*Nous avons cherche la mort*," said one of them to me, "*comme notre colonel, comme notre general, dont voila le cheval*." The train had brought the horse of Gen. Douay.

"Ask him," said a Prussian private, "why he thinks they were overpowered."

That was a sagacious question, and the reply of the intelligent and well-bred Frenchman told the whole tale of the war. It was, "We were too weak in number; we had (on an advanced post) neither cavalry nor sufficient artillery with us, and finally we had no more ammunition."

"That is the thing," said the Prussian: "ask him how many cartridges he had got."

"Eighty," was the Frenchman's reply.

"Now tell him that I, who had only sixty, had forty-five left when I took him; and tell him that the strength of an army consists of men and of cartridges, and that firing away eighty cartridges is just the same as losing a man. They did very serious damage to us; at the beginning our regiment lost 600 men; but at the expense of such a number of shots that we knew they were more weakened than we were."

When this was explained to the Frenchman he said: "I knew it, too, but too late. We never before fought against such troops as yours. We must no longer skirmish as we have been accustomed to."

Most of the prisoners were taken, as skirmishers, in a cave which formed their cover, and where they were cut off by the rapid and continuous advance of the Prussians.

METZ.

Metz is the centre of the triple range of fortresses with which the celebrated Vauban, the celebrated architect of Louis XIV., attempted to defend France against Germany from the north and the east. Round these frontiers he constructed no less than eighty-eight fortresses, of which Valenciennes in the north and Metz in the east are the strongest. As said before, Metz lies in the centre of the triple range, having as advanced post Thionville, and in the rear Nancy. The Moselle here is still very small, and scarcely practicable for small steamers that go down with the current to Thionville, Sierck and Treves. At Coblentz it flows right through the city; one part of the river is still water. Metz is very irregularly built; has a population of 80,000, and something like 23,000 men as garrison. It is surrounded by three walls, forming two ditches, which are about 80 feet deep, and being connected with the river, may be inundated at five minutes' notice. On each side of the place is situated a kind of a natural fort, called on the right side of the river the Fort Belle Croix, and on the left side the Mount St. Quentin.

Correspondence of London News.

When the train with the prisoners got in, there were about 5,000 people inside the terminus lining the rails; a great number of "gamins," or "street-boys," as they are called here, among them. A tremendous but merry and good natured yell received the red trousers of the French infantry and the blue costume of the Tuscos. In each carriage there was one Prussian private of either of the two regiments who stormed the Geisberg (goat's hill) at Weissenburg, his helmet adorned with green boughs. The French were partly squatting, but their guides invited to them to stand up to show their respect for the people of the capital. While they were slowly passing before me I examined expression of their countenances. It was mostly that of a shy curiosity, and of embarrassment not unmixed with pride. Of course they could not understand what the people, in an enormous confussion of voices, said to them, but the unspeakably comical grin of the street-boys, sitting on the shoulders of each other, at all events gave them a hint of it.

At last one successful cry got the upper hand, for which somebody had furnished the boys with the necessary French, and which was addressed to every Turco or Zouave after the manner of Les lampions. Les chats! les chats! Where as the tom-cats? had become the favorite refrain of the juvenile voices. It was easily observable that, with the boys, the French, far from being considered as haughty and humiliated enemies, were extremely popular. In a few minutes the boundless hilarity of the lads communicated itself to the French themselves, their officers excepted, who bid themselves in the interior of their first-class railway carriage. I left the young ladies handing in refreshing drink to the tawny fellows of Southern France and of the Atlas, and made my cab follow the track of the circular railway, over which the train was to proceed to the Eastern line. This circular railway, on a level with the road, has in process of time been lined with houses, and is, in fact, now a street railway. Dense masses of people stood all along it.

At last I, was overtaken by the train, and let it pass. But how had its aspect changed! It looked as never railway train had looked before. That fraternisation of the prisoners with the boys had become perfect; numbers of them had crept into the carriages, and were sitting between the legs of the French and the Africans wearing their caps. Several had provided themselves with cats. Those that could not get into the crowded carriages had climbed on the top of them, where they amused themselves by standing on their heads and branishing their legs. There were no stairs, no protruding boards, that boys were not sitting upon. Seen from a distance the train looked like a Buddhist idol, with thousands of legs and thousands of arms protruding in inconceivable directions.

There was a young, tall, fleshy, beardless Arab, with a fair skin, and extremely handsome face, who excited general attention because he looked altogether like a woman. The people, in fact, imagined that he really was a woman, and the ladies had presented him with a fan, with which he kept fanning himself and smiling in the most arch and coquettish way, being evidently accustomed to have his fun with the public. I reached the terminus of the Eastern Railway by a short cut before the train, but could get in with great difficulty, owing to the immense crowds by which it was surrounded. The densely peopled neighborhood, the seat of the Berlin shawl manufacture, had poured forth still greater masses than were visible at the west of the town. Here the attempt to admit by ticket had perfectly broken down. I dare say that there were not less than 50,000 people inside the terminus. Even the huge supper place for the prisoners was filled to the brim, thus rendering their passage to their seats extremely difficult.

The Lords of the Admiralty have decided upon making some valuable addition to the iron clad navy, and have called upon the leading shipbuilding firms for the construction of four vessels of the *Scout* class. It is also intended to build two other ships similar to the *Cerberus*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Wm. J. Marshal

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Campbell and family are in Kingston.

We believe that the Hon. Mr. Dunkin will return to town this week.

In the communication in yesterday's TIMES, signed "Tipperary," the name Wilson should have been Nelson.

Messrs. Fraser and Hay, of the Relief Committee, have gone to Montreal for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions.

The Dominion Telegraph Company's line is now open between Kingston, Toronto, and Hamilton.

Captain Betts, of the Canadian schooner *Ella B McLean*, has captured the American schooner *Lettie*, in Gaspe Bay, and taken her into Pictou.

The Halifax *Chronicle* is making a great outcry concerning the action of Lieutenant Harding of the Royal Navy, who lately proceeded to seize an American schooner which was landing fish in Charlottetown, P. E. I. The *Chronicle* says that Lieutenant Harding took this action in accordance with a "certain antiquated law passed in 1843." In common with other American proclivities the Halifax *Chronicle* has doubtless a dislike to anything "antiquated," and possibly objects to anything in the shape of law, ancient or modern. The fact is, however, that the law in question is necessary for the protection of Canadian interests. If American fishermen are to be allowed to come into British American harbours and dispose of their fish, whether they have been caught within the prescribed limits or not the trade of our fishermen is injured thereby, and it was for this reason that the law in question was made.

The following is the military strength of the more important states of Europe, compiled from the most recent accessible official news:—

Great Britain (without volunteers	460,000
France	750,000
Denmark	30,000
Spain	151,688
Italy	445,509
Switzerland	350,000
Sweden and Norway	102,313
Netherland	120,078
Portugal	68,450
Belgium	100,000
Russia	1,135,975
Austria	836,700
North German Confederation (Prussia)	977,272
Non-Confederate States:—	
Bavaria	49,949
Wurtemburg	34,495
Baden	20,722
Total	5,722,778

An annexation petition said to have originated in Montreal is published in the columns of the *N. Y. Tribune*. As it is not to be presented to the Queen until the signatures of 100,000 Canadians have been appended to it, we may safely conclude that unless Her Majesty takes the *N. Y. Tribune*, which is scarcely possible, it is not likely ever to be brought under her observation. The "equivocal declarations of Her Majesty's advisers, and their equally equivocal silence," are mentioned as reasons why it is generally believed England desires the complete independence of her colonies. Now considering that no member of Her Majesty's Government has expressed any such desire, and that many leading Imperial statesmen, including the present Colonial Secretary, have in the most unequivocal manner announced the determination of the British Government and people to defend Canada from foreign aggression, this is a gross piece of misrepresentation and falsehood on the part of the supposed petitioners. A convention of thirty-three persons, consisting of eleven Englishmen, eleven Canadians, and eleven Americans, is proposed, which is to meet in Montreal and discuss the subject in all its bearings, and in order that their deliberations may be free and untrammelled, Her Majesty is requested to "legitimize discussion." In common with most people here, we had always laboured under the impression that the free discussion of any subject was perfectly legitimate in Canada, and neither mob-law or the "little bell" of a Cabinet Minister had ever been put into force in order to prevent it; consequently we do not understand why Her Majesty should be asked to legitimize it. The whole affair however is too childishly absurd to be worthy of serious consideration. Probably the petition really has its origin in the same fertile and imaginative brain that conceived the story of the annexation league. The *Tribune* certainly treats it with undisguised contempt when it says: "If it will result in satisfying the Canadians as to what destiny is in store for them, and induce them to stop bothering us and themselves with their schemes, by all means let us have the Convention." Even the *Tribune*, wofully ignorant as this journal generally shows itself to be in regard to Canadian sentiment, is becoming disgusted with these annexation fables, and treats them with the scorn they so richly merit.

THE DISPOSAL OF THE McGILLIVRAY PURCHASE MONEY.

The *Citizen* has accomplished its object in pointing out the impropriety of journals dealing in personalities towards private individuals. We never had any desire to go into the question between Mr. McGillivray and Mr. Cotton, which is now before the law courts. In our issue of Saturday we gave, not as our own, the statements of interested parties. If the parties on both sides feel inclined to indulge in personalities on account of the transaction now pending before the courts, we cannot prevent them. Our object was a simple one—to protest against the constant attacks made on a deserving citizen, one who has done much for the good of the city, and who has by personal labour, as well as by his contributions, promoted its charities, and its educational and material interests.—*Ottawa Citizen.*

If the *Citizen's* object were to point out "the impropriety of journals dealing in personalities," it certainly took rather a strange course to accomplish that end. When we first alluded to the matter, we disclaimed all personal feeling in regard to it, and it was our contemporary which, by its allusion to private business transactions in its issue of Saturday last, first stepped beyond the proper limits of journalism. All that we have done from first to last, has been to call attention to the facts connected with the sale of Mr. McGillivray, and to the understanding which existed to the effect that the amount of the purchase money was to be expended in some charitable purpose. In so doing we have simply exposed a great public wrong which the *Citizen* does not attempt to defend, and we know as a matter of fact, that we are sustained in the course we have pursued, by a majority of the people of this city.

The *Citizen* tries to excite sympathy for Mr. McGillivray, by telling us how much he has done for the good of the city, and the promotion of its charities. There was a time when our contemporary did not consider that Mr. McGillivray required any one to make known his charities to the world. Has that gentleman's modesty increased so much since then as to render it necessary for the *Citizen* to sound his fame? Has he become so bashful and retiring in his unostentatious liberality as to compel his organ to sing his praises? It is not so very long since we found the *Citizen* expressing very different sentiments in the following language.

"Alexander Pope somewhere said, "Do good by stealth; and blush to find it shame." This is advice which every intelligent modest minded and decently disposed men would follow. But Mr. McGillivray has evidently no faith in the divine assurance, that "if he cast his bread upon the waters, it shall be seen after many days." * * * There is something absolutely sickening and revolting in the idea of a man doing good, and then laying the electors of a community under political obligation and tribute."

Well, Mr. McGillivray thought better of it; he did not lay the electors under "political obligation," but received pecuniary "tribute" instead.

The events connected with Mr. McGillivray's purchase, are pretty well known and remembered, not only in Ottawa, but in other parts of Canada where the story of his wrong doing has been heard. It will be remembered that, not content with having betrayed the electors, he made an attempt to clear his own character by blackening theirs, and declared that his retirement was induced "in consequence of his ascertaining that it would be absolutely necessary to expend a large sum of money in the purchase of votes, and that electors openly offered their franchise as a matter of bargain and sale to the highest bidder." He "hesitated to adopt means so disreputable," or in other words and to speak more plainly, he was "more of a selling than a buying man," and while he affected to have scruples about buying votes, he had not the slightest hesitation in selling voters! But again we cannot do better than to quote the *Citizen's* own language:

"We have seen Mr. McGillivray in many lights. We have seen him as the man who brazenly trumpetted his own charitable deeds; we have seen him as the man who vauntingly paraded his wealth acquired by his dealings with our lumbermen; and we have seen him as the man who trumped up every conceivable personal charge against his opponent; but Mr. Edward McGillivray in his last light as a reprover of bribery and corruption and one who censures ill-feeling and strife between neighbours is a reformed character and novel sight."

So far as Mr. McGillivray's punishment is concerned we might be satisfied without pushing this matter any further. The deserved contempt in which he is held, and the general indignation which his conduct has awakened in the public mind might suffice, and even his most malevolent enemies might leave him to the stings of his own conscience. But we still maintain that the $2,000 of which Mr. McGillivray became possessed belongs to the people of Ottawa, and ought to be expended in charity according to agreement. We hope that the proposition which we made will be entertained by Mr. McGillivray and that his right to retain the amount will be submitted to the arbitrament of three well known citizens, (we only object to one man in Ottawa).

We trust soon to elicit a reply from the Honorable Mr. Skead. He has given a sort of *quasi* denial to a statement made by us; and we have a right to call upon him to state what he knows, and what he *has* said in reference to "the money in question." Once it was asserted that Mr. McGillivray would be a "puppet in the hands of Mr. Skead," but we cannot conceive it possible that a man like Mr. Skead would allow himself for a moment to rest under the imputation of being "a puppet" in the hands of Mr. McGillivray. Therefore, since he has chosen to interfere in the matter, and we are very glad that he has done so, we shall expect with as little delay as possible a plain statement from Mr. Skead, as to his knowledge of the transaction, and what his opinions are as to Mr. McGillivray's right to retain the $2,000.

SETTING FIRE TO THE WOODS.

We have received several communications suggesting that there ought to be laws enacted which should render it illegal to set fire to the woods at this season of the year. The fact is, such laws already exist, and only require to be properly enforced and observed in order to prevent the possibility of such grievous calamities as that to which we have lately had to submit. An Act respecting malicious injuries to property which received the Royal assent on the 22nd of June, 1869, contains the following clauses:

9. Whosoever by such negligence as shall show him to be reckless or wantonly regardless of consequences, or in contravention of a municipal law of the locality, sets fire to any forest, tree, manufactured lumber, square timber, logs or floats, boom, dam or slide on the Crown domain or land leased or lawfully held for the purpose of cutting timber, or on private property, on any creek or river, or rollway, beach or wharf, so that the same may be injured or destroyed, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to imprisonment in any gaol or place of confinement for any term not longer than two years, with or without hard labour.

10. When in the opinion of the Magistrate investigating the charge under the preceding section the consequences have not been serious, he may in his discretion dispose of the matter summarily without sending the offender for trial, by imposing such a fine, not exceeding fifty dollars, as he may deem right to impose; or in default of payment, by committal to gaol for any period not exceeding six months, or until the fine be paid, and with or without hard labour.

11. Whosoever unlawfully and maliciously sets fire to any forest, tree, manufactured lumber, square timber, logs or floats, boom, dam or slide on the Crown domain, or on land leased or lawfully held for the purpose of cutting timber, or on private property or on any creek, or river, or rollway, beach or wharf, so that the same be injured or destroyed, is guilty of felony, and shall be liable to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for any term not exceeding fourteen years and not less than two years, or to be imprisoned in any other gaol or place of confinement for any term less than two years, with or without hard labour, and with or without solitary confinement.

21. Whosoever unlawfully and maliciously sets fire to any stack of corn, grain, pulse, tares, hay, straw, haulm or stubble, or of any cultivated vegetable produce, or of furze, gorse, heath, fern, turf, peat, coals, charcoal, wood, or bark, or to any steer or pile of wood or bark, is guilty of felony, and shall be liable to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for life, or for any term not less than two years, or to be imprisoned in any other gaol or place of confinement for any term less than two years, with or without hard labour, and with or without solitary confinement.

22. Whosoever unlawfully and maliciously, by any over act, attempts to set fire to any such matter or thing, as in either of the last two preceding sections mentioned, under such circumstances that if the same were thereby set fire to, the offender would be, under either of such sections, guilty of felony, is guilty of felony, and shall be liable to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for any term not exceeding seven years, and not less than two years, or to be imprisoned in any other gaol or place of confinement for any term less than two years, with or without hard labour, and with or without solitary confinement.

The Stone Bridge at Hull.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of the 24th inst. I noticed a communication signed "Sentinel," in which there is some truth and a good deal of error, and in which there is a most undeserved attack upon the "Bytown and Aylmer Macadamized Road Co." Now as a correspondent, I would wish to state I have no connection *with*, nor interest *in* the said company, but knowing some of the facts, I would like to state them. One of "Sentinel's" statements is correct, viz., that the stone bridge at Hull was partially carried away in the spring of 1869 and 1870, causing a great deal of inconvenience to the public. But he does not state the reason. The reason was mainly owing to dams built by E. B. Eddy, Esq., and Messrs. Crandall & Co., of Hull village. I believe *one* of the parties concerned in these dams is willing to come to terms with the Road Company, the *other is not*. To mention names would be invidious, but I think that your correspondent "Sentinel" must be aware of the whole truth.

"Sentinel" truly states that the public have nothing to do with the issues between the Road Company and the proprietors of the dams, and at the same time calls upon the public to unite in forcing the Road Company to build the bridge upon a higher level *immediately*.

Taking the above circumstances into consideration this is hardly fair.

Yours truly,

X.

Hull, Aug. 30, 1870.

The Late Fire.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—John and Wm. Hall, of the township of Goulburn, request me to inform you that their barn and contents were destroyed by the late fire; also their harness and a double harrow. They have no family. I did not observe the name of John Good, of Nepean, among the sufferers; he lost his barn and contents; wife and children destitute.

Yours,

W. H. BUTLER.

Richmond, 29th Aug., 1870.

PRESENTATION.

In yesterday's TIMES we mentioned that Mr. A. Little, Bugle-Major of the 60th Rifles, was presented with a handsome walking cane by the members of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery Band. The following is Mr. Little's reply:—

To the Band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery.

GENTLEMEN,—I have, in the first place, to thank you for your very flattering testimonial, and indeed I must tell you that it was as unexpected as it is sincerely welcome. Next I have to return you my thanks for the kind perseverance and attention I have ever found at your hands. Believe me I shall always look back on my sojourn in Ottawa, and my connection with yourselves, particularly with feelings of the profoundest pleasure and pride.

To Major Ross you in a great measure, owe not only the formation, but the present efficiency of your Band, and I trust his efforts, with those of the other officers of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, will be crowned with every success.

Yours sincerely,

J. LITTLE, Bugle-Major,
1st Battalion, 60th Royal Rifles

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

August 29, as acknowledged to date	$7,642 70
Francis Abbott	40 00
George R. Burke	30 00
Employees British American Bank Note Co., per W. Leniger, Foreman	54 00
S. Tucker & Son	30 00
Andrew Russell	10 00
Joseph McGaw	20 00
W. H. Himsworth	10 00
Total cash received to date	$7,836 70

On the lists handed me the following donations are entered:—

Blythe & Russell—$25 in goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay—$25 in 5 pairs blankets.

Luke Cusner—2 doz. pairs boots and shoes.

John Hill—113 lbs. rice.

Wm. Hunton—$50 in goods.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, August 30, 1870.

Grenville Canal.

From the Montreal Daily News.

For more than sixteen years the enlargement of the Grenville Canal has been urged on the Government, but so many and so powerful were the interests pulling at the public purse in other directions, that this important link in the navigation of the Ottawa is only now going into notice. The improved change of public opinion is due to the same causes which have called into life the scheme of an Ottawa and Champlain canal. The Caughnawaga project might have slumbered for years had it not been for the extraordinary and rapid development of the Ottawa lumber trade. That branch of commerce has assumed such stupendous proportions that we find experienced statists like Mr. Derby declaring that one dollar toll per thousand feet on the lumber shipped to the eastern states, will cover the entire interest on the cost of a Caughnawaga Canal. It is to the lumber merchants of the Ottawa that we are mainly indebted for the promised enlargement of the Grenville Canal.

Will France Succumb?

The London *Standard* of the 9th inst. commenting on the reverses of the French at Wiessembourg and Woerth, thus views the situation:—

"France is not conquered. She may rise Antæus-like from the ground after ten such defeats as those which have just occurred. She has done it before with the same antagonists and on the same ground.

Many of our readers cannot fail to revert in thought to the initiation of those wars which France may be said to have waged single-handed against combined Europe, beginning with the days of Lafayette, Rochambeau, and Dumouriez, up to the time of the First Consul, when all the "luck" of Frits, as he was then, had changed. This was about the time that the "Marseillaise" was first sung. France was then roused, and raised the very coffins of the dead for melting into balls. She need not do that now, but can afford to waste a goodly amount of lead in trying distances and what not. With regard to the elasticity and power of recovery of the French nation, bent on war but pressed to the last extremity, let us consider that period when Verdun capitulated to the Allies in September, 1792, and not a single fortified place was left on the road to Paris. It was then that Dumouriez seized upon the forest of Argonne wherein to maintain his ill-disciplined and well nigh shattered force. It was then that he was reinforced by Fournonville and Duval, and from that date the giant contest may be said to have been inaugurated and maintained. Then, camps were formed, and France rose, as it were, *en masse*. But even after that there was a time when, as Dumourier himself said, "France was within a hairbreadth of destruction." It was when he retreated to the Forest of St. Menehold, and part of his forces were beaten, and some even fled in a sudden panic as far as Rheims and Paris. But soon after the French armies were united again, and we begin to hear something of the early doings of Marshal Macdonald. In the end of October the Allies evacuated France. Then came events upon events too complicated to follow, until the Duke of Brunswick fled over the Rhine; and the splendid combined force, which so nearly conquered France and crushed the Revolution, was in its turn threatened with dissolution. The next move was the invasion of Flanders by a French army of 100,000 men. The battle of Jenappes and conquest of Flanders followed. It would be useless to prosecute this subject further than to show of what stuff the French nation was made when it had to organize a force in the very teeth of invasion. France was roused, and could not be conquered, and in resisting conquest she created those wonderful armies which defied nation after nation, and seemed bent on triumphing over the world. In the beginning of August 1792, France commenced her campaign against the most formidable invading force that ever threatened the existence of a nation, looking at the comparative resources on either side. Before the end of the year the invaders were rolled back. Flanders had been overrun, Transalpine Savoy taken from Sardinia, and the great frontier town of Germany wrested from the Empire. And this, as the historian says, was the "energy of popular enthusiasm." The army of France was nothing till it took the field. What was it at Arcola but some four years afterwards? And at the auspicious commencement, when France was invaded by Germany, a French province was in insurrection, and a portion of her nobility in the ranks of the invaders, and all was intestine faction, tumult, and confusion throughout the realm.

Is not this France of to-day the same nationality—the same people—the same blood and race? Now, she is prepared, armed, equipped and drilled, as a nation has seldom been. She is making, in round numbers, fifty thousand rifles a month; for arms cannot be improvised now a days. There is not time for that, unless on the part of a nation which has a Gladstone or a Cardwell at her helm. Is France, in her present training and condition, likely to succumb, as some would seem to suppose, to a couple of disasters and defeats, and the loss of a few thousand men? If so she must have greatly degenerated since the days of Dumourier and Hoche, of Kellerman, Bournonville, Custine, Biron, and Lafayette; and yet she has seen some fighting since then. Those generals managed with their disorganized and scattered forces to hurl back, to begin with, an invading army of 113 000 men fully equipped and armed in the perfection of those days, and consisting of fifty thousand Prussians, forty-five thousand Austrians, veterans from the Turkish wars, six thousand Hessians, and twelve thousand French *emigres*, which force was furnished with a splendid armament of artillery, heavy and light. If the Emperor himself were now personally to sustain a defeat, and his army compelled to fall back, even on Chalons, for reinforcements, we should not think the case very desperate after all. The King of Prussia's "luck" might change, if the Prussians advanced into the interior of France. We should expect to see that noble lady the Empress Eugenie place herself at the head of the Army of Reserve and raise enthusiasm to a pitch it has certainly not yet reached. We can well imagine Paris to have been sorely astonished and wounded in its susceptibilities on the receipt of the news of the disaster, when triumph was all that was expected from such an army as left its gates. But it is possible that Paris has wonderfully regained its equilibrium by this time, and is setting its teeth in the firm anticipation of revenge. "In place of gasconading," to quote Carlyle, "a sort of desperation is threatened to supervene." There have been rumors and telegrams of mutiny in the French camp of reserve. We heed not this much, as we think of the words of the writer from whom we have just quoted. Dumourier has been haranguing his disorderly soldiers much as Canrobert may more lately have done. "Patience, O Dumourier!" writes Carlyle; "this heap of shriekers, mutineers, were they once drilled and inured will become a phalanxed mass of fighters with sinews of iron, who require only bread and gunpowder; very sons of fire, the adroitest, hastiest, hottest ever seen, perhaps since Attila's time. They may conquer and overrun amazingly, much as that same Attila did."

If the whole French character be not changed, her soldiers, who are now in the highest state of efficiency the world has ever seen, are not likely to be either frightened or exterminated in a war of three days, or ten months, by the forces of her ancient enemy, Prussia. It may be that neither nation can successfull invade the other, and that all we can look for from a protracted struggle will be the terrible penalties of war, more or less evenly levied upon both. That France is not yet conquered, or that her armies have practically suffered any great injury or loss, we are pretty well convinced. A great moral blow has been struck, and the insult must be wiped out by an equivalent success, or a terrible reaction will set in after a due fit of despondency, and the whole nation will cry out "Aux armes! Aux armes!" but this time it will rise from itself and not follow the suggestions of the imperial policy and rule."

A young man, recently married at Beloit, Wis., made a rag carpet for his parlor sixty yards in length.

Miss Susan Cooper, the philanthropic daughter of the great novelist, contributes a second letter "to the Christian women of America" on the suffrage question.

Miss Lillian Egerton, in addition to her now famous lecture on "Woman is Coming," and the one just finished, entitled "Whither are we Drifting; or Marriage and Divorce," is reported to be preparing a third lecture on "Gossip, its Causes and Cure."

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Northern Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

Latest from the Seat of War.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—The *Patrie* to-day in an editorial says that military events of the utmost importance are preparing, whatever may be the result at Paris France must redouble her energy and create a third and fourth army. The Germans are active, and we must use all our efforts.

The news from the army of Marshal McMahon continue excellent. He has not been for one instant deceived by the movements of the Prince Royal. He has understood that the Prince meant to overreach his army, and he has therefore kept in advance of the Prussians. The Parisians must not, however, cease preparing to repulse the enemy. In any event we must be ready.

A correspondent of *La Libertie* writes to the effect that the Prince Imperial has gone to Mezeres, where he will remain until further orders. Meziers is considered impregnable. It contains a strong garrison and an ample supply of munitions and provisions.

The *Opinion National* demands that as the Prussians shoots country people, France should teach Prussia that if this practice continues, she will take no prisoners, and war will become one of extermination.

The population of the suburbs of Paris seemed panic stricken at the first news of the rapid approach of the Prussians, and crowds of country people living near rushed into the city with all their effects. Calm reflection, however, soon succeeded in quieting the people, and the same persons, lately so terrified, are now energetically preparing the city for defence.

The *Figaro* reports that a leading banker here received from America a telegram saying that twenty ships heavily armed have started from various American ports; that they are manned by Germans, and are to prey on all French commerce and undefended ports on the French coast. The report creates a sensation.

The same journal to-day prints a report that the Prussians last night attacked a train on the Paris and Lyons railway. There were some troops on the cars, and they made a defence. After several had been killed or wounded the rest retreated.

The bombardment of Strasburg is becoming very severe, and much damage has been already done to the city.

Nothing has been received from the front except rumors of engagements, terminating favorably to the French. The country people are now beginning to second the French scouts in giving precise information of the movements of the enemy.

Officers and others from the front insist that a great battle was fought on Sunday, 27th, and that Bazine and McMahon gained immense advatages. They say the latter expected to meet by this time the army of the Crown Prince, to which reinforcements are constantly arriving. There is no doubt that a great and most important battle will take place at once.

The condition of the French troops is excellent.

McMahon has also received large reinforcements. An entire corps, the 13th, numbering 5,000 men, organized here, have been sent to him. Bazaine is abundantly supplied with provisions and munitions.

The halt of the Prussians in their move on Paris gives time for the arrival of enormous reinforcements now on the way from the provinces. The capture of the city is considered impossible now.

Thirty thousand persons entered Paris yesterday from the neighborhood country.

Numberless waggons, loaded with furniture) are coming in from the villages around Paris.

Important news is expected to-morrow. Should the Prussians be defeated, their retreating columns will be terribly harrassed by the irregular forces, who, even now, have upon the enemy's line of march inflicted daily losses.

The Council of War at Paris has condemned two more of the Villette rioters to death.

Great preparations are being made at Charlesville, in the rear of McMahon's position, for the accommodation of the wounded.

The junction of McMahon and Bazaine is not yet despaired of.

La Liberte says the hour of battle has arrived. The situation has a new aspect. A battle must now take place in the valley of Argonne, and perhaps from there to Metz. The Prussians understand how grave events have become. For them defeat is fatal. We must soon know, as we have reason to believe that a battle is raging. If the Prussians are repulsed they cannot march on Paris, but must retreat behind the Moselle. France every moment grows more formidable. She is preparing new armies. Even now a vast number of new regiments are ready to take the field. Defeat cannot subdue us.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 30.—McMahon is about to make a desperate effort to force his way from Sedun along the line of Montmedy and Thionville railroad, with the object of attacking from the north whatever Prussian forces may be gathering in the triangle formed by the fortresses of Metz, Toul and Verdun, regardless of their numbers. McMahon hopes to have cooperation at all those places. The move is a bold and desperate one, and there is no escape from destruction in case of defeat. It is believed that the Emperor and son will remain at Sedun and watch the result of this movement, and be prepared to cross at Bouillon to go into Belgium in case of a defeat.

A special despatch from Berlin says Austria is secretly arming. All officers and soldiers now on furlough are being recalled, and other preparations being made. The object of this policy is unknown.

LUXEMBURG, Aug. 30.—Cannonading was heard this morning in the direction of Andun. A squad of Prussian horse subsequently appeared on the frontier, but refrained from crossing it. They were attacked by the Custom House patrol, and one killed.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Many Prussians are around Monzon, Dun and Stenay. The report of cannon and musketry was heard in that direction on Sunday, and an engagement is believed to have taken place near Buzancy.

500 Prussians attacked the railway station at Chanernay, which was guarded by 50 French soldiers. The fight lasted one hour, during which time there were seven killed and five wounded. The Prussians took seven prisoners and burned the station.

Belgian troops left Brussels this morning for the French frontier.

The Prince Imperial was at Sedan on Sunday night, where the Emperor also is. A force of German Uhlans were at that time only nine miles from that place.

The Prussians have entered Vuziers on the heels of the retreating French.

King William's route to Paris is by the upper Marne and Meuse.

Parisians of all ranks have been enrolled for the defence of the city.

The French say the district between Rheims, Meziers, Sedan and Montmedy will be the scene of the next general action.

The *Times* agrees with Prussia, that the French must be taught to know the power of her neighbors.

McMahon's extraordinary move may have delayed the Crown Prince's advance on Paris, but it has also made that advance at any time hereafter easy.

Despatches from the Prussian general headquarters, dated Sunday, noon, says Bazine's communications are completely cut off, and all telegrams printed in Paris as from him must have been manufactured there.

The French authorities to-day stopped travel *via* Calais to Paris, and the Boulonge route will probably be closed to-morrow. The channel steamers are already withdrawn.

A despatch from Brussels, dated 8 o'clock evening, says the railwaay communication between that city and Paris is suspended.

Fighting has taken place between the advanced forces of the two armies on the line of railroad.

DUBLIN, August 30.—Scenes of violence have been of constant occurrence in Derry since the Boyne anniversary, and stringent measures have been taken to prevent them.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—It is believed here to-night a tremendous battle has been going on all day, as according to accounts McMahon must have reached the troops of Prince Frederick Charles to-day.

Le Public says important military events were expected near Moutmedy to-day. Events which must exercise great influence on the situation.

It is positively known that all the Prussian forces have been concentrating for two days upon Rethel, Vouziers and Montmedy.

The Prince Royal appears undecided. He has arrested his course at Chalons, owing to his ignorance of McMahon's intentions. The same want of information has led to the movements of Steinmetz and Prince Frederick Charles, who have marched to Montmedy.

The leaders of the armies of the enemy lost all day Thursday in deliberating what course to pursue.

McMahon has gained such advantages through this delay, that the army of the Crown Prince cannot reach him before he has fought Prince Frederick Charles.

When the Crown Prince arrives, Bazaine will also have had time to come up, as he is not surrounded, but was free to move anywhere from his entrenched camp.

LONDON, August 29.—Rumor comes that the Emperor is shut up in Metz, and in the absence of positive knowledge of the Emperor's whereabouts, the statement is believed by the Germans.

NEW YORK, August 30.—A few Frenchmen gathered last night in the common square, and were soon joined by a procession of Irishmen, singing the Marseillaise.

The Rev. Dr. O'Leary Catholic clergyman, made an address.

The roll of the Franco Irish Association includes the names of Mayor Hall, Sheriff O'Brien, Judge Connolly, &c.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Goldwin Smith has written to a gentleman here, proffering fifty dollars for the German patriotic fund. In this letter he says he is a hearty friend of the German cause, which is that of public right, of national independence, of real civilization, of European progress and ultimately of European peace.

The *World's* London correspondent telegraphs a repetition of the warning already given that there is imminent peril of Russian intervention at no distant time in this war.

St. Petersburg papers formally deny that the Czar has in any way recognized the Prussian regiment of which he is nominal proprietor, and adds that Russia reserves to herself, absolute freedom to act as her position requires in the interest of European equilibrium or her own destinies.

The commander of the third military circumscription has formally interdicted the distribution of German newspapers through the mails.

The approach of the hostile armies to Belgium frontier excite great apprehension in that country. The Belgium Army is put on a war footing by the vote of August 12, and is ordered to the front.

The arming of the Garde Mobile goes on rapidly.

Two special Queen's messages reached London yesterday with despatches for the foreign office from Brussels.

A newspaper correspondet writes from Prussian head-quarters that at Avold he interviewed Bismarck, and was most cordially treated. The King was very kind also, and sent word to the Amerikaner that in case he found difficulty in procuring food he must come to the Royal Headquarters.

The New York *Courier's* special from Paris says:—The Ministry has packed up and are on the eve of departure for Tours. The Emperor has been invited to join them but declines.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—It was reported several days ago that Prince Frederick Charles would return and go in pursuit of McMahon. This report seems to be gaining strength. It is supposed that the Prince is thus led to depart from the original plan of operations, because his line of communications would be seriously endangered with so large an army in his rear.

A North-German schooner from Brazil, lately put into Londonderry for refuge. A French frigate was cruising outside.

Austin, of the London *Times*, is imprisoned at Rheims.

Hall, of the *Graphic*, is imprisoned at Nancy, and Holdsworth, of the *News*, has been escorted back to Paris under guard.

The *Times* says that on the 27th inst., five German detachments routed six detachments of French cavalry near Buzaney, in the department of Ardennes. The Germans belonged to the fourth army corps, which is now scourging the eastern department in order to prevent a communication between McMahon and Bazaine.

The Prussians say Paris telegrams, purporting to come from Bazaine, are fraudulent, as he is entirely isolated.

LONDON, Aug. 30, 1:30 p.m.—The following news from the French war office is just received:—

Nearly nine hundred thousand men are now in the triangle formed by the lines running from Rheims to Rentel and Venziers.

Bazaine is not shut up. He has 120,000 men, and McMahon has 180,000 men. They are stealing two marches on the Prince Royal, who is one day ahead of Prince Frederick Charles. It is hoped that the latter cannot come up in time.

Fifty thousand men left Paris on Monday for the vicinity of Rethel.

It is said the Prussian force there is 300,000 strong.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—A private despatch dated London 11.30 a. m., says Paris despatches say there has been more or less fighting for forty-eight hours with serious losses on both sides. The fighting, as near as can be learned, has been in a woody region, extending for several miles.

CARLSRUHE, Aug. 30.—The *Gazette* of this city has the following: Last evening the bishop of this city, actuated by a desire to stop the effusion of blood, undertook to bring about some sort of truce or meditation. With this object he went to Schillingheim, and had an interview with Major Hechzinsky, chief of the Prussian staff.

He urged that the bombardment was contrary to the law of humanity and modern warfare. The inhabitants had been denied leave to withdraw from the city. The Bishop obtained 24 hours cessation of bombardment in order to give the Governor of Strasbourg opportunity to negociate.

The Governor was accordingly invited to come out and examine the preparations which had been made by the Prussians for continuing the seige. As Major Hechinsky escorted the Bishop back to Strasbourg, his flag of truce was riddled with bullets. Bombardment continues with guns of the largest calibre, and the surrender of the city is merely a matter of time.

LONDON, Aug 30.—London papers are perfectly befogged as to the positions of hostile armies, as late war telegrams have made the confusion worse confounded.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 30.

The City Council last evening went into Committee on the Estimates. The rate of assessment was fixed by the Finance Committee's report at one cent per one half mills on the dollar, being one and a half mills higher than last year. The additional rate was for the purpose of raising a sinking fund on the debentures, which for several years past has not been raised.

A number of items were adopted.

During the discussion it was elicited that Mayor Harman had drawn his salary in advance up to the 1st of October, having had it credited to him for taxes, though owing to his absence for several months in England, Alderman Brown was paid for performing his duties.

The Mayor's conduct was severely commented upon.

The first innings of the Cricket match between Old Countrymen and Canadians was played yesterday. The Canadians scored 104 runs, and the Old Countrymen 93. The match will be resumed to-day.

John Jordon, President of the Gray & Bruce Railway, writing to the *Telegraph* in reply to articles and street rumors, and states that the property of the company is intact, and that no final action has been taken for the sale of bonds.

A young lady, wife of a commercial traveller at present in the West, attempted to commit suicide this morning by jumping from Young street wharf into the bay. She was rescued and taken to the Police Station.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.

A ten mile walking match, five out and home, for $50 aside, has been arranged to come off on the 1st October, on the lower Lachine road, between James Ferris and John Roony.

The Eastern Congregational Church Sabbath School had an excursion to Longueil this afternoon.

Mr. Angus Fairbairn gave a concert last evening.

The rumour that the body of the missing young man in the West End suspected murder case was found proved to be without foundation.

Deerfoot is at present taking his breathings on the Bellevian course. Deerfoot intends to challenge Keraronwe to run 5, 6, or 7 miles for any amount he pleases.

Mr. Jem Mace appears at the St. Patrick's Hall to-night.

The Theatre Royal was crowded last night to welcome Miss Reignolds.

An unknown man was found drowned in the river yesterday.

Flour steady, but without activity. Prices unchanged.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Aug. 30.

Several additions have lately been made to the Literary and Historical Society's Museum.

A ball is to be given this evening at the Island of Orleans by the Quebec Garrison Artillery now in camp.

On Sunday the scene at the camp was disgraceful. It is to be hoped that the officers will take precautions to prevent similar occurrences by closing the canteen on Sunday.

The 69th Regiment are going through their annual course of musketry at Beauport Flats.

The Lacrosse match between the Quebec and Union clubs yesterday, resulted in favor of the latter.

Col. Bouchier leaves per s.s. *Tamar*, to be replaced as Commandant by Colonel Chandler, Royal Artillery.

Col. Powell leaves for England on Saturday next, to purchase clothing for the Militia.

MARRIED.

On the 30th inst., at St. Andrew's Church, by the Rev Mr Gordon, Mr. Fergus Parke to Miss Mary C. Taylor, eldest daughter of Mr Alex Taylor, of this city.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits but most enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 3 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 Sood

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Wednesday Evening, August 31.

IMMENSE SUCCESS—PEOPLE TURNED AWAY.

Engagement for six nights only of the talented young American actor

OLIVER DOWD BYRON.

Who will appear in James McCleesky's ENTIRELY NEW and Original sensation Drama, in 3 acts, and a prologue entitled

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

Or Life in New York and the Far West.

New Scenery by Mr. Forster. Mechanical effect by B. Stetson, and a powerful cast.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents. Private Boxes, $3.00 and $4.00; Single Seats in Private boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager,
WM. J. MARSHALL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and get up so as to deceive the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appear

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY JOU... GOLD MEDAL ($1.12½ CENTS... SILVER FOR 75CTS., IS AT T. HUNTON... HAMBRED & CO.'S.

Patterns post free on application.

The street cars will not run to the Exhibition until the 1st September.

The classes of the Ottawa Colleges will open on the 1st September. 1448 3

HANSOM.—Mr. N. Germain, of the Fire Relief Committee, acknowledges the receipt of $50 from St. Joseph's University of Ottawa.

UNITED PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—The next monthly meeting of this Society, will be held in Gowan's Hall, on Monday next.

THE MARKET—Tuesday.—There was a fair market this morning, and some changes in prices. Potatoes sold for 50c and 55c per bushel; butter for 25c and 30c per pound, and 24c and 26c in tub. Hay sold for $17 to 20 per ton.

OTTAWA.—The late rain has almost completely extinguished the fires. It is everywhere extinguished in the fields, and it needs but another good shower to put the destructive element out of the woods.

A RIDE STEAM UP.—A careless carter in driving his carriage along Sparks street, opposite Bates' grocery store neglecting to look, where the City Passenger cars connect, locked between the rails, which caused in his wheel being smashed to pieces.

THE 93RD RIFLES.—A few members of this Company left by train yesterday; they are principally invalids. The remainder leave this morning, and will be joined to the Station by the band of the G. G. B. A.

A BEAR.—About the biggest bear we have ever seen was brought to the market yesterday by a farmer from Gloucester. He was trapped and shot in that township about 8 miles from the city at 11 o'clock last night. He was very fat.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The performance at the Theatre was equally successful with that of the preceding night. The house was crowded in the gallery and parquette, and the applause given and interest evinced is proof of the success of the performance.

ARRIVALS AT RUSSELL HOUSE.—Tuesday—George Robertson, Kingston; J. Rooney, Toronto; R. W. Barker, Kinston; R. B. Hibb, Quebec; J. Bunt, Toronto; A. Jenkins, Brockville; R. Irrus, Port Hope; J. Bowen and Miss Brown, Lindsay; Miss Clark, Bloomfield; J. Dore, Quebec; L. A. Sencal, Pimville; W. H. Paton, Peterboro; Mrs. Jay and children, Potsdam, New York; J. Goodnow, Hartford, Conn.

MATRIMONIAL.—Yesterday morning Mr. Joseph Tassé, one of the editors of the L'Etoile Minerve, was married to Victoria Alexandra Georgina, second daughter of Dr. J. P. M. Lecourt. The ceremony was performed at an early hour by the Rev. Father Daudurand, Vicar-General, in the French Cathedral, and the happy couple left by the 7 o'clock train on their bridal tour.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A boy driving a buggy yesterday on Wellington street, came in contact with a waterman's cart. The buggy was upset and the boys leg being under the wheel he could not manage to free himself. Fortunately, however, the horse stopped and a man lifted the buggy from off the boy's leg. He was more frightened than hurt.

VACCINE.—Cows are now more than even abundance in the city. They are turned out of their owners yards, and allowed to wander for food, and all vegetation being more so parched or rather destroyed. They very often break into gardens in their hungry fits. We know one case in which a cow broke into the same garden four successive nights. Trouble will arise out of this, if people do not take care of their cows.

DARKNESS AND LARCENY.—We are positively informed by parties in a position, to know that there are still some persons coming in from the country, and obtaining aid from the Relief Committee, who have unencumbered farms, filled barns left unscorched by the fire, and having large sums of money out on interest. This is not only meanness of the most contemptible kind, but virtually punishable theft. If the knowledge of such a case come to our ears again we shall positively hold the culprit up to public contempt.

DANGEROUS.—At the Western corner of the market there is a very dangerous trap in the sidewalk. Several persons have already been injured through means of it, and but a few days ago a woman was seriously hurt in the same place. It is certainly bad enough to have defective sidewalks on Rideau and other principal streets, but to have a sidewalk about a place so much frequented by the public as the market in a dilapidated state shows great neglect on the part of those whose business it is to see to the interest of the public.

PREPARATIONS FOR ESCAPE.—A couple of prisoners named Watt and Mattie, who were sentenced to six months imprisonment at hard labor last Saturday, for larceny, were detected on Monday in making preparations to escape. They were overheard by Mr. Pinard, the new turnkey, giving expression to their prospects of escaping, and search being made in their departments the wire of a pail handle was found concealed. After this their persons were searched and on one of them six gold rings were found. The credit of this important detection is solely due to the new turnkey above mentioned.

TRUSTWORTHY AND EXEMPLARY.—The action taken by the ladies of Osgoode in the matter of extending relief to the sufferers by the late fearful calamity, is one which reflects great credit upon them in particular, and upon the Township in general. We refer to the handsome donation which they presented to the General Fire Relief Committee yesterday afternoon through the Warden of the County of Carleton. The donation consisted of 38 pair of blankets, 45 quilts, 55 pair socks and stockings, and a quantity of clothing in the same handsome proportions. Their being able to make such a donation already show that a Committee must have been early formed, and the charitable work commenced without delay. In fact when ladies' hearts are enlisted in a benevolent cause they are sure to achieve some good. We have no doubt that if the ladies of the other townships of Carleton are not already at work, they will take example by and emulate their sisters of Osgoode.

ROUGH FIGHT. A row took place on Duke street at the Flats, yesterday afternoon, in which a man named John Kenna received some serious wounds, and from what we have heard of his conduct he certainly deserved some summary correction of the kind. It appears he is a man much addicted to drink, and when under the influence of liquor is very quarrelsome and insulting. Yesterday, after indulging in drink, he went to Mr. W. Frarer's hardware store, on Duke street, and having repeatedly insulted that gentleman and his customers he attacked him with a hoe, Mr. Frarer had in self defence to make use of some weapon, and seizing a pitchfork he struck Kenna with the handle on the head, inflicting a serious wound. Kenna made several subsequent attempts to strike Mr. Frarer, from whom he received a couple more blows and was finally taken away. Late in the evening he attempted to return with an axe to kill, as he said, Mr. Frarer. He will probably appear at the Police Court.

Police Court

TUESDAY, Aug. 31.

There were but two cases of drunkenness this morning.

John Conway, drunk and creating a disturbance in the streets, at six o'clock last evening. Fined $2 and costs.

Catharine Todd, drunk on Sparks street about eleven o'clock last night, she being a quiet woman, not accustomed to the influence of whiskey, and Sergt. McVitty having spoken in favor of her general character, his Worship bade her "go home and drink no more." She left, praying for blessings on his head.

The adjourned case of Mrs. Tuffill, as reported in yesterday's paper, was this morning resumed. There were a couple of witnesses examined, but the facts of the case being evidently against her, his Worship imposed a fine of $2 and costs. She left the court, having promised to pay the amount in two hours, but returned shortly afterwards, enquired the amount of imprisonment should the fine not be forthcoming, and then "guessed" the constables might go to her house and carry her back.

Ladies Benevolent Sewing Association for the Relief of the Sufferers by the Late Fire.

At a meeting of the Society, held today, it was resolved that on the advice of the Mayor of the city—who was kind enough to wait on the Committee and afford them his counsel—that any person requiring assistance from the ladies must bring a recommendation, signed by James Dyke, Esq., Secretary to the General Relief Committee. This will relieve the ladies from the responsibility of ascertaining the truth of the wants of the applicant, and also enable them to assist especial cases recommended.

All applications will be attended to daily, between the hours of two and six, at the rooms, in the Parliament Buildings, Senate Department, No. 7.

The Committee beg to return their thanks for many valuable parcels of clothing and materials already sent, and to solicit yet further assistance in the work they have undertaken.

SOPHY H. GRIFFIN,
Secretary.

OTTAWA, 29th August.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES; EXAMINE OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Patterns post free on application.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 29, one and three quarter miles east of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1649, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 118 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 23½ miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 16, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 16 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 16 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section; and in drawing the New Contract, there will be deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS OF THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P. M. on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. CLELA,
Commissioner

Intercolonial Railway
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1870.
1437 6

Auction Sales.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE
OF
IMPORTED STOCK.
CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FOR 1870.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from the Society and from other celebrated importers of stock, in the vicinity of Ottawa and Montreal, to sell on the Society's grounds, THURSDAY, 22nd September, the second day of the show, a large quantity of imported stock. Consisting of Ayrshire Cattle, Short Horn Durhams, Hampshire Downs, Cotswool and Leicester Sheep, Berkshire and Suffolk Pigs, Bramah Pootrah Fowls, &c., &c. This will be a rare opportunity to secure imported stock as those offered are from the herds of some of the most extensive importers in the vicinity of Montreal and Central Canada.

Parties having prize stock or implements to dispose of, can do so by making arrangements with the Auctioneer, up to the evening previous to the sale. This will be a rare opportunity both for sellers and purchasers, as the prizes offered are large and competition asked for from the whole Dominion, and will no doubt attract a large attendance.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, August, 25. 1445-td

IMPORTANT SALE.

The subscribers will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE

OTTAWA HOUSE, PEMBROKE,

ON

THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY of SEPTEMBER next,

One Hundred and Fifty to Two Hundred

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Situated on Pembroke, Berlin, Millar, Cemetery, Victoria, Christie, Dominion, James, New, D'Arcy and McGee Streets,

At the west end of the rising and prosperous

TOWN OF PEMBROKE.

The above lots are in a prominent position being adjacent to, and having a nice elevation over the magnificent lake Allumette. The land is dry, level, free from stones and stumps. Pure spring water can be easily obtained within 10 feet of the surface

PEMBROKE is the COUNTY TOWN of RENFREW, and is the most convenient point to furnish the extensive Lumber trade of the Ottawa and its tributaries, the extension of railway communication is anticipated, factories are now about to be erected, and Pembroke promises to be a place of great importance on the Upper Ottawa.

Mechanics of all kinds are wanted, the demand for labour is almost unlimited, and now is the golden opportunity for town lots to be purchased at reasonable prices, and on moderate terms, which will be as follows: One fourth of the purchase money will require to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in three annual instalments bearing interest at eight per cent

Sale to commence at TEN o'clock a. m., and SEVEN o'clock p m.

JOHN DORAN & THOMAS MURRAY.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

P. S.—Will also be sold a NEW BRICK MACHINE and utensils, with a privelege of making brick for a term of years, near the above property.

1436td D. & M.

FOR SALE

Valuable WHITE PINE LIMITS, Farms, Steam saw Mill, with Pond and twenty-six acres of land attached thereto, also one hundred and thirty acres of land in the township of Hull opposite the city of Ottawa, and fronting on the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers, hay, lumbering implements, &c., &c., &c.

If not previously disposed of at private sale will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the rooms of HECTOR McLEAN, Esq., in Ottawa city, ON WEDNESDAY THE 7th DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steam saw Mill known as Leamy's Mill, is situated at the Government Boom on the Gatineau River, near its junction with the Ottawa, and contains gang and circular saws with machinery and Mill gear, of the latest and most improved patterns, and is capable of sawing from 80,000 to 100,000 feet per 24 hours. There is also twenty-six acres of land attached to the Mill, affording ample room for other Mills, with large piling grounds, together with Mill pond capable of storing from 150,000 to 200,000 logs and right of boomage at a rater.

The limits are known as the Pemechange and Jean de Terre, being situate on the Pemechange and Jean de Terre Rivers, both tributaries of the Gatineau.

The Pemechange contains from 17 to 20 square miles, and the Jean de Terre about 80 square miles. Both are well wooded and contain white Pine of a superior quality, and large average. Dams and slides are of recent construction.

The farms are known as the North Field intending to supply the Jean de Terre limits, and containing eighteen hundred acres, 300 of which are under cultivation, and the Dizle attached to the Pemechange limits and containing three hundred acres 100 of which are under cultivation. There are good houses barns, stables, sheds &c., on both farms, and the soil is excellent Also 130 acres of land, opposite the city of Ottawa, fronting on the Gatineau and Ottawa Rivers.

Title indisputable.

Terms—½ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, on giving satisfactory security, with interest at 7 per cent.

For further information, apply to Hector McLean, Auctioneer, Francis Clemow, Esq., and Fingland & Draper at Ottawa; Fleming Church & Kenney, Aylmer, Q.; or Geo Winks & Co., Montreal.

Ottawa, 28 July, 1870. 1410-td 2 awk

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

The Subscribers will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT

"THE UNION HOUSE,"
OTTAWA, ON

Thursday, the 15th Day of September next At 11 o'clock a. m, the following Valuable Timber Limits, situated on the Petawawa and Indian Rivers, viz:—

License No. 95,	of 1869-70—	Indian River.	
" " 96,		Petawawa	"
" " 97,		"	"
" " 100,		"	"

Plans of the above Limits, with copies of Licenses may be seen at the Office of H McLean, Ottawa, the subscribers Pembroke, and at the Office of the St Lawrence Dock Co, Quebec,

Terms—One third cash, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

The above Limits are in one block, and comprise an area of 85 square miles

A & P WHITE.

Ottawa, July, 1870 1412td

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870. 1446 3m

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou,

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

THE 31ST ANNUAL MEETING

Of the ASSOCIATION was held within the Head Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY 29th JULY, 1870, Sir ARCHIBALD HOPE, Baronet in the Chair.

The NEW ASSURANCES transacted by the Association during the last year, ending 5th April, have been more numerous, as well as larger than usual, while, at the same time, the Assurances cancelled by deaths and surrenders, &c., have not been excessive. Considerable and proportionate additions have been made to the Funds and the Annual Income. The Investments have been chosen, as formerly, only from the best class of securities, and the whole are in a thoroughly sound and satisfactory condition.

FULL and DETAILED STATEMENTS of the transactions and position of the Institution were submitted, together with the AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The following are Extracts:

NEW TRANSACTIONS AND MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR.

The NEW LIFE ASSURANCES proposed were	1784 for	£382,071	0	0 Stg.
Those declined or not proceeded with were	347 "	180 874	0	0
And those transacted were	1437 "	701 197	0	0
The ANNUAL PREMIUMS on these NEW ASSURANCES are.		21,397	12	6
New LIFE ANNUITIES were purchased to the amount of per annum		1,395	12	4
The MORTALITY amongst the Assured Lives during the year was 252, assured for		123,650	11	8
There were 24 DEATHS amongst the Annuities, cancelling Life Annuities for per annum		1 346	1	2

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The LIFE ASSURANCES in force were	£7,425,181	14	2
PREMIUMS payable for these ASSURANCES	237,386	17	5
REVENUE from PREMIUMS and INTEREST, after deduction of the Abatement (Cash Bonuses) allocated in Class A. for this year	257,683	13	7
TOTAL AMOUNT of CLAIMS on DECEASED LIVES since the commencement	1,231,419	16	11
TOTAL CASH BONUSES allocated to Policy-holders	445,096	8	
FUNDS remaining on hand	1,357,386	15	0

THE FUNDS ON HAND CONSIST OF

REAL SECURITIES and ESTATE	£ 562 206	9	9
RAILWAY DEBENTURES, DEBENTURE STOCK, &c.	296,365	6	0
BRITISH COLONIAL GOVERNMENT BONDS	48,947	19	9
LOANS on the ASSOCIATION'S POLICIES, being under their value and policies with other Offices	237,194	17	9
LOANS on SECURITY of CONSOLS, PUBLIC RATES under Acts of Parliament, Government Annuities, and a Small Amount on Personal Security	11,557	11	6
OFFICES at Edinburgh, London, and other Branches	54 785	11	1
STAMPS	356	10	1
In BANKS, in DEPOSIT and CURRENT ACCOUNTS	53,822	12	0
In Hands of AGENTS, being principally PREMIUMS RECEIPTS, &c., due in Agencies, the Days of Grace being current	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current	48,168	11	4
SUMS DUE the ASSOCIATION, being chiefly PREMIUM RECEIPTS, due at Edinburgh and Branch Offices, the Days of Grace being current (These last two sums have, with few exceptions been all paid.)	30,907	10	10
CURRENT INTEREST, &c., up to the date of Balance	13,073	14	11
	£1,357,386	15	0

Note—The sums £7,460 12 11 the Association at the date of Balance, but, not applied for were

At this balance CASH BONUSES have been allocated to the participating Policy-holders in Class A. to be applied as usual in abatement of the premiums payable during the year ending 5th April, 1871. These abatements are at the same rates as formerly for Policies that have previously participated, and amount to 25 per cent. of the Life premiums for Policies which now participate for the first time. It is matter of satisfaction to the Directors that they are able thus to continue to declare the same large Bonus to the A. Policy-holders as they have done for many years past. An allocation of Bonus to the B. Policy-holders will be made after the next balance.

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

MONTREAL, 99 ST. JAMES STREET.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Hon Alex. Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue
Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (John Redpath & Son.)
J. H. R. Molson, Esq., (J. H. R. Molson & Bros.)
Solicitors—Messrs. Ritchie, Morris and Rose,
Medical Officer—B. Palmer Howard, Esq., M. D.
Secretary—P. Wordlaw.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, C. B.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M. D.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C. E.
Medical Officer—W. J. Henry, Esq., M. D.

AGENTS—MESSRS. J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

HAY PRESS FOR SALE.

AN INGERSOLL

HAND POWER HAY PRESS,

IN USE ONE SEASON.

—also—

1,600 BAGS,

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Have been used once.

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

TO LET.

One of those commodious houses, Prince's Terrace, fronting on the Ottawa River. Newly papered and painted.

Apply to
JOHN R. ARNOLDI,
Dept. Pub. Works.
Or at No. 4 Prince's Terrace.

WANTED,

Two boys to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office

YOUNG LADIES'
LITERARY INSTITUTE
—OF—
Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur,

Under the Direction of the Grey Nuns, corner of Rideau and Ottawa Streets.

The re-opening of the classes of this Institution will take place on the 1st SEPTEMBER. It is desirable that the pupils assemble on that day, as the regular term will begin the day after. Any delay will be at their loss; parents and guardians are, therefore, respectfully requested to send in the pupils on the day above named.

Ottawa, August 15, 1870 1436tf

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 300 WELLINGTON STREET.
LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,
ASSISTED BY
An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,
MONTREAL—SESSION 1870-'71.
FACULTY OF ARTS The classes will re-open on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.
FACULTY OF LAW—The classes will re-open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.
The Calendar of the University, containing all necessary information, may be obtained on application, post paid, to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B. A.,
Secretary McGill College

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

1870. 1870.

WHOLESALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

No. 20, Sparks street,

Are making arrangements to increase their large

WHOLESALE TRADE,

BY OFFERING

A MUCH LARGER STOCK THAN HERETOFORE PURCHASED

under every advantage.

Cotion Goods bought late, and fully ten per cent cheaper than those opened up now.

CANADIAN GOODS

Sold at manufacturers prices

Wholesale entrance between the Post Office and Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's, Elgin street.

We have received ex S. S. "St. Patrick," and other shipments, the following, which we are determined to sell at war prices:

Black Lustres,

Black and Coloured Cebourgs,

Marl Dress Goods,

Serges,

Figured Repps

Dress Tweeds and Clan Tartans,

Rough Brown Hollands,

Loom Huck Towels,

Prints, Regatta Shirtings,

Black Glace and Gros Crain Silks,

Italian Cloths,

Drab and Brown Wincies.

Hemmed Lawn Handkerchiefs only 2½d each.

Inspection invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

THE REV. J. MAY'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

CITY OF OTTAWA
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Second Annual

EXHIBITION,

OPEN TO THE WORLD!

Will take place on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

SEPTEMBER 21ST, 22ND, AND 23RD,

On the Society's Grounds, adjoining the city, when will be offered

$2,500 IN PRIZES,

For Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Agricultural and Horticultural Productions, Manufactures, Domestic Products, &c.

Officers of the Society—J. B Lewis, President; John Ashworth, 1st Vice President; John Rochester, junr., 2nd Vice President; A. S. Woodburn, Secretary and Treasurer. Directors—Hon James Skead, Alonzo Wright, M. P., J. M. Currier, M. P., George W. Eaton, A. McKellar, Thos. Graham, W. F. Powell, R. Kenny and Ira Morgan.

Entries must be made before the 10th September. All parties are entitled to compete on payment of $2.00.

The Building and Grounds will be open from MONDAY morning, the 19th instant, for reception of articles intended for the Exhibition.

For Prize Lists and Entry Forms apply to the Secretary at Ottawa, or the different Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies throughout the Ottawa country.

Forage and Provender, at reasonable prices, will be found on the Grounds.

The different Railway and Steamboat Companies will carry Passengers and Freight to and from the Fair at reduced rates. Arrangements will be made with the Customs Department for the Free Entry of Articles from the United States for competition.

AN AUCTION SALE of Thoroughbred Ayrshire, Durham and other Cattle; Suffolk and Berkshire Pigs; Cotswold, Leicester and Hampshire Down Sheep, and Fancy Fowl, &c., will take place on Thursday, the second day of the Exhibition, at 2 p. m. on the grounds.

A Brass Band will be in attendance during the Fair.

A S WOODBURN, Secretary. J B LEWIS, President.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870. 1443td

DENTISTRY.

DR. C. A. MONDELET having dissolved partnership with Dr. Leggo, takes pleasure in informing his patients and friends that he has removed his Dentist Rooms to 26 Rideau Street, over Mr. Patterson's Grocery Store, and opposite the "Citizen Office," where he will be pleased to see all who wish his professional services.

Ottawa, August 28, 1870 1447 2

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, (to be endorsed, "Tender for work on the Cornwall Canal") will be received at this office until the evening of FRIDAY, the 9th of September next, for Repairs to the Wharves at the Upper and Lower entrance of the Cornwall Canal, and at the Town of Cornwall.

Specifications can be seen at this office, or at the office of the Canal Superintendent, Cornwall, on and after Tuesday, the 30th instant, where printed forms of tender, and other information, as also obtained.

The names of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th August, 1870. 1446 4

THE PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL
AND
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION FOR 1870,
OPEN TO THE WORLD,
Will be held in the
CITY OF MONTREAL,
—ON—
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
THURSDAY and FRIDAY.
THE
13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of September
Next on the
Grounds of the Council of Agriculture,
NEAR MILE END

Prices Offered from $12,000 to $15,000.

FOR PRIZE LIST and Blank Form of Entries in both Departments apply to Secretaries of County Agricultural Societies, or to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture, No. 615 Craig Street, Montreal.

Entries to the Agricultural Department must NECESSARILY be made on or before SATURDAY, the 27th of August. For Agricultural Products and articles in the Industrial Department the time will be extended to SATURDAY, the 3rd of SEPTEMBER, after which date no entries will be received. This regulation is intended to insure better accommodation by preventing delay and confusion at the opening of the fair.

The Council of Agriculture will make such favorable arrangements as are found practicable with Steamboat and Railway Companies for carrying passengers, stock and articles at reduced rates.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary of the Council of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec.

GEORGE LECLERE,
Secretary C. A. P. Q.

Montreal, July 8, 1870. 14 7td

COAL OIL of the purest Quality. Try it at
ESMONDE BROS.

COOK STOVES of the most Approved Patterns at
ESMONDE BROS.

WOODEN WARE and ROPES of the best description at
ESMONDE BROS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE FURNISHINGS in Ottawa at
ESMONDE BROS.

COMPETENT and CAREFUL WORKMEN at the lowest prices at
ESMONDE BROS.

BLOCK TIN, Japanned and Wire Goods of every description at
ESMONDE BROS.

REFRIGERATORS, COOLERS and FILTERS at
ESMONDE BROS.

GLASSWARE, Enamelled Ware, Iron Ware at
ESMONDE BROS.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS
AND
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*

HATS!

32 Rideau Street.

SIX CASES GENTLEMEN'S FINEST

SATIN, DRAB AND PLAIN

DRESS HATS,

Per "Scandinavian,"

THE FINEST EVER IMPORTED

STAW AND FELT HATS

In endless variety.

Ottawa, June 3, 1870.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1443

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Beg to inform the trade of the Ottawa District that they have opened a

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

WAREHOUSE

IN

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE

RUSSELL HOUSE.

And are now receiving and opening large shipments by sailing vessels, "Lake Erie," "Lake Superior," "Cherokee," "Modena," and steamers "Austrian," "St. Patrick," "Peruvian," and others.

Their Stock will be complete in a few days.

Special attention given to Canadian manufacturers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, August 24, 1870.

W. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES,

HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1444tf

MID SUMMER CHEAP

SALE!

R. L. JAMES & CO.

14 SPARKS STREET

Opposite the Russell House.

As it will pay us better to dispose of certain classes of goods at a very low figure NOW than keep them over till next Season, we are determined to offer Summer Goods at 15 to 25 per cent under the Lowest Ottawa prices for New Goods

MILLINERY
MANTLES
LACE SHAWLS
WHITE BRILLIANTS
JAPANESE SILKS
(Rich Elegant goods, 90c. per yard)
GROS DE SUEZ
(Rich Col'd Corded Silk $1.25)
Black & Cold. Glacie and Gros Grain Silks &c. &c.

It will be evident to any one who will take the trouble to examine these goods that they are by far the cheapest offered to the public this season.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

OTTAWA MARKETS

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, August 30, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	7 00	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 75	@	0 00
No. 1	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2	5 50	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	3 50	@	00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	2 00	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 20
Spring " "	1 10	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	7 00	@	9 00
Mutton per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Veal	0 05	@	0 07
Calves—each	3 0	@	6 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 30	@	0 50
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	30	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 23	@	0 25
No 2	0 23	@	0 00
Eggs	0 16	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes new	60 0	@	0 65
HAY—Per ton	21 00	@	22 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA .... $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 . 2; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c., Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

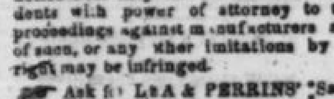
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52v1236 law

NORTH SHORE RAILWAY

DIRECT LINE

—BETWEEN—

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, the FIRST day of SEPTEMBER, at NOON, for the construction of the MAIN LINE OF RAILWAY of the "North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation and Land Company." The Line will run between Quebec and Montreal on the North Shore of the River St. Lawrence.

After the 10th of the present month the profile of the Railroad and the specifications and terms of contract may be examined at the office of the company, UNION BUILDINGS, Place d'Armes, in the City of Quebec, between the hours of TWO and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Directors,

JOS. CAUCHON,

President of the Board of Directors.

August 8, 1870. 1429-2w

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH ..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawk6m

AUSTRALIA,

Shippers Line for Melbourne.

The A 1 Clipper Ship "SIAM" is now rapidly loading, and will sail for the above port on the 26th inst. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation. Apply to

M MULLIN, & CO., Canal Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, August 20, 1870. 144 6

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher, By Ward Market.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870. 1413:1

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Ontario, County of Carleton, To Wit

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Her Majesty's COUNTY COURT of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements, whereof ROGER HAWKINS died, seized, and which are assets in the hands of PETER TOMKINS, Executor of the said Roger Hawkins, at the suit of ALEXANDER ROSS and ALBERT PARSONS, I have seized and taken into execution, and will offer for sale at public auction, at my office, in Baldwin's Building, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption which were of the said Roger Hawkins at the time of his death, of, in and to the following lands, being the East of Lot No. 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, and Lot 24 in the fifth concession of the Township of Gloucester, all in the County of Carleton aforesaid,

W F POWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 16th August, 1870. 1437 1 w3td

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 14:7tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 pm

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations,

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street:

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30. p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1435tf

TO LET.

THREE NEW STORES, WITH DWELLINGS

THE BEST STAND

ON SUSSEX STREET.

Apply to

JAMES WARNOCK, On Premises.

Ottawa, 5th August. 1426-1m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

H. B. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

JOHN PLUMSELL and JOHN SAMUEL WARNOCK, Plantiffs,

VS.

THOMAS J. CHAMBERS, Defendant.

A writ of attachment was issued in this cause.

W. F. POWELL, Sheriff, County of Carleton.

City of Ottawa,

Sheriff's Office, August 15, 1870. 1436 18

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [O]ttawa

TRADE—MARK ANCHORA VIRTUTI VALET GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

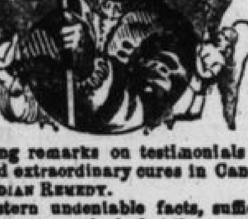
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in awa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

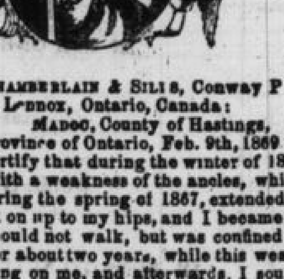
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it as acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

PRIMERA CLASE. MADRID 1847 PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward applications. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1304 1

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES

legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No 78 Nassau Street, New York City

ONTARIO BANK.

SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.—Depositors will hereafter enter by the door on Sparks street. For the future the business of the Bank in all its Branches will be conducted in the Office fronting on Sparks street

D. D. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 11, 1870. 1382 3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CARRATRACA WATER

FROM

PLANTAGANET, ONT.

A pleasant and healthful drink in hot weather A supply always on hand fresh from the Spring

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington

Ottawa, June 15 1384

FOR SALE.

FIFTY or SIXTY COWS and other Cattle some fat, all good stock at

JOHN ROBERTSON'S, Bell's Corners.

Ottawa, August 19, 1870 1440 4

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

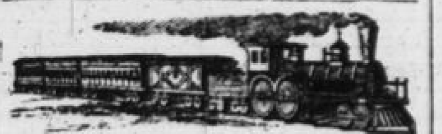
MOSGROVE & TAILLON

Or to KEARNS & RYAN

On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and from MONDAY, 13th JUNE, trains will run as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	12 15
Gloucester	7 25	12 55
Rossiters	7 40	1 15
Osgoode	7 55	1 35
Kemptville	8 15	2 05
Oxford	8 30	2 20
Spencerville	8 50	2 45
Prescott Junction	9 10	3 15
Prescott Wharf	9 25	3 30

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	7 10
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 30
Spencerville	2 00	7 55
Oxford	2 20	8 20
Kemptville	2 40	8 50
Osgoode	3 00	9 20
Rossiters	3 15	9 40
Gloucester	3 30	10 00
Ottawa	4 00	10 30

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS Managing Director

6th June, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

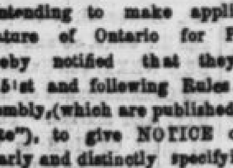
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIFYING] THE BLOOD.

[The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. ...] they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the Liver, and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

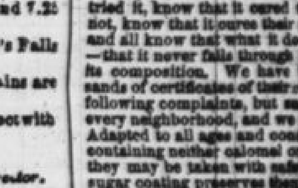
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



[Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have] tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq., A McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq., ..., Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longer experience shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is ... not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the fairness and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

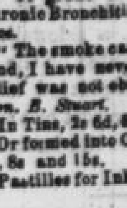
Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ..., Manager.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis.

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When ... kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander.*

Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, and 5s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely affects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, ... fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... & Co.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., ... ourham Hill There is a handsome flower and ... vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLER, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26.

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, ... and Lots Nos. 26 and 27, in the ... Concession, at present in the occupation of ... Tylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to ... ROSS and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and ... BERNEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Sparks ... Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING